Public Law 105-255 105th Congress

An Act

To establish the Commission on the Advancement of Women and Minorities in Science, Engineering, and Technology Development.

Oct. 14, 1998 [H.R. 3007]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Commission on the Advancement of Women and Minorities in Science, Engineering, and Technology Development Act".

SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

The Congress finds the following:

(1) According to the National Science Foundation's 1996 report, Women, Minorities, and Persons with Disabilities in

Science and Engineering—

(A) women have historically been underrepresented in scientific and engineering occupations, and although progress has been made over the last several decades, there is still room for improvement;

(B) female and minority students take fewer high-

level mathematics and science courses in high school;

(C) female students earn fewer bachelors, masters, and

doctoral degrees in science and engineering;

(D) among recent bachelors of science and bachelors of engineering graduates, women are less likely to be in the labor force, to be employed full-time, and to be employed in their field than are men;

(E) among doctoral scientists and engineers, women are far more likely to be employed at 2-year institutions, are far less likely to be employed in research universities,

and are much more likely to teach part-time;

(F) among university full-time faculty, women are less likely to chair departments or hold high-ranked positions;

(G) a substantial salary gap exists between men and

women with doctorates in science and engineering;

(H) Blacks, Hispanics, and Native Americans continue to be seriously underrepresented in graduate science and engineering programs; and

(I) Blacks, Hispanics, and Native Americans as a group are 23 percent of the population of the United States,

but only 6 percent are scientists or engineers.

(2) According to the National Research Council's 1995 report, Women Scientists and Engineers Employed in Industry: Why So Few?—

Commission on the Advancement of Women and Minorities in Science, Engineering, and Technology Development Act. 42 USC 1885a 42 USC 1885a

note.

(A) limited access is the first hurdle faced by women seeking industrial jobs in science and engineering, and while progress has been made in recent years, common recruitment and hiring practices that make extensive use of traditional networks often overlook the available pool of women:

(B) once on the job, many women find paternalism, sexual harassment, allegations of reverse discrimination, different standards for judging the work of men and women, lower salary relative to their male peers, inequitable job assignments, and other aspects of a male-oriented culture

that are hostile to women; and

(C) women to a greater extent than men find limited opportunities for advancement, particularly for moving into management positions, and the number of women who have achieved the top levels in corporations is much lower than would be expected, based on the pipeline model.

(3) The establishment of a commission to examine issues

raised by the findings of these two reports would help-

(A) to focus attention on the importance of eliminating artificial barriers to the recruitment, retention, and advancement of women and minorities in the fields of science, engineering, and technology, and in all employment sectors of the United States;

(B) to promote work force diversity;

(C) to sensitize employers to the need to recruit and retain women and minority scientists, engineers, and com-

puter specialists: and

(D) to encourage the replication of successful recruitment and retention programs by universities, corporations, and Federal agencies having difficulties in employing women or minorities in the fields of science, engineering, and technology.

42 USC 1885a

SEC. 3. ESTABLISHMENT.

There is established a commission to be known as the "Commission on the Advancement of Women and Minorities in Science, Engineering, and Technology Development" (in this Act referred to as the "Commission").

42 USC 1885a note.

SEC. 4. DUTY OF THE COMMISSION.

The Commission shall review available research, and, if determined necessary by the Commission, conduct additional research

(1) identify the number of women, minorities, and individuals with disabilities in the United States in specific types of occupations in science, engineering, and technology development:

(2) examine the preparedness of women, minorities, and

individuals with disabilities to-

(A) pursue careers in science, engineering, and tech-

nology development; and

(B) advance to positions of greater responsibility within

academia, industry, and government;

(3) describe the practices and policies of employers and labor unions relating to the recruitment, retention, and advancement of women, minorities, and individuals with

disabilities in the fields of science, engineering, and technology

development;

(4) identify the opportunities for, and artificial barriers to, the recruitment, retention, and advancement of women, minorities, and individuals with disabilities in the fields of science, engineering, and technology development in academia, industry, and government;

(5) compile a synthesis of available research on lawful practices, policies, and programs that have successfully led to the recruitment, retention, and advancement of women, minorities, and individuals with disabilities in science,

engineering, and technology development;

