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"SEC. 3. A money order shall not be issued for more than $100, and the fees for domestic money orders shall be as follows:

"For orders—

"From $0.01 to $2.50, 6 cents;

"From $2.51 to $5, 8 cents;

"From $5.01 to $10, 11 cents;

"From $10.01 to $20, 13 cents;

"From $20.01 to $40, 15 cents;

"From $40.01 to $60, 18 cents;

"From $60.01 to $80, 20 cents; and

"From $80.01 to $100, 22 cents."

Rates increased.

Approved, July 21, 1932.

[CHAPTER 519.]

AN ACT

To provide a postage charge on notices to publishers regarding undeliverable second-class matter.

July 21, 1932.
[H. R. 10494.]
[Public, No. 301.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the next to the last paragraph of the Act entitled "An Act making appropriations for the service of the Post Office Department for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1911, and for other purposes," approved May 12, 1910 (36 Stat. 366; U. S. C., title 39, sec. 277), is hereby amended by the addition after the first sentence of the following sentence: "*Provided*, That there shall be a postage charge of 2 cents for such notice regarding undeliverable copies, which shall be collected from the publisher upon delivery of the notice; except that where the undeliverable copies bear the pledge of the sender to pay the return postage no notice shall be sent to the publisher but the copies received during the period specified in this paragraph shall be returned charged with postage due at the rate of 1 cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof, with a minimum charge of 2 cents, and indorsed to show the reason they are undeliverable and the new address of the addressee, if known."

Postal Service.
Undeliverable second-class matter.
Vol. 36, p. 366.
U. S. C., p. 1253.

Charge to be made on notices of.

Exception.

Rate, etc.

Approved, July 21, 1932.

[CHAPTER 520.]

AN ACT

To relieve destitution, to broaden the lending powers of the Reconstruction Finance Corporation, and to create employment by providing for and expediting a public-works program.

July 21, 1932.
[H. R. 9642.]
[Public, No. 302.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Emergency Relief and Construction Act of 1932."

Emergency Relief and Construction Act of 1932.

TITLE I—RELIEF OF DESTITUTION

Relief of destitution.

SECTION 1. (a) The Reconstruction Finance Corporation is authorized and empowered to make available out of the funds of the corporation the sum of $300,000,000, under the terms and conditions hereinafter set forth, to the several States and Territories, to be used in furnishing relief and work relief to needy and distressed people and in relieving the hardship resulting from unemployment, but not more than 15 per centum of such sum shall be available to any one State or Territory. Such sum of $300,000,000 shall, until the expiration of two years after the date of enactment of this Act, be

Reconstruction Finance Corporation.
Sum authorized from funds of, for relief of destitute persons, etc.

Ante, p. 5.

Limitation to any one State, etc.