

Punishment for use
after termination.

or which he may be authorized to divert hereunder. Any such permittee who without further authority of Congress diverts after the time herein named for the expiration of such permit any part of the additional amount of water, authorized by Congress to be diverted for the first time under this resolution, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and be punished by a fine not exceeding \$2,000 nor less than \$500, or by imprisonment not exceeding one year nor less than thirty days, or both in the discretion of the court; and each and every day on which such violation occurs or is committed shall be deemed a separate offense: *Provided*, That where such violation is charged against the company or corporate body, the offense shall be taken and deemed to be that of any director, officer, agent, or employee of such company or corporate body ordering, directing, or permitting the same.

Corporations liable
for acts of agents, etc.

Approved, January 19, 1917.

January 19, 1917.
[S. J. Res. 194.]

[Pub. Res., No. 46.]

CHAP. 19.—Joint Resolution Providing for the filling of a vacancy which will occur March first, nineteen hundred and seventeen, in the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution, of the class other than Members of Congress.

Smithsonian Institution.
John B. Henderson
reappointed as regent.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the vacancy in the Board of Regents of the Smithsonian Institution, of the class other than Members of Congress, which will occur on March first, nineteen hundred and seventeen, by reason of the expiration of the term of Mr. John B. Henderson, of the city of Washington, be filled by the reappointment of the said John B. Henderson for the ensuing term.

Approved, January 19, 1917.

January 25, 1917.
[S. 5718.]

[Public, No. 293.]

CHAP. 20.—An Act To provide for an auxiliary reclamation project in connection with the Yuma project, Arizona.

Yuma reclamation
project, Arizona.
Sale of lands as auxiliary project.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to set apart any lands in the State of Arizona heretofore or hereafter withdrawn under the reclamation law, in connection with the Yuma reclamation project, as an auxiliary reclamation project or unit, and sell, in tracts of such size as he may determine of not more than one hundred and sixty acres to any one purchaser, the lands so set apart and believed to be susceptible of irrigation, at public sale under suitable regulations, for not less than the reasonable value per acre of the land plus the estimated cost per acre of reclamation works to be constructed for the reclamation of said lands so set apart plus the proportionate cost per acre of the works previously constructed and available therefor. That appurtenant water rights for lands in private ownership may be sold for not to exceed one hundred and sixty acres to any one person at a price equal to the estimated cost per acre of the works to be constructed plus the proportionate cost per acre of the works previously constructed and available for the lands, if any there be, payment to be made under the same terms as for public land under the provisions of section two. Final water-right certificate shall not be issued to such private land until payment has been made in full. No works shall be constructed nor water delivered through any of the works of the Yuma project for the irrigation of any such private lands unless application has been made to purchase a water right for such land under the terms and provisions of this section. The Secretary of the

Water rights to private owners.

Conditions.

Determination of price, etc.