Marine hospital. 1830, ch. 100.

To enable the Secretary of the Treasury to employ a suitable person to complete the marine hospital at Charleston, South Carolina, authorized by the act of twentieth May, one thousand eight hundred and thirty, four thousand three hundred and sixty dollars: *Provided*, nothing herein contained shall be construed to enlarge the said contract, or to release the contractor from his liability thereunder.

Marine barracks.

For the erection of marine barracks and officers' quarters at the navy yard, Philadelphia, nine thousand dollars.

Surveyor of Narragansett bay.

For the purpose of defraying the expenses of a survey of the waters of Narragansett bay, to be made under the direction of the Secretary of the Navy, with a view to ascertain the practicability and expediency of establishing a naval depot therein, five thousand dollars.

Norfolk bridge.

For enabling the President of the United States to obtain from the Norfolk Bridge Company a release and conveyance to the United States of the bridge over the southern branch of the Elizabeth river, between the navy yard and the dry dock, and of the road leading from the same to the south-western side of said yard, the sum of sixteen thousand dollars: *Provided*, the Secretary of the Navy shall be satisfied that the said sum does not exceed the value of the same: *And provided*, That the Attorney General of the United States shall be satisfied of the validity of the title, and that the right thus acquired will authorize the United States to remove the bridge, and to enclose the road within the navy yard.

Assistant marshals to be paid out of census appropriation.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the Secretary of State be authorized, out of the sums appropriated to defray the expenses of taking the late census, to pay those assistant marshals, for their services, who have failed to receive compensation, from the delinquency of the principal marshals.

Approved, May 5, 1832.

Statute I.

May 5, 1832.

Chap. LXXV.—*An Act to provide the means of extending the benefits of vaccination, as a preventive of the small-pox, to the Indian tribes, and thereby, as far as possible, to save them from the destructive ravages of that disease.*

Tribes to be convened for vaccination.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That it shall be the duty of the several Indian agents and sub-agents, under the direction of the Secretary of War, to take such measures as he shall deem most efficient, to convene the Indian tribes in their respective towns, or in such other places and numbers, and at such seasons as shall be most convenient to the Indian population, for the purpose of arresting the progress of small-pox among the several tribes by vaccination.

Physicians or surgeons to be employed, &c.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the Secretary of War be, and he hereby is, empowered to employ as many physicians or surgeons, from the army or resident on the frontier near the point where their services shall be required, as he may find necessary for the execution of this act; and, if necessary, two competent persons to conduct the physicians to the remote Indians who are infected, or may be in immediate danger of being infected, with the small-pox, whose compensation shall be six dollars per day, and six men, whose compensation shall be twenty-five dollars per month.

Supply of vaccine matter.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of War, to cause all Indian agents to be supplied with genuine vaccine matter; and all agents and sub-agents shall use all proper means to persuade the Indian population to submit to vaccination.

Monthly returns and general report.

Sec. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That all agents, sub-agents, physicians and surgeons, employed in the execution of this act, shall make monthly returns or reports of their proceedings to the War Department

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And the Secretary thereof shall submit to Congress, on or before the first of February next, a general report of all proceedings in the premises.

Sec. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That, to carry this act into effect, the sum of twelve thousand dollars be appropriated out of any moneys in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Approved, May 5, 1832.

Statute I.

May 19, 1832.

Chap. LXXVII.—*An Act for altering the time of holding the district court of the United States for the district of Indiana.* (a)

Court to be held on last Monday in May and November.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the district court of the United States for the district of Indiana shall be hereafter holden on the last Mondays of May and November, in each year, instead of the first Mondays of said months, as is now required by law.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That all proceedings of a civil or criminal nature, now pending in, or returnable to, said court, shall be proceeded in by said court in the same manner as if no alteration of the times for holding said court had taken place.

Approved, May 19, 1832.

Statute I.

May 19, 1832.

Chap. LXXIX.—*An Act for giving effect to a commercial arrangement between the United States and the Republic of Colombia.* (b)

Colombian vessels coming direct, &c. to pay same duties, &c. as American vessels.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That vessels of the Republic of Colombia, and their cargoes, whether of foreign or domestic produce or manufacture, which shall come direct from the ports of that nation to the United States, shall pay no greater duties on importation, anchorage, tonnage, or any other kind, than are now, or hereafter may be, levied on the vessels of the United States.

President to remove restriction, &c.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the restriction of coming direct from a port in Colombia, contained in the preceding section, shall be taken off, as soon as the President shall receive satisfactory evidence, that a like restriction is taken off, from vessels of the United States in the ports of the Republic of Colombia, and shall make known the same by his proclamation declaring the fact.

President authorized to suspend operation of this act.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That if the President of the United States shall at any time receive satisfactory information that the privileges allowed or which may be allowed to American vessels and their cargoes in the ports of Colombia, corresponding with those extended, or to be extended by this act, to Colombian vessels and their cargoes in the ports of the United States, have been revoked or annulled, he is hereby au-

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(a) Acts relating to the courts of the United States in the territory and state of Indiana.

An act to regulate trade and intercourse with the Indian tribes, and to preserve peace on the frontiers. March 30, 1802, ch. 13, sec. 15.

An act for the regulation of the courts of justice of Indiana. February 24, 1815, ch. 54.

An act supplementary to an act, entitled "An act regulating and defining the duties of the judges of the territory of Illinois, and for vesting in the courts of Indiana a jurisdiction in chancery cases arising in the said territory," April 29, 1816, ch. 154.

An act to provide for the due execution of the laws of the United States within the state of Indiana, March 3, 1817, ch. 100.

An act respecting the jurisdiction of certain district courts, February 19, 1831, ch. 28.

An act for altering the time of holding the district court of the United States for the district of Indiana, May 19, 1832, ch. 77.

An act supplementary to an act, entitled, "An act to amend the judicial system of the United States, March 3, 1837, ch. 34, sec. 3, 4.

An act to change the time of holding the circuit and district courts in the seventh circuit, March 10, 1838, ch. 33.

(b) Acts relating to discriminating duties, vol. iv. p. 2.