

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—Wednesday, May 21, 1969

The House met at 12 o'clock noon.

Rev. Father Ward W. White, Vincentian Fathers House of Studies, Washington, D.C., offered the following prayer:

O God, You who have taught us to call You our Father, we need a father's care. We are tired, Lord, grant us energy. We are fearful, grant us courage. We are nearsighted, grant us vision. We are in turmoil, grant us peace. When we grow callous, teach us compassion. When we are tempted, teach us integrity. When we grow haughty, teach us true perspective.

Grant the Cuban people, Lord, a full share in Your courage, Your vision, Your peace, and that freedom without which human life is not fully human. This we ask in the name of the Lord Jesus. Amen.

## THE JOURNAL

The Journal of the proceedings of yesterday was read and approved.

## MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by Mr. Arrington, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate had passed without amendment bills of the House of the following titles:

H.R. 2948. An act for the relief of Maria Prescilla Caramanzana;

H.R. 3464. An act for the relief of Maria Balluado Frasca; and

H.R. 8188. An act to provide for the striking of medals in commemoration of the 100th anniversary of the founding of the city of Wichita, Kans.

The message also announced that the Senate had passed bills of the following titles, in which the concurrence of the House is requested:

S. 564. An act for the relief of Mrs. Irene G. Queja;

S. 620. An act for the relief of Richard Vigil; and

S. 1888. An act to change the composition of the Commission for Extension of the U.S. Capitol.

## THE CRISIS FOR THE AMERICAN FOOTWEAR INDUSTRY

(Mr. WYMAN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute, to revise and extend his remarks and include extraneous matter.)

Mr. WYMAN. Mr. Speaker, the present threat to the American footwear industry from foreign imports of shoes and leather now out-of-hand, is beyond the peril point. Unless action is taken now, this year, this quarter, to check the import flood there will be additional thousands of American shoe workers out of a job and additional closings of American shoe factories. An indication of the growing, dismaying number of closings of shoe plants appears in the Extensions of Remarks in this RECORD.

The 1968 figures on foreign footwear imports are truly shocking. In 1968 foreign imports rose from 87 million pairs

in 1967 to 175 million pairs—more than 100 percent. This is a substantial portion of the entire American consumption. U.S. footwear production is off nearly 10 percent for the first quarter of 1969 alone.

We who represent constituencies with a substantial shoe and leather employment are asking Members to sign a letter appealing to President Nixon to initiate immediate negotiation with principal foreign supplying nations directed toward the establishment of voluntary import limitations. Shortly our capable chairman, the distinguished Member from Massachusetts (Mr. BURKE) or myself, will present this letter to you for signature. It is a worthy cause, a meritorious appeal, and its objective is a valid and continuing concern to all Members whether or not they have constituents who are employed in the footwear industry.

I hope all Members will join in signing this urgent request of President Nixon for action now to help protect this important domestic industry.

## SGT. DALE K. LARSON

(Mr. HANSEN of Idaho asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute, to revise and extend his remarks and include extraneous matter.)

Mr. HANSEN of Idaho. Mr. Speaker, on March 25, 1969, and again on April 3, 1969, the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. FINDLEY) inserted in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD a list of the names of Americans who have lost their lives in the war in Vietnam.

The name of a fine young man from Idaho was apparently inadvertently omitted from that list. Sgt. Dale K. Larson, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Verl K. Larson of Burley, Idaho, was killed in Vietnam on November 12, 1968, while serving aboard a helicopter during a combat mission. Prior to his death, Sergeant Larson had served with valor and distinction in Vietnam, having volunteered for over 50 combat missions during the 4 months he was in Vietnam. Among the honors he received were the Air Medal with seven Oak Leaf Clusters and the Bronze Star.

I know my colleagues will want to join me in acknowledging the debt of gratitude owed by this Nation to Sergeant Larson for having paid the supreme sacrifice while in the service of his country and in extending to his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Verl K. Larson, and other members of the family, our sincere sympathy at their loss.

## PELLEY REISSUES CALL FOR COAST GUARD PROTECTION OF U.S. FISHERMEN OFF PERU

(Mr. PELLEY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute, to revise and extend his remarks and include extraneous matter.)

Mr. PELLEY. Mr. Speaker, the deterioration of relations between the United

States and Peru, coming on the heels of the seizure of another American fishing vessel last Friday, increases my concern over the upcoming fishing season off the Peruvian coast during which time a good number of U.S. fishermen will be working for tuna.

It is because of this concern that today I have requested that the President take the action necessary in providing Coast Guard protection off the Latin American coast for American fishermen.

This is not an idle concern, Mr. Speaker, because it is my thinking that as much as Americans on the high seas should be protected from illegal harassment and seizure, the rights of the coastal nation's 12-mile limit also should be protected. My request for the presence of our Coast Guard beyond the 12-mile limit is also to assure that our fishermen do not violate any international law, conservation agreement, or treaty.

Meanwhile, I again call to the attention of my colleagues my legislation which would cut off the importation to this country of fish and fish products from any country seizing U.S. fishing boats beyond the 12-mile limit and urge support of this measure as a means of getting these differences on fishing issues between the United States and Peru to a conference table where such matters as our historic rights on the seas can be properly discussed.

## PERMISSION FOR COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS TO FILE PRIVILEGED REPORT

Mr. STEED. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the Committee on Appropriations have until midnight Thursday, May 22, to file a privileged report on the Treasury-Post Office Departments appropriation bill for the fiscal year 1970.

Mr. JONAS reserved all points of order on the bill.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Oklahoma?

There was no objection.

## CALL OF THE HOUSE

Mr. HALL. Mr. Speaker, I make the point of order that a quorum is not present.

The SPEAKER. Evidently a quorum is not present.

Mr. ALBERT. Mr. Speaker, I move a call of the House.

A call of the House was ordered. The Clerk called the roll, and the following Members failed to answer to their names:

[Roll No. 57]

Anderson, III.	Chappell	Ford,
Anderson,	Chisholm	William D.
Tenn.	Clark	Frey
Baring	Clay	Gallagher
Barrett	Collier	Gialmo
Bates	Conyers	Green, Pa.
Bingham	Cowger	Hastings
Blatnik	Culver	Hathaway
Buchanan	Dawson	Hébert
Cahill	Dent	Heckler, Mass.
Carey	Edwards, La.	Helstoski

Hogan	Murphy, III.	Shiple
Howard	Ottlinger	Sisk
Joelson	Pollock	Skubitz
Kirwan	Powell	Smith, N.Y.
Lowenstein	Rallsback	Stokes
Lujan	Randall	Stratton
McCloskey	Reifel	Symington
McMillan	Riegle	Waggonner
Meskill	Rodino	Whalen
Mollohan	Rumsfeld	Wiggins
Morse	Sandman	
Murphy, N.Y.	Scheuer	

The SPEAKER. On this rollcall 367 Members have answered to their names, a quorum.

By unanimous consent, further proceedings under the call were dispensed with.

#### END THE SURTAX

(Mr. VANIK asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. VANIK. Mr. Speaker, yesterday before the Ways and Means Committee, Secretary of the Treasury David M. Kennedy and the Honorable Paul W. McCracken, Chairman of the President's Council of Economic Advisers, testified that President Nixon's proposal to extend the surtax would result in a budgetary surplus of \$6.3 billion. They also testified that a December 31, 1969, termination of the 10-percent surtax would result in a \$4.1 billion surplus while a September 30, 1969, termination of the 10-percent surtax would provide the administration with a balanced budget.

I oppose any extension of the surtax. It is quite evident that moderate revenue-producing tax reforms and the repeal of the investment credit can provide the administration with sufficient revenues to permit a balance in the 1970 budget. Termination of the surtax will stimulate aggressive action for revenue-producing reform.

Signs of a growing taxpayer revolt are evidenced throughout the Nation in the defeat of vital school and local issues. Under these circumstances, we must make every effort to lighten the taxpayers' burdens.

The termination of the surtax will provide needed and immediate relief.

#### CRITICAL OF FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

(Mr. FUQUA asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. FUQUA. Mr. Speaker, the Federal Trade Commission has undertaken drastic regulation of cigarette labeling and advertising without regard for the fact that this matter is under very serious consideration by the House Commerce Committee.

I personally oppose their action.

It seems to me that this is a slap at the Congress and is not in keeping with the proper function of our two governmental bodies.

This is the same course that the Federal Communications Commission took earlier this year.

It seems to me that when a matter is under active and very serious consideration by the Congress, then an agency

such as the Federal Trade Commission shows very poor judgment and lack of good taste in issuing orders which would promulgate actions which may or may not be enacted in such legislation.

But at the very least, the Federal Trade Commission should not have moved until the present Congress had had an opportunity to enact or reject legislation which is currently pending on this very subject.

It may be that the House Commerce Committee might recommend more stringent regulation or it may be that they will propose something entirely counter to the directive of the Federal Trade Commission.

The point is that Congress should have the time to act and that any Federal agency shows a lack of judgment and good taste when it usurps the lawmaking function of the Congress.

Regardless of the merits of the case, the Federal Trade Commission did not act properly in this instance. I think it is more reason than ever for the House Commerce Committee to get on with its deliberations and give the Members of the Congress an opportunity to express themselves on this subject.

#### PERSONAL ANNOUNCEMENT

Mr. BURLISON of Missouri. Mr. Speaker, yesterday's CONGRESSIONAL RECORD reflected that I was not present for the quorum call. This was an accurate reflection. I would like for the RECORD to state at this point the reason for my absence. I was in my home district in Missouri attending the funeral of an immediate member of the family.

#### SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATIONS BILL

(Mr. MILLER of Ohio asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute, to revise and extend his remarks and include extraneous matter.)

Mr. MILLER of Ohio. Mr. Speaker, I intend to cast my vote against the second supplemental appropriations bill for one reason—this will be the first and only opportunity Members of Congress have had to go on record against the recent exorbitant pay increases granted to Congressmen, the President, the Supreme Court, Federal judges, and other high Federal officials. I have consistently voiced opposition to these untimely and inflationary pay increases that were effected by a parliamentary subterfuge.

Let me state firmly that I realize the necessity of fully supporting our fighting men in Vietnam and I do endorse additional funds to provide the material and equipment needed for their operations. I also would support needed expenditures for other worthy Government programs that are funded in this bill.

I want to go on record as favoring the Government spending limitation to be imposed by this bill. I personally believe the ceiling should be set at a much lower level, but the concept of definite spending controls is highly desirable and long overdue. Congress should insure that the Government lives within its means. An

expenditure ceiling is a step in this direction.

The pay raise issue outweighs the merits of the necessary and beneficial programs for which additional funds are required. A more responsible procedure would be a separate vote on the appropriations for the pay raises and I will support all efforts to remove the pay raise provisions from the bill for a separate vote. Should such efforts fail, I will have no choice but to vote against the entire package.

#### PROVIDING FOR THE WAIVER OF POINTS OF ORDER AGAINST TITLE IV OF H.R. 11400

Mr. COLMER. Mr. Speaker, by direction of the Committee on Rules, I call up House Resolution 414 and ask for its immediate consideration.

The Clerk read the resolution, as follows:

H. Res. 414

*Resolved*, That during the consideration of the bill (H.R. 11400) making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1969, and for other purposes, all points of order against title IV of said bill are hereby waived.

Mr. COLMER. Mr. Speaker, I yield the customary 30 minutes to the minority, to the very able and distinguished gentleman from California (Mr. SMITH). Pending that I yield myself such time as I may consume.

Mr. Speaker, I shall not use all the time on this resolution. This is a rather unusual situation that we find ourselves in, parliamentarily speaking. We have debated the supplemental appropriation bill at some length under the privileged status of the Appropriations Committee. Now we come in with a resolution from the Rules Committee for one purpose and one purpose alone; that is, to waive points of order against a particular section of the bill.

Mr. Speaker, really, the legislative issue that is made in order here is a rather important one in my opinion and one which under different circumstances I should like to address myself to at some length but which I shall not do now.

The language that the rule waives the point of order against is found in title IV of the bill. Title IV of the bill places a ceiling upon the amount of the expenditures that the Chief Executive can make within the fiscal year. Now, that amount is, roughly, \$192 billion.

Frankly, Mr. Speaker, I am just a little surprised that the Chief Executive or the departments downtown have not raised some points of order themselves against this bill. But, I am very happy that they have not done so. I say that because here the burden of holding down expenditures is placed upon the President. In other words, he is placed in a straitjacket as it were. I do not think on the other hand, Mr. Speaker, that there is a great deal of difference in the manner in which this bill is supposed to be handled than the one last year under a previous administration. In the final analysis I think there is a great similarity in that the Chief Executive at that

time was somewhat placed in a strait-jacket also. However, Mr. Speaker, what I want to emphasize in these few remarks as I have done so many, many times on the floor of this House is the importance, yes, the necessity of cutting down on expenditures by the Federal Government.

Mr. Speaker, we hear a great deal about a tax revolt, and it is not being confined to the Federal Government by any means. I noticed that down in my great State some elections have been held recently for municipal offices which resulted in a considerable upheaval and people were thrown out of office who had held those offices for a long period of time. In my judgment that was a part of this reaction to high taxes that exist all over the country.

We, of course, here in the Congress set the pattern a long time ago and the States, the counties, the municipalities and the boroughs are falling in line. You cannot blame the people when we realize the very high taxes that we are extracting from them at every level of Government. In my opinion this upheaval, this general unrest among the taxpayers is going to not only continue, but it is going to accelerate. So what we are talking about here is the effort to place a ceiling upon the amount of money that can be expended and thereby apply the brakes to this ruinous inflation which threatens our entire economy.

Mr. Speaker, we might as well realize that it will cause some hardships, that it will cause some pet projects to go down the drain, and that it will necessitate some real sacrifices. But if we do not live up to this expenditure limitation—and in the final analysis the Congress is going to have to live up to it as well as the Executive—the control on unbridled spending can be wiped out, whatever good intentions there might be. It can be wiped out overnight through the simple method of supplemental appropriation bills such as the one we have here at this moment—so the Congress has its responsibilities as well as the Chief Executive.

Mr. Speaker, if anyone here on the floor is interested—and frankly, I am not sure that many are—I just want to emphasize a point which is of vital interest to the taxpayers. I was sitting here with a very able member on the staff of the Committee on Appropriations, a moment ago, and the discussion led to the amount of our national debt which as most of us know is now in the neighborhood of \$365 billion. But even more startling and more important is the fact that the second largest item of governmental appropriations is for the payment of interest on that debt.

Now, in answer to a question he pointed—and I do not know how many minutes I have been talking here, but let us say that I have been talking for 20 minutes—that the interest on the national debt is about \$31,000 per minute. Now, while I have been talking for 20 minutes, the interests on the national debt has increased \$620,000. Surely this should make all of us stop and consider whither we are headed.

Mr. Speaker, maybe we ought to stop, look, and listen. I just wanted to raise some warning signals again here this afternoon, for whatever they are worth, that some day down the line there is going to be a day of reckoning.

Mr. Speaker, who would have thought that we would have ever gotten to the point where we would be spending \$192 billion a year, 10 or 20 years ago? Yet now we are trying to limit that expenditure to these \$192,900 million.

Mr. Speaker, I have been over this so many times that I should not pursue it further.

Mr. JONAS. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. COLMER. I am happy to yield to my friend, but before I do, may I say that the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. JONAS), along with the gentleman from Texas (Mr. MAHON), the chairman of the committee, have both in my judgment done an excellent job of trying to apply the brakes here.

Mr. Speaker, I now yield to my colleague, the gentleman from North Carolina.

Mr. JONAS. Mr. Speaker, on behalf of the distinguished chairman of the committee, the gentleman from Texas, and also for myself I would like to express appreciation to the distinguished chairman of the Committee on Rules for his generous remarks. I agree with the gentleman from Mississippi that this spending limitation is going to create quite a burden for the executive branch of the Government.

It is already evident that the spending levels projected in the revised budget are too low. The gentleman from Mississippi mentioned the national debt and the interest on it. I think that before the year is over, we will find that the interest on the national debt will be substantially higher than it was estimated to be in the budget. Other examples could be cited but it is sufficient I think to remark that this limitation is going to be hard to live with.

While the revised budget is about \$4 billion under the original budget which we received in January, it nevertheless is about \$8 billion higher than the spending levels of 1969. In this respect I do not see how it can be regarded as austere. And as I frequently voted for spending limitations last year, and I offered several limiting amendments myself, I feel that I should vote for this one this year. To do otherwise, would put me in an inconsistent position and a "no" vote by me this year would be regarded as a relaxation of my feeling that substantial spending reductions are necessary if we are to win the battle against inflation and return to a sound fiscal policy, importance of the limitation of spending just because there has been a change in the administration downtown. Just as I supported and voted for and offered some of the amendments last year, I am supporting this spending limitation this year.

I would point out to those who are worried for fear the Government will run out of money under this spending

limitation that there always is the opportunity, as the gentleman from Mississippi has already explained, for the executive to come back to the Congress and submit a request and there will be opportunities all during the session for the Congress itself to impose some spending limitations on the individual appropriation bills as they come from our committee. We are going to have two on the floor next week.

So there is not any reason to be worried about the Government coming to an end because we impose this spending limitation.

This is an effort on our part to invoke some fiscal responsibility and to strike a blow for the economy which I think will be helpful to the Government and to the taxpayers of the country as well.

Mr. COLMER. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman certainly would agree with me, and this is one of the points I wanted to make and did make—that if this House—if this Congress wants really to have a confrontation with this situation that one of the best things it can do, if not the very best thing, is to stop authorizing new programs with built-in accelerations costs in them from year to year. I am sure the gentleman will agree.

Mr. JONAS. I agree with the gentleman 100 percent. I would go one step further. I will say that the first place to call a halt is on the authorizing bills. The second place is on appropriation bills which the committee reports and recommends to the House, and the third place is right here—this Chamber when the Members vote on final passage.

Mr. GROSS. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. COLMER. I yield to the gentleman from Iowa.

Mr. GROSS. Mr. Speaker, I commend the gentleman for his statement on the general subject of fiscal responsibility.

I wonder if the gentleman knows of a single bill providing for spending that has been brought before the House of Representatives up to this day and hour that has not called for increased spending?

Mr. COLMER. I would have to answer the gentleman in the negative.

Mr. GROSS. So that while the gentleman from Mississippi and the gentleman from Iowa fervently hope that this \$192,900 million ceiling, if imposed, will work—we hope it will work—but we hope for the best and fear the worst—would that be representing the thoughts of the gentleman from Mississippi?

Mr. COLMER. I will go along with my friend, as usual.

Mr. GROSS. The gentleman from Iowa will have to see better evidence than he has seen, however, in this session of Congress to convince him that this ceiling will have any meaning at all.

Mr. COLMER. I thank the gentleman. We can only hope and continue to try—otherwise we are lost.

Mr. ROGERS of Colorado. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. COLMER. I yield to the gentleman from Colorado.

Mr. ROGERS of Colorado. Did I cor-

rectly understand the gentleman to state that the proposed limitation is along the same line of that contained in the resolution we adopted at the last session of the Congress in which there was a cutback of \$4 billion? Is this similar to that?

Mr. COLMER. In effect, to my mind, yes.

Mr. ROGERS of Colorado. It is.

Mr. COLMER. In that we place a limitation.

Mr. ROGERS of Colorado. Is there any language to guarantee that the veterans will be paid their pensions under this setup, as was provided in the resolution in the 90th Congress, to which I referred?

Mr. COLMER. My understanding, I may say to the gentleman from Colorado, is that there no exemptions and no exceptions provided for in this bill. I know the gentleman is a very devoted friend of the veteran, as most of us are. I am rather happy that he used that illustration because, as I said, we are all for the veteran, and I put my record up against the gentleman's or anybody else's on that. But what I want to say to the gentleman from Colorado is that I believe firmly that the veterans of this country who bared their breasts to the enemy on foreign soil, who flew across the trackless oceans, and who are now dying in Vietnam are perfectly, and would be perfectly willing, if it came to that, to make some financial sacrifice as well as to offer their blood on the altar of their country. I am firmly of the opinion, that the man who is willing to defend his country on the battlefield is willing to make a little sacrifice, if it comes to that, on the homefront. Moreover, I believe that most, if not all, of our veterans would like to see the rest of us make a little sacrifice in order to save the country here on the homefront.

But permit me to say further, to the gentleman from Colorado, that I see no reason for concern here. It has been my observation in my long years of service here, that this Congress is always zealous of the interest of those who have fought the battles of this country in times of war. If it develops that this procedure which we are adopting here today to save the Republic from the enemy of inflation and that our veterans may be hurt, I am confident that this Congress will see that our veterans are not hurt.

Mr. ROGERS of Colorado. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield further on that point?

Mr. COLMER. I yield to the gentleman from Colorado.

Mr. ROGERS of Colorado. As I understand, in this Congress we have not as yet approved any of the 12 or 14 appropriation bills, that is, the regular appropriation bills.

Mr. COLMER. The gentleman is correct.

Mr. ROGERS of Colorado. It is anticipated that when July 1 comes, probably we shall not have approved half of them by that time, if any. If this resolution is adopted, at the coming of July 1, when we have a resolution to continue the

appropriations of last year, so to speak, how would this resolution be applied? Would it be applied in a reduction of a quarter of a billion dollars on last year? In what manner will it be applied if we have continuing appropriations?

Mr. COLMER. I think I can answer that question, but I would prefer to yield to the gentleman from Texas, the chairman of the Appropriations Committee, to answer the question and I would prefer that my friend from Colorado, for whom I have a high regard, would direct his technical questions to the chairman of the Appropriations Committee.

I yield to the gentleman from Texas.

Mr. MAHON. With respect to operations on and after July 1, 1969, for the agencies for which appropriation bills are not enacted into law by that time, there would, of course, have to be a continuing resolution. But we would act prior to that time—certainly in the House we hope to—on the independent offices appropriation bill, which usually contains the funds for the Veterans' Administration.

When we bring to the House a continuing resolution next month, the continuing resolution will be written in such a way as to take care of the situations which may be before us.

The \$192.9 billion ceiling which is placed on expenditures for next year by title IV, I might say, is, in the aggregate, about \$8 billion above the estimated total expenditure figure for the current fiscal year 1969.

There is another significant thing about this ceiling. This ceiling does not provide for any reduction whatever from the President's projected spending total. Last year, Congress made a \$6 billion cutback, and that had to be cut out of the hide of the budget. Title IV provides that the beginning ceiling of \$192.9 billion will increase or decrease, dependent upon what Congress does on the various spending bills involved, as they are considered. If Congress increases the budget on which the beginning ceiling figure is based, then the ceiling will go up; if the budget is reduced, then the ceiling is to be adjusted downward appropriately.

If there is a Member of this House who is not a friend of the veteran, or who has a spirit of ingratitude toward the veteran, I do not know who that Member is. I cannot see any thought or probability that any injustice will be done to the veterans. I, myself, will vote to provide any funds and will support any funds that are required or in any way reasonably justified before the Congress for such purposes. I think of all people who should have no concern about what Congress will do, the veterans are in the most secure position.

Mr. ROGERS of Colorado. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield further?

Mr. COLMER. I yield to the gentleman from Colorado.

Mr. ROGERS of Colorado. Mr. Speaker, the gentleman from Texas states that if it becomes necessary to have an extension—as we will, no doubt, have in certain areas—after July 1, as

we did last year when I think we went each month until November, if these things develop they will be taken care of at that time. Is it not possible we could put this kind of resolution for the continuation of appropriations over until that month?

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. COLMER. Mr. Speaker, I yield further to the gentleman from Texas.

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Speaker, when we have the continuing resolution before us next month, we can call before us the director of the Veterans' Administration or hear anyone else we need to, but we will make sure that the resolution is drawn in such a way that all needs are met for the returning veterans. Of course, there are accelerating costs and requirements. Everybody is in favor of taking care of them. There is no problem about taking care of that kind of thing.

Mr. ROGERS of Colorado. But what is wrong with postponing this resolution about the limitation until such time as it is actually before the House for consideration? This is a gestation of what we are going to say, of cutting down. Why do we not then and there, when the continuing resolution on the appropriations may be considered, make the determination rather than adopt this resolution at this time—which nobody seems to know exactly the meaning of?

Mr. MAHON. Everyone who will take the time to read the proposal, I think, will be able to ascertain what it means. It is on page 61 of the bill. I know the capabilities of the gentleman from Colorado. It is very plain here. It is a governmentwide proposal. It simply says:

Expenditures and net lending (budget outlays) of the Federal Government during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1970, shall not exceed \$192,900,000,000: *Provided*, That whenever action, or inaction, by the Congress on requests for appropriations and other budgetary proposals varies from the President's recommendations thereon, the Director of the Bureau of the Budget shall report to the President and to the Congress his estimate of the effect of such action or inaction on expenditures and net lending, and the limitation set forth herein shall be correspondingly adjusted.

Mr. ROGERS of Colorado. I wanted to ask the gentleman from Texas another question.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The gentleman from Mississippi has consumed 25 minutes.

Mr. COLMER. I thank the Chair.

I am sorry I cannot yield any further time to the gentleman from Colorado.

Mr. COHELAN. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. COLMER. I yield briefly to the gentleman from California.

Mr. COHELAN. I just want to make a quick announcement at this time. I do not oppose the rule. However, when the matter comes up for debate, I will introduce an amendment to strike title IV and I will make my arguments at the appropriate time.

Mr. TEAGUE of Texas. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. COLMER. I yield to the gentleman from Texas (Mr. TEAGUE) whatever time I have remaining.

Mr. TEAGUE of Texas. Mr. Speaker, I thank the gentleman from Mississippi. I will not need that much time.

Mr. Speaker, I have been very much disturbed about this legislation as it pertains to our veterans' program. We all know there is a war going on in Vietnam, but few people realize the impact of the Vietnam war on our veterans' program. Demands on every major program of the VA are up over last year. Listed are the comparisons between the first 9 months of fiscal year 1968 and fiscal year 1969:

GAINS IN KEY WORKLOAD ITEMS EXPERIENCED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF MEDICINE AND SURGERY DURING THE FIRST 9 MONTHS OF FISCAL YEARS 1968 AND 1969

Workload items	1st 9 months of—		Increase
	Fiscal year 1968	Fiscal year 1969	
Hospital care in VA and Non-VA facilities:			
Admissions	498,518	512,839	+14,321
Discharges	501,266	515,553	+14,287
Patients treated	615,209	623,131	+7,922
Average monthly turnover rate (percent):			
VA hospitals	54.7	59.8	+5.1
Non-VA hospitals	96.1	110.5	+4.4
Percent of VA hospital discharges to post-hospital care	46.4	47.3	+ .9
Nursing home care:			
Average daily census:			
Total	7,932	8,637	+705
VA	3,429	3,683	
Community	2,732	2,826	
State	1,771	2,128	
Patients treated (total)	17,035	18,661	
Outpatient visits, staff and fee:			
Total	4,828,397	5,115,076	+286,679
Compensation and pension	221,947	250,460	
Outpatient treatment	2,465,612	2,553,777	
Posthospital care	790,727	894,692	
Prebed care	64,566	72,227	
Need for hospital or domiciliary care	807,659	866,880	
All other	477,886	477,040	
Dental examinations (total)	482,916	504,959	+22,043
Staff	478,477	492,857	
Fee	4,439	12,102	
Dental treatment cases (total)	196,200	211,700	+15,500
Staff	189,855	198,926	+2,844
Fee	6,345	12,774	+6,429
Patients receiving new prosthetic appliances:			
Social work caseload (3d quarter average)	98,733	105,732	+6,999
Mental hygiene clinic (active cases Mar. 31)	70,414	74,319	+3,905
Clinical laboratory weighted work units	43,730,643	48,928,304	+5,197,661
Voluntary service man-hours (1st 6 months)	4,705,752	4,965,733	+259,981
Prescriptions filled	7,428,030	8,431,043	+1,003,013
Residents in training program (non-career):			
Physicians	3,515	4,000	+485
Dentists	56	66	+10
Interns in training:			
Physicians	374	506	+132
Dentists	45	60	+15

GAINS IN KEY WORKLOAD ITEMS EXPERIENCED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF VETERANS BENEFITS DURING THE FIRST 9 MONTHS OF FISCAL YEARS 1968 AND 1969

Compensation and pension: claims received	1,424,089	1,650,202	+226,113
Education:			
Applications and authorizations	1,574,062	2,019,517	+445,455
Counseling actions	133,226	155,773	+22,547
Loan guarantee:			
Appraisal requests	247,951	266,287	+18,336
Eligibility determinations	434,823	437,897	+3,074
GI loan applications	191,317	188,449	-2,868
GI loans closed	175,518	169,118	-6,400
Guardianship: Beneficiaries (total as of Mar. 31)	668,667	730,024	+61,357
Contact:			
Personal interviews	1,992,213	2,105,205	+112,992
Telephone interviews	3,238,510	5,025,607	+1,787,097
Administrative:			
Incoming mail	40,762,970	44,972,017	+4,209,047
Applications processed	457,708	565,982	+108,274
Folder lookups	18,631,179	20,329,494	+1,698,315

We get 75,000 new veterans discharged each month. Every single program the VA is in has gone up. Yet, we have not added a bed in a hospital. The VA hospital system is receiving the casualties directly from the military and this is a substantial added burden. Last year the VA hoped to get 4,000 additional employees for kidney machines and heart machines and intensive care, and so on. Instead of getting those 4,000, they were ordered to go back to the 1966 level, which meant getting rid of about 4,000 employees.

In the second session of the 90th Congress at the time the surtax was imposed, an agreement was reached between the Ways and Means Committee and the Senate Finance Committee that personnel levels in the Federal Government would be rolled back to the June 30, 1966, level. This was accomplished by section 201 of the Revenue and Expenditures Control Act of 1968.

When the provisions of the conference agreement came to our attention we found that every agency of the Federal Government was to be placed on a personnel reduction formula until the entire Federal Government reached the June 30, 1966, level. Since VA is a rapid turnover agency, the agency would have been required to remain on the reduction formula for approximately 30 months and would have cost approximately 30,000 employees. This would have led to the closing of at least 15 hospitals. The conference was reopened and a commitment was secured from the conferees and the Bureau of the Budget that the personnel ceilings would be applied agency by agency, therefore, VA was required to remain on the reduction formula until it reached its own June 30, 1966, personnel level which required the reduction of about 5,000 employees rather than 30,000.

VA has reached its June 30, 1966, level and was required to give up its request in the fiscal year 1968 budget for about 5,000 additional personnel mostly in medical which were needed to install new programs.

The Johnson budget was prepared under the assumption that the personnel ceiling would be removed, and the John-

son estimates contained funds for 3,587 additional employees in medical at a cost of \$31,567,000, an increase of 498 in medical and prosthetic research at a cost of \$5 million, an increase of 378 in the Veterans Benefits Office at a cost of \$3,200,000. The revised budget removed these recommended increases which, of course, are not needed unless the personnel ceiling can be removed.

I would remind the Members of this House that virtually all the legislation which has been enacted for veterans in recent years, and particularly that of the Vietnam era, has passed the Congress unanimously. We meant for these returning veterans to have the best that we could provide and this, Mr. Speaker, is going to cost some money, not only in benefits but in employee and personnel for the agency which administers these benefits. There is a greatly increased workload in all areas of the Veterans' Administration which deal with adjusted benefits. There is a backlog in the adjudication of claims, the highest which has existed since the end of World War II. If we vote in any way to curtail the activities of individuals processing these claims or the general administrative work of the Veterans' Administration, service which is already deplorable in some areas will decline even more and the Congress will be flooded with claims which in some instances will be justified, of unwarranted delays or lack of attention, and a general breakdown of handling of claims for compensation and pension, education, loan guaranty, insurance, and so forth.

Members should not forget, Mr. Speaker, that the casualties of the Vietnam war are being treated promptly in Veterans' Administration hospitals without the necessity of building a single new hospital. These new patients have been absorbed in the general workload of the Veterans' Administration and we are all happy and proud of that fact, but we cannot permit this agency in the middle of a war to suffer a cut that will impair its operations. The Subcommittee on Hospitals has just concluded a series of hearings in which every facet and phase of the hospital program of the Veterans' Administration has been carefully explored. The subcommittee heard eminent deans of outstanding medical schools, perhaps the best in the country, testify that the patient-employee ratio in the Veterans' Administration has reached shocking proportions, sometimes one-half, and in some instances one-third of what is found in well-run community hospitals or a hospital affiliated with a medical school. Without additional personnel and funds it will be necessary to provide further cutbacks in this great medical program which, I am sure, most of us upon mature reflection do not want to see occur.

Our Subcommittee on Hospitals also found great deficiencies in financial resources for research and medical education, both of which are vital if the type and quality of care which our veterans deserve is to be maintained.

Veterans organizations are concerned about this. The text of telegrams from veterans organizations are as follows:

The American Legion is gravely concerned about the ability of the Veterans Administration to carry out its mission to war veterans and their dependents unless that agency is exempted from the ceilings on budget expenditures for FY 1970 as proposed in Title 4 of H.R. 11400.

Some 70,000 new veterans, many of whom are disabled, are returning to civilian life each month from the Vietnam war. This, together with increasing workloads in benefits and service to all war veterans, is severely impairing VA's ability to effectively administer its programs. The cost of war and veterans benefits—a delayed cost of war—are essential obligations of our government.

The American Legion urgently recommends your support of an amendment to H.R. 11400 to be offered by Congressman Olin E. Teague to remove VA from spending and personnel ceilings so that the veterans program will not be further jeopardized.

HERALD E. STRINGER,  
Director, National Legislative Commission.

Veterans Administration will be unable to meet the many demands resulting from Vietnam war under the proposed ceiling for fiscal year 1970, as provided in H.R. 11400, supplemental VA appropriation bill. Urgently recommend your support and vote of Teague amendment which will eliminate ceiling on veterans programs.

RICHARD HOMAN,  
Commander in Chief, Veterans of Foreign Wars of the United States.

The 280,000 members of the Disabled American Veterans urge you to support an amendment to be offered by Congressman Olin E. Teague, exempting the Veterans Administration from the spending ceiling proposed in H.R. 11400. The increased demands on the Veterans Administration caused by the casualties of the Vietnam war and the need for updating legislation makes such an exemption essential for the welfare of America's disabled veterans.

CHARLES L. HUBER,  
National Director of Legislation.

AMVETS urge you to support the Teague amendment to H.R. 11400 which will exempt the VA from the ceiling on expenditures proposed under this legislation. The Vietnam war is creating 70,000 new veterans each month, as long as it continues this number will grow. Certainly our young, brave veterans are entitled to the full range of benefits already granted by the Congress in its wisdom and to proper service for their future needs. We call upon you to represent them now as unselfishly as they represented America in her most difficult war. There is no ceiling on death, injury or loss of civilian pursuits, how can there be a ceiling on the compassion of our country? AMVETS look to you to speak for the new veterans of this Nation.

JOSEPH V. FERRINO,  
National Commander.

MAY 20, 1969.

We support wholeheartedly the amendment you are going to offer today to H.R. 11400 to exempt the VA from the ceiling on expenditures proposed in this legislation. We have sent telegrams to key Members of Congress stating our support of this amendment.

VICTOR J. MILLER,  
National Commander, Veterans of World War One, U.S.A., Inc.

So this is the kind of situation we are in in the Committee on Veterans' Affairs. I appreciate very much the words of the chairman. I had an amendment, which I am not going to offer, with the understanding that when our veterans bill comes along they will give consideration to these facts.

It does not make any difference if Congress gives VA all the money on earth if VA does not have sufficient employees to run the hospitals and provide the care necessary and handle pending claims. On the other side, it does not make any difference to provide all the employees, without the money to pay for them.

In the other body, in the last couple of weeks, they have been very critical of the VA not doing enough to tell our veterans what is going on. The situation today is completely different from that of World War II. When the servicemen came home from World War II they sat around in barracks for a week, and had plenty of time to be counseled. Today, when they come back from Europe, Korea, or Vietnam, they are right out of the service.

What we have done is go to Vietnam to establish centers. The results have been very good. We should have information centers in Korea. We should have information centers in Germany.

The Veterans' Administration maintains a staff of 10 contact representatives at seven locations in Vietnam. As of April 30, 1969, a total of 718,164 soon to be discharged GI's had been oriented on their potential GI benefits. Since the inception of this program more than 77,000 personal interviews have been conducted and almost 30,000 actual applications for benefits have been filed by GI's before departure from Vietnam. VA representatives assigned to duty in Vietnam are all volunteers and their tours are for 6 months' duration. Two VA contact representatives have been killed in Vietnam while carrying out their responsibilities.

#### CONTACT ASSISTANCE IN MILITARY HOSPITALS

The VA is conducting a comprehensive bedside assistance program while wounded GI's are still hospitalized in 115 military hospitals. During fiscal year 1968 more than 7,000 visits were made to military hospitals and personal interviews were conducted with 61,867 disabled servicemen. Vocational rehabilitation applications totaled 20,269 and claims for compensation approximated 25,000.

#### CONTACT SERVICE AT MILITARY SEPARATION POINTS

Preparation group orientation on benefits is provided at 288 military separation points each month. During fiscal year 1968 almost 8,000 visits were made to these separation points by VA contact representatives, over 496,000 servicemen were oriented and 70,265 personal interviews were conducted.

#### LOCATIONS OF VIETNAM CONTACT CENTERS

Air Force: Tan Son Nhut, Bien Hoa, Cam Ranh Bay, and De Nang.  
Army: Cam Ranh Bay and Long Binh.  
Marine: De Nang.

Itinerant service: Phan Rang, Tuy Hoa, Phu Cat, Chu Lai, U.S. Naval Hospital, De Nang, and 29th Evacuation Hospital, Saigon.

Yet in this today there has been cut \$500,000 off this kind of program, when they have the biggest backlog they have had at any time in the VA program.

I want to say to the chairman that I will appear before your committee

when this budget comes along, because I do not believe they are treating the VA right.

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. TEAGUE of Texas. I am glad to yield to the gentleman from Texas.

Mr. MAHON. The main problem here, I believe, which the gentleman from Texas (Mr. TEAGUE) has so well presented, is that of personnel limitations which were fixed in section 201 of the Revenue and Expenditure Control Act last year.

Let me say that in appropriation bills this year for the fiscal year 1970, we will probably propose to recommend some set-aside of that provision of the law as to personnel. We have already included such a set-aside provision in the versions of the bills which have been marked up to date. We expect to report the first one tomorrow. So the personnel problem can, I feel confident, be handled selectively and appropriately.

With respect to the amount of funds needed, that will be a matter for the House to decide. I am sure all of us are going to give our veterans the benefit of the doubt and see to it that they get ample funds for the various veterans programs.

Let me read to the committee the provision on personnel that we would propose to include in the bill making appropriations for the Veterans' Administration. It reads:

Positions in the agencies covered by this Act—

Which would include the Veterans' Administration—

whether financed from funds contained in this Act or from other sources, may be filled during the fiscal year 1970 without regard to the provisions of Section 201 of Public Law 90-364—

That is the tax bill—

and such positions shall not be taken into consideration in determining numbers of employees under subsection (a) of that section or numbers of vacancies under subsection (b) of that section.

In other words, it sets aside the limitation on personnel which is in operation at this time, and which is permanent law. It is, as I said, prepared to include this provision in the bill for the forthcoming fiscal year. I believe this will meet the situation adequately as to personnel ceiling restrictions on the Veterans' Administration.

Mr. SMITH of California. Mr. Speaker, I yield myself such time as I may use.

Mr. Speaker, I believe the very distinguished chairman of the Committee on Rules, together with the colloquy which has taken place between the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. JONAS), and the other gentlemen, has ably explained this resolution which is pending before the House.

To some extent my understanding is just a little different, and I will mention that for what it may be worth.

I believe this is an unusual procedure, to handle it in this way today. It is necessary, for otherwise the resolution would have to lie on the desk for 24 hours, in order to have general debate.

I believe the approach of providing the

administration with a top ceiling is probably the first time that is has ever been placed into effect by the Congress, as to a ceiling limit for what they could spend. Last year we made them cut certain amounts, but this language, under title IV, will mean that they cannot spend more than \$192.9 billion.

Now, where I differ a little bit, if I understood the colloquy so far as the Veterans' Administration or anything else is concerned, is that this language does not apply to the action taken by the Congress of the United States. In our authorization bill for the veterans, we can exceed the money, in that authorization bill, that is set forth in the budget. If it is appropriated, that money can be spent, and the \$192.9 billion would be increased by whatever action Congress takes in authorizing and appropriating money over the budget top of \$192.9 billion.

I ask the gentleman from Texas (Mr. MAHON) is that not correct?

Mr. MAHON. The gentleman is entirely correct.

Mr. SMITH of California. In other words, we do not bind the Congress. We can come in next week and change this. We can repeal it. We can add to it. We can do whatever we want with any single authorization or appropriation bill, and the veterans will be taken care of when the independent offices appropriation bill comes in, after the authorizing legislation has been approved.

So other than that, Mr. Speaker, I think it is up to the Congress to cooperate. We have already taken one action in the maritime authorization bill, which increased the money over and above the budget request. That amount, if appropriated, will raise this ceiling by the difference between what the administration asked for and what this House of Representatives asked for last week. Next week we will have the space bill. A rule was granted on it yesterday. There is an additional amount in the space program, in the authorization bill, over and above the budget request. If that is approved by the House of Representatives and the Senate and if the money is appropriated over and above that figure, in my opinion, that will increase the \$192.9 billion. If I am not correct in that, I would like to have somebody straighten me out.

Mr. WAGGONNER. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. SMITH of California. I yield to the gentleman from Louisiana.

Mr. WAGGONNER. Mr. Speaker, I think the Committee on Appropriations and its chairman ought to be congratulated for the manner in which they are handling the spending ceiling this year. The chairman of the committee, the distinguished gentleman from Texas, and Mr. COLMER, the chairman of the Committee on Rules, and the ranking minority member of the Committee on Rules (Mr. SMITH) have explained in detail how this ceiling will work.

This ceiling limits the administration and the Bureau of the Budget, but it places no limitation on any action that the Congress might choose to take either to raise or to lower in any instance any

agency's budget. We all, to a man, share a sincere concern for our veterans. I know that this Congress is not going to be insensitive to the needs of our veterans or anyone else. We are doing a better job with placing a limitation on expenditures this year in this manner, in my personal opinion, than we did last year, because we placed too much of a burden for reducing expenditures on the executive branch of the Government and did not shoulder the responsibility in the legislative. We can raise or lower the budget any time we want to here in the Congress. It is up to the Congress, and that is where the responsibility ought to be.

Mr. FARBSTEIN. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. SMITH of California. I yield to the gentleman for a question.

Mr. FARBSTEIN. Would you agree that by labeling this as a limitation on appropriations it is a misnomer and actually it is solely a limitation on expenditures and not a limitation on appropriations?

Mr. SMITH of California. I do not think it is a limitation on appropriations.

Mr. FARBSTEIN. I admit it is not a limitation on appropriations but just on expenditures. You are calling it a limitation on appropriations, and this is a misnomer.

Mr. SMITH of California. I do not think the language says that. I do not think anybody says that. It is a limitation on the amount of money that the administration can spend in fiscal year 1970 unless Congress raises it or lowers it.

Mr. FARBSTEIN. The gentleman evidently agrees with me except that he uses more words than I to say so.

Thank you very much.

Mr. SMITH of California. It is going to be awfully tough for the administration under the present setup to live under this figure. Congress will have to help in every way that it can.

Mr. COLMER. Mr. Speaker, I move the previous question on the resolution.

The previous question was ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. EDMONDSON). The question is on the resolution.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. RYAN. Mr. Speaker, I object to the vote on the ground that a quorum is not present and make the point of order that a quorum is not present.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Evidently a quorum is not present.

The Doorkeeper will close the doors, the Sergeant at Arms will notify absent Members, and the Clerk will call the roll.

The question was taken; and there were—yeas 326, nays 53, not voting 54, as follows:

[Roll No. 58]

YEAS—326

Abbt	Anderson,	Ashbrook
Abernethy	Tenn.	Aspinall
Adair	Andrews, Ala.	Ayres
Adams	Andrews,	Beall, Md.
Addabbo	N. Dak.	Belcher
Albert	Annunzio	Bell, Calif.
Alexander	Arends	Bennett
Berry		
Betts		
Bevill		
Blaggi		
Blester		
Blackburn		
Blanton		
Blatnik		
Boggs		
Boland		
Bow		
Brasco		
Bray		
Brinkley		
Brook		
Brooks		
Broomfield		
Brotzman		
Brown, Mich.		
Brown, Ohio		
Broyhill, N.C.		
Broyhill, Va.		
Buchanan		
Burke, Fla.		
Burke, Mass.		
Burleson, Tex.		
Burlison, Mo.		
Burton, Utah		
Bush		
Button		
Byrnes, Wis.		
Cabell		
Caffery		
Camp		
Carter		
Casey		
Cederberg		
Celler		
Chamberlain		
Chappell		
Clausen,		
Don H.		
Clawson, Del.		
Cleveland		
Cohelan		
Collins		
Colmer		
Conable		
Conte		
Corbett		
Corman		
Coughlin		
Cramer		
Cunningham		
Daddario		
Daniel, Va.		
Daniels, N.J.		
Davis, Ga.		
Davis, Wis.		
de la Garza		
Delaney		
Dellenback		
Denney		
Dennis		
Devine		
Dickinson		
Diggs		
Donohue		
Dorn		
Dowdy		
Downing		
Duiski		
Duncan		
Dwyer		
Eckhardt		
Edmondson		
Edwards, Ala.		
Erlenborn		
Esch		
Eshleman		
Evans, Colo.		
Evins, Tenn.		
Fallon		
Fascell		
Feighan		
Findley		
Fish		
Fisher		
Flood		
Flowers		
Flynt		
Foley		
Ford, Gerald R.		
Ford,		
William D.		
Foreman		
Fountain		
Frelinghuysen		
Friedel		
Fulton, Pa.		
Fulton, Tenn.		
Fuqua		
Galifianakis		
Garzart		
Gettys		
Gialmo		
Gibbons		
Goldwater		
Gonzalez		
Goodling		
Gray		
Green, Ore.		
Griffin		
Griffiths		
Grover		
Gude		
Hagan		
Haley		
Halpern		
Hamilton		
Hammer-		
schmidt		
Hanley		
Hanna		
Hansen, Idaho		
Hansen, Wash.		
Harsha		
Harvey		
Hechler, W. Va.		
Henderson		
Hicks		
Hollifield		
Horton		
Hosmer		
Hull		
Hungate		
Hunt		
Hutchinson		
Ichord		
Jacobs		
Jarman		
Joelson		
Johnson, Calif.		
Johnson, Pa.		
Jonas		
Jones, Ala.		
Jones, N.C.		
Jones, Tenn.		
Karh		
Kazen		
Kee		
Keith		
King		
Kleppe		
Kluczynski		
Kuykendall		
Kyl		
Kyros		
Landgrebe		
Landrum		
Langen		
Latta		
Lennon		
Lippscomb		
Lloyd		
Long, La.		
Long, Md.		
Lowenstein		
Lukens		
McClory		
McClure		
McCulloch		
McDade		
McDonald,		
Mich.		
McEwen		
McFall		
McKneally		
Macdonald,		
Mass.		
MacGregor		
Madden		
Mahon		
Mailliard		
Mann		
Marsh		
Martin		
Mathias		
Matsunaga		
May		
Mayne		
Michel		
Miller, Calif.		
Miller, Ohio		
Mills		
Mink		
Minshall		
Mize		
Mizell		
Mollohan		
Monagan		
Montgomery		
Morgan		
Morton		
Myers		
Natcher		
Nelsen		
Nichols		
O'Konski		
O'Neill, Mass.		
Passman		
Patman		
Patten		
Pelly		
Perkins		
Pettis		
Pickle		
Pike		
Pirnie		
Poage		
Poff		
Preyer, N.C.		
Price, Tex.		
Pryor, Ark.		
Pucinski		
Purcell		
Quile		
Quillen		
Rarick		
Reid, Ill.		
Reid, N.Y.		
Rhodes		
Rivers		
Roberts		
Robison		
Rogers, Colo.		
Rogers, Fla.		
Rooney, N.Y.		
Rostenkowski		
Roth		
Roudebush		
Roybal		
Ruppe		
Ruth		
St Germain		
St. Onge		
Satterfield		
Saylor		
Schadberg		
Scherle		
Schwengel		
Scott		
Sebellius		
Shriver		
Sikes		
Sisk		
Slack		
Smith, Calif.		
Smith, Iowa		
Snyder		
Springer		
Stafford		
Staggers		
Stanton		
Steed		
Steiger, Ariz.		
Steiger, Wis.		
Stephens		
Stubbfield		
Stuckey		
Sullivan		
Symington		
Taft		
Talcott		
Taylor		
Teague, Calif.		
Teague, Tex.		
Thompson, Ga.		
Thomson, Wis.		
Tiernan		
Udall		
Ullman		
Utt		
Vander Jagt		
Vanik		
Vigorito		
Waggonner		
Waldie		
Wampler		
Watkins		
Watts		
Welcker		
Whalen		
Whalley		
White		
Whitehurst		
Whitten		
Wildnall		
Williams		
Wilson,		
Charles H.		
Winn		
Wold		
Wolff		
Wright		
Wyatt		
Wydler		
Wylie		
Wyman		
Yatron		
Young		
Zion		
Zwach		

## NAYS—53

Anderson, Calif.	Gilbert	Olsen
Barrett	Gross	Ottinger
Bingham	Hall	Podell
Bolling	Hathaway	Price, Ill.
Brademas	Hawkins	Rees
Brown, Calif.	Hays	Reuss
Burton, Calif.	Kastenmeier	Ronan
Byrne, Pa.	Koch	Rooney, Pa.
Chisholm	McCarthy	Rosenthal
Clay	Meeds	Ryan
Conyers	Mikva	Scheuer
Derwinski	Minish	Schneebell
Edwards, Calif.	Moorhead	Stokes
Ellberg	Mosher	Thompson, N.J.
Farbstein	Moss	Tunney
Fraser	Nix	Van Deerlin
Gaydos	Obey	Yates
	O'Hara	Zablocki

## NOT VOTING—54

Anderson, Ill.	Gubser	Pepper
Ashley	Hastings	Philbin
Baring	Hébert	Pollock
Bates	Heckler, Mass.	Powell
Cahill	Helstoski	Rallsback
Carey	Hogan	Randall
Clancy	Howard	Reifel
Clark	Kirwan	Riegle
Collier	Leggett	Rodino
Cowger	Lujan	Rumsfeld
Culver	McCloskey	Sandman
Dawson	McMillan	Shipley
Dent	Meskill	Skubitz
Dingell	Morse	Smith, N.Y.
Edwards, La.	Murphy, Ill.	Stratton
Frey	Murphy, N.Y.	Watson
Gallagher	Nedzi	Wiggins
Green, Pa.	O'Neal, Ga.	Wilson, Bob

So the resolution was agreed to.

