

EXTENSIONS OF REMARKS

UKRAINIAN INDEPENDENCE
ANNIVERSARY

HON. WILLIAM S. BROOMFIELD

OF MICHIGAN

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, January 11, 1973

Mr. BROOMFIELD. Mr. Speaker, on January 22 Ukrainians around the world will pause to commemorate the anniversary of Ukrainian independence after centuries of dictatorship and foreign rule. It was not until 1918, at the end of World War I, that the Ukraine first won independence. Unfortunately, as we all know, freedom was short lived. In 1920, the Bolsheviks invaded this fledgling republic and snuffed out the light of freedom.

Today, the U.S.S.R. maintains its iron rule over the 47 million people of the Ukraine. Yet, there can be little doubt that despite this cruel domination, these people will never be assimilated into the Russian monolith. For in their hearts and in their minds, the people of the Ukraine still long for that day when their nation can be free once again.

It is tragically ironic, Mr. Speaker, that the celebration of the anniversary of the founding of Ukrainian independence must be held outside the borders of this country. Throughout the free world this month, Ukrainian nationals will mark this momentous occasion in their nation's history. I would like to take this opportunity to join these brave people in paying tribute to their country and to add my sincere hope that freedom will once again return to this country that has labored for so long under the shadow of totalitarianism.

Mr. Speaker, this year, it is especially important that we add our voices to those of all free men in demanding that the repression and injustices perpetrated by the Soviet Union against the Ukraine come to an end. During the past several years, scores of Ukrainian intellectuals have been imprisoned on trumped-up charges of subversion and treason.

These men, whose only crime was to express the same sentiments and beliefs that most Ukrainians carry silently within their hearts, have become a symbol around which the Ukrainian people have rallied their hope. Historians, artists, writers, and educators, in short, anyone who would dare dissent against the subjugation of their homeland, have all been arrested and sentenced to years of hard labor in Siberia.

Can there really be any doubt that the desire for freedom and liberty on the part of the Ukraine still exists? Judging by the example and sacrifice given by these brave men, the answer is clearly and most assuredly no. Next week, the Southeastern Michigan Branch of the Ukrainian Congress Committee of America will gather to commemorate the anniversary of Ukrainian independence.

Despite decades under the yoke of Soviet domination, these people have per-

severed in their resolve to see the day when freedom once again flourishes in their native land.

Mr. Speaker, I would like to associate myself with these people who, having achieved liberty for a few short years, understand better than most that the right of all men to determine their own destiny is a God-given and inalienable right. I sincerely hope that all of my colleagues in Congress will also raise their voices on behalf of the Ukraine during the month of January.

THE HOUSE INTERNAL SECURITY
COMMITTEE

HON. FRANK ANNUNZIO

OF ILLINOIS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, January 11, 1973

Mr. ANNUNZIO. Mr. Speaker, last week I introduced a resolution in the 93d Congress to abolish the House Internal Security Committee.

I protest most urgently against the large expenditures of the taxpayers' money by this committee. I protest against large expenditures of the taxpayers' money to fund a standing committee of the House which is without legislative purpose.

I ask Members only to consider how much money the House has given the Internal Security Committee. In the first session of the 92d Congress the House authorized for it \$570,000. Out of the 21 standing committees, the Internal Security Committee received the seventh largest funding authorization.

In the second session of the 92d Congress the House gave this committee \$525,000. There were only four other standing committees that received larger fund authorizations during the session—Banking and Currency, Education and Labor, Government Operations, Public Works.

I ask whether the amount which the House gave the committee in the first and second sessions, in comparison to what it gave to other committees, represents the judgment of the majority of Members regarding the value to Congress and to our Country of what the committee does. And I should like to point out that these sums authorized by special funding resolutions are in addition to the money which the committee receives automatically under the Legislative Reorganization Act.

All told the House gave the committee well over \$1 million in the 92d Congress. Mr. Speaker, the district I represent is in Chicago, and I can say that we could have made far better use of this million dollars in Chicago for education, mass transportation, and for the campaigns against environmental pollution and crime than the Internal Security Committee made of it to abuse the powers of Congress.

Congress' power to investigate is inherent in its legislative authority, and Congress can legitimately investigate only in areas in which it can legislate and only for legislative purposes.

The legislative record of the House Internal Security Committee is such that Members must question whether the committee's investigations serve any legislative purposes whatever. From the 88th through the 92d Congresses, inclusive, only two of the committee's bills have become law—H.R. 950 in the 88th Congress—Public Law 88-230—regarding personnel security in the National Security Agency, and S. 2171 passed in lieu of H.R. 12601 in the 90th Congress—Public Law 90-237—to amend the functions of the Subversive Activities Control Board.

Additionally, I want to ask, do my colleagues support the maintenance of files by the committee containing information on numbers of people—information available to Members and thereby, possibly, to their constituents, as well as to executive departments and agencies? Such files have always been an effective means of control over people by totalitarian governments, and maintenance of such files, I feel is no part of the legislative business of the U.S. Congress.

Subversive activities which violate the Federal criminal code—espionage and sabotage—are properly the concern of the Judiciary Committee. The mandate of the Judiciary Committee explicitly includes espionage. I urge, Mr. Speaker, that we grant the Judiciary Committee entire jurisdiction over criminal subversive activities and that we abolish the Internal Security Committee and thereby put a stop forever to abuse of congressional authority.

VOTING RECORD FOR 92D
CONGRESS

HON. BURT L. TALCOTT

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, January 11, 1973

Mr. TALCOTT. Mr. Speaker, I am pleased to have this opportunity to again insert in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD an accounting of my voting record for the second session of the 92d Congress.

I realize how difficult it may sometimes be to properly interpret a Member's position when we are not always afforded an opportunity to make clear-cut votes on every issue. However, my affirmative votes reflect a judgment that a bill includes considerable more good than bad.

The format of the voting record includes a succinct bill title and an abridged description—which is not always precise or fully descriptive. Due to official business away from Washington, it was occasionally necessary to miss a recorded vote. On these measures, I have indicated my position.

My voting record follows:

VOTING RECORD OF BURT L. TALCOTT OF THE 12TH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

(Yea—for; Nay—against; NVA—not voting, against; NVF—not voting, for; NVPA—not voting, paired against; NVPF—not voting, paired for.)

