AUTHENTICATED
U.S. GOVERNMENT
INFORMATION
GPO

trust, or fraudulently convert the same to his own use, shall be punished by fine not exceeding two thousand dollars or imprisonment at hard labor for a term not exceeding five years, or both, at the discretion of the court." Penalty.

Approved, February 10, 1891.

CHAP 131.—An act to provide for an additional associate Justice of the supreme court of Arizona. February 11, 1891.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That hereafter the supreme court of the Territory of Arizona shall consist of a chief justice and three associate justices, any three of whom shall constitute a quorum; but no justice shall act as a member of the supreme court in any action or proceeding brought to such court by writ of error, bill of exception, or appeal from a decision, judgment, or decree rendered by him as judge of a district court, unless one of the other justices is disqualified to sit in such action. Supreme court and judicial districts of Arizona Territory. Vol. 12, p. 665 amended. Composition of supreme court. Quorum. Disqualified to sit.

SEC. 2. That it shall be the duty of the President to appoint one additional associate justice of said supreme court in manner now provided by law, who shall hold his office for the term of four years, and until his successor is appointed and qualified. Appointment of additional associate justice. Term of office.

SEC. 3. That the said Territory shall be divided into four judicial districts, and a district court shall be held in each district by one of the justices of the supreme court thereof, at such time and place as is or may be prescribed by law. Each judge, after assignment, shall reside in the district to which he is assigned. Division into four judicial districts. Terms of court. Residence.

SEC. 4. That the present chief justice and his associates are hereby vested with power and authority, and they are hereby directed to divide said Territory into four judicial districts, and make such assignments of the judges provided for in the first section of this act as shall in their judgment be meet and proper: *Provided*, That said districts shall be subject to such changes as the Territorial Assembly of the said Territory may enact. Division and assignments. *Proviso.* Changes in districts.

SEC. 5. That the said district court shall have jurisdiction, and the same is hereby vested, to hear, try, and determine all matters and causes that the courts of the other districts of the Territory now possess; and for such purposes two terms of said court shall be held annually, at such places within said district as may be designated by the chief justice and his associates, or a majority of them; and grand and petit jurors shall be summoned thereon in the manner now required by law. Jurisdiction of district courts. R. S., sec. 1910, p. 337. Terms. Jurors.

SEC. 6. That all offenses committed before the passage of this act shall be prosecuted, tried, and determined in the same manner and with the same effect (except as to the number of judges) as if this act had not passed. Pending offenses, etc.

Approved, February 11, 1891.

CHAP. 163.—An act to provide for the disposal of the abandoned Fort Ellis military reservation in Montana under the homestead law, and for other purposes. February 13, 1891.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Interior be, and is hereby, authorized and directed to cause the lands embraced within the abandoned Fort Ellis military reservation in Montana to be regularly surveyed by an extension of the public surveys over the unsurveyed portions thereof. Fort Ellis Military Reservation, Mont. Portion of, may be open to homestead entry. To be surveyed.