The Clerk announced the following pairs:

Mr. Hébert with Mr. Bates.  
 Mr. Kirwan with Mr. Rumsfeld.  
 Mr. Dent with Mr. Dawson.  
 Mr. Edwards of Louisiana with Mr. Clancy.  
 Mr. Gallagher with Mr. Sandman.  
 Mr. Philbin with Mr. Anderson of Illinois.  
 Mr. Rodino with Mr. Morse.  
 Mr. Shipley with Mr. Lujan.  
 Mr. Leggett with Mr. McCloskey.  
 Mr. Culver with Mr. Pollock.  
 Mr. O'Neal of Georgia with Mr. Meskill.  
 Mr. Murphy of New York with Mr. Rallsback.  
 Mr. Pepper with Mr. Cowger.  
 Mr. Carey with Mr. Smith of New York.  
 Mr. Baring with Mr. Frey.  
 Mr. Howard with Mr. Cahill.  
 Mr. Murphy of Illinois with Mr. Gubser.  
 Mr. Nedzi with Mr. Skubitz.  
 Mr. Randall with Mr. Hastings.  
 Mr. Clark with Mr. Reifel.  
 Mr. Ashley with Mr. Watson.  
 Mr. Dingell with Mr. Riegle.  
 Mr. McMillan with Mr. Wiggins.  
 Mr. Powell with Mrs. Heckler of Massachusetts.  
 Mr. Helstoski with Mr. Hogan.

Mr. BRASCO changed his vote from "nay" to "yea."

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

The doors were opened.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

## SECOND SUPPLEMENTAL APPROPRIATION BILL 1969

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House resolve itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union for the further consideration of the bill (H.R. 11400) making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1969, and for other purposes.

The motion was agreed to.

## IN THE COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE

Accordingly the House resolved itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union for the further consideration of the bill H.R. 11400, with Mr. HOLIFIELD in the chair.

The CHAIRMAN. When the Committee rose on yesterday, the Clerk had read through line 7 on page 2 of the bill.

Mr. CEDERBERG. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike the last word.

Mr. Chairman, I will not take the full 5 minutes, but I do feel I want to express, as a member of the Committee on Appropriations, my concern regarding the excessive use of supplementals. You know, we have reached a point here where the ink is no more dry on the regular appropriations bills until we get the first supplemental. Then we get the second and the third and finally 30 days before the end of the fiscal year here we are up with another massive supplemental bill.

I recognize that we in Congress do take certain actions that sometimes do require consideration in the area of supplementals, but I just want to tell the House and the members of my committee that I do not like this approach at all. I am very unhappy with it. I think the time has come when we in the Committee on Appropriations should control ourselves better as to the handling of supplementals. Further, what we ought to do is tell the executive agencies not to come up with supplementals as prolifically as they do now.

In my opinion about one or two supplementals a year is enough. I am expressing my opposition to a supplemental bill in these amounts, 30 days before the end of the fiscal year in some instances with agencies trying to get money that was already denied in their regular appropriation bill.

Mr. Chairman, I object to this approach and I hope, Mr. Chairman, that something can be done to control what I consider to be an abuse of the supplemental appropriations procedure.

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Chairman, I ask unanimous consent to extend my remarks at this point in the RECORD on the subject of supplementals.

I would say that with respect to the matter of restoration of reductions made last year, less than 1 percent of the funds in this bill represent money for functions which were reduced in appropriations made by Congress last year. The amount so involved is some \$34 million. It is only about one-third of 1 percent of the approximately \$12 billion cut last year from the requests for new funds for fiscal year 1969. That is a pretty good record, I would say.

We always have a supplemental bill for the current fiscal year in the new session. This one, it is true, has been delayed somewhat longer than usual. I agree that we should avoid supplementals wherever and whenever we reasonably can. Most of this pending supplemental is for costs associated with the war in Vietnam, or for pay increases voted and put into effect last year, plus a few other items that are either mandatory under

basic law or rest on other requirements that the committee found justifiable.

But I appreciate the views of the gentleman from Michigan. Some supplementals are more or less inevitable for a variety of reasons. The basis for those in this bill are, of course, explained in the committee report accompanying the bill.

## AMENDMENT OFFERED BY MR. RYAN

Mr. RYAN. Mr. Chairman, I offer an amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment offered by Mr. RYAN: Strike out title I (beginning on page 2, line 1, and ending on page 3, line 5), and redesignate the succeeding provisions of the bill accordingly.

Mr. RYAN. Mr. Chairman, the purpose of this amendment is to strike out title I of the bill entitled "Military Operations in Southeast Asia" which would appropriate in supplemental funds some \$1.2 billion for the war in Vietnam.

This amendment is also sponsored by other concerned Members of the House, including my distinguished colleagues, the gentleman from New York (Mr. LOWENSTEIN), and the gentleman from California (Mr. BURTON).

Mr. Chairman, my amendment is appropriate at this point because it offers the only means that the House has to vote on the conduct of the war in Vietnam. The power of the purse is the one power that we in the House of Representatives have to call a halt to the continued infusion of men and money into the conflict in Southeast Asia—and the continued sacrifice of lives. If we do not seize upon this opportunity, then we will once again have abdicated the responsibility which we have to review and control the administration's exercise of foreign policy.

Again this year, as for each of the past 5 years, we have before us a request for supplemental appropriations to prosecute the war in Vietnam. For the fifth year in a row the costs of the war have been underestimated in the initial budget presentation.

Mr. Chairman, one-third of the funds contained in this bill, \$1.234 billion out of \$3.783 billion is for military operations in Southeast Asia under title I. The increased funds are needed to pay for increased troop strength over that originally estimated and budgeted for fiscal year 1969. Other funds are required because there has been an increase by 50 percent in bombings by B-52's in South Vietnam following the cessation of the bombing in the north.

A greater tonnage of bombs has been used in Vietnam than the United States used in all of World War II.

Despite the President's statement last week that the United States does not seek a military victory, the level of our military involvement in Southeast Asia is no less today than it was 1 year ago. The brutal fact that over 12,000 American servicemen have been killed since the Paris peace talks began is proof that the level of violence and destruction has not subsided. Witness the loss of 43 American lives and the wounding of 290 other American soldiers in the 11 assaults upon Apbin Hill, known as "Hamburger Hill" since about May 10.

Although the American people expressed their opposition to the continuance of the war through the political process last year, there has been no fundamental change in policy which would lead to the disengagement of American forces.

Mr. BURTON of California. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. RYAN. I yield to the gentleman from California.

Mr. BURTON of California. Mr. Chairman, I would like to congratulate our distinguished colleague, the gentleman from New York (Mr. RYAN), for bringing this matter at issue before the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union. It is obvious to every single person on this floor that unless we slow down and reduce the level of violence and the level of expenditures in Southeast Asia, we will not be able to cope with the other problems confronting this Nation.

I believe the gentleman from New York is to be highly commended by all of us for having the insight to give us an opportunity to express ourselves at this very important point in time in the war in Vietnam.

Mr. KOCH. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. RYAN. I yield to the gentleman from New York.

Mr. KOCH. Mr. Chairman, I would like to commend the gentleman from New York and ask the gentleman for his permission to join in cosponsorship of this amendment.

Mr. RYAN. Mr. Chairman, I appreciate the support of the gentleman from New York for this amendment. I believe the gentleman from California (Mr. BURTON) has pointed out very cogently that, as long as the war continues to drain some \$27 or \$28 billion as it already has done in fiscal year 1969, according to the report of the Committee on Appropriations, the necessary resources will not be devoted to solution of the pressing problems which confront us domestically.

This bill before us is inadequate in its treatment of domestic programs. The rent supplement program, for instance, was funded at less than 50 percent of the Johnson administration's budget request. Yet this bill provides no supplemental appropriations for rent supplements.

The section 246 interest subsidy program for rental and cooperative housing is still \$10 million under the authorization.

Mr. Chairman, it is essential that this war end. By voting against supplemental appropriations for it, we will tell the administration that, with all the urgent domestic problems facing our country, it will have to get along in Vietnam with the paltry amounts of money which have already been appropriated for fiscal year 1969—some \$27 billion or \$28 billion.

The only way to force a change in policy is to refuse to approve the allocation of any additional funds for the war.

As long as Congress continues to acquiesce in appropriations for the war, as long as Congress continues to rubber-

stamp administration policy, then Congress must share the responsibility with the administration for the continuation of that war. If Congress wants to bring the war to a close, it has the power to do so.

Mr. Chairman, in 1965, 1966, 1967, and 1968 I voted against supplemental appropriation bills which permitted the war to be expanded and escalated. I shall do so again today. It is time to halt the violence and destruction which have claimed the lives of so many Americans and Vietnamese.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman has expired.

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Chairman, I rise in opposition to the amendment.

Mr. Chairman, as everyone knows, our Government is seeking to bring the war in Vietnam to a satisfactory conclusion. Peace talks are underway in Paris, and we certainly do not want to weaken the position of our Government at this strategic time. It is hoped that more and more of the fighting will be assumed by the South Vietnamese forces. This bill contains a quarter of a billion dollars for strengthening and modernizing the South Vietnamese Army in order to better equip them for taking over the fighting.

Mr. Chairman, it would be most ill-advised to pull the rug out from under our forces in Vietnam, so to speak, and out from under our negotiators at the Paris talks.

So, Mr. Chairman, I would hope that we can vote on this amendment at this time, and vote the amendment down.

Mr. OTTINGER. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. MAHON. I yield to the gentleman from New York.

Mr. OTTINGER. Mr. Chairman, I would ask the gentleman how much of the additional appropriations, particularly as they relate to military pay costs for additional personnel, are for the addition of troops beyond those presently in Vietnam?

Mr. MAHON. There are no funds for the addition of troops beyond those presently in Vietnam.

Mr. OTTINGER. There is no money in here for additional troops?

Mr. MAHON. No, that is correct.

Mr. OTTINGER. I thank the gentleman for yielding.

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Chairman, I ask for a vote on the amendment.

Mr. LOWENSTEIN. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike the last word.

Mr. Chairman, I speak today because the confluence of recent events have made the timing of this discussion fateful for the country.

Last March 26, in a speech on the floor of this House I said:

Soon we in the Congress will be asked again for the funds to continue prosecution of the war, and then, as before, Members of Congress will face the most unacceptable of alternatives; for they will be told that to refuse to appropriate money to protect our fighting men is to consign to death yet more of those Americans who are surely among those least deserving to die—those Americans who are carrying out the orders of their

Government with a valor and loyalty in the face of the great difficulties and uncertainties of the situation that must rank with the highest such response of our history.

Yet valor and loyalty do not make wrong things right, or senseless policies sensible, or hopeless pursuits hopeful. So there will be those who feel that to vote money for the further prosecution of the war is not to protect lives, but indeed to make more certain that more lives will be pointlessly lost.

It is the imminence of this decision and the existence of stalemate and escalation in Paris and Vietnam that leads me then to urge the President the following steps:

First, the United States should begin at the earliest possible moment to withdraw with all deliberate speed as large a part of our Armed Forces in South Vietnam as would be consistent with the continued safety of those men who remain behind.

Second, the United States should make clear, to those whom we have supported and opposed alike, that it is our intention to continue to withdraw American troops from South Vietnam until none shall remain, providing only that during this continuing withdrawal the Government of North Vietnam and the Vietcong will participate in good faith efforts to resolve by negotiation the negotiable questions mentioned above.

Third, the United States should reiterate its willingness to assist in the relocation of people who do not wish to remain in South Vietnam under new circumstances that must arise in any peace settlement, and to assist through international agencies in the reconstruction of the land devastated by so many years of war.

There has been hesitation to begin the removal of American troops on the theory that to take such a step while negotiations are in progress could weaken the bargaining position of the United States and of the Government of South Vietnam. But I have become convinced that the opposite is in fact the case, unless we are still seeking to negotiate what are not in fact negotiable goals.

For if in fact the early withdrawal of American troops is one of our objectives in the negotiations, to begin that withdrawal could hardly be called a step away from achieving that one of our objectives. It even seems likely that to begin realizing that objective might well make it easier to realize other objectives as well.

The carrot of continuing the American withdrawal should increase the incentive for the Vietcong and the North Vietnamese to negotiate in good faith; while the stick of beginning the American withdrawal could hardly fail to make clear to the South Vietnamese government that we finally mean what we have been saying for so many years—that the war in Vietnam will be de-Americanized. That simple fact should prove a greater inducement to the government of South Vietnam to negotiate in good faith than all the exhortations that words can construct. It would at least remove their greatest incentive not to negotiate: the confidence that as long as there are not successful negotiations there will be an American army on hand to keep them in power.

Therefore, should the President begin the withdrawal of American troops and accompany that withdrawal with public declarations such as those proposed here, he would, I believe, facilitate negotiations rather than hinder them, and thus he would make a major start toward removing the barriers that separate the American people from the most nearly satisfactory resolution of their most difficult dilemma.

In short, it now seems clear that the beginning of the withdrawal of American troops would in fact strengthen our bargaining

position if we want to get all the Vietnamese involved to work out the quickest possible way to end the war and the least painful way to begin the reconstruction.

In any event, once these steps were taken and America's purposes were clear, there would be new unity at home in support of those who are negotiating and new hope for a healing of the spirit of this land; and there would be at last an irrefutable rebuttal to those who have denied the efficacy of the democratic process and who would tear it down the pretext that it has collapsed or has never worked.

The money necessary for the "protection" of the lives of those Americans still in the combat area would then be voted without the haunting sense that each dollar proclaimed as protection might in fact increase the likelihood of destruction.

Mr. Chairman, Americans ought today to be feeling great pride because our fighting men gained what is called a great victory in a battle in Vietnam.

Instead, many millions of Americans feel a gnawing and growing wound at their heart, because in fact several hundred more of our finest young men have become casualties in what must be the most irrelevant battle in our history since the Battle of New Orleans. How bitter the taste—and the fruits—of such a "victory" at such a price.

But what is most tragic about this "victory" is that the Battle of Hamburger Hill is simply a concentrated dose of what goes on all the time in less concentrated form, what goes on pointlessly, dangerously, and apparently interminably.

So the moment of "the most unacceptable of alternatives" has now arrived as expected, and once again we are asked for new funds to fight more such battles, to seek more such "victories" on the fevered road to disaster.

And since the withdrawal of American troops has not begun, since the President has not felt he could state the national goals in Vietnam in a fashion that would suggest that the beginning of such withdrawal is imminent since we still seem unwilling to use negotiations to pursue those things that are negotiable—above all, since military commanders still feel free to spill unmeasured blood to gain transient possession of distant hilltops—in these circumstances, I am convinced that to vote more money is to squander more lives.

I cannot believe that anyone here or anywhere else thinks that it is in the national interest to continue this war, to pile up more bodies on more Hamburger Hills. But that is what we authorize when we vote more money at this bloody moment.

We do not "strengthen our bargaining position" by such a vote, on the contrary, we make it less likely that the President will read correctly the national will to get out of Vietnam. We give the green light, in fact, to the continuation of the policies that have led to all this unredeemable slaughter.

Many of us will not do this. We will vote to save American lives. We will vote to salvage the security and honor of the Nation. The only way to do that under the present circumstances is to vote "no" on this appropriation and on all subse-

quent appropriations to prosecute the war. We vote no with the prayer that these votes will help persuade the President to reverse the course before the national unraveling becomes irreversible.

If the Congress abdicates its obligation to make this judgment on the national policy, it will do so to the peril of this country that we love next only to liberty and justice themselves.

So it seems to me that this is the place and this is the moment to say "No; not another dollar—not another profligate expenditure of lives. Begin instead today the withdrawing of troops, the de-Americanizing of the war, and begin at home with the pressing national agenda so long and so dangerously deferred and already so difficult to address." Then we can close ranks in support of the President, in support of his negotiators. We can vote the money for the closing-out in Vietnam and for the starting-in at home. We can offer protection for the South Vietnamese Government against massacres during transition if it will seek peace, or we can depart and let it tend to its own future if it prefers to fight. We can, in short, stop imposing a government on the people of South Vietnam and a war on the people of that country and our own.

I concluded my remarks here on March 26 by reading something that had been said by Senator Robert F. Kennedy a year ago. I read it again now haunted by the sense that grows more prophetic with each tragic day:

I am concerned . . . that the course we are following at the present time is deeply wrong . . . I am concerned that, at the end of it all, there will only be more Americans killed, more of our treasure spilled out, and because of the bitterness and hatred on every side of this war, more hundreds of thousands of Vietnamese slaughtered; so that they may say, as Tacitus said of Rome: "They made a desert and called it peace." I don't think that's satisfactory for the United States of America. I do not think that is what this country stands for.

Mr. KOCH. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike the last word.

The CHAIRMAN. The gentleman is recognized.

Mr. KOCH. Mr. Chairman, in March of 1968 the American people made emphatically clear that they no longer would support a government that persisted in the further prosecution of the Vietnam war.

Here we are today—15,000 American lives and \$27 billion later—being asked to approve more money for more killing in Vietnam. May I respectfully submit that the new administration and this Congress have failed the American people.

Earlier this year, I said on the floor of this House that I will oppose any appropriations for the further prosecution of the Vietnam war—that I will not vote a single dollar for more killing. The manner in which this supplemental appropriations bill is presented does not permit a separate vote on title I which is devoted exclusively to military operations in Southeast Asia. There are non-military appropriations in this bill which deserve support but we are told that such

items are inseparable from the war appropriation. I resent the intention and effect of such a procedure. I do not think it shows proper respect for those Members who deeply oppose our involvement in Vietnam and I regret to say that it appears to show a contempt for the outrage and agony that the American people feel over the continuation of this un-conscionable war.

It is because of this procedure, knowing that any amendment to strike title I from this bill will fail, that I have no alternative but to vote "No" against the entire appropriations bill.

AMENDMENT OFFERED BY MR. ECKHARDT TO THE AMENDMENT OFFERED BY MR. RYAN

Mr. ECKHARDT. Mr. Chairman, I offer an amendment to the amendment offered by the gentleman from New York (Mr. RYAN).

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment offered by Mr. ECKHARDT to the amendment offered by Mr. RYAN: Strike out lines 1 through 5 on page 3.

Mr. ECKHARDT. Mr. Chairman, for at least 2 years now I have had deep concern about our involvement in Vietnam. I feel most sincerely that what we have been doing has many mistaken premises and has extended beyond reasonable bounds activity of the U.S. Government which is for our benefit. Nevertheless, I have voted for all appropriations which included support of the troops in Vietnam. I have come to the point today, however, where I feel so strongly, along with some of my colleagues who have spoken here before, that I must express my protest against a wrongness of direction and a wrongness of pumping funds into that area.

Yet I am not willing to vote for an amendment that would strike all of title I, which includes military personnel, Army; military personnel, Navy; military personnel, Air Force; and also includes operation and maintenance, Army, Marine Corps, and Air Force, because I feel that many of these items necessarily must be spent or have been spent with respect to the necessary requirements of the personnel in the field.

However, I note that the items involved for military personnel, Army, are at \$110 million; Navy, \$14,500,000; Air Force, \$115 million; and then operations, \$96,310,000.

Operation and maintenance, Marine Corps, \$15,390,000.

Operation and maintenance, Air Force, \$242,700,000.

But the procurement item is far greater than any of these items and is \$640,100,000. The procurement item is largely prospective, and I believe that this is the place at which we should make our point, that continuation of procurement, in order to prosecute an effort on the part of the United States that is harmful, in my opinion, to the Nation, that that amount of procurement in this bill should be cut out as a strong statement against continuation of the war unchanged and unabated. For that reason I have offered the amendment to the amendment which would cut out the prospective portion of title I, the procurement section.

I would appreciate an "aye" vote. I believe this is a proper way to show we want to turn around, but at the same time we would not be withdrawing support of men in the field at this time.

Mr. BINGHAM. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. ECKHARDT. I yield to the gentleman from New York.

Mr. BINGHAM. Mr. Chairman, I thank the gentleman from Texas for yielding, and I commend him for the amendment he has offered. It offers a welcome opportunity for those of us who want to register at this time our strong feelings against the Vietnam war, and our belief that scaling down of the violence will help produce peace. I support the amendment offered by the gentleman from Texas, as well as the amendment offered by the gentleman from New York. There is plenty of money already available to do whatever is necessary to provide the forces now in Vietnam with what they need.

Mr. FARBSTEIN. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. ECKHARDT. I yield to the gentleman from New York.

Mr. FARBSTEIN. Mr. Chairman, I thank the gentleman from Texas for yielding.

Mr. Chairman, I want to go on record as concurring in the amendment offered by the gentleman from Texas to the amendment offered by the gentleman from New York. To my mind it makes good sense.

I do not think we should deny to our soldiers medical care, food, clothing, and housing. I do not think we should deny the needs of our personnel who are in the armed services, deny them the necessities of life.

However, I believe we can pretty well make evident our feeling insofar as the continuing of the Vietnam war; make evident this concern by concurring in this amendment and voting for this amendment. As I said before, it makes good sense and it is about time we turned over the fighting of this war to the Vietnamese.

Mr. OTTINGER. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. ECKHARDT. Mr. Chairman, I yield to the gentleman from New York.

Mr. OTTINGER. Mr. Chairman, I rise in support of the amendment. I congratulate the gentleman and associate myself with his remarks.

Mr. SIKES. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike the requisite number of words.

Mr. Chairman, I would like to restate the thrust of the amendments before us. The amendment offered by the gentleman from Texas to the amendment offered by the gentleman from New York would eliminate the possibility of providing additional weapons and equipment for the South Vietnamese forces and thereby limit their effectiveness in battle. Most importantly the amendment would make it more difficult for the Vietnamese to assume a greater part of the role in Vietnam which they now are prepared to do and have shown the ability to do. This is something we have long desired.

The amendment to strike title I offered by the gentleman from New York would simply, in addition to eliminating weapons and equipment for the South Vietnamese and replenishment of our own depleted combat stocks, which is badly needed, would have a further very serious and undesirable effect. It also cut off the pay—listen to this—cut off the pay of the members of the armed services who are on duty in Southeast Asia. Regardless of intent, this would be the effect of the amendment.

Is that what we want to do?

We are being asked to show a vote of no confidence in the men who literally are fighting and dying for this country. This amendment truly would jerk the rug out from under them.

Just a little while ago we were being told that all the Communists wanted was to have us stop the bombing and they would be ready for realistic steps for peace. The bombing was stopped a year ago. What happened? Nothing. The allied forces have been subjected to offensive after offensive, and the negotiations which have been in progress for months in Paris are still fruitless.

There still are requirements for the war in Vietnam which must be met. There is no way to avoid our own responsibilities.

That is why these amendments should be rejected, and they should be rejected overwhelmingly.

Mr. Chairman, I ask for a vote.

Mr. LIPSCOMB. Mr. Chairman, I rise in opposition to the amendment.

Mr. Chairman, I have been listening to the debate in favor of the amendment. I felt the arguments made were not even worthy of being debated. It is an extremely serious matter to challenge the provision of the weapons and supplies needed in Vietnam. We must support our troops there to the full extent of our ability and we must strengthen the troops of the Government of South Vietnam so that they can assume the major role in the defense of their country.

This is a supplemental appropriation. We are proposing to give the fighting men the material they need to work with. The \$640 million recommended in Army procurement includes over \$393.7 million for our own men, \$338 million of which is for ammunition. Over \$246 million is to provide for going ahead with phase I and phase II of modernizing and equipping the Vietnamese so they can take over more of the war effort, and we can bring our boys home sooner.

This is what the \$640 million is for.

And we are replenishing the equipment destroyed in the Communist's Tet offensive of last year.

We are replenishing some funds we had to spend because the North Koreans became more aggressive in their actions, and seized the U.S.S. *Pueblo*.

I cannot understand why we should support amendments to abandon the responsibilities that we have supported with our wealth and with the lives of fine Americans. Therefore, I oppose the amendment to the amendment, and I oppose the amendment. I believe we

should go ahead and make this appropriation for our military operations in Southeast Asia.

Mr. YATES. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. LIPSCOMB. I am happy to yield to the gentleman from Illinois.

Mr. YATES. I am informed by the staff of the Appropriations Committee that there are unobligated funds in the Army procurement appropriations of \$3.9 billion. Would that not be adequate to cover the \$600 million sought to be stricken out by this amendment?

Mr. LIPSCOMB. At this point in time, the Army is operating under deficiencies in some appropriations. On May 5 of this year, the Deputy Secretary of Defense sent a letter to Congress notifying us that in military personnel and operations and maintenance they were operating in a deficiency condition. This is not true of the procurement account in which funds remain available until expended, but as the gentleman knows—he is a member of the Appropriations Committee—the funds which are unobligated are committed to specific programs and have been taken into account in arriving at the sum now recommended.

Mr. YATES. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. ECKHARDT. Mr. Chairman, I ask unanimous consent to withdraw the amendment to the amendment in order that it may be offered at the proper time.

The CHAIRMAN. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Texas?

There was no objection.

Mr. HUNGATE. Mr. Chairman, I rise in opposition to the amendment and move to strike the requisite number of words.

Mr. Chairman, I speak not critically either of President Johnson or of President Nixon, and perhaps at the same time critically of both of them. I believe they are using their best judgment in this situation. They are both in a better position, or should be, to know what is needed under the circumstances than are we. For this reason I think the supplemental appropriations as requested should be supported.

I think it is regrettable that we in the Congress, as the elected Representatives of all the people, have no real control over the expenditures of lives in Vietnam. This is not a declared war; it is a conflict which has gone on for some years; so it cannot be said to be a temporary, emergency, expediency measure.

I am further concerned, Mr. Chairman. It seems to me I recall that a few years ago under the administration of President Johnson an announcement was made that draft calls would be drastically reduced. I think they were cut in half. It seems to me that announcement preceded an election by not very much. I know that my phone rang constantly at the same time, and almost every reservist throughout my district was called up—without the benefit of a press release.

I am concerned at this time, Mr.

Chairman, because I hear rumors that 50,000 men may be coming home, and the July draft call may be drastically reduced. I have just been home. I was getting, at one point, three telephone calls an hour from men who might be drafted in June. The size of the May and June draft callups are not the subject of euphoric press releases.

This is a matter that concerns me. I hope we in the Congress can find some way better to control the expenditures of manpower in this country.

Mr. GIAIMO. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike the requisite number of words.

Mr. Chairman, I rise in support of the amendment of the gentleman from New York.

Let me make it clear at the outset that I do not intend in any way to short-change our fighting men in Vietnam. During the many years that I have had the privilege of serving in this House, I have consistently supported the requests of the Department of Defense, but I think the time has come when we in the Congress must exercise our responsibility to see to it that the Department of Defense is brought to task and required to justify its expenditures. For too long a period of time, Defense officials have come before us in a high and mighty fashion saying in effect, "Unless you give us every dollar that we ask for, either in the regular Defense budget or, if we miss the mark, in our supplementals, you are not being loyal to your country and you are not being loyal to the proper defense of your country." I believe this is nonsense. I think the defense of the United States is the absolute first priority of all of us in this Nation, but that does not mean that I have to put a rubber stamp of approval on every appropriation request of the Department of Defense. If we study their actions in recent years, we will see that the mark has been missed many, many times. Again, I say that we in Congress must compel the Defense Department to stop the loose spending and in some instances the squandering of billions of the taxpayers' dollars.

Today we are talking about a request for \$1.2 billion. We are now being told that if we do not appropriate this money we are jeopardizing our entire effort in Vietnam. Mind you, with a budget in the neighborhood of \$90 billion, the Defense Department is telling us that without this money it cannot afford to conduct operations in Southeast Asia. I believe that it can. I believe the Defense Department can tighten up. Most importantly of all, I think the success of this amendment will serve as notice to the Department of Defense that the Congress intends to exercise its rights and to perform its function by requiring that the taxpayers' money be accounted for properly.

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. GIAIMO. I am delighted to yield to my chairman.

Mr. MAHON. The gentleman well knows that all of the funds requested by the Department of Defense last year were cut by more than \$5 billion. In the

request which is before us, in the title we have up now, the Committee on Appropriations recommended, and the amount contained in the bill represents, a cut of \$262.9 million. In the entire bill there is a cut of \$559 million below the budget request for the military. So this is not by any means a rubber stamping of the requests that have been made. I thought in connection with the gentleman's statement that this fuller statement might be made.

Mr. GIAIMO. I understand, Mr. Chairman. While I realize that this is only the first step in the progress of this supplemental appropriation bill, I sincerely believe that the time has come for us to take a stand in the Congress to compel the DOD to be more responsive to the will of the American people and to the will of the Congress. In my opinion, the passage of this amendment is the only way in which this can be accomplished.

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Chairman, I ask unanimous consent that all debate on this amendment do now close.

The CHAIRMAN. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Texas?

Mr. FRASER. Mr. Chairman, I object.

MOTION OFFERED BY MR. MAHON

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Chairman, I move that all debate on the pending amendment do now close.

The motion was agreed to.

The CHAIRMAN. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from New York (Mr. RYAN).

The question was taken; and on a division (demanded by Mr. SIKES) there were—ayes 25, noes 140.

So the amendment was rejected.

The CHAIRMAN. The Clerk will read.

The Clerk read as follows:

PROCUREMENT

PROCUREMENT OF EQUIPMENT AND MISSILES, ARMY

For an additional amount for "Procurement of equipment and missiles, Army", \$640,100,000, to remain available until expended.

AMENDMENT OFFERED BY MR. ECKHARDT

Mr. ECKHARDT. Mr. Chairman, I offer an amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment offered by Mr. ECKHARDT: On page 3, strike lines 1 through 5.

Mr. ECKHARDT. Mr. Chairman, this is the same amendment that was offered a moment ago but, technically, since it was offered to a motion to strike out all of the title, there was no amendment that was appropriate to be offered at that time. So, I withdrew it and I am reoffering it at this time.

Much of the debate and opposition to the first amendment went to the argument that we should support the men overseas, to which I agree, and I, therefore, voted against the first amendment. This is an amendment which in nowise jeopardizes the position of our men overseas. It merely calls a halt to the mad armaments spending in a war halfway around the globe, which constitutes most of title I of this bill.

So, Mr. Chairman, I urge that the Members vote in support of the striking

of the sum of \$640 million for procurement, which is prospective for the obtaining of further military materiel, to continue a war which we hope will close, and we should be doing everything we can to close it.

Mr. YATES. Mr. Chairman, would the gentleman yield?

Mr. ECKHARDT. I yield to the gentleman from Illinois.

Mr. YATES. Mr. Chairman, a few moments ago in an interchange with the gentleman from California (Mr. LIPSCOMB), I made the point that the staff of the Committee on Appropriations had informed me that there were unexpended funds in this item of \$3.9 billion. That point has been verified. There are unobligated and unexpended funds of that amount in this item.

It is true, I am told, that they have been programed, but the fact remains that they are not expended, nor are they obligated at the present time.

Mr. LIPSCOMB. If the gentleman will yield, there is a further point that the gentleman should make, and that is that they are committed funds.

Mr. ECKHARDT. There is nothing that we commit that we may not uncommit by this amendment.

Mr. PUCINSKI. Mr. Chairman, I rise in opposition to this amendment.

I suggest that there is a serious incongruity among those who, on the one hand, say that we have got to get out of Vietnam, and that we have got to turn more of this war over to the South Vietnamese and then proceed to support this amendment which would deny equipment to South Vietnam. They are biting off their noses to spite their faces, because this \$640 million when broken down shows \$393 million for U.S. forces in South Vietnam to replace the equipment that is being used up so very rapidly in the toughest war we have ever fought, and the other \$294 million would go to buy military equipment for the South Vietnamese forces. This amount, when broken down, shows \$80 million for ammunition, \$2.6 million for weapons, and other combat vehicles, \$9.7 million for tactical support vehicles, \$17.3 million for communication and electronic equipment, and \$53 million for other support equipment.

How in the world can you say on the one hand that you want the South Vietnamese to take a bigger share of fighting in this war—and I support that position, and so does the President, and so do most of the Members of the Congress—how can you say on the one hand that you want the South Vietnamese to take on a bigger responsibility in the prosecution of this war and then not give them equipment with which to wage the war?

Mr. Chairman, I suggest that this amendment should be rejected by the overwhelming vote.

It would be my hope that the people of South Vietnam, their soldiers, and our own American soldiers who are fighting in South Vietnam in the cause of freedom, would receive renewed confidence and hope from the vote we just cast which rejected by this House over-

whelmingly the previous amendment by a 6-to-1 vote, and that it would be an indication to them that we here in Congress support their struggle for freedom as we did when we overwhelmingly adopted the Tonkin Bay resolution, which put us into Vietnam in the first place.

If my memory is correct, I believe there was one dissenting vote in this Chamber, and that there were two or three dissenting votes in the other Chamber on the Tonkin Bay resolution.

Mr. Chairman, we have stood by the people of South Vietnam because we know this: the collapse of South Vietnam would only be the beginning of putting into captive bondage all the nations of Southeast Asia by the Soviet Union, just as the Communists put into Soviet bondage the captive nations of Europe and as the Soviets are now trying to put in Communist bondage and create captive nations out of all the nations in the Middle East.

Mr. Chairman, I am amazed at those who stand here today and say that they want us to get out of South Vietnam when they know that the Communists have 73 other countries on three continents earmarked for the same kind of brutal, barbaric, cruel aggression through subterfuge, and terror that they have tested for 5 years in Vietnam, and are continuing to use to this very date, if the forces of freedom should falter in South Vietnam.

I congratulate the committee for understanding the military needs of the people of South Vietnam and of the forces of South Vietnam, and if we really want the South Vietnamese to take on a bigger share of responsibilities, I suggest that you overwhelmingly reject this amendment.

Mr. GERALD R. FORD. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. PUCINSKI. I yield to the gentleman.

Mr. GERALD R. FORD. From the figures given by the gentleman from Illinois and the figures given by the gentleman from California and the gentleman from Florida, it is perfectly obvious that if this amendment is approved as offered by the gentleman from Texas you will slow down and materially hinder and hamper the effort to give greater responsibility to the South Vietnamese.

Mr. PUCINSKI. Precisely.

Mr. GERALD R. FORD. Therefore, I hope that for the benefit of the American military forces in South Vietnam that the amendment is defeated.

Mr. PUCINSKI. Mr. Chairman, I yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Chairman, I ask unanimous consent that all debate on this amendment and on this title do now close.

Mr. BURTON of California. Mr. Chairman, I object.

The CHAIRMAN. Objection is heard.

MOTION OFFERED BY MR. MAHON

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Chairman, I move that all debate on this amendment and on this title close in 5 minutes, and that

the 5 minutes be given to the gentleman from California (Mr. BURTON).

PARLIAMENTARY INQUIRY

Mr. BURTON of California. Mr. Chairman, a parliamentary inquiry.

The CHAIRMAN. The gentleman from California will state the parliamentary inquiry.

Mr. BURTON of California. Mr. Chairman, I deeply appreciate the chairman of the Committee on Appropriations suggesting that I be given the 5 minutes, but I am sure we all recall that on the Tonkin Bay matter, we had all of 60 minutes and we spend less than 2 hours annually discussing these matters in Committee of the Whole. My point of inquiry, Mr. Chairman, is if you really think 5 minutes is adequate time to discuss the pending matter?

The CHAIRMAN. Will the gentleman from Texas please repeat his motion.

MOTION OFFERED BY MR. MAHON

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Chairman, I move that all debate on this amendment and on amendments to title I close in 15 minutes.

The CHAIRMAN. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Texas (Mr. MAHON).

The motion was agreed to.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair has noted the names of Members standing to be recognized under the limitation of time.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from California (Mr. BURTON).

Mr. BURTON of California. Mr. Chairman, we have heard this old saw every time a supplemental appropriation comes before us, that but for these few billions of added dollars that was not anticipated—but for the approval of these few billions—all the American effort is going down the drain.

We have heard the old saw today that finally we are going to turn over the fighting to the South Vietnamese, if only we approve of this supplemental appropriation.

What absolute nonsense. The fact of the matter remains that we have uncommitted funds right now, if the Department of Defense wanted to use these funds, to arm or to train or to do whatever, with the South Vietnamese Army, and they could spend all the required money even if we do not do a darn thing but reject the pending proposal.

Mr. Chairman, I urge the adoption of this amendment so that we can reduce our excessive military expenditures on this occasion.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from New York (Mr. LOWENSTEIN).

Mr. LOWENSTEIN. Mr. Chairman, I feel like Alice must have in Wonderland. Or maybe Rip Van Winkle. We talk as if nothing goes on outside this room. We talk as if it were 5 years ago. We talk nonsense in circles—vicious circles.

Outside this room this country spirals into worsening crisis. We are impervious. We debate the longest war in our history, the most disputed adventure of our national experience, for half an hour. Thirty minutes. Then time is up. But if

we cannot discuss these matters here, where can we? What is it we are so busy doing here?

Various Members have proclaimed today that we have an obligation to the Americans in Vietnam. That is one point we can all agree about: we have an obligation to the Americans in Vietnam. We have an obligation to the integrity of this Nation. That obligation is not met by abdicating the functions of the supreme legislative body of the greatest democracy on earth. It is not met by quartermaster-like issuing of ever more money to fight this pointless war which cannot be won and which is destroying national unity, poisoning the national purpose, crippling the national interest.

Does anyone still believe that voting supplemental funds to make possible supplemental Hamburger Hills will save American lives? Will increase the national security? Does anyone believe the Duke of Wellington is Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff? Can all us Alices leave Wonderland long enough to face the consequences of acting on this proposal by rote, by slogan, by habit, while all around us men and women in ever-less-quiet desperation and ever-larger numbers despair of the democratic process and despair for the sanity of the Nation. If we cannot stop long enough to debate, can we at least stop long enough to think?

Mr. Chairman, that is what this vote is all about.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Minnesota (Mr. FRASER).

Mr. FRASER. Mr. Chairman, I have participated in the very limited way that has been possible in this debate as it has recurred from time to time on the floor. I think every time I have had a chance to speak on this subject the time has been restricted to 1 or 2 minutes. I have been thoroughly unimpressed with the role of the committee in affording any direction other than to rubberstamp, essentially, the policies of the President. At some point the House of Representatives, if it is going to stand on its own feet and exercise its constitutional responsibilities, ought to face the policy questions involved here much more squarely than has happened in the past.

I do not believe that the Vietnam war has proven to be a wise venture. I take it from the actions and speeches of many of the Members here today that they think it has been a great venture for the American people. They support it. They are prepared to involve us in more Vietnams in neighboring countries in Southeast Asia. I deeply regret that we do not have more time to discuss these questions.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from New York (Mr. RYAN).

Mr. RYAN. An appropriation bill is indeed the only opportunity which we have to vote on the fundamental policy inherent in the Vietnam war. I would like to point out, with respect to the question of military personnel which was raised earlier, that the funds under title

I are intended to cover and pay for increased deployment to Southeast Asia of some 17,400 Army personnel. According to the testimony of Gen. L. B. Taylor, director of Army budget, on page 361 of the hearings, and very significantly, in answer to a question posed by the gentleman from Alabama (Mr. ANDREWS) which was:

Do you have any plans to send any more there in the near future?

General Taylor said:

I think it goes up approximately [deletion] in the next fiscal year.

In other words, troop commitments in Vietnam will go up a certain number in the next fiscal year, according to General Taylor. Yet we do not have the benefit of knowing how many additional servicemen are scheduled for Southeast Asia because that has been deleted or censored by the Pentagon.

Mr. Chairman, I again urge the House to exercise its proper role and make it clear to the President that this war must be brought to a prompt conclusion.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Texas (Mr. ECKHARDT).

Mr. ECKHARDT. Mr. Chairman, the lack of foresight that pervades the whole philosophy of those who would go pell-mell further into a war after they get to the level where the water is reaching their nostrils is illustrated by the argument here that we are going to arm and train the South Vietnamese Army under a supplemental appropriation.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from New York (Mr. PODELL).

Mr. PODELL. Mr. Chairman, I congratulate the gentleman from Texas (Mr. ECKHARDT) and the gentleman from New York (Mr. RYAN) and associate myself with their remarks. I think it is about time that we in the Congress reclaimed the prerogative of Congress to initiate and to declare war and to stop war when it becomes an insanity as is Vietnam. I think it is time that we issued our protest of the war in Vietnam in forceful terms. I think this is an opportunity for the Members of the House to make this protest heard.

Once again we are asked to acquiesce in approval of more funds for Vietnam. Contained in title I of the supplemental appropriations bill before us, this request is yet another testimonial to muddled political thinking and futile military efforts.

Again we shall hear the same chorus of voices telling us military victory is just around the corner. We know it is not. Again we shall be assured that just a few more billion and a few more divisions are all that is needed for real power bargaining at the negotiating table. I refuse to believe it.

Once more we shall be told about viable patriotic democrats and heirs of Thomas Jefferson running the government in Saigon. We know they are a patchwork military junta whose jails are crammed with non-Communist opponents.

Still again we shall be told Ky and the

Armed Forces of South Vietnam are almost ready to take over a more meaningful role in the war. I have seen too many dead Americans.

Taking all these factors into full consideration, I emerge with one major conclusion—that this war is a civil conflict where we can only continue to waste our substance in vain. Further, that we are only pouring good men and money down a bottomless drain.

I feel we have reached a point where the military of our own country must be curbed and held in tether. Also, their never-ending sources of national funds must be choked off, and there is no better time or place for it to begin than right here and now.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from New York (Mr. OTTINGER).

Mr. OTTINGER. Mr. Chairman, our colleague (Mr. PUCINSKI), related the fact of the overwhelming support of Congress for the Gulf of Tonkin resolution. Since that time a great many Americans and a great many Members of this Congress have felt that the policies then approved have proved to be bankrupt.

It is time that we reverse the inexorable increase in the amount we give to the military to prosecute the war and to ever expand it; it is time to stop pouring billions after billions of dollars down the bottomless pit of the military, especially when the military comes to us in this Congress and deliberately falsifies information and seeks to deceive us as it did in the case of the C-54 cargo plane. We simply can no longer take at face value that everything the military describes as "essential" is in fact essential.

We are now spending \$82.5 billion on the military. This constitutes some 60 percent of our free funds, not committed to payment of interest on the national debt. This is the largest and fastest rising item in the budget. Its rise must stop.

Many of us feel that the national security of our country is more threatened by internal explosion than by external invasion. A far greater proportion of our free funds must be devoted to education, job training, housing, and our environment if we are to survive. It is past time that we reverse the trend toward an ever larger war in Vietnam and an ever larger military commitment, all made perversely in the name of "peace."

This increase is a good place to start.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from New York (Mr. GILBERT).

Mr. GILBERT. Mr. Chairman, I voted for the Ryan amendment to eliminate title I of the supplemental appropriations bill. I felt a vote for tile I is a vote to continue the unpopular war in Vietnam. My support of the Ryan amendment is meant to indicate the dissent in my district and in the country. People are opposed to the Vietnam war, and we in Congress must make every effort to appeal to the President to take steps to end the war. Our best way in Congress to support our troops, is to withdraw them, as I proposed just a few days ago in a resolution introduced in Congress with

several of my colleagues. In supporting the Ryan amendment, I have attempted to register my protest, and that of my constituency, over any action to prolong fighting in Vietnam.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from New York (Mr. BINGHAM).

Mr. BINGHAM. Mr. Chairman, I would think Members of this House would have learned something from the events of the past year and a half: That the intensity of the fighting in Vietnam does not bring peace closer, but that restraint does.

We would not even be negotiating as we are today in Paris if President Johnson had not shown restraint by stopping the bombing of North Vietnam. Support of this amendment would indicate support of the idea of restraint in the future by keeping down the violence and would bring peace closer.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. PUCINSKI).

Mr. PUCINSKI. Mr. Chairman, we are in Vietnam because of the overwhelming vote in the House and in the Senate in support of the Gulf of Tonkin resolution which put us there. America went there with its eyes open. Congress knew what the consequences would be and that it would be a tough war. Just because it has been a difficult war, they should not be coming in here whimpering to pull out.

The President was right when he said if the needless suffering continues at the hands of the North Vietnamese, we will have to reconsider our alternatives. I think there is a very good chance we may have to resume the bombing of the North. The last year during which we have had the pause in the bombing has only brought more casualties of American boys and no subsequent progress toward peace.

I believe we may very well have to resume the bombing of the North and at the same time withdraw our troops from Vietnam so that North Vietnam will realize it is in for a long bombing siege. Only then may we see some progress in Paris.

This money and equipment is needed to win the war. This war is not going to be won in this Chamber; it will be won by the fighting in Vietnam.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from New York (Mr. KOCH).

Mr. KOCH. Mr. Chairman, it is not because this is a tough war or a hard war that I oppose it but because it is an immoral war, which is to say our involvement is politically, militarily, and economically indefensible. We therefore ought to get out of Vietnam.

The vote on this supplemental war appropriation is symbolic. If we were to vote it down, the President would know that we want a cease-fire now and a start of the withdrawal of American troops now.

This vote transcends the simple question of an appropriation; it is rather an opportunity for those who oppose the war to demonstrate their opposition.

We are told that we must vote for this appropriation in order to support our soldiers in Vietnam. I support our men in Vietnam. I want to bring them home.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from New York (Mr. FARBSTEIN).

Mr. FARBSTEIN. Mr. Chairman, 5 years ago I remember the then Secretary of Defense and the military saying the war would be over in a couple of months. This is a broken record of constant reiteration and the war still goes on.

I think the only way we can effectively turn this war over to the South Vietnamese is by denying any further funds for procurement of materiel. There is sufficient funds in the pipeline for materiel so the Vietnamese can take over the war.

I believe this additional equipment is unnecessary to provide full protection to our present forces in Vietnam. It could only serve as a means of escalating the American presence in Vietnam and discouraging the South Vietnamese from taking over a greater degree of responsibility for the prosecution of the war.

I believe that the passage of the amendment offered by the gentleman from Texas to delete this \$640,100,000 would take us a significant step closer to the goal of getting out of Vietnam.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Michigan, the minority leader (Mr. GERALD R. FORD).

Mr. GERALD R. FORD. Mr. Chairman, unfortunately the amendment as drafted is sloppy and poorly put together. The net result, however, is that we are faced with whether or not we will go along with the desire of the American people to transfer to our allies, the South Vietnamese, a greater and greater share and ultimately the total burden of the fighting in Vietnam.

If we vote for this amendment, we are voting to set back and to roadblock the effort to give the South Vietnamese a greater share of the fighting. Therefore, I truly hope that the amendment, badly drafted as it is, is defeated.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from California (Mr. LIPSCOMB).

Mr. LIPSCOMB. Mr. Chairman, the Nixon administration and the Subcommittee on Defense Appropriations have examined the requests for funds for military operations in Southeast Asia and has reduced them where not essential. The Subcommittee on Defense went very deeply into the requests and reduced over \$262 million in the revised request for procurement funds.

The amount requested in the procurement account are the very minimum needed to support not only our own effort in Vietnam, but to equip and modernize the South Vietnamese.

I ask a no vote on the amendment.

Mrs. CHISHOLM. Mr. Chairman—

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair must inform the gentlewoman from New York that under the time limitation she is not eligible for recognition.

Mrs. CHISHOLM. May I ask another Member to yield?

The CHAIRMAN. Yes. The gentlewoman may ask another Member to yield.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Texas (Mr. MAHON) to close debate on the amendment.

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Chairman, I yield my time to the gentlewoman from New York (Mrs. CHISHOLM).

Mrs. CHISHOLM. Mr. Chairman, I have just one brief statement to make, because I think most of the statements pertaining to the reasons why we should withdraw from this war in Vietnam have been made.

I speak on behalf of a minority in this country, the women and the mothers, the mothers whose sons have been lost in this war. Unfortunately, here in this body we do not have enough women to speak out on behalf of the women of this country who have been suffering as a result of the loss of their sons in this war.

I think there has to come a time when we have to recognize that we must withdraw, that we cannot continue to lose the cream of the crop of the young men in this country in a war that is unjust, a war that is highly immoral.

The mandate of the people of this country has not been paid any attention. We are supposed to be representing the people of the United States in this Chamber, and the mandate means absolutely nothing in terms of what the women of this country are speaking out about.

Thank you very much.

The CHAIRMAN. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Texas (Mr. ECKHARDT).

The question was taken; and on a division (demanded by Mr. BURTON of California) there were—ayes 23, noes 134.

So the amendment was rejected.

The CHAIRMAN. The Clerk will read.

The Clerk read as follows:

AGRICULTURAL STABILIZATION AND  
CONSERVATION SERVICE  
SUGAR ACT PROGRAM

For an additional amount for "Sugar Act program", \$7,500,000.

Mr. OTTINGER. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike the last word.

I rise to ask the chairman whether the amount listed on lines 11 and 12 of page 3—"For an additional amount for 'Salaries and expenses', for 'Plant and animal disease and pest control,' includes any amount that involves the spreading of pesticides such as DDT and other non-degradable pesticides, or whether this refers only to the sterile fly program for elimination of the screw-worm referred to in the report."

Mr. MAHON. Will the gentleman direct his question to the gentleman from Mississippi (Mr. WHITTEN) the chairman of the Subcommittee on Agriculture?

Mr. OTTINGER. I am glad to.

Mr. WHITTEN. This is limited to the sterilization of flies and the effort to stop the screw-worm infestation. Most of it represents money already expended under authority which permits deficit spending where life and property would otherwise be endangered.

None of it has the purpose in mind that the gentleman refers to.

Mr. OTTINGER. In that case I have no objection. Thank you.

I yield back the balance of my time. The CHAIRMAN. The Clerk will read. The Clerk read as follows:

CHAPTER III  
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA  
FEDERAL FUNDS

FEDERAL PAYMENT TO THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

For an additional amount for "Federal payment to the District of Columbia", for the general fund of the District of Columbia, \$10,365,000.

Mr. GROSS. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike the requisite number of words.

