

Act of incorporation entitled "An Act to incorporate the proprietors of Prospect Hill Cemetery," approved June 13, 1860 (Twelfth Statutes, page 32), they shall be interpreted and construed to mean and shall signify the proprietors of lots in said cemetery.

Vol. 12, p. 32, amended.
Proprietors of lots to constitute corporation.

That the affairs, business, and property of said corporation shall be under the direction, control, and management of a board of seven trustees, any five of whom shall constitute a quorum with full authority to act, which board of trustees shall be elected annually by the proprietors of lots in said cemetery, and the trustees shall elect and appoint from their own board a president, a secretary, and a treasurer; also appoint all necessary officers and agents and fix their duties and compensation, and make such by-laws, rules, and regulations as they may deem proper for conducting the affairs of the corporation for the government of lot holders and visitors to the cemetery. The board of trustees shall have authority to fill temporary vacancies occurring in their board and shall hold their offices until their successors are elected and qualified.

Authority of trustees.

SEC. 2. That the annual meeting of the proprietors of lots shall be held in the District of Columbia the second Tuesday of March of each and every year, the place and hour of assembling to be specified in a public notice previously given by the board of trustees, and at such meeting there shall be at least fifteen lot proprietors in order to constitute a quorum to transact business. In the election of the trustees at such meeting each lot proprietor shall be entitled to one vote. Said corporation is authorized and empowered to sell any part of said cemetery grounds not used for burial purposes, and particularly that land situate west of North Capitol Street, and invest the proceeds thereof for the care, maintenance, and improvement of said cemetery, and without the purchaser being required to see to the application of the purchase money.

Election of trustees.

SEC. 3. That the said Act of Congress approved June 13, 1860 (twelfth Statutes, page 32), and the subsequent Acts of Congress approved August 5, 1890 (Twenty-sixth Statutes, page 299), and February 28, 1907 (Thirty-fourth Statutes, pages 1008-1009), so far as they are inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, are hereby amended so as to authorize and empower the sale of the land herein-before provided.

Land not used for burials may be sold.

Former inconsistent laws repealed.

Vol. 12, p. 32; Vol. 26, p. 299; Vol. 34, p. 1008.

Approved, January 31, 1922.

CHAP. 44.—Joint Resolution To prohibit the exportation of arms or munitions of war from the United States to certain countries, and for other purposes.

January 31, 1922.
[S. J. Res. 124.]
[Pub. Res., No. 37.]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That whenever the President finds that in any American country, or in any country in which the United States exercises extraterritorial jurisdiction, conditions of domestic violence exist, which are or may be promoted by the use of arms or munitions of war procured from the United States, and makes proclamation thereof, it shall be unlawful to export, except under such limitations and exceptions as the President prescribes, any arms or munitions of war from any place in the United States to such country until otherwise ordered by the President or by Congress.

Export of arms, etc.
Prohibition of, to American country or in which United States has jurisdiction, where domestic violence exists.

Exception.

SEC. 2. Whoever exports any arms or munitions of war in violation of section 1 shall, on conviction, be punished by fine not exceeding \$10,000, or by imprisonment not exceeding two years, or both.

Punishment for violations.

SEC. 3. The joint resolution entitled "Joint resolution to prohibit the export of coal or other material used in war from any seaport of the United States," approved April 22, 1898, and the joint resolution entitled "Joint resolution to amend the joint resolution to prohibit

Former resolutions repealed.
Vol. 30, p. 739.
Vol. 37, p. 630.

the export of coal or other material used in war from any seaport of the United States," approved March 14, 1912, are repealed.

Approved, January 31, 1922.

February 2, 1922.

[H. R. 6119.]

[Public, No. 137.]

Grant memorial coins.

Gold dollar and silver half dollar for centenary of President Grant, authorized.

Number allowed.

Legal tender, etc.

Coinage laws applicable.

Proviso.
No expense.

CHAP. 45.—An Act To authorize the coinage of a Grant memorial gold dollar and a Grant memorial silver half dollar in commemoration of the centenary of the birth of General Ulysses S. Grant, late President of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the purpose of aiding in defraying the cost of erecting a community building in the village of Georgetown, Brown County, Ohio, and a like building in the village of Bethel, Clermont County, Ohio, as a memorial to Ulysses S. Grant, late President of the United States, and for the purpose of constructing a highway five miles in length from New Richmond, Ohio, to Point Pleasant, Clermont County, Ohio, the place of birth of Ulysses S. Grant, to be known as the Grant Memorial Road, there shall be coined in the mints of the United States, Grant memorial gold dollars to the number of ten thousand and Grant memorial silver half dollars to the number of two hundred fifty thousand, said coins to be of a standard Troy weight, composition, diameter and design as shall be fixed by the Director of the Mint and approved by the Secretary of the Treasury, which said coins shall be legal tender to the amount of their face value, to be known as the Grant memorial gold dollar and the Grant memorial silver half dollar struck in commemoration of the centenary of the birth of Ulysses S. Grant, late President of the United States.

That all laws now in force relating to the gold coins and subsidiary silver coins of the United States and the coining or striking of the same, regulating and guarding the process of coinage, providing for the purchase of material and for the transportation, distribution, and redemption of the coins, for the prevention of debasement or counterfeiting, for security of the coins, or for any other purposes, whether said laws are penal or otherwise, shall, so far as applicable, apply to the coinage herein authorized: *Provided*, That the United States shall not be subject to the expense of making the necessary dies and other preparation for this coinage.

Approved, February 2, 1922.

February 2, 1922.

[H. R. 7600.]

[Public, No. 138.]

Deschutes National Forest, Oreg.
Exchange of lands within, etc., authorized.

Timber in exchange.

Removal, etc.

Accepted lands added to national forest.

CHAP. 46.—An Act Authorizing the adjustment of the boundaries of the Deschutes National Forest, in the State of Oregon, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and hereby is, authorized in his discretion to accept on behalf of the United States title to any lands in private ownership within or within six miles of the exterior boundaries of the Deschutes National Forest which, in the opinion of the Secretary of Agriculture, are chiefly valuable for national forest purposes, and, in exchange therefor, may issue patent for an equal value of national forest land, in the State of Oregon, or the Secretary of Agriculture may permit the grantor to cut and remove an equal value of timber from any national forest, in the State of Oregon, the values in each instance to be determined by the Secretary of Agriculture and be acceptable to the owner as fair compensation. Timber given in such exchanges shall be cut and removed under the direction and supervision and in accordance with the requirements of the Secretary of Agriculture. Lands conveyed to the United States under this Act shall, upon acceptance of title, become parts of the Deschutes National Forest.

Approved, February 2, 1922.