

eighteen hundred and ninety-eight, and for other purposes," do proclaim that the aforesaid proclamation is hereby modified and that the boundaries of the aforesaid Lincoln National Forest are hereby changed to exclude therefrom such lands, and are now as shown on the diagram forming a part hereof.

Lands restored to public domain.

The lands hereby excluded from the Lincoln National Forest which are not embraced in other withdrawals, including withdrawals for administrative sites for use in the management of the Forest, or which are not embraced in any other reservation, or appropriation, shall be restored to the public domain and become subject to settlement under the general provisions of the homestead laws on such date and after such notice by publication as the Secretary of the Interior may prescribe, but shall not become subject to entry, filing, selection, or other form of appropriation until the expiration of thirty days from the date so fixed, and no person will be permitted to gain or exercise any right whatever under any settlement or occupation begun prior to such date, and all such settlement and occupation are hereby forbidden.

Reserved from settlement.

Vol. 34, p. 233.

Warning is hereby given to all persons not to make settlement upon any of the lands in the National Forest as reduced by this proclamation, unless and until they are listed by the Secretary of Agriculture and opened to homestead settlement or entry by the Secretary of the Interior under the Act of Congress, approved June eleventh, nineteen hundred and six, entitled, "An Act To provide for the entry of Agricultural lands within forest reserves."

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington this 3rd day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eight, and
[SEAL.] of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and thirty-second.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT

By the President:

ROBERT BACON

Acting Secretary of State.

March 6, 1908.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

A PROCLAMATION

Ozark National Forest, Ark. Preamble.

WHEREAS, the public lands in the State of Arkansas, which are hereinafter indicated, are in part covered with timber, and it appears that the public good would be promoted by utilizing said lands as a National Forest;

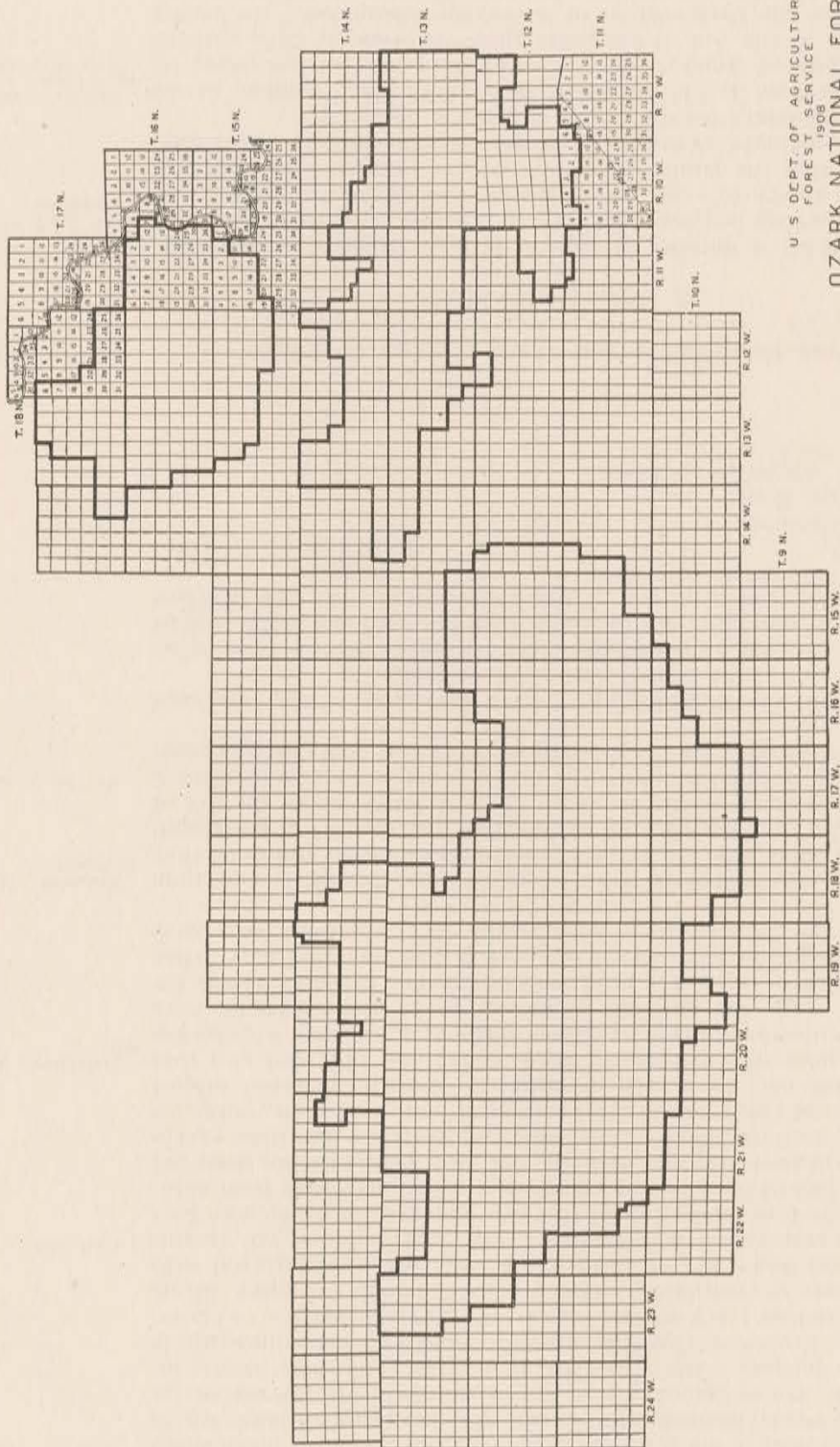
National forest. Arkansas. Vol. 26, p. 1103.

