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[CHAPTER 604.]

AN ACT

June 18, 1934.
[H.R. 9946.]
[Public, No. 411.]

Providing for the ratification of Joint Resolution Numbered 59 of the Legislature of Puerto Rico, approved by the Governor May 5, 1930, imposing an import duty on coffee imported into Puerto Rico.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the taxes and duties imposed by Joint Resolution Numbered 59, enacted by the Legislature of Puerto Rico and approved by the Governor of Puerto Rico May 5, 1930, are legalized and ratified, and the collection of all such taxes and duties made under or by authority of such Joint Resolution of the Puerto Rican Legislature is legalized, ratified, and confirmed as fully to all intents and purposes as if the same had, by prior Act of Congress, been specifically authorized and directed.

Puerto Rico.
Legislative resolution, imposing import duty on coffee, ratified.
Vol. 46, p. 696.

Approved, June 18, 1934, 4 p.m.

[CHAPTER 605.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

June 18, 1934.
[S.J.Res., 108.]
[Pub. Res., No. 35.]

Authorizing the Secretary of War to receive for instruction at the United States Military Academy at West Point, Eloy Alfaro and Jaime Eduardo Alfaro, citizens of Ecuador.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to permit Eloy Alfaro and Jaime Eduardo Alfaro, citizens of Ecuador, to receive instruction at the United States Military Academy at West Point: *Provided*, That no expense shall be caused to the United States thereby, and that said Eloy Alfaro and Jaime Eduardo Alfaro shall each agree to comply with all regulations for the police and discipline of the Academy, to be studious, and to give his utmost efforts to accomplish the courses in the various departments of instruction, and that neither shall be admitted to the Academy until he shall have passed the mental and physical examinations prescribed for candidates from the United States, and that each shall be immediately withdrawn if deficient in studies or in conduct and so recommended by the academic board: *Provided further*, That in the cases of said Eloy Alfaro and Jaime Eduardo Alfaro the provisions of sections 1320 and 1321 of the Revised Statutes shall be suspended.

U.S. Military Academy, West Point.
Eloy and Jaime Eduardo Alfaro permitted to receive instruction.

Proviso.
Compliance with regulations.

R.S., secs. 1320, 1321, waived.

Approved, June 18, 1934.

[CHAPTER 606.]

JOINT RESOLUTION

June 18, 1934.
[S.J. Res., 130.]
[Pub.Res., No. 36.]

To amend section 72 of the Printing Act, approved January 12, 1895, and Acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, relative to the allotment of public documents, and section 85 of the same Act fixing the date of the expiration of the franking privilege to Members of Congress.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 72 of chapter 23 of the Printing Act (U.S.C., title 44, sec. 158), approved January 12, 1895, and Acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, be, and is hereby, amended to read as follows:

Printing Act of 1895.
Vol. 28, p. 612;
U.S.C., p. 1425.

"SEC. 72. ALLOTMENT OF DOCUMENTS. The Congressional allotment of public documents (except the Congressional Record) printed after the expiration of the term of office of the Vice President of the United States, or any Senator, Representative, Delegate, or Resident Commissioner, shall be delivered to his or her successor in office.

Congressional allotment of documents.