Public Law 103-94 103d Congress

An Act

To amend title 5, United States Code, to restore to Federal civilian employees their right to participate voluntarily, as private citizens, in the political processes of the Nation, to protect such employees from improper political solicitations, and for other purposes.

Oct. 6, 1993 [H.R. 20]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Hatch Act Reform Amendments of 1993".

Hatch Act Reform Amendments of 5 USC 7301 note.

SEC. 2. POLITICAL ACTIVITIES.

(a) Subchapter III of chapter 73 of title 5, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"SUBCHAPTER III—POLITICAL ACTIVITIES

"§ 7321. Political participation

"It is the policy of the Congress that employees should be encouraged to exercise fully, freely, and without fear of penalty or reprisal, and to the extent not expressly prohibited by law, their right to participate or to refrain from participating in the political processes of the Nation.

"§ 7322. Definitions

"For the purpose of this subchapter—

"(1) 'employee' means any individual, other than the President and the Vice President, employed or holding office in-"(A) an Executive agency other than the General

Accounting Office;

"(B) a position within the competitive service which is not in an Executive agency; or

"(C) the government of the District of Columbia, other than the Mayor or a member of the City Council or the Recorder of Deeds;

but does not include a member of the uniformed services;

"(2) 'partisan political office' means any office for which any candidate is nominated or elected as representing a party any of whose candidates for Presidential elector received votes in the last preceding election at which Presidential electors were selected, but shall exclude any office or position within a political party or affiliated organization; and

"(3) 'political contribution'— (A) means any gift, subscription, loan, advance, or deposit of money or anything of value, made for any political purpose;

"(B) includes any contract, promise, or agreement, express or implied, whether or not legally enforceable, to

make a contribution for any political purpose;

"(C) includes any payment by any person, other than a candidate or a political party or affiliated organization, of compensation for the personal services of another person which are rendered to any candidate or political party or affiliated organization without charge for any political

purpose; and
"(D) includes the provision of personal services for any

political purpose.

"§ 7323. Political activity authorized; prohibitions

"(a) Subject to the provisions of subsection (b), an employee may take an active part in political management or in political campaigns, except an employee may not-

"(1) use his official authority or influence for the purpose

of interfering with or affecting the result of an election;

"(2) knowingly solicit, accept, or receive a political contribu-

tion from any person, unless such person is-

"(A) a member of the same Federal labor organization as defined under section 7103(4) of this title or a Federal employee organization which as of the date of enactment of the Hatch Act Reform Amendments of 1993 had a multicandidate political committee (as defined under section 315(a)(4) of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 (2 U.S.C. 441a(a)(4)));

"(B) not a subordinate employee; and

"(C) the solicitation is for a contribution to the multicandidate political committee (as defined under section 315(a)(4) of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 (2 U.S.C. 441a(a)(4))) of such Federal labor organization as defined under section 7103(4) of this title or a Federal employee organization which as of the date of the enactment of the Hatch Act Reform Amendments of 1993 had a multicandidate political committee (as defined under section 315(a)(4) of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 (2 U.S.C. 441a(a)(4))); or

"(3) run for the nomination or as a candidate for election

to a partisan political office; or
"(4) knowingly solicit or discourage the participation in

any political activity of any person who-

"(A) has an application for any compensation, grant, contract, ruling, license, permit, or certificate pending before the employing office of such employee; or

"(B) is the subject of or a participant in an ongoing audit, investigation, or enforcement action being carried

out by the employing office of such employee.

"(b)(1) An employee of the Federal Election Commission (except one appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate), may not request or receive from, or give to, an employee, a Member of Congress, or an officer of a uniformed service a political contribution.

"(2)(A) No employee described under subparagraph (B) (except one appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate), may take an active part in political management

or political campaigns.

