facilities, $2,500,000; bombproofing communication centers, bombproofed shelters for personnel, and recreation facilities, $650,000.

Eleventh Naval District: High frequency strategic direction finder station, including acquisition of land, $80,000.

Fourteenth Naval District: Bombproofing communication centers, bombproofed shelters for personnel, quarters for officers, and recreation facilities, $2,300,000.

Fifteenth Naval District: Bombproofing communication centers, bombproofed shelters for personnel, quarters for officers and recreation facilities, $1,540,000.

Naval radio station, Bainbridge Island, Washington: Radio transmitting station including buildings and accessories, $350,000.

The provisions of section 4 of the Act approved April 25, 1939 (53 Stat. 599-592), shall be applicable to all public works and public utilities projects authorized by this Act, regardless of location: Provided, That the fixed fee to be paid the contractor as a result of any contract hereafter entered into under the authority of the above-mentioned Act shall not exceed 6 per cent of the estimated cost of the contract, exclusive of the fee, as determined by the Secretary of the Navy: Provided further, That the fact that any contract authorized by this or any other Act is entered into without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, or upon a cost-plus-a-fixed-fee basis or otherwise without advertising for proposals, shall not be construed to render inapplicable the provisions of the Act of March 3, 1931, as amended by the Act of August 30, 1935 (49 Stat. 1011; U. S. C., title 40, sec. 276 (a)), if such Act would otherwise be applicable to such contract.

The provisions of section 8 of the Act approved June 28, 1940 (Public, Numbered 671, Seventy-sixth Congress), shall be applicable to naval public works projects authorized by this and all prior Acts.

The acquisition of necessary land is hereby authorized in connection with such of the projects provided in this Act as are enumerated in this paragraph, namely: (a) Navy Yards—Boston, Massachusetts (housing and messing facilities for crews of ships undergoing overhaul, and so forth), New York, New York, and Pearl Harbor, Hawaii; (b) naval stations—Guam and Key West, Florida; (c) submarine bases—Charlotte Amalie, Virgin Islands, and New London, Connecticut; (d) naval air stations—Unalaska, Alaska; Alameda, California; and Corpus Christi, Texas; (e) naval districts—Tenth and Fourteenth; (f) fleet operating facilities (security of fleet anchorages, Vieques, Puerto Rico); (g) general (underground fuel storage); (h) naval base depots; (i) medical supply depot, Brooklyn, New York; (j) naval radio station, Bainbridge Island, Washington; and (k) Marine barracks at Parris Island, Pearl Harbor, Quantico, and San Diego. The acquisition of such land shall be a part of the amount fixed for each respective project by this Act.

Approved, March 23, 1941, 12 noon.

[CHAPTER 30]

AN ACT

Making supplemental appropriations for the national defense to provide aid to the government of any country whose defense the President deemed vital to the defense of the United States, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That to enable the President, through such departments or agencies of the Government as he may designate, to carry out the provisions of An Act to Promote the Defense of the United States, approved March 11, 1941, and for
each and every purpose incident to or necessary therefor, there is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the following sums for the following respective purposes, namely:

(a) For the procurement, by manufacture or otherwise, of defense articles for the government of any country whose defense the President deems vital to the defense of the United States, including services and expenses in connection therewith, as follows:

1. Ordnance and ordnance stores, supplies, spare parts, and materials, including armor and ammunition and components thereof, $1,343,000,000.

2. Aircraft and aeronautical material, including engines, spare parts, and accessories, $2,054,000,000.

3. Tanks, armored cars, automobiles, trucks, and other automotive vehicles, spare parts, and accessories, $362,000,000.

4. Vessels, ships, boats, and other watercraft, and equipage, supplies, materials, spare parts, and accessories, $629,000,000.

5. Miscellaneous military equipment, supplies, and materials, $260,000,000.

6. Facilities and equipment, for the manufacture or production of defense articles, by construction or acquisition, including the acquisition of land, and the maintenance and operation of such facilities and equipment, $752,000,000.