Roll-call No.	Date	Measure, question, and result	Vote	Roll-call No.	Date	Measure, question, and result	Vote
2	Jan. 18	H.R. 8787: To approve the bill providing that Guam and the Virgin Islands should be represented by a Delegate in the House of Representatives (passed 232-104).	NVPA.	50	do	Quorum call	Present.
3	Jan. 19	Quorum call	Present.	51	do	H.R. 12067: To adopt the conference report on the foreign assistance appropriations, 1972 (passed 213-167).	Nay.
4	do	S. 382: To approve the conference report on the Federal Election Campaign Act (passed 334-20).	Yea.	52	do	H.R. 12067: On agreeing to the Senate amendment to the Foreign Assistance Appropriations Act providing that no aid shall go to Ecuador unless the President determines it is in the national interest of the United States (passed 230-138).	Yea.
5	Jan. 25	H.R. 765: To adopt the "rule" under which to consider the conference report on S. 2819, the Foreign Assistance Act of 1971 (passed 246-123).	Nay.	53	Feb. 29	Quorum call	Present.
6	do	S. 2819: To approve the conference report on the Foreign Assistance Act of 1971 (passed 203-179).	Nay.	54	do	do	Do.
7	Jan. 26	Quorum call	Present.	55	do	H.R. 11021: On final passage of the bill to control the emission of noise detrimental to the human environment (passed 356-32).	Yea.
8	do	H.R. 6957: To approve the bill to establish the Sawtooth National Recreational area in Idaho (passed 369-9).	Yea.	56	Mar. 1	Quorum call	Present.
9	Jan. 27	Quorum call	Present.	57	do	H. Res. 849: To adopt the resolution authorizing the sum of \$525,000 for use by the Committee on Internal Security (passed 303-102).	Yea.
10	do	H.R. 8085: To adopt the bill giving the President authority to make certain exceptions to the ban against a maximum age limit for Federal employment (defeated 81-249).	Nay.	58	do	H. Res. 847: To adopt the resolution authorizing the sum of \$1,128,000 for use by the Committee on Education and Labor (passed 318-77).	Yea.
11	Jan. 31	Quorum call	Present.	59	Mar. 2	Quorum call	Present.
12	do	H.R. 10086 (S. 2601): To approve the bill providing increases in appropriations ceilings and boundary changes in certain national parks (passed 303-2).	Yea.	60	do	H.R. 11384 (S. 979): To approve the bill extending and expanding the High-Speed Ground Transportation Act of 1965 and to authorize appropriations of \$315,200,000 for a 3-year period (passed 360-14).	Yea.
13	Feb. 1	H. Res. 786: To adopt the "rule" under which to consider S. 2010, the bill amending the International Development Association Act (passed 335-30).	Yea.	61	Mar. 6	Quorum call	Present.
14	do	S. 748: To approve the bill authorizing payment and appropriation of the U.S. contribution to the fund for special operations of the Inter-American Development Bank (passed 285-102).	Yea.	62	do	H.R. 2589: To suspend the rules and pass the bill requiring prospective jurors in Federal courts to state their race and occupation on the qualification form (passed 316-27).	Yea.
15	do	S. 749: To approve the bill authorizing U.S. contributions to the special funds of the Asian Development Bank (passed 255-132).	Yea.	63	do	H.R. 12828: To suspend the rules and pass the bill increasing benefits, etc., under the Veterans' Education and Training Act (passed 358-0).	Yea.
16	do	S. 2010: On an amendment to International Development Association bill which would have reduced the U.S. annual contribution from \$960,000,000 to \$480,000,000 (defeated 165-191).	Nay.	64	Mar. 8	Quorum call	Present.
17	do	S. 2010: To approve the bill providing for increased participation by the United States in the International Development Association (passed 208-165).	Yea.	65	do	S. 659: On a motion to table the motion instructing House conferees to insist upon the provisions on busing in the bill as approved originally by the House (defeated 139-270).	Nay.
18	Feb. 2	H.R. 7987: To pass the bill providing for the striking of medals in commemoration of the bicentennial of the American Revolution (passed 387-1).	Yea.	66	do	S. 659: On a motion to instruct the House conferees to insist upon the busing provisions in the bill as originally passed by the House (passed 272-139).	Yea.
19	do	Quorum call	Present.	67	do	H.R. 1746: To approve the conference report on the Equal Employment Opportunity Act of 1972 (passed 303-110).	Yea.
20	do	H.R. 11394: To approve an amendment to the bill on U.S. district judgeships providing for an additional judge in the northern district of Indiana (passed 217-168).	Nay.	68	do	H.R. 11624 (S. 3244): To adopt the bill increasing from \$3,000,000 to \$5,000,000 the authorization of appropriations for the International Transportation Exposition (passed 278-109).	Yea.
21	Feb. 3	Quorum call	Present.	69	Mar. 9	Quorum call	Present.
22	do	do	Do.	70	do	H.R. 10420: On passage of the Marine Mammal Protection Act of 1971 (passed 362-10).	Yea.
23	do	H.R. 12089: On an amendment to the bill establishing a Special Action Office for Drug Abuse Prevention which would have prevented the Director from any authority over the Veterans' Administration (defeated 174-196).	Nay.	71	Mar. 13	Quorum call	Absent.
24	do	H.R. 12089 (S. 2097): On final passage of the bill to establish a Special Action Office for Drug Abuse (passed 380-0).	Yea.	72	do	H.R. 12410: To approve the bill providing for the evidentiary use of prior inconsistent statements by witnesses in trials in the District of Columbia (passed 291-32).	NVE.
25	Feb. 7	Quorum call	Present.	73	Mar. 14	H.J. Res. 1097: To approve the Urgent Supplemental Appropriations bill for fiscal year 1972 (passed 364-16).	Yea.
26	do	S. 1857: On a motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill enlarging the American Revolution Bicentennial Commission and to increase its authorized funds (passed 329-36).	Yea.	74	Mar. 15	Quorum call	Present.
27	do	S. 1163: To suspend the rules and pass the amendment to the Older Americans Act of 1965 (passed 350-23).	Yea.	75	do	do	Do.
28	do	H.R. 7088: To suspend the rules and pass the bill providing for the establishment of the Tincum Environmental Center in Pennsylvania (passed 361-8).	Yea.	76	do	H.R. 12910: To approve the conference report on legislation to increase temporarily the public debt limit (passed 237-150).	Yea.
29	do	H.R. 12186: To suspend the rules and pass the bill extending additional protection to bald and golden eagles (passed 352-7).	Yea.	77	do	H.R. 11417: On the adoption of an amendment to the National Railway Passenger Corporation bill which requires that all officers paid in excess of \$60,000 be paid only from net profits of the Corporation (passed 235-136).	Yea.
30	do	H.R. 12741: To suspend the rules and pass the bill to extend the Federal Water Pollution Control Act through June 30, 1972 (passed 338-7).	Yea.	78	do	H.R. 11417: On final passage of the amendments to the National Railway Passenger Act (passed 312-63).	Yea.
31	Feb. 8	Quorum call	Present.	79	Mar. 16	S. 2097: To approve the conference report on the drug Abuse Office and Treatment Act of 1972 (passed 336-0).	Yea.
32	do	do	Do.	80	Mar. 20	H.R. 8395: To suspend the rules and pass the bill amending the Vocational Rehabilitation Act (passed 327-0).	Yea.
33	do	H. Res. 164: On adoption of the resolution to establish a House Select Committee on Privacy, Human Values, and Democratic Institutions (defeated 168-216).	Nay.	81	do	H.R. 11948: To suspend the rules and pass the bill authorizing not more than \$50,000 annually for U.S. participation in the Hague Conference on Private International Law (passed 315-18).	Yea.
34	do	H.R. 10243: To approve the bill establishing an Office of Technology Assessment in the legislative branch (passed 256-118).	Yea.	82	do	H.R. 4174: To suspend the rules and approve a bill amending the Uniform Time Act to allow an option in certain cases (passed 332-7).	Yea.
35	Feb. 9	Quorum call	Present.	83	Mar. 21	Quorum call	Present.
36	do	do	Do.	84	do	H.R. 13120: To pass the bill modifying the par value of the dollar (passed 342-43).	Yea.
37	do	H.R. 12910: To approve the bill raising the temporary debt limit to \$450,000,000,000 through June 30, 1972 (passed 247-147).	Yea.	85	Mar. 22	Quorum call	Present.
38	do	Quorum call	Present.	86	do	do	Do.
39	do	H. Res. 796: On adoption of the "rule" under which to consider H.J. Res. 1025, providing a procedure for settlement of the Longshoremen's strike on the west coast (passed 203-170).	Yea.	87	do	H.R. 13592 (S. 2676): To pass the National Sickle Cell Anemia Prevention Act (passed 391-0).	Yea.
40	do	H.J. Res. 1025 (S.J. Res. 197): To approve the resolution providing a procedure for settlement of the Longshoremen's strike as amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and substituting the Senate-passed S.J. Res. 197 (passed 214-139).	Yea.	88	Mar. 23	Quorum call	Present.
41	Feb. 16	Quorum call	Absent.	89	do	H.R. 13995: To approve the 1973 Legislative Appropriations bill (passed 362-9).	Yea.
42	do	do	Do.	90	Mar. 27	Quorum call	Present.
43	Feb. 17	do	Do.	91	Mar. 28	do	Do.
44	do	do	Do.	92	do	H.R. 11896: On an amendment to the Water Pollution Control Act which would have required industry to use by 1981 the best available waste treatment technology (defeated 140-249).	Nay.
45	do	H.R. 12350: On an amendment to the Economic Opportunity bill which would have provided a straight 2-year extension of present OEO programs (defeated 159-206).	NVA.	93	do	H.R. 11896: On an amendment to the Water Pollution Control Act which sought to empower the Environmental Protection Agency to review and veto individual discharge permits issued by the States (defeated 125-267).	Nay.
46	do	H.R. 12350: On final passage of the bill to provide for the continuation of programs authorized under the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 (passed 234-127).	NVPA.	94	do	H.R. 11896: On an amendment to the Water Pollution Control Act which sought to require private firms which discharge into municipal treatment systems to pay user charges from their share of the capital costs of any federally funded municipal treatment facility (defeated 66-337).	Yea.
47	Feb. 22	Quorum call	Absent.	95	do	H.R. 11896: On an amendment to the Water Pollution Control Act which sought to provide permits to control the discharge of wastes into the Nation's waterways (defeated 154-251).	Nay.
48	Feb. 23	do	Do.				
49	do	H.R. 12931: On an amendment to the Rural Development Act of 1972 which sought to prevent profitmaking polluters from receiving subsidies (defeated 151-224).	NVF				

VOTING RECORD OF BURT L. TALCOTT OF THE 12TH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA—Continued