(6) issue recommendations with respect to lawful policies that government (including Congress and appropriate Federal agencies), academia, and private industry can follow regarding the recruitment, retention, and advancement of women, minorities, and individuals with disabilities in science, engineering, and technology development;

(7) identify the disincentives for women, minorities, and individuals with disabilities to continue graduate education in the fields of engineering, physics, and computer science;

(8) identify university undergraduate programs that are successful in retaining women, minorities, and individuals with disabilities in the fields of science, engineering, and technology development:

(9) identify the disincentives that lead to a disproportionate number of women, minorities, and individuals with disabilities leaving the fields of science, engineering, and technology development before completing their undergraduate education;

(10) assess the extent to which the recommendations of the Task Force on Women, Minorities, and the Handicapped in Science and Technology established under section 8 of the National Science Foundation Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 1987 (Public Law 99–383; 42 U.S.C. 1885a note) have been implemented;

(11) compile a list of all federally funded reports on the subjects of encouraging women, minorities, and individuals with disabilities to enter the fields of science and engineering and retaining women, minorities, and individuals with disabilities in the science and engineering workforce that have been issued since the date that the Task Force described in paragraph (10) submitted its report to Congress;

(12) assess the extent to which the recommendations contained in the reports described in paragraph (11) have been

implemented; and

(13) evaluate the benefits of family-friendly policies in order to assist recruiting, retaining, and advancing women in the fields of science, engineering, and technology such as the benefits or disadvantages of the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 (29 U.S.C. 2001 et seq.).

SEC. 5. MEMBERSHIP.

42 USC 1885a note.

Records.

Reports.

(a) NUMBER AND APPOINTMENT.—The Commission shall be composed of 11 members as follows:

(1) One member appointed by the President from among President. for-profit entities that hire individuals in the fields of engineering, science, or technology development.

Deadline.

(2) Two members appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives from among such entities.

(3) One member appointed by the minority leader of the

House of Representatives from among such entities.

(4) Two members appointed by the majority leader of the Senate from among such entities.

(5) One member appointed by the minority leader of the

Senate from among such entities.

(6) Two members appointed by the Chairman of the National Governors Association from among individuals in education or academia in the fields of life science, physical science, or engineering.

(7) Two members appointed by the Vice Chairman of the National Governors Association from among such individuals.

(b) INITIAL APPOINTMENTS.—Initial appointments shall be made under subsection (a) not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

(c) TERMS.-

(1) In GENERAL.—Each member shall be appointed for the

life of the Commission.

(2) VACANCIES.—A vacancy in the Commission shall be filled in the manner in which the original appointment was made.

(d) PAY OF MEMBERS.—Members shall not be paid by reason

of their service on the Commission.

(e) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—Each member shall receive travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, in accordance with sections 5702 and 5703 of title 5, United States Code.

(f) QUORUM.—A majority of the members of the Commission

shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.

(g) CHAIRPERSON.—The Chairperson of the Commission shall

be elected by the members.

(h) MEETINGS.—The Commission shall meet not fewer than 5 times in connection with and pending the completion of the report described in section 8. The Commission shall hold additional meetings for such purpose if the Chairperson or a majority of the members of the Commission requests the additional meetings in writing.

(i) EMPLOYMENT STATUS.—Members of the Commission shall not be deemed to be employees of the Federal Government by reason of their work on the Commission except for the purposes

of—

(1) the tort claims provisions of chapter 171 of title 28,

United States Code; and
(2) subchapter I of chapter 81 of title 5, United States
Code, relating to compensation for work injuries.

42 USC 1885a note.

SEC. 6. DIRECTOR AND STAFF OF COMMISSION; EXPERTS AND CONSULTANTS.

- (a) DIRECTOR.—The Commission shall appoint a Director who shall be paid at a rate not to exceed the maximum annual rate of basic pay payable under section 5376 of title 5, United States Code.
- (b) STAFF.—The Commission may appoint and fix the pay of additional personnel as the Commission considers appropriate.
- (c) Applicability of Certain Civil Service Laws.—The Director and staff of the Commission may be appointed without regard

to the provisions of title 5, United States Code, governing appointments in the competitive service, and may be paid without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of that title relating to classification and General Schedule pay rates, except that an individual so appointed may not receive pay in excess of the maximum annual rate of basic pay payable under section 5376 of title 5, United States Code.