"(B) The provisions of subparagraph (A) shall apply to-"(i) an employee of-

(I) the Federal Election Commission; "(II) the Federal Bureau of Investigation;

"(III) the Secret Service;

"(IV) the Central Intelligence Agency; "(V) the National Security Council; "(VI) the National Security Agency; "(VII) the Defense Intelligence Agency; "(VIII) the Merit Systems Protection Board;

"(IX) the Office of Special Counsel;

"(X) the Office of Criminal Investigation of the Internal Revenue Service:

"(XI) the Office of Investigative Programs of the United

States Customs Service; or

"(XII) the Office of Law Enforcement of the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and Firearms; or

"(ii) a person employed in a position described under section 3132(a)(4), 5372, or 5372a of title 5, United States Code.
"(3) No employee of the Criminal Division of the Department of Justice (except one appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate), may take an active part

in political management or political campaigns. "(4) For purposes of this subsection, the term 'active part in political management or in a political campaign' means those acts of political management or political campaigning which were prohibited for employees of the competitive service before July 19, 1940, by determinations of the Civil Service Commission under the rules

prescribed by the President. "(c) An employee retains the right to vote as he chooses and

to express his opinion on political subjects and candidates.

"§ 7324. Political activities on duty; prohibition

"(a) An employee may not engage in political activity— "(1) while the employee is on duty;

"(2) in any room or building occupied in the discharge of official duties by an individual employed or holding office in the Government of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof;

"(3) while wearing a uniform or official insignia identifying the office or position of the employee; or

"(4) using any vehicle owned or leased by the Government of the United States or any agency or instrumentality thereof. "(b)(1) An employee described in paragraph (2) of this subsection may engage in political activity otherwise prohibited by subsection (a) if the costs associated with that political activity are not paid for by money derived from the Treasury of the United States. (2) Paragraph (1) applies to an employee—

"(A) the duties and responsibilities of whose position continue outside normal duty hours and while away from the

normal duty post; and

"(B) who is-"(i) an employee paid from an appropriation for the

Executive Office of the President; or
"(ii) an employee appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, whose position is located within the United States, who determines policies to be pursued by the United States in relations with foreign powers or in the nationwide administration of Federal laws.

"§ 7325. Political activity permitted; employees residing in certain municipalities

"The Office of Personnel Management may prescribe regulations permitting employees, without regard to the prohibitions in paragraphs (2) and (3) of section 7323(a) of this title, to take an active part in political management and political campaigns involving the municipality or other political subdivision in which they reside, to the extent the Office considers it to be in their domestic interest, when-

"(1) the municipality or political subdivision is in Maryland or Virginia and in the immediate vicinity of the District of Columbia, or is a municipality in which the majority of voters are employed by the Government of the United States; and

(2) the Office determines that because of special or unusual circumstances which exist in the municipality or political subdivision it is in the domestic interest of the employees and individuals to permit that political participation.

"§ 7326. Penalties

"An employee or individual who violates section 7323 or 7324 of this title shall be removed from his position, and funds appropriated for the position from which removed thereafter may not be used to pay the employee or individual. However, if the Merit System Protection Board finds by unanimous vote that the violation does not warrant removal, a penalty of not less than 30 days' suspension without pay shall be imposed by direction of the Board.".

(b)(1) Section 3302(2) of title 5, United States Code, is amended by striking out "7203, 7321, and 7322" and inserting in lieu thereof "and 7203".

(2) The table of sections for subchapter III of chapter 73 of title 5, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"SUBCHAPTER III—POLITICAL ACTIVITIES

"7321. Political participation.
"7322. Definitions.
"7323. Political activity authorized; prohibitions.
"7324. Political activities on duty; prohibition.
"7325. Political activity permitted; employees residing in certain municipalities.

SEC. 3. AMENDMENT TO CHAPTER 12 OF TITLE 5, UNITED STATES

Section 1216(c) of title 5, United States Code, is amended

to read as follows:

"(c) If the Special Counsel receives an allegation concerning any matter under paragraph (1), (3), (4), or (5) of subsection (a), the Special Counsel may investigate and seek corrective action under section 1214 and disciplinary action under section 1215 in the same way as if a prohibited personnel practice were involved.".

SEC. 4. AMENDMENTS TO TITLE 18, UNITED STATES CODE.

