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[No. 11.] Joint Resolution To donate a brass cannon to the State of Georgia.

February 24, 1910.
[H. J. Res. 111.]
[Pub. Res., No. 17.]

Obsolete ordnance.
Donated to Georgia for cemetery at Marietta.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to deliver, without expense to the United States, to the State of Georgia, at Atlanta, Georgia, if the same can be done without detriment to the public service, a small brass cannon once belonging to the Georgia Military Institute, to be used on a monument to be erected in the confederate cemetery at Marietta, Georgia.

Approved, February 24, 1910.

[No. 12.] Joint Resolution Authorizing an extension of the tracks of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway on the military reservation at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas.

February 24, 1910.
[H. J. Res. 101.]
[Pub. Res., No. 18.]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized to permit the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway Company to extend its tracks on the military reservation at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, in such manner as he may deem expedient, for the purpose of connecting said tracks with the government terminal switch tracks on that reservation: *Provided*, That such extension shall be made without expense to the United States.

Fort Leavenworth, Kans.
Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railway Company granted right of way on reservation.

Proviso.
No expense.

Approved, February 24, 1910.

[No. 13.] Joint Resolution To continue in full force and effect an Act entitled "An Act to provide for the appropriate marking of the graves of the soldiers and sailors of the confederate army and navy who died in northern prisons and were buried near the prisons where they died, and for other purposes."

February 25, 1910.
[H. J. Res. 137.]
[Pub. Res., No. 19.]

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Act entitled "An Act to provide for the appropriate marking of the graves of the soldiers and sailors of the confederate army and navy who died in northern prisons and were buried near the prisons where they died, and for other purposes," approved March ninth, nineteen hundred and six, and continued in full force and effect for two years by a joint resolution approved February twenty-sixth, nineteen hundred and eight, be, and the same is hereby, continued in full force and effect for one year from this date: *Provided*, That said Act shall not be construed to apply to the Confederate Mound in Oakwood Cemetery at Chicago: *Provided further*, That the Secretary of War may cause to be erected at the head of each grave of a citizen or civilian prisoner of war who was buried among the soldiers a headstone of the size and dimensions of those placed at the head of the soldiers' graves, but containing no inscription except the number of the grave, the name of the occupant, and the word "citizen" or "civilian" placed thereon, and at an expense for each no greater than that for each soldier: *And provided further*, That the compensation of the commissioner shall be fixed by the Secretary of War.

Confederate soldiers and sailors.
Marking graves of, who died in northern prisons.
Vol. 34, p. 56.
Post, p. 1453.

Vol. 35, p. 567.
Time continued.

Provisos.
Exception.
Post, p. 882.
Civilian prisoners.

Compensation of commissioner.

Approved, February 25, 1910.

[No. 14.] Joint Resolution Authorizing the President of the United States to convey thanks to the Government of Italy for certain gifts.

March 1, 1910.
[H. J. Res. 93.]
[Pub. Res., No. 20.]

Whereas the Government of Italy, as an expression of its gratitude for the action of Congress and of the American people in behalf of the sufferers from the earthquake of December, nineteen hundred

Preamble.