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March 2, 1929.
[H. R. 16393.]
[Public, No. 936.]

CHAP. 510.—An Act To include henceforth, under the designation "storekeeper-gaugers," all positions which have heretofore been designated as those of storekeepers, gaugers, and storekeeper-gaugers; to make storekeeper-gaugers full-time employees, and for other purposes.

Internal Revenue.
Storekeeper-gaugers, designation given to storekeepers, etc.
To be full-time employees.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That henceforth all storekeepers, gaugers, and storekeeper-gaugers shall be designated as storekeeper-gaugers; and henceforth all storekeeper-gaugers shall not be per diem employees, but shall be full-time employees, paid upon a per annum basis, and, when not employed upon their regular duties, may be assigned to such duties as the Commissioner of Prohibition shall designate. No person who is employed as a storekeeper-gauger at the time this Act takes effect shall be paid at a rate less than the rate upon which his per diem compensation is based at such time; and no person entering upon such employment after such time shall be paid at a rate less than the minimum rate upon which per diem compensation of storekeeper-gaugers is based at the time this Act takes effect.

Compensation established.

Cumulative leave of absence allowance repealed and general law applicable.
Vol. 36, p. 592, repealed.

SEC. 2. The Act entitled "An Act granting cumulative annual leave of absence to storekeepers, gaugers, and storekeeper-gaugers, with pay," approved June 23, 1910, is hereby repealed, and the general provisions of law relating to annual leave of absence and sick leave of employees in the executive departments shall henceforth apply to storekeeper-gaugers. For the purpose of computing leave of absence to which storekeeper-gaugers are entitled during the calendar year in which this Act is enacted, this section shall be held and considered to take effect as of January 1 of such calendar year.

Effective present year.

Principal station to be designated for each storekeeper-gauger.
Vol. 44, p. 688.

SEC. 3. The Commissioner of Prohibition shall designate for each storekeeper-gauger a principal station, which shall be held to be the designated post of duty of such employee for the purposes of the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926, and which shall, wherever practicable, be at or near the place of bona fide residence of such employee. Such principal station may be changed from time to time by the commissioner, as circumstances may require. A storekeeper-gauger, when on detail in emergency cases or assignments in the administrative district wherein he is regularly commissioned, shall be allowed subsistence, as well as when detailed for special duty in any other or outside district.

Subsistence when detailed in emergency cases, etc.

Regulations to be prescribed by Commissioner of Prohibition.

SEC. 4. The Commissioner of Prohibition, with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, may prescribe such rules and regulations as may be necessary or proper to carry out the provisions of this Act.

Effective date.

SEC. 5. This Act shall take effect on the first day of the month following the month during which it is enacted.

Inconsistent laws repealed.

SEC. 6. All laws, or parts of laws, inconsistent or in conflict herewith, are hereby repealed.

Approved, March 2, 1929.

March 2, 1929.
[H. R. 15723.]
[Public, No. 937.]

CHAP. 511.—An Act Authorizing an appropriation of Crow tribal funds for payment of council and delegate expenses, and for other purposes.

Crow Indians.
Sum from funds of, authorized for expenses of meetings of tribal council, etc.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there is hereby authorized to be appropriated, from funds to the credit of the Crow Tribe of Indians, the sum of $5,000, to be available for the payment of the expenses of the tribal council in holding meetings on the Crow Reservation, and for the expenses of delegates which such council may send to the city of Washington on tribal