(a) Section 602 of title 18, United States Code, relating to solicitation of political contributions, is amended—

(1) by inserting "(a)" before "It"; (2) in paragraph (4) by striking out all that follows "Treas-

ury of the United States" and inserting in lieu thereof a semi-

colon and "to knowingly solicit any contribution within the meaning of section 301(8) of the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 from any other such officer, employee, or person. Any person who violates this section shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 3 years, or both."; and

(3) by adding at the end thereof the following new sub-

section:

"(b) The prohibition in subsection (a) shall not apply to any activity of an employee (as defined in section 7322(1) of title 5) or any individual employed in or under the United States Postal Service or the Postal Rate Commission, unless that activity is prohibited by section 7323 or 7324 of such title.".

(b) Section 603 of title 18, United States Code, relating to making political contributions, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new subsection:

"(c) The prohibition in subsection (a) shall not apply to any activity of an employee (as defined in section 7322(1) of title 5) or any individual employed in or under the United States Postal Service or the Postal Rate Commission, unless that activity is prohibited by section 7323 or 7324 of such title.".

(c)(1) Chapter 29 of title 18, United States Code, relating to elections and political activities is amended by adding at the end

thereof the following new section:

"§ 610. Coercion of political activity

"It shall be unlawful for any person to intimidate, threaten, command, or coerce, or attempt to intimidate, threaten, command, or coerce, any employee of the Federal Government as defined in section 7322(1) of title 5, United States Code, to engage in, or not to engage in, any political activity, including, but not limited to, voting or refusing to vote for any candidate or measure in any election, making or refusing to make any political contribution, or working or refusing to work on behalf of any candidate. Any person who violates this section shall be fined not more than \$5,000 or imprisoned not more than three years, or both."

(2) The table of sections for chapter 29 of title 18, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following:

"610. Coercion of political activity.".

SEC. 5. AMENDMENTS TO THE VOTING RIGHTS ACT OF 1965.

Section 6 of the Voting Rights Act of 1965 (42 U.S.C. 1973d) is amended by striking out "the provisions of section 9 of the Act of August 2, 1939, as amended (5 U.S.C. 118i), prohibiting partisan political activity" and by inserting in lieu thereof "the provisions of subchapter III of chapter 73 of title 5, United States Code, relating to political activities".

SEC. 6. AMENDMENTS RELATING TO APPLICATION OF CHAPTER 15 OF TITLE 5, UNITED STATES CODE.

Section 675(e) of the Community Services Block Grant Act (42 U.S.C. 9904(e)) is repealed.

SEC. 7. APPLICABILITY TO POSTAL EMPLOYEES.

The amendments made by this Act (except for the amendments made by section 8), and any regulations thereunder, shall apply with respect to employees of the United States Postal Service and the Postal Rate Commission, pursuant to sections 410(b) and 3604(e) of title 39, United States Code.

39 USC 410 note.

SEC. 8. POLITICAL RECOMMENDATIONS.

(a) Section 3303 of title 5. United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"§ 3303. Political recommendations

"(a) For the purposes of this section-

"(1) 'agency' means-

(A) an Executive agency; and

"(B) an agency in the legislative branch with positions in the competitive service:

"(2) 'applicant' means an individual who has applied for

appointment to be an employee:

"(3) 'employee' means an employee of an agency who is-

"(A) in the competitive service:

"(B) a career appointee in the Senior Executive Service or an employee under a similar appointment in a similar executive service; or

"(C) in the excepted service other than-

"(i) an employee who is appointed by the President:

"(ii) an employee whose position has been determined to be of a confidential, policy-determining, policy-making, or policy-advocating character; and

"(4) 'personnel action' means any action described under

clauses (i) through (x) of section 2302(a)(2)(A).

"(b) Except as provided under subsection (f), each personnel action with respect to an employee or applicant shall be taken without regard to any recommendation or statement, oral or written, with respect to any employee or applicant who requests or is under consideration for such personnel action, made by-

"(1) any Member of Congress or congressional employee; "(2) any elected official of the government of any State (including the District of Columbia and the Commonwealth

of Puerto Rico), county, city, or other subdivision thereof; "(3) any official of a political party; or

"(4) any other individual or organization making such recommendation or statement on the basis of the party affiliation

of the employee or applicant.

