

H. B. PARKER, ADMINISTRATOR.

LETTER FROM THE ASSISTANT CLERK OF THE COURT OF CLAIMS,
TRANSMITTING A COPY OF THE FINDINGS FILED BY THE COURT
IN THE CASE OF H. B. PARKER, JR., AGAINST THE UNITED
STATES.

JANUARY 7, 1902.—Referred to the Committee on War Claims and ordered to be printed.

COURT OF CLAIMS, CLERK'S OFFICE,
Washington, January 6, 1902.

SIR: Pursuant to the order of the court I transmit herewith a certified copy of the findings filed by the court in the aforesaid cause, which case was referred to this court by the Committee on War Claims, House of Representatives, under the act of March 3, 1883.

I am, very respectfully, yours, etc.,

JOHN RANDOLPH,
Assistant Clerk Court of Claims.

Hon. DAVID B. HENDERSON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

[Court of Claims. Congressional, No. 8546. Epsie Jackson v. The United States.]

This case, being a claim for supplies or stores alleged to have been taken by or furnished to the military forces of the United States for their use during the late war for the suppression of the rebellion, the court, on a preliminary inquiry, finds that Epsie Jackson, the person alleged to have furnished such supplies or stores, or from whom the same are alleged to have been taken, was loyal to the Government of the United States throughout said war.

BY THE COURT.

Filed November 2, 1896.

[Court of Claims. Congressional case No. 8546. H. B. Parker, jr., administrator Epsie Jackson, deceased, v. The United States.]

STATEMENT OF CASE.

The claim in the above-entitled case, for supplies or stores alleged to have been taken by or furnished to the military forces of the United States for their use during the late war for the suppression of the rebellion, was transmitted to the court by the Committee on War Claims of the House of Representatives on the 15th day of February, 1892.

On a preliminary inquiry the court, on the 2d day of November, 1896, found that the person alleged to have furnished the supplies or stores, or from whom they were alleged to have been taken, was loyal to the Government of the United States throughout said war.

The case was brought to a hearing on its merits on the 21st day of February, 1901.

Gilbert Moyers, esq., appeared for claimant, and the Attorney-General, by John G. Capers, esq., his assistant, and under his direction, appeared for the defense and protection of the interests of the United States.

The claimant in his petition makes the following allegations:

That he is a citizen of the United States, residing in Wayne County, State of North Carolina, where decedent resided during the late war of the rebellion; that at different times during said period the United States forces, by proper authority, took from said decedent quartermaster stores and commissary supplies of the value of \$772.50, and appropriated the same to the use of the United States Army, as follows:

1 horse, saddle, and bridle	\$200.00
1 horse, 5 years old	150.00
2 milk cows	50.00
1 work steer	40.00
5 hogs	35.00
23 chickens	8.05
10 geese	10.00
10 barrels corn	50.00
600 pounds bacon	150.00
3,200 pounds fodder	40.00
1 barrel wheat	5.00
1 bushel salt	1.00
1 keg honey	7.20
1 sack flour	5.00
3 bushels meal	3.75
Cooking utensils	17.50
Total	772.50

The court, upon the evidence, and after considering the briefs and argument of counsel on both sides, makes the following

FINDING OF FACT:

There were taken from the claimant's decedent in Wayne County, State of North Carolina, during the war of the rebellion, by the military forces of the United States, for the use of the Army, stores and supplies of those above described, which at the time and place of taking were reasonably worth the sum of five hundred and ninety-six dollars (\$596) for which no payment appears to have been made.

No allowance is made for chickens, geese, or honey.

BY THE COURT.

Filed February 25, 1901.

A true copy.

Test: This 4th day of January, A. D. 1902.

[SEAL.]

JOHN RANDOLPH,
Assistant Clerk, Court of Claims.