(d) EXPERTS AND CONSULTANTS.—The Commission may procure temporary and intermittent services under section 3109(b) of title 5, United States Code, at rates for individuals not to exceed the maximum annual rate of basic pay payable under section 5376

of title 5, United States Code.

(e) STAFF OF FEDERAL AGENCIES.—Upon request of the Commission, the Director of the National Science Foundation or the head of any other Federal department or agency may detail, on a reimbursable basis, any of the personnel of that department or agency to the Commission to assist it in carrying out its duties under this Act.

SEC. 7. POWERS OF COMMISSION.

(a) HEARINGS AND SESSIONS.—The Commission may, for the purpose of carrying out this Act, hold hearings, sit and act at times and places, take testimony, and receive evidence as the Commission considers appropriate. The Commission may administer oaths or affirmations to witnesses appearing before it.

(b) Powers of Members and Agents.—Any member or agent of the Commission may, if authorized by the Commission, take any action which the Commission is authorized to take by this

section.

(c) OBTAINING OFFICIAL DATA.—The Commission may secure directly from any department or agency of the United States information necessary to enable it to carry out this Act. Upon request of the Chairperson of the Commission, the head of that department or agency shall furnish that information to the Commis-

(d) Mails.—The Commission may use the United States mails in the same manner and under the same conditions as other depart-

ments and agencies of the United States.

(e) ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT SERVICES.—Upon the request of the Commission, the Administrator of General Services shall provide to the Commission, on a reimbursable basis, the administrative support services necessary for the Commission to carry out its responsibilities under this Act.

(f) CONTRACT AUTHORITY.—To the extent provided in advance in appropriations Acts, the Commission may contract with and compensate Government and private agencies or persons for the purpose of conducting research or surveys necessary to enable the

Commission to carry out its duties under this Act.

SEC. 8. REPORT.

Not later than 1 year after the date on which the initial appointments under section 5(a) are completed, the Commission shall submit to the President, the Congress, and the highest executive official of each State, a written report containing the findings, conclusions, and recommendations of the Commission resulting from the study conducted under section 4.

42 USC 1885a

Deadline. 42 USC 1885a 42 USC 1885a note.

SEC. 9. CONSTRUCTION; USE OF INFORMATION OBTAINED.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this Act shall be construed to require any non-Federal entity (such as a business, college or university, foundation, or research organization) to provide information to the Commission concerning such entity's personnel policies, including salaries and benefits, promotion criteria, and affirmative action plans.

(b) USE OF INFORMATION OBTAINED.—No information obtained from any entity by the Commission may be used in connection

with any employment related litigation.

42 USC 1885a note.

SEC. 10. TERMINATION; ACCESS TO INFORMATION.

(a) TERMINATION.—The Commission shall terminate 30 days

after submitting the report required by section 8.

(b) ACCESS TO INFORMATION.—On or before the date of the termination of the Commission under subsection (a), the Commission shall provide to the National Science Foundation the information gathered by the Commission in the process of carrying out its duties under this Act. The National Science Foundation shall act as a central repository for such information and shall make such information available to the public, including making such information available through the Internet.

42 USC 1885a

Internet.

note.

SEC. 11. REVIEW OF INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE NATIONAL SCIENCE FOUNDATION AND OTHER AGENCIES.

(a) Provision of Information.—At the request of the Commission, the National Science Foundation and any other Federal department or agency shall provide to the Commission any information determined necessary by the Commission to carry out its duties under this Act, including—

under this Act, including—

(1) data on academic degrees awarded to women, minorities, and individuals with disabilities in science, engineering, and technology development, and workforce representation and the retention of women, minorities, and individuals with disabilities in the fields of science, engineering, and technology

development; and

(2) information gathered by the National Science Foundation in the process of compiling its biennial report on Women, Minorities, and Persons with Disabilities in Science and Engineering.