Mr. Chairman, I rise to ask someone on the Committee on Appropriations whether there are funds in this bill for the restoration of buildings that have been gutted by arson and fire and other acts of property damage at Howard University, including the destruction of a \$30,000 fire truck.

Mr. NATCHER. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. GROSS. I am glad to yield to the gentleman.

Mr. NATCHER. I would like for the gentleman to know that in this bill we have no money whatsoever for that purpose.

Mr. GROSS. I thank the gentleman.

Mr. Chairman, I yield back the balance of my time.

The CHAIRMAN. The Clerk will read.

The Clerk read as follows:

DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN  
DEVELOPMENT  
MORTGAGE CREDIT  
HOMEOWNERSHIP AND RENTAL HOUSING  
ASSISTANCE

The limitation on total payments that may be required in any fiscal year by all contracts entered into under section 235 of the National Housing Act, as amended (82 Stat. 477), is increased by \$40,000,000 and the limitation on total payments under those entered into under section 236 of such Act (82 Stat. 498) is increased by \$40,000,000.

Mr. FRASER. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike the requisite number of words.

Mr. Chairman, I want to indicate my support for the provision in H.R. 11400 which provides \$40 million in new contract authority for the section 235 homeownership program. I would like to have seen the Appropriations Committee approve the administration's full request of \$50 million for section 235 but the money in this bill will at least enable the program to continue operating. It is essential that we follow up action on this \$40 million supplemental appropriation with approval later in the session of the full 1970 budget of \$100 million for section 235.

The section 235 program has only been in operation in my district since the first of the year but already it is beginning to have a significant impact. In January the Minneapolis FHA office was allocated mortgage subsidy funds for 100 homes. Within 3 months all these funds had been obligated and the office now has a waiting list of over 200 eligible families.

The Minneapolis Housing and Redevelopment Authority has found that section 235 is a particularly useful aid for moderate income families displaced by

the urban renewal projects. A MHRA staff member wrote to tell me that three families relocated from a north Minneapolis renewal project had recently obtained FHA mortgages subsidized under 235:

They bought good houses—houses they could not have purchased without the subsidy. Home ownership will not be a burden because payments are related to their ability to pay. But for every home purchased, we had at least 8 inquiries. Many families are continuing to look for homes pending appropriations of more funds.

The following cases from the Housing Authority files provide interesting examples of how section 235 can make a real difference for families in need of good housing:

#### FAMILY "C"

Mr. and Mrs. "C" have two children, ages 3 and 2. The "Cs" purchased a FHA repossessed home in northeast Minneapolis. The home is a two story frame structure with four bedrooms, bath and kitchen, living room and dining room. It was built about 50 years ago and has been well maintained.

FHA approved a mortgage with a local savings and loan association on February 27, 1969. It was set at 7½% for \$17,300 with a \$200 down payment under Section 235. The "Cs" moved into their new home on April 1. Their share of the monthly payments is \$86.71 with a Section 235 subsidy of \$72.57 for a total of \$159.28 per month.

#### FAMILY "H"

Mr. and Mrs. "H" have three children, ages 10, 8 and 7. They are expecting their fourth child in August. The "Hs" bought a two-story home built in the early 1900s. A special attraction of this home is its location next to a school, so their daughter with cerebral palsy doesn't have to walk.

The "Hs" purchased their home for \$14,800. The total monthly mortgage payment is \$133.51. The "Hs" will pay \$82.15 and the government will subsidize \$51.36. The payment of \$82.15 is 20% of Mr. "Hs" adjusted monthly income. The reasonable amount of the "Hs" monthly payments should enable them to stay financially secure and build an equity from this purchase.

The human element in this new program is conveyed very effectively by a constituent who recently wrote:

I had been paying \$113.00 per month and I was only earning about \$300.00 per month for almost 10 years. With paying this much per month, I could hardly make any repairs. Things had reached the point where it was raining in every bedroom. When my children needed more and I could not keep up the payments, I was given 30 days to move out. This was the point where 235 came to my rescue.

Now with my small house, easy upkeep and the monthly payments are much less, I feel more confident in the future. I hope this greatly needed program may be expanded. I know from experience how terrible it is not to have a decent place to come home from work. When I see friends and neighbors under the conditions I was in, I feel I should try to let you know how much this can mean to people and how more should be done.

Mr. Chairman, the passage of the 1968 Housing Act held out the hope of home-ownership for millions of low-income families. Now, a year later, when the initial excitement over this historic legislation has died down, it is up to us to make sure that the new housing pro-

grams really work. Unless we vote adequate funds for section 235 and the other innovative programs, the 1968 act will be nothing more than a token attempt to meet our country's critical housing needs.

The CHAIRMAN. The Clerk will read.

The Clerk read as follows:

#### NATIONAL FOUNDATION ON THE ARTS AND THE HUMANITIES SALARIES AND EXPENSES

For an additional amount for "Salaries and expenses", equal to the total amounts of gifts, bequests, and devises of money, and other property received by each Endowment under the provisions of section 10(a)(2) of the National Foundation on the Arts and the Humanities Act of 1965, as amended, not to exceed a total of \$3,000,000, to remain available until expended.

#### AMENDMENT OFFERED BY MR. GROSS

Mr. GROSS. Mr. Chairman, I offer an amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment offered by Mr. Gross: On page 13, strike out all of lines 13 through 20; and on page 14, strike out all of lines 1 and 2.

Mr. GROSS. Mr. Chairman, let me emphasize that this is a big bill. This is a \$4 billion supplemental appropriation bill making additions to the regular appropriation bills of last year. And, I want to underscore what the gentleman from Michigan (Mr. CEDERBERG) said earlier. He said, in effect, that these supplemental appropriation bills are coming too fast. They make meaningless the validity of the regular appropriation bills.

Mr. Chairman, my amendment would strike out the \$3 million for the Arts and Humanities Foundation. I would like to ask the proponents for handing over another \$3 million to this Arts and Humanities Foundation if they have read the latest casualty figures for Vietnam war, if they have, whether they do not think it is more than slightly tragic to be spending this money for poetry reading and ballet dancing when we are in the midst of a horribly costly full-scale war in men and money. We have lost 35,000 men killed in action in Vietnam, nearly another 6,000 dead from various other causes in connection with this war and 225,000 wounded. These arts and humanities people seem to be concerned mostly with bailing out bankrupt cultural centers, such as the one in Atlanta, Ga., while the Federal debt climbs and inflation gallops on.

I remind you of the testimony of Charles Mark, the planning and analysis director of this organization. He wants this money so they can transport actors from Louisville, Atlanta, Cincinnati, and Minneapolis—among other places—to Broadway at the expense of the taxpayers. When they get there, Mr. Mark said, they will dance dances, present chamber opera, whatever that is, and give poetry readings.

Mr. Mark failed to give any testimony on the subject of where the public's money has already gone at the hands of this Arts and Humanities setup.

It would be interesting to know, too,

if they plan any more grants to study Apache Indian history, or to make a computer analysis of style problems in epic poetry; or for research for a book on medieval comic opera.

Are they going to shell out more money for a study of aspects of Wordsworth's reading and writing "which have gone unnoticed or misinterpreted"?

Perhaps they have another grant in mind to study the background of 17th century members of Parliament.

Maybe they plan another grant or two for a study of the leading literary critics of the 19th century Spanish literature.

These people have never, as far as I can determine, financed a study of the flight of our gold to foreign countries, nor has there been a grant to find out what tune Nero was playing when Rome burned. Maybe we could use that tune today as a sort of a second national anthem, when we talk in terms of giving an additional \$3 million to people who engage in spending the taxpayers' money for purposes of this kind. Here is \$3 million we could save, and we had better start saving the millions or we are never going to save the billions.

Mr. Chairman, I urge adoption of the amendment and yield back the balance of my time.

Mr. THOMPSON of New Jersey. Mr. Chairman, I rise in opposition to the amendment.

Mr. Chairman, I will not take 5 minutes. It is not necessary, I believe, because my beloved friend from Iowa has not caught up yet with the question that he asked 3 years ago when, of all things, being from an agricultural State, he said that he did not know the difference between a bale of hay and a ballet dancer. That is rather remarkable, being from that area. One might expect that someone from Manhattan or places like that would not know that difference, at least, they would not know a bale of hay.

Mr. Chairman, the fact of the matter is that this is really a startlingly small amount of money, even though it is what was requested for matching grants. The gentleman from Iowa and some of the members of the committee might find it perfectly easy to deride such things as interpretation of poetry and 19th-century Spanish literature, or anything else that makes life beautiful.

Mr. Chairman, to equate this amount of money with what happens in Vietnam is, I believe, ridiculous. Probably this amount of money would not even pump the water out of that submarine at Mare Island.

Mr. GROSS. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. THOMPSON of New Jersey. I will be glad to yield to my friend from Iowa.

Mr. GROSS. Well, it might help.

Mr. THOMPSON of New Jersey. It might help. It would cost, probably, much more than \$3 million to pump it out, that is true.

Mr. GROSS. I did not know in New Jersey that \$3 million could be spent on notice, but perhaps that is true.

Mr. THOMPSON of New Jersey. That what?

Mr. GROSS. That \$3 million could be spent on notice, that it had any real meaning.

Mr. THOMPSON of New Jersey. This has very real meaning, I will say to my friend from Iowa. This covers the entire governmental operation with respect to those grants to the arts and the humanities, to scholarship, and to the beautiful things in life.

Mr. ALBERT. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. THOMPSON of New Jersey. I am delighted to yield to the distinguished majority leader.

Mr. ALBERT. Mr. Chairman, I wish to associate myself with the remarks of the gentleman from New Jersey. This appropriation item gives us the opportunity to get private contributions into this very important area. On another point, while the gentleman has called attention to some areas, that might be humorous to some of us, certainly, none of us would, I hope, undertake to hamstring the artists and humanists of this country by trying to circumscribe the areas in which they operate. This program has been well run. I have had an opportunity to examine its scope and operations, and I commend the great men who have administered it.

Mr. THOMPSON of New Jersey. I quite agree with the distinguished majority leader.

Mr. ST GERMAIN. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. THOMPSON of New Jersey. I yield to the gentleman from Rhode Island.

Mr. ST GERMAIN. Mr. Chairman, I thank the gentleman for yielding. I would like to quote a project that took place just recently in Rhode Island. It was a very healthy and excellent demonstration. As a result of funding from the arts and humanities in Rhode Island, we had a project called Discovery which visited the high schools of the entire State—the theater.

The children who were benefited by this program were very disappointed when they found out that Project Discovery might very well not be continued this year because of lack of funding.

So they put on a demonstration march to the State House hoping that the State would help to fund and that private funds would come in so that they could continue Project Discovery.

I feel that if this type of demonstration can be generated from this funding, certainly it is a healthy thing for the future of our Nation.

Mr. THOMPSON of New Jersey. The gentleman has pointed out something that is very valuable, as has the majority leader.

The fact is that since the passage of this legislation nearly every State in the Union has formed its own State arts council and has turned the attention of the youngsters and of the populace of the States to the beautiful things in life. They may not have much value to some of us, but they do to me and they do to the children and they do to elderly people, such as my friend, Dr. Barnaby Keeney.

This money will generate probably three times as much as the appropriation provided for here. The Endowments on the Arts and the Humanities have done a truly magnificent job with very meager resources.

Mr. HUNGATE. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. THOMPSON of New Jersey. I yield to the gentleman.

Mr. HUNGATE. Mr. Chairman, if I understood the gentleman correctly, the possibility may be that some of our colleagues cannot distinguish a ballet dancer from a bale of hay, and I believe that this would justify a considerable expenditure for cultural enrichment.

Mr. THOMPSON of New Jersey. I suppose it would.

Mr. Chairman, I would like to express my appreciation to the subcommittee and to the committee and my gratitude and the gratitude of our great constituencies who are interested in the arts and humanities for their work and for this very modest contribution.

Mrs. HANSEN of Washington. Mr. Chairman, I rise in opposition to the amendment.

Mr. Chairman, the \$3 million placed in this bill is to provide for matching grants. For every dollar that the Government spends here, another dollar or more of grants will be donated and used to further the program of the arts and humanities.

After listening to the debate a little earlier on another subject, I am just going to repeat what I said last year.

We have solved many technical problems. We have made magnificent contributions in the sciences and, yet, not yet does this Nation understand the depth of its soul. A better understanding of ourselves can be the contribution of the humanities.

To the gentleman from Iowa, may I ask, what is wrong with knowing the history—the proud history of the Apache Nation?

Mr. Chairman, I want to read a statement by a rather well-known business enterprise. A page advertisement was taken in the newspapers of the West about 3 weeks ago by the Pacific Northwest Bell.

At the top of the page appear the words "The Big Change in Arts and Culture." At the bottom it says:

Like many others in the business world today we recognize that the opportunity to enjoy the arts is an important part of the quality of living we enjoy here in the Pacific Northwest. And like any part of our environment, their growth must be nurtured and stimulated. You might say that's been our theme in this Big Change series. For what we've been saying is that the assets we have in Washington must be matched by the deeds of men if we are all to enjoy the productive life. And that's an unchanging assignment.

I strongly urge you to defeat this amendment.

Mr. GROSS. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mrs. HANSEN of Washington. I yield to the gentleman.

Mr. GROSS. How about the history of the Comanches, and the Arapahos and all the rest of them—the Mohawks, the Sioux, the Cherokees, and all other Indian tribes?

Mrs. HANSEN of Washington. If the gentleman will yield, I think the history of every group who has been part of this country's history is part and parcel of this country's great heritage and should be more widely known. It is part of our culture.

I am personally proud to have worked with the Indian people of this Nation and to understand their role and their relationship in today's world.

Mr. GROSS. The gentlewoman in the very brief hearings that we held on this subject said it was her understanding that the appropriations—

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentlewoman from Washington has expired.

Mr. McDADE. Mr. Chairman, I merely wish to point out to the Members on both sides of the aisle that this is a recommendation that comes from the subcommittee in unanimous fashion. We gave it what we thought was an important and extensive hearing. In our judgment, it is an item in which our Government, our Nation, our people, ought to be interested.

The question is really at what level. I believe all of us will agree that this is a minimal level of Federal funding. I would urge my colleagues on both sides of the aisle to support the position of the subcommittee and defeat the amendment offered by my colleague from Iowa.

Mr. GROSS. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. McDADE. I am happy to yield to the gentleman from Iowa.

Mr. GROSS. Did not the gentlewoman from Washington, in opening the quick hearing on this \$3 million item, say that, in effect, she was surprised that they would be asking for this funding since she thought supplemental appropriations dealt with emergencies? What kind of emergency is there in this situation?

Mr. McDADE. I would say to my colleague—and the gentlewoman from Washington, of course, is able to speak for herself ably—but I would point out that this is a matching program in which we are making an effort to stimulate non-Federal funding in this area, and in order to do this we are providing funds which can be matched in this bill.

Mr. GROSS. But that scarcely makes an emergency out of this thing.

Mr. McDADE. I think we have to do it in order to stimulate the non-Federal funding. We ought at least to come forward with some Federal funding to keep faith. That is what we are doing.

Mrs. HANSEN of Washington. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. McDADE. I yield to the gentlewoman from Washington.

Mrs. HANSEN of Washington. May I say that in our committee questions were asked to develop the fullest amount of information necessary to find out what the funds were designed to do. We were told that for every dollar that would be provided in the Federal funding there is

more than a dollar pledged in gifts to the arts and humanities under the matching program. We did not want to appropriate more than would be necessary. We did want to know why, exactly, we needed the money at this time, and the complete answers are in the record of our hearings.

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Chairman, I ask unanimous consent that all debate on the amendment close.

The CHAIRMAN. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Texas?

Mr. JOELSON. Mr. Chairman, I object.

MOTION OFFERED BY MR. MAHON

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Chairman, I move that all debate on this amendment close in 5 minutes.

The CHAIRMAN. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Texas (Mr. MAHON).

The motion was agreed to.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. JOELSON).

Mr. JOELSON. Mr. Chairman, I rise in opposition to this amendment. I think that when the history books of our Nation are written, we are going to be judged not on the number of angry bombs we were able to produce, or the screaming missiles, or the whining bullets, but by what kind of culture or civilization we created.

The gentleman from Iowa mentioned Vietnam. I believe the people of this country want to acknowledge that there are more things to life than wars, and that there are the pursuits of peace, and the advantages and the blessing of peace. We would like to acknowledge that we are a humane, an interested, and an aware people.

I do not think a Congress that today is appropriating \$1.2 billion for killing has the right to turn its back on a token \$3 million for the appreciation of culture and the blessings of democracy and learning. This may seem a very paltry matter, but I think it goes to the heart of what America is and what America would like to be and what America could become if we are willing to invest our wealth in our minds and our spirits. We must not become a nation of Philistines. We are not barbarians; we are human beings.

As one who would have chosen over Sparta, I urge the rejection of this negative amendment.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Iowa (Mr. MAYNE).

Mr. MAYNE. Mr. Chairman, I would not want to take the position that \$3 million is a small amount of money, but considering the vast scope of this project, the National Foundation on the Arts and Humanities, this seems to me to be a very reasonable expenditure in this bill. I, therefore, speak in opposition to the amendment.

Cultural activities of this kind have never in the history of civilization operated at a profit. It has always been necessary to have either some Government subsidization or some other type of contribution from patrons or sponsors to

bring great works of art and literature to the peoples of the world. This has been necessary to make progress in raising the cultural and artistic standards of the human race.

We are not talking here about some vague experimental program, but of a program which has already proved its worth operating within the confines of a relatively modest budget.

As the gentleman from New Jersey (Mr. THOMPSON) said, the arts councils have been very successful throughout the United States. I can certainly assure my colleagues that the Iowa Arts Council, under the direction of Jack E. Olds, has been an outstanding success. This has been a bipartisan effort in the State of Iowa commenced during the administration of a Democratic Governor with an appropriation of \$50,000. This year a Republican Governor has recommended an appropriation of \$61,460 and the full amount has been voted by a Republican legislature. Using State and Federal funds, the Iowa Arts Council has been able to bring great music, great literature, and great drama to every corner of the State. The 1967-68 biennial report of the council shows that 33 projects were undertaken and presented in a great majority of Iowa's 99 counties.

To mention some of these, there were performances by the Des Moines Civic Ballet at Marshalltown and Des Moines and a performance by the Dubuque City Youth Ballet Company in collaboration with the University of Northern Iowa.

An extended tour by the University of Northern Iowa Concert Chorale and Concert Band; a tour of western counties by the Iowa State Symphonic Band; recitals by the internationally known Iowa violinist, Charles Treger, the only American to win the famous Wieniawski competition in Poznan, Poland, and by Pianist David Kaiserman.

A tour of 24 communities by poets from Iowa colleges and universities who read and interpreted their poems to an estimated 5,000 high school students; a drama consultation and technical services project from Iowa State University which brought staff members as consultants to about six communities.

An artist-in-residence program which brought the celebrated painter, Marion J. Kitzman, of Iowa State University, to two communities; a touring exhibition of prints by 12 Iowa printmakers; a traveling program showing and discussing films as an art form was presented in four communities.

An Iowa designer-craftsmen touring exhibit assembled by Donn Young, director of the Cedar Rapids Art Center, which has toured 22 communities.

These are some of the extremely worthwhile programs which the Iowa Arts Council has been carrying forward with the aid of grants from the National Foundation on the Arts and Humanities, and from the Iowa State Legislature. Even more extensive and rewarding programs for the people of Iowa are being planned for next year, if sufficient funds such as those provided for in this bill can be made available through the Arts and Humanities Foundation. The

Iowa Legislature has already done its share having appropriated the full amount of \$61,460 recommended by Governor Ray for the 1969-70 biennium. I strongly urge that this House similarly show its confidence in the worthiness of the program, by overwhelmingly rejecting this amendment, the purpose of which is to delete all supplemental funds for the Arts and Humanities Foundation.

Evidently some Members of the House are still unaware of the vigorous cultural and artistic activity which has long thrived in the State of Iowa. There has even been some intimation that one of the most beautiful of the performing arts, the ballet, is completely unknown in Iowa. Nothing could be further from the truth. In addition to fairly frequent appearances by national touring companies, a number of Iowa colleges, universities, and cities sustain their own ballet groups. I can assure the House that many Iowans know what ballet dancers look like. Thanks to the Iowa Arts Council and the National Foundation on the Arts and Humanities, increasing numbers of Iowans are having an opportunity to decide for themselves whether their lives are indeed enriched by the humanities and the arts. I urge all my colleagues to vote against this amendment.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Indiana.

Mr. JACOBS. Mr. Chairman, the author of this amendment has said we should start with a half million dollars or with \$3 million before we can expect to save billions of dollars. The House has just rejected an opportunity to register a protest against the literally billions of dollars in waste which has been exposed in the Defense Department. Therefore, I would suggest a slogan for this amendment: "Billions for defense waste, but not one cent for what we are supposed to be defending."

The CHAIRMAN. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Iowa (Mr. GROSS).

The question was taken; and on a division (demanded by Mr. GROSS) there were—ayes 21, noes 99.

So the amendment was rejected.

The CHAIRMAN. The Clerk will read.

The Clerk read as follows:

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION,  
AND WELFARE

OFFICE OF EDUCATION

HIGHER EDUCATIONAL ACTIVITIES

For an additional amount for "Higher educational activities", including payments authorized by section 108(b) of the District of Columbia Public Education Act, as amended (Public Law 90-354, approved June 20, 1968), and annual interest grants authorized by section 306 of the Higher Education Facilities Act, as amended (Public Law 90-575, approved October 16, 1968), \$11,161,000, of which \$3,920,000 shall remain available until expended for said annual interest grants: *Provided*, That, in addition, \$160,000 shall be derived by transfer from "Community mental health resource support", Public Health Service, fiscal year 1969.

AMENDMENT OFFERED BY MR. SCHERLE

Mr. SCHERLE. Mr. Chairman, I offer an amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment offered by Mr. SCHERLE: On page 15, at the end of line 6, strike the period and insert the following: "Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated by this Act for annual interest grants authorized by section 306 of the Higher Education Facilities Act, as amended by P.L. 90-575, shall be used to formulate or carry out any grant to any institution of higher education unless such institution is in full compliance with section 504 of such Act."

Mr. SCHERLE. Mr. Chairman, the amendment I am proposing would prohibit any part of the funds appropriated by H.R. 11400—under chapter VII, higher education activities found on page 14 of this supplemental appropriation bill—for the purpose of such annual interest grants to be granted to any institution which is not in full compliance with the provisions of section 504 of the Higher Education Amendments of 1968.

Under chapter VII of the bill before us, Congress is asked to appropriate \$3.9 million for interest subsidy grants for college construction loans. This Federal financial assistance would result in the colleges being able to obtain an estimated \$145 million in loans from non-Federal sources.

The taxpayers have a large stock in the higher educational institutions in this country—billions of their tax dollars aid it each year. There is an urgent need for college administrators to eliminate the radical troublemakers. The clear congressional intent is that the colleges either ought to clean up their campuses or suffer the consequences.

I can think of no more powerful way to impress upon the administrators the seriousness of their failure to impose section 504 than to tell them that such failure would mean that they will not be eligible for this additional type of aid.

Section 504—Public Law 90-575—basically requires that if any student is found, after a hearing by the college or university, to have either been convicted of a crime in a court of record or violated a school regulation which was of a serious nature and contributed to a disruption which prevented his faculty or other students from attending to their duties or engaging in studies, then that student shall not be eligible for certain Federal student loan programs for at least 2 years.

Some colleges are laboring under the false impression given by former Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, Wilbur Cohen, who felt that enforcement of section 504 was not mandatory. However, the present Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, Robert Finch, in testimony before a House Subcommittee on Special Education, of which I am a member, on April 18, 1969, made it clear that section 504 imposed a mandatory obligation on the college. Secretary Finch said:

As with any provision of law, Section 504 demands compliance in good faith by those to whom it applies. So we expect that colleges and universities will strive in good faith to implement its provisions for aid termination where the facts disclose the "abuses" have taken place.

The amendment only requires the institution of higher education which

wishes to qualify for funds under the annual interest grant program to obey the law as far as section 504 of the Higher Education Amendments of 1968 is concerned. Surely no institution of higher education can make any claim that it should be "beyond the law" in any respect, or that it should not have to comply with the provisions of section 504. It is in fact "bad faith" on the part of an institution of higher education if it applies for one form of Federal assistance while it is guilty of refusal or failure to comply with the requirements of the law in its administration of another Federal assistance program.

The intent of Congress that the colleges must hold hearings is most clear. Not only was it clear from the language used in section 504, but in addition the Congress last year passed substantially similar amendments to three different appropriations bills. They were the Labor and Health, Education, and Welfare Act for fiscal 1969, Independent Offices Appropriation Act—Public Law 90-550—and NASA appropriation—Public Law 90-373.

This amendment does not bring the Federal Government into the field of academic discipline. It merely states that none of the funds under this section will be granted to any institution that is unwilling to comply with the present Federal law.

The amendment is important not so much in the program that it amends, but in the principle that it establishes. The relatively new and small annual interest grants program is the only rather general assistance program relating to institutions of higher education in the present bill. My amendment will help the annual interest grant program, by insuring that the limited funds will go to those institutions which are willing to help themselves and to curb the violence and disorders disrupting and in many ways destroying these institutions by using all appropriate means available, including the tools made available to these institutions by section 504 of the Higher Education Amendments of 1968. Denial of an annual interest grant will not invoke serious injury upon any institution, but it would show the institutions that Congress is concerned and demands compliance with section 504 of the Higher Education Amendments of 1968. The experience gained under this amendment would be of great interest when the Congress considers Department of Health, Education, and Welfare Appropriations legislation for fiscal year 1970 later this year, and when it considers other legislation in the field of Federal assistance to higher education.

In brief, my amendment simply says that section 504 of the present law must be enforced, not ignored; that the time to stop disorder on the campuses of our Nation is now, not later; and that the American people are fed up with placid college administrators who are unwilling or unable to carry out their responsibilities to their colleges, their communities, or their country.

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike the requisite number of words.

Mr. Chairman, as I understand the amendment offered by the gentleman from Iowa, he is drawing attention to section 504 of the Higher Education Act and to sections of the Labor-Health, Education, and Welfare appropriation bill, the independent offices appropriation bill, and the Defense appropriation bill of last year which contain certain restrictive language with regard to aid to the colleges. To some extent, the gentleman's amendment merely seems to endorse the present law. I have no authority to speak for the Committee on Appropriations, but personally I do not see anything objectionable about the amendment.

I would ask, Mr. Chairman, unanimous consent that all debate on this amendment be closed in 10 minutes.

The CHAIRMAN. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Texas?

There was no objection.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from New York (Mr. PODELL).

Mr. PODELL. Mr. Chairman, it disquiets me to see an effort afoot in the House to coerce universities and colleges into taking action against student protestors. Offered in the form of an amendment to the supplemental appropriations bill we are considering, it aims at a Federal intrusion onto almost every campus in the Nation, deciding who shall be penalized, and who shall not be.

Such an amendment requiring institutions of higher learning applying for Federal interest subsidies for construction projects to certify that they are complying with a legislative antidisorder measure passed by Congress last year. Here we have those who cry the loudest about Federal intervention, demanding such intervention in the worst possible manner.

Such an overshadowing Federal presence and the threat implied is the very antithesis of what Congress intentions were when Federal aid to colleges and universities was enacted into law. Shall the National Government use its freely offered aid to education to require each school to retain or expel students? Is the Government about to set up standards for scholarship as well?

Enactment of such a coercive measure would be the first step toward abrogation of all the liberties our campuses embody and teach. Academic freedom and the right to dissent will be next. This is intrusion with a vengeance.

I hold no brief for those who bring weapons onto campuses or destroy property. I have no sympathy with those who use the right of protest to prevent the vast majority from attending classes and obtaining educations.

Simultaneously, Mr. Chairman, I am vehemently opposed to those who have so little faith in our young people, our ideals and our institutions. At the first sign of trouble, their answer is coercion, abrogation of traditional liberties and the imposition of harsh laws and harsher penalties. Already overreaction is visible in the form of midnight arrests and pounding on the door in the wee hours.

This is no solution. It is the very antithesis of our country. We must not allow ourselves to be carried away by the frightened cries of those with little faith and no understanding of democracy.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from New York (Mr. KOCH).

Mr. KOCH. Mr. Chairman, the potential effect of this amendment is most abhorrent. It would substitute the judgment of the Secretary of HEW for that of the chancellor of every university with respect to student discipline. And cruelly, if such oversight were exercised so as to find the university chancellor derelict, then under this amendment the Federal funds granted to the university for the construction of academic facilities would be withdrawn affecting all students, good and bad alike, violent and nonviolent.

Those who have always feared the assertion of Federal power in education now seem bent on using it in a punitive manner. Students must be held responsible for their conduct—but the Federal Government has no business using its funds to play schoolmaster.

This amendment establishes an ugly precedent and I oppose it.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from New York has expired.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. HARSHA).

Mr. HARSHA. Mr. Chairman, I rise in support of this amendment. The American people are fed up with the violence, destruction of property, intimidations, and disruptions on the college campuses. They are sick and tired of seeing their tax dollars used for purposes for which they were never intended. They are sick and tired of seeing educational facilities which they funded abused and misused for purposes for which they were never intended.

This amendment merely serves notice on the faculties and administrators that they must enforce the law on their campuses and they must put their own house in order so that academic freedom can be maintained in these institutions, so that the great majority of students who earnestly desire an education may pursue their efforts to improve their knowledge and skills in an atmosphere conducive to that goal.

This amendment is not repressive. It does not impose Federal intervention on the universities, but to the contrary will help insure academic freedom. It should serve notice, however, to the faculties and administrators that unless they do put their own house in order and bring a halt to this nonsense, that they themselves have encouraged, that the American people will no longer stand for such actions and that this Congress will undoubtedly take far sterner measures in the event that they continue to fail to meet their responsibilities.

This is a most proper amendment and is a proper area in which this Congress can act. Certainly there is a Federal interest involved here because of the great expenditure of Federal funds in the name of higher education, and the Congress has a responsibility to see that these funds are properly used and that the

facilities constructed with these funds are not destroyed or damaged.

I have been approached from several sources inquiring whether or not I would offer my bill as an amendment to this legislation, and I was also asked, in the event I did not offer my bill, if someone else offered it, would I support it as an amendment to this supplemental appropriations bill.

I informed those who made such inquiries that I would not offer my bill nor support anyone else who did in that event. While I feel very strongly on this issue, it is my feeling that the Special Subcommittee on Campus Disorders under the chairmanship of the distinguished lady from Oregon has acted very equitably and fairly in this matter.

They are conducting hearings on the issue and have been doing so for several weeks. They have afforded me an opportunity to express my views on behalf of my legislation and afforded others a similar opportunity. It is my feeling that we first should exhaust the usual legislative process before we resort to any other methods to legislate on this issue.

Therefore, I have indicated that I would not offer my legislation at this time.

I think the proper procedure is to let the committee work its will and to inquire into all the ramifications of this issue. I am convinced the committee is doing that and will come up with some suggested legislation to cope with this issue of such concern to the American people. In the event it does not, there will be ample time and opportunity to offer my legislation or other measures to cope with the situation.

I see nothing contradictory with that approach in supporting this amendment as the amendment merely clarifies existing law and tells the faculties and administrators that before they receive any future funds they must certify to the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare that they will comply with existing law. This is little enough to ask of these faculties and administrators, and I would hope that the committee would accept this amendment.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Maine (Mr. HATHAWAY).

Mr. HATHAWAY. Mr. Chairman, I rise in opposition to the amendment. As I understand, the gentleman proposes that institutions of higher education certify that they are in compliance with section 504 of the Higher Education Act as a prerequisite to making application for programs which will be funded under the second supplemental appropriation bill for fiscal year 1969. As a practical matter, this will mean that institutions will be required to make this certification with respect to just one program—the program providing Federal payments to reduce interest charges on loans obtained from the private money market for the construction of academic facilities.

Mr. Chairman, the bases for my opposition to this amendment are numerous. First of all, the amendment will be most selective in its application. Under the \$3.9 million supplemental appropriation

proposed for the interest subsidy program, it is estimated that less than 250 institutions of higher education, out of a possible 2,000, will be able to participate in the program. Thus, under the amendment only a small percentage of our Nation's colleges and universities will be obligated to meet the requirement mandated by the gentleman's amendment. All other institutions, many of them carrying on extensive student assistance programs, will not be required under the gentlemen's amendment to file a certification of compliance.

Mr. Chairman, more objectionable than this, however, is the very dangerous precedent which this amendment would establish. Action taken last year in the Higher Education Amendments of 1968 was directed at disruptive students. This amendment was not directed at institutions of higher education as is the gentleman's amendment. We must not confuse our purposes for it is a much different matter to suggest that we punish colleges and universities than it is to say that we should punish students for illegal actions.

As you know, the Subcommittee on Special Education has conducted extensive hearings on the question of student unrest and, not one witness, and I include Secretary Finch and Attorney General Mitchel, has suggested that we enact legislation directed at institutions of higher education. Quite the contrary is the case. Just yesterday, Attorney General Mitchel advised us that he did not recommend any additional Federal legislation at this time. What he was saying to us is what should be repeated here today—that there is sufficient existing authority to meet the problem.

There is clearly sufficient authority to deal with any institution of higher education which refuses to comply with section 504. There is absolutely no need to add the requirement the gentleman's amendment suggests. It can only be viewed as a totally unnecessary amendment which would be selective in its application and which would establish a most dangerous precedent.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from Maine has expired.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Colorado (Mr. EVANS).

Mr. EVANS of Colorado. If the proponent of the amendment would answer a question, I would like to pose an inquiry. If his amendment passes, how and by whom is it going to be determined as to whether a college or university is in compliance with the laws as passed last year?

Mr. SCHERLE. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. EVANS of Colorado. I yield to the gentleman from Iowa.

Mr. SCHERLE. Under section 504, if they comply with the law as I indicated, there would be no problem whatsoever.

Mr. EVANS of Colorado. My question is how and by whom is it determined that they are complying with the laws which have been previously passed?

Mr. SCHERLE. We leave the determination in the hands of the college administrators, exactly where it belongs, and they will have to make the determi-

ance as to whether they are in compliance with the statutes.

Mr. EVANS of Colorado. When the gentleman mentions "compliance with the statutes," who will judge as to whether or not they are in compliance with such statutes under the gentleman's amendment?

Mr. SCHERLE. The Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare will have final jurisdiction in the matter.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from Colorado has expired.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Iowa (Mr. SCHERLE).

Mr. SCHERLE. Mr. Chairman, the statement was made a moment ago that this is punitive with reference to the penalty involved. Certainly there should be a penalty. I think it is very important that the penalty be available for use. This is exactly what it would amount to: It would leave the authorization in the colleges and universities where it belongs and all we say is, "You enforce the law." We take no jurisdiction away from them. The discretion lies in the areas of the college and university and all we are asking is that they enforce the law.

Mr. EVANS of Colorado. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. SCHERLE. I yield to the gentleman from Colorado.

Mr. EVANS of Colorado. If it remains in the hands of the office of education it would be handed over to the commissioner of education?

Mr. SCHERLE. It will rest in the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare.

Mr. EVANS of Colorado. In other words, he will have jurisdiction over every college and university which receives Federal funds?

Mr. SCHERLE. No, the decision to comply with section 504 would remain with the college and university administrators. If they do not comply with the law then funds would be cut off.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from Iowa has expired.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from New Hampshire (Mr. WYMAN).

Mr. WYMAN. Mr. Chairman, I rise in support of this amendment. It was my privilege to draft and introduce those portions of section 504 that do not relate to conviction. There is no reason why we should not now require compliance with statutes that were passed by this Congress by a vote of 6 to 1. The only action required on the part of the schools is either that someone should be convicted or that, after notice and hearing, they have been found by the school to have wilfully participated in a serious disruption of the university administration. This amendment would leave the control of the situation in the school administration where it belongs, except in cases of convictions in court, which, incidentally, I hope will be extended to include convictions for contempt of court at some later date.

Mr. Chairman, I think the amendment is a worthy one in coping with some aspects of the problems which we are now experiencing at our educational institutions. This is not the complete legis-

lative response, but it helps. In due course hopefully the subcommittee headed by the distinguished gentlewoman from Oregon (Mrs. GREEN) will present additional general legislation firmly imposing sanctions and appropriate penalties for the reprehensible deliberate insurrection we have been witnessing with dismay on too many campuses in this country.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from New Hampshire has expired.

The Chair recognizes the gentlewoman from Oregon (Mrs. GREEN).

Mrs. GREEN of Oregon. Mr. Chairman, section 504 was adopted by this Congress last year by an overwhelming majority. As I understand the amendment this does not cut off funds. It requires each university which wants to apply for funds to file a certificate of compliance—simply a statement to the effect that they will comply with the law.

I do not believe there is anything repressive about this; I do not believe it is punitive, but it serves notice upon the colleges and universities of this country that the Congress of the United States has a legitimate concern about the violence which is now current on our college campuses.

This Congress is concerned when advance amnesty is demanded. This Congress is concerned when it appears that a college faculty capitulates to nonnegotiable demands at the point of guns. This Congress is concerned when the faculty of a liberal arts college of a great university votes to ask that criminal charges be dropped for over 200 students and faculty members who participated in a recent riot. This serves notice that the patience of this Congress of the American people is not unlimited. This is to serve notice to the far left that we are sick and tired of the violence we see in this country, and that this Congress is determined to do whatever it can to see that it is stopped. This is to serve notice to the small minority in the SDS, in the Black Panthers that this country will not tolerate the tyranny of the minority.

My committee, I believe, will have other legislation that we hope will be helpful in this situation. I hope that it will be considered in an atmosphere that is calm—that reason will prevail. I will not support legislation that will fall into the plans of the militants. I hope that this legislation will come to the floor of this House within the next few weeks. But I say that I see nothing repressive about the amendment that has been offered today, and I rise in support of the amendment.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair recognizes the gentleman from Pennsylvania to close the debate.

Mr. BARRETT. Mr. Chairman, the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 made many important advances in our efforts to provide good housing and good neighborhoods for all of our citizens. There is nothing in the 17 titles of that bill, however, that is more important than the new interest subsidy programs designed to foster homeownership

for families which could not otherwise afford it and a greatly expanded rental housing program. We all know the basic role which homeownership plays in our American way of life by giving families a sense of pride and dignity, a sense of responsibility for the community in which they live, and a sense of participation. The benefits of this aid for homeownership will go far beyond the individual families which receive them.

Mr. Chairman, I want to commend the Committee on Appropriations for the positive approach which they have displayed on most items in the complex supplemental appropriation request. At the same time I deeply regret that they failed to authorize the full \$50 million request for each of the interest subsidy programs. I am hopeful that the other body will grant the full request and hold it in conference. Another reduction which deeply concerns me is the complete elimination of the modest request for funds to enable HUD to carry out its extensive responsibilities under the fair housing legislation. The \$2 million requested in this supplemental is sorely needed for responsible administration of these duties. Again I am hopeful that the other body will include the full amount in its bill. In addition we should all stand behind the budget requests for the coming fiscal year which contains the full authorization for interest subsidies in the amount of \$100 million for each of the programs. In the case of fair housing funds, I am hopeful that the committee can be persuaded that the original budget proposal of \$14 million is fully justified.

Mr. Chairman, there is an urgent need to move ahead with housing legislation already on the books. My Subcommittee on Housing recently concluded hearings on our national housing goals and the witnesses were unanimous that these goals can be met if our existing authorizations are fully and promptly funded. I urge all of my colleagues to support this bill today so that we can get on with the job of providing a good home and a decent environment for every American family.

The CHAIRMAN. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Iowa (Mr. SCHERLE).

The amendment was agreed to.

AMENDMENT OFFERED BY MR. SMITH OF IOWA

Mr. SMITH of Iowa. Mr. Chairman, I offer an amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment offered by Mr. SMITH of Iowa: On page 14, delete lines 24 and 25 and on page 15, delete lines 1 and 2 and the first four words on line 3 and insert in lieu thereof: "\$7,241,000".

Mr. SMITH of Iowa. Mr. Chairman, this amendment eliminates the permission to begin a new program of interest subsidies for college construction in this supplemental bill. The bill carries \$3.9 million for this purpose. The Department has stated that if this permission is approved it will withhold direct loans from appropriations that have already been made for this fiscal year for the purpose of college construction.

Under this new program that they propose to fund, either colleges, junior colleges that are now being built, and universities, will sell bonds, and the Government will pay the interest above 3 percent. They do not propose to sell below face value in order to give an effective yield at the going rate of interest, and the Government pay the difference between the return and the face value, but instead to merely pay 1 year of the subsidy now, and then to go in debt for the rest, and pay it each year over a 35-year period.

So we see that obviously this is a gimmick to avoid the limitation in the Expenditure and Control Act of last year, or a gimmick to avoid the Mahon amendment limitation in this very same bill.

This proposition will cost \$140 million, but only \$3.9 million shows up in the budget, and we go into debt for the rest. This is only part of an overall plan that has been explained to us. In fiscal year 1970, they propose to spend \$7 million under the interest subsidy programs and to substitute that completely for the program of direct loans and grants to 4-year colleges. In other words, there will be no direct grants and no direct loans for undergraduate and graduate schools if we approve this approach.

Now in the two bills—\$3.9 million plus \$7 million plus a second year payment of \$3.9 million is all that shows up.

The cost of the Government is \$440 million. But all that shows up in the budget is about \$15 million and we will pay the rest over a period of 35 years.

This is deficit financing and backdoor financing and defeats the limitations in the Bow and Mahon amendments and in addition to that it makes the time that we spent on debt limitation bills a waste of time.

To make it more palatable, now they call this, "relying more on the public sector." But a rose by some name is still a rose. No matter what they call it. It is nothing but deficit financing.

I would not mind so much if we did not hurt junior colleges and colleges and universities at the same time.

I was on this subcommittee chaired by the gentlewoman from Oregon (Mrs. GREEN) when we developed the legislation that finally became this Higher Facilities Act. I thought we were trying to help the colleges, but now this is to be turned into a bill for the relief of investment bankers and it is not going to give the aid needed to the colleges.

The colleges face about a 50 percent or more increased enrollment in the next 7 or 8 years. They have already engaged in selling as many bonds as they feel they can market with the full interest rate. In addition to that, they need to get some grants and some direct loans to supplement what they can raise through contributions.

I think it is an involved subject and if we are going to substitute completely an interest subsidy program for the good college grant and direct loan programs, it should not be in a supplemental and it should be fully discussed here.

If we do not carry this amendment, then these debt limit bills, limitations

on expenditures and the Expenditure Control Act, and the Nixon budget, which claimed a \$4 billion reduction, all are as phony as a \$3 bill.

If my amendment does not pass, the cost to the Federal Government will be more, most of the cost will be hidden and colleges will be in worse financial condition.

I urge my colleagues to adopt this amendment.

Mr. FLOOD. Mr. Chairman, I rise in opposition to the amendment. Mr. Chairman, it pains me that I must oppose my colleague on my subcommittee who is generally my strong right arm.

The facts are these. Congress authorized this method of financing in Public Law 90-575, approved just last October 16; so Congress is on record as being for it. The exact number of dollars and appropriation language that is in the bill was requested of the Congress by the Johnson administration; so the Johnson administration was for it. It was approved by the present Nixon administration; so they are for it. Of course, it would not be in the bill if the Committee on Appropriations were not for it.

Thus, under no circumstances will the appropriation circumvent the Mahon and Bow expenditure limitation proposal which applies to the 1970 budget.

Mr. JONAS. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. FLOOD. I yield to the gentleman.

Mr. JONAS. Is it not true that the force and effect of this amendment would be to return to Treasury borrowing?

Mr. FLOOD. That is correct.

Mr. JONAS. And that it would require the Treasury to go out into the market and borrow \$145 million for a program which we can handle in the way the committee proposes to handle it.

Mr. FLOOD. The only thing wrong with that statement is that I did not think of it. That is absolutely correct.

The CHAIRMAN. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Iowa (Mr. SMITH).

The amendment was rejected.

The CHAIRMAN. The Clerk will read. The Clerk read as follows:

#### SALARIES, OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

Office of the Speaker: From and after March 1, 1969, the basic annual lump-sum ceiling allowance applicable under this appropriation is hereby increased by \$2,230.

#### AMENDMENT OFFERED BY MR. NATCHER

Mr. NATCHER. Mr. Chairman, I offer an amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment offered by Mr. NATCHER: On page 16, strike out line 16 through 19, inclusive.

Mr. NATCHER. Mr. Chairman, this line item is no longer necessary. The amendment meets with the approval of the Speaker.

Mr. GROSS. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike the requisite number of words.

Mr. Chairman, I rise to ask why this item is being stricken.

Mr. ANDREWS of Alabama. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. GROSS. I yield to the gentleman from Alabama.

Mr. ANDREWS of Alabama. When the committee met, we were requested by the Speaker to increase the basic lump-sum ceiling allowance for his office. Since that time the Speaker has lost his most valuable "right arm," his former administrative assistant, and has now promoted his legislative assistant to that position. The situation has changed and there is now no occasion for the item. I believe the gentleman would agree.

Mr. GROSS. I agree and I appreciate the gentleman's explanation.

Now that we are on the subject of a pay increase, and since there are salary increases on almost every page of this bill, and it is hard to pull together in any one place information with respect to them, let me ask the gentleman this question: Where are the funds for the pay increases for the Members of Congress that went into effect recently?

Mr. ANDREWS of Alabama. Page 23, in another section of the bill.

Mr. MAHON. Page 23, line 12.

Mr. GROSS. Page 23, line 12; and this is for what period of time for Members of the Congress?

Mr. ANDREWS of Alabama. To the end of the current fiscal year, that is, to midnight of June 30, 1969.

Mr. GROSS. Are there any funds in this bill, is there any forward funding in the bill providing pay increases for the leadership of the House and the other body? Are there any funds in this bill at all for the possible funding of the increase contained in the bill that passed the House and then was shelved in the Senate?

Mr. ANDREWS of Alabama. I again refer the gentleman to the figure on line 12, page 23, for the same period of time, for the rest of this fiscal year.

Mr. GROSS. For forward funding of the legislation that was passed by the House and that is now gathering dust over in the Senate? Surely there is no funding for the leaders' pay increase which has not been authorized.

Mr. ANDREWS of Alabama. Yes, it is in there.

Mr. GROSS. In the bill we are considering?

Mr. ANDREWS of Alabama. Yes.

Mr. GROSS. You are putting up the money without an authorization?

Mr. ANDREWS of Alabama. We held these hearings over 2 months ago, and inserted the funds to carry out the bill which had passed the House at the time. I should add, of course, that the funds cannot be paid unless the House bill passes the Senate and becomes law.

Mr. GROSS. How much other money is there in this bill on the basis of forward funding for items that have never been authorized by the Congress?

Mr. ANDREWS of Alabama. Referring to the bill in question, one-third of the annual amount involved. The actual amount would be \$19,835.

Mr. GROSS. One-third of the annual amount involved?

Mr. ANDREWS of Alabama. For these particular jobs.

Mr. GROSS. For these particular jobs?

Mr. ANDREWS of Alabama. That is correct.

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. GROSS. I am glad to yield to the gentleman from Texas.

Mr. MAHON. The funds cannot be expended unless they are authorized. There is some money here in anticipation of authorization. That money remains in the bill, but as final action has not been taken on the legislative authorization, it is still alive as an issue, and there is nothing to be gained by striking this from the bill.

Mr. GROSS. Then this is not even a supplemental appropriation bill? Is this the procedure of the House Appropriations Committee to put in the supplemental bills funds for items that are not even authorized by Congress?

Mr. ANDREWS of Alabama. Mr. Chairman, we have not had a situation like this since I have been on the committee. This is the last supplemental bill for the current year and the last opportunity for the committee to fund these increased salaries—if the bill becomes law. The funds are in here on that contingency.

Mr. GROSS. If the leader's pay increase becomes law, there would be every opportunity to bring a bill to the House floor.

Mr. ANDREWS of Alabama. I hope this will be the last supplemental bill for this fiscal year.

Mr. GROSS. Does the gentleman mean it could not put it in a regular appropriation bill?

Mr. ANDREWS of Alabama. We will not have another one affecting this particular subject.

Mr. GROSS. Will we not have a house-keeping bill before this session is over?

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from Iowa has expired.

(By unanimous consent, Mr. GROSS was allowed to proceed for 2 additional minutes.)

Mr. ANDREWS of Alabama. Mr. Chairman, if the gentleman will yield further, we will not have an appropriation bill for the legislative establishment for the remainder of this fiscal year. I doubt if we will get the regular legislative bill for fiscal year 1970 on the floor before the 1st of July.

Mr. GROSS. This is a most unusual procedure, I will say to the gentleman.

Mr. ANDREWS of Alabama. I say to the gentleman this is the first time we have had a situation like this since I have been on the committee. The money cannot be spent, and will revert to the Treasury if the bill now pending before the other body does not become law.

Mr. GROSS. If it is not acted upon by July 1.

Mr. ANDREWS of Alabama. That is correct. The extra funds can only be used if the bill pending in the other body becomes law.

Mr. GROSS. Then what is the gentleman going to do if the bill subsequently is passed?

Mr. ANDREWS of Alabama. We will not have anything to act on.

Mr. GROSS. After July 1, if the bill

subsequently is passed by the other body, then what will the gentleman do in order to get the money for the leadership?

Mr. ANDREWS of Alabama. We are meeting that contingency, making provision for that contingency in this bill. I say to the gentleman that this is the last opportunity this fiscal year that we will have to fund the increased salaries if the bill becomes law and the salaries are increased. If the bill does not become law, then the money will not be spent.

The CHAIRMAN. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Kentucky (Mr. NATCHER).

The amendment was agreed to.

The CHAIRMAN. The Clerk will read. The Clerk read as follows:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT  
BUREAU OF THE PUBLIC DEBT  
ADMINISTERING THE PUBLIC DEBT

For an additional amount for "Administering the public debt", \$1,978,000; (and release of \$334,000 reserved under this appropriation pursuant to section 201 of Public Law 90-364).

Mr. GROSS. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike the necessary number of words.

Mr. Chairman, I would like to ask the distinguished chairman of the Appropriations Committee about the increase of nearly \$2 million—apparently it becomes more than \$2 million if we take into account the release of other funds—for the Bureau of Public Debt. Why would there be a supplemental in this regard?

Mr. STEED. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. GROSS. I yield to the gentleman from Oklahoma.

