

[CHAPTER 801.]

AN ACT

To repatriate native-born women who have heretofore lost their citizenship by marriage to an alien, and for other purposes.

June 25, 1936.
[S. 2912.]
[Public, No. 793.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That hereafter a woman, being a native-born citizen, who has or is believed to have lost her United States Citizenship solely by reason of her marriage prior to September 22, 1922, to an alien, and whose marital status with such alien has or shall have terminated, shall be deemed to be a citizen of the United States to the same extent as though her marriage to said alien had taken place on or after September 22, 1922: *Provided, however,* That no such woman shall have or claim any rights as a citizen of the United States until she shall have duly taken the oath of allegiance as prescribed in section 4 of the Act approved June 29, 1906 (34 Stat. 596; U. S. C., title 8, sec. 381), at any place within or under the jurisdiction of the United States before a court exercising naturalization jurisdiction thereunder or, outside of the jurisdiction of the United States, before a secretary of embassy or legation or a consular officer as prescribed in section 1750 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (U. S. C., title 22, sec. 131); and such officer before whom such oath of allegiance shall be taken shall make entry thereof in the records of his office or in the naturalization records of the court, as the case may be, and shall deliver to such person taking such oath, upon demand, a certified copy of the proceedings had, including a copy of the oath administered, under the seal of his office or of such court, at a cost not exceeding \$1, which shall be evidence of the facts stated therein before any court of record or judicial tribunal and in any department of the United States.

Citizenship.
Repatriation of certain native-born women who married aliens prior to September 22, 1922.

Proviso.
Oath of allegiance.

Vol. 34, p. 596.
U. S. C., p. 217.

R. S., sec. 1750, p. 311.
U. S. C., p. 953.

Approved, June 25, 1936.

[CHAPTER 802.]

AN ACT

To provide for the inspection, control, and regulation of steam boilers and unfired pressure vessels in the District of Columbia.

June 25, 1936.
[S. 2953.]
[Public, No. 794.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Boiler Inspection Act of the District of Columbia."

SEC. 2. Wherever the word "person" is used in this Act it shall include individuals, firms, partnerships, associations and corporations.

SEC. 3. There is hereby constituted a boiler inspection service in the Engineer Department of the District of Columbia, to be composed of the following: (a) A boiler inspector who shall be qualified by training and experience in the construction and operation of steam boilers and unfired pressure vessels, and who, under an official designated by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia, shall have charge of the enforcement of the provisions of this Act and of the regulations promulgated hereunder; (b) and such other employees as may be necessary for the proper performance of the work. All such officials and employees shall be appointed by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia.

SEC. 4. No person shall use or cause to be used any steam boiler operating at a pressure in excess of fifteen pounds per square inch, or operating at a pressure less than fifteen pounds per square inch unless provided with an unassisted gravity return, or any unfired pressure vessel operating at a pressure in excess of sixty pounds per square inch and having a capacity in excess of fifteen gallons, except

Boiler Inspection Act of the District of Columbia.

"Person", defined.

Boiler inspection service created in Engineer Department; personnel.

Appointment.

Designated steam boilers and unfired pressure vessels.
Inspection of.