

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

February 3, 1921.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS public interests require that the Senate of the United States be convened at twelve o'clock on the fourth day of March next to receive such communications as may be made by the Executive;

Preamble.

Now, Therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim and declare that an extraordinary occasion requires the Senate of the United States to convene at the Capitol, in the District of Columbia, on the fourth day of March next, at twelve o'clock noon, of which all persons who shall at that time be entitled to act as members of that body are hereby required to take notice.

Special session of the Senate to be convened March 4, 1921.

Given under my hand and the seal of the United States in the District of Columbia the third of February in the year of our [SEAL.] Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty-one, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-fifth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:
BAINBRIDGE COLBY
Secretary of State.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

February 14, 1921.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the President of the United States, under an Act of Congress approved March 2, 1917, entitled, "An Act To provide a civil government for Porto Rico, and for other purposes," is authorized to convey to the people of Porto Rico from time to time, in his discretion, such lands, buildings, or interests in lands or other property now owned by the United States and within the territorial limits of Porto Rico as in his opinion are no longer needed for purposes of the United States; and

Porto Rico.
Preamble.
Vol. 39, p. 954.

WHEREAS, certain portions of the reservations heretofore set apart for military or naval purposes within the Municipality of San Juan, Porto Rico, are no longer needed for the purposes of the United States; and

WHEREAS, such lands are desired by the Municipality of San Juan, Porto Rico, in connection with the construction of a public road or boulevard within the limits of said Municipality and may be advantageously used for said purpose by the people of Porto Rico,

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States, by virtue of the authority in me vested, do hereby proclaim and make known that the following described lands to be used for highway purposes only, and subject to the conditions hereinafter mentioned, are hereby transferred and conveyed to the people of Porto Rico:

Lands in San Juan transferred to Porto Rico for highway purposes.

Such strip or parcel of land within the Municipality of San Juan, now occupied as naval or military reservations, as may be needed to develop or construct a boulevard 15 meters wide, 7.50 meters on each side of the center line thereof, extending from "Plaza de Colon" to "San Antonio" bridge, such boulevard to follow, in a general way the upper bank of the embankment along the sea shore line all through Puerta de Tierra district, and in the direc-

tion given below, taking as a reference map for such purpose Department of Interior map of Porto Rico, approved by Lawrence Graham, Commissioner, in November 1909, on which are shown all federal and insular reserves as well as private property, corresponding to the district of Puerta de Tierra, a more particular description of the center line of said proposed boulevard being as follows:

Description.

1. Starting at a point on the east boundary of Norzagaray Street in its intersection with Salvador Brau Street, thence along a tangent S. $82^{\circ} 38'$ E. from station 0, to station 10 plus 5.02 meters, (the stations being 20 meters apart and the odd numbers omitted), a distance of 105.02 meters;

2. Thence along a $17^{\circ} 28'$ curve, of a radius of 100 meters, to the left to station 14 plus 0.22 meters, a distance of 35.20 meters;

3. Thence along a tangent N. $77^{\circ} 12'$ E. from station 14 plus 0.22 meters to station 56 plus 19.86 meters, a distance of 439.64 meters;

4. Thence along a $7^{\circ} 36'$ curve to the right, of a radius of 230 meters, to a station 62 plus 8.50 meters, a distance of 48.64 meters;

5. Thence along a tangent N. $89^{\circ} 19'$ E. from station 62 plus 8.50 meters, to station 84 plus 3.17 meters, a distance of 214.67 meters;

6. Thence along a $5^{\circ} 49'$ curve to the right, of a radius of 300 meters to station 100 plus 9.59 meters, a distance of 166.42 meters;

7. Thence along a tangent S. $58^{\circ} 54'$ E. from station 199 plus 9.50 meters, to station 116 plus 6.53 meters, a distance of 156.94 meters;

8. Thence along a $5^{\circ} 0' 49''$ curve to the left, of a radius of 300 meters, to station 124 plus 19.21 meters, a distance of 92.68 meters;

