

the Interior. All funds loaned the association under this authorization shall bear interest at 4 per centum per annum and shall be repaid to the Chippewa tribal fund within a period of ten years from date of such loans.

SEC. 2. The use of funds hereby authorized shall not disbar the association from receiving loans from any amounts appropriated pursuant to section 10 of the Act of June 18, 1934 (48 Stat. 986), authorizing the creation of an Indian credit revolving fund.

SEC. 3. The Secretary of the Interior shall formulate rules and regulations for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

Approved, August 15, 1935.

Interest rate.

Use of revolving fund
not debarred.
Vol. 48, p. 986.

Regulations.

[CHAPTER 552.]

AN ACT

Granting the consent of Congress to the State of Connecticut and Middlesex County to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge across the Connecticut River at or near Middletown, Connecticut.

August 15, 1935.
[H. R. 8963.]
[Public, No. 282.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the consent of Congress is hereby granted to the State of Connecticut and the county of Middlesex, to construct, maintain, and operate a free highway bridge and approaches thereto across the Connecticut River, at a point suitable to the interests of navigation, at or near Middletown, Connecticut, in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to regulate the construction of bridges over navigable waters", approved March 23, 1906, and subject to the conditions and limitations contained in this Act.

Connecticut River.
Connecticut, etc.,
may bridge at Middle-
town.

Construction.
Vol. 34, p. 84; U. S.
C., p. 1474.

SEC. 2. The right to alter, amend, or repeal this Act is hereby expressly reserved.

Amendment.

Approved, August 15, 1935.

[CHAPTER 553.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

To carry out the intention of Congress with reference to the claims of the Crow Tribe of Indians of Montana and any band thereof against the United States.

August 15, 1935.
[S. J. Res. 96.]
[Pub. Res., No. 49.]

Whereas by the Special Jurisdictional Act approved July 3, 1926 (44 Stat. L. 807), the claims of the Crow Tribe of Indians of Montana and any band thereof against the United States were referred to the Court of Claims "with right of appeal to the Supreme Court of the United States", it being the intention that both parties should have a right of appeal to the Supreme Court; and

Crow Indians, Mont.
Claims of.
Vol. 44, p. 807.

Whereas the Supreme Court has since decided that notwithstanding such a provision there is no right of appeal, in view of the Judicial Code, as amended, unless the Jurisdictional Act specifically provides that the Supreme Court shall review a cause on appeal, anything in the Judicial Code to the contrary notwithstanding: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the claims of the Crow Tribe of Indians and any band thereof under the said Jurisdictional Act approved July 3, 1926, shall be reviewed on the whole record by the Supreme Court of the United States on appeal from the Court of Claims, anything in the Judicial Code or amendments thereto notwithstanding: *Provided*, That said appeal shall be perfected by either party to the controversy within one year from the passage of this Act.

Review by Supreme
Court on appeal.
Vol. 36, p. 1087; U. S.
C., p. 1268.

Proviso.
Limitation.

Approved, August 15, 1935.