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July 3, 1876.

[No. 13.] Joint resolution authorizing the Secretary of War to issue arms.

Post, p. 410.

Arms to be issued to Territories and border States.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War is hereby authorized to cause to be issued to the Territories, and the States bordering thereon, such arms as he may deem necessary for their protection, not to exceed one thousand to said States each, and not more than five hundred to each of said Territories: *Provided*, That such issues shall be only from arms owned by the Government which have been superseded and no longer issued to the Army: *Provided however*, that said arms shall be issued only in the following manner, and upon the following conditions, namely, upon the requisition of the governors of said States or Territories showing the absolute necessity of arms for the protection of the citizens and their property against Indian raids into said States or Territories also that militia companies are regularly organized and under control of the governors of said States or Territories to whom said arms are to be issued, and that said governor or governors shall give a good and sufficient bond for the return of said arms or payment for the same at such time as the Secretary of War may designate.

Proviso.

Proviso.

Approved, July 3, 1876.

July 20, 1876.

[No. 15.] Joint resolution to amend the act approved June eighteenth, eighteen hundred and seventy-four, relating to the admission of articles intended for the International Exhibition of eighteen hundred and seventy-six.

Ante, pp. 3, 34, 45, 211, 213.

1874, ch. 310, 18 Stat., 82, amended.

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the act approved June eighteenth, eighteen hundred and seventy-four entitled "An act to admit free of duty articles intended for the International Exhibition of eighteen hundred and seventy-six" be and the same is hereby so amended as to permit the sale and delivery, during the exhibition, of goods, wares, and merchandise heretofore imported and now in the Exhibition Buildings, subject to such additional regulations for the security of the revenue and the collection of duties thereon as the Secretary of the Treasury may, in his discretion prescribe.

Imported goods may be sold in Centennial Exhibition.

Entire stock of exhibitor liable for duties.

SEC. 2. That the entire stock of each exhibitor, consisting of goods, wares and merchandise imported by him and now in said buildings, is hereby declared liable for the payment of duties accruing on any portion thereof, in case of the removal of such portion from said buildings without payment of the lawful duties thereon.

R. S. 3082, p. 595.

Penalties made applicable.

SEC. 3. That the penalties prescribed by, and the provisions contained in, section three thousand and eighty-two of the Revised Statutes, shall be deemed and held to apply in the case of any goods, wares or merchandise now in said buildings sold, delivered or removed without payment of duties, in the same manner as if such goods, wares or merchandise had been imported contrary to law; and the article or articles so sold, delivered or removed, shall be deemed and held to have been so imported, with the knowledge of the parties respectively concerned in such sale, delivery or removal.

Approved, July 20, 1876.

July 22, 1876.

[No. 16.] Joint resolution donating two cannon and carriages to the Warden and Burgesses of Stonington, Connecticut.

Preamble.

Whereas, there are now at the town of Stonington in the State of Connecticut, two eighteen pounder iron cannon and two eighteen pounder traveling carriages, belonging to the same, which were used for the defence of said town against the attack of British Men of War, in the war of 1812, and, which cannon are highly prized by the inhabitants of said town, as memorable relics of the bombardment of the town on the tenth day of August 1814 Therefore,