Mr. STEED. In this item of operation in the Government there are certain fees they have to pay to the Federal Reserve Banks and to the commercial banks throughout the country for services rendered in the cashing of bonds and other transactions. The major part of this item here is what is needed to finish paying the claims they will have for the remainder of this fiscal year. The volume of this sort of business is turning out to be considerably more than the original estimates over a year ago.

Mr. GROSS. So the debt is going up? Is that what the gentleman is saying and increasing the business of the Bureau of the Public Debt?

Mr. STEED. Some of this item could be attributed to the fact that the debt has gone up. Most of it is in the item of reimbursement we make to the Federal Reserve Banks and to the commercial banks for various services they perform for the Treasury Department.

Mr. GROSS. But that deals with the Federal debt. What is the total appropriation for the operation of the Bureau of the Public Debt? What is the annual cost this one agency of the Government to administer what it does with respect to the Federal debt?

Mr. STEED. I think, with the approval of the supplemental, it will bring the total cost for this item for this year to \$58 million.

Mr. GROSS. Between \$58 million and \$60 million, is that correct?

Mr. STEED. That is correct.

Mr. GROSS. It seems to me the \$3 million which was just approved for culture could very well have been used to take care of the running expenses of the Bureau of the Public Debt. The public debt now is around \$370 billion. Is the interest alone on the debt about \$16 billion a year? What is the latest figure?

Mr. STEED. The interest on the public debt for the coming fiscal year is estimated to be \$17.3 billion.

Mr. GROSS. \$17.3 billion. It is going up fast. So is the cost of administering it. I can remember when that cost was down to around \$20 million. Does the gentleman remember that?

Mr. STEED. It has gone up \$300 million in the estimate since last January.

Mr. GROSS. Mr. Chairman, I yield back the remainder of my time.

The CHAIRMAN. The Clerk will read. The Clerk read as follows:

LEGISLATIVE BRANCH  
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES  
COMPENSATION OF MEMBERS

Compensation of Members, \$1,975,000;

SALARIES, OFFICERS, AND EMPLOYEES

"Office of the Speaker", \$4,015;

POINT OF ORDER

Mr. GROSS. Mr. Chairman, I make a point of order against the language on page 23, lines 12, 13, and 14, on the ground that, as admitted by the committee, this contains moneys to be appropriated that have not been authorized by Congress.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair will inquire: Does the gentleman's point of order refer to lines 12, 13, and 14?

Mr. GROSS. Lines 11, 12, 13, and 14.

The CHAIRMAN. Does the gentleman from Texas desire to be heard on the point of order?

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Chairman, the gentleman, I believe, does not seek to reduce funds for the Office of the Speaker, as shown on line 14. The gentleman is, I believe, only referring to the pay increase for the Speaker and other Members—the item on line 12.

Mr. GROSS. Very frankly, I do not know which one of these line items contains all the funds, so I am just trying to take as much as I can to be sure I get the funds covered. If the gentleman will tell me what line they are in I will amend my point of order, with the permission of the Chair.

Mr. MAHON. The funds which have not been authorized are included in line 12, in the \$1,975,000 figure.

Mr. GROSS. Those are the only funds that have not been authorized?

Mr. MAHON. Yes; that is the figure involved. A small portion of that has not been authorized.

The CHAIRMAN. Will the gentleman from Texas yield for a clarifying question on the part of the Chair? As the Chair reads this language it says, "for increased pay costs authorized by or pursuant to law." If the Chair understands language, this refers to a cost already authorized by and pursuant to law that is now in existence. Is that true?

Mr. MAHON. The Chair is correct.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair is ready to rule.

Mr. GROSS. May I be heard, Mr. Chairman?

The CHAIRMAN. The gentleman from Iowa is recognized.

Mr. GROSS. The committee admits there are funds contained in line 12 that are not authorized by law.

Mr. MAHON. The \$19,835 included in line 12 has not been authorized. That is correct.

Mr. GROSS. You mean the \$1,975,000?

Mr. MAHON. No; \$19,835 has not been authorized. But it cannot be paid unless it is authorized. Otherwise, it would revert unused to the Treasury.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair again is confused. The Chair sees no reference to a figure of \$19,835 in the bill or in the language referred to here.

Mr. MAHON. It is part of the figure of \$1,975,000.

The CHAIRMAN. Does the gentleman from Texas state to the Chair that of the amount of \$1,975,000 there is \$19,835 that is not authorized?

Mr. MAHON. \$19,835.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair is still in a quandary because the language in line 7 says, "for increased pay costs authorized by or pursuant to law."

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Chairman, all compensation due by law to Members of Congress is authorized. If it is not authorized, it cannot be paid.

The CHAIRMAN. Yes.

Mr. MAHON. And this is for compensation for Members. Unless you go behind these figures it is clear that the whole sum would be authorized. What other sum Congress wishes to authorize can be authorized. It could be considerably above the \$1,975,000 because it is for the compensation of Members. If the figure is too high or in error, it is still authorized by law, because there is authorization for the payment of Members. Therefore, I have some doubt that the point of order lies against this. But the debate has disclosed the facts.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair is constrained to hold that the gentleman's point of order is not well taken, because the money amount in line 12 cannot be used for any other purpose than increased pay costs authorized by or pursuant to law. Therefore, the gentleman's point of order is overruled.

Mr. GROSS. Mr. Chairman, a parliamentary inquiry.

The CHAIRMAN. The gentleman will state it.

Mr. GROSS. What was the purpose of the bill which passed the House and is now in the hands of the Senate with no action taken upon it in that body? That was the authorization bill.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair, of course, does not have that language before him and cannot answer the gentleman's question.

#### AMENDMENT OFFERED BY MR. HALL

Mr. HALL. Mr. Chairman, I offer an amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment offered by Mr. HALL: On page 23, line 12, strike "\$1,975,000" and insert "\$1,068,789".

Mr. HALL. Mr. Chairman, the purpose of this amendment is very simple.

This amendment simply deducts \$906,211, which is the amount of pay increase for ourselves in this body and on which we did not vote at any time. It does not apply to the 2 months which have already been paid.

In other words, Mr. Chairman, this would deduct that amount of this appropriation for our pay increase, only for the months of May and June. Assuming there is no forward funding in this portion of the \$1,975,000 that pertains to the pay of the Members of the House of Representatives, by taking one-sixth of \$12,500, times the number of Members in this House, one arrives at this figure. Deducting it from the \$1,975,000, we have the remainder of \$1,068,789. It does not affect the pay of the judiciary or the executive branches.

The entire purpose of this amendment is clear cut. It is to avoid any more of the "sky being the limit" philosophy of raising our own pay. It is to get back in the groove and on the right track with the general belt tightening, the general economy and cuts that we are asking other branches, departments and people to make. It is starting at the epitome and establishing a top in priority, where economy should begin and that is with ourselves. It is an attempt to rescind, in the hope that we can continue to rectify, when the next appropriation act affecting legislation of the pay of the Members themselves in fiscal year 1970 occurs, instead of the "Valentine's massacre" which I referred to on the floor of this House once before, as a massacre of the taxpayers when it was known that this pay raise which was brought on by this Commission would become effective on February 11, 1969. It did not. It became effective March 1, 1969. We have been paid for that and for the month of April, and this amendment calls for no retroactivity or payback of the Members.

This would simply deduct that amount which will be paid for in May and June, the balance of this fiscal year 1969.

Mr. Chairman, I hope the future good judgment of the Members of the House will preclude further payment in fiscal year 1970. It is that simple.

I urge support from those of you who have received many letters demeaning you for allowing a pay increase to go through without asserting or working the will of the House and voting ourselves in this matter.

Mr. GROSS. Mr. Chairman, I am pleased that my friend from Missouri has offered this amendment. We have long been joined in the fight against the unconscionable pay increase for Members of Congress, the judiciary, and the executive branch of Government.

It is most unfortunate that under the law it is impossible to get at the pay increases for others, some of whose paychecks were increased by an outrageous 70 percent.

Here is the opportunity by supporting the amendment to rectify part of the mistake that was made when the pay increase bill was slipped through the backdoor of the House while the Members

were conveniently on vacation last February.

And the Members of the House should be on notice, that unless the amendment of the gentleman from Missouri is adopted, a vote for this supplemental appropriation will be a vote for the first time by the Members of the House to give themselves an unconscionable 41-percent increase.

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Chairman, I rise in opposition to the amendment.

Mr. Chairman, there are a variety of views in the House with respect to the pay raise which was made effective for members of the judicial and executive and legislative branches of the Government. Some of us thought that a pay raise, while clearly justifiable in some respects was not timely at the moment it was put into effect and that the amount of the raise was too great.

I was among the group opposing the pay raise, but the pay raise has been enacted into law, and it is the law of the land. It has been in effect since March 1.

If this law is to be changed, then it is a matter for the appropriate committee of the Congress to consider, and it would be very inappropriate through this procedure to undertake to nullify the law with regard to one of the branches of the Government involving the pay raise.

So, regardless of one's original views as to the wisdom of the pay raise, to me it is clearly out of order at this time to undertake on an appropriation bill to revise or to modify the law with respect to the pay raise. The proper procedure would be through a legislative bill covering the entire Government and worked out by the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service and presented to the House.

There was not a direct vote on the pay raise legislation this year. There was a rollcall vote in 1967 when the Commission was authorized to set up a pay raise scale for officials of the Government. I was among those who voted against that proposal but it became the law.

As I stated, there was no direct vote on the pay raise issue this year but there was a rollcall vote in regard to the issue. Prior to the Lincoln Day recess it was proposed that the House not recess without taking a vote on the issue of the pay raise. I was among those voting not to adjourn for the recess because adjournment would have precluded any chance for a vote on the issue. I voted not to adjourn without taking action on the pay raise issue but a majority vote was to the contrary. This vote related to the issue but was, of course, not a direct vote on the issue. The debate in the House on February 5 just prior to the vote on adjournment made clear that the pay raise was the issue.

Mr. ALBERT. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. MAHON. I yield to the gentleman from Oklahoma.

Mr. ALBERT. Mr. Chairman, I would ask the distinguished chairman of the Committee on Appropriations if it is not true that, if this amendment were adopted, the entire pay raise and all parts thereof would be nullified.

Mr. MAHON. Yes, it would cover the entire pay raise, as I understand it.

Mr. ALBERT. The Members could not get any portion of the pay raise.

Mr. MAHON. Yes; as I understand it, it would eliminate all the pay raises for the members of the legislative branch, but not other branches of the Government.

Mr. GERALD R. FORD. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. MAHON. I yield to the gentleman from Michigan.

Mr. GERALD R. FORD. Mr. Chairman, I fully share the views of the distinguished chairman of the Committee on Appropriations in urging that the amendment be defeated.

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Chairman, I move that all debate on this amendment close, and I ask for a vote.

The motion was agreed to.

The CHAIRMAN. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Missouri (Mr. HALL).

The question was taken, and the Chairman announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

Mr. KYL. Mr. Chairman, I demand tellers.

Tellers were ordered, and the Chairman appointed as tellers Mr. HALL and Mr. MAHON.

The Committee divided, and the tellers reported that there were—ayes 49, noes 165.

So the amendment was rejected.

The Clerk proceeded to read the bill.

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Chairman, in view of the fact that the remainder of title III of the bill deals in various pay raises for the various agencies of the government, funds to meet those pay raises as provided by law, I ask unanimous consent that the remainder of title III be considered as read; in other words, that the bill be considered as read up to line 5, page 61, which is the end of title III, and that the bill be open for amendment up to that point.

Mr. GROSS. Reserving the right to object, did the gentleman say page 61?

Mr. MAHON. Up to line 5, page 61, which would be the end of these various parts relating to various portions of the Government—the end of title III of the bill.

Mr. GROSS. Amendments would be in order?

Mr. MAHON. Amendments would be in order to that section.

Mr. GROSS. Let me ask the gentleman, under my reservation, one question: Does the gentleman have any idea of the amount of salary increases carried in this \$4 billion supplemental appropriation bill?

Mr. MAHON. Does the gentleman mean the pay raises to all agencies of the Government?

Mr. GROSS. The total contained in the bill.

Mr. MAHON. That total is contained in the chapter of the report entitled "Increased Pay Costs," that can be found on page 73 of the report. The total amount shown is approximately \$1.3 billion.

Mr. GROSS. \$1.3 billion?

Mr. MAHON. Yes.

Mr. GROSS. Out of a \$3.8 billion appropriation?

Mr. MAHON. Yes; \$1.2 billion plus is in title I for the Defense Department for the war in Vietnam; title III relates to pay raise money for the various agencies and departments of the Government. There are some pay costs in title II. The pay raises were brought about by actions of the last Congress, as the report explains on page 73.

Pay funds in titles II and III—which are recapitulated on page 73 of the report—total just under \$1.3 billion.

Title II, of course, contains a number of supplementals not related to pay costs.

Mr. HALL. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. GROSS. I yield to the gentleman from Missouri.

Mr. HALL. May I ask the distinguished chairman of the Committee on Appropriations if, in that portion which the Clerk has just read prior to the unanimous-consent request, there is, to his knowledge, any more forward funding of the pay increase of the employees of the House? Those that I will speak of as the "employees" of the House?

Mr. MAHON. So far as I know, there is none whatever.

Mr. HALL. I thank the gentleman.

Mr. GROSS. Mr. Chairman, I withdraw my reservation of objection.

The CHAIRMAN. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Texas?

There was no objection.

The CHAIRMAN. The bill is considered as read to line 5, page 61. Amendments are in order. Are there any amendments?

Mr. FINDLEY. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike the last word.

A moment ago, when my good friend, the gentleman from Arizona (Mr. UDALL), came down to the well and took 30 seconds of his 5 minutes, I had hoped to catch his attention because I wanted to tell him that, despite the fact that I had labored long and hard on a statement in support of a pay cut for this body, and despite the fact that I am aware that the gentleman from Arizona, himself, put in a lot of time this afternoon preparing an appropriate attack upon my amendment, nevertheless, I witnessed with tears in my eyes the expression of the sentiment of the House on the pay-cut amendment offered by my friend from Missouri, and I want the gentleman from Arizona and the rest of the Members of this body to know that I accept the decision as final.

Accordingly, I will not offer my amendment.

My amendment in effect would have placed a temporary ceiling of \$36,250 on congressional salaries. This would reduce by one-half the recent pay increase.

This was not an appealing amendment for me to consider offering nor for Members to contemplate voting upon. No one will contemplate a cut in his pay with enthusiasm. Most of us believe—justifiably I hope—that we are worth every penny of \$42,500. The expenses of running a congressional office are enormous

and often outstrip our allowance. And on top of it all, I can tell you that the Findley family has encountered no difficulty spending all of my paycheck. With this in mind, I recognize that acceptance of my amendment would have been truly extraordinary—an unprecedented event.

Unprecedented is also the right word to describe the factors which motivated me to draft the amendment.

Inflation is the most serious domestic problem confronting us today. In March of this year, the increase in the cost of living was the largest since February 1951. Consumer prices have risen more in the first quarter of this year than at any time since 1956. Unless we bring this under control quickly, we are in serious trouble.

Fiscal restraint is a necessity, and nothing would be more helpful than for Congress itself to show some restraint. The bill before us now which includes money for the salary increase quite properly includes what is described as a "rigid" limitation on total federal expenditures. Because of budget pressures, many needed federal programs are being cut back or eliminated, and the surtax undoubtedly will be extended. The outlook for an increase in social security benefits is unclear to say the least.

In light of these factors, the 41-percent increase in congressional pay was poorly timed, to say the least, and the outrage which taxpayers have voiced is completely understandable. If the increase had been staged over 2 or 3 years, it would have been more acceptable.

In this period of deep fiscal crisis, when an emergency surtax is required, Congress should attempt to set an example for the rest of the country.

AMENDMENT OFFERED BY MR. HALL

Mr. HALL. Mr. Chairman, I offer an amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment offered by Mr. HALL: On page 61, after line 4 insert the following:

"GENERAL PROVISIONS

"The Commission on Executive, Judicial, and Legislative Salaries established under Public Law 90-206 is hereby abolished. The salary increases recommended by the President as a result of the actions of said Commission are hereby rescinded."

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Chairman, I reserve points of order on the amendment on the ground that it appears to be legislation on an appropriation bill.

The CHAIRMAN. The gentleman from Texas reserves points of order on the amendment.

The gentleman from Missouri is recognized.

Mr. HALL. Mr. Chairman, I appreciate the gentleman from Texas reserving points of order in order that I may speak to this amendment.

Again this is a straightforward open-faced amendment. I do not accept the fact that our action here today on my prior amendment decision is final, especially without the Members of this House of Representatives ever having voted on their own pay increase. It is true that they did vote on the Commission as established for executive, judicial, and legislative salaries, back in 1967.

Up to this time, I have tried to be careful and be within the dictates of the Constitution. Members will note that the last amendment involved no one—those stating to the contrary notwithstanding—except we who are in the legislative branch and indeed we in this House of Representatives.

Now, of course, under the restrictions or rescindments or actions under rule XXI and the "Holman rule," we can, in an appropriation bill, take action by the act of the House to eliminate anything that costs additional expense from the General Treasury and that has been acted on previously.

I think that the amendment is in order. Certainly it is germane. Certainly it is a retrenchment on its face.

Very simply, this amendment would eliminate the Commission that has poor backing, poor strategy, and has been demonstrated to have poor timing, in that it has recommended without any vote of the Members and with them able to evade—as indeed we did in January and February—confrontation with a vote on our constitutional requirement to raise our own pay, which is just as much a requirement as it is for us to raise and support the armed services.

I do not believe we ever should have delegated this to the responsibility of the executive branch. I think it is time that we had an amendment to abolish the Pay Commission, which does retrench expenditures by the reduction of the salaries of the officers of the United States and, therefore, falls under the "Holman rule." This rule allows us to legislate in an appropriation bill—and there are resplendent examples, and many areas in which we can prove that it has been accepted in the past, and they can be quoted both from Cannon's Procedures and from our own manual.

Be that as it may, Mr. Chairman, all of us knew what the salaries were when we ran for office. Few of us have found that there was a sparsity of those who were ready to run against us at the same income rate. Many of us serve in the interest of representative government and the Republic as a duty, and at a financial sacrifice.

Finally, I think we should have stood and been counted on our bill setting up this spurious Commission and I am giving one additional chance for everyone to vote in support of abolishing it. Its being delegates our authority as legislators, our constitutional rights, and indeed our responsibilities, to the executive branch every 4 years to designate what the salaries of the executive and the judicial and the legislative branch will be.

Mr. HUTCHINSON. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. HALL. Mr. Chairman, I yield to the gentleman from Michigan.

Mr. HUTCHINSON. Mr. Chairman, I thank the gentleman from Missouri for yielding.

Mr. Chairman, I am in complete sympathy with the amendment offered by the gentleman from Missouri, but I advise the gentleman that under article III of the Constitution it says the pay of

judges shall not be diminished during their continuance in office, and I wonder how a rescission of pay increase as provided in the gentleman's amendment would apply to the salary of the judges.

Mr. HALL. Mr. Chairman, that was in the amendment that was defeated on the vote a while ago. The intent here is to abolish the Commission.

It would abolish the Commission which would in the future bring forth recommendations every 4 years, and they would go into effect unless one or the other body of Congress took action against them within 60 days, having been revised down from the 90 days according to the original Reorganization Act of 1949.

Mr. HUTCHINSON. I thank the gentleman. I apologize for having misunderstood the purpose of the amendment.

Mr. HAYS. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. HALL. I yield to the gentleman from Ohio.

Mr. HAYS. Did I understand the gentleman's amendment as read abolished the Commission and abolished the pay raise the Commission ordered?

Mr. HALL. I would be glad to ask unanimous consent that the amendment be reread. It simply intends to abolish the Commission.

Mr. GROSS. Mr. Chairman, again I wish to commend my colleague from Missouri for offering this amendment which would repeal the authority of a Presidentially appointed and Presidentially appointed commission to recommend the salaries of Members of Congress.

This is one of the most unholy delegations of power and authority ever made by Congress. To give a commission—any commission—and the President—any President—the power to recommend the pay of Congress is unthinkable.

No Member of the House or Senate should want to be in any way a pawn of any President and this amendment seeks to restore the independence of the legislative branch—independence which was supinely delegated in the 1967 pay act.

The time to correct that mistake is here and now.

The CHAIRMAN. The time of the gentleman from Missouri has expired.

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Chairman, this is a supplemental appropriation bill. I renew my point of order on two grounds: First, the proposal of the gentleman from Missouri is legislation on an appropriation bill; and, second, it is not germane to the supplemental appropriation bill.

The CHAIRMAN (Mr. HOLIFIELD). The Chair is ready to rule.

The Chair has examined the amendment and the precedents, and would call attention of the House to Cannon's Precedents, volume 8, page 480, section 2914, which reads as follows: "to a section proposing legislation for the current year an amendment rendering such legislation permanent was held not to be germane."

Then, in section 2915: "to a provision in an appropriation bill proposing legislation for the fiscal year provided for by the bill an amendment proposing to

make the provision permanent legislation was held not to be germane."

The Chair therefore rules that the amendment offered by the gentleman from Missouri is not germane and therefore not in order; and the Chair sustains the point of order.

Mr. HALL. Mr. Chairman, I move to strike the last word.

I wish to apologize to the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. HAYS) because on rereading the typed amendment—a copy of which I supplied him—I observe the last sentence does include therein—and this apology also would go to the gentleman from Michigan (Mr. HUTCHINSON)—the elimination of the actions taken by the Commission which I sought to eliminate. I offer my apology. I made a misstatement of fact, and I ask unanimous consent that the RECORD be corrected.

The CHAIRMAN. Without objection, the RECORD will be corrected.

There was no objection.

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Chairman, am I correct in assuming that the portion of the bill beginning on line 5, page 61, has not been read?

The CHAIRMAN. The gentleman is correct.

Mr. MAHON. I ask that the Clerk read. The CHAIRMAN. The Clerk will read. The Clerk read as follows:

#### TITLE IV LIMITATION ON FISCAL YEAR 1970 BUDGET OUTLAYS

SEC. 401. (a) Expenditures and net lending (budget outlays) of the Federal Government during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1970, shall not exceed \$192,900,000,000: *Provided*, That whenever action, or inaction, by the Congress on requests for appropriations and other budgetary proposals varies from the President's recommendations thereon, the Director of the Bureau of the Budget shall report to the President and to the Congress his estimate of the effect of such action or inaction on expenditures and net lending, and the limitation set forth herein shall be correspondingly adjusted.

(b) The Director of the Bureau of the Budget shall report periodically to the President and to the Congress on the operation of this section. The first such report shall be made at the end of the first month which begins after the date of approval of this Act; subsequent reports shall be made at the end of each calendar month during the first session of the Ninety-first Congress, and at the end of each calendar quarter thereafter.

#### AMENDMENT OFFERED BY MR. COHELAN

Mr. COHELAN. Mr. Chairman, I offer an amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment offered by Mr. COHELAN: On page 61, line 5, strike out all of title IV and renumber title V on page 62 as title IV.

Mr. COHELAN. Mr. Chairman, as I announced earlier, at the time we were considering the rule, I rise in opposition to the expenditure limitation placed on fiscal year 1970 outlays by this supplemental appropriation bill, and, of course, my amendment moves to strike title IV limitation entirely.

I want the Committee to know I did not arrive at this conclusion lightly. I pondered long and hard over the meaning and the effects of the limitation. As

a matter of fact, earlier I was disposed to support the measure on the theory that this was the beginning of a possible legislative budget. I recognize the desirability of an annual congressional assessment of the appropriate levels of Federal revenues and expenditures.

In fact, as Members may know, I strongly endorse the fine recommendations of our former Secretary of the Treasury, Joe Barr, for the creation of a legislative budget.

I recognize, too, the need to maintain a restrained fiscal policy so that rising prices may be controlled.

However, I recognize, also, that the all too likely outcome of this ceiling—and mark this, please—the all too likely outcome to this ceiling is to guarantee substantial cuts in spending for urgently needed social programs.

Let me explain.

Under the provisions of this limitation total Federal spending for the 12 months of the next fiscal year cannot exceed \$192.9 billion unless Congress takes specific action to increase expenditures. This ceiling will be reduced by the amount of the spending reductions implicit in appropriation cuts which will, no doubt, be made in some areas by the Congress. The trouble is that the budget contains a very large number of mere estimates as to expenditures. Most of these estimated items represent civilian open-ended or fixed-cost programs. These are programs like social security, public assistance, medicaid, farm subsidies, veterans' benefits, and interest on the national debt. I refer you to page 16 of the President's 1970 budget on this.

These are all expenditures which the Government is by law committed to meet. Thus, if spending for these programs exceeds the budget estimates, the excess will have to be taken from spending for some other programs also authorized by the Congress.

Reductions in spending to offset these unbudgeted increases can be made only in that portion of the budget which is controllable.

The fact is that the controllable portion of the budget is comparatively small, and it contains almost all the social programs—such as antipoverty, education, health, job training, and housing—which a good many of us strongly believe must be substantially increased and not decreased.

Estimates of outlays for fiscal year 1970 show this: \$81.1 billion in civilian noncontrollable programs like social security and veterans' benefits. Our colleague, the gentleman from Texas, and others devoted to the veterans' programs were on the floor speaking about this today. Of the remaining \$111.8 billion, Defense accounts for \$80.4 billion, and \$31.4 billion is for other accounts. However, of the \$31.4 billion, \$18.9 billion is accounted for by uncontrollable expenditures due on obligations entered into in the previous fiscal year. This leaves us only with \$12.5 billion in civilian controllable expenditures.

If the current fiscal year is any example, the noncontrollable items will exceed

their estimates by \$3 billion to \$6 billion and, if the practice of taking the reductions out of the hides of the social programs, rather than defense spending, is again followed, we could well find that spending for controllable domestic programs will have to be cut back by a staggering 25 to 50 percent.

Mr. Chairman, I urge an aye vote on this amendment.

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Chairman, I rise in opposition to the amendment.

Mr. Chairman, the proposal for an expenditure limitation, as set out in title IV of the bill, has been debated for 2 days.

The proposal, as explained in the committee report, has been available for Members to review for 5 or 6 days. The matter was rather thoroughly discussed at the time we had the rule before the House today and the rule was passed overwhelmingly. This does not necessarily mean that everyone who voted for the rule is for the expenditure limitation. But, undoubtedly, the overwhelming majority of those who voted for the rule are in favor of the expenditure limitation.

The proposal was extensively debated here yesterday. I refer especially to the debate beginning on page 13123 of the RECORD of yesterday.

The gentleman from California has somewhat oversimplified the problem and the purpose of what is actually proposed in the expenditure limitation. I see no reason to belabor this issue further. We have had opportunity to discuss it in great depth previously and have done so.

Mr. JONAS. Mr. Chairman, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. MAHON. I yield to the gentleman from North Carolina (Mr. JONAS).

Mr. JONAS. Mr. Chairman, the only reason I asked the chairman of the Committee on Appropriations to yield is to agree with the chairman that this suggestion has been thoroughly explored on yesterday and today. I concur in the chairman's views. I think this spending limitation will have a salutary effect. Therefore, I am opposed to the amendment and I join the chairman in asking that it be voted down.

Mr. MAHON. I thank the gentleman.

Mr. Chairman, I move that all debate on this amendment do now close and that all debate on the bill do now close.

The CHAIRMAN. The question is on the motion offered by the gentleman from Texas.

The motion was agreed to.

The CHAIRMAN. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. COHELAN).

The amendment was rejected.

AMENDMENT OFFERED BY MR. COHELAN

Mr. COHELAN. Mr. Chairman, I offer an amendment.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment offered by Mr. COHELAN of California: On page 62, line 3, add the following as a new section:

"(c) The limitation set forth in subsection (a), as adjusted in accordance with the proviso to that subsection, shall be increased by an amount equal to the aggregate amount by which expenditures and net lending

(budget outlays) for the fiscal year 1970 on account of items designated as "Open-ended programs and fixed costs" in the table appearing on page 16 of the Budget for the fiscal year 1970 may be in excess of the aggregate expenditures and net lending (budget outlays) estimated for those items in the April review of the 1970 budget."

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Chairman, I make a point of order against the amendment in that it is legislation on an appropriation bill.

Mr. Chairman, the rule pertaining to title IV only protects what is in the bill, not amendments to the bill.

Mr. COHELAN. Mr. Chairman, all this amendment does is to exempt from the outlay limitation noncontrollable civilian expenditures. It is what I regard as a fallback amendment, just to make sure that if we are going to have this expenditure ceiling we are not going to take it out of the hide of the controllable expenditures.

Incidentally, Mr. Chairman, all this amendment does is to insure that social programs will not be needlessly reduced by exempting from outlay limitations noncontrollable civilian expenditures.

Mr. HALL. Mr. Chairman, a parliamentary inquiry.

The CHAIRMAN. The gentleman will state his parliamentary inquiry.

Mr. HALL. Mr. Chairman, is the gentleman speaking on the point of order raised by the chairman of the committee?

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair will state that the Chair has requested the gentleman from California to speak on the point of order, and the Chair assumes that the gentleman is so doing.

Mr. COHELAN. On the point of order, Mr. Chairman, I am merely trying to explain the amendment, and its validity and its germaneness. It is similar to one offered by the Bureau of the Budget, and other provisions of last year's Expenditure Control Act. It differs only in that it calls for South Vietnam expenses to be controllable, and thus would not exempt them from the budget ceiling. There is also an additional advantage to my amendment which I could explain if I had the time, but in sum my amendment would insure that if the budget estimates for noncontrollable civilian expenditure programs were low, the increase would not have to come from expenditures in housing, health, education, job training, and the like.

It also treats all defense expenditures as controllable items.

Mr. MAHON. A point of order, Mr. Chairman. The gentleman is discussing the merits of the proposed amendment, and not the point of order.

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair is ready to rule.

The Chair has examined title IV. This is a new subparagraph to title IV. Title IV is legislation in a general appropriation bill, and all points of order have been waived in title IV, as a result of it being legislation. Therefore the Chair holds that the amendment is germane to the provisions contained in title IV and overrules the point of order.

The gentleman from California is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. HALL. Mr. Chairman, a point of order. Did not the previous unanimous-consent action of the House eliminate all further general debate?

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair will state that the gentleman is correct.

Mr. COHELAN. A parliamentary inquiry, Mr. Chairman.

The CHAIRMAN. The gentleman will state his parliamentary inquiry.

Mr. COHELAN. Mr. Chairman, is it all right for me to urge a "yea" vote on the amendment?

The CHAIRMAN. The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from California (Mr. COHELAN).

The amendment was rejected.

The CHAIRMAN. The Clerk will read.

The Clerk read as follows:

#### TITLE V

#### GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 501. No part of any appropriation contained in this Act shall remain available for obligation beyond the current fiscal year unless expressly so provided herein.

#### AMENDMENT OFFERED BY MR. VANIK

Mr. VANIK. Mr. Chairman, I offer an amendment, but I cannot talk about it, as I understand.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment offered by Mr. VANIK: On page 61, line 10, After "\$192,900,000,000," insert ", of which the amount expended by the Department of Defense shall not exceed \$77,500,000,000".

The CHAIRMAN. Under the previous action of the Committee, all further debate has been eliminated.

Mr. VANIK. Mr. Chairman, a parliamentary inquiry.

The CHAIRMAN. The gentleman will state his parliamentary inquiry.

Mr. VANIK. Mr. Chairman, am I barred by the motion that was adopted previously? Does that preclude me from telling the House that this is a \$2.5 billion reduction?

The CHAIRMAN. The Chair will state that the gentleman from Ohio is precluded from debate on his amendment in view of the action taken by the House on the limitation of debate.

The question is on the amendment offered by the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. VANIK).

The question was taken; and the Chair announced that the noes appeared to have it.

Mr. VANIK. Mr. Chairman, I demand tellers.

Tellers were ordered, and the Chairman appointed as tellers Mr. VANIK and Mr. MAHON.

The Committee divided, and the tellers reported that there were—ayes 38, noes 165.

So the amendment was rejected.

Mr. DORN. Mr. Chairman, I favor the expenditure celling that would hold spending next year to the \$192 billion level. I have already voted for the rule. Later today I must leave and may not be here for final passage of the bill due to a commitment I made to the student leaders at Virginia Polytechnic Institute

several months ago. Tonight I will talk with the students at VPI about present campus unrest and academic freedom, and I feel I should honor this commitment. If I were here to vote on final passage, I would vote to hold spending to the \$192 billion level and reduce Federal spending wherever possible.

One of the greatest problems facing our country today is spiraling inflation. The housewife is finding her grocery bills are higher each week. The consumer is being shortchanged. Excessive Government spending bears down most heavily on the American housewife, the elderly, those drawing retirement benefits and pensions, and the American wage earner.

Last year I voted in favor of the \$6 billion cut in Federal spending. The question before the House now is the same as it was then—the stability, integrity, and purchasing power of the American dollar. We must cut every nonessential expenditure of the Federal Government and save the American dollar.

Mr. BIAGGI. Mr. Chairman, like so many Americans, I am opposed to the war in Vietnam, but I have voted for the supplemental appropriations bill which has nearly one-third of its expenditures earmarked for military operations in Southeast Asia.

I have listened to opponents of the bill who have argued that Congress could halt the war by refusing to authorize the military appropriations. On that basis, they have sought rejection of this bill in spite of the fact that more than two-thirds of the appropriations are for non-military purposes.

I supported an amendment to have the military appropriations voted on separately and I regret that the majority of my colleagues rejected this move. It would have brought the war into focus and would have given us the opportunity of concentrating completely on that very important matter.

As the bill now stands, we have very little discretionary control over these nonmilitary appropriations which represent the lion's share of the expenditures because the previous Congress has committed us to them. They involve, for example, grants to States for health and welfare; veterans compensation; medical and other costs; unemployment compensation payments; military retirement pay; college housing; social and rehabilitation services and disaster relief.

They are obligations that require fiscal responsibility and must be met.

If we rejected this bill because of its military appropriations at a time when we are at the conference table negotiating for peace, I fear the consequences could be disastrous. We would be announcing to the world that we no longer intend to defend ourselves. We would be going to the conference table with no cards at all.

Yes, let us hasten the process for peace. I agree that we are lingering too long at the conference table. I agree that our boys should be returned to American soil. I agree that they should not have to sacrifice their lives in the jungles of a for-

ign land where we are engaged in the most unpopular war in our history.

But while Americans are fighting in Vietnam, we have an abiding responsibility to give them everything they need for survival. Our fighting forces have brought the Communists to the point where they are trying to achieve at the conference table what they could not achieve on the battlefield.

Are we to tell the world at this time that we are abandoning our military effort; that we are pulling our purse strings tight? I am sure that now, more than ever, is the time for solidarity at home. I am convinced that we must stand united if we are to secure a meaningful peace at the conference table.

The military sector of this bill is designed to permit the South Vietnamese forces to assume a greater share of the burden of battle and to enforce peace when it comes.

Two major events that have occurred since the original budget requests for fiscal 1969 were submitted to Congress also contribute largely to the need for the passage of this bill. I am referring to the Tet offensive in Vietnam which caused losses of equipment far in excess of what was anticipated and the seizure of the *Pueblo* by the North Koreans which led to the callup of military forces to meet this military threat.

While I support this bill chiefly for the reasons set forth here, I remain deeply concerned about a war that has already taken 35,000 American lives and has caused our Nation to become most restless. The administration and this Congress must give the utmost priority to the attainment of an honorable peace in Vietnam. Every effort must be exerted to accomplish that goal as soon as possible.

I believe we can attain the peace we want under the circumstances we want reasonably soon if our Government does not buckle under the task that lies ahead and instead carries unity and strength to the conference table. That is why I do not oppose the military appropriations at this time.

After considering all facets of this bill and its importance to America at home and abroad, I could do nothing less than urge its passage.

Mr. BINGHAM. Mr. Chairman, there are several necessary and desirable items included in this bill, but I shall vote against the bill as a whole if the unnecessary appropriations for additional procurement and other items related to the war in Vietnam remain intact.

If the bill were to be defeated at this stage, which would be most surprising, it could be promptly resubmitted to the House in appropriately modified form.

Mr. BARRETT. Mr. Chairman, the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 made many important advances in our efforts to provide good housing and good neighborhoods for all of our citizens. There is nothing in the 17 titles of that bill, however, that is more important than the new interest subsidy programs designed to foster homeownership for families which could not otherwise

afford it and a greatly expanded rental housing program. We all know the basic role which homeownership plays in our American way of life by giving families a sense of pride and dignity, a sense of responsibility for the community in which they live, and a sense of participation. The benefits of this aid for homeownership will go far beyond the individual families which receive them.

Mr. Chairman, I want to commend the Committee on Appropriations for the positive approach which they have displayed on most items in the complex supplemental appropriation request. At the same time I deeply regret that they failed to authorize the full \$50 million request for each of the interest subsidy programs. I am hopeful that the other body will grant the full request and hold it in conference. Another reduction which deeply concerns me is the complete elimination of the modest request for funds to enable HUD to carry out its extensive responsibilities under the fair housing legislation. The \$2 million requested in this supplemental is sorely needed for responsible administration of these duties. Again, I am hopeful that the other body will include the full amount in its bill. In addition, we should all stand behind the budget requests for the coming fiscal year which contains the full authorization for interest subsidies in the amount of \$100 million for each of the programs. In the case of fair housing funds, I am hopeful that the committee can be persuaded that the original budget proposal of \$14 million is fully justified.

Mr. Chairman, there is an urgent need to move ahead with housing legislation already on the books. My Subcommittee on Housing recently concluded hearings on our national housing goals and the witnesses were unanimous that these goals can be met if our existing authorizations are fully and promptly funded. I urge all of my colleagues to support this bill today so that we can get on with the job of providing a good home and a decent environment for every American family.

Mr. SNYDER. Mr. Chairman, I congratulate the gentleman for his courage in offering this amendment.

The whole pay package adopted pursuant to the Koppel Commission is inflationary. Unfortunately the parliamentary situation will not permit an amendment to attack the other pay increases or for the abolition of the Commission.

Let me say, the taxpayers are entitled to have the whole pay package voted on by their representatives in this body. The only way that can happen is for Members to sign the discharge petition on H.R. 7778. There has been no stampede to the Clerk's desk, and I suppose the prospects are rather slim that we will get a vote on that bill.

But, we can begin to regain the respect of the taxpayers if we approve this amendment—which I confess is unlikely.

As the author of H.R. 7778 to repeal the whole Koppel package. As the sponsor of the discharge petition, I can say to the gentlemen he is to be congratulated for his courage. This amendment

will not win him many friends here. I know. But the gentleman well represents his people and the sentiment of the country. I urge a favorable vote.

Mr. VANIK. Mr. Chairman, during the consideration of amendments to this bill, I expect to offer an amendment to title IV to provide that the expenditure limitation of \$192,900 million shall include a further limitation of expenditures by the Department of Defense of \$77,500 million.

This amendment would reduce defense expenditures by \$2½ billion from budgetary requests of approximately \$80 billion. It appears that there is no other way to achieve reduced defense spending. This amendment would leave the discretion for spending cutbacks within the Defense Department and the further action of Congress.

Better housekeeping in the Defense Department should make it possible to reduce the overall expenditures by 3 percent without impairing any essential defense need.

Recent reports of waste in the purchase of defective aircraft, tanks, and leaky submarines indicate that too little attention is directed toward careful management and prudent economy in our Defense Establishment.

If the civilian sector of our Government can face budgetary cutbacks of almost \$3 billion, it seems to me that the defense sector should make the same kind of an effort.

I cannot support legislation which exempts the military sector from effective congressional oversight.

Mr. WOLFF. Mr. Chairman, there are those who make these regular supplemental appropriations a test of support or dissent regarding our policy in Vietnam. This strikes me as a superficial and erroneous interpretation of the legislative process.

An examination of the legislation turns up item after item of national concern. There are within this appropriation specific allocations that cannot be refused without doing serious harm to important domestic programs. The following examples of specific requests in this \$3.8 billion appropriation make this point rather clearly:

The vital programs of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare are scheduled to receive an additional \$666.7 million through this appropriation. An important new program of interest subsidies for higher education facilities construction is included within this allocation.

Included in this appropriation is a nondiscretionary appropriation of \$35.9 million for the Department of Labor for unemployment and employee compensation claims. Obviously these are expenses that must be met.

Recognizing the grave national problem caused by a shortage of low- and middle-income housing this appropriation provides \$80 million for the homeownership and rental housing interest subsidy programs.

Included in the appropriation is \$25.4 million for the vital conservation programs of the Department of the Interior.

The National Transportation Safety Board which is involved in the crucial matters of flight, rail, and auto safety is to receive additional funds under this appropriation. The merit of such an expenditure is patently obvious.

These are just examples of the needed and obligated expenditures to be covered by this supplemental appropriation.

Also contained in this legislation is a necessary ceiling on Federal expenditures for fiscal 1970. This ceiling is set at the administration's requested budget of \$192.9 billion and is a first step in reducing Federal spending in a wide variety of wasteful, unnecessary, and duplicative areas.

Establishment of this ceiling at this time, with the expectation that a lower ceiling and spending cuts can be established when tax legislation is considered, is an important means of controlling the steadily rising Federal budget.

In another realm this appropriation contains the funds for mandated pay for Federal employees. This accounts for \$1.3 billion or more than a third of the appropriation. This part of the Federal payroll is established by law and obligated. Therefore the funds must be appropriated or we will cause budgetary havoc in the various departments and agencies of Government.

Now, turning to the matter of Vietnam, it must be noted that the appropriation does include \$1.2 billion for military operations in Southeast Asia with a substantial amount of this to be used to cover expenses resulting from increasing tensions in Korea.

But the fact remains that the largest part of this section of the supplemental appropriation involves expenses connected with the war in Vietnam. This is not, however, a new appropriation. Nor will these funds affect our search for peace.

The appropriation will be used to pay for materials already contracted for by the Defense Department. By appropriating these funds we are discharging a commitment of the Federal Government for these are truly obligated moneys for defensive and support operations in the field.

As I have said in the past, I do not believe we can responsibly deny a single American boy in Vietnam the material to defend himself.

As I reiterate that these are obligated funds already contracted for, it becomes clear that we have no choice but to approve the appropriation. I am prepared to vote for the appropriation with the knowledge that these funds will not be used to enlarge the scope of the war in Vietnam and with the knowledge that contained herein are the funds for many important domestic programs.

Now there is no one more interested in achieving peace in Vietnam than I. Since coming to Congress more than 4 years ago I have repeatedly dissented from our policy in Vietnam in order to offer proposals for peace.

And I am deeply disappointed that we have failed to make greater strides for

peace. The President's recent message acknowledged something I have said for years, "We must take risks for peace," and I believe we must do exactly that.

When, I ask, when will we take these necessary steps to end the war? The continued loss of American lives and the steady flow of our needed resources into Vietnam is a responsibility that the new administration cannot escape. Peace in Vietnam is essential if we are to join the domestic wars against poverty, hunger, joblessness, inadequate housing, and substandard education. Certainly these domestic needs deserve a priority.

Moreover as one who has long dissented from American policy in Vietnam, I must repeat my strong feeling of unhappiness at the failure of the South Vietnamese to assume their role in the fighting. For months we have been told that the South Vietnamese will take on a greater combat role enabling us to begin bringing American boys home. I am tired of waiting for this action. If the South Vietnamese are not prepared to fight their own war I see no reason why we should fight it for them.

The appropriation before us today, however, is not a test of support or dissent on the matter of Vietnam. Although I dissociate myself from our unsuccessful and inexcusable policy errors in Vietnam, I would consider a vote against this appropriation irresponsible and a dereliction of my duty as a Member of the Congress.

But I also consider it the height of irresponsibility to give American lives in a war for a people that are unwilling to protect themselves.

Just as the Congress must vote approval of the appropriation before us today, so must the administration immediately move toward peace in Vietnam. To do less would be to violate the trust of the American people.

Mr. COHELAN. Mr. Chairman, after much travail and thought, I have concluded that I must vote against the passage of this bill.

In arriving at this position in opposition to the bill I have given consideration to the demands for fiscal restraint, to the virtues of the committee's action in support of low-cost housing to the purchase of additional lands for the Redwood National Park, and to other necessary and worthwhile programs. However, I have also given consideration to the potentially devastating effects of the expenditure ceiling, to the implications of continued funding of Vietnam expenditures at their present levels, and to the intrusion of the Federal Government into university affairs as provided in amendments to the bill.

On balance, I have concluded that there is more bad than good in this bill.

I would like for a moment to expand on these compelling considerations.

I have been a strong supporter of the efforts to enact and secure full funding for the section 235 homeownership assistance program and for the section 236 rental assistance program. Accordingly, I was pleased with the action of the committee in recommending the author-

ization of \$40 million in additional contractual authority for each of these programs. I am only disappointed that the full \$50 million requested by both the past and the present administrations was not granted. I am hopeful however that the Senate will approve the full request for these urgently needed funds.

As one of the original sponsors of the legislation to create the Redwood National Park in California, I am appreciative of the promptness with which the Subcommittee on Interior Appropriations, under the able leadership of Chairwoman JULIA HANSEN, has acted in appropriating funds for this park. This bill authorizes the expenditure of another \$19 million to complete the purchase of lands obtained by the Government under a decree of legislative taking. The previous appropriation earlier this year, together with the funds provided in this bill, bring to \$72 million the amounts available for the purchase of the park in the very first year after its creation. I am warmly supportive of the appropriation of these funds, and am deeply pained that other objectionable provisions of the bill prevent me from supporting the entire measure.

I have today at some length attempted to explain to the Members of this body the evils I see in the expenditure limitation which is provided in this bill. In a nutshell, it is my fear that—while this limitation appears on its face not to reduce domestic expenditures below the levels requested in the budget—it will have the result of requiring enormous reductions in social spending to make up for underestimates of noncontrollable spending, like the interest on the public debt. I am not willing to lend my support to this action which has the potential to gut the urgently needed and presently underfunded programs for health, education, housing, job training, pollution control, and antipoverty efforts.

Mr. Chairman, we have today heard many very thoughtful statements on the situation in Vietnam. I have for several years closely followed the tragic events in that tragic far away country. I have witnessed for the past 2 dozen months the growing revulsion with the war by the American and Vietnamese people. And throughout the same period I have witnessed small changes in the allied conduct of that war in the effort to wind down the conflict and find a stable peace. However, I have witnessed no new and major allied policy changes. Earlier this year I urged the President and his advisers to not only attach larger importance to the urgency of finding a solution in Vietnam, but to conduct a thorough review of our policy objectives with regard to the war and the settlement which would be acceptable to us. President Nixon in his recent statement offered to take some steps toward troop withdrawal and the recognition of a coalition government. But the conditions attached to these statements indicate that we have not yet conducted a thorough rethinking of our position in Vietnam. Accordingly, I am troubled today by this bill which appropriates funds to

support continued fighting at current levels.

I am troubled too by amendments which have been adopted today which augur for a greater Federal involvement in the troubles of our colleges. As the representative in Congress of one of the most troubled of these communities, I can say that it is my considered judgment that in all but the most extreme circumstances it is best to leave the university problems to the university. Only when violence exceeds the capability of the local authorities is there any appropriate role for Federal intervention—and then only as a mediator, conciliator, and factfinder.

In sum, Mr. Chairman, I have weighed the virtues and shortcomings of this bill, and I have found it lacking in sufficient merit to overcome the substantial dangers it opens up.

I urge the defeat of this bill.

Mr. ZWACH. Mr. Chairman, an honest attempt was made to regain the leadership that our country is so vitally needing in the battle of funding our Nation's economic needs.

An amendment was offered to withhold that portion of the supplemental appropriations bill which goes toward paying the increase in congressional salaries.

Washington is the only place that we can control inflation. Congress must lead the fight against inflation, not lead the parade for more inflation.

It is my fear that by this unreasonable salary increase that we are leading a fight for inflation. We must be in a position to be able to say to people, "Do as we do," and not in the position where we are, of saying "Don't do what we do, but do as we say."

Because of this, I was one of those 49 to walk down the aisle to prevent this unreasonable increase in congressional salaries.

Mr. OTTINGER. Mr. Chairman, I am opposing this supplemental appropriation bill because it carries forward what I consider to be grossly distorted priorities in the use of our limited resources.

We simply cannot afford to go on spending at the rate of better than \$81.5 billion per year, 60 percent of our free funds, for the military while we shortchange vital domestic programs for education, job training, housing, food distribution and environmental protection. This is particularly so when so great a proportion of the military budget is either wasted on defective weapons systems or spent in a counterproductive way to continue the expansion of the Vietnam war.

Indeed, the imbalance of our budget allocations is staggering beyond belief indicating that our priorities are completely topsy turvy. Consider that the military appropriations are more than 250 times what we spend to help feed hungry children suffering from malnutrition in our own country. We give away \$4 billion a year to farmers not to grow crops in a starving world—90 percent of it to rich farmers—and this is 40 times

what we spend to feed our own people suffering from malnutrition. Five billion dollars goes to build highways while less than 3 percent, some \$212 million is spent on mass transit systems to relieve the auto strangulation of our urban areas and enable people to get to jobs. The \$4 billion we spend on space is four times what we spend to alleviate rat-infested slums that pervade all our cities. We embark on a record \$10 billion public work program in the midst of an inflation that is already robbing our working people of all their salary gains and is impoverishing everyone who must live on a fixed income. We close down Job Corps centers that take youngsters off the streets and give them an opportunity for employment—in a time of soaring crime rates—supposedly to save \$100 million. These priorities are hardly short of insane. We simply must restore a sounder allocation.

Yet this supplemental appropriation does nothing but carry forward mandated increases in State aid in the fields of education, health, employment, housing and environment. Its principal effect is to swell further the disproportionate share of Federal spending consumed by the military.

I was pleased to join today with my able colleague from Texas (Mr. ECKHARDT) in his endeavor to strike from this bill the \$640 million allocated for additional military hardware. As the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. YATES), a member of the Appropriations Committee, pointed out, there is already unspent in the pipeline for military hardware for Southeast Asia some \$3.9 billion. It is claimed that this money is already committed to other purposes and the new appropriations are needed to equip the South Vietnamese so that they can take over a greater share of the fighting.

I did not, however, support the amendment of my esteemed colleague from New York (Mr. LOWENSTEIN), which would have eliminated all title I expenditures, including items for pay and operations of the men already in Vietnam. I feel we owe them every possible support. They should in no way be penalized for errors of policy made by their superiors.

