AUTHENTICATED
U.S. GOVERNMENT
INFORMATION
GPO

amount of steam pressure that will be permitted to be carried in boilers constructed in accordance with the requirements of this Act shall be determined from measurements showing the least thickness of the plates."

SEC. 2. That all laws or parts of laws conflicting with this Act are hereby repealed. Repeal.

Approved, February 28, 1895.

CHAP. 140.—An Act Making appropriations for the service of the Post-Office Department for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-six. February 28, 1895.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be, and they are hereby, appropriated for the service of the Post-Office Department, in conformity with the Act of July second, eighteen hundred and thirty-six, as follows: Postal service appropriations.

OFFICE OF THE POSTMASTER-GENERAL. Postmaster-General.

For advertising, five thousand dollars. Advertising.

For miscellaneous items in the office of the Postmaster-General, one thousand dollars. Miscellaneous.

OFFICE OF THE FIRST ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL. First Assistant Postmaster-General.

For compensation to postmasters, sixteen million dollars. Postmasters.

For compensation to clerks in post-offices, ten million one hundred thousand dollars. Clerks in post-offices.

For rent, light, and fuel for first and second class post-offices, nine hundred thousand dollars. Rent, light, and fuel.

For rent, light, and fuel for post-offices of the third class, seven hundred thousand dollars: *Provided*, That there shall not be allowed for the use of any third-class post-office for rent a sum in excess of four hundred dollars nor more than sixty dollars for fuel and lights in any one year. *Proviso.* Limit third-class offices.

For necessary, miscellaneous, and incidental items directly connected with first and second class post-offices, including furniture, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars: *Provided*, That the Postmaster-General, in his discretion, under such regulations as he shall prescribe, may authorize any of the postmasters of said offices to expend the fund he may allow them for such purposes without the written consent of the Postmaster-General. Miscellaneous. *Proviso.* Expenditures.

For advertising at first and second class post-offices, fifteen thousand dollars. Advertising.

For free delivery service, including existing experimental free-delivery offices, twelve million seven hundred and ninety thousand two hundred and eighty-three dollars and sixty-four cents. Free delivery.

For stationery in post-offices, fifty thousand dollars. Stationery.

For wrapping twine, eighty thousand dollars. Twine.

For wrapping paper, fifty thousand dollars. Paper.

For letter balances, scales, and test weights, and repairs to same, fifteen thousand dollars. Scales.

For postmarking and rating stamps, and repairs to same, and ink and pads for stamping and canceling purposes, thirty thousand dollars. Canceling, etc., stamps.

For packing boxes, sawdust, paste, and hardware, one thousand five hundred dollars. Packing boxes, etc.

For printing facing slips and cutting same, card slide-labels, blanks and books of an urgent nature for the postal service, fifteen thousand dollars. Printing.

For rental of canceling machines, sixty thousand dollars. Canceling machines.

Second Assistant Postmaster-General.

OFFICE OF THE SECOND ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

Inland mail transportation.

Star routes.

For inland mail transportation, namely: Inland transportation by star routes, including temporary service to newly established offices, five million eight hundred and seventy-five thousand dollars.

Steamboat routes.

For inland transportation by steamboat routes, four hundred and twenty thousand dollars.

Messenger service.

For mail-messenger service, one million two hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars.

Bags, catchers, etc.

For mail bags and mail-bag catchers, cord fasteners, label cases, and for labor and material necessary for repairing equipment, two hundred and seventy thousand dollars.

Locks, keys, etc.

For mail locks and keys, chains, tools, and machinery, and for labor and material necessary for repairing same, forty thousand dollars.

Repair shop.

For the purpose of enabling the Postmaster-General to rent a building for a mail-bag repair shop and lock-repair shop, and for fuel, gas, watchmen and charwoman, oil, and repair of machinery for same, eight thousand five hundred dollars.

Railroad routes.

For inland transportation by railroad routes, of which a sum not exceeding thirty thousand dollars may be employed to pay freight on postal cards, stamped envelopes, and stamped paper, and other supplies from the manufactories to the post-offices and depots of distribution, twenty-six million five hundred thousand dollars.

Postal cars.

For railway post-office car service, three million two hundred and five thousand dollars.

Railway mail clerks.

For railway post-office clerks, seven million four hundred and thirty-three thousand dollars, of which sum not to exceed fifteen thousand dollars may be used to pay necessary traveling expenses of chief clerks and railway postal clerks traveling on duty under order of the Postmaster-General: *Provided*, That all clerks hereafter appointed to the Railway Mail Service and to perform duty in railway post-offices shall reside at some point on the route to which they are assigned; but railway mail clerks heretofore appointed and now performing such duty shall not be required to change their residence.

