GRANTING OF PERMANENT RESIDENCE TO CERTAIN ALIENS

MAY 23 (legislative day MAY 17), 1951.—Ordered to be printed

Mr. McCarran, from the Committee on the Judiciary, submitted the following

REPORT

[To accompany H. Con. Res. 90]

The Committee on the Judiciary, to which was referred the resolution (H. Con. Res. 90), which provides that the Congress favors the granting of the status of permanent residence to certain aliens, having considered the same, reports favorably thereon with an amendment and recommends that the resolution do pass.

AMENDMENT

At the end of the resolution add the number and name: A-7450475, Szasz, Alexander.

PURPOSE OF THE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

The concurrent resolution states that the Congress favors the granting of the status of permanent residence in the cases of certain aliens, named in the concurrent resolution, who are embraced as displaced persons under the provisions of section 4 of the Displaced Persons Act of 1948, as amended by Public Law 555, Eighty-first Congress. The purpose of the amendment is to add the number and name of a displaced person.

STATEMENT OF FACTS

Section 4 of the Displaced Persons Act of 1948, as amended by Public Law 555, Eighty-first Congress, provides for adjustment of the immigration status in the cases of certain aliens who establish that they lawfully entered the United States as nonimmigrants under section 3 or as nonquota immigrant students under subsection (e) of

section 4 of the Immigration Act of May 26, 1924, as amended. act provides that if the Attorney General shall, upon consideration of all the facts and circumstances of each case, determine that the alien has been of good moral character for the preceding 5 years and that such alien is qualified under the provisions of said section 4 of the Displaced Persons Act of 1948, as amended by Public Law 555, Eighty-first Congress, the Attorney General shall report to the Congress all of the pertinent facts in the case. If during the session of the Congress at which a case is reported or prior to the end of the session of the Congress next following the session at which a case is reported, the Congress passes a concurrent resolution stating in substance that it favors the granting of the status of permanent residence to such alien, the Attorney General is authorized, upon receipt of a fee of \$18, to record the admission of the alien for permanent residence as of the date of the alien's last entry into the United States. If prior to the end of the session of the Congress next following the session at which a case is reported, the Congress does not pass such resolution, the Attorney General is required to deport such alien. The act further provides that the number of displaced persons who shall thus be granted the status of permanent residence shall not exceed 15,000. Upon the grant of status of permanent residence to an alien pursuant to said section 4, of the Displaced Persons Act of 1948, as amended by Public Law 555, Eighty-first Congress, the Secretary of State shall, if the alien was a quota immigrant at the time of entry, reduce by one the immigration quota of the country of the alien's nationality as defined in section 12 of the Immigration Act of May 26, 1924, for the fiscal year then current or the next succeeding fiscal year in which a quota number is available, except that such quota deductions shall be made within certain limitations.

Included in the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 90) as amended, are 299 cases.

One hundred and eighty-eight of these cases were among 193 cases referred to the Congress on June 15, 1950; of the 193 cases referred, 4 have previously been approved and 1 is being held for further study and investigation.

Sixty-six of these cases were among 75 cases referred to the Congress on July 3, 1950; of the 75 cases referred, 6 have previously been approved and 3 are being held for further study and investigation.

Thirty-seven of these cases were among 41 cases referred to the Congress on July 17, 1950; of the 41 cases referred, 3 have previously been approved and 1 is being held for further study and investigation. Of the 299 cases included in the resolution, 3 cases were referred on

December 1, 1950; 1 case was referred on January 15, 1951; and 4 cases were referred on February 1, 1951.

The committee, after consideration of all the facts in each case referred to in the concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 90), recommends that the concurrent resolution, as amended, do pass.