Roll-call No.	Date	Measure, question, and result	Vote	Roll-call No.	Date	Measure, question, and result	Vote
96	Mar. 29	Quorum call	Present.	140	do	H.R. 4383: On adoption of the bill authorizing the Office of Management and Budget to establish a system governing the creation and operation of advisory committees throughout the Federal Government (passed 357-9).	Yea.
97	do	H.R. 11896: On an amendment to the Water Pollution Control Act which sought to strike the contract authority provision for \$18,000,000,000 for waste treatment grants and to substitute authorization for "no-year" appropriations but on a 1-year advance basis (defeated 161-232).	Yea.	141	May 10	H.R. 9212: To agree to the conference report on the Black Lung Benefits Act of 1972 (passed 275-122).	Nay.
98	do	H.R. 11896: On an amendment to the Water Pollution Control Act that provides public hearings to be held for employees who lose their employment in the case of an industry moving to meet the alleged results from any effluent limitation or order issued under this act (passed 274-118).	Yea.	142	do	H. Res. 963: To adopt the rule under which to consider H.R. 7130 concerning the minimum wage law (passed 338-57).	Yea.
99	do	H.R. 11896: On an amendment to the Water Pollution Control Act that directs the Environmental Protection Agency to encourage regional resource management that utilizes spray irrigation and recycling of wastes (passed 250-130).	Yea.	143	May 11	S. 659: On a motion to table a motion instructing House conferees to insist upon the House antibusing amendments to the Higher Education Bill (defeated 126-273).	NVA.
100	do	H.R. 11896: On an amendment to the Water Pollution Control Act that would preserve the rights of States to control discharges from vessels (passed 210-173).	Nay.	144	do	S. 659: On a motion to instruct House conferees to insist upon the House antibusing amendments to the Higher Education Bill (passed 275-124).	Yea.
101	do	H.R. 11896 (S. 2770): On final passage of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (passed 380-14).	Yea.	145	do	H.R. 7130: On approval of an amendment to the Erlenborn substitute (H.R. 14104) for the minimum wage bill which altered the dollar amounts in the bill (passed 216-187).	Yea.
102	Apr. 11	Quorum call	Present.	146	do	H.R. 7130: On approval of an amendment to the Erlenborn substitute (H.R. 14104) for the minimum wage bill which sought to provide overtime pay for transit employees who work over 44 hours a week and on Jan. 1, 1974, for all over 40 hours a week (defeated 184-208).	Nay.
103	do	H.R. 9552: To pass the bill amending the cruise legislation of the Merchant Marine Act of 1936 (passed 374-0).	Yea.	147	do	H.R. 7130: On an amendment to the Erlenborn substitute (H.R. 14104) for the minimum wage bill that sought to strike language which establishes youth subminimum wage rates (defeated 170-227).	Nay.
104	do	H.R. 13324: To pass the bill authorizing appropriations for 6 programs of the Maritime Administration of the Department of Commerce (passed 364-13).	Yea.	148	do	H.R. 7130: To accept the Erlenborn substitute (H.R. 14104) as amended for the minimum wage bill reported by the committee (passed 217-191).	Yea.
105	do	H.R. 13188: To adopt the bill authorizing appropriations for the U.S. Coast Guard (passed 373-1).	Yea.	149	do	H.R. 7130: On final passage of the minimum wage bill as amended by the substitution of Erlenborn proposal (H.R. 14104) as amended (passed 330-78).	Nay.
106	Apr. 12	H.R. 13336: To adopt the bill authorizing \$22,000,000 to finance the operation of the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency for a 2-year period (passed 349-20).	Yea.	150	May 15	Quorum call	Present.
107	Apr. 17	Quorum call	Present.	151	do	H.R. 7378: To suspend the rules and pass the bill establishing a commission to study the geographical boundaries of the U.S. Court of Appeals (passed 317-25).	Yea.
108	do	H. Con. Res. 471: To suspend the rules and pass the resolution expressing the sense of Congress relative to the plight of the Soviet Jews (passed 360-2).	Yea.	152	do	H.J. Res. 812: To suspend the rules and pass the bill authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to participate in planning a national monument to President Franklin D. Roosevelt (passed 330-8).	Yea.
109	do	H.R. 13752: To suspend the rules and pass the bill to provide for the interim licensing of certain thermoelectric generating plants (passed 284-78).	Yea.	153	May 16	Quorum call	Present.
110	do	Quorum call	Present.	154	do	do	Do.
111	Apr. 18	do	Do.	155	May 17	H.R. 14582: To agree to the conference report on the Supplemental Appropriation Bill for 1972 (passed 339-33).	Yea.
112	do	H.R. 45: On a motion to recommit to the Committee on the Judiciary the bill establishing an Institute for Continuing Studies of Juvenile Justice (defeated 133-252).	Yea.	156	do	H.R. 14582: To agree to a Senate amendment to the supplemental appropriation bill reducing from \$270,000,000 to \$170,000,000 funds for grants to the National Railroad Passenger Corporation (passed 300-70).	Yea.
113	Apr. 19	Quorum call	Present.	157	do	H.R. 14734: To approve the bill authorizing appropriations for the Department of State and the U.S. Information Agency (passed 305-65).	Yea.
114	do	H.R. 30488: On an amendment to the Public Buildings Amendments of 1972 to require payment of "the fair market value" of Postal Service property turned over to the city of New York (passed 196-170).	Yea.	158	May 18	Quorum call	Present.
115	do	H.R. 10488 (S. 1736): On final passage of the Public Buildings Amendments of 1972 (passed 331-40).	Yea.	159	do	H.R. 14989: On an amendment to the Department of State and related agencies appropriation bill which would have increased the U.S. contribution to the United Nations from \$151,087,250 to \$176,190,750 (defeated 156-202).	Nay.
116	Apr. 20	H.R. 14070: On a motion to resolve the House into the Committee of the Whole House to consider the NASA authorization bill (passed 349-2).	Yea.	160	do	H.R. 14989: On an amendment to the Department of Justice, appropriations bill to add \$1,000,000 for salaries and expenses for the Bureau of Prisons (passed 178-165).	Nay.
117	do	Quorum call	Present.	161	do	H.R. 14989: On an amendment to the Department of Justice appropriation bill which would have added \$9,500,000 for the U.S. Probation Office (defeated 142-198).	Nay.
118	do	do	Do.	162	do	H.R. 14989: On an amendment to the appropriations bill for the Departments of State, Justice, Commerce, and the Judiciary which would have deleted \$450,000 for the operation of the Subversive Activities Control Board (defeated 106-206).	Nay.
119	do	H.R. 14070: To approve the bill authorizing appropriations for NASA in fiscal year 1973 (passed 277-60).	Yea.	163	do	H.R. 14989: On an amendment to the appropriations bill for the Departments of State, Justice, Commerce, and the Judiciary which sought to prohibit payment of U.S. Government employees salaries appropriated by this act who refuse to testify before Congress (defeated 132-180).	Nay.
120	Apr. 25	Quorum call	Present.	164	do	H.R. 14989: On an amendment to the appropriations bill for the Departments of State, Justice, Commerce, etc., which sought to prohibit use of funds for wiretaps on conversations of members of Congress or the Federal judiciary (defeated 17-231).	Nay.
121	do	H.R. 14108: To pass the bill authorizing appropriations for the National Science Foundation (passed 329-16).	Yea.	165	May 22	Quorum call	Present.
122	Apr. 26	Quorum call	Present.	166	do	H.R. 6788: On passage of the bill to establish mining and mineral research centers (passed 272-33).	Yea.
123	do	H. Res. 918: On a motion to lay on the table the resolution directing the President and Secretary of Defense to furnish the House of Representatives full information concerning certain specific military activities of the United States in Southeast Asia (passed 270-113).	Yea.	167	do	H.R. 11627: On passage of the Motor Vehicle Information and Coast Savings Act (passed 254-38).	Yea.
124	do	H.R. 14582: To pass the bill making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year 1972 (passed 344-16).	Yea.	168	May 23	Quorum call	Present.
125	Apr. 27	Quorum call	Present.	169	do	H.R. 15093: To approve the appropriation bill for the Department of Housing and Urban Development, and for space, science, and veterans agencies (passed 367-10).	Yea.
126	do	do	Do.	170	May 24	H. Res. 991: To approve the "rule" under which to consider the appropriation bill for the Department of Transportation and related agencies (passed 358-6).	Yea.
127	do	H.R. 12202: On an amendment to the Government Employees Health Benefits bill to include Postal Service employees in the bill (passed 197-148).	Nay.	171	do	H.R. 15097: To approve the appropriation bill for the Department of Transportation and related agencies (passed 367-1).	Yea.
128	do	H.R. 12202: On an amendment to the Government Employees Health Benefits bill which would have reduced the Federal Government's share to a straight 50 percent (defeated 124-219).	Yea.	172	May 30	Quorum call	Present.
129	do	H.R. 12202: On final passage of the Government Employees Health Benefits bill (passed 238-110).	Nay.	173	do	H.R. 9689: On adoption of the bill extending and expanding the powers of the Subversive Activities Control Board and changing its name to the Federal Internal Security Board (passed 226-105).	Do.
130	May 1	S. 2713: To suspend the rules and pass the bill to authorize the Attorney General to provide care for narcotic addicts on probation or parole (passed 323-0).	Yea.	174	May 31	Quorum call	Do.
131	do	H.R. 12652: To suspend the rules and pass the bill extending the life of the Commission on Civil Rights and expanding its jurisdiction to include discrimination because of sex (passed 264-66).	Yea.	175	do	do	Do.
132	do	H.R. 9676: To suspend the rules and pass the bill authorizing the conveyance of certain lands to the State of Tennessee for use of the University of Tennessee (passed 318-9).	Yea.	176	June 1	do	Do.
133	do	H.R. 13334: To suspend the rules and pass the bill creating certain new positions in the Department of the Treasury (passed 271-56).	Yea.	177	do	H.R. 13918: On an amendment to the Public Broadcasting Act of 1972 which sought to prohibit the Corporation from making grants to or contracts with any corporation or institution which pays its officers, employees, or performers over \$42,500 per year (defeated 163-182).	Yea.
134	May 3	H.R. 13591: On a bill to designate the National Institute of Arthritis and Metabolic Diseases as the National Institute of Arthritis, Metabolism, and Digestive Diseases, and other purposes (passed 357-10).	Yea.	178	do	H.R. 13918: On an amendment to the Public Broadcasting Act of 1972 which sought to reduce the authorization to \$40,000,000 for fiscal year 1973 and delete the authorization for 1974 (defeated 166-183).	Yea.
135	do	H.R. 13089: To approve the bill providing for acceleration of programs for planting trees on national forest lands (passed 371-5).	Yea.				
136	May 4	H.J. Res. 1174: To approve a supplemental appropriation of not more than \$1,600,000,000 to adjust U.S. contributions to international financial institutions because of the devaluation of the dollar (passed 291-62).	Yea.				
137	May 8	Quorum call	Present.				
138	do	H.R. 14718: To authorize a subsidy up to \$3,000,000 for the District of Columbia bus companies (defeated 50-270).	Nay.				
139	May 9	H.J. Res. 55: On adoption of a resolution authorizing the erection of a memorial in the District of Columbia in honor of the Seabees (passed 364-4).	Yea.				

Roll-call No.	Date	Measure, question, and result	Vote
179	do	H.R. 13918: On an amendment to the Public Broadcasting Act of 1972 that prohibits the Corporation from conducting voter polls or public opinion surveys relative to any elections (passed 203-135).	Yea.
180	do	H.R. 13918: On an amendment to the Public Broadcasting Act of 1972 while in the Committee of the Whole to prohibit the authorization of any funds after fiscal year 1973 until GAO audits funds through fiscal year 1972 (passed 169-165).	Yea.
181	do	H.R. 13918: On an amendment to the Public Broadcasting Act of 1972 to prohibit the authorization of any funds after fiscal year 1973 until GAO audits funds through fiscal year 1972 similar to roll call 180 in Committee (defeated 166-170).	Yea.
182	do	H.R. 13918: On final passage of the Public Broadcasting Act of 1972 (passed 256-69).	Nay.
183	do	H. Res. 985: To agree to the resolution authorizing travel by certain members and staff assistants of the Committee on Public Works to the United Nations Conference on Human Environment to be held in Stockholm in June 1972 (passed 192-80).	Yea.
184	June 5	Quorum call	Present.
185	do	S. 1736: To approve the conference report on the Public Buildings Amendments of 1972 (passed 277-40).	Yea.
186	do	H.R. 12674: To suspend the rules and pass the National Cemeteries Act of 1972 (passed 310-4).	Yea.
187	do	H.R. 10310: To suspend the rules and pass the bill to establish the Seal Beach National Wildlife Refuge (passed 314-0).	Yea.
188	do	H.R. 14731: To suspend the rules and pass the bill prohibiting the shooting of certain birds, fish, and other animals from aircraft (passed 310-5).	Yea.
189	do	H.R. 14106: To suspend the rules and pass the bill amending the Water Resources Planning Act to authorize increased appropriations (passed 317-0).	Yea.
190	June 6	Quorum call	Absent.
191	June 7	do	Present.
192	do	H.R. 15259: On approval of the District of Columbia appropriation bill for 1973 (passed 302-67).	Yea.
193	do	H.R. 14990: On approval of the bill to authorize appropriations for the Atomic Energy Commission (passed 367-2).	Yea.
194	June 8	Quorum call	Present.
195	do	S. 659: On adoption of the conference report on the Higher Education Act (passed 218-180).	Yea.
196	June 12	H. Res. 995: To adopt the "rule" under which to consider H.R. 12846 relative to the Armed Forces drug treatment program (passed 303-0).	Yea.
197	do	H.R. 10792 (S. 3166): To approve the bill increasing the Small Business Loan ceiling (passed 320-0).	Yea.
198	do	H.R. 12846: To approve the bill relating to the Armed Forces drug treatment program (passed 322-1).	Yea.
199	June 13	Quorum call	Present.
200	do	H.R. 15418: To approve the 1973 appropriation bill for the Department of the Interior and related agencies (passed 367-3).	Yea.
201	June 14	H.R. 15417: On a motion that the House resolve itself into the Committee of the Whole House to consider the appropriation bill for the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare and related agencies (passed 367-0).	NVF.
202	do	Quorum call	Absent.
203	June 15	H.R. 15417: On an amendment to the HEW appropriation bill which sought to cut \$20,000,000 for the expenses for the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (defeated 160-206).	NVA.
204	do	H.R. 15417: On an amendment to the HEW appropriation bill to exempt firms employing 25 persons or less from compliance with the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (passed 213-154).	NVF.
205	do	H.R. 15417: On an amendment to the HEW appropriation bill to add \$364,000,000 for various education programs (passed 212-163).	NVA.
206	do	H.R. 15417: On an amendment to the HEW appropriation bill which sought to add \$15,000,000 for bilingual educational programs (defeated 143-205).	NVF.
207	do	H.R. 15417: On a motion to recommit to committee the HEW appropriation bill (defeated 137-209).	NVA.
208	do	H.R. 15417: On final passage of the appropriation bill for the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare and related agencies (passed 277-60).	NVF.
209	June 19	Quorum call	Absent.
210	do	H.R. 13694: To suspend the rules and pass the bill authorizing additional appropriations and expanding the authority of the American Revolution Bicentennial Commission (defeated 174-165; a 2/3 vote being necessary).	NVF.
211	do	S. 3343: To suspend the rules and pass the bill to increase the maximum amount of the grant payable for specially adapted housing for disabled veterans (passed 341-0).	NVF.
212	June 20	Quorum call	Present.
213	June 21	do	Do.
214	do	H. Res. 996: On the motion to call for the previous question on the "rule" under which to consider H.R. 14370, the State and Local Fiscal Assistance Act of 1972 (passed 223-185).	Nay.
215	do	Quorum call	Present.
216	do	do	Do.
217	do	do	Do.
218	June 22	do	Do.
219	do	H.R. 14370: On a motion to recommit the State and Local Fiscal Assistance Act to the Committee on Ways and Means (defeated 157-241).	Nay.
220	do	H.R. 14370: On final passage of the State and Local Fiscal Assistance Act of 1972 (passed 274-122).	Yea.
221	do	Quorum call	Present.
222	do	H.R. 15585: On an amendment to the Treasury, Postal Service, and general Government appropriations bill which sought to reduce \$2,000,000 for salaries and expenses of the Office of Telecommunications Policy (defeated 148-188).	Nay.
223	do	H.R. 15585: On an amendment to the Treasury, Postal Service, and general Government appropriations bill which sought to delete \$100,000 for the Commission on Executive, Legislative, and Judicial Salaries (defeated 135-196).	Yea.
224	do	H.R. 15585: On an amendment to the Treasury, Postal Service, and general Government appropriations bill which sought to cut the number of personnel paid between \$21,000 and \$42,500 in the Executive Office of the President from 908 to 549 (defeated 122-210).	Nay.
225	do	H.R. 15585: On an amendment to the Treasury, Postal Service, and general Government appropriations bill which sought to prohibit the use of funds for chauffeur-driven automobiles except for the President of the United States (defeated 121-205).	NVA.
226	do	H.R. 15585: On final passage of the appropriations bill for the Treasury Department, Postal Service, and general Government (passed 321-11).	NVF.
227	June 26	Quorum call	Present.
228	do	H.R. 15507: To approve the National Capital Transportation Act of 1972 (passed 282-75).	Yea.
229	do	H.R. 11586: On final passage of the appropriations bill for Public Works, the Atomic Energy Commission, and related agencies (passed 345-17).	Yea.
230	June 27	Quorum call	Present.
231	do	H.R. 15495: On an amendment to the military procurement authorization bill which sought to cut \$350,000,000 for Safeguard procurement (defeated 116-258).	Nay.
232	do	H.R. 15495: On an amendment to the military procurement authorization bill which sought to delete \$445,000,000 for the further development of the B-1 bomber (defeated 94-279).	Nay.
233	do	H.R. 15495: On an amendment to the military procurement authorization bill which sought to prohibit the building of an ABM site in Washington, D.C. (defeated 129-261).	Nay.
234	do	H.R. 15495: On an amendment to the Military Procurement Authorization bill which sought to terminate funds on Sept. 1, 1972, for deployment of U.S. military personnel or conduct of U.S. military operations in Southeast Asia (defeated 152-244).	Nay.
235	do	H.R. 15495: On final passage of the bill act authorize appropriations for military procurement (passed 334-59).	Yea.
236	do	H. Res. 1061: On the motion to call for the previous question on the "rule" under which to consider H.R. 15390, the Public Debt Limitation Bill (passed 206-180).	Yea.
237	do	H.R. 15390: On final passage of the bill to provide for a 4-month extension of the present temporary level in the public debt limitation (passed 211-168).	Yea.
238	June 28	Quorum call	Present.
239	do	H.R. 13955: On adoption of the conference report on the Legislative Branch appropriations bill (passed 380-8).	Yea.
240	do	H.R. 13955: On a motion to table a preferential motion which would provide funds for preparation of final plans for the extension of the west front of the Capitol (defeated 186-206).	Nay.
241	do	H.R. 13955: On a motion which would provide funds for preparation of final plans for the extension of the west front of the Capitol (defeated 181-197).	Yea.
242	do	H.R. 14734: On adoption of the conference report on the Foreign Relations Authorization Act (passed 314-77).	Yea.
243	do	H.R. 15587: On final passage of the bill to provide for a 6-month extension of the emergency unemployment compensation program (passed 275-110).	Yea.
244	June 29	Quorum call	Present.
245	do	do	Do.
246	do	H.R. 15690: On an amendment to the Agriculture-Environmental and Consumer Protection appropriations bill which sought to provide a limitation of \$20,000 in farm subsidies excluding sugar and wool (defeated 189-192).	Nay.
247	do	H.R. 15690: On an amendment to the Agriculture-Environmental and Consumer Protection appropriations bill which sought to prohibit the issuance of food stamps to households who need assistance because any member of such household is on strike (defeated 180-199).	Yea.
248	do	H.R. 15690: On final passage of the bill making appropriations for the Agriculture-Environmental and Consumer Protection programs (passed 345-33).	Yea.
249	do	H. Res. 1019: On adoption of the resolution providing for the consideration of H.R. 14163 to indemnify farmers and ranchers whose domestic animals are killed by predatory animals (defeated 102-260).	Yea.
250	do	Quorum call	Present.
251	do	H. Res. 1030: To adopt the "rule" under which to consider H.R. 15692 concerning the interest rate on Small Business Administration disaster loans (passed 348-6).	Yea.
252	do	H.R. 15692: On a motion that the House resolve itself into Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union to consider the interest rate on Small Business Administration disaster loans (passed 341-1).	Yea.
253	do	H.R. 15692: On an amendment to the committee amendment on the bill to reduce the interest rate on Small Business Administration disaster loans which sought to move the retroactive date from July 1, 1971, to June 1, 1972 (defeated 161-163).	Yea.
254	do	H.R. 15692: On final passage of the bill to reduce the interest rate on Small Business Administration disaster loans (passed 325-9).	Yea.
255	June 30	Quorum call	Present.