It is my strong opinion that we should start now phasing out our military involvement in Vietnam, trying to see if we cannot achieve a de facto mutual de-escalation, regardless of the progress in the Paris talks. Even Dean Rusk claimed that the Vietnam war was more likely to be ended by mutual de facto decreases in military activity than by formal agreement. Yet we have never given this route to ending the war a try. We have always accompanied every gesture toward peace with a contradictory increase in military activity elsewhere. I think we should try withdrawing 50,000 to 100,000 troops to see if the other side will not match us. The weapons needed to supply these troops could then be turned over to the South Vietnamese without the need for additional procurement.

In the face of our pronouncements for

peace, the price of the war goes even skyward. Our engagements and bombings become more intense. More of the cream of our youth are sent to their deaths. If we really want peace it is well time that we acted as if we wanted peace.

With regard to the overall exaggerated emphasis on military spending, it was particularly unfortunate that the amendment of the gentleman from Ohio (Mr. VANIK) was rejected. It would merely have placed a ceiling on military spending of some \$77 billion, just a small percentage cut in the military portion of the budget. We simply cannot provide the funds needed to meet the crises at home within our present tax levels unless we make at least this modest start in restraining military profligacy. Without some reduction in military spending, furthermore, the overall ceiling the bill imposes on spending is sure to reduce still further the amounts we can devote to essential domestic concerns.

A particularly mischievous feature of the bill is the Scherle amendment. While I join in decrying the grave excesses of militant students who burn buildings, destroy books, paper, and property, and engage in other destructive illegal acts—and equally join in criticizing college administrations that permit these excesses—it is no answer to cut off Federal aid to colleges that fail to take action against the students. The amendment plays right into the hands of the militants who want to wreak maximum damage upon the colleges. It intrudes the Federal Government into an area where it does not belong. And it uses a nondiscriminating blunderbuss to penalize colleges regardless of the circumstances in each individual case. The major obstacle to Federal aid to education has always been fear of Federal control. Today our educational system needs far more aid than it is getting to meet the educational needs of the Nation to cope with the challenges of the seventies. This amendment will make it much harder to meet this national need. It constitutes Federal interference of the grossest variety.

In summary, this bill does far more harm than good. I approve of the salary increases and adjustments for State aid for veterans compensation, health costs, unemployment insurance, military retirement pay and disaster relief that it carries forward. But I heartily disapprove of its main thrust to swell further the swollen militarism represented in our national budget. I feel strongly that the bill should be defeated as distorting further our already horrendously distorted national priorities.

The Clerk concluded the reading of the bill.

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Chairman, I move that the Committee do now rise and report the bill back to the House with sundry amendments with the recommendation that the amendments be agreed to and that the bill, as amended, do pass.

The motion was agreed to.

Accordingly the Committee rose; and the Speaker having resumed the chair,

Mr. HOLIFIELD, Chairman of the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union, reported that that Committee, having had under consideration the bill (H.R. 11400) making supplemental appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1969, and for other purposes, had directed him to report the bill back to the House with sundry amendments be agreed to and that the bill as amended do pass.

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Speaker, I move the previous question on the bill and all amendments thereto to final passage.

The previous question was ordered.

The SPEAKER. Is a separate vote demanded on any amendment?

Mr. GERALD R. FORD. Mr. Speaker, I demand a separate vote on the so-called Scherle amendment to page 15, at the end of line 6.

The SPEAKER. Is a separate vote demanded on any other amendment? If not, the Chair will put them en gros.

The amendments were agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will report the amendment on which a separate vote has been demanded.

The Clerk read as follows:

Amendment: On page 15, at the end of line 6, strike the period and insert the following: "Provided further, That none of the funds appropriated by this Act for annual interest grants authorized by section 306 of the Higher Education Facilities Act, as amended by PL 90-575, shall be used to formulate or carry out any grant to any institution of higher education unless such institution is in full compliance with section 504 of such Act."

The SPEAKER. The question is on the amendment.

Mr. GERALD R. FORD. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The question was taken; and there were—yeas 329, nays 61, not voting 43, as follows:

[Roll No. 59]

YEAS—329

Abbott	Brooks	Cunningham
Abernethy	Broomfield	Daniel, Va.
Adair	Brotzman	Daniels, N.J.
Addabbo	Brown, Mich.	Davis, Ga.
Albert	Brown, Ohio	Davis, Wis.
Alexander	Broyhill, N.C.	de la Garza
Anderson, Ill.	Broyhill, Va.	Delaney
Anderson.	Buchanan	Dellenback
Tenn.	Burke, Fla.	Denney
Andrews, Ala.	Burke, Mass.	Dennis
Andrews,	Burlison, Tex.	Derwinski
N. Dak.	Burlison, Mo.	Devine
Annunzio	Bush	Dickinson
Arends	Byrne, Pa.	Dingell
Ashbrook	Byrnes, Wis.	Donohue
Aspinall	Cabell	Dowdy
Ayres	Caffery	Downing
Paring	Camp	Dulski
Barrett	Carter	Duncan
Beall, Md.	Casey	Dwyer
Belcher	Cederberg	Edmondson
Bell, Calif.	Chamberlain	Edwards, Ala.
Bennett	Chappell	Ellberg
Berry	Clancy	Erlenborn
Betts	Clausen,	Esch
Bevill	Don H.	Eshleman
Blaggi	Clawson, Del.	Evans, Colo.
Blester	Cleveland	Evins, Tenn.
Blackburn	Collier	Fallon
Blanton	Collins	Fascell
Boggs	Colmer	Feighan
Boland	Conable	Findley
Bow	Conte	Fish
Bray	Corbett	Fisher
Brinkley	Coughlin	Flood
Brock	Cramer	Flowers



Thomson, Wis.	Weicker	Wright
Tiernan	Whalen	Wyatt
Tunney	Whalley	Wydler
Udall	White	Wyllie
Ullman	Whitehurst	Wyman
Utt	Whitten	Yates
Van Deerlin	Widnall	Yatron
Vander Jagt	Williams	Young
Vigorito	Wilson, Bob	Zablocki
Waggonner	Wilson,	Zion
Waldie	Charles H.	Zwach
Wampler	Winn	
Watkins	Wold	
Watson	Wolf	

**NAYS—40**

Anderson, Calif.	Farbstein	Miller, Ohio
Ashbrook	Fraser	Mosher
Bingham	Gilbert	Ottinger
Brown, Calif.	Gross	Podell
Burton, Calif.	Haley	Powell
Cederberg	Hall	Quillen
Chisholm	Harsha	Rees
Clancy	Hawkins	Rosenthal
Clay	Kastenmeier	Ruppe
Cohelan	Koch	Ryan
Conyers	Kyl	Schneebell
Diggs	Latta	Stokes
Edwards, Calif.	Lowenstein	Vank
	Mikva	

**NOT VOTING—44**

Bates	Helstoski	Rallsback
Burton, Utah	Hogan	Randall
Cahill	Howard	Reifel
Carey	Kirwan	Riegle
Clark	Kuykendall	Rivers
Cowger	Lujan	Rodino
Culver	McCloskey	Rumsfeld
Dawson	McMillan	Sandman
Dent	MacGregor	Scheuer
Dorn	Meskill	Shipley
Edwards, La.	Morgan	Skubitz
Findley	Morse	Smith, N.Y.
Frey	Murphy, N.Y.	Watts
Hastings	Nelsen	Wiggins
Hébert	Pollock	

So the bill was passed.

The Clerk announced the following pairs:

- Mr. Hébert with Mr. Nelsen.
- Mr. Dent with Mr. Riegle.
- Mr. Carey with Mr. Cahill.
- Mr. Murphy of New York with Mr. Meskill.
- Mr. Rodino with Mr. Sandman.
- Mr. Edwards of Louisiana with Mr. Frey.
- Mr. Morgan with Mr. Rallsback.
- Mr. Watts with Mr. Burton of Utah.
- Mr. Clark with Mr. Reifel.
- Mr. Culver with Mr. Findley.
- Mr. Dorn with Mr. Cowger.
- Mr. Helstoski with Mr. Rumsfeld.
- Mr. McMillan with Mr. Skubitz.
- Mr. Rivers with Mr. Bates.
- Mr. Randall with Mr. McCloskey.
- Mr. Shipley with Mr. Kuykendall.
- Mr. Howard with Mr. Hogan.
- Mr. Scheuer with Mr. Dawson.
- Mr. Smith of New York with Mr. MacGregor.
- Mr. Pollock with Mr. Lujan.
- Mr. Wiggins with Mr. Hastings.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

**GENERAL LEAVE TO EXTEND**

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members may have 5 legislative days in which to revise and extend their remarks on the bill just passed.

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. ALBERT). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Texas?

There was no objection.

Mr. MAHON. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that all Members speaking on the bill may be permitted to

revise and extend their remarks and that I may be permitted to revise and extend my remarks, and insert certain tabular material and pertinent extracts otherwise.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Texas?

There was no objection.

**THE WORLDWIDE POPULATION CRISIS**

(Mr. SCHEUER asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute, to revise and extend his remarks and include extraneous matter.)

Mr. SCHEUER. Mr. Speaker, on behalf of myself and Mr. BUSH, Mr. ANDERSON of Illinois, Mr. ASHLEY, Mr. BINGHAM, Mr. BLACKBURN, Mr. BUCHANAN, Mr. BUTTON, Mrs. CHISHOLM, Mr. COHELAN, Mr. CONABLE, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. COUGHLIN, Mr. DELLENBACK, Mr. DIGGS, Mr. EDWARDS of California, Mr. ESCH, Mr. FISHER, Mr. FRASER, Mr. HAMMER-SCHMIDT, Mr. HAWKINS, Mr. KOCH, Mr. LEGGETT, Mr. MCCLOSKEY, Mr. MATSUNAGA, Mr. MIKVA, Mrs. MINK, Mr. MIZE, Mr. OTTINGER, Mr. MOSS, Mr. PODELL, Mr. PRYOR of Arkansas, Mr. REES, Mr. ROSENTHAL, Mr. SCHNEEBELI, Mr. STOKES, Mr. TAFT, Mr. THOMPSON of New Jersey, Mr. UDALL, and Mr. WOLD, I am introducing today legislation which will enable this Nation to do its part in combating the growing worldwide population crisis and to assure the availability of family planning services to all women in this country who desire them. Similar legislation has been introduced in the other body by Senator TYDINGS and 19 of his colleagues.

Mr. Speaker, the urgent problem of ever-burgeoning populations throughout the world must no longer be ignored. Unchecked population growth continues to hold back the advancement of underdeveloped nations and threatens the present social and economic standards of industrialized nations.

The recent report of the President's Committee on Population and Family Planning, chaired by John D. Rockefeller III, and Wilbur J. Cohen stated:

Rapid population growth is a direct result of man's enhanced ability at death control. Modern medicine and improved nutrition have cut death rates throughout the world, thus upsetting the traditional balance between births and deaths and producing rates of population growth unprecedented in the history of man. If present growth rates remain unchecked, the present world population of 3½ billion will double to seven billion by the end of the century.

More than 80 per cent of this increase will occur in the developing nations. With growth rates averaging 2½ per cent per year, the developing nations are suffering an acute imbalance between births and deaths, and throughout much of Asia, Africa and Latin America, successful efforts at economic development find their gains diluted by ever-increasing numbers of people. Most of the additional population will, therefore, come into the world with limited prospects of adequate food, shelter, education and employment.

In the industrialized nations, declines in death rates have been followed by declines

in birth rates. In the United States, the resulting rate of natural population increase has been about one per cent per year. This rate of growth cannot be maintained indefinitely. Eventually, it will mean severe social and economic dislocations.

In recent days, Secretary General U Thant of the United Nations has warned of the stark urgency of the problem posed by the population explosion looming ahead of us. He warned that we have only one short decade before current crisis becomes irreversible and unmanageable catastrophe.

And in a recent stirring address to the student body of Notre Dame University, Robert S. McNamara, president of the World Bank, issued a resonant plea for action:

I have chosen to discuss the tangled problem of excessive population growth because my responsibilities as President of the World Bank compel me to be candid about the blunt facts affecting the prospects for global development.

The bluntest fact of all is that the need for development is desperate.

One-third of mankind today lives in an environment of relative abundance.

But two-thirds of mankind—more than two billion individuals—remain entrapped in a cruel web of circumstances that severely limits their right to the necessities of life. They have not yet been able to achieve the transition to self-sustaining economic growth. They are caught in the grip of hunger and malnutrition; high illiteracy; inadequate education; shrinking opportunity; and corrosive poverty.

The gap between the rich and poor nations is no longer merely a gap. It is a chasm. On one side are nations of the West that enjoy per capita incomes in the \$3,000 range. On the other are nations in Asia and Africa that struggle to survive on per capita incomes of less than \$100.

What is important to understand is that this is not a static situation. The misery of the underdeveloped world is today a dynamic misery, continuously broadened and deepened by a population growth that is totally unprecedented in history.

This is why the problem of population is an inseparable part of the larger, overall problem of development.

There are some who speak as if simply having fewer people in the world is some sort of intrinsic value in and of itself. Clearly, it is not.

But when human life is degraded by the plague of poverty, and that poverty is transmitted to future generations by too rapid a growth in population, then one with responsibilities in the field of development has no alternative but to deal with that issue.

To put it simply: the greatest single obstacle to the economic and social advancement of the majority of the peoples in the underdeveloped world is rampant population growth.

If this problem is not met quickly and decisively by reasonable men desiring to improve the quality of life, the opportunity for action might well be forfeited to those who seek repressive solutions, at variance with our system of values. In the August 1968 issue of Law and Society, Prof. Albert P. Blaustein, of the Rutgers Law School faculty states:

Laws designed to limit population growth must meet two criteria: they must, first, actually accomplish that objective, and, second, they must do so without reducing the significance of human life and the value

of individual dignity. Such laws must not be enacted on an ad hoc basis. They must not be based on a "feeling" on the part of legislators that these laws can do the job; such laws must not come in response to emotion-based public sentiment or reaction . . .

We have already heard legislative proposals that any woman who bears two illegitimate children should be sterilized following a court order. We have already heard proposals that welfare payments should be denied for the support of those who have illegitimates. But would such laws have any effects? Even disregarding our ideals and our other social values, certainly we should not pass laws of this type until we analyze their effects and know that they will work to curtail population.

Our Nation must take a leading role in solving the population crisis. We have failed up to this point.

We were late to begin. Only in the past few years have we begun to support—through our foreign assistance programs—family planning programs abroad. Yet, funds have been inadequate and programs loosely organized.

Our effects at home have been even less effective. Although we have an urgent national interest in helping women plan and space their families, the Federal Government's role in family planning programs has been characterized by timidity, hypocritical moralizing, scroogish financing and wasteful, overlapping, unplanned, uncoordinated, and generally inept administration.

No one will deny the basic right of a family unit to determine—according to the dictates of its conscience—the number and spacing of its children.

Middle-class persons have been limiting the number of offspring for years. Today, eight of every 10 nonpoor American couples practice some form of birth control. Eight million American women take the pill every day although neither this nor any other present form of contraception is totally safe and provably effective.

But women of low-income families do not use, to any significant extent, the variety of birth control methods available. In fact, poverty and family size are linked together in a very direct and alarming causal relationship. A recent GAO report on family planning shows that one of every five American children lives in poverty; that one-third of all families with five or more children live in poverty; that almost half of all children living in poverty live in families of five or more children. The report also states:

There are significant health benefits to be derived from family planning. These are associated with controlled timing and spacing of births and can be measured by lower maternal and infant mortality rates, fewer premature births, and a lower incidence of both mental and physically crippling diseases in infants. In addition, there are important economic benefits—in contrast to other health programs—which offer the analyst the opportunity to relate the provision of health services directly to the reduction of poverty. Finally, the program has social and mental advantages which are for the most part the result of giving families the opportunity to have the number of children they desire, when they desire.

It has been recognized, for many years, that the poor have more children than the

nonpoor and, in addition, have more children than they desire. No study or evaluation is necessary to know that a large family increases both the social and economic problems of being poor.

If poverty and family size are so closely related we ask, "Why don't poor women stop having babies?"

Mr. Speaker, just as access to adequate food, clothing, housing, and education seem to be the right only of the nonpoor so is access to adequate family planning information and services seemingly assured mainly to those who are not poor.

As an ad hoc measure, several years ago I proposed making family planning a national emphasis program of the Office of Economic Opportunity and authorizing that agency to make project grants for family planning services. This proposal was passed by the Congress as part of the OEO Act of 1967 and today there are 160 OEO family planning projects operating in 38 States, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. They will reach over 200,000 women this year.

Although the program has had excellent results, it is not even marginally adequate to the need. There are over 5 million low-income women who want, but cannot afford, family planning services. All efforts—Federal, State, and private—will reach fewer than 800,000 women this year, barely 15 percent of low-income women in their child-bearing years urgently needing family planning services. And no perfect contraceptive method will be available to these women, or to the women who will seek family planning services from private physicians.

It was these twin problems—the inadequacy of existing programs to serve low-income women, and the lack of an absolutely effective, safe, convenient form of contraception, compounded by the utter failure of the Congress, or the executive branch, to create a design for a comprehensive, coordinated national family planning program—that led me last year to call together a group of specialists in the population field to see if some overall strategy for a Manhattan project type of approach to an integrated family planning program could be devised.

In May, September, and October of 1968, I invited the following experts to meet with me for a series of three meetings:

Prof. Alfred Blumstein, director, Urban Systems Institute, School of Urban and

Public Affairs, Carnegie-Mellon University, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Mr. William M. Capron, senior fellow, Brookings Institution; formerly Assistant Director, Bureau of the Budget.

Mr. George Coleman, Deputy Director, Population Service, AID, Washington, D.C.

Dr. Ralph Dorfman, Syntex Corp., Palo Alto, Calif.

Mr. Irving Friedman—representing Mr. Robert S. McNamara—economic adviser to President of World Bank, Washington, D.C.

Mr. Kermit Gordon, president, Brookings Institution, Washington, formerly Director, Bureau of the Budget.

Mr. William Gorham, president, Urban Institute; formerly Assistant Secretary for Planning and Evaluation of Health, Education, and Welfare.

Dr. Oscar Harkavy, program officer in charge of population division, the Ford Foundation, New York City.

Mr. Frederick Jaffe, vice president, Planned Parenthood-World Population, New York City.

Dr. Gary D. London, director, health services office, community action program, Office of Economic Opportunity.

Dr. John Maier, population division, Rockefeller Foundation, New York City.

Dr. Paul Schultz, senior scientist, economic department, Rand Corp., Santa Monica, Calif.

Mr. Charles L. Schultze, senior fellow, Brookings Institution; formerly Director, Bureau of the Budget.

Dr. Harry Rudel, associate director, biomedical division, Population Council, New York City.

Dr. Sheldon Segal, director of the biomedical division, Population Council, New York City.

Dr. Anna L. Southam, program officer, international division, the Ford Foundation.

The bill substantially reflects the consensus of the experts who attended these three meetings that Federal family planning programs are both inadequate to meet the need, and that the bulk of them are fragmented among various agencies at HEW, poorly staffed and administered.

These meetings produced two important developments. The first was the presentation—by Dr. Alfred Blumstein—of a complete diagram of the essential components of a comprehensive family planning program. I include it at this point in the RECORD:

TABLE 1.—COMPONENTS OF A FAMILY-PLANNING PROGRAM

RESEARCH	
Improved techniques of contraception	Process of distribution and use
<p>Reproductive biology:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Germ cell production.</li> <li>2. Restriction on flow of germ cells.</li> <li>3. Attacks on germ cell vitality.</li> <li>4. Inhibition of implantation of fertilized egg.</li> </ol>	<p>Understanding of attitudes of target Populations—United States and foreign:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Ethnic/religious constraints.</li> <li>2. Factors in family-size decisions.</li> <li>3. Responsiveness to alternative incentives.</li> <li>4. Responsiveness to alternative educational programs.</li> <li>5. Responsiveness to alternative contraceptive modes and systems of distribution.</li> </ol> <p>Analysis of institutional operations:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Analysis of domestic community institutions (churches, health clinics, welfare offices, corrections agencies) and their appeals to various target population.</li> <li>2. Analysis of foreign community institutions (local leaders, government offices, health clinics, economic institutions) and their appeals to various target population.</li> </ol>

TABLE 1.—COMPONENTS OF A FAMILY-PLANNING PROGRAM—Continued

DEVELOPMENT	
Improved techniques of contraception	Process of distribution and use
Development of New Contraceptive Techniques, Devices, and Means of Application: 1. Safety. 2. Effectiveness. 3. Long-term effectiveness per application. 4. Easily applied, requiring minimum training, especially nonmedical. 5. Requires positive action to restore fertility. 6. Low cost.	Development of distribution programs: 1. Design of incentives and distribution procedures focused on individual population groups. 2. Design of logistics system (e.g., quantities required, pipeline, distribution personnel and facilities, supervision) to provide information, techniques, training, and "maintenance" (checkups on use, effectiveness and safety).
TEST AND EVALUATION	
1. Laboratory evaluation. 2. Animal tests. 3. Human experimentation.	1. Identification of evaluation of successful and unsuccessful programs and reasons for success or failure in particular contexts. 2. Continuing evaluation of comparative safety, effectiveness and cost of techniques and alternative distribution procedures. 3. Analysis of components of cost.
PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION	
1. Reduced production costs. 2. Feedback of evaluations. 3. Development of indigenous production capability.	1. Identification of needs and interests for various population groups. 2. Design of distribution appeals mechanisms matched to population groups. 3. Identification of personnel, materiel, and institutional resource requirements. 4. Development and institution of required personnel training programs, especially using local personnel. 5. Provision of required technical support to back up distribution system. 6. Collection and analysis of mechanisms and information for program evaluation.

TABLE 2.—ORGANIZATIONAL ALTERNATIVES IN DEVELOPING AN INTEGRATED NATIONAL FAMILY-PLANNING PROGRAM

Mode of operation	Principal advantages	Principal disadvantages
A. Present system.....	Minimum complexity in resolving new bureaucratic difficulties.  Existence of multiple sources of funds—"bet hedging."	Retention of old bureaucratic difficulties and cracks into which the important problems fall. No single source at which to direct large appropriations. Split loyalties between family planning and other mission objectives. No 1 organization has total system concern and responsibility.
B. Lead Government agency.....	Single central governmental authority concerned with family-planning problems.  Direct governmental control and authority over programs and resources elsewhere in Government from a total systems viewpoint. Direct congressional appropriation to a single agency.	Reluctance of other parts of Government to relinquish control over their programs to new "czar". Difficulties inherent in a Government agency dealing with politically sensitive problems. Difficulty in receiving or exercising control over non-Government funds. Difficulty in recruiting quality staff into Government. Opposition to greater Federal involvement in individual's private matters.
C. Private institution.....	Creation of a single organization with total system concern, albeit with less authority than in a Government agency.  Relative freedom from political pressures.  Freedom to receive funds from many sources, including Government. Greater flexibility in staff recruitment and program operations.	Lack of authority over programs, outside the institution, especially those in Government—No single Government agency through which to report. Congressional reluctance to relinquish detailed control by creating a non-Government agency as a conduit of Federal funds.
D. Lead Government agency backed up by a private technical support institution.	Combined advantages of B. and C.....  Flexibility in using Government or private organization for what is done best in each.	Communication problems and administrative difficulties between the Government agency and the private organization.

nated effort involving both the public and private sector to produce the ultimate death-dealing weapon, the atomic bomb; but that for an equally pressing national—indeed global—interest, a similar comprehensive, coordinated Manhattan Project-type of approach aimed at producing the ultimate in life dealing—a worldwide system for population planning and birth control—has not yet been initiated. High officials of HEW promised to follow this report's recommendations in affecting administrative changes.

At the same time title IV and V of the Social Security Amendment of 1967 gave HEW important new responsibilities in the family planning field. Title V specified that at least 6 percent of all funds available for maternal and infant care and maternal and child health each year must be allocated to family planning. Congress then reemphasized its concern in this field by stipulating in the HEW appropriation bill that 10 percent rather than the minimum 6 percent of funds available in fiscal year 1969 be used for family planning.

Almost 2 years have passed. The Harkavy report recommendations and HEW's promises before the Gruening committee have never been implemented. HEW's family planning programs are still scattered, uncoordinated, and ineffective.

In theory, the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Population and Family Planning has responsibility for formulating family planning policy; communicating that policy to Congress, the public and professional groups; and coordinating and evaluating of programs within the Department. In actual fact, the Office has carried out none of these functions. It has almost no staff. It has almost no funds. Most importantly, it is totally isolated from the operating locus of the major family planning programs.

The Deputy Assistant Secretary for Population and Family Planning reports directly to the Assistant Secretary for Health and Scientific Affairs who oversees the bulk of the Federal health programs. The title V family planning project grants program is administered, in turn, by the Children's Bureau of the Social and Rehabilitation Service. Neither the Deputy Assistant Secretary nor the Assistant Secretary has any control or effective jurisdiction over the policymaking or funding processes of the project grants program.

The title V program represented a challenging opportunity for HEW to take the reins of Federal leadership in this field and to provide a vital service to millions of American women. It has been an opportunity unappreciated and largely unused.

After the social security amendments were adopted in December 1967, the program was given little publicity. Nevertheless, a great number of communities expressed interest. They were met with a long series of administrative road-blocks set up by the Children's Bureau. Conflicting statements as to the purposes of the program confused applicants. Guidelines were late in appearing

The second is the legislation which I introduce today.

Let me describe the situation at HEW. Nearly 2 years ago, in November 1967 testimony adduced at the Gruening hearings on the population crisis first outlined the deficiencies in HEW family planning programs. A report prepared for HEW by Dr. Oscar Harkavy of the

Ford Foundation pointed out the inadequacy of funds, an incoherent administrative structure, and the absence of family planning staff. The situation has not materially improved since then.

I expressed my chagrin that a pressing national interest could have induced us to create a comprehensive design and a specific timetable for a massive, coordi-

and only sparsely distributed. Funding procedures resembled the Cretan labyrinth. Despite all this, when funds became available July 1, 1968, a number of applications were already in. Eight months later only 10 projects had been funded. Only \$2.6 million of the \$12 million available had been obligated.

Today—15 months after passage of the law—not one single additional woman in the entire Nation has received family planning services through this program.

Although the family planning project grant program is a sizable one, the Children's Bureau does not have even one single full-time family planning staff member either in Washington or in the regional offices to help interested institutions in applying for grants or to review applications submitted.

Lack of adequate staff and any demonstrable interest in the family planning field is not limited to the Children's Bureau. Although the Medical Services Administration, the Assistance Payments Administration, the Health Services and Mental Health Administration, and the Office of Education all have substantial responsibilities in this field, not one of them has any full-time staff to carry out their programs. Nor is there even one Federal employee in any regional office designated as a full-time family planning specialist whose duty is to advise communities in developing plans for Federal assistance under existing programs.

The need for family planning programs is obvious and urgent. This bill will establish a reasonable administrative structure, increase funds available for family planning projects and stimulate desperately needed research in contraceptive methods.

Mr. Speaker, the Children's Bureau obviously does not have the leadership, the staff, the understanding or the desire necessary to execute an adequate family planning program—nor do any of the other HEW agencies that presently have some role in this field. The answer, we are convinced, is to be found in the creation of a new agency located in the health arm of HEW to combine the service and research programs in this field. This arrangement will further close relations with other health services and programs, will facilitate rapid application of research findings in the field and will allow for the systematic training of necessary personnel, both professional and paraprofessional.

If all family planning project grant and population research programs of HEW are moved to this new office, if it is given authority to coordinate and evaluate other HEW family planning and population programs and if it is assigned responsibility for continuing communication and coordination with foreign programs, then at long last a cohesive population and family planning effort will become possible.

Therefore, the bill authorizes the creation of a National Center for Population and Family Planning in HEW, directly

under the Assistant Secretary for Health and Scientific Affairs, which will—

First, administer all special project grants related to population and family planning over which the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare has administrative responsibility;

Second, administer and be responsible for all population and family planning research carried on by HEW or through grants to or contracts with public and nonprofit agencies;

Third, act as a clearing house for information pertaining to domestic and international population and family planning programs;

Fourth, serve as a liaison with the activities carried on by other agencies of the Federal Government relating to population and family planning;

Fifth, provide or support training for the professional and paraprofessional manpower required to implement our domestic and foreign family planning programs and research; and

Sixth, be responsible for the evaluation of all HEW family planning programs and make periodic recommendations to the Secretary.

Consolidation of responsibility and authority in an office whose sole activity is family planning should bring reason, direction and sheer hardheaded competence to the administration of those programs. We will know there is a high-level official responsible for family planning programs, who will be conducting ongoing scrutiny, evaluation, oversight, and coordination. We will be assured it has not fallen in the wastebasket of a third-level bureaucrat. The program at last will have "a daddy," someone located at stage center, in full charge.

In order to encourage long-range planning in this field, the Secretary is required to develop a 5-year plan for providing family planning services to the 5.3 million women in need, and for providing necessary manpower and research in the field. This plan, and yearly reports on progress in carrying out its goals, will be submitted to the Congress.

Mr. Speaker, this proposal is one of the most valuable suggestions that is contained in the report of the President's Committee on Population and Family Planning. It will encourage disciplined planning at HEW, and will also permit Congress to scrutinize the administration of family planning programs.

Finally, the bill will expand and improve services and research activities of private and public nonprofit agencies and institutions by authorizing: \$30 million in special project grants for actual family planning service; \$10 million in formula grants to State health agencies for planning, establishing, maintaining and evaluating family planning services; \$35 million in grants for biomedical, contraceptive technology, and behavioral research related to population research centers; and \$12 million in grants for the construction of population research centers; and \$2 million in grants for training professional and paraprofessional personnel in the family planning field.

This comes to a total of \$89 million in new authorizations for fiscal year 1971.

Mr. Speaker, this legislation offers the first hope of a comprehensive, rational, coordinated, national program, involving both the public and private sector, designed to provide all the necessary tools for insuring the availability of family planning services to all who desire them. Such a comprehensive design could put us on the road to finding an ideal set of contraceptive choices, as well as establishing the necessary programs for manpower training, distribution, financing, and education and orientation, necessary to make family planning programs a life-saving program around the world.

The rewards of reduced poverty and infant mortality, and increased family stability and individual opportunity for every child make the effort worthwhile.

The rewards of saving the world community from strangling in the otherwise predictable population explosion makes the efforts a categorical imperative.

Just as we must find the wisdom to avoid the instant death by atomic incineration of hundreds of millions of people in the decades to come, we must likewise rise to the epic challenge of avoiding the slow lingering death by starvation of billions of humankind in this and the next century.

Mr. BUSH. Mr. Speaker, as my colleague, the gentleman from New York (Mr. SCHEUER), so ably pointed out, family planning is a public health matter. Long ago Congress began the attempt to deal with the problem of over population and unwanted children on a national basis. And, for a long time, some of us have been uneasy that we were not obtaining optimum results.

Senator Gruening's hearings on the population crisis confirmed our fears. Testimony produced revealed inadequate funding, incoherent administration and the absence of any real family planning staff in the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare.

At the same time privately financed programs, like Houston's Planned Parenthood, were growing so fast that they had outstripped their ability to attract the necessary funds from private sources.

The purpose of the bill we have introduced today is to correct some of the structural problems that have developed. As my colleague mentioned the bill would authorize the creation of a National Center for Population and Family Planning in HEW directly under the Assistant Secretary for Health and Scientific Affairs, would encourage long-range planning by requiring the Secretary to develop a 5-year plan to provide family planning services to those who want it and would expand and improve the research and service activities of public and private nonprofit agencies.

Without giving every woman who wants it the ability to obtain family planning information now we are only creating immense problems for the future. The 300 million people who will live in the United States in the year 2000 will be forced to live in a world without

the benefits of environment and affluence that we enjoy today. Furthermore, they will not be able to successfully meet the crisis—it will be too late. So it is extremely important that the Congress, as well as the administration, act now.

**GENERAL LEAVE TO EXTEND**

Mr. SCHEUER. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that such Members as wish to do so may extend their remarks on the subject of the legislation which we are jointly introducing today.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from New York?

There was no objection.

**IN SUPPORT OF A PRESIDENTIAL COMMISSION TO STUDY THE USE OF MARIHUANA**

(Mr. KOCH asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. KOCH. Mr. Speaker, I am pleased to reintroduce my bill to establish a Presidential Commission on Marihuana. That bill now has nine cosponsors, including the following Members: JOHN B. ANDERSON, ABNER J. MIKVA, JOHN J. DUNCAN, DON EDWARDS, CHARLES C. DIGGS, JR., JAMES H. SCHEUER, CLAUDE PEPPER, BENJAMIN S. ROSENTHAL, and GILBERT GUDE. Because I believe the increased use of marihuana requires our immediate attention, I have organized a conference to be held on June 20 at Mount Sinai Hospital in New York City. At this conference the following questions will be raised:

First, does the use of marihuana cause violent crime or aggressive antisocial behavior?

Second, does the use of marihuana produce conditions of dependence, psychosis, or other harmful effects requiring medical treatment?

Third, does the use of marihuana lead to the use of heroin?

Fourth, are the current criminal penalties for the possession of marihuana appropriate?

These questions will be discussed by a group of participants representing various medical and legal points of view. The participants thus far include Dr. Sidney Cohen, Director of the Division of Narcotic Addiction and Drug Abuse of HEW; Mr. Frederick M. Garfield, Assistant Director for Science and Education of the Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs of the Justice Department; Dr. Helen H. Nowlis, research consultant for student affairs and professor of psychology at the University of Rochester; Mr. Harold J. Rothwax, director of mobilization for Youth Legal Services; Mr. Bardwell Grosse, associate director of the National Student Association; Dr. Henry Brill of Pilgrim State Hospital in West Brentwood, N.Y.; and Dr. Joel Fort, physician and professor of biology at San Francisco State College.

However, there is no question but that

to do full justice to this subject, it will be necessary for a Presidential Commission to hold exhaustive hearings and bring in a definitive and authoritative report to the President and this Congress. Nevertheless, local forums and reports are helpful in educating the public; and I would hope that other Members might consider holding similar conferences on marihuana in their districts.

**FRANCHISES**

(Mr. ROGERS of Colorado asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute, to revise and extend his remarks and include extraneous matter.)

Mr. ROGERS of Colorado. Mr. Speaker, heretofore, I have introduced H.R. 3645 dealing with franchises, and one of the newest phenomena on the American scene today is franchising. It has almost slipped up on us unnoticed until now it is, roughly, a \$90 billion business annually.

It's importance to the survival of small businesses is difficult to ignore. It has, perhaps, been the savior of what we know as the "momma and poppa" type of operation which began disappearing after World War II because they were not price competitive with bigger, expanding businesses.

Historically, important personages during the Middle Ages were granted what today might be called franchises. The holders of the franchises could collect revenues in return for various services. Franchising did not become prevalent in England until the 18th or 19th century when certain specified privileges were extended in return for some obligations. The privileges, usually long-term, were granted by royalty or legislative bodies. These franchises were only granted to persons already in stations of power or wealth or nobility—or all three—and quite often was of a scurrilous nature.

This was the image of franchising which has plagued the industry, even though most persons probably are unaware that its origins began so long ago. In this country, franchises before World War II generally were available only for gasoline stations and variety drugstores.

In 1955, franchising began emerging in the United States as we know it today, until such names as McDonald's, Dunkin' Donuts, and Aamco Transmission Centers are fairly well known throughout the land.

Franchising has brought business independence to numerous men and women who otherwise could not have gone into business for themselves. In 1967, total sales for the franchise industry was estimated at \$89.2 billion. About \$13.1 billion of that total was from sales of small business franchises, classified as franchises costing under \$100,000 including working capital. This \$13.1 billion itself was an increase of 64 percent over 1963 sales.

In 1960, members of the franchise industry banded together to organize the

International Franchise Association, Inc., with headquarters in Chicago. And, in 1968, the association—IFA—published a booklet, "Franchising: The Odds-On Favorite." This was an in-depth study on marketing. Its author was J. F. Atkinson, B.S., M.B.A. He undertook the study for his masters degree from the Graduate School of Business, Northwestern University, Chicago.

Mr. Atkinson found that, within the limits of his study, the small businessman who buys a franchise stands an increased chance of remaining in business compared to the completely independent businessman. The chances of remaining in business after 1, 5, and 10 years are shown in the following table:

[In percent]

Number of years	Franchise owner	Independent
1.....	97	62
5.....	92	23
10.....	90	16

In other words, a franchise owner has a 97-percent chance of still being in business after 1 year while an independent has only a 62-percent chance.

Over a 10-year period, a franchise owner has a probability of earning \$142,678 more income than the independent operator. Franchise benefits include not only reduction of failure risks, but interest rate reductions—due to franchisor backing; reduced supplier costs—because of quantity discounts; reduced capital requirements—due to franchisor backing; and franchisor services—aid to franchisees.

The average small business investment in a franchise has been \$23,200. It is in this connection between franchising and small business that I would like to cite the example of one franchise company which combines the two: franchises and small businesses.

General Business Services, Inc., at 7401 Wisconsin Avenue, here in Washington, is a business counseling organization specializing in services to small businessmen. A GBS franchise costs \$7,500, so it automatically appeals to the small businessman or the couple who does not have much money to invest. The GBS services for other small businessmen provide guidance in recordkeeping, tax services, data processing, and the things that are needed in the financial management area.

Several years ago, the Small Business Administration issued a report showing that 87.9 percent of businesses which fail do so because they neglected to have a bookkeeping system which would warn the business owner of impending financial problems in time for him to take corrective action. Thus, the services which GBS offers to small businessmen can be seen. Also, it is an interesting fact that no business failures have been reported among any small business clients—of the GBS franchises—who have used the GBS bookkeeping system for 2 years.

GBS began in 1962. Its president, and the man who started it, is Bernard S. Browning, of Browning, Mo. Mr. Browning was a one-man business himself for many years. He decided that the services which he was selling in Washington and Virginia and Maryland would be just as helpful in other States and he decided that the most effective way to merchandise his product would be to franchise it. With G. E. Gaw, now executive vice president, he founded GBS. The company now has some 500 franchises. These franchised independent small businessmen and women work in 45 States, offering their services to other small businessmen and women.

Nation's Business, in its April issue, quoted Mr. Browning as saying that businesses go broke because "they keep too many records. Or not enough." The item about Mr. Browning, which appeared in the "Executive Trends" section of the magazine, was brief and also said in part:

Every new bookkeeper adds something else to the stack of paperwork. But he seldom eliminates any.

"And paper shuffling eats up profits," Bernard S. Browning, president, General Business Services, Inc., says.

"On the other hand, every businessman must keep essential records—like a monthly profit and loss statement, which tells him where he's going and whether he should change course.

"Unfortunately, too many don't."

One out of two new businesses falls within the first two years, he points out.

Like all reputable franchise firms, GBS, after repulating a franchise, provides the purchaser with training at the home office. It furnishes him enough material to last for several months, secures the franchisees' investment with a \$10,000 life insurance policy, furnishes its franchise holders a continuous service through newsletters and meetings, and solves problems which come in from the franchise holders in the field.

It possibly is this backup service which makes franchising so helpful. The man or woman who originates a franchise business, who has the original better idea, knows the problems and mistakes which his franchise holders will encounter: he has traveled that road himself. So when one of his franchised representatives calls on him for advice, the advice is given from experience. This is that extra something which is not always available for the man or woman who goes into business completely alone.

In my opening remarks, I mentioned that franchising perhaps has helped save the "momma and poppa" type business. In 1957, 2 years after franchising really began in America, there were 8,737,665 sole proprietorships in the United States. In 1966, there were 9,086,714, an increase of 349,049. That is not a tremendous increase, and the growth has not been consistent. Of course, no one is claiming that the franchise industry should reap all the credit.

But it does show that one of our American institutions—the "momma and poppa" store—is not on the way out. That, too, is good news worth considering.

#### TOWARD EFFECTIVE CONTROL OF OBSCENITY

(Mr. WATSON asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute, to revise and extend his remarks and include extraneous matter.)

Mr. WATSON. Mr. Speaker, in President Nixon's message to Congress on May 2, a program was outlined to deal with the alarming increase in sex-oriented advertisements and publications which are sent to people without their consent. The President's plan is a good one, and I fully support it. Nevertheless, it does not strike at the heart of the matter. It should now be obvious to even the most casual observer that pornography in American life is becoming so widespread that decent citizens are just baffled as to how to cope with this critical national problem. While the President's proposals, if passed by Congress, should limit mail-order pornography, I believe that Congress must now take steps legislatively to offset various Supreme Court and lower Federal court decisions in obscenity cases.

Certainly there are statutes on the books now which provide stiff penalties for anyone engaged in the mailing of obscene materials, but the Post Office Department has been totally frustrated in its attempt to enforce the law because of court decisions in that vast no man's land called free speech. In addition, States and local communities have laws and ordinances which reflect their attitude on obscenity. Here again, by and large, the Federal courts have ignored the wishes of the people. There are indeed ample laws throughout this Nation on the local level which clearly indicate that free speech does not include the right to impose upon people obscene speech as reflected in so many magazines and paperback novels on the newsstands and in the overwhelming majority of movies shown at so-called family theaters. Unfortunately, the Supreme Court, in the interesting yet totally inane dictum "any redeeming social content," to quote the Chief Justice himself, has abandoned this area of the law.

Tragically, the Supreme Court has set a precedent of legal confusion in actions involving obscenity, and now local jurisdictions are not able to prosecute for fear of falling within the broad interpretation of first amendment rights by the High Court. Consequently, despite the decisive objections of the people in a given community, citizens find their newsstands, bookstores, and movie screens cluttered with every form of smut, and there is very little they can do to prevent this affront to their integrity and intelligence.

A glaring example of the adverse effect of the Court's ruling in obscenity cases is seen in the advertisements for so-called dirty films, pictures, magazines, and books circulated by the underground press, although it is very much overground today. These advertisements are always very careful to point out that their product has a socially redeeming value as established by the Supreme Court and, therefore, they are not con-

sidered obscene. Well, any number of my constituents have forwarded these unsolicited advertisements to me to bring to the attention of the Post Office Department, and they are about as socially redeemable as a coiled rattlesnake. The smut publishing houses pay fantastic sums for various mailing lists, and as a result people in every walk of life throughout America receive offensive sexually oriented material without having asked for it.

Now, the Court has ruled that such material is protected by freedom of speech, and therefore the sender is acting within his legal rights. But what about the rights of innocent people who receive this filth? If we are to take the Court's view to its inevitable conclusion, it can only be decided that they have no rights. So the Court is saying in effect that the smut peddlers have rights, but the decent, conscientious, law-abiding citizen of this Nation has no rights. Of course, the Court circumvents this by saying that the citizen has the right to refrain. How does one refrain from opening his mail? If an envelope arrives in the mail and it contains a pornographic advertisement, chances are the addressee would not realize this until he has actually seen it. The same is true in regard to many television programs and advertisements which are becoming more and more bold in their offensive language and subject matter.

Mr. Speaker, I have always supported the right of any citizen to speak freely. This concept is basic to our way of life. But the purveyors of obscenity are betraying this freedom by using it as an excuse to encourage the acceptance of loose moral standards in our society. The time is past due for Congress to bring about some system of order concerning the trial and review of criminal actions involving obscenity, and it can certainly be done without infringing upon anyone's freedom of speech. This can be brought about through a very basic principle in our legal system; namely, the old dictum that local standards should govern. Our colleague in the other body, the senior Senator from Illinois, Mr. DIRKSEN, has introduced a bill which can attain this objective. Today, I am introducing a companion bill in the House.

This legislation would deny appellate jurisdiction to any Federal court of a decision by a jury in regard to criminal actions involving obscenity. Additionally, no Federal court would have the authority to review, reverse or set aside a decision by a court of a State or its subdivision regarding local obscenity statutes.

I may be old fashioned, but I believe that the vast majority of the American people do not accept low moral standards as a way of life. To invade one's privacy by dumping indecent pornography in his mailbox or to make pornographic material available to young and impressionable minds is wrong. Enactment of legislation to clear away the ridiculous and confusing legal cobwebs placed in the paths of local jurisdictions by the Supreme Court in obscenity cases is the

best answer. Mere fines and slaps on the wrist are not going to curb the pornography traffic, but I can assure you that a few stiff prison sentences would get the job done. This is exactly what will happen to the smut merchants when they have to face local juries and good, old-fashioned law and order judges.

#### SMALL BUSINESS CRIME INSURANCE ACT OF 1969

(Mr. ANNUNZIO asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute, to revise and extend his remarks and include extraneous matter.)

Mr. ANNUNZIO. Mr. Speaker, today I have introduced legislation entitled "The Small Business Crime Insurance Act of 1969."

The legislation is designed to fill an important need in our economy—crime insurance for small businessmen.

In recent years, small businessmen across the Nation have found it increasingly difficult to obtain insurance against burglaries, robberies, vandalism, and other criminal acts. Where such insurance is available, the premium rates are so high that most small businessmen cannot afford the policies. Thus, there is no difference from the nonavailability of insurance or insurance that is available but at rates so high that it cannot be afforded by the small businessman.

The blame for this situation must lie squarely with the insurance industry which has made little or no effort to provide insurance at a reasonable rate.

While the lack of insurance does work a great economic hardship on the small businessman, it also is highly significant to our overall economy in general and our tax structure in particular.

Much has been written in recent months about tax reforms and the need for more tax dollars. One of the best ways to bring in more tax revenue is to increase the tax base. Thus, the more businesses that are in operation, the more taxes that will be collected on a local, State, and Federal level.

But if the small businessman cannot obtain insurance, he cannot stay in business and when he goes out of business, our entire economy suffers. This is happening across the country with alarming frequency and something must be done to correct the problem.

Basically, the legislation that I have introduced today will provide for the direct writing of crime insurance to small businesses by the Small Business Administration. This morning, I appeared before the Senate Select Small Business Committee, at which time I outlined the proposals in my legislation. I am including in my remarks a copy of my testimony and a press release which I have issued concerning the legislation, as well as a copy of the bill. These documents will fully outline my proposal:

STATEMENT BY THE HONORABLE FRANK ANNUNZIO, U.S. REPRESENTATIVE FROM THE SEVENTH DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS, BEFORE THE SENATE SMALL BUSINESS COMMITTEE, MAY 21, 1969

Mr. Chairman, Members of the Committee, it is not only a pleasure to be here but also

a great honor, particularly since you have afforded me the opportunity to be the opening witness in your series of hearings dealing with crime and small business.

I want to be brief and to the point this morning so that we can get on with the task of providing some assistance to small business in this important area.

In 1967, I introduced the Small Business Protection Act to provide for a study to determine the best ways that small businesses could protect themselves from criminal acts. The study, which your Committee has printed, contains many facts which were presented for the first time. I do not contend that the study is the solution to the crime problem but rather that it does set out areas of investigation where a majority of the efforts should be concentrated in solving the problems.

I am unhappy that the study devotes too much space to the statistical side of crime against small business and not enough space in telling the small businessman how to safeguard his property from hoodlums and vandals. I sincerely hope, Mr. Chairman, that your Committee will not fall victim to the statistical syndrome that seems to arrive whenever the question of crime is raised. At this point we do not need studies to show that crime is, indeed, a problem to small businessmen. We can learn this by picking up a newspaper from any metropolitan city. In fact, in many cities the crime rate has risen to such a height that the newspapers do not have enough space to devote to crime stories but instead must summarize the crime news on a "boxscore" basis, much the same way that the statistical aspects of baseball games are reported.

I am certain, Mr. Chairman, that under your guidance, the Committee will search for solutions, not statistics, for all the statistics in the world will not prevent a holdup at the corner grocery store.

Mr. Chairman, one of my greatest concerns in the overall area of crime against small business is that small businessmen, in far too many cases, are unable to obtain adequate insurance, even though small businesses outside of high crime areas are finding it difficult, if not impossible, to obtain insurance policies which cover claims dealing with crime connected losses. In some cases, the insurance industry has not denied coverage but rather it has raised the premium rates to such a height that it is impossible for a small businessman to pay for the coverage. Clearly, the blame for this must lie with the insurance industry of our country.

The SBA crime study dwells at length on the problems faced by small businessmen in getting crime insurance. To this end, when the House of Representatives meets this afternoon, I will introduce legislation to provide for the direct writing of crime insurance by the Small Business Administration. It is unfortunate that the insurance industry has not taken positive steps in the past two years to correct the insurance situation. But rather the insurance industry, instead of seeking to help the small businessman, while at the same time obtaining an adequate profit for the shareholders of the industry, has sought to gouge exorbitant premiums from small businessmen.

Recently, a special Subcommittee of the House Banking and Currency Committee conducted hearings in Chicago to look into charges that the insurance industry has used a portion of the 1968 Housing Act designed to help small businessmen obtain insurance to increase many policy premiums by 200 and 300 percent. We found that many areas of Chicago were arbitrarily redlined, that is, businesses in those areas were either denied coverage or found their premium rates doubled and tripled. Insurance officials have

attempted to justify the redlining by claiming that these are areas where riots have occurred or have high rates of crime. However, we found a number of such areas that were considerable distances from any place where riots had occurred and in addition, these areas had no greater crime rate than the rest of the city.

In short, Mr. Chairman, the Subcommittee found that rather than using the FAIR plans set up in the 1968 Housing Act to help small businesses with their insurance problems, the insurance industry was using the FAIR plan for its own personal profit motives.

Therefore, I think it is clear that we have waited long enough for the insurance industry to pick up the ball. Because of this, we must now go to a program of government-sponsored crime insurance. At first glance, this may sound like a rather startling departure from traditional government operations. However, there is clearly a precedent for such insurance. The Federal Government presently insures deposits in banks, savings and loan institutions and mutual savings banks. It also insures mortgages on homes, as well as covering crop losses and losses resulting from floods. These programs have been highly successful and in the case of the home mortgage insurance, the insurance aspect was one of the major factors that has provided this country with the highest standard of housing in the world. There is no question but that the average wage earner would not have been able to afford adequate housing had it not been for the direct program of government mortgage insurance.