"(c) Except as provided under subsection (f), a person or organization referred to under subsection (b) (1) through (4) is prohibited from making or transmitting to any officer or employee of an agency, any recommendation or statement, oral or written, with respect to any employee or applicant who requests or is under consideration for any personnel action in such agency. Except as provided under subsection (f), the agency, or any officer or employee of the agency-

"(1) shall not solicit, request, consider, or accept any such

recommendation or statement; and

"(2) shall return any such written recommendation or statement, appropriately marked as in violation of this section,

to the person or organization transmitting the same.

"(d) Except as provided under subsection (f), an employee or applicant who requests or is under consideration for a personnel action in an agency is prohibited from requesting or soliciting from a person or organization referred to under subsection (b) (1) through (4) a recommendation or statement.

"(e) Under regulations prescribed by the Office of Personnel Regulations. Management, the head of each agency shall ensure that employees

and applicants are given notice of the provisions of this section.

"(f) An agency, or any authorized officer or employee of an agency, may solicit, accept, and consider, and any other individual or organization may furnish or transmit to the agency or such authorized officer or employee, any statement with respect to an employee or applicant who requests or is under consideration for a personnel action, if-

"(1) the statement is furnished pursuant to a request or requirement of the agency and consists solely of an evaluation of the work performance, ability, aptitude, and general quali-

fications of the employee or applicant;

"(2) the statement relates solely to the character and resi-

dence of the employee or applicant;
"(3) the statement is furnished pursuant to a request made by an authorized representative of the Government of the United States solely in order to determine whether the employee or applicant meets suitability or security standards;

"(4) the statement is furnished by a former employer of the employee or applicant pursuant to a request of an agency, and consists solely of an evaluation of the work performance, ability, aptitude, and general qualifications of such employee or applicant during employment with such former employer;

"(5) the statement is furnished pursuant to a provision of law or regulation authorizing consideration of such statement

with respect to a specific position or category of positions. "(g) An agency shall take any action it determines necessary and proper under subchapter I or II of chapter 75 to enforce the provisions of this section.

"(h) The provisions of this section shall not affect the right of any employee to petition Congress as authorized by section

(b) The table of sections for chapter 33 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by amending the item relating to section 3303 to read as follows:

"3303. Political recommendations.".

(c) Section 2302(b)(2) of title 5, United States Code, is amended

to read as follows:

"(2) solicit or consider any recommendation or statement, oral or written, with respect to any individual who requests or is under consideration for any personnel action except as provided under section 3303(f);".

SEC. 9. GARNISHMENT OF FEDERAL EMPLOYEES' PAY.

(a) Subchapter II of chapter 55 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new section:

"§ 5520a. Garnishment of pay

"(a) For purposes of this section—

"(1) 'agency' means each agency of the Federal Government, including

(A) an executive agency, except for the General Accounting Office;

"(B) the United States Postal Service and the Postal Rate Commission;

"(C) any agency of the judicial branch of the Govern-

ment; and

"(D) any agency of the legislative branch of the Government, including the General Accounting Office, each office of a Member of Congress, a committee of the Congress, or other office of the Congress;

"(2) 'employee' means an employee of an agency (including

a Member of Congress as defined under section 2106);

"(3) 'legal process' means any writ, order, summons, or other similar process in the nature of garnishment, that—

"(A) is issued by a court of competent jurisdiction within any State, territory, or possession of the United States, or an authorized official pursuant to an order of

such a court or pursuant to State or local law; and

"(B) orders the employing agency of such employee to withhold an amount from the pay of such employee, and make a payment of such withholding to another person, for a specifically described satisfaction of a legal debt of the employee, or recovery of attorney's fees, interest, or court costs; and

"(A) 'pay' means—
"(A) basic pay, premium pay paid under subchapter V, any payment received under subchapter VI, VII, or VIII, severance and back pay paid under subchapter IX, sick pay, incentive pay, and any other compensation paid or payable for personal services, whether such compensation is denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonus pay or otherwise; and

"(B) does not include awards for making suggestions. "(b) Subject to the provisions of this section and the provisions of section 303 of the Consumer Credit Protection Act (15 U.S.C. 1673) pay from an agency to an employee is subject to legal process in the same manner and to the same extent as if the agency

were a private person. "(c)(1) Service of legal process to which an agency is subject under this section may be accomplished by certified or registered

mail, return receipt requested, or by personal service, upon-

"(A) the appropriate agent designated for receipt of such service of process pursuant to the regulations issued under this section; or

"(B) the head of such agency, if no agent has been so

designated.