VOTING RECORD OF BURT L. TALCOTT OF THE 12TH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA—Continued

(Yea—for; Nay—against; NVA—not voting, against; NVF—not voting, for; NVPA—not voting, paired against; NVPF—not voting, paired for.)

Roll-call No.	Date	Measure, question, and result	Vote	Roll-call No.	Date	Measure, question, and result	Vote
256	June 30	H.R. 15585: On adoption of the conference report on the Treasury, Postal Service, and General Government appropriations bill (passed 341-3).	Yea.	295	do	H.R. 14546 (S. 3507): On final passage of the Coastal Zone Management bill (passed 376-6).	Yea.
257	do	H.J. Res. 1238: To approve the resolution making supplemental appropriations for disaster relief (passed 355-1).	Yea.	296	Aug. 3	H. Res. 1071: To adopt the "rule" under which to consider H.R. 15989, the International Economic Policy Act of 1972 (passed 372-3).	Yea.
258	do	Quorum call.	Present.	297	do	H.R. 15989 (S. 3726): On an amendment to the International Economic Policy Council bill which limits the existence of the council to fiscal year 1973 (passed 192-174).	Nay.
259	do	H.R. 15390: On a motion to substitute for the Senate amendment to the Public Debt Limitation bill a 10-percent increase in social security benefits (defeated 83-253).	Yea.	298	do	H.R. 15989 (S. 3726): On an amendment to the International Economic Policy Council bill removing the President's authority to control the export of cattle hides passed 177-158).	Yea.
260	do	H.R. 15390: On a motion to concur in the Senate amendment to the Public Debt Limitation bill providing a 20-percent increase in social security benefits and other changes in the social security law (passed 302-35).	Yea.	299	Aug. 7	Quorum call.	Absent.
261	July 17	Quorum call.	Present.	300	do	H.R. 12101 (S. 2854): To suspend the rules and pass the bill relating to annuities of widows of Supreme Court Justices (passed 281-97).	NVF.
262	do	H.R. 15635: To suspend the rules and pass the Juvenile Delinquency Prevention Act (passed 337-12).	Yea.	301	do	H.R. 15883: To suspend the rules and pass the bill to provide for expanded protection of foreign officials and other purposes (passed 380-2).	NVF.
263	do	H.R. 15657: To suspend the rules and pass the Comprehensive Older Americans Services amendment (passed 351-3).	Yea.	302	do	S. 3645: To suspend the rules and pass the bill amending the United States Information and Exchange Act of 1948 relating to Radio Free Europe and Radio Liberty (passed 375-7).	NVF.
264	do	H.R. 13152: To suspend the rules and pass the bill for the Control and Conservation of Predatory Animals (passed 277-74).	Yea.	303	do	S. 1819: To suspend the rules and pass the bill relating to the Uniform Relocation Assistance Act of 1970 (passed 374-10).	NVF.
265	July 18	H. Res. 1027: On adoption of the "rule" under which to consider H.R. 15081, the National Heart, Blood Vessel, Lung, and Blood Act of 1972 (passed 373-4).	Yea.	304	do	H.R. 11357: To suspend the rules and pass the bill to extend coverage and protection to employees of nonprofit hospitals under the National Labor Relations Act (passed 285-95).	NVF.
266	do	H.R. 15081 (S. 3323): On approval of the National Heart, Blood Vessel, Lung, and Blood Act of 1972 as amended (passed 380-10).	Yea.	305	do	H.R. 15376: To suspend the rules and pass the bill revising the method of computing wage rates under the Service Contract Act of 1965 (passed 274-103).	NVF.
267	do	H.R. 14455: On adoption of the bill extending and revising the program for the control and prevention of communicable diseases (passed 386-2).	Yea.	306	Aug. 8	Quorum call.	Absent.
268	do	H.R. 14424: On passage of the bill to establish a National Institute of Aging (passed 380-10).	Yea.	307	do	do	Do.
269	July 19	H. Res. 1018: On adoption of the "rule" under which to consider H.R. 13853, the Emergency Community Facilities and Public Investment Act of 1972 (passed 259-122).	Yea.	308	Aug. 9	H.R. 15690: On adoption of the conference report on Agriculture-Environmental and Consumer Protection appropriations for 1973 (passed 317-80).	Yea.
270	do	Quorum call.	Present.	309	do	H.R. 15417: On adoption of the conference report on the Labor-HEW appropriations for 1973 (passed 240-167).	Nay.
271	do	H.R. 13853: On an amendment to the Emergency Community Facilities and Public Investment Act to forbid funding in any fiscal year where the projected deficit exceeds \$20,000,000,000 (in Committee of the Whole) (passed 197-194).	NVF.	310	do	H.R. 15417: On agreeing to the Senate amendment on payment to the Corporation for Public Broadcasting in the Labor-HEW appropriations bill (passed 373-27).	Yea.
272	do	H.R. 13853: On an amendment to the Emergency Community Facilities and Public Investment Act to forbid funding in any year where the projected deficit exceeds \$20,000,000,000 (in House as such) (passed 205-192).	Yea.	311	do	H.R. 15927: On an amendment to the bill relating to the Railroad Retirement Act which sought to increase the amount paid by employees and the railroad from 9195 percent to 13.3 percent (defeated 104-289).	Yea.
273	do	H.R. 13853: On final passage of the Emergency Community Facilities and Public Investment Act, as amended (defeated 189-206).	Nay.	312	do	H.R. 15927: On approval of the bill providing a 20-percent increase in annuities under the Railroad Retirement Act (passed 398-4).	Yea.
274	July 20	Quorum call.	Present.	313	Aug. 10	Quorum call.	Present.
275	do	H.R. 15641: On final passage of the bill to authorize construction at military installations (passed 371-17).	Yea.	314	do	H.R. 16029: On an amendment to the Foreign Assistance bill which sought to eliminate aid for Brazil (defeated 65-325).	Nay.
276	do	H.R. 15580: On a motion to recommit to committee the bill amending the District of Columbia Police and Firemen's Salary Act in order to make the pay increase retroactive to Mar. 1 (defeated 164-201).	NVA.	315	do	H.R. 16029: On an amendment to the Foreign Assistance bill that sought to change the effective date of U.S. pullout from Indochina from Oct. 1, 1972, to Dec. 31, 1972 (defeated 109-304).	Nay.
277	July 24	Quorum call.	Absent.	316	do	H.R. 16029: On an amendment to the Foreign Assistance bill to strike from the bill the section calling for the United States to pull out from Indochina by Oct. 1, 1972 (passed 228-178).	Yea.
278	do	H. Res. 1024: On adoption of the "rule" under which to consider H.R. 13366 providing compensation for losses resulting from the ban on cyclamates (passed 270-77).	NVPF.	317	do	H.R. 16029: On an amendment to the Foreign Assistance bill to strike out language that restores the President's authority to regulate Rhodesian chrome imports (passed 253-140).	Yea.
279	do	H.R. 13366: On approval of the bill providing compensation for losses resulting from the ban on cyclamates (passed 177-170).	NVF.	318	do	H.R. 16029: On final passage of the Foreign Assistance bill as amended (passed 221-172).	Yea.
280	July 25	Quorum call.	Present.	319	Aug. 14	S. 2966: To suspend the rules and pass the bill to make rules governing the use of the armed forces of the United States in the absence of a declaration of war (passed 344-13).	Yea.
281	do	H.R. 14542: To approve the bill relating to Air Force officers authorized strength (passed 268-128).	Yea.	320	do	H.R. 6957: To adopt the conference report on the bill to establish the Sawtooth National Recreation Area in the State of Idaho and other purposes (passed 361-0).	Yea.
282	July 26	Quorum call.	Present.	321	do	H.R. 15692: To approve the conference report on the bill reducing the interest rate on SBA disaster loans (passed 359-1).	Yea.
283	do	H.R. 12807: On an amendment to the architect and engineers selection bill which sought to require agency heads to solicit design proposals including life cycle costs and qualifications with 3 architect-engineer firms (defeated 114-276).	Nay.	322	Aug. 15	Quorum call.	Absent.
284	July 27	Quorum call.	Present.	323	do	do	Present.
285	do	H. Res. 1057: On adoption of the "previous question" on the "rule" under which to consider the conference report on H.R. 12931, the Rural Development Act of 1972 (passed 214-162).	Nay.	324	do	do	Do.
286	do	H.R. 12931: To approve the conference report on the Rural Development Act of 1972 (passed 339-36).	Yea.	325	do	H.R. 16254: To approve the Disaster Relief supplemental appropriation bill (passed 392-0).	Yea.
287	July 31	H.R. 5741: To suspend the rules and pass the bill authorizing the transfer of surplus Liberty ships to States for use in marine life conservation programs (passed 325-2).	Yea.	326	do	H.J. Res. 1278: On approval of the bill making further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 1973 (passed 379-8).	Yea.
288	do	H.R. 11300: To suspend the rules and pass the bill permitting certain hydrofoil vessels to receive additional mortgage benefits under the Merchant Marine Act of 1963 (passed 332-1).	Yea.	327	do	S. 3824: To pass the bill authorizing 1973 appropriations for the Corporation for Public Broadcasting (passed 377-8).	Yea.
289	do	S. 2227: To suspend the rules and pass the bill to provide the Congressional Record to libraries of the highest appellate court of each State (passed 333-1).	Yea.	328	Aug. 16	Quorum call.	Present.
290	Aug. 1	H.R. 7130: On a motion to disagree to the Senate amendments to the minimum wage bill and to ask for a conference with the Senate (defeated 190-198).	Nay.	329	do	H. Res. 1094: On a motion to adopt the resolution providing for the consideration of conference reports on the same day reported (defeated 159-223).	Nay.
291	do	H.R. 15474: To approve the National Cooley's Anemia Control Act (passed 377-11).	Yea.	330	do	H.R. 16071: On an amendment to the Public Works-Economic Development bill that sought to reduce the time any employee may receive unemployment benefits from 78 weeks to 52 weeks (defeated 161-209).	Yea.
292	Aug. 2	H.R. 15418: To adopt the conference report on the 1973 appropriation bill for the Department of the Interior and related agencies (passed 378-9).	Yea.	331	do	H. 16071: On an amendment to the Public Works-Economic Development bill that would compensate individuals who lose their jobs as a result of Federal environmental orders, setting up a special category for "unemployment compensation" (defeated 161-201).	Yea.
293	do	H.R. 14146: To amend the Coastal Zone Management bill to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to administer the program in lieu of the Secretary of Commerce (passed 261-112).	Yea.	332	do	H.R. 16071: On final passage of the Public Works-Economic Development bill (passed 285-92).	Yea.
294	do	H.R. 14146: To amend the Coastal Zone Management bill to provide free and ready access to public beaches (defeated 190-191).	Nay.				