Let me take just a minute or two to discuss a few of the highlights of my bill. The legislation, quite simply, would establish a new position in the Small Business Administration—the Associate Administrator for Insurance. The Associate Administrator, working in conjunction with the Small Business Administration Administrator, would establish a schedule of insurance premiums based on the needs of the small businessman and the type of risk to be covered. To be eligible for the insurance coverage, a business owner would have to qualify as a small business under the size standards set by the Administration, and, as in the case of Small Business Administration loan programs, the small businessman would have to show that he is unable to obtain insurance at reasonable rates and terms.

The funds for the insurance pool would be obtained with a \$50 million loan from the Treasury Department. As premiums were paid, the funds would be placed in a separate revolving fund within the Small Business Administration. At the end of each year, the amount of claims paid during the year would be deducted from the revolving fund. An adequate portion of the remaining money would be set aside for reserves and the balance would be used to repay the loan from the Treasury Department. Eventually, as the reserves increase, there will no longer be a need to borrow funds from the Treasury and the program will become self-sustaining.

Since the money obtained from the Treasury will be a loan and not a grant, this program will not cost the taxpayers any funds except for the personnel administration of the program and I do not feel that this is too great a price to pay for assisting small businesses. To me, Mr. Chairman, the most important aspect of this legislation is its simplicity. Since it does not provide for the creation of a new bureau, agency or department, there would be a minimal delay in establishing the insurance program and it could be in operation as quickly as the regulations were established.

In the beginning, the insurance coverage would be limited to coverage for losses due to criminal acts. This would still give the

insurance industry the opportunity to write other forms of insurance for small businesses and, hopefully, correct some of their premium inequalities. However, I want to make it clear that if the insurance industry does not exercise its responsibility in this area, then I will offer an amendment to the legislation to provide for the direct writing of all small business insurance. I would add that, based on past experience, I am not optimistic that the insurance industry will cooperate.

Mr. Chairman, once again, let me thank you for the opportunity to appear before your Committee and on behalf of small businessmen throughout the country, let me commend you for the fine work that your Committee is performing.

[From Congressman FRANK ANNUNZIO's News Release, May 21, 1969]

**GOVERNMENT WOULD WRITE SMALL BUSINESS INSURANCE UNDER ANNUNZIO LEGISLATION**

Legislation calling for the direct writing of small business crime insurance by the Federal Government was introduced today by Congressman Frank Annunzio (D., Ill.).

Under the Annunzio bill, the Small Business Administration would be empowered to write crime loss insurance for any small businessman who could show that he was unable to obtain such insurance at a reasonable rate. Premiums for the insurance would be established by the Small Business Administration and the program would be under the direction of the Agency's Associate Administrator for Insurance, a new position created by the legislation.

In discussing his legislation before the Senate Select Small Business Committee, Annunzio told the Senators that direct Government insurance is necessary because the insurance industry has turned its back on the small businessman in the area of crime insurance. Annunzio's announcement of the legislation came during the Senate Committee's hearings on the effects of crime on small business. The Chicago Democrat, in 1967, authored legislation that provided for a study of the crime problems among small business and the best methods that small businessmen could use to protect themselves against burglaries, robberies, vandalism, shoplifting and other criminal acts. Congressman Annunzio noted that the study devoted a great deal of space to the problems that small businessmen have, not only in obtaining insurance but also keeping the policy once it has been written.

"In many instances," said Congressman Annunzio, "the study concluded that small businessmen do not report small crime damage to their insurance companies for fear that the policies will be cancelled."

Congressman Annunzio added that an attempt to aid businessmen with their insurance problems through the 1968 Housing Act has turned into a bonanza for the insurance industry. He told the Senate Committee that recent hearings in Chicago, conducted by a special Subcommittee of the House Banking and Currency Committee discovered that a portion of the 1968 Housing Act, designed to help small businessmen obtain insurance coverage at reasonable rates, has been used by the insurance industry to double and triple the insurance premiums.

"We also found out," said Annunzio, "that insurance companies are arbitrarily redlining or blacklisting certain sections of Chicago and other cities and refusing to write coverage in these areas."

"Supposedly, the redlining was because these areas had been affected by the civil disorders or had high rates of crime. However, a number of these areas were well removed from sections of the cities where any riots had occurred and also they had

no higher crime rate than the rest of the city."

The Chicago Democrat explained that there is clearly a precedent for direct Federal writing of insurance, since the Government presently writes insurance for home mortgages, bank, savings and loan and mutual savings deposits, crops and flood losses. The funds for the insurance would be obtained by borrowing the money from the Treasury. These funds would be repaid with premium proceeds in excess of losses. Initially, the Small Business Administration would borrow \$50 million to get the program in action but Annunzio estimated that the program would be able to repay all of the Government money and operate on its own in a few years.

The Small Business Administration will be limited solely to writing insurance for crime losses. But Annunzio added that if the insurance industry does not "pick up the ball" and begin writing other insurance at rates small businessmen can afford, then he will amend his legislation to allow SBA to write all types of insurance coverage for small businessmen.

"Based on past experience, I am not optimistic that the insurance industry will cooperate," he concluded.

**H.R. 11512**

A bill to amend the Small Business Act to make crime protection insurance available to small business concerns

*Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

SECTION 1. This Act may be cited as the Small Business Crime Insurance Act of 1969.

SEC. 2. The Small Business Act is amended by adding at the end thereof the following new title:

**"TITLE II—SMALL BUSINESS CRIME INSURANCE**

"SEC. 201. The Small Business Crime insurance Division (referred to in this title as the 'Division') is established as a division of the Small Business Administration. The Division shall be under the direction of an Associate Administrator for Insurance appointed by the Administrator.

"SEC. 202. The Associate Administrator for Insurance shall make available to small business concerns insurance policies insuring against losses resulting from criminal acts to the extent that such insurance is not available from other sources on reasonable terms. The installation, where appropriate, or burglar alarms or other improvements to reduce the risk of loss may be made a condition to the issuance of the insurance.

"SEC. 203. As its initial capital, the Division shall borrow from the Treasury, and the Treasury shall lend to the Division, the sum of \$50,000,000 on such terms and conditions as the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe. Such additional sums, if any, shall be loaned from the Treasury to the Division as may be necessary to operate the program provided under this title on a sound basis, but the total borrowings from the Treasury outstanding at any time shall not exceed \$100,000,000.

"SEC. 204. All funds loaned under section 203 shall be deposited in a revolving fund in the Treasury to be known as the Small Business Crime Insurance Fund (referred to in this Act as the 'Fund'). Any moneys held in the Fund may be invested in obligations of the United States. All premium income, interest income, and other income shall be deposited in the Fund, and all losses shall be paid from the Fund.

"SEC. 205. No administrative expenses may be paid from the Fund. There are authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be

necessary to carry out the purposes of this title."

SEC. 3. The third sentence of section 4(b) of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 633(b)) is amended (1) by changing "three" to read "four" and (2) by inserting "and the Associate Administrator specified in title II of this Act" immediately before the closing parenthesis.

**A GREAT DEAL OF CREDIT DUE THE AMALGAMATED MEAT CUTTERS & BUTCHER WORKMEN, AFL-CIO**

(Mr. FOLEY asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute, to revise and extend his remarks and to include extraneous matter.)

Mr. FOLEY, Mr. Speaker, the Amalgamated Meat Cutters & Butcher Workmen, AFL-CIO, deserves a great deal of credit for its all-out support of strong and effective meat and poultry inspection legislation. This labor union mobilized and led other unions and consumer groups in legislative activities on behalf of truly consumer-protective provisions in the Wholesome Meat Act and the Wholesome Poultry Act.

As a sponsor of this legislation, I greatly appreciate the amalgamated's efforts. Congress and the legislation benefited from this union's work.

Since the enactment of the meat and poultry inspection laws, the Amalgamated Meat Cutters & Butcher Workmen, AFL-CIO, has turned its attention to the administration and enforcement of these statutes. It is concerned that these laws be enforced as effectively as Congress meant them to be. There is currently some reason for fear on that point.

The union is also greatly involved in the effort to enact the first inspection program for fish processing. Its members work in that industry also and it realizes that fish inspection is as badly needed as meat and poultry inspection. No mandatory Federal fish inspection program whatsoever exists today.

To outline the union's policies concerning consumer protection on foods, the executive board of the Amalgamated Meat Cutters & Butcher Workmen, AFL-CIO, adopted a statement at its meeting in Chicago on April 29. It is a clear and very practical document. Its proposals are wise and sound.

Mr. Speaker, under unanimous consent, I insert the policy statement of the executive board of the Amalgamated Meat Cutters & Butcher Workmen, AFL-CIO, on consumer protection concerning food at this point in the RECORD:

**POLICY STATEMENT OF THE INTERNATIONAL EXECUTIVE BOARD OF THE AMALGAMATED MEAT CUTTERS & BUTCHER WORKMEN, AFL-CIO, ON CONSUMER PROTECTION CONCERNING FOOD, APRIL 29, 1969**

The Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen (AFL-CIO) believes it has a responsibility to champion consumer causes—especially those involving the products on which our members work. Our Union has, therefore, effectively exerted leadership to increase consumer protection involving various foods.

We shall continue to follow this policy. We recognize that previously-won protec-

tions must be safeguarded against erosion and that new hazards must be met by establishing additional protections.

Unfortunately, some recent events involving food inspection activity and legislation are disturbing. They pose dangers to consumer protection. They require action by our Union.

#### I. FISH INSPECTION

**New Legislation**—Strong and effective fish inspection legislation is before Congress. It has been introduced in the Senate by Sen. Philip A. Hart (D., Mich.) and 21 other Senators. In the House of Representatives, it is sponsored by Reps. Claude Pepper (D., Fla.) and John D. Dingell (D., Mich.). The bill is based on the Wholesome Meat Act and the Wholesome Poultry Act.

Action by our International Convention in 1968 and previous resolutions by this Executive Board have made a fish inspection law one of our Union's top legislative goals for 1969. The Amalgamated is therefore currently organizing support for the legislation—as we did for meat and poultry inspection.

We hope that a bitter legislative fight on this bill can be avoided. We hope that the seafood industry will do as the poultry industry, which generally worked for effective consumer protection during the 1968 effort for a stronger poultry inspection law.

**Weakening Proposals**—Unfortunately, these hopes have so far been dashed. The various trade associations, which claim to speak for the firms of the industry, have announced that they support fish inspection. But they seek numerous amendments which would make the consumer protection meaningless.

Most disturbing is that the trade associations oppose the stationing of an inspector in the plant during all times of processing. They are against continuous inspection, which has been in effect in meat and poultry inspection—and even in the present voluntary fish inspection—for many years.

**Union Policy**—The Amalgamated will work for fish inspection legislation which is every bit as effective and consumer-protective as the Wholesome Meat Act and Wholesome Poultry Act. Anything less—especially legislation without continuous inspection—would be a farce to delude the consumer into a false sense of security.

Our Union will fight against any such trickery. If there must be a bitter battle to win consumer protection concerning fish, then we shall participate in and even lead it. This Executive Board therefore instructs our Washington Office to launch an effort to inform the public fully on the need for this vital legislation and to wage a forthright campaign for strong and effective fish inspection.

#### II. EGG INSPECTION

**Health Protection**—Discussions are currently underway among leading Senators, Congressmen and the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) officials concerning egg inspection legislation. Our Union and industry groups have participated in these talks. Major firms in the egg industry are urging inspection legislation to prevent more outbreaks of illness due to the consumption of adulterated processed eggs.

The measure under discussion would provide the continuous federal inspection of plants where eggs are processed. It would provide a spot check of plants handling shell eggs.

The Amalgamated will support such legislation when it is introduced in and considered by Congress. We regard it as an important health protection.

#### III. MEAT AND POULTRY INSPECTION

**State Pressures**—During its work on the Wholesome Meat Act and Wholesome Poultry Act, Congress made clear that it wanted

strong federal standards to serve as the model and basis for state compliance with the two laws. In numerous sections of the statutes, Congress established federal dominance in meat and poultry inspection.

State bureaucracies fought these decisions, but lost in the 1967 and 1968 legislative battles. Now, they are attempting to win through pressure on the USDA what they were unable to get through pressure on the U.S. Congress.

Under the euphemism of "greater state-federal cooperation," many proposals have been made to increase state authority and state control over meat and poultry inspection. A favorite scheme is to increase the use of the Talmadge-Aiken Act and to water down the use of federal supervision and federal standards on joint projects carried out under that law.

**Federal Program Best**—The Amalgamated supports legitimate state-federal cooperation, but not at the expense of weakening consumer protection. We firmly believe that federal meat and poultry inspection—despite some drawbacks—still offers the best program and the least liable to pressure.

We would regard it as a disaster to consumers, workers and the companies if 51 different inspection programs with 51 different degrees of enforcement were to compete for regulation of the meat and poultry industries. The Amalgamated will therefore strongly oppose any watering down of the authority or activity of the federal inspection program from what is provided in the Wholesome Meat and Wholesome Poultry Acts.

**Fund Shortages**—The effectiveness of meat and poultry inspection also faces dangers because of the current budget hysteria. The program needs large increases to fulfill the added responsibilities provided by the new laws. We urge that Congress fully provide those needed funds, that is, at least the \$119.3 million requested in the original budget estimate for fiscal year 1970.

To economize in this area is self-defeating. A cut in the needed funds can endanger public health. What is more, an interstate plant cannot operate without an inspector supervising its activity. A shortage of inspectors therefore would result in less production, less employment, less business and, therefore, less tax revenue for the federal government.

**Personnel Shortage**—In addition, the requirement in the 1968 surtax law limiting federal employment poses hardships for meat and poultry inspection. This program must expand in the number of employees, as well as in costs, if it is to do the job ordered by Congress. The USDA has avoided a manpower crisis so far by taking staff jobs from other parts of the Department and allocating them to the inspection program. But this cannot go on indefinitely.

Obviously, an inspection program cannot function well if it does not have the necessary personnel. The Amalgamated therefore urges that USDA priority continue to be given to an adequate inspection force. In addition, we shall strongly support legislation to exempt the inspection program from the surtax law's employment requirements if such a bill becomes necessary.

**Small Plant Shutdowns**—A great hue and cry is underway by the owners of some small meat plants that they will be forced out of business if the Wholesome Meat Act is enforced on them. Many of these complaints stem from an ignorance of the law's provisions and of the Congressional declarations of intent concerning the legislation.

Congress made clear during the enactment of the meat law that the Secretary of Agriculture must use the "rule of reason" in enforcing the inspection regulations among

existing plants which are to be newly inspected. Thus, for example, if a rail does not meet regulation specifications because it is too low, it needs to be changed *only* if carcasses drag on the floor or are otherwise in danger of adulteration.

The Amalgamated believes that the use of the "rule of reason" is wise. It achieves the double goal of preventing unnecessary interference with production while, at the same time, preventing any conditions which endanger or shortchange consumers.

**Bible Bill**—Some plants will have to make costly changes to comply with the important consumer-protective provisions of the Wholesome Meat Act. Sen. Alan Bible (D., Nev.), chairman of the Senate Select Committee on Small Business, has, therefore, introduced legislation to provide special small business loans to small meat firms. The bill (S. 1750) would bring quick financial help, as in the case of disaster relief.

The Amalgamated will support the enactment of this legislation. We consider it to be an effective means of both assuring consumer protection and preventing plant shutdowns for lack of finances.

**New Opportunities**—The Bible bill is an example of constructive and imaginative ways to ease the problems of transition to compliance with the Wholesome Meat Act and the Wholesome Poultry Act. The full effectiveness of these laws need neither be terrifying nor overly difficult. Instead, it represents an opportunity to assure consumer that not a single pound of filthy, diseased or adulterated red meat or poultry can be legally sold in the United States. It will be an opportunity to let the consumer have added confidence in meat and poultry products.

The Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen (AFL-CIO) is proud of its part in providing these opportunities. We hope they will also be available shortly for fish and eggs.

#### OPERATION OF THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT

(Mr. DUNCAN asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute, to revise and extend his remarks and include extraneous matter.)

Mr. DUNCAN. Mr. Speaker, for the past several years we have had drilled into our ears noisy propaganda from publicity agents about how efficient and businesslike the Defense Department was being operated.

As time goes on we know that this is not true. In fact, if those who were in charge of the Defense Department ran a business in the same manner they have operated the Defense Department, they could not be hired to run a peanut stand.

The true picture of this operation is now slowly emerging. We read of non-competitive bids being awarded; former Defense Department employees joining contractors they formerly aided; hypothetical calculations in awarding bids, and large overruns on contracts.

A good example of the inefficiency of this Department has today been called to my attention.

Recently an employee of a radio station in my district had in his possession a small connector he had used to connect cables in sound systems while he served in the military service. His station decided that this type connector would be suitable for their purpose. They

proceeded to order 10 connectors according to the number on the connector and did not have any idea what the charge would be. The bill came with the cost of \$48.10 per connector.

The radio station found they could order the same connector under a civilian number for just 70 cents each. This information is in a catalog published by United Cost Service, 645 Stewart Avenue, Garden City, N.Y., and this catalog lists all manufacturers' prices.

They placed their first order on January 3, 1969, using the military number. When they found the cost to be \$48.10 the station returned the connectors and reordered using the civilian number on February 7, 1969.

The connector itself is a small, simple device used to connect cables in sound systems. It is about as big around as an average writing pencil and perhaps three-fourths inch long. I am told it is manufactured by Amphenol Corp., of Broadview, Ill., and distributed in my area by Freck Radio Supply, of Asheville, N.C.

This situation is shocking, as it was to the radio station when they discovered the difference in prices. The radio station did confirm the prices with the distributor so there is no question but what the Defense Department was guilty of gross waste in such outrageous buying.

#### PROGRAM FOR BALANCE OF THE WEEK

(Mr. GERALD R. FORD asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. GERALD R. FORD. Mr. Speaker, I have requested this time for the purpose of asking the distinguished majority leader the program for the remainder of this week.

Mr. ALBERT. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. GERALD R. FORD. I yield to the gentleman from Oklahoma.

Mr. ALBERT. Mr. Speaker, in response to the inquiry of our distinguished minority leader, we have finished the legislative business for the week.

Tomorrow is the day of the annual trip to New York City, as Members know. The only thing that we might do tomorrow would be unanimous-consent requests to file reports or something like that. However, there will be no legislative business.

We will have the program for next week ready for announcement on tomorrow. We do not have it ready tonight.

#### SCANDAL AT SBA—VIII

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Texas (Mr. GONZALEZ) is recognized for 10 minutes.

Mr. GONZALEZ. Mr. Speaker, yesterday I addressed the House and repeated the request I have been making of the Administrator of the Small Business Administration, Mr. Hilary Sandoval, that

he suspend or release the man he had appointed as his special assistant, Albert Fuentes, Jr. I made this request yesterday just a few hours before Mr. Sandoval issued a news release announcing he had summarily dismissed Albert Fuentes, Jr. because he had wilfully disobeyed the Administrator's explicit orders. He did not say that Fuente's involvement in the highly questionable transaction I have reported to this body in great detail for almost a month was the reason for the dismissal. But just as surely as 2 and 2 make 4 the dismissal certainly did following immediately on the heels of the charges made by the great chairman of the House Banking and Currency Committee, the Honorable WRIGHT PATMAN, that Sandoval had been deliberately trying to deceive the committee with respect to the alleged investigation ordered to be made of the charges I had levelled, said investigation to be made by the SBA itself and promised by the Administrator to be returned to the committee.

So Fuentes has been dismissed and the Justice Department has ordered that the matter be turned over to the Federal district grand jury in Texas, but the questions still remains about the propriety of administration.

At no time has any investigator talked to me. Some of the key persons involved, as far as I know, have not been contacted either.

Regardless of the criminal culpability of Fuentes, I am basically far more interested in seeing to it that the SBA performs its services as the Congress has intended that it should.

As for Fuentes, in the future I will bring forth additional information and documented material that will clearly implement and further corroborate what I have said all along.

Yes, Mr. Speaker, I have never been accused before, even by my worst enemies, of being an "unmitigated liar." And it has taken exactly 76 hours and 33 minutes to bring forth and show who the real "unmitigated liar" has been.

Incidentally, just to show the amount of speculation the Fuentes appointment had been causing in Texas, I offer for the RECORD at this point an article appearing in the latest issue of the Texas Observer of May 23, 1969:

#### PRAY FOR A LOAN

WASHINGTON, D.C.—Take a double-take: still it seems to be the case that something funny is going on in the Small Business Administration with some Republican Texas-Mexicans in the middle of it.

Hilary Sandoval of El Paso is the SBA chief under Nixon. Two of Sandoval's most important assistants are Antonio Gonzalez, the Catholic priest from San Antonio, and Albert Fuentes, none other.

Fuentes was once a leading figure in PASO, the super-militant *chicanos* for a span of several years. However, Fuentes shot the angels, and when he ran for lieutenant governor the *Observer* did not endorse him.

Gonzalez was one of the two or three most conspicuous leaders of the farm workers' Valley March during the Starr County strike.

There was always something personally ambitious about Gonzalez' charisma. One wants a priest to come on like gang-busters, but is a little surprised to sense that the man is running for office, here or somewhere. I don't know why this should be surprising: obviously some people who become ministers should have become politicians, and sometimes do. Bill Crook, for instance.

In Washington, now, Father Gonzalez is identified as a key adviser to Sandoval; Fuentes wheels and deals, too, in those sanitary government halls. The suspicion has formed in the vile minds of certain Washington-watchers that small business loan applicants from Texas might get especially friendly attention if they are influential with segments of the Texas-Mexican vote that might vote for John Tower in 1972, a hard year for him with someone like Edward Kennedy running for president against Nixon.

Already there are complaints in Washington and Los Angeles, that the Small Business Administration is refusing loans to the struggling types of small business, including ghetto small business, that really need help. To get an SBA loan now you have to be in such good shape that you can do without it.

Perhaps all will be well with the SBA. When a priest becomes a bureaucrat, perhaps the Kingdom of Heaven has found its office number. And perhaps not. R.D.

#### PROPOSAL TO REPEAL 7-PERCENT INVESTMENT TAX CREDIT

(Mr. PATMAN asked and was given permission to extend his remarks at this point in the RECORD and to include extraneous matter.)

Mr. PATMAN. Mr. Speaker, the Joint Economic Committee, of which I have the honor of serving as chairman, has been very concerned about our inflation in this country which is still running at a rate of approximately 4 percent. In January and February, when we held hearings on the Economic Report of the President, members of the committee devoted a good deal of time and attention to the various ramifications of the inflation problem, and we have recommended a number of measures designed to cope with it. These appear in the report of the Joint Economic Committee which was filed with Congress on April 1 of this year.

One of the factors in our economy that impressed us deeply is the great rate of increase in private investment spending intentions. Our review of private and public investment surveys, new orders for machinery and equipment, and construction contracts for business plant indicated a very substantial rise in fixed business investment for the year 1969. Further, investment plans were revised upward repeatedly over the last 5 months. One of the most recent—the March release from the Department of Commerce—showed projected investment spending for 1969 would be 14 percent over 1968. This compares to increases of 4 percent in 1968 and 2 percent in 1967. In manufacturing investment, the expected rise is now up to 16 percent.

It is obvious that this great exuberance which our economy definitely does not need right now is encouraged by

existing tax policy. Industry is given a 7-percent investment tax credit which is a strong and continuing spur to increased investment. This is obviously just the wrong medicine for our inflated economy.

I would like to take this occasion to point out that the Joint Economic Committee expressed concern about the inflationary character of the investment credit back when it was first proposed in 1962. We indicated that it would "accentuate the instability of investment by encouraging overinvestment in boom periods" and that it would "lower Government revenues in times when revenues should be rising to curb inflationary pressures" and that it would "make Federal revenues relatively higher in recession periods when Government receipts should be reduced." We therefore concluded in our report that this 7-percent investment credit should be repealed and that some other means of investment help provided for small business only.

The recommendation in the joint economic report of April 1, 1969, is as follows:

First priority in tax reform should be given to repeal of the 7-percent investment tax credit as a significant step toward reducing inflation. Small businesses should be protected either by retaining their right to the credit or by changes in the corporate tax rates.

Mr. Speaker, the case against the investment credit is irrefutable. It is just plain bad economics and is depriving the Government of \$3 billion in revenues which the Government should receive. Accordingly, I have today introduced a bill to repeal the investment credit. In so doing, I would like to take this occasion to discuss in a little more detail some of the basic reasons why this provision should be repealed promptly:

First. The rate of expenditure on plant and equipment is and has been excessive. In the face of a sharply lower operating rate of less than 85 percent in manufacturing, business has reported plans for increasing investment outlays this year by 13 to 14 percent. Even more is planned for 1970-72, according to the McGraw-Hill survey.

Second. The investment credit promotes the business cycle, encouraging larger swings in activity instead of damping down fluctuations as good tax policy should.

Third. The credit distorts business incentives, encouraging investment in lower paying projects which business should not be undertaking either from the standpoint of its own long-term rate of return on capital or from the social viewpoint of encouraging a high productivity economy.

Fourth. The investment credit tends to promote inflation since it encourages excessive investment in boom years and then requires that additional demand stimulus be provided in the resulting recessions if unemployment is to be cured.

Fifth. Business has an adequate flow of funds to finance its investments even without this credit, hence this device may be causing excess funds to flow abroad, worsening the balance of payments.

Sixth. At a time when the Federal Government needs such large sums for high priority programs that we face extension of the 10 percent surtax, the investment tax credit costs the Treasury a revenue loss of at least \$3 billion per year.

Seventh. The investment credit is very discriminatory and if the time ever comes that a demand stimulus is needed again, the appropriate course would be a tax cut for consumers.

#### AMENDMENT TO LIMIT FARM PAYMENTS

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. ALBERT). Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from Illinois (Mr. FINDLEY) is recognized for 30 minutes.

Mr. FINDLEY. Mr. Speaker, I am placing in the RECORD a listing of recipients whose payments under farm programs in 1968 exceeded \$25,000.

This is of current interest, because the agriculture appropriations bill scheduled for floor action next Tuesday provides funds for additional farm payments of this sort in 1969-70.

The data shows which people will likely be affected by the amendment I will offer which establishes a \$20,000 limitation on individual payments.

The data lists recipients by name, hometown, county, State, and amount received. Sugar and wool payment details are not included and will be supplied later by USDA.

As an addition to information compiled by USDA, I have identified those counties which have not established Federal food-aid programs for their poor even though the direct-distribution program has been readily available for years to any county requesting it.

It will be argued, no doubt, as it has been in the past that the appropriation bill is no place to make a fundamental change like this and the legislative committee should be given time to produce something better. Speaker after speaker used this line of argument during debate last summer, pleading for "just 1 more year."

Ten months have passed, normally an adequate time for gestation, without result. Hearings have not even been scheduled. With "just 1 more year" about up, it seems to me reasonable for the House to seize this opportunity and at long last call a halt to these inordinately high payments, if for no other reason than to stimulate the legislative process.

Last July 31 on a record vote—CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, volume 114, part 19, page 24412—the House accepted an almost identical farm-payment limitation by a vote of 230 to 160 but the provision was dropped in conference.

Developments since then argue even more persuasively for the limitation.

A USDA study, prepared last fall, shows this limitation would have no "serious adverse effects on production or on the effectiveness of production adjustment programs" and would yield "budget savings ranging from \$200 to nearly \$300 million." Requested by President Johnson October 11, 1968, and released recently by Dr. John A. Schnitker, former Under Secretary of Agriculture, the study also concluded:

Administrative problems . . . are not good reasons for opposing payments limits.

Full text of study in CONGRESSIONAL RECORD, on pages 10867-10873, April 30.

Budget savings are crucially needed to combat inflation. March increase in cost of living was greatest in 18 years. First-quarter increase in consumer prices was the largest in 13 years.

With many Federal programs cut back or cut out, social security increases uncertain but extension of the surtax likely, huge payments to wealthy farmers are more outrageous than ever.

The argument that the limitation would get other crops into trouble by forcing cotton planters to shift to soybeans, and so forth, is contradicted by a recent Louisiana State University study of soybean-cotton competition. It shows cotton more profitable, even without payments, than soybeans. This means taxpayers need not make these tremendous payments in order to get cotton farmers to cooperate.

My amendment will free resources badly needed to carry out the President's recommendations to expand food stamps and other nutrition programs.

As you reflect on this summary of big payments to farmers under various programs in 1967—latest table available—remember that my amendment will still leave each with a hefty \$20,000:

Range	Number of farmers	Amount
\$15,000 to \$24,999	9,894	\$186,931,864
\$25,000 to \$49,999	4,843	161,642,642
\$50,000 to \$99,999	1,285	84,603,708
\$100,000 to \$499,999	388	64,883,041
\$500,000 to \$999,999	15	9,556,372
\$1,000,000 and over	5	10,889,036
Total	16,430	518,506,663

The limitation will affect only crops planted for harvest in 1970, so USDA and farmers will have ample notice and no contracts will be impaired.

My amendment will effect a \$20,000 limitation on aggregate payments to any recipient under cotton, feed grains, wheat and wool programs.

The data which follows does not show completely all recipients likely to be affected by my amendment. Unfortunately, the only tabulation immediately available to me was one which listed only those payments exceeding \$25,000. Therefore, a number of farmers—those receiving between \$20,000 and \$25,000 and therefore likely to be affected by my amendment—are not listed.

The lists referred to follow:

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS

ALABAMA		
County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Autauga County:</b>		
McQueen Smith Farms	R.R. 1, Prattville	\$138,125
Autauga Farming Co.	Autaugaville	36,709
J. D. Dismukes	R.R. 1, Box 113, Autaugaville	36,644
C. Milton Johnson	R.R. 3, Selma	27,468
M. S. Murfee	R.R. 2, Box 65, Prattville	26,860
Total payees in county, 5		265,806
<b>Barbour County:</b>		
W. L. Corcoran	R.R. 2, Eufaula	83,624
Emmett Scroggins	R.R. 2, Eufaula	47,191
Total payees in county, 2		130,815
<b>Bibb County:</b>		
James Brothers	Brent	43,672
Young Brothers	do	38,234
J. C. Goodson	R.R. 1, Brent	34,187
Total payees in county, 3		116,093
<b>Blount County:</b>		
Dean Pruett	R.R. 2, Altoona	80,174
Johnny Whitley	do	28,299
Total payees in county, 2		108,473
<b>Butler County:</b>		
Harry Poole	R.R. 1, Forest Home	29,748
Alvin Reynolds	R.R. 2, Greenville	25,096
Total payees in county, 2		54,844
<b>Calhoun County:</b>		
Sorrell Bruce Wesson	R.R. 1, Glencoe	28,868
Total payees in county, 1		28,868
<b>Cherokee County:</b>		
Ellis Bros.	R.R. 1, Centre	38,249
Sewell Brothers	R. R. 1, Leesburg	27,964
Total payees in county, 3		94,838
<b>Coffee County:</b>		
J. A. Wise & Son	Samson	26,280
Total payees in county, 1		26,280
<b>Colbert County:</b>		
W. E. & W. C. Reid	Cherokee	72,121
Herbert C. Harris, Jr.	Box K, Cherokee	65,303
Billy Pullen	R.R. 2, Town Creek	43,713
Eugene V. Blythe	Leighton	43,553
R. Gordon Pruitt	R.R. 2, Tuscumbia	41,588
Daniel Counts	R.R. 2, Tuscumbia	31,051
V. Dewees Crockett	Leighton	30,428
Willie Posey	R.R. 3, Cherokee	29,462
Paul Reid	R.R. 2, Cherokee	29,159
Bill Blackburn	R.R. 2, Cherokee	29,008
J. J. Johnson	R.R. 1, Leighton	27,822
W. T. Davenport	R.R. 1, Leighton	26,531
Roe S. Woodis	R.R. 2, Cherokee	25,080
Total payees in county, 13		494,819
<b>Conecuh County:</b>		
J. T. Ward	R.R. C, Evergreen	32,667
Total payees in county, 1		32,667
<b>Covington County:</b>		
W. G. Foshee, Jr.	Red Level	27,144
Total payees in county, 1		27,144
<b>Cullman County:</b>		
Carmon Maze	R.R. 2, Arab	29,227
T. J. Pate	R.R. 2, Bremen	28,913
Total payees in county, 2		58,140
<b>Dale County:</b>		
Borland Bros.	Pinckard	38,196
Jim Espy	Midland City	30,772
Total payees in county, 2		68,968
<b>Dallas County:</b>		
Joe I. McHugh	Box 17, Orrville	121,718
Beers Brothers	Tyler	61,411
James A. Minter, Jr.	Tyler	52,674
J. W. Suttle	P.O. Box 52, Orrville	35,175
W. H. Watts and Son	Sardis	33,813
Carl Henderson	R. 2 Box 127, Orrville	32,766
Cedar Creek Farms	% Don Smith, Prattville	30,937

ALABAMA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Dallas County—Continued</b>		
W. J. Neighbors	Rt. 1, Box 278, Selma	\$30,659
R. Furniss Ellis	R.R. 2, Box 10, Orrville	28,418
Nelson Norris	Rt. 1, Sardis	28,341
Robert Culpepper	Sardis	27,786
Total payees in county, 11		483,698
<b>Elmore County:</b>		
J. Melvin Taylor	R.R. 2, Tallassee	56,712
Garnand and Thornton	R.R. 4, Wetumpka	40,796
Wood T. Dozier	R.R. 2, Tallassee	32,333
Ralph Till	Elmore	27,679
Total payees in county, 4		157,520
<b>Etowah County:</b>		
Emory Johnson	Centre	28,375
Total payees in county, 1		28,375
<b>Fayette County:</b>		
J. C. Randolph	R.R. 3, Fayette	45,961
Total payees in county, 1		45,961
<b>Greene County:</b>		
N. G. Garth	Gainesville	32,625
Bayne Ethridge	Rt. 1, Box 25, Forkland	28,086
Total payees in county, 2		60,711
<b>Hale County:</b>		
W. J. Chandler & Sons	Moundville	72,340
Turpin Vise	Greensboro	35,229
Marvin D. Johnson	R.R. 1 Box 53, Greensboro	29,964
Total payees in county, 3		137,533
<b>Jackson County:</b>		
W. C. McCord	Box 339, Scottsboro	27,314
Total payees in county, 1		27,314
<b>Jefferson County:</b>		
Jimmy M. Bagwell	R.R. 1, Empire	28,991
Total payees in county, 1		28,991
<b>Lauderdale County:</b>		
Robert L. Winters	511 Cypress Mill Rd., Florence	32,278
Andrew C. Walker	R.R. 2, Florence	28,417
Harvell J. Walker	739 Dixie Ave., Florence	25,999
Theo Scott	R.R. 2, Florence	25,205
Hugh L. Rice, Jr.	R.R. 2, Florence	25,018
Total payees in county, 5		136,917
<b>Lawrence County:</b>		
E. F. Mauldin	Box 116, Town Creek	154,966
Albemarle Corp.	Box 215, Courtland	76,229
G. T. Hamilton	R.R. 2, Hillsboro	72,776
Grady Windle Parker	Box O, Courtland	62,974
Dewberry Bros.	Wheeler	55,176
Daniel Gilchrist	Courtland	46,596
James Blythe, Jr.	Courtland	45,529
D. L. Martin, Jr.	Courtland	40,908
W. W. Hamilton	R.R. 2, Hillsboro	39,344
Dan Claborn	Courtland	38,797
Guy Parker	Courtland	38,169
Lynn Cross	Courtland	31,725
Samuel R. Letson	R.R. 3, Moulton	31,294
W. J. Lee	R.R. 2, Town Creek	31,254
Grady B. Rose	R.R. 2, Town Creek	30,916
Russell Armstrong	Town Creek	30,259
J. C. Claborn	Box 242, Courtland	29,601
C. D. Brackin	Tuscumbia	29,324
Harold Green	Courtland	28,413
Hubert Coffey	Wheeler	28,413
Billy Pitts	R.R. 2, Town Creek	26,084
Paul Henry Kirby	R.R. 3, Town Creek	25,959
Total payees in county, 22		994,706
<b>Lee County:</b>		
T. W. Collier	R.R. 1, Auburn	45,849
Robert E. Gullatte	R.R. 1, Salem	26,795
Nelson Hillyer	Rt. 1 Box 132, Opelika	26,363
Total payees in county, 3		99,007
<b>Limestone County:</b>		
Joe R. Murphy	R.R. 1, Tanner	57,570
Walter B. Shaw	R.R. 1, Tanner	56,425
Ned Johnson	R.R. 2, Madison	43,663
James E. Horton, Jr.	R.R. 1, Madison	41,758
Vester M. Leonard	R.R. 1, Tanner	40,794
Anderson Farms, Inc.	703 14th Ave., SE, Decatur	38,534
Henry Charles Baucom	R.R. 1, Madison	38,387
Fred William Hays	R.R. 4, Athens	38,020
John D. Anderson	R.R. 1, Madison	37,372
Gene Thomas Burgreen	R.R. 1, Madison	37,210

ALABAMA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Limestone County—Continued</b>		
Dan Atkinson	R.R. 1, Madison	\$36,718
Robert W. Anderson	703 14th Ave., SE, Decatur	36,438
James T. Sanderson	R.R. 1, Harvest	34,839
Glenn V. Moore	Belle Mina	32,775
Thomas H. Vann	Capshaw	32,506
Rowe B. Sanderson	Tanner	31,362
Hargrave Brothers	R.R. 1, Madison	30,917
Wendell Barron	R.R. 7, Athens	29,819
L. V. Moore	R.R. 1, Tanner	29,336
Lloyd P. Black	R.R. 2, Madison	28,610
Defton E. Sandy	R.R. 1, Tanner	26,956
Glenn Black	R.R. 2, Athens	26,113
Total payees in county, 22		806,122
<b>Lowndes County:</b>		
B. C. Rhyme	Benton	60,547
Harrell Hammonds & J. W. Casey	A partnership, Calhoun	42,620
O. P. Woodruff	Lowndesboro	33,707
Fred W. Holladay	R.R. 1, Tyler	26,169
G. T. Meadows, Jr.	St. Clair	25,043
Total payees in county, 5		188,086
<b>Macon County:</b>		
Mrs. H. A. Torbert & Sons	R.R. 2, Opelika	44,864
A. L. Lazenby, Jr.	R.R. 2, Auburn	31,387
Engelhardt & Thompson	R.R. 1, Shorter	31,201
Roy M. Hammonds	E. Tallassee	26,214
Total payees in county, 4		133,666
<b>Madison County:</b>		
William H. Gray	R.R. 1, New Market	114,881
Douglass & Vandiver	R.R. 2, Madison	58,776
John W. McCrary	R.R. 2, Madison	53,314
Carl A. Williams	Madison	53,013
McDonald Farms	Madison	44,606
Glenn Parsons	R.R. 4, Huntsville	41,071
James E. Patterson, Jr.	R.R. 1, Huntsville	41,064
Eron Balch	R.R. 1, Harvest	39,220
W. R. Spears	New Hope	39,154
W. Homer Tate	R.R. 1, Huntsville	35,671
Wilburn B. Douglass	R.R. 3, Huntsville	35,606
John W. Hays	Rt. 1, Hays Rd., Gurley	35,301
John W. League	R.R. 1, Toney	35,174
Donald Sublett	R.R. 1, Harvest	34,204
Robert L. Pickens	P.O. Box 264, Madison	32,350
Ray Vandiver	New Market	31,327
Jack T. Cliff	Madison	30,813
Hunter Brothers	R.R. 4, Fayetteville, Tenn.	30,362
R. F. Vandiver	New Market	29,286
Dennis O. Bragg	R.R. 1, Toney	27,709
C. Q. Lowery	P.O. Box 8, Madison	27,586
Tom E. Lowery	R.R. 3, Madison	27,073
Don Martin	R.R. 4, Madison	25,670
Wesley Thomas	6802 Madison Pike NW., Huntsville	25,218
Total payees in county, 24		948,449
<b>Marengo County:</b>		
James W. Glass	R.R. 1, Box 55, Faunsdale	33,988
Total payees in county, 1		33,988
<b>Montgomery County:</b>		
W. H. McLemore	R.R. 5 Box 301, Montgomery	47,722
T. O. McLemore	R.R. 5 Box 297	31,304
A. J. McLemore, Jr.	R.R. 5, Box 301, Montgomery	26,842
Total payees in county, 3		105,868
<b>Morgan County:</b>		
Percy Sharp	Rt. 2, Decatur	28,839
Total payees in county, 1		28,839
<b>Perry County:</b>		
J. C. Moore Mercantile Co.	R.R. 1, Marion	65,802
T. J. Jones	Sprott	30,731
Total payees in county, 2		96,533
<b>Russell County:</b>		
Ben F. Bowden	R.R. 2, Box 113, Eufaula	79,674
Total payees in county, 1		79,647
<b>Shelby County:</b>		
D. E. Morris	Harpersville	40,192
L-B-I Ranch	R.R. 2, Wilsonville	31,566
John M. Thompson	Vincent	25,753
John D. Kidd	Harpersville	25,370
Total payees in county, 4		122,881

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

ALABAMA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>St. Clair County:</b>		
Norris K. Waites	Harpersville	\$42,329
Total payees in county, 1		42,329
<b>Talladega County:</b>		
Clyde A. Walker	Cropwell	26,702
Robert M. Gambrell	Hawthorne St. Talladega	26,143
Total payees in county, 2		52,845
<b>Tallapoosa County:</b>		
William M. Wisener	R.R. 1, East Tallassee	58,774
Dan Herren, Jr.	R.R. 1, East Tallassee	31,236
Total payees in county, 2		90,010
<b>Tuscaloosa County:</b>		
Joe Rice, Jr.	Northport	43,740
Darden D. Barton	R.R. 1, Ralph	32,359
J. L. Harper	Northport	31,082
Spiller Farms	R.R. 1 Box 183, Tuscaloosa	28,268
Henry Rice	Drawer Q, Northport	25,858
Fletcher Barnes	P.O. Box 337, Northport	25,030
Total payees in county, 6		186,337
Total payees in State, 170		6,624,115

ARIZONA

<b>Cochise County:</b>		
J. L. Kidd, Jr.	1207 W. Ave. H, Lovington, N. Mex.	\$78,734
Floyd Robbs	Box 905, Wilcox	60,135
Kinard Bros.	Rt. 3, Box 7, Wilcox	59,256
Jones Ranches	Box 718, Bowie	52,629
Montieth Farms	Box 995, Bowie	45,145
M. H. Barnes	San Simon	42,670
E. V. Hart	Box 836, Wilcox	42,462
Jack Robison & Sons	Rt. 3, Box 50, Wilcox	39,310
Charles Wade	Box 277, Bowie	38,075
Marvin Holmes	Rt. 3, Box 89, Wilcox	36,982
Buckner & Kidd	Rt. 3, Box 26, Wilcox	34,063
Eddie Jay, Sr.	Rt. 3, Box 34A, Wilcox	32,585
F. L. Heidel	Box 1298, Lovington, N. Mex.	31,469
Eaton Fruit Co., Inc.	Rt. 3, Box 22, Wilcox	30,535
Wicks Ranches	Box 304, Bowie	28,104
J. F. Schmeizle	Rt. 1, Box 2, Wilcox	25,938
Boyd Smith	Rt. 3, Box 39, Wilcox	25,742
Total payees in county, 17		702,834
<b>Graham County:</b>		
Melvin R. Bryce	Box 456, Pima	37,652
Daley Brothers	Box D, Thatcher	29,171
Total payees in county, 2		66,823
<b>Maricopa County:</b>		
Farmers Inv. Co.	Box 7, Sahuarita	504,389
Youngker Farms	Box 398, Buckeye	273,657
Goodyear Farms	Litchfield Park	227,568
Community Gin	P.O. Box 3546, Scottsdale	196,457
Southmountain Farms, Inc.	Rt. 1, Box 705, Laveen	174,806
Waddell Ranch Co.	Waddell	158,826
David A. Shumway	Rt. 1, Box 19, Queen Creek	149,409
Leyton Woolf	4419 W. Royal Palms Rd., Glendale	141,772
Fridenmaker Farms	223 S. 4th St., Phoenix	126,021
Ed Ambrose	Rt. 1, Box 118B, Buckeye	118,376
Jacob S. Stephens	P.O. Box 338, Buckeye	116,495
Raymond D. Schnepf	Rt. 1, Box 42, Queen Creek	111,602
Harris Cattle Co.	Box 456, Chandler	111,389
F. C. Layton	Box 175, Tolleson	108,616
H. L. Anderson	R. 1, Box 475, Peoria	101,485
Arena Co. of Ariz.	P.O. Box 37, Glendale	100,769
Martori Bros.	P.O. Box 878, Glendale	100,261
J. L. Golightly, Jr.	1730 North Stapley Dr., Mesa	99,911
J. L. Hodges Farming Co.	P.O. Box 68, Buckeye	97,535
Morrison Bros.	Rt. 1, Box 13, Higley	91,829
Woodrow Lewis	500 West Toledo, Chandler	89,444
CCG Farms, Inc.	P.O. Box 968, Glendale	83,639
Lee Wong Farms, Inc.	P.O. Box 866, Glendale	82,568
Sutton Bros.	Rt. 4, Box 769, Phoenix	82,551

ARIZONA—Continued

Maricopa County—Continued

D & R Farms	Rt. 2, Box 167, Chandler	\$82,357
W. A. Heiden & Son	Box 576, Buckeye	78,049
Hardesty Bros.	1013 Narramore, Buckeye	77,012
Ben Riggs & Son	Rt. 2, Box 95, Chandler	75,794
Ted A & Ted R. Pierce	501 Arizona Ave., Buckeye	75,759
Wallace Bales	401 North 6th Ave., Buckeye	74,456
Power Ranches, Inc.	Rt. 1, Box 72, Higley	74,108
Don B. Co.	P.O. Box 2003, Phoenix	74,030
Phelps & Palmer	222 North Westwood St., Mesa	73,965
Henry L. Voss	48 West Glenn Dr., Phoenix	71,679
Don H. Bennett	P.O. Box 517, Buckeye	69,037
C. W. Neely	Box 172, Gilbert	68,619
C. O. Pitrat & Sons	Rt. 1, Box 12, Laveen	67,230
Travis H. Jones	609 Ironwood Dr., Buckeye	66,909
S & P Farms, Inc.	Box 228, Gila Bend	65,428
J. S. Hoopes	Rt. 1, Box 115, Chandler	61,540
W. H. Haggard, Jr.	Rt. 1, Box 35, Buckeye	61,313
M. I. Vance & J. A. Mortensen, Jr.	Rt. 2, Box 550 Tempe	60,724
J. R. Tucker	Rt. 1, Box 122, Buckeye	60,459
Skouse & Hastings	Rt. 1, Box 44, Queen Creek	59,956
William Hardison	P.O. Box 98, Palo Verde	59,541
D. L. Hadley	Rt. 2, Box 47, Chandler	59,538
Robert B. Coplen	Box 25, Laveen	58,485
Barney-Mecham	Rt. 1, Box 26, Queen Creek	58,299
King Farms	Rt. 1, Box 162, Buckeye	58,214
Dougherty Ranch	4414 North 36th St., Phoenix	56,198
Phil Ladra	5825 West Harmont Dr., Glendale	55,682
Joe A. Sheely	Rt. 1, Box 64, Tolleson	54,867
Chico Farms	Rt. 1, Box 75, Tolleson	54,507
Gladden	P.O. Box 476, Cashion	54,199
James M. Hamilton	Rt. 2, Box 152, Chandler	53,488
Dobson & Patterson	2345 West Baseline Rd., Mesa	53,433
Basket Farm	Rt. 1, Box, Glendale	52,646
Bell Road Farms	P.O. Box 441, Peoria	52,023
Donald Wiechens	Rt. 3, Box 856, Glendale	50,368
Carl E. Weiler	3314 E. Monte Vista, Phoenix	49,750
Trimble Farms	Rt. 2, Box 345, Tempe	49,601
Sossaman Farms	Rt. 1, Box 80, Higley	47,832
Germain H. Ball	608 W. Montebello, Phoenix	47,286
M B M Farms	1315 W. Palm Lane, Phoenix	47,187
John M. Williams, Jr.	Rt. 1, Box 705, Laveen	46,626
Desert Carmel Dev.	P.O. Box 1079, Casa Grande	46,580
F. M. Garrell	Star Rt., Box 470, Buckeye	46,490
Sam Cambron	Rt. 1, Box 211, Buckeye	45,992
Jewell Turner Farms	Rt. 1, Box 275, Buckeye	45,386
Holly Ranch	Rt. 1, Box 69A, Buckeye	45,310
Salt River Farms	2550 E. Southern Ave., Mesa	43,979
George Knapple	Box 124, Laveen Stage Phoenix	43,807
Tommy Wheelis	P.O. Box 214, Maricopa	43,714
James M. Shahan	P.O. Box 735, Gilbert	43,464
Ed Weiler	Rt. 1, Box 273, Buckeye	42,804
Bill R. Moore	4950 W. Northern Av., Glendale	41,026
A Tumbling T Ranch	Rt. 1, Box 21, Goodyear	40,294
Belluzzi Farms, Inc.	Box 223, Avondale	39,896
Escobedo Bros	501 W. Toledo, Chandler	39,797
Earl C. Recker Co.	P.O. Box 978, Mesa	39,773
Fred G. Hilvert Co., Inc.	P.O. Box 65, Palo Verde	39,767
Turner Ranches	2959 E. Brown Rd., Mesa	39,664
E. G. Rhodes	Box 848, Avondale	39,623
Emory J. Hurley, Est.	134 E. Palm Lane, Phoenix	39,099
Gordon Cameron	Box 626, Buckeye	38,999
Kempton & Snedigar	221 E. Loma Vista, Tempe	38,831
Moore & Taylor	DBA J T Ranches, Waddell	38,771
Arid Zone Farms	P.O. Box 11331, Phoenix	38,381
W. P. Haggard & Son	Rt. 1, Box 114, Laveen	37,465