Proviso.
To reside on route.

Special facilities.

For necessary and special facilities on trunk lines from Boston, Massachusetts, by way of New York and Washington, to Atlanta and New Orleans, one hundred and ninety-six thousand six hundred and fourteen dollars and twenty-two cents: *Provided*, That no part of the appropriation made by this paragraph shall be expended unless the Postmaster-General shall deem such expenditure necessary in order to promote the interest of the postal service.

Proviso.
Condition.

Miscellaneous.

For miscellaneous items, five hundred dollars.

Foreign mails.

For transportation of foreign mails, one million six hundred thousand dollars: *Provided*, That hereafter the Postmaster-General shall be authorized to expend such sums as may be necessary, not exceeding fifty-five thousand dollars, to cover one-half of the cost of transportation, compensation, and expense of clerks to be employed in assorting and pouching mails in transit on steamships between the United States and other postal administrations in the International Postal Union.

Proviso.
Clerks on steamers.

Balance due foreign countries.

For balance due foreign countries, one hundred and twenty thousand dollars.

Third Assistant Postmaster-General.

OFFICE OF THE THIRD ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL.

Stamps.

For manufacture of adhesive postage and special-delivery stamps, one hundred and sixty thousand dollars.

Distribution.

For pay of agents and assistants to distribute stamps, and expenses of agency, twelve thousand dollars.

Stamped envelopes, etc.

For manufacture of stamped envelopes and newspaper wrappers, eight hundred and thirty thousand dollars.

Distribution.

For pay of agent and assistants to distribute stamped envelopes and newspaper wrappers, and expenses of agency, seventeen thousand eight hundred dollars.

For manufacture of postal cards, one hundred and eighty-six thousand dollars. Postal cards.

For pay of agent and assistants to distribute postal cards, and expenses of agency, seven thousand eight hundred dollars. Distribution.

For registered package, tag, official, and dead-letter envelopes, one hundred and seven thousand dollars. Official, etc., envelopes.

For ship, steamboat, and way letters, one thousand five hundred dollars. Ship, etc., letters.

For engraving, printing, and binding drafts and warrants, two thousand dollars. Printing, etc., drafts.

For miscellaneous items, five hundred dollars. Miscellaneous.

OFFICE OF THE FOURTH ASSISTANT POSTMASTER-GENERAL. Fourth Assistant Postmaster-General.

For mail depredations and post-office inspectors, three hundred thousand dollars: *Provided*, That not exceeding five thousand dollars of this amount may be expended for fees to United States attorneys, marshals, clerks of courts, and special counsel necessarily employed in prosecuting civil suits instituted by the Auditor for the Post-Office Department, through the Solicitor of the Treasury, against the sureties on the official bonds of late postmasters, as provided for by section two hundred and ninety-two, Revised Statutes of the United States. Mail depredations. *Proviso.* Fees, suits on official bonds. R. S., sec. 292, p. 49.

For payment of rewards for the detection, arrest, and conviction of post-office burglars and robbers, twenty-five thousand dollars. Rewards.

SEC. 2. That if the revenues of the Post-Office Department shall be insufficient to meet the appropriations made by this Act, a sum equal to such deficiency of the revenues of said Department is hereby appropriated, to be paid out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply said deficiencies in the revenues for the Post-Office Department for the year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and ninety-six. Appropriation to meet deficiencies.

Approved, February 28, 1895.

CHAP. 144.—An Act To authorize the appointment of women as public school trustees in the District of Columbia. March 1, 1895.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia be, and they are hereby, authorized to appoint women as members of the board of trustees of the public schools of the District of Columbia, and for this purpose the number of trustees of said board shall be increased from nine to eleven. District of Columbia. Women may be school trustees. Board increased. Vol. 22, p. 142.

Approved, March 1, 1895.

CHAP. 145.—An Act To provide for the appointment of additional judges of the United States court in the Indian Territory, and for other purposes. March 1, 1895.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the territory known as the Indian Territory, now within the jurisdiction of the United States court in said Territory, is hereby divided into three judicial districts, to be known as the northern, central, and southern districts, and at least two terms of the United States court in the Indian Territory shall be held each year at each place of holding court in each district at such regular times as the judge for such district shall fix and determine. Indian Territory. Three judicial districts created. *Post*, p. 966.

The northern district shall consist of all the Creek country, all of the Seminole country, all of the Cherokee country, all of the country occupied by the Indian tribes in the Quapaw Indian Agency, and the town site of the Miami Townsite Company, and the places of holding courts in said district shall be at Vinita, Miami, Tahlequah, and Muscogee. Northern district.