"(2) Such legal process shall be accompanied by sufficient information to permit prompt identification of the employee and

the payments involved.

"(d) Whenever any person, who is designated by law or regulation to accept service of process to which an agency is subject under this section, is effectively served with any such process or with interrogatories, such person shall respond thereto within thirty days (or within such longer period as may be prescribed by applicable State law) after the date effective service thereof is made, and shall, as soon as possible but not later than fifteen days after the date effective service is made, send written notice that such process has been so served (together with a copy thereof) to the affected employee at his or her duty station or last-known home address.

"(e) No employee whose duties include responding to interrogatories pursuant to requirements imposed by this section shall be subject to any disciplinary action or civil or criminal liability or penalty for, or on account of, any disclosure of information made by such employee in connection with the carrying out of any of such employee's duties which pertain directly or indirectly to the answering of any such interrogatory.

"(f) Agencies affected by legal process under this section shall not be required to vary their normal pay and disbursement cycles

in order to comply with any such legal process.

(g) Neither the United States, an agency, nor any disbursing officer shall be liable with respect to any payment made from payments due or payable to an employee pursuant to legal process regular on its face, provided such payment is made in accordance with this section and the regulations issued to carry out this section. In determining the amount of any payment due from, or payable by, an agency to an employee, there shall be excluded those amounts which would be excluded under section 462(g) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 662(g)).

"(h)(1) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (2), if an agency is served under this section with more than one legal process with respect to the same payments due or payable to an employee, then such payments shall be available, subject to section 303 of the Consumer Credit Protection Act (15 U.S.C. 1673), to satisfy such processes in priority based on the time of service, with any such process being satisfied out of such amounts as remain after satisfaction of all such processes which have been previously served.

"(2) A legal process to which an agency is subject under sections 459, 461, and 462 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 659, 661, and 662) for the enforcement of the employee's legal obligation to provide child support or make alimony payments, shall have priority over any legal process to which an agency is subject under this section.

"(i) The provisions of this section shall not modify or supersede the provisions of sections 459, 461, and 462 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 659, 661, and 662) concerning legal process brought for the enforcement of an individual's legal obligations to provide child support or make alimony payments.

"(j)(1) Regulations implementing the provisions of this section Regulations.

shall be promulgated—

"(A) by the President or his designee for each executive President. agency, except with regard to employees of the United States Postal Service, the President or, at his discretion, the Post-master General shall promulgate such regulations;

"(B) jointly by the President pro tempore of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives, or their designee, for the legislative branch of the Government; and "(C) by the Chief Justice of the United States or his des-

ignee for the judicial branch of the Government.

"(2) Such regulations shall provide that an agency's administrative costs in executing a garnishment action may be added to the garnishment, and that the agency may retain costs recovered as offsetting collections.

"(k)(1) No later than 180 days after the date of the enactment Regulations. of this Act, the Secretaries of the Executive departments concerned shall promulgate regulations to carry out the purposes of this section with regard to members of the uniformed services.

"(2) Such regulations shall include provisions for-

"(A) the involuntary allotment of the pay of a member of the uniformed services for indebtedness owed a third party as determined by the final judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction, and as further determined by competent military or executive authority, as appropriate, to be in compliance with the procedural requirements of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Civil Relief Act of 1940 (50 App. U.S.C. 501 et seq.); and

"(B) consideration for the absence of a member of the uniformed service from an appearance in a judicial proceeding

resulting from the exigencies of military duty.