ARIZONA—Continued

Maricopa County—Continued

Bartlett-Heard Co.	Rt. 1, Box 384, Phoenix	\$36,572
Paul Smith	720 Edison St., Buckeye	36,063
Robert Ellsworth	Rt. 1, Box 48, Queen Creek	35,985
O. E. McGinty	Rt. 1, Box 146A, Buckeye	35,890
William Wade	Rt. 1, Box 12, Goodyear	35,145
A. A. Freeman & Sons	1412 N. Center St., Mesa	34,899
J D J Ranches, Inc.	Box 585, Mesa	34,846
Ray & Wayne Vanosdell	Box 517, Cashion	34,005
Lloyd Martin	Rt. 1, Box 152-8, Buckeye	33,773
Win Farms	801 N. 1st Ave., Phoenix	33,605
J. A. & R. Blasdell	P.O. Box 277, Litchfield Park	33,324
J. L. Woolf	540 W. Vista Ave., Phoenix	33,176
Chat John & Sons	P.O. Box 698, Glendale	33,133
Reed J. Kerby	Rt. 2, Box 156, Chandler	32,958
J. V. Pace	Box 514, Chandler	32,828
Jon A. Tucker	Rt. 1, Box 106A, Buckeye	32,692
Willis Livestock Co.	Rt. 2, Box 32, Chandler	32,082
Ray Farms Co.	P.O. Box 765, Litchfield Park	32,074
W. H. Jarnagin	Rt. 1, Box 14, Peoria	32,061
L. R. Layton	Rt. 1, Box 115A, Chandler	31,694
Nichols & Nichols	713 Narramore, Buckeye	31,236
Wm. G. Brandon	885 N. Evergreen, Chandler	30,485
Millford Hutchison	Rt. 3, Box 711, Glendale	30,009
J. A. Wood Co.	Box 218, Tolleson	29,716
Kenly Farms	8517 N. 15th Dr., Phoenix	29,582
Jerome Thompson	Box 37, Dateland	29,569
Robert L. Cook	Rt. 3, Box 752, Glendale	29,532
Bob Stump	2850 W. Buckeye Rd., Phoenix	29,381
Otto B. Neely	Box 81, Gilbert	29,202
Jack Palmer	501 W. Dublin, Chandler	28,813
West Valley	23311 Newton Ave., Stratford, Calif.	28,637
Rudolph Johnson	9702 W. Glendale Ave., Glendale	28,593
Sands Trading Co.	Box 95, Glendale	28,492
Russell Badley	P.O. Box 708, Peoria	28,473
James Marioneaux	Rt. 1, Box 207, Buckeye	28,276
Rala Singh	P.O. Box 908, Glendale	28,227
Fremon Coker, Jr.	214 5th Ave., Buckeye	28,206
John D. Hamilton	P.O. Box 772, Chandler	28,055
George Dykes	Box 601, Litchfield Park	27,857
Marion I. Vance	Rt. 2, Box 550, Tempe	27,565
Richard Mayfield	P.O. Box 295, Tolleson	27,541
S. L. Narramore	546 W. Lewis, Phoenix	27,114
Fisher Miller Hay & Dev. Co.	P.O. Box 35, Gilbert	27,111
Henry F. Backer	P.O. Box 67, Chandler	27,007
James L. McBride	Rt. 4, Box 356, Phoenix	26,994
Jack Barnes	409 N. Washington, Chandler	26,758
Howard Henry	Box 66, Buckeye	26,740
W. H. Miller	410 N. Hartford, Chandler	26,369
Ladell S. Wood	Star Route Box 190, Buckeye	26,153
Robt. E. Robertson	Rt. 1, Box 114, Glendale	26,049
R. I. Dean	Star Route, Tonopah	25,963
Anthon R. Cluff	Rt. 2, Box 174, Chandler	25,672
Norman L. Knox	Rt. 1, Box 175, Chandler	25,641
Radius A. Hudson	Rt. 1, Box 21, Laveen	25,500
J. B. Hill	Box 522, Buckeye	25,447
Joe R. Petty	Box 423, Waddell	25,330
Roach & Baker	Rt. 1, Box 748, Peoria	25,277
Percy L. Smith	Rt. 1, Box 675, Peoria	25,077
Total payees in county, 147		8,694,935
<b>Mohave County:</b>		
Eldon K. Parish	Box 128, Mohave Valley	86,227
Total payees in county, 1		86,227
<b>Pima County:</b>		
BKW Farms, Inc.	Box 186, Marana	331,512
John KAI	Box 488, Marana	156,272

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

ARIZONA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Pima County—Continued</b>		
John J. & Ola V. Lord.....	P.O. Box 5761, Tucson.....	\$153,992
J. Boyd White.....	Rt. 1 Box 239, Marana.....	80,645
Dan W. Clarke.....	4500 S. Mission Rd., Tucson.....	75,436
Avra Ltd & Cattle.....	% A. Young Co., Tucson, Ft. Tuca.....	71,521
C. & W. Ranches, Inc.....	St. Rt. Box 17, Marana.....	63,272
Watson Farms.....	P.O. Box 156, Marana.....	58,056
J. R. Norton Co.....	P.O. Box 1027, Glendale.....	50,728
Buck Sam Chu.....	Marana.....	47,784
Midvale Farm Co.....	1601 W. Valley Rd., Tucson.....	46,532
Wallis Farms, Inc.....	Box 307, Marana.....	45,270
Gladden Farms A Part.....	Box 456, Marana.....	43,569
Ludd Payne.....	Marana.....	42,596
Ray V. Gibson.....	1260 W. Las Lomitas, Tucson.....	34,426
Bull Farms A Part.....	Box 470 T., N. St. Rt., Amado.....	30,942
E. C. Barnett.....	Box 274, Marana.....	30,557
R. G. Buckelew.....	Box 268, Sell St. Rt., Tucson.....	30,078
Woodrow Jarvis.....	1932 W. Calle Armenta, Tucson.....	29,619
L. D. Ulmer.....	Box 638, Marana.....	26,886
Evco Farms, Inc. Synd.....	Box 275, Marana.....	26,053
Albert S. Oshrin.....	Box 3943, Tucson.....	25,441
<b>Total payees in county, 22.....</b>		<b>1,501,187</b>
<b>Pinal County:</b>		
Hamilton Farms.....	Rt. 1 Box 325, Eloy.....	430,822
Red River Land Co.....	Box 566, Stanfield.....	396,561
C&V Sheep & Cattle Co., Inc.....	Box 368, Maricopa.....	385,128
AK Chin Farms.....	Rt. 1, Box 12, Maricopa.....	308,625
John D. Singh.....	Box DD, Casa Grande.....	292,031
Arizona Farming Co.....	Box 907, Eloy.....	239,802
Bogle Farms, Inc.....	Box 485, Chandler.....	237,384
Gila River Farms.....	Box 397, Sacaton.....	234,975
Kirby Hughes.....	7200 San Anna, Tucson.....	221,659
Coury Bros.....	Rt. 1, Box 87, Queen Creek.....	196,210
W. T. Golston Farms.....	Box 698, Stanfield.....	177,599
J. A. Roberts.....	Rt. 1, Box 207, Casa Grande.....	164,230
L-4 Ranches, Inc.....	Box 366, Queen Creek.....	157,591
Rancho Tierra Prieta.....	Box 938, Eloy.....	142,320
Isom & Isom.....	110-C E. Florence Blvd., Casa Grande.....	138,615
Talia Farms, Inc.....	Box 668, Stanfield.....	137,112
Finley Bros.....	Box 196, Gilbert.....	126,198
Thunderbird Farms.....	Box 1984, Phoenix.....	124,342
Peter J. Robertson.....	Box 578, Coolidge.....	117,632
Imperial Valley Cattle Co.....	Box 148, Arizona City.....	116,749
Milton P. Smith, Jr.....	Rt. 1, Box 85, Maricopa.....	113,113
McFarland & Hanson Ranches.....	Box 1497, Coolidge.....	111,032
Empire Farms.....	Rt. 1, Box 326, Eloy.....	105,451
McCarthy-Hilderbrand Farms.....	Rt. 1, Box 246-A, Eloy.....	105,212
Fred Enke.....	1405 N. Kadota, Casa Grande.....	104,049
Bud Antle, Inc.....	Box 68, Red Rock.....	93,229
Diwan Ranches, Inc.....	Rt. 1, Box 485, Casa Grande.....	88,100
M. M. Alexander.....	Rt. 1, Box 249, Eloy.....	87,395
Sunset Ranches, Inc.....	Rt. 1, Box 220, Eloy.....	86,723
Anderson Bros.....	Drawer KK, Casa Grande.....	86,613
Crouch Bros.....	Rt. 1, Box 32, Maricopa.....	85,576
Daley & Bogle.....	1454 N. Morrison, Casa Grande.....	83,870
H. L. Kendrick.....	Box 315, Eloy.....	83,414
C. J. & L. Farms, Inc.....	Box 607, Casa Grande.....	82,433
Paul Brophy.....	Box 528, Casa Grande.....	81,852
Chas. Urrea & Sons.....	3256 E. Main, Mesa.....	81,278
L. Z. Farms, Inc.....	900 N. Brown, Casa Grande.....	80,107
Glenn Lane.....	871 W. Roosevelt, Coolidge.....	77,519
Telles Ranch, Inc.....	Box 886, Eloy.....	75,655
Duane Ellsworth.....	Box 138, Queen Creek.....	75,311
Combs & Clegg Ranches, Inc.....	Rt. 1, Box 96, Queen Creek.....	74,827
Tracy Hutchins.....	Rt. 2, Box 315, Casa Grande.....	74,503
Charles Hill.....	800 W. Oakland, Chandler.....	74,257
K. K. Skousen.....	Rt. 1, Box 85, Chandler.....	74,114
H. L. Holland.....	Box 1598, Coolidge.....	73,913
A. C. T. Ranches, Inc.....	Rt. 1 Box 247-2, Eloy.....	73,426
Jay Wilson.....	Rt. 2 Box 323, Casa Grande.....	73,168
Jack Ralston.....	Box 185, Maricopa.....	72,884

ARIZONA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Pinal County—Continued</b>		
Anderson-Palmisano Farms.....	Rt. 1 Box 39-A, Maricopa.....	\$72,740
Wilbur Wuertz.....	914 N. Picacho, Casa Grande.....	72,001
Martin Talia.....	Box 668, Stanfield.....	71,799
Alex & Norman Pretzer.....	Box 786, Eloy.....	70,874
Dunn Farms.....	Rt. 1 Box 6, Maricopa.....	70,828
El Dorado Ranch, Inc.....	Box 607, Casa Grande.....	69,694
C. Ray Robinson.....	Box 93, Eloy.....	69,382
Santa Cruz Farms, Inc.....	Box 998, Eloy.....	68,882
Southwest Grazing, Inc.....	Box 296, Casa Grande.....	68,626
Pinal Farms, Inc.....	Box 728, Stanfield.....	68,347
P. W. Vensel.....	803 W. Pinkley, Coolidge.....	67,341
John Smith.....	Box 57, Maricopa.....	66,610
J. O. Thompson.....	Rt. 1, Box 482, Casa Grande.....	63,988
P. S. Thompson.....	Box 787, Eloy.....	62,810
Robert D. Bechtel.....	2020 S. 9th St., Coolidge.....	62,762
Robert W. Brooks.....	Box 431, Queen Creek.....	62,756
G. Buster Brown.....	1104 N. Olive Dr., Casa Grande.....	62,286
Buckshot Farms, Inc.....	Box 428, Stanfield.....	62,252
Emmett Jobe.....	Rt. 1, Box 53, Queen Creek.....	61,518
Sunshine Valley Ranches.....	Box 788, Eloy.....	60,786
Rex Neely.....	483 N. Jay St., Chandler.....	60,542
Chanan Singh.....	Rt. 2, Box 630, Casa Grande.....	57,851
Kortsen & Kortsen.....	Box 297, Stanfield.....	57,536
Franklin B. Cox.....	Rt. 2, Box 189, Chandler.....	56,927
Dan C. Palmer.....	808 W. Wilson, Coolidge.....	56,633
R. C. Smith.....	Star Route, Casa Grande.....	55,087
Rodney Kleck.....	Rt. 1, Box 17-E, Coolidge.....	55,080
R. W. Neely.....	Star Rt. 1, Box 35, Florence.....	54,706
Independent Gin Co.....	Box 1, Casa Grande.....	54,612
Margie L. Hanna.....	Box 1155, Coolidge.....	54,283
J. H. Farms.....	Box 333, Coolidge.....	54,195
Howard Arthur Wuertz.....	Rt. 1, Box 115A, Coolidge.....	54,114
R. P. Anderson.....	Box 1236, Coolidge.....	54,060
Black Land Farms, Inc.....	Box 938, Eloy.....	53,108
Roy Wales.....	Box 82, Queen Creek.....	52,926
Red Eye Farms, Inc.....	Box 428, Stanfield.....	52,836
Noel E. Martin.....	Rt. 2, Box 590, Casa Grande.....	52,122
M. & S. Ranches, Inc.....	Box 546, Stanfield.....	52,003
Office Self.....	Box 217, Stanfield.....	51,893
R. B. Elsberry.....	Box 125, Coolidge.....	51,554
Buford Gladden.....	Rt. 1, Box 222, Casa Grande.....	51,411
Jack Nutter.....	Box 8, Casa Grande.....	51,230
C. S. C. Farms, Inc.....	Rt. 1 Box 16, Florence.....	51,213
John Dermer.....	1100 N. Lehmberg, Casa Grande.....	49,585
J. B. Johnston.....	5802 Lafayette, Phoenix.....	49,184
Hugh Bennett.....	Box 818, Eloy.....	49,065
Bianco Bros.....	Rt. 2 Box 350, Casa Grande.....	48,637
M. & W. Farms, Inc.....	Rt. 1 Box 115-A, Coolidge.....	48,013
Larry R. Scott.....	Box 273, Arizona City.....	47,907
Edward Pretzer.....	401 E. 5th St., Eloy.....	47,773
Paul Ollerton.....	1125 E. Laurel, Casa Grande.....	47,571
Fred R. North.....	Box 76, Eloy.....	47,320
Max Nichols.....	1300 E. McMurray, Casa Grande.....	47,096
Ernest McFarland.....	306 W. Royal Palms, Phoenix.....	47,089
McFaddin Ranches, Inc.....	915 E. McMurray, Casa Grande.....	46,772
Harvey Davison.....	Box 655, Eloy.....	46,703
Harlan Russell.....	1105 N. Gilbert, Casa Grande.....	46,505
Era Mae Barnes.....	774 W. Cleveland, Chandler.....	46,334
D. H. Cole & Son.....	Box 883, Coolidge.....	46,196
C. W. England.....	Box 897, Florence.....	45,561
Jack Crain.....	1112 N. Olive Dr., Casa Grande.....	45,491
Worth K. Bartlett.....	Rt. 1 Box 9, Coolidge.....	44,622
Frank Lang.....	Box J, Casa Grande.....	44,529
Cameron Sides.....	Rt. 1 Box 212, Casa Grande.....	44,462
Wm. E. Foster.....	Box 1093, Casa Grande.....	43,426
Dr. P. F. Hartman.....	Rt. 1 Box 28, Maricopa.....	43,411
E. I. & J. E. Jones.....	807 W. Central, Coolidge.....	42,857
Marathon Farms.....	Box 206, Casa Grande.....	42,789
Harold L. Earley, Sr.....	Box 1122, Casa Grande.....	42,571
Polly Getzwiller.....	Rt. 2 Box 701, Casa Grande.....	42,444
W. & J. Farms.....	Box 428, Stanfield.....	42,012

ARIZONA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Pinal County—Continued</b>		
Avra Plantations, Inc.....	Box 428, Marana.....	\$41,557
Jones Ranches, Inc.....	404 1st St., Eloy.....	41,301
Aulton S. Harris.....	Box 153, Stanfield.....	40,687
England & England.....	676 W. Palo Verde, Coolidge.....	40,277
Pinal Ranches.....	Rt. 1 Box 38, Queen Creek.....	40,194
Debb Stephens.....	Rt. 2 Box 375, Casa Grande.....	40,013
Stanley Ellis.....	Box 572, Coolidge.....	39,579
M. H. Montgomery.....	1301 N. Park, Casa Grande.....	39,577
Herman & Carl Myers.....	535 E. Manor, Casa Grande.....	39,021
Robert M. Davis.....	Rt. 1 Box 486-A, Casa Grande.....	38,989
Warren E. Cox.....	Rt. 1 Box 213, Eloy.....	38,017
Rodney Delange.....	Rt. 1, Box 400, Eloy.....	37,996
Raymond Ford.....	Box 137, Eloy.....	37,099
Woodman Moore.....	Box 1463, Coolidge.....	37,088
Robert Ellsworth.....	Box 173, Queen Creek.....	37,042
Florence Farms, Inc.....	Box 1288, Coolidge.....	36,954
Grant E. Peterson.....	Box 593, Coolidge.....	36,938
Luis Flores.....	Box 116, Arizona City.....	36,762
Hughes & Ganz Cattle Co.....	Box 176, Queen Creek.....	36,112
W. S. Connors.....	Box 454, Maricopa.....	35,989
Rio Bravo Ranches, Inc.....	Box 566, Stanfield.....	35,849
Paul Pearce.....	304 West 11th St., Eloy.....	35,248
John Payne.....	Box 396, Florence.....	35,157
Thayer A. White.....	Box 25, Red Rock.....	34,912
Dell Sellers.....	Rt. 1, Box 53, Coolidge.....	34,873
Agnes K. Beggs.....	816 East 11th, Casa Grande.....	34,803
Marie White.....	Rt. 1, Box 325, Eloy.....	34,340
James R. Urton.....	822 West Pima Ave., Coolidge.....	34,046
Hamilton Farms, Inc.....	Rt. 1, Box 18, Florence.....	33,913
Barbara Earley.....	Box 714, Casa Grande.....	33,770
C. P. Honeycutt.....	Box 307, Maricopa.....	33,540
R. C. Gore.....	Rt. 1, Box 8, Coolidge.....	33,536
Howell Wadsworth.....	Box 872, Casa Grande.....	33,217
Max K. Schnepf.....	Box 172, Queen Creek.....	33,215
C. & A. Equipment Co.....	Drawer KK, Casa Grande.....	33,087
Duncan Butler.....	1205 North Olive Dr., Casa Grande.....	33,085
J. O. Burns.....	Box 806, Eloy.....	32,991
W. W. Ritchey.....	Box 473, Casa Grande.....	32,932
W. A. Ladd.....	Box 1111, Randolph.....	32,908
Storey Ranches, Inc.....	900 East 2d St., Casa Grande.....	32,541
Rogers & Rogers.....	Box 845, Eloy.....	32,541
J. E. Robinette.....	1116 North Olive Dr., Casa Grande.....	31,939
Delbert Lewis.....	Rt. 1, Box 8, Florence.....	31,286
Earl Lane Estate.....	Box 668, Stanfield.....	31,255
Robert Kirkland.....	835 West Central, Coolidge.....	31,034
Paul E. Sexton.....	1270 Palo Verde Lane, Coolidge.....	30,609
Carlton Farms, Inc.....	Box 556, Casa Grande.....	30,521
Frank Graham.....	Box 874, Coolidge.....	30,507
Picacho Buttes Farms.....	Box DD, Casa Grande.....	30,461
C. L. Skousen & Son.....	Rt. 1, Box 77, Coolidge.....	30,450
Marcus Vanderslice.....	1301 North French, Casa Grande.....	30,416
Ellsworth & Kortsen.....	Box 421, Stanfield.....	29,885
David Tolmachoff.....	Box 1128, Casa Grande.....	29,867
W. H. Lane.....	714 East Brenda, Casa Grande.....	29,353
Roger Goff.....	Box 416, Stanfield.....	28,914
Wayne Ray.....	Rt. 1 Box 117, Casa Grande.....	28,750
Koenig Aviation Inc.....	Drawer 10, Casa Grande.....	28,576
W. D. Storie.....	Box 25, Maricopa.....	28,405
Irene McGown Waugh.....	Box 205, Casa Grande.....	28,182
Robert A. Taylor.....	Rt. 1 Box 12, Florence.....	27,960
J. E. Lawson.....	1157 E. McMurray, Casa Grande.....	27,835
Allen McFaddin.....	915 E. McMurray, Casa Grande.....	27,799
Forrest W. Cooper.....	Rt. 1 Box 20, Florence.....	27,754
R. F. Cunningham.....	Rt. 1 Box 40, Coolidge.....	27,724
Claude H. Evans.....	315 E 8th, Casa Grande.....	27,483
Emmett Grasty.....	Box 1097, Casa Grande.....	27,422
Paul J. Prechel.....	1210 Orlando Dr, Coolidge.....	26,298
Jack Connelley.....	Box 237, Stanfield.....	26,832
Louis L. Johnson.....	Box 428, Stanfield.....	26,742
C. B. Shiffet.....	800 W. Pinkley, Coolidge.....	26,653
Robert Kanaga.....	Rt. 1 Box 114, Queen Creek.....	26,528
Frank Hale.....	104 W 6th St., Eloy.....	26,514
Guy Gilbert Farms.....	Drawer C, Casa Grande.....	26,354
Jim Pate.....	331 Orange Dr, Casa Grande.....	26,081
Frank W. Shedd, Jr.....	Rt. 1 Box 400, Eloy.....	25,876
Leonard Anderson.....	701 E 8th St, Casa Grande.....	25,450
Bill Warren.....	Box 301, Eloy.....	25,128
Charles E. Wright.....	Rt. 1 Box 246, Eloy.....	25,087

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

ARIZONA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Pinal County—Continued</b>		
J. M. Self Jr.	907 E 2nd St., Casa Grande.	\$25,059
Total payees in county, 198.		13,148,057
<b>Yuma County</b>		
Barkley Co of Ariz.	R.R. 1, Box 73, Somerton.	336,823
Bruce Church Inc.	P.O. Box 1009, Yuma	222,394
J. W. Olberg and Son	P.O. Box 1710, Yuma	197,400
Ben Simmons	P.O. Box 744, Parker	190,616
Colo River Trading Co.	P.O. Box T, Parker	185,592
Sherrill-Lafollette	5001 E Wash, Phoenix	163,226
Glen Holt	R.R. 1 Box 27H, Parker	161,149
Texas Hill Farms	P.O. Box 1283, Yuma	130,663
Earl Hughes	P.O. Box 218, Gadsden	128,104
C. M. S. Farming Co	801 N First Ave, Phoenix	123,742
Woods Co	P.O. Box 1294, Yuma	104,330
Ed Hall	Box Y, Bouse	95,558
Arthur Blohm	R.R. 1 Box 100, Wellton	92,721
W. J. Scott	R.R. 1 Box 695A, Yuma	80,709
Mobley and Bonham	P.O. Box 1063, Blythe, Calif.	76,301
Fred Nussbaumer	P.O. Box 186, Wellton	75,671
C and V Growers, Inc.	Box 368, Maricopa	73,531
Stanley Snitzer	801 N. First Ave., Phoenix	69,751
M and V Farms	P.O. Box 82, Ehrenberg	63,895
Mauldin Mauldin	2753 Maple, Yuma	61,412
Wm. M. Harrison	R.R. 3 Box 336A, Yuma	59,074
M. E. Lee	R.R. 1 Box 112, Somerton	54,667
Robert Cockrill	801 N. 1st Ave, Phoenix	49,514
Clayton Farms	P.O. Box 82, Ehrenberg	48,911
James A. Wilson	3081 Palmar Ave., Yuma	46,847
Clyde Curry	P.O. Box 316, Somerton	46,656
Ferguson and Sons	R.R. 3 Box 326, Yuma	43,572
J. R. Cullison	P.O. Box 204, Wellton	41,378
John C. Smith, Jr.	R.R. 1 Box 40, Somerton	41,180
T. W. Williams	R.R. 1 Box 684C, Yuma	40,799
Wm. Thacker	R.R. 1 Box 777C, Yuma	38,393
Chrimer Farms	R.R. 1 Box 78K, Parker	37,825
Archie Mellon	1185 4th Ave., Yuma	37,329
W. M. Wootton	R.R. 1 Box 40, Wellton	36,523
Pete Pasquinelli	P.O. Box 1750, Yuma	35,412
Mcelhaney Farms	R.R. 1 Box 98, Wellton	34,903
Valley Packing Co of CA	P.O. Box 1751, Yuma	33,894
Louie Kehl	R.R. 1 Box 855B, Yuma	33,213
Julian E. Woodruff	R.R. 1 Box 120, Coolidge	32,526
Wayne Spraws	R.R. 1 Box 11R, Maricopa	32,490
Mark and Howard Moore	2456 4th Pl., Yuma	32,418
Henry Leivas	R.R. 1 Box 48B, Parker	32,341
Keller Farms	Box 415, Salome	32,277
Gariand Wisby	R.R. 1 Box 85, Roll	32,101
AZ Cottonseed Prod. Co.	3550 N. Cent Ave., Phoenix	31,599
Gunther & Shirley	1890 10th Ave., Yuma	30,989
Jack Ramsey	Star Rt. 4 Box 72, Yuma	30,310
Oscar Walls	R.R. 1 Box 795, Wellton	29,760
Dunn Farms	R.R. 3 Box 384, Yuma	28,067
A. C. Cockrill	R.R. 1 Box 470, Eloy	27,917
Glen Sturges	P.O. Box 215, Roll	27,427
Cuming and Sons	R.R. 1 Box 135, Somerton	26,096
Clarence Phillips	1529 11th Ave., Yuma	25,974
Tom Howell	P.O. Box 61, Roll	25,398
Peters & Nall	R.R. 2 Box 216, Blythe, Calif.	25,279
Moenk Fletcher	R.R. 1 Box 136, Wellton	25,205
Total payees in county, 56.		3,921,852
Total payees in State, 443.		28,121,915

ARKANSAS

<b>Ashley County</b>		
W. W. & Earl Cochran	Portland	\$63,562
Gus Hugh Sons, Inc.	Portland	60,244
Guy Botsford	Portland	45,906
C. C. Morschheimer, Jr.	Parkdale	39,669
John H. Ralph	Parkdale	37,281
James B. Young	Portland	31,823
Kenneth Rice	R.R. 1, Montrose	31,422
Bobby Foster	Wilmot	30,875
E. D. Gregory Co.	Parkdale	30,845

ARKANSAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Ashley County—Continued</b>		
Victor Edwards	Montrose	\$29,168
B. E. Fisher	Portland	29,046
William B. Deyampert	Wilmot	29,044
C. R. C. Lynn, Inc.	Montrose	28,517
R. E. Lee	R.R. 1, Montrose	26,942
W. T. Files	Parkdale	26,506
James H. Gay	R.R. 1, Portland	25,539
Total payees in county, 16.		566,389
<b>Chicot County</b>		
Pylate Brothers	P.O. Box 100, Eurdora	57,374
Maurice R. Gibbs	Eudora	31,329
Yellow Bayou Pitt, Inc.	Rt. 1, Lake Village	29,535
B. and V. Pieroni	St. Rt. 1, Box 139, Lake Village	29,072
Alvin Ford, Sr.	St. Rt. 1, Box 105, Lake Village	27,899
Fred Woodall	Rt. 1, Eudora	27,323
Keith Brothers	St. Rt. 1, Box 110, Lake Village	25,418
Total payees in county, 7.		227,950
<b>Craighead County</b>		
W. W. Holmes Gin Co.	Bay	27,108
Virgil Booth	R.R. 1, Caraway	26,470
Total payees in county, 2.		53,578
<b>Crittenden County</b>		
Carlson Brothers	R.R. 1, Box 568, Marion	106,807
A. Angeletti, Inc.	Box 71, Crawfordville	97,870
Bond Pittg. Co.	Box 446, Clarkedale	95,539
Total payees in county, 3.		300,216
<b>Crittenden County</b>		
Pacco Inc.	Turrell	81,045
Bruins Ping. Co.	Hughes	80,110
J. F. Twist Plantation	Twist	76,893
Pirani & Sons	R.R. 1, Turrell	72,397
Alpe Brothers	Crawfordsville	71,274
Mallory Farms	Chatfield	67,186
Allen B. Helms	Clarkedale	66,066
Lake Plantation	% L. Taylor Jr., Hughes	65,983
E. H. Clarke & Co.	Hughes	62,730
J. O. E. Beck Trust	Hughes	59,564
N. S. Garrott & Sons	Proctor	58,443
Bloodworth Co.	Crawfordsville	55,583
D. & J. Inc.	Box 45, Crawfordville	54,725
Morrison Bros.	Earle	53,898
David Harrison, Jr.	Box 16341, Memphis	51,163
Charles S. Riggan	501A Missouri, West Memphis	49,455
Ragland Plant Inc.	% C. G. Morgan, Hughes	49,162
Nickey-Eason Plantation	Hughes	48,980
William B. Rhodes	Marion	47,950
Herman C. McDaniel	Crawfordsville	47,793
O'Neal & Son, Inc.	do	46,613
Richland Plan, Inc.	R.R. 2, Hughes	44,917
Johnny Greer	R.R. 1, Box 100, Heth	43,169
Julien L. Hardin	Marion	42,903
Carter Planting Co.	Clarkedale	42,652
Earl C. Beck, Jr.	R.R. 1, Box 50, Hughes	42,426
James W. Young, Jr.	Crawfordsville	40,785
Alton Grant Farms	Box 225, Turrell	40,120
Oliver Bros.	Proctor	39,245
Looney Bros.	Proctor	38,998
Jack W. Ray	Crawfordsville	38,188
Fogleman & Son	Marion	35,812
E. J. Barham, Jr.	1131 Main St, Earle	35,635
Joe Currie	R.R. 1, Box 500, Marion	34,842
Bollinger Bros.	Hulbert	34,616
Milton, Lubin	Turrell	34,146
F. G. Barton Cotton Co.	Box 1564, Memphis	33,405
Burlison & Merrick	R.R. 1, Box 104, Earle	33,139
Dan Springfield, Jr.	Crawfordsville	32,410
E. P. Rainey & Sons	R.R. 2, Tyronza	32,395
Rembert & Miller Farms	Hulbert	32,186
Joe Rodgers	507 Barton, West Memphis	32,089
Smith & Wallace	Box 327, Blytheville	32,056
Manuel T. Sharp	Box 66, Crawfordville	31,865
Joe & Willie Bramucci	Earle	31,601
Cottondale Farm, Inc.	Earle	31,246
B. P. Kelley	Box 296, Parkin	30,184
Lehi Plantation	R.R. 1, Box 586, Marion	30,055
L. G. Byford	R.R. 1, Proctor	29,304
H. P. Sisk	Box 648, Parkin	28,811
Hester Parker	507 Home St., Marked Tree	28,053
C. L. Eubanks & Sons	Proctor	27,917
Adolph Pirani	Box 386, Marion	27,822
L. C. Smith	R.R. 2, Hughes	26,984
Pirani Brothers	Marion	26,533
E. M. Ott	Crawfordsville	26,450

ARKANSAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Crittenden County—Continued</b>		
F. H. Griffin	Clarkedale	\$26,260
Ray D. Ross	Box 147, Gilmore	25,832
C. B. Britton	Box 73, Crawfordville	25,605
J. W. Prescott	Hughes	25,398
Erle Biggs	Proctor	25,048
John M. Swebston	Crawfordsville	25,019
Total payees in county, 65.		2,913,250
<b>Cross County</b>		
E. D. McNight	Parkin	75,908
W. M. Smith and Sons	Birdeys	53,337
Hill Farms, Inc.	% Eagle Nest Plan, Parkin	50,262
John H. Johnston	Box 528, Wynne	40,947
Ruston Farms	Parkin	35,035
Irvin Sisk, Jr.	Parkin	32,036
Simpson and Proctor	Parkin	31,735
S. A. Atkinson	Parkin	28,692
Ira F. Twist	Twist	28,327
Robert Twist	% Ira Twist, Twist	28,288
Richard Twist	Box 38 A, Earle	28,004
John A. Brenner	Parkin	26,476
Robert W. Spencer	R.R. 1, Earle	26,407
Leslie Nix	R.R. 2, Box 283, Wynne	25,590
Paul McCutchen	R.R. 2, Box 101, Parkin	25,152
Twist Parkin Co.	Box 38 A, Earle	25,087
R. W. Byrd	R.R. 2, Parkin	25,000
Total payees in county, 17.		586,283
<b>Desha County</b>		
R. A. Pickens & Son Co.	Pickens	234,251
Stimson Veneer & Lumber Trust	Dumas	80,970
Clay Cross	PDLT. Route, Dumas	42,464
Desha Farms, Inc.	R.R. 3, Elaine	41,065
Brooks Griffin	R.R. 3, Elaine	39,963
Baxter Land Co.	Dermott	35,490
Reedville Farms	Dumas	34,590
Leroy Johnson	Box 43, Lundell	33,273
McCulloch Planting Co.	PDLT. Route, Dumas	33,000
P. W. Teeter & Sons Co.	R.R. 1, Tillar	31,299
Bickham Bros	R.R. 1, Tillar	28,431
Martin Wood	Box 34, Snow Lake	26,770
Stimson Katterhenry Trust	Dumas	26,716
J. L. Britt	Snow Lake	25,687
Total payees in county, 14.		713,969
<b>Drew County</b>		
Tillar & Co.	Tillar	67,414
William Bulloch	604 S. Main, Dermott	30,151
Total payees in county, 2.		97,565
<b>Faulkner County</b>		
J. W. Brown, Jr.	R.R. 2, Conway	33,996
Total payees in county, 1.		33,996
<b>Jackson County</b>		
G. L. Morris, Jr.	McCrory	65,342
Doyle and Wilmans Partners	Diaz	46,713
R. D. Wilmans & Sons Co.	Diaz	32,259
Julia W. Harper	Rt. 1, Newport	36,933
Burton Merc & Gin Co.	Beedeville	36,889
Total payees in county, 5.		225,136
<b>Jefferson County</b>		
Cornerstone Farm & Gin Co.	Box 7008, Pine Bluff	111,387
Elms Planting Corp.	Alzheimer	77,456
B N Word Co Inc.	Wabbaseka	60,372
Bost Farms	R.R. 1, Alzheimer	54,300
Jimmy Blair	Sherrill	50,558
Lyons Planting Co., Inc.	R.R. 2, Alzheimer	48,932
Hudgens Jeter	R.R. 1, Alzheimer	48,282
R. E. Watkins & Son	R.R. 1, Alzheimer	44,394
Lake Dick Elms Farming Co.	Alzheimer	43,352
Noah S. Peek, Jr.	England	42,387
D. Stratton Inc.	R.R. 5, Box 740, Pine Bluff	39,829
Luchen A. Walls	2808 Byron, Pine Bluff	38,774
Earl Chadick & Sons	R.R. 1, Sherrill	38,366
Richland Planting Co.	Moscow	37,799
Stillwater Farming Co., Inc.	Alzheimer	37,771
New Gascony Elms Farming Co.	Alzheimer	36,565
A. C. Hunter	R.R. 1, Sherrill	35,860
Pipkin Farm	R.R. 1, Sherrill	34,511
James Terkeurst	1225 Olive St, Pine Bluff	34,367

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

ARKANSAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Jefferson County—Continued</b>		
W. A. Albright	Sherrill	\$33,830
S. R. Bough	Star City	32,100
Richardson Elms Farming Co.	Altheimer	31,505
E. L. Burgess	Sherrill	31,310
Chambliss Farms	R.R. 3, Box 360, Pine Bluff	30,902
Luckie Brothers	Reydel	28,278
W. W. West Co.	Wabbaseka	26,598
Leon Callahan	R.R. 1, Altheimer	26,579
L. L. Dutton & Son	Box 59, Moscow	26,153
Fish Lake Farms	129½ Main St., Pine Bluff	25,880
Rob Roy Plantation	Box 1331, Little Rock	25,707
Oscar Homer Jones, Jr.	Box 288, Wabbaseka	25,651
Clarence Dutton & Son	R.R. 1, Box 195, Grady	25,648
<b>Total payees in county, 32</b>		<b>1,285,403</b>
<b>Lafayette County:</b>		
Lawrence E. Taylor	Bradley	52,395
Troyce E. Endsley	R.R. 1, Bradley	43,625
Mickey Walding	R.R. 1, Bradley	31,453
Andrew Whisenhunt	R.R. 1, Bradley	30,408
Carl Adams, Jr.	R.R. 1, Bradley	27,407
J. G. Allen, Jr.	R.R. 1, Bradley	26,257
Marvin McCalman	R.R. 1, Bradley	25,838
<b>Total payees in county, 7</b>		<b>237,383</b>
Sweet Brothers	Widener	88,413
H T Dillahunt & Sons	Hughes	68,732
C E Yancey & Sons	R.R. 4, Marianna	53,810
Robert May	R. 1, Brickeys	52,540
Barker Farms Inc.	Box 730, Marianna	44,339
Miller Farms, Inc.	Marianna	40,910
Dan Felton & Co.	Marianna	39,357
Ed Vaccaro	Box 193, Marianna	37,407
E. J. Chaffin, Jr.	Hughes	36,348
C. M. Cooke	Brickeys	33,677
Lindsay Farms, Inc.	Marianna	31,399
Dick Ed Thomas	Marianna	30,466
J. E. Ivy	Box 428, Marianna	30,259
Ellis Evans	R.R. 3, Marianna	25,448
<b>Total payees in county, 14</b>		<b>613,105</b>
<b>Lincoln County:</b>		
Arkansas State Penitentiary	Box 500, Grady	154,412
Holthoff Brothers	Gould	50,222
N. M. Ryal & Sons Inc.	Rt. 3 Box 174, Star City	48,943
H. R. Wood & Son, Inc.	Grady	47,323
K. Berzent Blagg	Tyro Rt. Dumas	45,955
Frizzell Farms, Inc.	Rt. 3, Star City	42,318
Marion F. Baugh	RFD 2, Box 56, Star City	39,912
R. E. Dreher & Sons	Grady	38,432
C. H. Clowers & Co.	Rt. 1, Star City	34,311
J. L. McEntire & Sons, Inc.	Rt. 3, Pine Bluff	26,783
A. O. French	Rt. 1, Pickens	26,758
Knight Brothers	Gould	25,145
<b>Total payees in county, 12</b>		<b>580,514</b>
<b>Little River County:</b>		
E. C. Lavoice and Sons	Foreman	29,658
<b>Total payees in county, 1</b>		<b>29,658</b>
<b>Lonoke County:</b>		
Sam McNeil	R.R. 2, England	41,113
R. W. Morris	Keo	40,084
A. P. Pat Henderson	Box 8, England	38,094
Alibert Eugene Yarbrough	England	37,454
James Carroll Rollins	R.R. 3, England	36,313
Basel Henderson	Coy	35,780
Odes Perry	R.R. 3, England	34,204
James W. Phillips	Box 15, Keo	31,857
Robert L. Dortch, Jr.	Scott	29,814
Bobby Gene Wright	Box 311, Coy	28,278
Wm. J. Bevis	R.R. 2, Box 40, Scott	27,989
Waylon B. Sims	R.R. 2, Box 138, Scott	25,835
Robert Edward Johnson	R.R. 3, England	25,656
Arnold Oneal	R.R. 3, England	25,468
<b>Total payees in county, 14</b>		<b>457,939</b>
<b>Miller County:</b>		
Price Plantation, Inc.	Box 157, Garland	31,491
Doyle Stevens	Garland	28,503
<b>Total payees in county, 2</b>		<b>59,994</b>

ARKANSAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Mississippi County:</b>		
Lee Wilson & Co., d.b.a. Keiser S.	Keiser	\$473,670
Wesson Farms, Inc.	Victoria	156,953
Armored Planting Co.	Armored	105,021
Harold Senter	R.R. 1, Wilson	89,298
Midway Farms, Inc.	R.R. 1, Joiner	85,566
R. D. Hughes	Box 67, Blytheville	77,556
C. J. Lowrance & Sons	Driver	71,849
Jack Hale	Box 261, Blytheville	67,243
Lawrence Bros. & Co.	Driver	67,002
Rufus C. Branch	Joiner	62,291
R. Creedy & T. Tate	R.R. 2, Box 446, Osceola	61,298
Larry Woodard Farms, Inc.	Box 477, Lepanto	60,951
W. J. Denton Est.	% Ruby C. Denton, Exr., Wilson	60,564
Semmes Farm Corp.	Box 205, Joiner	59,646
M. J. Koehler	Dell	55,863
Clide Barnett	Keiser	55,717
C. B. Robinson	Box 253, Osceola	51,562
Crosthwait Farms, Inc.	Osceola	50,893
J. A. Crosthwait	Box 351, Osceola	50,699
John A. Edrington	R.R. 2, Box 605, Osceola	50,422
H. T. Bonds Sons, Inc.	R.R. 1, Lepanto	47,863
C. W. Bowles	R.R. 1, Box 567, Osceola	47,682
R. C. Langston	Luxora	47,445
B. C. Land Co.	Leachville	47,161
Charles Nick & Richard Rose	Roseland	47,134
R. J. Gillespie	Luxora	46,661
Russell Gill	R.R. 1, Osceola	46,354
Riggs Bros.	R.R. 4, Box 268, Blytheville	44,443
J. E. Crain Est.	Wilson	43,880
Wesley Stallings	R.R. 2, Box 47, Blytheville	43,453
Henry Battle	Box 157, Joiner	42,286
Sullivan Bros.	Burdette	42,140
John M. Stevens, Jr.	Dell	40,980
R. G. Edwards	R.R. 1, Manila	40,928
Joe H. Felts	R.R. 1, Joiner	38,316
Larry J. Woodard	Box 477, Lepanto	38,129
John E. Crain, Jr.	Wilson	37,298
Glenn A. Cook	R.R. 4, Box 235, Blytheville	37,238
John M. Speck	Frenchmans Bayou	36,043
C. L. Denton, Jr.	R.R. 1, Tyroneza	35,028
Amon Eugene Holt	R.R. 2, Manila	34,988
Golden Lake Farms	Wilson	34,171
Ben Wood Farms	R.R. 1, Joiner	33,589
Clifford Gillespie	611 W. Union, Osceola	33,059
W. T. Metzger, Jr.	R.R. 1, Blytheville	31,589
A. A. Banks	R.R. 1, Box 151, Tyroneza	31,460
Nancy M. Trimue	Frenchmans Bayou	31,305
W. M. Taylor, Jr.	R.R. 2, Osceola	31,132
Earl H. Wildy	R.R. 2, Leachville	31,111
A. E. Teaford	Luxora	30,840
Taylor Bros.	R.R. 2, Box 230, Blytheville	30,669
Stanall Farms	Box 173, Wilson	30,15
J. D. Smith	Box 126, Keiser	29,820
Chas. Robert Jackson	R.R. 2, Blytheville	29,734
E. H. Riley	Osceola	29,489
Cullom Bros.	R.R. 1, Wilson	28,837
Ira G. Ashley	R.R. 2, Box 310, Osceola	28,741
Chiles Planting Co.	Box 191, Joiner	28,683
Ohiendorf Farms	Box 312, Osceola	28,141
Bryce Grant	R.R. 1, Manila	28,005
Joe Dildine	R.R. 3, Box 140, Blytheville	27,921
Richard Cromer Farm	R.R. 1, Osceola	27,915
Charles D. and Donald L. Baker	R.R. 1, Box 338, Luxora	27,369
Speck Bros.	Frenchmans Bayou	27,314
Clyde Whistle	Osceola	26,488
James H. Woodard	R.R. 2, Box 290, Osceola	26,379
John E. Gann	1008 West Main, Blytheville	26,067
Willis Stutts	R.R. 1, Manila	25,590
John B. Wilson	Joiner	25,499
D. V. Craven	Box 424, Lepanto	25,112
Forrest Moore	2516 West Rose, Blytheville	25,090
<b>Total payees in county, 71</b>		<b>3,570,818</b>
<b>Monroe County:</b>		
Ralph Abramson	Holly Grove	46,427
Carter-Clifton Co.	Cotton Plant	27,906
Floyd H. Shaw	R.R. 1, Clarendon	27,432
Ray Fuller	Ridgemont Rd., Helena	26,387
Amos Everett	R.R. 1, Clarendon	25,472
<b>Total payees in county, 5</b>		<b>153,624</b>
<b>Phillips County:</b>		
Howe Lumber Co., Inc.	Wabash	206,379
Brooks Griffin	Elaine	113,352

ARKANSAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Phillips County—Continued</b>		
Highland Lake Farm	46 Waverly Wood, Helena	\$107,223
Alexander Farms, Inc.	46 Waverly Wood, Helena	91,644
Tunney Stinnett	Elaine	65,758
Wood-Sanderlin Farm	Crumrod	63,107
Buron Griffin	Box 571, Helena	52,839
R. J. Suddath	R. 1, Box 180, Helena	46,177
King-Wells Farm	R. 1, Box 290, Helena	44,153
E. T. Wells, Inc.	R. 1, Box 101, Helena	42,698
Loveless Farms, Inc.	Elaine	41,666
Dave Inebnit	R. 2, Box 92, Holly Grove	41,299
Ray Dawson	R. 1, Box 195, Lexa	40,912
Riverside Farm	R. 1, Box 330D, Helena	40,663
Delta Plantation, Inc.	325 York, Helena	40,398
Dixie Farm Co.	Crumrod	39,009
David Solomon	Crestwood, Helena	37,729
T. W. Keesee	326 Walnut St., Helena	36,331
Solomon Bros., Inc.	P.O. Box 490, Helena	35,346
C. E. Barnes	Box 481, Elaine	35,057
Curtis Clark	80 Highland Park, Helena	34,777
R. J. Young	Poplar Grove	34,294
Lundell Plantation	C/O Geo. Brandon, Lundell	34,292
Lily Peter	Rt. 2, Box 192, Marvell	33,734
Chesterfield Crisp	Rt. 2, Box 199, Marvell	32,090
Harry Stephens	345 St. Andrews Terr., West Helena	31,180
James E. Yancey	Rt. 1, Box 49, Marvell	30,006
M. M. Crisp	Elaine	29,528
Matron Plantation	Helena Nat. Bank Bldg., Helena	28,230
J. O. Wheeler	Box 237, Helena	28,019
M. J. Lake	R.R. 3, Box 269, Marianna	27,728
James Harold Byrd	Rt. 3, Dundee	27,721
R. L. Carnathan	332 S. 9th West, Helena	27,699
Oneida Planting Co.	Oneida	27,422
Wooten-Epes Co.	Helena	26,397
Louis Johnson	520 W. Sims, Osceola	26,076
Buford Culp	Rt. 1, Box 97, Marvell	25,948
F. O. Griffin, Jr.	Rt. 1, Helena	25,594
Jake Crow	Elaine	25,339
R. M. Hornor	323 Beech, Helena	25,050
Winston Foster	Rt. 1, Box 14, Marvell	25,029
<b>Total payees in county, 41</b>		<b>1,827,893</b>
<b>Poinsett County:</b>		
St. Francis Valley Farms	Marked Tree	131,179
Hyneman Farms, Inc.	P.O. Box 30, Trumann	127,199
Dan F. Fortis	Lepanto	57,517
Fairview Farms Co.	Tyroneza	47,245
Citizens Gin Co., Inc.	Lepanto	46,802
B. & H. Farms	P.O. Box 337, Marked Tree	37,879
H. F. Underwood	Harrisburg	37,679
S. C. Chapin	Trumann	35,531
Stucky Bros., Inc.	Lepanto	33,515
Cecil H. Justus, Jr.	Tyroneza	32,141
Frank Dean	P.O. Box 503, Marked Tree	31,762
Guy L. Prince	Marked Tree	28,870
Paul Earnhart	Lepanto	28,552
Moreland Barton	Tyroneza	28,226
W. T. Pearson	P.O. Box 116, Tyroneza	26,821
Norcross Farming Co.	Tyroneza	26,150
<b>Total payees in county, 16</b>		<b>757,068</b>
<b>Prairie County:</b>		
John D. Nail, Jr.	Biscoe	25,790
<b>Total payees in county, 1</b>		<b>25,790</b>
<b>Pulaski County:</b>		
Reber McGhee	Box 83, Scott	32,043
Walter Isgrig	6503 Fourche Dam Pike, Little Rock	31,290
Walter C. Estes	R.R. 1, Box 56, Scott	30,033
W. A. Ratcliffe, Jr.	Box 146, Sweet Home	29,194
J. B. Morgan	R.R. 2, Box 164, Little Rock	26,205
Chapman Bros. Farm	R.R. 1, Box 122, Scott	26,121
<b>Total payees in county, 6</b>		<b>174,886</b>
<b>St. Francis County:</b>		
Miller Lumber Co.	Marianna	92,940
J. G. Adams and Son	Hughes	92,453
Shannon Bros. Entp.	Box 2863 DeSoto Sta., Memphis	68,305
W. W. Draper, Jr.	402 Mockingbird Lane, Forrest City	67,840
Kellogg and Hughey	Hughes	47,797
John T. Higgins & Son	Box 428, Forest City	47,298
L. E. Burch, Jr.	Hughes	44,374
A. B. Farms, Inc.	Hughes	44,360
Chappell & Moore	Box 166, Forest City	41,636
Robert Brewington	2829 Mary Dr., Forrest City	40,752

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

ARKANSAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>St. Francis County—Continued</b>		
Belle Meade Plantation	Hughes	\$39,224
C. J. Beasley and Son	Heth	37,807
Red Gum Plantation	Hughes	37,585
J. C. Rice and E. Stough	R.R. 2, Widener	36,866
Claud Buford	Box 523, Forrest City	35,457
Joe Burch	Hughes	34,908
McCain Farms, Inc.	Widener	34,434
Davis Biggs	Hughes	33,501
B. McCollum, Jr.	Hughes	32,871
Thomas McDaniel	R.R. 2, Forrest City	32,638
R. T. Landrum	Hughes	32,131
C. D. Brown & Sons, Inc.	Hughes	31,668
John C. Lindsey, Sr.	Caldwell	31,145
Jack Bridgforth	Forrest City	31,129
Freeman Nichols	R.R. 1, Forrest City	30,868
F. W. Derossitt and Son	1509 N. Div, Forrest City	30,590
A. B. Malkin, Jr.	Heth	30,257
Lindsey Brothers	Caldwell	30,064
Ida Mae Norsworthy	R.R. 1 Box 51, Widener	29,566
Harold Trigger Wall	Box 505, Hughes	28,718
V. E. Beene	Hughes	28,673
Earl Dean Williams	Box 26, Widener	27,981
Mound Planting Co.	501 N. Missouri St., Memphis	27,568
Betty M. Stoddard	Box 625, Hughes	27,543
France Bros	Heth	27,139
Vance and Bentley	R.R. 2, Hughes	26,441
Bob K. McKenzie	P.O. Box 156, Hughes	25,713
Carl H. Morris	203 Tenn, Forest City	25,437
A. L. Devereux	R.R. 1, Widener	25,404
Rex Twist	Belswood Farms, R.R. 1, Widener	25,267
B. E. Beene	Hughes	25,005
Total payees in county, 41		1,541,353
<b>Woodruff County:</b>		
Gregory Farm, Inc.	Augusta	49,142
Bruce D. Tarkington	Cotton Plant	40,453
L. L. Cole & Son, Inc.	Cotton Plant	32,404
Gum Ridge Corp.	Box 8, Augusta	30,201
W. L. McAdams	Rt. 1 Box 124D, Augusta	26,588
Total payees in county, 5		178,788
Total payees in State, 397		16,912,332

