

archeologic site which dates back to the 27th century B.C.

His environmental terrorism spreads throughout the Persian Gulf, killing wildlife and threatening human water supplies. And finally, Saddam Hussein aims his Scud missiles at innocent civilians in Israel and Saudi Arabia. He kills civilians intentionally and with purpose.

Saddam Hussein created this war. He created the military bunkers. And he can bring

the war to an end. We urge him once again to save his people and to comply with the U.N. resolutions.

Thank you very much.

Note: Press Secretary Fitzwater read the statement to reporters at 11:47 a.m. in the Briefing Room at the White House. The statement referred to President Saddam Hussein of Iraq.

Nomination of John G. Keller, Jr., To Be an Under Secretary of Commerce

February 13, 1991

The President today announced his intention to nominate John G. Keller, Jr., of the District of Columbia, to be Under Secretary of Commerce for Travel and Tourism at the Department of Commerce. He would succeed Rockwell Anthony Schnabel.

Since 1989, Mr. Keller has served as Deputy Assistant to the President and Director of Presidential Advance. Prior to this Mr. Keller served in the Office of the Vice President as Deputy Assistant to the Vice President and Director of Advance, 1987–1989, and as Deputy Director of Advance, 1986–1987 and 1984–1985. He served as a confidential assistant to the Director at the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 1985–1986. Mr.

Keller has served in the Office of the Vice President as a lead advance representative, 1982–1984, and as a volunteer advance representative, 1981–1982. Mr. Keller has served at the George Bush for President campaign as the scheduling and advance coordinator, 1979–1980. His work experience has allowed him to travel over one million miles and has taken him to more than 70 foreign countries and every State in the Nation.

Mr. Keller graduated from Iowa State University (B.A., 1982). He was born August 10, 1958, in Washington, DC. Mr. Keller is married and resides in Alexandria, VA.

Appointment of John Kenneth Blackwell as United States Representative on the United Nations Commission on Human Rights

February 14, 1991

The President today announced his intention to appoint John Kenneth Blackwell, of Ohio, to be the Representative of the United States on the Human Rights Commission of the Economic and Social Council of the United Nations. He would succeed Armando Valladares.

Currently Mr. Blackwell serves as a busi-

ness and education consultant in Cincinnati, OH. Prior to this Mr. Blackwell served as Deputy Under Secretary at the Department of Housing and Urban Development in Washington, DC.

Mr. Blackwell graduated from Xavier

Feb. 14 / Administration of George Bush, 1991

University (B.S., 1970; M.E.D., 1971). He was born February 28, 1948, in Cincinnati, OH. Mr. Blackwell is married, has three children, and resides in Cincinnati, OH.

Statement by Press Secretary Fitzwater on the Iraqi Offer To Withdraw From Kuwait

February 15, 1991

We have not yet examined a full official text of the Revolutionary Command Council's statement, but it clearly contains conditions for Iraqi withdrawal from Kuwait. The United Nations Security Council resolutions are clear in their insistence that the withdrawal be complete and unconditional. Promises alone are not sufficient. There

must be not only agreement to comply with all United Nations Security Council resolutions but also immediate and concrete action on the ground.

Note: Press Secretary Fitzwater read the statement to reporters at 8:32 a.m. in the Briefing Room at the White House.

Letter to Congressional Leaders Transmitting the Report on Soviet Noncompliance With Arms Control Agreements

February 15, 1991

Dear Mr. Speaker: (Dear Mr. President:)

Enclosed are classified and unclassified copies of the Annual Report on Soviet Noncompliance with Arms Control Agreements. This report also subsumes a special report requested on the status of SS-23s in Eastern Europe and on the Krasnoyarsk radar.

This year, while concerns about Soviet compliance with arms control agreements remain, I can report that the U.S. demand for strict adherence to arms control agreements has yielded positive results in some areas. Nonetheless, a number of compliance issues remain outstanding and several new compliance issues have arisen.

The United States will continue to press the Soviet Union to fulfill all its arms control obligations and to take the actions necessary to correct its arms control violations expedi-

tiously. Anything less than full compliance with past treaties cannot help but affect our judgment with respect to future treaties.

The report represents the Administration's best judgment at a given point in time. As our understanding of certain compliance issues in the report continues to evolve, we will continue to consult with the Congress and seek Soviet redress of our concerns.

Sincerely,

GEORGE BUSH

Note: Identical letters were sent to Thomas S. Foley, Speaker of the House of Representatives, and Dan Quayle, President of the Senate.