"(3) The Secretaries of the Executive departments concerned shall promulgate regulations under this subsection that are, as far as practicable, uniform for all of the uniformed services. The Secretary of Defense shall consult with the Secretary of Transportation with regard to the promulgation of such regulations that might affect members of the Coast Guard when the Coast Guard is operating as a service in the Navy.".

(b)(1) The table of chapters for chapter 55 of title 5, United States Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to

section 5520 the following:

"5520a, Garnishment of pay.".

(2) Section 410(b) of title 39, United States Code, is amended—
(A) by redesignating the second paragraph (9) (relating to the Inspector General Act of 1978) as paragraph (10); and

(B) by adding at the end thereof the following new para-

graph: "(11) section 5520a of title 5.".

SEC. 10. SENSE OF THE SENATE RELATING TO FEDERAL EMPLOYEE SOLICITATION OF FUNDS AND CANDIDACIES.

It is the sense of the Senate that Federal employees should not be authorized to-

(1) solicit political contributions from the general public;

(2) run for the nomination or as a candidate for a local partisan political office, except as expressly provided under current law.

SEC. 11. SENSE OF THE SENATE RELATING TO ASSISTANCE TO NICA-RAGUA.

(a) FINDINGS.—The Senate finds the following:

(1) On May 23, 1993, an explosion in Managua, Nicaragua exposed a cache of weapons, including 19 surface-to-air missiles, hundreds of AK-47 assault rifles, machine guns, rocket propelled grenades, tons of ammunition and explosives.

(2) Investigations of the explosions have uncovered 310 passports from 21 different countries, including seven United States passports.

(3) Documents in the possession of those apprehended in connection with the February 26, 1993, bombing of the World

Trade Center have been traced to Nicaragua.

(4) The acquisition and storage of these weapons and documents could not have been accomplished without the knowledge and cooperation of the Sandinista National Liberation Front and ministries of the Government of Nicaragua under its control.

(5) The Sandinista National Liberation Front has a history of subversion and links to international terrorism.

(6) The recent discovery demonstrates the inability of the legitimate Government of Nicaragua to control all of its

ministries.

(7) This lack of authority makes uncertain the ability of the Government of Nicaragua to prevent the export of terrorism by the Sandinista National Liberation Front.

(b) SENSE OF SENATE.—It is the sense of the Senate that— (1) no further United States foreign assistance to Nicaragua should be obligated pending investigation by an appropriate international body, with the participation of United States Federal agencies, of the Sandinista National Liberation Front; and

(2) such investigation should focus on the relationship of the Sandinista National Liberation Front to acts of terrorism which threaten to undermine the security of the United States and the political stability and economic prosperity of the Western Hemisphere.

SEC. 12. EFFECTIVE DATE.

5 USC 1216 note.

(a) The amendments made by this Act shall take effect 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, except that the authority to prescribe regulations granted under section 7325 of title 5, United States Code (as added by section 2 of this Act), shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.

(b) Any repeal or amendment made by this Act of any provision of law shall not release or extinguish any penalty, forfeiture, or liability incurred under that provision, and that provision shall be treated as remaining in force for the purpose of sustaining any proper proceeding or action for the enforcement of that penalty, forfeiture, or liability.

(c) No provision of this Act shall affect any proceedings with respect to which the charges were filed on or before the effective date of the amendments made by this Act. Orders shall be issued in such proceedings and appeals shall be taken therefrom as if this Act had not been enacted.

Approved October 6, 1993.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY—H.R. 20 (S. 185):

HOUSE REPORTS: No. 103-16 (Comm. on Post Office and Civil Service). SENATE REPORTS: No. 103-57 accompanying S. 185 (Comm. on Governmental Affairs).

CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, Vol. 139 (1993):

Feb. 23, 24, considered and rejected in House.

Mar. 3, considered and passed House.

July 13-15, 20, considered and passed Senate, amended, in lieu of S. 185.

Sept. 21, House concurred in Senate amendment.
WEEKLY COMPILATION OF PRESIDENTIAL DOCUMENTS, Vol. 29 (1993): Oct. 6, Presidential remarks and statement.