VOTING RECORD OF BURT L. TALCOTT OF THE 12TH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA—Continued

(Yea—for; Nay—against; NVA—not voting, against; NVF—not voting, for; NVPA—not voting, paired against; NVPF—not voting, paired for.)

Roll-call No.	Date	Measure, question, and result	Vote	Roll-call No.	Date	Measure, question, and result	Vote
333	Aug. 16	H.R. 15417: To override the President's veto of the 1973 appropriation bill for the Departments of Labor, HEW, and related agencies (defeated 203-171; a 2/3 vote being necessary).	Nay.	366	do	H.R. 16593: On an amendment to the Defense Appropriations bill which sought to terminate U.S. troop involvement in Indochina within 4 months conditioned upon the release of all American prisoners of war and a full accounting of the missing in action (defeated 160-208).	NVA.
334	Aug. 17	Quorum call	Absent.	367	do	H.R. 16593: On an amendment to the Defense Appropriations bill that proposed a 5-percent reduction of funds in the bill actually spent in fiscal year 1973 (defeated 98-256).	NVA.
335	do	do	Do.	368	do	H.R. 16593: On final passage of the bill making appropriations for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1973 (passed 322-40).	NVF.
336	do	H. Res. 1090: On adoption of the "rule" under which to consider the Equal Educational Opportunities Act of 1972 (passed 318-72).	NVF.	369	Sept. 19	Quorum call	Present.
337	do	Quorum call	Absent.	370	do	H.R. 16654: On an amendment to the Labor-HEW appropriations bill to exempt firms employing 15 persons or less from compliance with the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (passed 191-182).	Yea.
338	do	H.R. 13915: On adoption of an amendment to the Equal Educational Opportunities Act which defines the neighborhood as the appropriate basis for determining public school assignments rather than an appropriate basis (passed 254-131).	NVF.	371	do	H.R. 16654: On an amendment to the Labor-HEW Appropriations bill which sought to add \$15,000,000 for bilingual educational programs (defeated 162-207).	Yea.
339	do	H.R. 13915: On adoption of an amendment to the Equal Educational Opportunities Act which sought to increase the authorization by \$1,500,000,000 annually for title I (defeated 129-252).	NVA.	372	do	H.R. 16654: On final passage of the bill making appropriations for the Departments of Labor and Health, Education, and Welfare, and related agencies for fiscal year 1973 (passed 324-51).	Yea.
340	do	H.R. 13915: On an amendment to the Equal Educational Opportunities bill to strike out language that authorizes busing, other than busing to the school nearest to the student's residence (defeated 174-211).	NVA.	373	Sept. 20	Quorum call	Present.
341	do	H.R. 13915: On an amendment to the Equal Educational Opportunities bill which would allow court orders and school desegregation plans already in effect to be reopened and modified to comply with the provisions of this bill (passed 245-141).	NVF.	374	do	do	Do.
342	do	H.R. 13915: On an amendment to the Equal Educational Opportunities bill that specified that provisions of the bill comply with the 14th amendment to the Constitution (defeated 154-223).	NVA.	375	do	H.R. 15003 (S. 3419): On final passage of the Consumer Product Safety Act as amended (passed 319-50).	Yea.
343	do	H.R. 13915: On an amendment to the Equal Educational Opportunities bill which sought to provide for freedom of transfer regardless of race, creed, or color (defeated 123-255).	NVA.	376	do	H. Res. 1122: On adoption of the "rule" under which to consider H.R. 16705, making appropriations for Foreign Assistance and related programs for fiscal year 1973 (passed 239-98).	Yea.
344	do	H.R. 13915: On an amendment to the Equal Educational Opportunities bill which would have specified that nothing in the bill was intended to violate any provision of the Constitution (defeated 178-197).	NVA.	377	Sept. 21	Quorum call	Present.
345	do	H.R. 13915: On final passage of the Equal Educational Opportunities bill as amended (passed 282-102).	NVF.	378	do	do	Do.
346	Aug. 18	H.J. Res. 1227: On adoption of the resolution approving the acceptance by the President of the interim agreement between the United States and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics relative to the limitation of strategic offensive arms (passed 329-7).	NVF.	379	do	do	Do.
347	do	H. Res. 1102: On approval of the "rule" under which to consider the conference report on the bill to extend and amend the Export Administration Act of 1969 and to establish the Council on International Economic Policy (passed 194-111).	NVF.	380	do	H.R. 16705: On an amendment to the bill making appropriations for foreign assistance and related programs which sought to prohibit the use of funds to guarantee or insure future foreign investments (defeated 141-167).	NVA.
348	do	S. 3726: On adoption of the conference report on the bill to extend and amend the Export Administration Act of 1969 and to establish the Council on International Economic Policy (passed 183-124).	NVPF.	381	do	H.R. 15705: On final passage of the bill making appropriations for foreign assistance and related programs for fiscal year 1973 (passed 169-131).	NVPA.
349	do	H. Res. 1095: On adoption of the "rule" under which to consider H.R. 14847, the bill relating to the levying and collection of charges on persons traveling by air (passed 213-23).	NVF.	382	Sept. 25	H. Res. 1132: On adoption of the "rule" under which to consider H.R. 16754, making appropriations for military construction for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1973 (passed 276-15).	NVF.
350	Sept. 5	H.R. 13089: To approve the conference report on the bill to provide for acceleration of programs for the planting of trees on national forest lands in need of reforestation (passed 303-1).	Yea.	383	do	H.R. 16754: On final passage of the bill making appropriations for military construction for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1973 (passed 292-13).	NVF.
351	do	H.R. 12350: To approve the conference report on the bill to provide for the continuation of programs authorized under the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964 (passed 223-97).	Nay.	384	do	H. Res. 1133: On adoption of the resolution authorizing the President to approve an interim agreement between the United States and U.S.S.R. with respect to limitation of strategic offensive arms (passed 307-4).	NVF.
352	Sept. 6	H. Res. 1106: On adoption of the resolution expressing the sense of the House on the tragic killings of the Israeli Olympic team members at the 20th Olympiad at Munich (passed 346-0).	Yea.	385	Sept. 26	Quorum call	Present.
353	do	H.R. 13514: On passage of the Wheat Research and Promotion bill (defeated 122-235).	Nay.	386	do	H.R. 1121: On final passage of the bill to establish the Gateway National Seashore in the States of New York and New Jersey (passed 350-4).	Yea.
354	Sept. 7	Quorum call	Absent.	387	Sept. 27	H.J. Res. 1306: To approve the joint resolution making further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 1973 (passed 351-4).	Yea.
355	do	H.R. 2: To approve the conference report on the bill to establish a Uniformed Service University of the Health Sciences (passed 309-13).	NVF.	388	do	H.R. 16012: On passage of the bill to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to construct, operate, and maintain various Federal reclamation projects (passed 293-64).	Yea.
356	Sept. 11	Quorum call	Absent.	389	Sept. 28	Quorum call	Absent.
357	do	H.R. 15550: On a motion to recommit to the Committee on the District of Columbia the bill conveying to the city of Alexandria, Va., certain lands of the United States (passed 213-38).	NVF.	390	do	H.R. 13694: On an amendment to the joint resolution establishing the American Revolution Bicentennial Commission that would have specified that all decisions would be made by the full commission in lieu of an executive committee (defeated 145-182).	NVA.
358	Sept. 12	Quorum call	Present.	391	do	H.R. 13694: On passage of the bill to amend the joint resolution establishing the American Revolution Bicentennial Commission (passed 300-19).	NVF.
359	do	H.R. 16188: On a motion to recommit to the Committee on the Judiciary the bill amending the Immigration and Nationality Act (defeated 53-297).	NVA.	392	Oct. 2	Quorum call	Absent.
360	Sept. 13	H. Res. 1115: On adoption of the "rule" under which to consider H.R. 15495, military procurement authorization for fiscal year 1973 (passed 347-23).	Yea.	393	do	do	Do.
361	do	H.R. 15495: To approve the conference report on the bill for military procurement authorization for fiscal year 1972 (passed 336-43).	Yea.	394	do	do	Do.
362	do	H.R. 14896: To approve the conference report on the Child Nutrition Act (passed 379-0).	Yea.	395	do	H.R. 16742: On a motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill to amend sec. 4 of the Internal Security Act of 1950 (defeated 230-140) a 2/3 vote being necessary.	NVF.
363	do	H. Res. 1114: On adoption of the "rule" under which to consider H.R. 16593, making appropriations for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1973 (passed 342-34).	Yea.	396	do	H.R. 15276: On a motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill to amend sec. 591(c) of title 18, U.S. Code, in order to exclude corporations and labor organizations for the scope of the prohibitions against Government contractors in sec. 611 of title 18 (passed 249-124).	NVF.
364	Sept. 14	Quorum call	Absent.	397	do	H.R. 16191: On a motion to suspend the rules and pass the Anti-Hijacking Act of 1972 (passed 354-2).	NVF.
365	do	H.R. 16593: On an amendment to the Defense Appropriations bill which added \$100,000,000 of funds transfer authority for the further use of civilians in KP duties (passed 265-116).	NVF.	398	do	H.R. 15859: To suspend the rules and pass the bill authorizing assistance for planning, development and initial operation, research, and training projects for systems for the effective provisions of health care services under emergency conditions (passed 244-122).	NVF.
				399	Oct. 3	Quorum call	Present.
				400	do	do	Do.
				401	do	H.R. 16645: On an amendment to the bill to provide for the construction of a civic center in the District of Columbia which sought to delete language providing for the Dwight D. Eisenhower Memorial Bicentennial Civic Center (defeated 183-199).	Yea.
				402	do	H.R. 16645: On an amendment to the bill to provide for the construction of a civic center in the District of Columbia which prohibits construction of the civic center unless approved by the Senate and House Committees on the District of Columbia and Appropriations (passed 250-137).	Yea.