(b) REVIEW OF INFORMATION.—The Commission shall review any information provided under subsection (a) and shall include

in the report required under section 8-

(1) recommendations on how to correct any deficiencies in the collection of the types of information described in that subsection, and in the analysis of such data, which might impede the characterization of the factors which affect the attraction and retention of women, minorities, and individuals with disabilities in the fields of science, engineering, and technology development; and

(2) an assessment of the biennial report of the National Science Foundation on Women, Minorities, and Persons with Disabilities in Science and Engineering, and recommendations

on how that report could be improved.

42 USC 1885a

SEC. 12. DEFINITION OF STATE.

In this Act, the term "State" includes the several States, the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the

Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, American Samoa, Guam, the Virgin Islands, and any other territory or possession of the United States.

SEC. 13. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

42 USC 1885a

There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this Act— (1) \$400,000 for fiscal year 1999; and (2) \$400,000 for fiscal year 2000.

Approved October 14, 1998.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 3007:

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 105-562, Pt. 1 (Comm. on Science).
CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 144 (1998):
Sept. 14, considered and passed House.
Oct. 1, considered and passed Senate.

42 USC 1885a note.

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Public Law 105–256 105th Congress

An Act

Oct. 14, 1998 [H.R. 4068] To make certain technical corrections in laws relating to Native Americans, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. AUTHORIZATION FOR 99-YEAR LEASES.

The second sentence of subsection (a) of the first section of the Act entitled "An Act to authorize the leasing of restricted Indian lands for public, religious, educational, recreational, residential, business, and other purposes requiring the grant of long-term leases", approved August 9, 1955 (25 U.S.C. 415(a)), is amended—

(1) by inserting "lands held in trust for the Confederated Tribes of the Grand Ronde Community of Oregon," after "lands held in trust for the Cahuilla Band of Indians of California,"; and

(2) by inserting "the Cabazon Indian Reservation," after "the Navajo Reservation,".

SEC. 2. GRAND RONDE RESERVATION ACT.

Section 1(c) of the Act entitled "An Act to establish a reservation for the Confederated Tribes of the Grand Ronde Community of Oregon, and for other purposes", approved September 9, 1988 (25 U.S.C. 713f note; 102 Stat. 1594), is amended—

(1) by striking "10,120.68 acres of land" and inserting

Lots 3, 4, SW1/4NW1/4, SE1/4NE1/4, E1/2SW1/4

240":

"10,311.60 acres of land"; and

30

"4

(2) by striking all in the table after:

and inserting the following:						
"6	8	1	N½SW¼		29.59	
6	8	12	W½SW¼NE¼, N½SE¼NW¼, N	SE½SW½NE⅓NW⅓, ½SW½SW½SE½	21.70	
6	8	13	W1/2E1/2NW1/4NW1/4	E *	5.31	
6	7	7	$E\frac{1}{2}E\frac{1}{2}$		57.60	
6	7	8	SW1/4SW1/4NW1/4, W1/2SW1/4		22.46	

25 USC 640d

Expiration date. 25 USC 1660b

			Total	10.311.60"
6	7	18	E1/2NE1/4	43.42
6	7	17	NW1/4NW1/4, N1/2SW1/4NW1/4	10.84

SEC. 3. NAVAJO-HOPI LAND DISPUTE SETTLEMENT ACT.

Section 12 of the Navajo-Hopi Land Dispute Settlement Act of 1996 (110 Stat. 3653) is amended-

(1) in subsection (a)(1)(C), by inserting "of surface water"

after "on such lands"; and

(2) in subsection (b), by striking "subsection (a)(3)" each place it appears and inserting "subsection (a)(1)(C)".

SEC. 4. TREATMENT OF CERTAIN DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Interior shall take such action as may be necessary to extend the terms of the projects referred to in section 512 of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act (25 U.S.C. 1660b) so that the term of each such project expires on October 1, 2002.

(b) AMENDMENT TO INDIAN HEALTH CARE IMPROVEMENT ACT.— Section 512 of the Indian Health Care Improvement Act (25 U.S.C.

1660b) is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(c) In addition to the amounts made available under section 514 to carry out this section through fiscal year 2000, there are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out this section for each of fiscal years 2001 and 2002.

Appropriation authorization.

SEC. 5. CONFEDERATED TRIBES OF COOS, LOWER UMPQUA, AND SIUSLAW INDIANS RESERVATION ACT.