9. Thence along a tangent S. $76^{\circ} 36'$ E. from station 124 plus 19.21 meters, to station 146 plus 18.16 meters, a distance of 218.95 meters;

10. Thence along a $8^{\circ} 44'$ curve to the left, of a radius of 200 meters, to station 152 plus 7.38 meters, a distance of 49.22 meters;

11. Thence along a tangent N. $89^{\circ} 18'$ E. from station 152 plus 7.38 meters, to station 168 plus 9.51 meters, a distance of 162.13 meters;

12. Thence along a $11^{\circ} 38'$ curve to the left, of a radius of 150 meters, to station 170 plus 3.73 meters, a distance of 14.22 meters;

13. Thence along a tangent No. $83^{\circ} 52'$ E. from station 170 plus 3.73 meters, to station 184 plus 6.07 meters, a distance of 142.34 meters;

14. Thence along a $5^{\circ} 49'$ curve to the right, of a radius of 300 meters, to station 196 plus 2.83 meters, a distance of 116.76 meters;

15. Thence along a tangent S. $73^{\circ} 50'$ E. from station 196 plus 2.83 meters, to station 226 plus 17.07 meters, a distance of 314.24 meters;

16. Thence along a $17^{\circ} 28'$ curve to the right, of a radius of 100 meters, to station 232 plus 13.25 meters, a distance of 56.18 meters;

17. Thence along a tangent S. $41^{\circ} 39'$ E. from station 232 plus 13.25 meters, to station 282 plus 9.46 meters, a distance of 496.21 meters;

18. Thence along a 8° 20' curve to the right, of a radius of 210 meters, to station 294 plus 18.72 meters, a distance of 129.26 meters, the last named station being the point where the new avenue meets the existing road 49 meters west of the entrance to San Antonio Bridge, the total length being 2,958.72 meters.

The transfer of the lands above described is made subject to the condition that the road or highway shall be so located that the edge of same passing the north tower of the naval radio station shall be at least fifteen feet distant from the nearest leg of that tower and shall be so constructed as not to interfere with the use of the target range or necessitate the removal or abandonment of any permanent structure on said reservations and in the event that said lands shall cease to be used as a public road or boulevard or devoted to any other than highway purposes the same shall revert to the United States.

Conditions as to location.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

DONE in the District of Columbia this 14th day of February, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and twenty-one, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and forty-fifth.

WOODROW WILSON

By the President:
BAINBRIDGE COLBY
Secretary of State.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

March 3, 1921.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, it appears that certain lands immediately heretofore embraced in the Gila National Forest, in New Mexico, should be transferred to and made a part of the Datil National Forest, and that certain lands heretofore forming part of the Datil Forest should be transferred to the Gila Forest;

Gila National Forest, N. Mex. Preamble.

AND WHEREAS, it appears that the public good will be promoted by excluding certain lands from the said Gila Forest and restoring the public lands subject to such disposition therein in the manner authorized by Public Resolution Number Twenty-nine approved February fourteenth, nineteen hundred and twenty;

Ante, p. 434.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, WOODROW WILSON, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by the Act of Congress approved June fourth eighteen hundred and ninety-seven (30 Stat., 11 at 34 and 36), entitled, "An Act Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, and for other purposes", do proclaim that the boundaries of the Gila National Forest are hereby changed and that they are now as indicated upon the diagram hereto annexed and forming a part hereof; and that this proclamation and that changing the boundaries of the Datil Forest, which I have also signed this same day, are made and are intended to be and shall be considered as one act to become effective simultaneously.

Area modified. Vol. 30, p. 36.

Post, p. 1815.

And I do further proclaim and make known that pursuant to the aforesaid Public Resolution, it is hereby ordered that the public lands in the excluded areas, subject to valid rights, shall be opened only to entry under the homestead and desert land laws by qualified ex-service men of the War with Germany, under the terms and conditions of said

Excluded lands opened to settlement by ex-service men of World War for 63 days.