VOTING RECORD OF BURT L. TALCOTT OF THE 12th CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA—Continued

Roll-call No.	Date	Measure, question, and result	Vote	Roll-call No.	Date	Measure, question, and result	Vote
403	Oct. 3	H.R. 16645 (S. 3943): On passage of the bill to provide for the construction of a civic center in the District of Columbia (passed 210-169).	Nay.	430	Oct. 12	Quorum call	Present.
404	do	H.R. 7130: On a motion to disagree to the amendments of the Senate to the Fair Labor Standards Act and ask for a conference with the Senate (defeated 188-196).	Nay.			H.R. 16987: On a motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill authorizing appropriations for fiscal year 1973 for certain maritime programs of the Department of Commerce (passed 350-3).	Yea.
405	Oct. 4	Quorum call	Present.	432	do	H.R. 14370: To approve the conference report on the State and Local Fiscal Assistance Act of 1972 (passed 265-110).	Yea.
406	do	H. Res. 1142: On ordering the previous question on the resolution conferring authority on the Speaker to entertain motions to suspend rules and waive the rule requiring a 3/4 vote for consideration of reports from the Committee on Rules on the same day reported during the period Oct. 10, 1972 (passed 214-171).	Nay.	433	do	H.R. 14370: On a motion to the State and Local Fiscal Assistance Act of 1972 to place a \$2½ billion ceiling on social service grants (passed 281-86).	Yea.
407	do	H.R. 15927: To override the President's veto of the bill amending the Railroad Retirement Act of 1937 (passed 353-29).	Yea.	434	do	H.R. 16593: To approve the conference report on the bill making appropriations for the Department of Defense for fiscal year 1973 (passed 316-42).	Yea.
408	do	S. 2770: To approve the conference report on the bill to amend the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (passed 366-11).	Yea.	435	do	H.R. 16754: To approve the conference report on the bill making appropriations for military construction for fiscal year 1973 (passed 333-10).	Yea.
409	do	S. 1316: On an amendment to the Federal-State Meat and Poultry Inspection bill which provides for Federal Inspectors to report results of their inspections of State-regulated plants to the State administrative agency (passed 188-149).	Yea.	436	do	H.R. 14989: To approve the conference report on the bill making appropriations for the Department of State, Justice, and Commerce, the Judiciary, and related agencies for fiscal year 1973 (passed 333-3).	Yea.
410	do	S. 1316: On a motion that the Committee of the Whole House "do now rise" and report the Federal-State Meat and Poultry Inspection bill back to the House with the recommendation that the enacting clause be stricken out (passed 172-170).	Nay.	437	do	H.R. 10729: To approve the conference report on the bill to amend the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (passed 198-99).	Yea.
411	do	S. 1316: On agreeing to the motion to strike the enacting clause from the Federal-State Meat and Poultry Inspection bill (passed 172-169).	Nay.	438	Oct. 13	Quorum call	Absent.
412	Oct. 5	Quorum call	Absent.	439	do	H. Res. 1153: On adoption of the resolution amending the rules of the House of Representatives with respect to House consideration of certain Senate amendments, to provide for the delegates from Guam and the Virgin Islands (passed 281-57).	NV
413	do	do	Do.	440	do	H.R. 16654: On a motion to agree to the amendment of the Senate making appropriations for the Departments of Labor, Health, Education, and Welfare for fiscal year 1973 (passed 289-41).	NVF.
414	do	H. Res. 1145: To order the previous question on the "rule" under which to consider H.R. 16656, the Federal Aid to Highways Act (passed 200-168).	NVF.	441	do	Quorum call	Absent.
415	do	H.R. 16656: On an amendment to the Federal Aid to Highways Act that sought to strike language which would prohibit judicial review of administrative actions relating to the construction of the Three Sisters Bridge (defeated 125-173).	NVF.	442	do	S. 1478: On a motion to suspend the rules and pass the Toxic Substances Control Act of 1972 as amended (passed 240-61).	NVF.
416	do	H.R. 16656: On passage of the Federal Aid to Highways Act (passed 263-30).	NVF.	443	do	H.R. 7287: On a motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill to prohibit trading in Irish potato futures on commodity exchanges (defeated 116-150).	NVA.
417	Oct. 10	Quorum call	Present.	444	Oct. 14	On approval of the Journal of proceedings for Oct. 13, 1972 (passed 248-3).	NVF.
418	do	H. Res. 1149: On adoption of the "rule" under which to consider H.R. 16810, to provide for a temporary increase in the public debt limit and to place a limitation on expenditures and net lending for fiscal year 1973 (passed 309-65).	Yea.	445	do	H.R. 17034: To approve the conference report on the bill making supplemental appropriations for fiscal year 1973 (passed 250-15).	NVF.
419	do	Quorum call	Present.	446	do	Quorum call	Absent.
420	do	H.R. 16810: On an amendment to the Public Debt Limitation bill that sought to require the President to tell Congress by Jan. 2 what spending cuts he would make to bring down the 1973 budget expenditures to \$250,000,000,000 and require Congress to consider legislation dealing with the proposed budget cuts (defeated 167-216).	Nay.	447	do	H.R. 12006 (S. 2318): On a motion to suspend the rules and pass the Longshoremen's and Harbor Worker's Compensation Act as amended (passed 198-71).	NVF.
421	do	H.R. 16810: On passage of the bill to provide for a temporary increase in the public debt limit and to place a limitation on expenditures and net lending for fiscal year 1973 (passed 221-163).	Yea.	448	do	H. Res. 1147: On adoption of the resolution authorizing overseas travel by the Committee on Public Works (passed 202-46).	NVF.
422	Oct. 11	H. Res. 1156: On adoption of the "rule" under which to consider H.R. 17034, making supplemental appropriations for fiscal year 1973 (passed 345-19).	Yea.	449	do	S. 4062: On a motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill providing for acquisition by the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority of the mass transit bus systems engaged in scheduled regular route operations in the National Capital area (passed 184-60).	NVPF
423	do	H.R. 16654: On a motion to lay on the table a motion instructing House conferees to insist on House language which forbids salaries for Federal employees who inspect firms employing 15 or less employees for compliance with the Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (passed 197-167).	Nay.	450	do	Quorum call	Absent.
424	do	H.R. 17034: On passage of the bill making supplemental appropriations for fiscal year 1973 (passed 362-11).	Yea.	451	do	H.J. Res. 1331: To approve the joint resolution making further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 1973 (passed 163-73).	NVF.
425	do	H.R. 16924: On passage of the bill revising the special pay structure relating to members of the uniformed services (passed 337-35).	Yea.	452	do	H. Res. 1166: On a motion to suspend the rules and pass the resolution agreeing to the amendment of the Senate to H.R. 16071, to amend the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 with amendment (passed 155-64).	NVF.
426	do	Quorum call	Present.	453	do	Quorum call	Absent.
427	do	H.R. 16724: On a motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill providing for acquisition by the Washington Metropolitan Area Transit Authority of the mass transit bus systems engaged in scheduled regular route operations in the National Capital area (defeated 226-129) a 3/4 vote being necessary.	Yea.	454	Oct. 17	do	Do.
428	do	H.R. 6482: On a motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill to provide for the regulation of strip coal mining, for the conservation, acquisition, and reclamation of strip coal mining areas (passed 265-75).	Yea.	455	do	H.R. 1: To approve the conference report on the Social Security Amendments of 1972 (passed 305-1).	NVF.
429	do	S.J. Res. 247: On a motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill extending the duration of copyright protection in certain cases (passed 208-92).	Yea.	456	do	H.R. 16810: To approve the conference report on the bill to provide for a temporary increase in the public debt limit and to place a limitation on expenditures and net lending for fiscal year 1973 (passed 166-137).	NVF.
				457	do	H.J. Res. 1331: To approve the conference report on the bill making further continuing appropriations for fiscal year 1973 (passed 188-80).	NVF.
				458	Oct. 18	Quorum call	Absent.
				459	do	S. 2770: On reconsideration of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act Amendments of 1972 to pass the measure, the objections of the President to the contrary notwithstanding (passed 247-23).	NVF.
				460	do	H. Con. Res. 726: On adoption of the resolution providing for a sine die adjournment of the 2 Houses of Congress on Wednesday, Oct. 18, 1972 (passed 239-21).	NVF.
				461	do	Quorum call	Absent.
				462	do	do	Do.

