troller of the currency, and approved by the Secretary of the Treasury; and the expense of such examination and destruction shall be paid out of any appropriation made by Congress for the special examination of national banks and bank plates.

Expenses.

APPROVED, March 3, 1873.

March 3, 1873.

CHAP. CCLXX. — *An Act to confer upon the Superintendent of the United States Military Academy the Power to convene general Courts-martial.*

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the superintendent of the United States Military Academy shall have power to convene general courts-martial for the trial of cadets, and to execute the sentences of such courts, except the sentences of suspension and dismission, subject to the same limitations and conditions now existing as to other general courts-martial

Superintendent of the United States Military Academy may convene general courts-martial for, &c.

APPROVED, March 3, 1873.

March 3, 1873.

CHAP. CCLXXI. — *An Act authorizing deputy Collectors and other Officers of the Customs to act as disbursing Agents in certain Cases.*

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in case of the sickness or unavoidable absence of any collector or surveyor of customs from his office, he may with the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, authorize some officer or clerk under him to act in his place, and to discharge all the duties required by law of such collector or surveyor in his capacity as disbursing agent: *Provided*, That the official bond given by the principal of the office shall be held to cover and apply to the acts of the person appointed to act in his place in such cases.

Collectors, &c., in case of sickness, &c., may with, &c., authorize some officer under them to act as disbursing agents.

Official bond of the principal to cover, &c.

APPROVED, March 3, 1873.

March 3, 1873.

CHAP. CCLXXII. — *An Act to authorize certain Postmasters to deposit public Moneys in national Banks.*

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this act it shall be lawful for any postmaster, having public money belonging to the government, where there are no designated depositaries, treasurers of mints, or treasurer or assistant treasurers of the United States, within the county, to deposit the same, at his own risk and in his official capacity, in any national bank in the town, city, or county where the said postmaster resides; but no authority or permission is or shall be given for the demand or receipt by the postmaster, or any other person, of interest, directly or indirectly, on any deposit made as herein described; and it shall be the duty of all postmasters who have made any such deposit to report quarterly to the Postmaster-General, the name of the bank where such deposits have been made, and also state the amount which may stand at the time to their credit.

Postmasters in certain places may deposit public money in a national bank.

Such deposits not to draw interest.

Quarterly report of such deposits.

APPROVED, March 3, 1873.

March 3, 1873.

CHAP. CCLXXIII. — *An Act to fix the Compensation of the Deputy Collector of Customs at Saint Paul.*

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the compensation including official emoluments of all kinds of the officer appointed in pursuance of the second section of the act entitled "An act to establish the collection district of Du Luth, and to create Saint Paul, in the collection district of Minnesota, a port of delivery," approved May twenty-third, eighteen hundred and seventy-two, shall not exceed the sum of two

Compensation of deputy collector at Saint Paul established.

1872, ch. 199, § 2. *Ante*, p. 157.

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