Section 7(b) of the Coos, Lower Umpqua, and Siuslaw Restoration Act (25 U.S.C. 714e(b)) is amended by adding at the end

the following:

"(4) In Lane County, Oregon, a parcel described as beginning at the common corner to sections 23, 24, 25, and 26 township 18 south, range 12 west, Willamette Meridian; then west 25 links; then north 2 chains and 50 links; then east 25 links to a point on the section line between sections 23 and 24; then south 2 chains and 50 links to the place of origin, and containing .062 of an acre, more or less, situated and lying in section 23, township 18 south, range 12 west, of Willamette Meridian."

SEC. 6. HOOPA VALLEY RESERVATION BOUNDARY ADJUSTMENT.

Section 2(b) of the Hoopa Valley Reservation South Boundary Adjustment Act (25 U.S.C. 1300i-1 note) is amended—

(1) by striking "north 72 degrees 30 minutes east" and

inserting "north 73 degrees 50 minutes east"; and
(2) by striking "south 15 degrees 59 minutes east" and
inserting "south 14 degrees 36 minutes east".

SEC. 7. CLARIFICATION OF SERVICE AREA FOR CONFEDERATED TRIBES OF SILETZ INDIANS OF OREGON.

Section 2 of the Act entitled "An Act to establish a reservation for the Confederated Tribes of Siletz Indians of Oregon", approved September 4, 1980 (25 U.S.C. 711e note; 94 Stat. 1073), is amended by adding at the end the following:

"(c) Subject to the express limitations under sections 4 and 5, for purposes of determining eligibility for Federal assistance programs, the service area of the Confederated Tribes of the Siletz Indians of Oregon shall include Benton, Clackamas, Lane, Lincoln, Linn, Marion, Multnomah, Polk, Tillamook, Washington, and Yamhill Counties in Oregon."

Minnesota

SEC. 8. LOWER SIOUX INDIAN COMMUNITY.

Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the Lower Sioux Indian Community in Minnesota is hereby authorized to sell, convey, and warrant to a buyer, without further approval of the United States, all the Community's interest in the following real property

located in Redwood County, Minnesota:

A tract of land located in the Northeast Quarter (NE¼) of Section Five (5), Township One Hundred Twelve (112) North, Range Thirty-five (35) West, County of Redwood and State of Minnesota, described as follows: Commencing at the north quarter corner of Section 5 in Township 112 North, Range 35 West of the 5th Principal Meridian; thence east a distance of 678 feet; thence south a distance of 650 feet; thence South 45 degrees West a distance of 367.7 feet; thence west a distance of 418 feet to a point situated on the north and south quarter line of said Section 5; thence north a distance of 910 feet to the place of beginning, subject to highway easements of record, and containing 13.38 acres, more or less.

Nothing in this section is intended to authorize the Lower Sioux Indian Community in Minnesota to sell any of its lands that are

held in trust by the United States.

Oregon.

SEC. 9. FEDERAL TRUST EMPLACEMENT OF TRIBAL LANDS.

The Cow Creek Band of Umpqua Tribe of Indians Recognition Act (25 U.S.C. 712 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following new section:

25 USC 712e.

"SEC. 7. CERTAIN PROPERTY TAKEN INTO TRUST.

"The Secretary of the Interior shall accept title to 2000 acres of real property and may accept title to any additional number of acres of real property located in Umpqua River watershed upstream from Scottsburg, Oregon, or the northern slope of the Rogue River watershed upstream from Agness, Oregon, if such real property is conveyed or otherwise transferred to the United States by or on behalf of the Tribe. The Secretary shall take into trust for the benefit of the Tribe all real property conveyed or otherwise transferred to the United States pursuant to this section. Real property taken into trust pursuant to this section shall become part of the Tribe's reservation. Real property taken into trust pursuant to this section shall not be considered to have been taken into trust for gaming (as that term is used in the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act (25 U.S.C. 2701 et seq.))."

SEC. 10. AMENDMENTS TO THE JICARILLA APACHE TRIBE WATER RIGHTS SETTLEMENT ACT.

106 Stat. 4752.

(a) Section 8(e)(3) of the Jicarilla Apache Tribe Water Rights Settlement Act, as amended by Public Law 104–261, is further amended by striking "December 31, 1998" and inserting "December 31, 2000".