THE PENDING CRISIS IN MEAT PRICES

HON. CHARLES A. VANIK

OF OHIO

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, January 11, 1973

Mr. VANIK. Mr. Speaker, in the 92d Congress, I sponsored legislation to repeal the Meat Import Quota Act of 1964. After

the introduction of that legislation, the President temporarily suspended meat supply restrictions which were enacted in 1964. That suspension was recently extended for all of 1973.

Nevertheless, as can be seen from Labor Department wholesale price statistics released Tuesday, food prices, including feed grain prices, which have a major long-term impact on meat prices, are increasing to record levels.

We all appreciate the need for an adequate income to American farmers. But the simple fact is that the supply of meat is inadequate at prices which large families and low-income families can afford. This shortage, which is worldwide, will become more acute in the years ahead.

Foreign meat is tougher, leaner, lower grade than U.S. meat. It is almost exclusively of the processing meat variety—hamburger, hot dog, and sausage. It is the

type of meat primarily used by large and low-income families. It is generally not competitive with domestic meat which specializes in choice, tender steaks and roasts.

Temporary suspension of meat supply restrictions does not appreciably increase the supply of this cheaper priced processing meat. Foreign producers will not substantially alter their production and shipping plans for what appears to be a temporary change in the American market—a market which may be suddenly restricted by the stroke of a pen. For example, Australia, one of our principal trading partners, requires its ranchers to sell 1 pound of meat in the world market for every 2.5 pounds sold in the American market—even though they would rather sell more in the American market. The temporary relaxation of

import quotas will not substantially increase meat supplies since producers must plan years ahead to increase herds to meet American needs.

The low-grade meat supply situation is reaching crisis proportions. The attached table shows the picture. The prices quoted are from the American wholesale market. In almost every case they show record highs—prices higher than last year and prices which will soon be reflected in the retail grocery stores. Even worse, these figures show proportionately greater price increases in the lower grades of meat. Indeed, we can expect these prices to go higher as the full cost of more expensive feed grain affects the American market.

In reading the table, the following facts stand out. First, the prices of Aus-

tralian processing meat, the type used in hamburger and other cheaper cuts, has risen between 8 and 13 percent in the 7 weeks between mid-November and January 5. Second, these traditional low-priced meats, both domestic and imported, are increasing in price much more rapidly than the choice domestic cuts—though even those cuts are moving to record highs.

To insure an increased supply of processing meat—so desperately needed by millions of American families—it is vital that the Meat Import Quota Act be permanently repealed.

It is my hope that the Ways and Means Committee will hold hearings on this bill and take action to prevent meat from being driven off the American dinner table. The referred to table follows:

BEEF PRICES, 1972¹

	August 1971	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Jan. 5
Choice:														
Steers, 6/700	53½	57½	55½	54½	53½	55½	58½	57½	54½	52½/53	51/51½	50	57/57½	60
Trimmed loins, 40/50	98	80/81	88	89/90	87	97/98	1.02/1.03	97/98	92/93	80/81	81	78/79	86/87	88
Ribs, 30/35	74	79	73/74	73	65	70	75/76	73	73/74	63/64	65	70	79/80	77/78
Processing:														
Full carcass, bull, fresh	70	71	75	74	74½	75	75	75½	76/76½	76½	77	77	77½	79
Full carcass cow, fresh	67½	67	71/71½	73	72½	73/73½	74	74½	75	76	75	74½/75	75½	77½
Boneless beef, fresh, 90 percent lean	65	65½	69½/70	72	71/72	72½	73½	74	74½	74½/75	73½/74	72½/73	73/73½	75½/76
Boneless chucks, fresh	66	66	70/71	72	71/72	72½	73½/74	74	75	75/75½	75	74/74½	75	77
Trimnings, 85/90	61	60½	67/68	68	67/68	68½/69	69	69	69	69/69½	68½	67/67½	67	70½/71
Imported:														
Cow, 90 percent	61½	63/63½	63½	65½	67½	68/68½	70	68½	67½/67¾	66/67	67	67½/67¾	71	76¼
Bull, 90 percent	63½	65	66	67	69	69½/70	72½	71½/72	71	71/71½	71½	71½/72	74½	78
Shank meat	64½	65½	66	67	69/69½	69½/70	72½	71½/72	71	70/71	70/70½	71/71½	74/74½	77/77½

¹ Domestic Meats, f.o.b. Chicago. Imports ex dock, port-of-entry as listed, national provisioner yellow sheets about the middle of each month.

² Average prices during 30 days prior to Aug. 14, 1971.

REDUCTION OF THE U.S. CARRIER FORCE PROPOSED

HON. JEROME R. WALDIE

OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, January 11, 1973

Mr. WALDIE. Mr. Speaker, the following article written by William Bradshaw of Oakland, Calif., comes in response to my entry in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, volume 117, part 24, page 31868, entitled "Reduction of the U.S. Carrier Force Proposed."

Mr. Bradshaw takes issue with the contention that aircraft carriers are costly, ineffective components in our national defense system. He argues instead that the aircraft carrier, because of its great mobility and tremendous "firepower" capacity, is essential not only in providing for America's security but in maintaining the strength of our Merchant Marine as well.

The article follows:

DISCUSSION ON "REDUCTION OF U.S. CARRIER FORCE PROPOSED," CONGRESSIONAL RECORD ENTRY BY HON. JEROME R. WALDIE, SEPTEMBER 14, 1971

After reading the inane report by Mr. Gerald W. Thompson, my first inclination was to compile documentation supporting the critical need for our carrier forces. This would involve the employment during World War II and in subsequent crises where our projected strength was necessary. I have attached several pertinent articles at the end of this discussion which you may find of interest.

I was surprised that you omitted any reference to any credentials which Mr. Thompson may possess. His statements appear to be predicated on "scare" tactics as opposed to any semblance of reason. What expertise does this so-called "expert" have, if any?

His final conclusion that carriers could serve as "tripwires for nuclear warfare" is a ridiculous hypothesis. His arguments certainly aren't valid. I am well aware of the vulnerability of carriers. But, any weapons system, when speaking in relative terms, is vulnerable. However, vulnerability certainly doesn't constitute justification for not having them. When Mr. Thompson speaks of "zero capability," he seems to show a disregard for operational commitments. While an aircraft carrier can sustain a certain amount of damage as a result of a fire or explosion, this does not necessarily render her incapable of performing her mission. While immediate shipyard repair may be desirable, operational commitments may dictate otherwise. Feasibility plays an important role here. Even though carriers are somewhat vulnerable, this shouldn't be the only determining factor when speaking of maintaining a carrier force. There is not much point in belaboring the vulnerability issue—as it should only be a secondary consideration.

It is quite apparent that Mr. Johnson is lacking with respect to the necessity of keeping carriers in our Navy. He doesn't seem to be aware of the need as it relates to the increased seapower projection by the Soviet Navy.

The Secretary of the Navy, Mr. John W. Warner, recently announced that an aircraft carrier is being constructed in Russia. I wonder: If aircraft carriers are not essential, then why are they building one?

The obvious need for carriers has been recognized by many noted authorities. Among

them is Vice Admiral Gerald E. Miller, who stated, "Because we haven't been challenged on the seas for so many years, people have forgotten why we built carriers in the first place. We built them to sink ships. Now there is another navy on the waters again. You can't handle them with land-based aircraft alone." The most cogent part of the Admiral's statement comes when he says, "The aircraft carrier is the one thing that gives us the edge. The carrier program that we have is the big equalizer—that still enables us to maintain a good control of the seas." That "margin of safety" gives us some superiority over the USSR, although that may be short-lived. Although Avis is Number 2, I don't particularly relish that position for the United States.

Another point in the carrier discussion relates to the fact that the United States is rapidly losing many of our air bases around the globe. The need for mobility is most apparent. With the loss of these bases goes the costs involved in operating them. This means that the funds can be redirected towards carrier construction and operational costs.

Unfortunately, and to the detriment of our national security, many people drop their jaws when they hear of the construction costs for carriers—yet do not look at the total picture. Mr. Thompson didn't concern himself too much on the cost considerations—although it may have been on his mind. This thought is generally the first area of concern to most critics. It is unfortunate that Mr. Thompson argued the issue solely on the vulnerability of the carrier. He completely "missed the boat" with respect to the definite need.

In the July 1971 issue of the U.S. Naval Institute Proceedings, Captain Wynn V. Whidden (USN) wrote of the capabilities

and employment of the Soviet Navy. He says, "It has been transformed rapidly into an offensive force designed to counter the U.S. Navy on the high seas. For the first time, the Soviet Navy is being used to project the political power of the U.S.S.R." On the basis of this alone, we must accept the challenge.

To further put this into perspective, I would like to quote Mr. Siegfried Breyer from the "Guide to the Soviet Navy." He says, "The fact that the Soviet Navy has no aircraft carriers limits the maritime capability of the Soviet Naval Forces." He further alludes to the Soviet pronouncements that large ships (by which they mean aircraft carriers) are outdated and worthless.

Obviously, such pronouncements take on a psychological consideration with respect to their shortcomings and attacking the enemy's feeling of superiority. Mr. Breyer also stated, "The Western World was taken by surprise when the MOSKVA (helicopter carrier) made her appearance in 1968." The Russians are just full of little surprises.

Mr. Waldie, there are many people who are more qualified than myself to discuss the merits of our carriers. In this area, you may be interested in an entry in the Congressional Record (p. 11297) made by your colleague, Mr. Charles E. Bennett, on March 30, 1972. On an issue such as this, we must address ourselves to the advantages—yet still being aware of the limitations, make the necessary modifications to ensure greater aircraft carrier safety.

In addition to direct combat operations, our carriers are also essential to our maritime industry. The carriers would be augmenting those forces which would protect our merchant vessels during conventional war operations.

Your entry in the Congressional Record, volume 117, part 34, page 44437, serves as an indication of your concern for a strong merchant marine force. In your entry "Dwindling Sea Power," you stated, "But, Mr. Speaker, our nuclear submarine fleet is not the only area being threatened by Soviet superiority," and then you delve into the dismal deterioration of our maritime forces.

When speaking of our dependence on our maritime forces, we must always remember the direct relationship to our defense capabilities. This DOES include carriers!

Mr. Johnson's conclusions would lead me to believe that he would dispose of its potential accident capabilities.

Earlier I indicated that I would be attaching copies of some items which you may find of interest. They are enumerated as follows:

1. The Case for the Carrier (Naval Institute Proceedings, July 1971).
2. Reappraisal of the Fleet: Carriers + Air Capable (Navy Magazine, June 1971).
3. The Case for Carriers (Naval Aviation News, March 1972).
4. Carrier Employment Since 1950 (Naval Institute Proceedings, 1964).
5. Midway to Tonkin: A Generation of Carriers (Sea Power, June 1972).

Although not enclosed, the transcript "CVAN-70 Aircraft Carrier" provides some very interesting information. This is a Joint Congressional Committee report.

It is hoped that this little discussion will provide you with a few points to ponder when considering Mr. Johnson's biased, insane report.

In conclusion, I would like to attempt to relay a quote I heard a few months back with respect to the need for a strong maritime force. "A merchant marine force is to a country what a parachute is to a pilot—if you need it once and don't have it—then you'll never need it again!"

I rest my case, Mr. Waldie.

NUCLEAR WEAPONS IN ASIA?

