CHAP. XCIV. — *An Act to establish a Land Office in Colorado Territory, and for other Purposes.* June 2, 1862.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all the lands belonging to the United States to which the Indian title has been or shall be extinguished shall be subject to the operations of the preëmption act of the fourth of September, eighteen hundred and forty-one, and under the conditions, restrictions, and stipulations therein mentioned: *Provided, however*, That when unsurveyed lands are claimed by preëmption, notice of the specific tracts claimed shall be filed within six months after the survey has been made in the field; and on failure to file such notice, or to pay for the tract claimed within twelve months from the filing of such notice, the parties claiming such lands shall forfeit all right thereto, provided said notices may be filed with the Surveyor General, and to be noted by him on the township plats, until other arrangements have been made by law for that purpose.

Public lands to which the Indian title has been extinguished to be subject to the preëmption act. 1841, ch. 16. Vol. v. p. 453. Notice, when to be filed. Effect of failure to file notice.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the public lands within the Territory of Colorado to which the Indian title is or shall be extinguished shall constitute a new land district, to be called the Colorado district; and the President is hereby authorized to appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, a register and receiver of public moneys for said district, who shall be required to reside at the place at which said office shall be located, and they shall have the same powers, perform the same duties, and be entitled to the same compensation as are or may be prescribed by law in relation to land offices of the United States in the State of Kansas.

Colorado district established. Register and receiver. Powers, duties, and salaries.

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That an act entitled "An act to graduate [and reduce] the price of the public lands to actual settlers and cultivators," be and the same is hereby repealed.

Graduation act repealed. 1854, ch. 244. Vol. x. p. 574.

APPROVED, June 2, 1862.

CHAP. XCV. — *An Act to establish certain Post-Routes, and for other Purposes.* June 2, 1862.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following be established as post roads:

Post routes established.

CALIFORNIA.

California.

From San Juan to New Idria.
From San Diego, via Santa Isabel, to Buena Vista.
From San Diego, via San Luis Rey, San Juan Capistrano, and Anaheim, to the city of Los Angelos.
From Chico to Humbug Valley.
From Quincy to Richmond.
From Cuison, Nevada Territory, to Aurora, California.
From Lancha Plana, via Poverty Bar, Jenny Lind, Brushville, Salt Spring Valley, Copperopolis, and Jeffersonville, to Sonora.

CONNECTICUT.

Connecticut

From New Milford to Washington.

INDIANA.

Indiana.

From Valparaiso, via Tassinong and Garris Bridge, to Rensselaer.
From Livonia, via Claysville, to Campbellsburg.
From Columbus, via Bethany, New Bellsville, and Christiansburg, to Houston.
From Rensselaer, via Meadville and Brook, to Kent Station.
From Kendallville, via Rome and Wolcottville, to La Grange Centre.

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