

CHAP. 89.—An act to amend section three thousand and sixty-six of the Revised Statutes of the United States, in relation to the authority to issue warrants.

Apr. 25, 1882.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section three thousand and sixty-six of chapter ten, title thirty-four, of the Revised Statutes of the United States, be amended so as to read as follows:

"SEC. 3066.—If any collector, naval officer, surveyor, or other person specially appointed by either of them, or inspector, shall have cause to suspect a concealment of any merchandise in any particular dwelling-house, store-building, or other place, they, or either of them, upon proper application on oath to any justice of the peace, or district judge of cities, police justice, or any judge of the circuit or district court of the United States, or any Commissioner of the United States circuit court, shall be entitled to a warrant to enter such house, store, or other place, in the day time only, and there to search for such merchandise; and if any shall be found, to seize and secure the same for trial; and all such merchandise, upon which the duties shall not have been paid, or secured to be paid, shall be forfeited."

Approved, April 25, 1882.

Authority to issue warrants for search and seizure of merchandise upon which duties have not been paid.

R. S. 3066, 589, amended.

CHAP. 106.—An act to amend section twenty-three hundred and twenty-six of the Revised Statutes, in regard to mineral lands, and for other purposes.

Apr. 26, 1882.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the adverse claim required by section twenty-three hundred and twenty-six of the Revised Statutes may be verified by the oath of any duly-authorized agent or attorney-in-fact of the adverse claimant cognizant of the facts stated; and the adverse claimant, if residing or at the time being beyond the limits of the district wherein the claim is situated, may make oath to the adverse claim before the clerk of any court of record of the United States or of the State or Territory where the adverse claimant may then be, or before any notary public of such State or Territory.

SEC. 2. That applicants for mineral patents, if residing beyond the limits of the district wherein the claim is situated, may make any oath or affidavit required for proof of citizenship before the clerk of any court of record or before any notary public of any State or Territory.

Approved, April 26, 1882.

Mineral lands. Adverse claim, proceedings on. R. S. 2326, 427.

CHAP. 107.—An act for a public building at Frankfort, Kentucky.

Apr. 26, 1882.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby, authorized and directed to purchase or otherwise procure a site, which shall leave the building unexposed to danger from fire in adjacent buildings by an open space of not less than fifty feet, including streets and alleys, and cause to be erected thereon, at the city of Frankfort, in the State of Kentucky, a substantial and commodious public building, with fire-proof vaults, for the use of the Federal courts, the post-office, and internal-revenue and other government offices located there; the plans and estimates for said building having first been prepared, examined, and approved as required by section thirty-seven hundred and thirty-four of the Revised Statutes of the United States; said plans to be based upon calculations and specifications that will insure the purchase of a site and the completion of the building at a cost not to exceed the sum of one hundred thousand dollars, which said sum is hereby appropriated for the purposes herein named out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated: *Provided,* That no money to be appropriated for said building shall be

Frankfort, Ky. Public building.

Plans, estimates.

R. S. 3734, 737.

Cost. Appropriation.

Provided,