HON. BELLA S. ABZUG

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, January 11, 1973

Ms. ABZUG. Mr. Speaker, our uneasiness grows by the hour as it becomes apparent that resumption of negotiations on Vietnam is just another decoy. Obviously, the fire of our recent bombing of Hanoi has forged to solid steel the determination of North Vietnam to insist on the original agreement. Surely Mr. Nixon did not expect the bombing to do anything else—not after all these years in which it has been demonstrated that fierce attack breeds only fierce resistance.

Dr. Kissinger says that the President has told him to "make one more major effort" to negotiate a settlement. What does that mean? If he makes this effort—or goes through the motions—and the North Vietnamese do not change their position—then what?

Presumably Mr. Nixon will then order renewed bombing of Hanoi and other cities. There is chilling fear in many hearts, that he will also order the use of nuclear weapons. His staff has already said that the United States will do "whatever must be done"—what does that mean? William P. Clements, Jr., told a Senate hearing this morning that the possible use of nuclear warheads is no longer ruled out.

It is difficult to believe that an American President would actively conduct a scorched earth policy; yet that seems to be precisely this man's intent. If North Vietnam is reduced to a pile of radioactive rubble, its citizens decimated, the theory goes, then President Thieu can have his way throughout the country as he has thus far in South Vietnam.

But the American public, having slowly become aware of the truth about Dictator Thieu, has now firmly rejected him and has rejected continued U.S. support for him. President Nixon was reelected because—and only because—he led the public to believe that we would withdraw our troops and our support for this shameful war.

When instead we resumed bombing, a worldwide outcry arose. The President treats this protest with contemptuous silence—refusing even to explain to congressional leaders, whatever reason he may have for betraying our hopes.

The situation becomes more incredible each day. Not only is this Nation conducting a one-man war in the absence of any declaration or purpose—our leader refuses even to tell us what he hopes to gain from his barbarous tactics.

He turns a completely deaf ear to the protests of clergymen, businessmen, leaders of every segment of American life: Repeatedly, then, they come to us in Congress as their only hope. For example, this week we all received a resolution supported by the majority of members of the Wisconsin State Legislature, calling upon Congress to "reassert control over foreign policy vested in the Congress of the United States by the Constitution." We are deluged with such mail.

The pessimists hold that there is nothing the Congress can do. Even if we were to pass legislation to cut off funds for the war, as my bill, H.R. 233, would do, pessimists say we would not have the votes to override a Presidential veto.

On the contrary, I believe that the Members of this Congress, like all other citizens of this country, are outraged beyond description. I believe we are finally determined not to let one man go on destroying our country in the process of destroying another. I believe that if we unite behind a specific measure such as H.R. 233 and give it full priority, we will succeed in restraining the terrifying evil unleashed in our name.

LEE HAMILTON'S WASHINGTON REPORT ON INDIANA'S HARVESTING CRISIS

HON. LEE H. HAMILTON

OF INDIANA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Thursday, January 11, 1973

Mr. HAMILTON. Mr. Speaker, under the leave to extend my remarks in the RECORD, I include my December 26, 1972, Washington Report entitled "Bad Weather and Fuel Shortage Brings a Harvesting Crisis":

BAD WEATHER AND FUEL SHORTAGE BRINGS A HARVESTING CRISIS

An extremely wet fall throughout the Midwest has created a harvesting crisis for farmers, and probably higher food costs for consumers.

At last report, about 45 percent of Indiana's corn crop and 40 percent of the state's soybean crop were unharvested. Continued adverse weather conditions pose potential losses in spoiled grain of \$200 million for Indiana farmers alone.

Many Ninth District farmers have reported to me substantial crop losses because of wet or snow-clogged fields and spoiled grain. Across the nation, prices are rising dramatically for wheat, corn and soybeans, partly because of the bad weather. High wheat prices will influence the price of bread and other wheat products, and higher corn prices will make it more expensive for farmers to feed their livestock. Subsequent increases in the price of eggs, poultry and meat can be expected.

Another serious impact of the cold, wet fall in the Midwest is the fuel shortage which has shut down grain elevators, caused farmers to dump millions of bushels of corn in the streets, and manufacturers in some areas to close operations or operate on a day-to-day basis. Available gas is allocated first to hospitals and homes, then to industry and finally to farmers. When farmers are able to get into their fields, they have been bringing out grain of high moisture content, and efforts to dry it to the proper moisture levels for storage or shipping add to the drain on gas supplies.

In Indiana, it is estimated that about half the drying operations are not operating. Many grain elevators are either shutting down their grain drying operations, or are drying grain on fewer days each week because of the gas shortage.

Some consequences of the wet fall may not be known until next spring. The wet season has curtailed the planting of winter wheat, and fall plowing is far behind schedule. There is growing concern, too, about the deterioration in the quality of seed, particularly soybean seed, for next spring's planting. All these factors complicate the tasks of Indiana farmers, who must begin now to plan for next year's operations.

The Office of Emergency Preparedness, which has set up a center in Washington, D.C., to monitor the shortage, reports the threat of fuel shortages in the Midwest is the gravest it has observed. Ironically, supplies of propane gas are available in the Western oil-producing states, but the means to distribute it—either by pipeline or tank car—are in short supply. After considerable Congressional pressure, efforts are underway to find ways of getting propane gas to the Midwestern states for crop-drying efforts.

In Indiana, an inventory is now being taken by the Farmers Home Administration to determine the extent of the harvesting losses, and whether an emergency should be declared in those counties suffering the most severe losses. Under present time schedules, this survey is to be continued through the months of December and January before a recommendation is to be made to the Secretary of Agriculture for an emergency declaration. I have contacted the Secretary of Agriculture to urge that the process be accelerated.

Such action would permit farmers in emergency counties to qualify for low-interest, stay-in-business loans. Eligible farmers in designated counties would be those who lost more than 20 percent of their major crop, or more than 10 percent of their entire crop production if they have no major crop.

The procedure to have an emergency declared in designated counties differs from a declaration of disaster, which is made by the governor. A disaster declaration normally follows an act of nature in which public services are knocked out, the public health is endangered, and homes and public facilities are damaged or destroyed.

HARRY S. TRUMAN—OF THE PEOPLE AND FOR THE PEOPLE

HON. WRIGHT PATMAN

OF TEXAS

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, January 9, 1973

Mr. PATMAN. Mr. Speaker, over 27 years ago—April 12, 1945, to be exact—in a small private room in the Capitol, Speaker Sam Rayburn and Vice President Harry Truman were talking things over as was their custom when a telephone call came through for Mr. Truman summoning him to the White House. It was learned later on that historic day that President Roosevelt had passed away in Warm Springs, Ga., and that Harry S. Truman, of Missouri, was now President of the United States. No other man in our history has been thrust into the position of ultimate national responsibility at so critical and difficult a period. President Truman himself realized

this full well when, in all humility, he said to the press the following day:

When they told me yesterday what had happened, I felt like the moon, the stars, and the planets had fallen on me.

The sterling quality of our 33d President was quickly revealed, however, as he promptly shouldered the heavy burden of war-time President displaying the strength, courage, and tenacity for which he later became world famous. Great office has a way of taking its toll, but Harry Truman, perhaps more than any of his predecessors, remained the same tough, independent, intensely human individual that his associates had known so well through all his years in public office. What is truly remarkable is the fact that Harry Truman's hard shell of political sagacity concealed a compassion that was worldwide and encompassed the entire human race.

The man that made the heartbreaking decision to bomb Hiroshima also conceived the Marshall plan that rebuilt the war-torn nations of Europe. His Americanism was intense; he made the decision to prevent Communist aggressors from overrunning South Korea, Greece, and Turkey—wherever the spark of democratic liberty offered hope for the future against totalitarian encroachment. In keeping with the sign on his desk, "The buck stops here," he made decisions and his Marshall plan did rebuild Europe; his policy of containment was successful in drawing a circle around communism and keeping it from achieving world supremacy; and his point 4 program strengthened underdeveloped nations and enabled them to resist the forces of aggression.

Throughout his career, Harry Truman served the people with courage and candor. He was frank and straightforward; his honesty had no taint of diplomatic guile; and Americans came to regard the man from Independence with deep and abiding respect, a wonderful tribute indeed. The statement he made some years after leaving office—"I never did give anybody hell. I just told the truth and they thought it was hell," in retrospect, says again, that Harry Truman was really above the arena of partisan politics. There was no credibility gap; people knew where he stood, and they knew he had their interests at heart.

Like our greatest Presidents, Harry Truman was a man of the people. He was not afraid of work and he knew from personal experience, what it was like to meet a payroll; he knew the day-to-day struggles of our farmers; he knew, from combat in World War I, the terrors and

the tragedy of war; he knew, from his 12 years as a county court judge, the problems and difficulties that people must cope with to keep going. His career of public service at the highest levels of National Government, had a core of tough but malleable humanism forged in the actual give and take of American society. His close identification with the average man was typified in a statement he made as a Senator in 1944:

Of course I believe in free enterprise but in my system of free enterprise, the democratic principle is that there never was, never has been, never will be room for the ruthless exploitation of the many for the benefit of the few.

It is impossible to overemphasize the enormous contribution which Harry Truman made to his Nation and the world. He himself, properly sized up the importance of strong leadership:

Men make history and not the other way 'round. In periods where there is no leadership, society stands still. Progress occurs when courageous, skillful leaders seize the opportunity to change things for the better.

Harry Truman proved the truth of this statement—he got things done, and he brought in the Truman era of progressive Americanism.

The thoughts we express today, in all probability, do not properly evaluate the historic stature of Harry Truman for only in recent years have historians and political commentators recognized the debt we all owe to the strong-minded and dedicated man from Missouri, and I am confident that his bulldog determination, his total commitment to the public interest, and his selfless dedication to peace and prosperity for all the people will be even more greatly respected with the passing of time.

In 1945, Harry Truman presented a scroll rewarding a "good public servant" and said at that time:

I hope that will be my epitaph.

It is indeed his epitaph for it is the sum of this philosophy in the context of an active working life, and the scholarship which gave depth to his extraordinarily perceptive comments. The Truman Library is a further dimension of this great President—it is a splendid and important historical center, but it is also a symbol of Harry S. Truman's lifelong devotion to the ideals of American democracy. Harry Truman was a great man because he was an indomitable human being with profound faith in humanity, which is to say he was of the people and for the people.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—Monday, January 15, 1973

The House met at 12 o'clock noon.
The Chaplain, Rev. Edward G. Latch, D.D., offered the following prayer:

Look unto Me and be ye saved, all the ends of the earth; for I am God and there is no other.—Isaiah 45: 22.

O Lord our God, grant that each one of us may be true to our own high calling and in so doing serve Thee more faithfully, love our fellow man more fully,

and seek the good of our country with more fidelity.

Have mercy upon this land of ours and so guide the destiny of our Nation that the power of Thy presence may be revealed and people learn to live together in peace and with good will.

Give understanding hearts and discerning minds to these leaders of our Republic that the safety and security of our citizens may be advanced.

Grant that by looking to Thee our love may be rekindled, our faith renewed, our strength restored, and our hope for a better world be revived.

In the spirit of Him who walked in Thy way we pray. Amen.

THE JOURNAL

The SPEAKER. The Chair has examined the Journal of the last day's pro-