7. Agricultural, industrial, and other commodities and articles, $1,350,000,000.

(b) For testing, inspecting, proving, repairing, outfitting, reconditioning, or otherwise placing in good working order any defense articles for the government of any country whose defense the President deems vital to the defense of the United States, including services and expenses in connection therewith, $200,000,000.

(c) Not to exceed 20 per centum of any of the foregoing eight appropriations may be transferred by the President to any other such appropriation, but no appropriation shall be increased by more than 30 per centum.

(d) For necessary services and expenses for carrying out the purposes of such Act not specified or included in the foregoing, $40,000,000.

(e) For administrative expenses, $10,000,000.

(f) In all, $7,000,000,000, to remain available until June 30, 1943.

Sec. 2. If any defense article procured from an appropriation made before March 11, 1941, is disposed of, under such Act of March 11, 1941, by any department or agency to the government of any country whose defense the President deemed vital to the defense of the United States, the President may transfer, from the appropriations made by this Act to the appropriate appropriation of such department or agency, an amount equivalent to the value (as computed for the purposes of the $1,300,000,000 limitation contained in section 3 (a) (2) of such Act of March 11, 1941) of the defense article so disposed of, but not to exceed in the aggregate $1,300,000,000.

Sec. 3. Any defense article procured from an appropriation made by this Act shall be retained by or transferred to and for the use of such department or agency of the United States as the President may determine, in lieu of being disposed of to a foreign government, whenever in the judgment of the President the defense of the United States will be best served thereby.

Sec. 4. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall be used to pay the salary or wages of any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of
the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided, That for the purposes hereof an affidavit shall be considered prima facie evidence that the person making the affidavit does not advocate, and is not a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence: Provided further, That any person who advocates, or who is a member of an organization that advocates, the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force or violence and accepts employment the salary or wages for which are paid from any appropriation in this Act shall be guilty of a felony and, upon conviction, shall be fined not more than $1,000 or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both: Provided further, That the above penalty clause shall be in addition to, and not in substitution for, any other provisions of existing law.

Sec. 5. This Act may be cited as the “Defense Aid Supplemental Appropriation Act, 1941”.

Approved, March 27, 1941, 10:50 a. m., E. S. T.

[CHAPTER 31] AN ACT
To amend the National Housing Act, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the National Housing Act, as amended, is amended by the addition of the following title at the end thereof:

“TITLE VI—DEFENSE HOUSING INSURANCE

“Sec. 601. As used in this title—

“(a) The term ‘mortgage’ means a first mortgage on real estate, in fee simple, or on a leasehold (1) under a lease for not less than ninety-nine years which is renewable; or (2) under a lease having a period of not less than fifty years to run from the date the mortgage was executed; and the term ‘first mortgage’ means such classes of first liens as are commonly given to secure advances on, or the unpaid purchase price of, real estate, under the laws of the State in which the real estate is located, together with the credit instruments, if any, secured thereby.

“(b) The term ‘mortgagor’ includes the original lender under a mortgage, and his successors and assigns approved by the Administrator; and the term ‘mortgagor’ includes the original borrower under a mortgage and his successors and assigns.

“(c) The term ‘maturity date’ means the date on which the mortgage indebtedness would be extinguished if paid in accordance with periodic payments provided for in the mortgage.

“(d) The term ‘State’ includes the several States, and Alaska, Hawaii, Puerto Rico, the District of Columbia, and the Virgin Islands.

“Sec. 602. There is hereby created a Defense Housing Insurance Fund which shall be used by the Administrator as a revolving fund for the carrying out of the provisions of this title, and mortgages insured under this title shall be known and referred to as ‘defense housing insured mortgages’. For this purpose, the Reconstruction Finance Corporation shall make available to the Administrator such funds as he may deem necessary, not to exceed $10,000,000, and the amount of notes, debentures, bonds, or other such obligations which the Corporation is authorized to issue and have outstanding at any one time under existing laws is hereby increased by an amount suffi-