Now, therefore, I, Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by section twenty-four of the Act of Congress, approved March third, eighteen hundred and ninety-one, entitled, "An Act to repeal timber-culture laws, and for other purposes," do proclaim that there are hereby reserved from settlement or entry and set apart as a public reservation, for the use and benefit of the people, all the tracts of land, in the State of Arkansas, shown as the Ozark National Forest on the diagram forming a part hereof;

Post, p. 2233.

Lands excepted.

Excepting from the force and effect of this proclamation all lands which are at this date embraced in any legal entry or covered by any lawful filing or selection duly of record in the proper United States Land Office, or upon which any valid settlement has been made



U. S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE
FOREST SERVICE
1908

OZARK NATIONAL FOREST
ARKANSAS

5TH PRINCIPAL MERIDIAN AND BASE
— NATIONAL FOREST BOUNDARY

pursuant to law, if the statutory period within which to make entry or filing of record has not expired; and also excepting all lands which at this date are embraced within any withdrawal or reservation for any use or purpose with which this reservation for forest uses is inconsistent: Provided, That these exceptions shall not continue to apply to any particular tract of land unless the entryman, settler, or claimant continues to comply with the law under which the entry, filing, or settlement was made, or unless the reservation or withdrawal with which this reservation is inconsistent continues in force; not excepting from the force and effect of this proclamation, however, any part of the National Forest hereby established which may have been withdrawn to protect the coal therein, but this proclamation does not vacate any such coal land withdrawal; and provided that these exceptions shall not apply to any land embraced in any selection, entry, or filing, which may have been permitted to remain of record subject to the creation of a permanent reservation; and provided also that since the withdrawal made by this proclamation and any withdrawal heretofore made for national irrigation works are consistent, both shall be effective upon the land withdrawn, but the withdrawal for national irrigation works shall be the dominant one and may, when necessary, be changed to a withdrawal for irrigation from such works.

Coal land.

Irrigation projects.

Warning is hereby given to all persons not to make settlement upon any of the lands reserved by this proclamation, unless and until they are listed by the Secretary of Agriculture and opened to homestead settlement or entry by the Secretary of the Interior under the Act of Congress, approved June eleventh, nineteen hundred and six, entitled, "An Act To provide for the entry of Agricultural lands within forest reserves."

Reserved from allotment.

Vol. 34, p. 233.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set^e my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington this 6th day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eight, and of [SEAL.] the Independence of the United States the one hundred and thirty-second.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT

By the President:
ELIHU ROOT
Secretary of State.

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

April 16, 1908.

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, a number of natural bridges situated in southeastern Utah, having heights more lofty and spans far greater than any heretofore known to exist, are of the greatest scientific interest, and it appears that the public interests would be promoted by reserving these extraordinary examples of stream erosion with as much land as may be necessary for the proper protection thereof;

Natural Bridges National Monument, Utah. Preamble.

Now, therefore, I, THEODORE ROOSEVELT, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the power in me vested by section two of the Act of Congress approved June 8, 1906, entitled "An Act for the Preservation of American Antiquities," do hereby set aside as the Natural Bridges National Monument, subject to any valid interest or rights, at and surrounding each of the natural bridges located on the White Canyon and tributaries, in San Juan

National monument, Utah. Vol. 34, p. 225.