CALIFORNIA

<b>Fresno County:</b>		
Giffen, Inc.	Box 7, Huron	\$2,772,187
Vista Del Llano Farms	37423 Belmont, Firebaugh	745,647
Boston Ranch Co.	Star Rt. 2, Box 100, Lemoore	448,158
Jack Harris, Inc.	Rt. 1, Box 420, Coalinga	379,075
Telles, Ranch, Inc.	46031 W. Nees, Firebaugh	291,209
Airway Farms, Inc.	1221 Fulton, Fresno	246,766
Timco	5720 S. Washoe, Mendota	204,518
Price Giffen Ranch	2025 N. Fairfax, Firebaugh	199,980
J. E. O'Neill, Inc.	P.O. Box 2114, Fresno	195,918
Raymond Thomas, Inc.	25810 Avenue 11, Madera	189,828
M. J. & R. S. Allen	P.O. Box 925, Coalinga	185,397
Coit Ranch, Inc.	2578 S. Lyon, Mendota	182,204
Schramm Ranches, Inc.	Box 487, San Joaquin	175,234
W. J. Deal	Box 427, Mendota	174,878
Sullivan & Gragnani	Box 128A, Tranquillity	162,850
Redfern Ranches, Inc.	Box 305, Dos Palos	152,703
V. C. Britton Co.	P.O. Box 397, Firebaugh	139,801
The Desert Ranch	47375 W. Dakota, Firebaugh	134,468
Wood Ranches	P.O. Box 247, Lemoore	122,562
Summer Peck Ranch, Inc.	P.O. Box 507, Mendota	120,991
O'Neill Farms, Inc.	P.O. Box 5, Huron	112,202
Hammonds Ranch, Inc.	47375 W. Dakota, Firebaugh	111,854
Weeth Ranches, Inc.	Box 924, Coalinga	109,241
Coebo Farms	P.O. Box 645, Riverdale	107,099
Rabb Bros.	Box 736, San Joaquin	97,680
Linneman Ranches, Inc.	P.O. Box 156, Dos Palos	97,490
Pilbros Bros., Inc.	2141 Tuolumne, Fresno	95,488

CALIFORNIA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Fresno County—Continued</b>		
Britz Chemical Co.	P.O. Box 366, Five Points	\$91,533
Wm. H. Noble	P.O. Box 506, Kerman	89,491
Giusti Farms, Inc.	Ste. 904, 2220 Tulare, Fresno	85,807
John & Alex Kochergen	523 N. Brawley, Fresno	74,212
J & J Ranch	P.O. Box 155, Firebaugh	71,877
Sierra Dawn Farms	45849 W. Shields, Firebaugh	71,546
Ryan Bros.	P.O. Box 268, Mendota	71,071
Pacific Farms Co.	1047 M Street, Firebaugh	70,980
Griffin & Griffin	Box 1193, Coalinga	70,409
Starkey & Erwin	P.O. Box 669, Avenal	68,879
Telles Farms	46031 W. Nees, Firebaugh	65,006
Hogue Produce Co.	Box 66, Firebaugh	64,863
Pappas & Co., Inc.	P.O. Box 477, Mendota	64,689
Kriesant Operating Co., Inc.	Box 125, Mendota	64,008
Milo Erwin	6082 E. Butler, Fresno	63,763
Sam & D. M. Bianucci	P.O. Box 337, Firebaugh	63,129
Vernon Swearingen	11050 W. Mt. Whitney, Riverdale	61,429
Aladdin Ranch	1221 Fulton Mall, Rm. 614, Fresno	61,176
Gordon Bros.	P.O. Box 366, Tranquillity	60,904
M. L. Dudley & Co.	515 N. Harrison, Fresno	60,420
S. E. Lowrance Ranch	Box 36, Tranquillity	60,175
Willson Farms Inc.	2220 Tulare St. 711, Fresno	59,205
Vincent Kovacevich	8580 W. Whitesbridge, Fresno	58,927
J. C. Conn, Inc.	P.O. Box 615, Coalinga	55,105
C. H. & G. Farms, Inc.	08297 E. Sanders, Fresno	54,800
Drew Farms, Inc.	50860 W. Herndon, Firebaugh	54,598
J. C. Andresen	10610 W. Whitesbridge, Fresno	54,476
Enrico Farms, Inc.	Box 755, Firebaugh	53,559
Vierhus Farms	P.O. Box 733, Coalinga	52,524
Michael Giffen Ranch, Inc.	805 Patterson Blvd., Fresno	51,983
Marchini Bros.	P.O. Box 1, Tranquillity	51,698
Rusconi Farms	P.O. Box 65, San Joaquin	50,976
S. & S. Ranch, Inc.	Box 22, Mendota	49,200
Reuben Crosno	15444 S. Fowler, Selma	49,054
John L. Errecart	P.O. Box 7, Tranquillity	48,991
Melcombs Ranch, Inc.	P.O. Box 618, San Joaquin	48,976
Deavenport Ranches, Inc.	910 E. Swift, Fresno	48,198
Sommerville Farms, Inc.	P.O. Box 155, Huron	48,000
W. F. McFarlane	7600 E. Barstow, Clovis	47,983
Robert Cardwell	8255 W. Annadale, Fresno	47,302
Joe M. Lovelace	P.O. Box 438, Coalinga	46,948
William E. Glotz	P.O. Box 86, Tranquillity	46,571
Poso Dairy Farms, Inc.	38282 W. Silazo, Firebaugh	45,638
Richard Swearingen	20705 S. Bishop, Riverdale	44,318
Fred Rau	10255 W. Manning, Fresno	44,056
Half Moon Fruit & Produce Co.	P.O. Box 159, Lemoore	43,311
Davis Drier & Elevator, Inc.	Box 425, Firebaugh	43,136
Harold O. Banion	P.O. Box 745, Dos Palos	42,826
William Erickson	5250 W. Jefferson, Fresno	42,801
Western Ranches	P.O. Box 471, Los Bands	42,082
Davis & Huey, Inc.	P.O. Box 187, Tranquillity	41,716
Donald Bellando	Box 575, San Joaquin	39,467
W. A. Klepper & Son	P.O. Box 545, Caruthers	39,257
A. & H. Farms	P.O. Box 502, Kerman	38,653
Raven Land Co.	5700 E. Clarkson, Selma	38,635
Claremont Farms	Box 98, Huron	38,368
Del Testa Farms	27439 W. Lincoln, Tranquillity	37,876
Fairless Bros.	Box 449, Caruthers	37,637
Rogers Ranchers, Inc.	P.O. Box 42, Helm	37,553
Joe E. Yraceburu	3060 W. Madison, Fresno	37,447
Fairless & Pifferini	Box 269, San Joaquin	37,259
Pucheu Ranch	7444 S. Marin, Tranquillity	36,722
Irby Abercrombie	16110 W. American, Kerman	36,542

CALIFORNIA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Fresno County—Continued</b>		
Goodman Traction Ranch	Box 427, Tranquillity	\$36,426
Arthur J. Cuelho	1308 W. Mt. Whitney, Riverdale	35,905
Dean E. Pryor	P.O. Box 165, Burrel	35,601
Clayton Brown	13672 Road 23, Madrea	35,589
Martin Costales	P.O. Box 67, Tranquillity	35,033
Hanson & Fortune	9289 N. Oxford, Firebaugh	34,621
Perez Bros.	P.O. Box 456, Firebaugh	34,298
Edward Azhderian	15289 Top Hill Rd., Los Gatos	32,331
Bill & Ed Koda	P.O. Box 67, So. Dos Palos	31,945
J. Teore & G. Tavares	3495 S. Blythe, Fresno	30,800
H. Carter & Son	P.O. Box 238, Selma	30,667
B. T. V. Farms	P.O. Box 235, Tranquillity	30,632
E. Weeth & Son	Box 984, Coalinga	29,738
Jarroft Ranch	Box 247, Firebaugh	29,625
Double J Farms	Rt. 2 Box 41, Dos Palos	29,158
Gramis Bros.	Box 476, Mendota	28,960
John Teixeira	Rt. 1, Box 80, Dos Palos	28,099
Leavelle Bros.	2562 S. Judy, Fresno	28,087
C. L. Anderson	14650 W. McKinley, Kerman	27,982
Levon Azhderian	644 Monroe, Los Banos	27,776
Nichols & Wood	Box 781, Coalinga	27,753
Markarian Farms	10278 S. Elm, Fresno	27,646
Dubs Puckett	13196 S. Chestnut, Selma	27,292
Hale Bros.	23820 W. Adams, San Joaquin	27,262
Melvin Coelho	1055 E. North, Fresno	27,141
United Packing Co.	Box 546, Fresno	26,741
Nicolini & Maitia	7372 Canal, Firebaugh	25,607
Diamond R Farms	7463 El Dorado, San Joaquin	25,353
Alex Maul	4950 E. Shields, Fresno	25,319
Carvalho Farms, Inc.	24741 W. Central, Tranquillity	25,230
Bert O. Neill Ranch	P.O. Box 215, Huron	25,055
Total payees in county, 121		12,260,027
<b>Imperial County:</b>		
H. B. Murphy Co.	P.O. Box 74, Brawley	323,754
Elmore Co.	P.O. Box 119, Brawley	267,454
George B. Willoughby	Box 860, El Centro	208,101
W. E. Young and W. E. Young, Jr.	Box 267, Calipatria	184,181
Jack Elmore	Box 156, Brawley	180,926
Sinclair Ranches	Box 234, Calipatria	153,635
Irvine Co.	1296 Pepper Dr., El Centro	153,180
J. H. Benson Ranches, Inc.	Box 239, Brawley	132,058
Russell Bros. Ranches, Inc.	Box 275, Calipatria	129,167
Gerald R. Elmore	P.O. Box 603, Calipatria	123,773
C. T. Dearborn	P.O. Box 6055, Calipatria	113,758
Antone Borchard Co.	200 Andrita Pl., Brawley	107,196
Donald H. Cox	560 North 8th, Brawley	106,243
Hugh Hudson Ranches	P.O. Box 201, Calipatria	99,946
Donald K. Donley	2454 5th St., Yuma, Ariz.	97,253
Stephen H. Elmore	Box 156, Brawley	96,413
Raymond O'Connell & Son	Rt. 1, Box 73, Brawley	89,873
Williams & Quick	Box 217, Calipatria	87,667
Neil Fifield Co.	Rt. 2, Box 26, Brawley	87,594
Kenneth Reynolds	Box 6041, Calipatria	86,593
Stafford Hannon	P.O. Box 1141, Brawley	85,261
Salton Sea Farms	Box 277, Calipatria	77,400
Davis Beauchamp	Rt. 1, Box 132, Calipatria	75,855
Abatti Bros.	P.O. Box 466, El Centro	75,363
Fifield Farms	229 Main St., Brawley	74,345
Griset Bros.	2324 Oakmont Ave., Santa Ana	73,041
Charles Vonderahe	Box 215, Brawley	66,571
California Sturges Ginning Co.	Box 409, Yuma, Ariz.	65,056
Fifield Land Co.	Rt. 2, Box 26, Brawley	60,096

## CALENDAR YEAR 1968

## CALIFORNIA—Continued

## CALIFORNIA—Continued

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

CALIFORNIA—Continued			CALIFORNIA—Continued		
County and name	Address	Total payments	County and name	Address	Total payments
Imperial County—Continued			Kern County—Continued		
Jack Bros. & McBurney, Inc.	P.O. Box 116, Brawley	\$56,907	Santiago Ranch	R.R. 3, Box 893, Bakersfield	\$195,425
Dearborn & Maraccini	P.O. Box 6055, Calipatria	56,770	C. J. Vignolo	Box 1268, Shafter	180,899
Adamek & Dessart	P.O. Box 787, Seeley	56,299	B. V. Farms & Miller & Lux	550 Kearney, San Francisco	180,812
Harry Schmidt Farms	Box 32, Brawley	52,999	Joe Mendiburu	Box 5096, Oildale	165,220
Bonanza Farms	1404 Ross, El Centro	51,005	Twin Farms	R.R. 1, Box 91, Buttonwillow	162,108
C. W. Sanders	Rt. 1, Box 178, Brawley	50,606	Mazze Farms	Box 698, Arvin	151,734
John Baretta	Rt. 1, Box 28, Calipatria	47,702	D. M. Bryant, Jr.	Box 450, Pond	142,099
R. S. Reese	Box 338, Westmorland	45,590	Reynold M. Mettler	P.O. Box 473, Bakersfield	139,738
Hawk & Sperber	Box 847, Holtville	45,510	McKittrick Ranch, Inc.	1921 Bradford, Bakersfield	131,598
J. Emanuelli & Sons	330 El Cerrito Dr., Brawley	45,180	Bidart, Bros.	R.R. 1, Box 860, Bakersfield	122,929
Valjon Trust	895 Broadway, El Centro	44,411	EM H. Mettler & Sons	Box 1298, Shafter	115,588
J. N. Osterkamp Ranches	445 South Rio Vista, Brawley	43,794	Cattani Bros.	R.R. 6, Box 215, Bakersfield	114,052
Moiola Bros.	Rt. 2, Box 41, Brawley	42,600	M. & I. Farms	P.O. Box 700, Delano	111,256
Connie B. Cloud	P.O. Box 727, Bard	42,399	Wheeler Farms	R.R. 1, Box 860, Bakersfield	105,626
Leroy Edwards	307 West 8th, Holtville	40,959	Tejon Ranch Co.	P.O. Box 1560, Bakersfield	104,255
San Pasqual L. & C. Co.	Box 1234, Brawley	39,427	Coberly West Co.	626 Wilshire Blvd., Los Angeles	102,912
Edward M. Wavers	Box 489, Yuma, Ariz.	38,442	Willis & Kurtz	R.R. 6, Box 533, R Bakersfield	99,488
J. M. Bryant	P.O. Box 25, Calipatria	37,801	Rossi Bros.	R.R. 7, Box 470, Bakersfield	96,722
House & Haskell	P.O. Box 426, El Centro	36,342	Milham Farms	P.O. Box 976, Bakersfield	96,212
Ed West	133 West J St., Brawley	34,534	Sill Prop, Inc.	212 Sill Bldg., Bakersfield	94,150
James A. Taylor	Rt. 2 Box 199, Brawley	34,287	The Mirasol Co.	P.O. Box 757, Buttonwillow	92,524
John H. Borchard	1425 Cypress St., El Centro	34,222	W. A. Banks	R.R. 7, Box 376, Bakersfield	90,824
M. J. Labrucherie Rch.	Box 1420, El Centro	33,914	M. Lane	Box 905, Shafter	85,938
Brook Ranches	Box 1869, El Centro	33,431	Voth Farms, Inc.	450 G. St., Wasco	85,668
Johnny P. Singh	Box 175, Brawley	33,089	Paul Pilgrim	666 Sycamore St., Shafter	84,426
Dixie Ranches	P.O. Box 585, El Centro	31,675	L. I. Rhodes & Sons	R.R. 1, Box 475, Wasco	81,208
Robinson & Layaye	Box 81, Calipatria	31,524	E. O. Mitchell, Inc.	P.O. Box 195, Arvin	79,647
Baretta & Little Farms	P.O. Box 285, Calipatria	31,062	L. A. Robertson Farms, Inc.	29536 W. Lerdo, Shafter	76,867
Sundial Farming Co.	Box 76, Brawley	31,022	H. Buller Farms	1730 Locust Ravine, Bakersfield	75,483
Deen & Sandhu	Box 365, Brawley	30,904	C. Mettler	Box 473 Bakersfield	75,229
Correll Farms Inc.	P.O. Box CC, Calipatria	30,446	Sanders & Sanders	R. 2, Box 393, Bakersfield	74,338
Dahm Bros.	4304 Forrester, Brawley	30,129	Tracy Ranch, Inc.	R.R. 1, Box 177, Buttonwillow	73,834
L. L. Lyerly	P.O. Box 124, Calipatria	30,105	Antongiovanni & Jarrard	1318 Baldwin Rd., Bakersfield	73,734
J. R. & B. R. Smith	1593 E. Gonder Rd, Brawley	30,101	A. H. Wegis & Sons	P.O. Box 613, Buttonwillow	72,647
R. B. Wilson Co.	Box 176, Brawley	29,777	Palm Farms, Inc.	4016 Stockdale Hwy, Bakersfield	72,623
DuBois Ranch	Rt. 2 Box 187, El Centro	29,239	Wayne Kirschenmann	5109 Lansdale Dr., Bakersfield	71,493
Deol & Sunghera	1909 Johnson Lane, El Centro	29,014	A. L. Muznich	207 Panorama Dr., Bakersfield	70,585
Robert C. Brown	P.O. Box 1424, Brawley	28,945	Cerro Bros.	R.R. 2, Box 749, Bakersfield	70,406
Perez & Morrell	P.O. Box 701, Winter-Haven	28,345	Kern Valley Farms	Box 505, Lamont	68,986
Earl W. Ashurst	173 J St., Brawley	28,019	Sanders Farms	R.R. 3 Box 969, Bakersfield	68,056
C. S. Sandhu	Box 241, Calipatria	27,730	Wedel Farms	P.O. Box L, Wasco	67,257
Fleming & Jack	Box 1022, Brawley	27,686	Three H Ranch	1709 30th St., Bakersfield	65,745
Fritz Kuhn, Jr.	Box 529, El Centro	27,611	Parsons Ranch	R.R. 1, Box 57, Buttonwillow	65,215
Lerno Bros.	2555 West Main, El Centro	27,541	B. S. Baldwin & Sons	2908 McCall St., Bakersfield	65,191
Loma Farms	Box 134, Brawley	27,471	Kenmar Farm	R.R. 1, Box 318, Arvin	64,488
Allen B. Griffin	260 K St., Brawley	27,353	H & H Farms, Inc.	R.R. 2, Box 560, Bakersfield	64,338
Edward Dearborn	P.O. Box 231, Calipatria	27,153	Di Giorgio Fruit Corp.	Box 308, Di Giorgio	63,561
John V. Merten	Rt. 2 Box 363, Holtville	27,009	John Valpredo	R.R. 2 Box 460, Bakersfield	63,069
Michael D. Ayala	222 W. K St., Brawley	26,995	Fredlo Farms	P.O. Box 174, Arvin	62,944
Sweetwater Feeders	605 S. Rio Vista, Brawley	26,908	Opal Fry & Sons	R.R. 2 Box 403, Bakersfield	62,916
Berylwood Investment Co.	Box 58, Palo Verde	26,847	J. Antongiovanni	191 Oleander Ave., Bakersfield	61,445
Claverie Bros.	1267 Mets Rd., Holtville	26,430	James O. Payne	Star Rt. Box 96, Wasco	61,228
James C. Simons	Box 7, Brawley	25,618	Henson & Sons	R.R. 3, Box 920, Bakersfield	59,283
Brandt Bros.	P.O. Box 118, Brawley	25,518	Antongiovanni Bros.	Rt. 7, Box 532, Bakersfield	59,171
Edwin Chew	P.O. Box 818, Imperial	25,344	Belluomini Bros.	R.R. 1, Box 89, Buttonwillow	57,936
Total payees in county, 84.		5,413,494	Diablo Farms	P.O. Box 505, Arvin	57,479
Kern County:			J. Kroeker Sons	30335 Orange St., Shafter	57,363
Kern County Land Co.	Box 380, Bakersfield	669,741	Bloemhof Hay Co.	P.O. Box 147, Buttonwillow	55,997
S. A. Camp Farms Co.	Bin D, Shafter	489,641	Camp & Lachenmaier	Bin D, Shafter	55,886
Guimarra Vineyard Corp.	Box 1969, Bakersfield	250,802	Barling Bros.	640 G St, Wasco	55,830
Ridgeside Farms	Bakersfield Sav & Ln Bldg., Bakersfield	213,384	Joe Freitas, Jr.	R.R. 2, Box 89, Bakersfield	53,381
Houchin Bros. Farming	Box 493, Buttonwillow	204,254	Garone Bros.	1005 E. Hoskins Rd., Bakersfield	53,047
W. B. Camp & Sons	P.O. Box 2028, Bakersfield	199,315			
Kern County—Continued			Kern County—Continued		
Barnard Bros.	2902 Kingsley Lane, Bakersfield	\$52,645	Porter Land Co.	Box 393, Bakersfield	52,413
Tejon Potato Co.	P.O. Box 655, Arvin	49,794	Little & Hanes	P.O. Box 795, Wasco	49,634
Johnston Farms	P.O. Box 65, Edison	49,518	Scarone Bros.	R.R. 1, Box 640, Arvin	48,666
Claude Botkin Co., Inc.	P.O. Box 162, Arvin	48,045	D. C. Crawford & Son	1856 First St., Wasco	47,182
W. A. Kirschenmann	4800 Greenbrier Court, Bakersfield	46,846	Gal-Co Farms	Rt. 2 Box 450, Bakersfield	45,795
Stoller Bros., Inc.	1813 Chevy Chase Dr., Bakersfield	45,708	Patterson & Hale	3105 Alta Vista Dr., Bakersfield	45,630
Livi Palla	R.R. 3, Box 517, Bakersfield	45,369	Delfino & Luchetti Farms	P.O. Box 128, Buttonwillow	45,109
Angel & Eugene Fanucchi	R.R. 3, Box 1022, Bakersfield	45,030	Elo & Vido Fabbri	Box 523, Pond	44,833
R. B. Tucker	400 Campus Ave., Arvin	44,675	Bill L. Gibson	2318 Silver Dr., Bakersfield	44,096
Cammon Bros.	330 South Garnsey Ave., Bakersfield	44,060	M. B. McFarland & Sons	Box 1458, McFarland	43,995
E. L. Goodspeed	Box 206, Buttonwillow	43,558	Mike Hankins	331 Village Ave., Shafter	43,357
Bruno Baggiani & Lido Isola	Box 57, Buttonwillow	43,338	Kirschenmann Farms	608 Kentucky St., Bksfld.	43,205
Maple Leaf Farms	Bin E, Wasco	43,102	Haddad & Barling	640 G St., Wasco	42,871
R. A. Jacobsen	P.O. Box 605, Shafter, Bakersfield	42,795	Jimmie Icardo	1415 18th St., Rm. 310, Bakersfield	42,164
Weidenbach Bros.	357 Atlantic Ave., Shafter	14,937	Enbe Ranch	400 Central Valley Hwy., Shafter	41,902
Banducci & Son	R.R. 1, Box 85, Buttonwillow	41,416	K. Malofy & Son	30592 Merced Ave., Shafter	40,967
Torigiani Farms	P.O. Box 483, Buttonwillow	40,726	Sandrini Bros.	R.R. 1, Box 362, McFarland	40,725
H. Miller Tr.	c/o Vernon Chinn, R.R. 3, Box 8931, Bakersfield	40,648	R. H. Garlow Farms	P.O. Box 63, Bakersfield	40,494
Chase & Harmon Farms	Box 422, Arvin	40,452	John Kovacevich	Bin 488, Arvin	40,395
Russell Bros.	Box 506, Pond	40,375	Woods Stone	Box 592, Wasco	40,179
Bonanza Farms	2612 Elm St., Bakersfield	39,889	J. L. Billington	R.R. 1, Box 578, Wasco	39,842
A. Haddad & Sons Farm, Inc.	160 Ventura, Encino	39,148	D & R Farms	29389 Fresno Ave., Shafter	38,941
C. A. Sanders	2331 Brite St., Bakersfield	38,939	Carter Farms	304 Perkins Ave., McFarland	38,929
V & C Farms	R.R. 2, Box 380, Bakersfield	38,543	Pandol & Sons	R.R. 2, Box 388, Delano	38,097
Tazioli & Son	Box 162, Buttonwillow	37,964	Joe G. Fanucchi & Sons	R.R. 2, Box 318, Bakersfield	37,905
Melvin McConnell Farms	P.O. Box M, Wasco	37,799	Floyd Billington	2911 Chester Ave., Bakersfield	37,443
Shafer Wasco Invest. Co.	P.O. Box 606, Shafter	37,321	Joseph J. Trino	P.O. Box 6278, Bakersfield	37,311
Howard Frick	R.R. Box 437, Bakersfield	37,151	Russell J. Ogrady	2724 Driller Ave., Bakersfield	37,015
Standard Oil Co.	Box 5278, Oildale	36,230	L. A. Grant & Sons	Bin V, Wasco	35,989
Tollie Barton	R.R. 3, Box 1059, Bakersfield	35,455	W. D. Henry	Star R.R. Box 99, Wasco	35,241
D. & B. Moore	3712 Claremont Dr., Bakersfield	34,727			

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

CALIFORNIA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Kern County—Continued</b>		
Robert T. Johnson	1902 Niles St., Bakersfield.	34,432
B F B Farms	R.R. 4, Box 396, Bakersfield.	34,290
M. Parker	3618 Elcia Dr., Bakersfield.	34,255
Costa Farms	10101 S. Union, Bakersfield.	34,238
Toretta Farms	R.R. 1, Box 565, Buttonwillow.	34,154
J. E. Siemens	29550 Merced Ave., Shafter.	34,112
C. Valpredo	R.R. 2, Box 468, Bakersfield.	34,001
Jack G. Thomson	R.R. 1, Box 183, Bakersfield.	33,968
A. Palla	2323 Beech St., Bakersfield.	33,747
F. Palla	R.R. 1, Box 102, Buttonwillow.	33,492
Alina Farms	R.R. 1, Box 292, McFarland.	33,475
Rancho Trio	2465 Pine St., Bakersfield.	33,298
Allen Bottoff	P.O. Box 266, Buttonwillow.	33,167
A. Perelli Minetti & Sons	Box 818, Delano.	33,413
D. M. Steele & Son, Inc.	R.R. 1, Box 1100, Delano.	33,026
Merkel & Neufeld	1941 Jubilee Dr., Wasco.	32,655
Hillside Farms	212 Sill Bldg., Bakersfield.	32,642
O. Torigiani Farm	Box 545, Buttonwillow.	32,458
Sam Andrews Sons	401 W. 5th St., Holtville.	31,511
Crettol Farms	1923 Sunset, Wasco.	31,408
Torigiani Bros	P.O. Box 223, Buttonwillow.	31,259
V. C. McLain Est.	1420 7th St., Wasco.	31,216
C. G. Muzinich	R.R. 2, Box 558A, Bakersfield.	31,168
G. H. Baumgardt	933 Princeton Ave., Bakersfield.	31,151
Deno Fanucchi	R.R. 1, Box 79, Buttonwillow.	31,010
Banducci Farms	R.R. 3, Box 1103, Bakersfield.	30,967
Freeborn Bros	R.R. 1, Box 51, Buttonwillow.	30,427
Scott J. Hodges	20 Panorama Gardens, Bakersfield.	30,310
Ted Visser & Son	Star R.R. Box 102, Wasco.	30,171
Triple J Farms, Inc.	4018 Stockdale Hwy., Bakersfield.	30,129
Double L Farms	R.R. 1, Box 315, Arvin.	30,043
Mahoney & Mahoney	R.R. 6, Box 241, Bakersfield.	29,952
W. B. Camp, Jr., Inc.	R.R. 1, Box 500, Bakersfield.	29,663
Beck & Sons	R.R. 2, Box 225, Delano.	29,549
F. W. Handel Farm Co.	Box 695, Shafter.	29,409
Romanini Bros	R.R. 1, Box 90, Buttonwillow.	29,360
L. M. Betti	P. O. Box 203, Buttonwillow.	29,298
Clare Rexroth	R.R. 1, Box 112, McFarland.	29,245
Lester Neufeld & Son	P.O. Box N, Wasco.	28,955
Campeo Farming Co.	Bin D, Shafter.	28,712
K & P Farms, Inc.	Box 147, Edison.	28,509
P. N. Jeffries	Bin B, Shafter.	28,192
Pomeroy & Jewett	2201 F St., Bakersfield.	28,094
W. S. Kimmel	12520 Jasmine Ave., Bakersfield.	28,078
E. Neuman	P.O. Box 1506, Shafter.	27,969
Meadow Gold Farms	R.R. 3, Box 405, Bakersfield.	27,966
O. D. Handel & Son	413 Central Ave., Shafter.	27,908
David B. Jackson	1500 Sunset St., Wasco.	27,804
Lowrimore & Wood	R.R. 1, Box 353, Wasco.	27,793
W. Carabajal	R.R. 1, Box 1186, Delano.	27,785
Precie Farms	R.R. 1, Box 166, McFarland.	27,552
W. P. Romero	R.R. 3, Box 430, Bakersfield.	27,512
Eugene Black	R.R. 1, Box 382, McFarland.	27,341
Frank C. Bury	P.O. Box 1911, Bakersfield.	27,155
Guido Romanini	R.R. 1, Box 90 A, Buttonwillow.	26,948
A. Neufeld Farms	1740 Locust Ravine, Bakersfield.	26,572

CALIFORNIA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Kern County—Continued</b>		
Pete Romanini Farms	R.R. 1, Box 89, A. Buttonwillow.	\$26,562
Geo Noroian	P.O. Box 61, Del Kern Sta., Bakersfield.	26,491
Fox & Williams Farms	P.O. Box 1446, Shafter.	26,474
L. C. Kreim	1009 Kensington, Delano.	26,085
Dale Snel	R.R. 1, Box 149, McFarland.	25,346
SO Lake Ranch	R.R. 3, Box 959, Bakersfield.	25,176
M. L. Stephens	Rt. 1, Box 84, McFarland.	25,102
Destefani Farms, Inc.	R.R. 7, Box 502, Bakersfield.	25,094
Edwin J. Neufeld	4231 Country Club, Bakersfield.	25,047
<b>Total payees in county, 194.</b>		<b>12,024,795</b>
<b>Kings County:</b>		
J. G. Boswell Co.	P.O. Box 877, Corcoran.	3,010,042
South Lake Farms	P.O. Box 848, Corcoran.	1,177,320
Salyer Land Co.	P.O. Box 488, Corcoran.	786,459
Westlake Farms	23311 Newton Ave., Stratford.	341,797
Vernon L. Thomas, Inc.	P.O. Box 8, Huron.	339,863
Gilkey Farms Inc.	P.O. Box 426, Corcoran.	237,803
West Haven Farming Co.	24487 Road 140, Tulare.	170,674
J. G. Stone Land Co.	Box 146, Stratford.	158,587
Boylett Farming	P.O. Box 386, Corcoran.	121,972
Borba Bros.	5521 22nd Ave., Riverdale.	119,575
R. A. Rowan & Co.	20630 19th Ave., Stratford.	111,205
H. L. Yocum & Sons	17801 10th Ave., Hanford.	102,115
Schwartz Farms Inc.	21451 20th Ave., Stratford.	89,337
Jones Farms	Box 275, Stratford.	84,162
Peterson Farms	Box 877, Corcoran.	81,869
G. W. Nickel, Jr.	Drawer D, Wasco.	74,993
Newton Brothers	P.O. Box 117, Stratford.	74,526
Wesley Hansen	P.O. Box 995, Corcoran.	70,886
Lone Oak Ranch	Box 386, Corcoran.	66,422
P. W. Boswell, Jr.	700 Whitley Ave., Corcoran.	64,001
P. Hansen Ranch	P.O. Box 295, Corcoran.	63,410
Harp & Hansen	P.O. Box 295, Corcoran.	60,961
R. S. Barlow	P.O. Box 220, Lemoore.	55,712
S. P. Land Co.	65 Market St., San Francisco.	54,917
Murray Farms, Inc.	P. O. Box 171, Hanford.	52,244
South Fork Ranch, Inc.	10122 21 1/2 Ave., Lemoore.	51,036
Avila Bros. J. L. C.	4470 11th Ave, Hanford.	50,567
Verburg Brothers	12778 HFD—Armona Rd., Hanford.	45,023
Inco Farms, Inc.	P.O. Box 185, Bonsall.	40,449
L. E. Culp d.b.a. Culp Ranches.	405 College, Coalinga.	39,357
Couture Farms	P.O. Box 38, Huron.	37,054
R. Gonsalves	11744 2nd Ave., Hanford.	34,683
Eastside Farms	21451 20th Ave., Stratford.	34,364
Wedderburn Bros	210 Fox St., Lemoore.	32,853
Ralph Marshall	1330 N. Douty, Hanford.	32,319
James & Paul Avila	15836 Lacey Blvd., Lemoore.	29,117
Basin Farms, Inc.	P. O. Box 448, Corcoran.	27,468
Double O Ranch	23626 Fairfax Ave., Lemoore.	27,355
Dunlop Farms	Box 427, Corcoran.	27,095
S. L. Newton, d.b.a. Newton Farms.	Box 133, Stratford.	26,616
C. Elmer Spafford	12 Byron Dr., Lemoore.	26,259
Fagundes Bros	8576 Fargo Ave., Hanford.	25,945
W. J. Badasci	883 Lemoore Ave., Lemoore.	25,792
Costa & Quintel, Inc.	7705 18th Ave., Lemoore.	25,679
Tule Ranch Apts	P.O. Box 685, Corcoran.	25,447
John Hild	6865 Kansas Ave., Hanford.	25,418
<b>Total payees in county, 46.</b>		<b>8,254,748</b>
<b>Los Angeles County:</b>		
John Fuson	P.O. Box 875, Lebec.	47,114
Godde & Ritter	666 W. Ave. I, Lancaster.	34,182
<b>Total payees in county, 2.</b>		<b>81,296</b>

CALIFORNIA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Madera County:</b>		
Newhall Land & Farming	10302 Ave. 7 1/2, Firebaugh.	\$234,432
Dave Mendrin & Sons	23448 Ave. 5, Madera.	217,463
Schuh Bros	377 Circle Dr., Chowchilla.	111,287
Chiarelli Ranches	10651 Rd. 25, Madera.	88,312
Hooper Farms, Inc.	4823 Ave. 24, Chowchilla.	84,794
Red Top Ranch	P.O. Box 1, Red Top.	71,984
W. L. Nesmith	27765 Ave. 15 1/2, Madera.	57,628
Baker Brothers	20376 Rd. 11, Chowchilla.	50,104
Johnny Deniz	19594 Ave. 17, Madera.	46,374
El Peco Ranch	10462 Rd. 21, Madera.	44,757
A. K. Baker	164 No. Park Drive, Madera.	40,635
Frank J. Martin	5152 Rd 28, Madera.	40,557
Burkhardt Farms	P. O. Box 6, Firebaugh.	40,431
Sherman Thomas	25808 Ave. 11, Madera.	39,714
Bill G. Clay	21626 Robertson Blvd., Chowchilla.	38,594
H-M Farming Company	7765 Ave. 22, Chowchilla.	38,202
Triangle T Ranch	4408 Hays Dr., Chowchilla.	37,370
Logoluso Farms	7567 Rd 28, Madera.	37,061
Larry Chapman	22449 Rd. 9, Chowchilla.	36,772
Red Top Cotton Growers	P.O. Box 25, Red Top.	34,551
Richard Maddalena	10616 Ave. 22 1/2, Chowchilla.	33,425
Forrest Clayton	P.O. Box 116 El Nido.	32,882
D. B. Hope	105 Spring Way, Madera.	31,714
Howard Glantz	15576 Rd. 19, Madera.	31,258
Fred Toschi	13630 Rd. 25, Madera.	30,317
George Andrews	4844 Rd 19, Madera.	28,620
John L. Van Curen	13196 Ave. 23 1/2, Chowchilla.	28,142
Claud Clayton & Sons	4831 Hwy. 152, Chowchilla.	27,344
Ben Curutchet	18465 Ave. 21, Chowchilla.	27,175
<b>Total payees in county, 29.</b>		<b>1,661,899</b>
<b>Merced County:</b>		
Sam Hamburg Farms	P.O. Box 547, Los Banos.	170,531
Wolfsen Land and Cattle	Box 311, Los Banos.	129,345
Bowles Farming Co.	11609 S. Hereford, Los Banos.	76,889
San Juan Ranching Co.	Rt. 1 Box 171 B, Dos Palos.	68,407
Lindemann Farms, Inc.	1420 11th St., Los Banos.	55,858
Carl V. Grissom	6863 S. Plainsburg Rd., Le Grand.	40,734
Edward E. Thiel	6565 So. Holbrook Rd., Le Grand.	40,685
Brights Nursery	5246 Plainsburg, Le Grand.	39,316
Santa Rita Ranch Co.	Rt. 1 Box 164, Dos Palos.	33,717
Vernon Porter	Rt. 2 Box 203H, Dos Palos.	33,326
Sorg Bros	2502 Linden, Dos Palos.	33,307
Findley M. Upton	P.O. Box 506, Chowchilla.	32,704
J. A. Clay	4444 Ave. 24, Chowchilla.	31,410
Norman Vogt	Rt. 1, Box 168 C, Dos Palos.	30,912
Woo Bros	Rt. 1, Box 3051, Los Banos.	30,656
Emory Obanion	P. O. Box 127, Dos Palos.	28,075
Cozzi Bros	R.R. 1, Box 90, Dos Palos.	27,885
Bisignani Bros	13816 W. Bisignani Rd., Los Banos.	27,424
Roy Martinelli	Rt. 1, Box 177, Dos Palos.	25,141
<b>Total payees in county, 19.</b>		<b>956,322</b>
<b>Riverside County:</b>		
Wilco Produce	Box 1179, Blythe.	282,148
Riverview Farm & Cattle	500 N. Broadway, Blythe.	279,733
Clarence Robinson	P.O. Box 1064, Blythe.	117,323
Kennedy Bros	79700 Ave 54, Indio.	112,121
John Norton Farms	P.O. Box 1000, Blythe.	110,685
Scott & Knappenberger	Rt. 2, Box 180, Blythe.	74,721
Rummonds Bros. Ranches.	Rt. 1, Box 726, Thermal.	72,266
Delta Ranches, Inc.	P.O. Box 211, Blythe.	67,787
Pi-land & Cattle Co.	Rt. 2, Box 368, Blythe.	61,050
Sunrise Farms	P.O. Drawer 5, Blythe.	51,494

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

CALIFORNIA—Continued		
County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Riverside County—Continued</b>		
Fisher Ranch	Rt. 2, Box 302, Blythe	\$51,264
Schindler Bros	Box 215, Ripley	50,464
George Arakelian	P.O. Box 656, Blythe	48,582
W. K. Kenworthy	301 East Chanslorway, Blythe	44,646
E. C. Apodac	Box 1570, Indio	42,488
High & Mighty Farms	P.O. Drawer A0, Blythe	42,148
Lawrence Chaffin	Box 187, Boythe	41,728
Joe H. Ulmer	Rt. 2, Box 135, Blythe	41,514
E. O. Ehlers	P.O. Box 68, Blythe	41,097
J. & R. Enterprises	411 N. 2d St., Blythe	40,993
Verne Wuertz	P.O. Box 75, Ripley	39,881
Harboe-Ensley	P.O. Drawer 1787, Indio	39,758
Dale Hull	Rt. 2, Box 210, Blythe	34,950
Sam Keqseyan	P.O. Box 238, Coachella	29,860
G. & S. Farms	81-291 Ave. 42, Indio	29,281
Bud Antle, Inc.	P.O. Box 68, Redrock, Ariz.	29,180
Hanna Farms, Inc.	Box H, Blythe	28,626
Harold Horton	Rt. 1, Box 460, Blythe	27,999
Peter Rabbit Farms	P.O. Box 96, Coachella	26,644
Total payees in county, 29		1,960,431
<b>San Joaquin County:</b>		
M and T Inc.	P.O. Box 408, Walnut Grove	35,926
River Investment Co.	Box 325, Walnut Grove	30,249
Total payees in county, 2		66,175
<b>San Luis Obispo County:</b>		
Jackson & Reinert	P.O. Box 1107, Paso Robles	43,032
John J. Pond	Box 157, Shandon	31,437
Grayson Owen Co.	Star R Box 91, Santa Margarita	29,482
Miller Brothers	Shandon Star Rt., Paso Robles	27,837
Total payees in county, 4		131,788
<b>Santa Barbara County:</b>		
R. L. Calhoun	P.O. Box 1336, Taft	43,081
Total payees in county, 1		43,081
<b>Solano County:</b>		
Moore Bros	R.R. 2 Box 64, Lincoln	29,742
Peter Cook, Jr.	P.O. Box 785, Rio Vista	29,456
Total payees in county, 2		59,198
<b>Tulare County:</b>		
C. J. Shannon & Sons	24487 Rd. 140, Tulare	212,671
Roberts Farms, Inc.	15366 Rd. 192, Porterville	136,215
Nichols Farms	13762 1st Ave., Hanford	130,783
John Valov	18275 Rd. 28, Tulare	117,934
Shuklian Bros., Inc.	26591 Hwy. 99, Tulare	108,641
F. J. McCarthy & Sons	Box 1138, Tulare	105,394
G. L. Pratt	31599 Rd. 132, Visalia	104,148
Roy D. Murray	Rt. 1 Box 3, Earlimart	90,140
Don & Vern Thiessen	Rt. 1 Box 432A, Kingsburg	82,423
Correia Brothers	6401 Avenue 296, Visalia	69,511
E. W. Merritt Farms	11188 Rd. 192, Porterville	67,032
Panetta & Loftis	12771 Rd. 112, Tipton	61,252
Morris Stuhaan	29001 Rd. 48, Visalia	60,306
Marion Harris	20421 Rd. 44, Tulare	59,762
R. E. Smith & Sons	P.O. Box 45, Pixley	59,242
Jack Phillips	P.O. Box 548, Delano	58,883
Glenn Schott & Sons	14565 Ave. 120, Pixley	57,522
R. A. Hildebrand	340 SIII Building, Bakersfield	56,992
Doe Cattle & Land Co.	P.O. Box 401, Visalia	56,311
A. E. Panetta Farms	12771 Rd. 112, Tipton	55,418
E. Batsch	18384 Ave. 200, Strathmore	53,749
J. D. Andreas & Sons	Rt. 1 Box 855, Delano	52,295
M. Curti & Sons	P.O. Box 158, Waukena	51,643
Mitchellinda Ranches	P.O. Box 145, Alpaugh	50,807
G. E. Paxton	25248 Rd. 140, Tulare	49,189
T. V. Cardoza & Sons	19505 Road 68, Tulare	48,198

CALIFORNIA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Tulare County—Continued</b>		
Bill White	10769 Ave. 96, Pixley	\$47,143
Menezes Bros	6010 Ave. 184, Tulare	46,830
Atilio Belezouli	P.O. Box 94, Tipton	46,327
L. W. Turk	16382 Ave. 152, Tipton	46,226
Manuel Torrez	17183 Road 80, Tulare	45,768
Rogers Farming Co.	P.O. Box 348, Pville	44,642
Richard Berry & Sons	37955 Rd. 132, Cutler	43,751
Hochuli Bros	17929 Ave. 96, Terra Bella	42,151
Baker Bros	18371 Ave. 40, Earlimart	41,902
Andy Wheat	P.O. Box 277, Corcoran	41,559
C & W Ranches	21890 Road 140, Tulare	40,670
Galbraith Brothers	15785 Avenue 152, Tipton	39,918
Edgar Schieler & Sons	Rt. 1, Box 191, Terra Bella	37,751
Doyle Ritchie	226 Carl Drive, Visalia	37,253
S. K. Ranch	12021 Ave 328, Visalia	36,902
Sherman Land & Cattle Co.	260 No. L St., Tulare	36,319
Carl & Paul Shannon	25705 Rd. 140, Visalia	36,297
Glenn Newsom	P.O. Box 647, Pixley	36,194
Melvin Miller	7998 Ave. 272, Visalia	36,127
Edward L. Irwin	1727 E. Bardsley Road, Tulare	35,158
J. R. Morehead	P.O. Box 798, Pixley	34,577
Tarheel Ranch	578 W. Fairhaven Ave., Porterville	34,472
Nagatani Farms	Rt. 1, Box 885, Delano	34,471
J. J. and Joe Aguiar	37210 Road 36, Kingsburg	34,374
Lapadula Farms	12412 Road 124, Pixley	34,367
Vernon Hutsell	20600 Road 36, Tulare	32,945
Guthrie Farming Co.	20210 Ave. 176, Pville	32,709
Dick Anderson	3197 Avenue 232, Tulare	32,116
Wm. H. Rogers	P.O. Box 413, Tipton	31,525
C. J. Ritchie	2800 N. Akers Rd., Visalia	31,325
Lawrence Taylor	39390 Road 116, Cutler	30,698
Richard Stuhaan	4414 Ave. 296, Visalia	30,552
Benson Brothers	9160 Avenue 184, Tulare	30,335
Joe W. Ramos	12385 Road 96, Tipton	30,266
Earl Royer	19011 Road 196, Strathmore	30,197
Fisher Bros	963 Terrace Park, Tulare	30,081
W. L. Kiggins	P.O. Box 246, Earlimart	29,911
Robert Taggart	4083 Ave. 216, Tulare	29,571
Mary Rocha	21207 Road 60, Tulare	29,414
Wayne Murray	1847 Ave. 144, Corcoran	29,089
Robert F. Bowman	3142 Ave. 136, Corcoran	29,050
James A. Gordon	16734 Ave. 192, Strathmore	28,408
Hash Nursery	34319 Road 112, Visalia	28,392
Onel C. Jackson	Rt. 1 Box 112, Earlimart	28,341
Clyde Quillin, Jr.	12667 Road 96, Tipton	28,224
A. T. & J. R. Villard	1406 Main St., Delano	28,173
J. X. Bettencourt	P.O. Box 212, Tipton	28,064
S. K. Warkentin	5936 Ave. 392, Dinuba	27,874
Clark Bros	7078 Ave. 240, Tulare	27,562
Sam W. Bell	708 Vassar Ave., Delano	27,285
Overholt Brothers	17787 Ave. 152, Pville	27,162
Don Eisner	17024 Avenue 192, Strathmore	26,613
Donald Bergantz	3474 W. Prosperity, Tulare	26,568
Geo. Shannon	15930 Ave. 240, Tulare	26,536
Coy M. Daffern	5482 Avenue 252, Tulare	25,940
Harvey Lauritzen	2680 West Pleasant, Tulare	25,728
Hank Anderson	22593 Road 28, Tulare	25,469
Watte Brothers	20189 Rd. 52, Tulare	25,422
Toomey Brothers	P.O. Box 213, Visalia	25,187
Louie F. Morris	P.O. Box 412, Alpaugh	25,054
Total payees in county, 86		4,049,395
<b>Yolo County:</b>		
C. Bruce Mace Ranch, Inc.	Box 190, Davis	59,765
Layton Knaggs	Box 970, Woodland	39,068
Heidrick Farms, Inc.	Rt. 1 Box 1215, Woodland	37,306
Kirtian Bros	Rt. 1 Box 42, Clarksburg	35,960
E. L. Wallace	Rt. 2 Box 360, Woodland	28,528
Total payees in county, 5		200,627
Total payees in State, 624		47,163,276

COLORADO

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Adams County:</b>		
Kalcevic Farms Inc.	19 Del Mar Cr, Aurora	\$54,984
Monaghan Farms Inc.	Box 358, Commerce City	49,310
Box Elder Farms Co.	Equitable Bldg, Denver	39,426
Total payees in county, 3		143,720
<b>Arapahoe County:</b>		
Tom Bradbury	990 Ridge Road, Littleton	25,168
Total payees in county, 1		25,168
<b>Baca County:</b>		
T. F. Arbutnot	Box 296, Springfield	53,562
William Greathouse	Walsh	39,826
Samuel Thompson	do	39,404
Russell Loffin	91 Circle Dr., La Junta	38,270
C. V. Cogburn	Care of Arden Cogburn, Walsh	37,510
Bernard Neill	South R.R., Springfield	35,557
Homscher Farms and Ranches	724 Tipton, Springfield	28,873
Wayne Orebrough	Two Buttes	28,163
Lewis Robbins	Walsh	27,315
Total payees in county, 9		328,480
<b>Bent County:</b>		
Grover Swift	Rt. 4, Las Animas	47,478
Jake Broyles	R.R. 2, Box 126, Lamar	37,073
George C. Camilli	R.R. 4, Las Animas	35,104
Spady Brothers	R.R. 2, Las Animas	26,711
Raymond J. Oberlander	Box 282, Las Animas	26,059
Total payees in county, 5		172,425
<b>Cheyenne County:</b>		
John Kriss	Colby, Kans.	58,989
Jeanne L. James	Burlington	37,687
August Kern & Sons	Cheyenne Wells	30,156
Henry Funk	Arapahoe	29,176
J. A. Watson	Sublette, Kans.	28,910
Archie M. Lowe & Sons	Cheyenne Wells	26,823
Dale Mitchek	Cheyenne Wells	25,546
Total payees in county, 7		237,287
<b>Huerfano County:</b>		
Dale Davis	La Veta	25,000
Total payees in county, 1		25,000
<b>Kiowa County:</b>		
Olive W. Garvey	% Garvey Farms Montgomery County, Colby, Kans.	86,851
Stum & Schuler	Towner	45,482
Harold Wyckoff	Arlington	39,537
Ruth G. Fink	% Garvey Farms, Montgomery County, Colby, Kans.	35,689
John A. Stavelly	Haswell	34,921
George A. Jacobs	Eads	33,787
C. W. Schwerdfeger	Syracuse, Kans.	31,877
Edwin Negley	Eads	31,698
M. E. Templar	Eads	30,707
Woolfolk Grain Company	Towner	28,462
W. Harold Tuttle	Towner	27,746
Gene Schwerdfeger	Coolidge, Kans.	26,348
Wayne E. Tallman Farms Co.	Brandon	26,304
Total payees in county, 13		479,249
<b>Kit Carson County:</b>		
Baughman Farms, Inc.	Liberal, Kans.	276,500
Delmer Zwegygart	Burlington	112,690
Penny Ranch	Burlington	52,690
Leonard Feldhausen	Burlington	51,475
Wm. E. Colwell	Hay Springs, Nebr.	45,443
Hinkhouse Bros	Burlington	44,880
Dannie Weaver	Burlington	38,060
Reed Ranches	Burlington	36,267
Marvin Grusing	Burlington	35,828
Russell Scott	Burlington	35,011
Orville Chapin	Burlington	34,338
Iron Mueller, Inc.	Bird City, Kans.	33,257
Dale D. Hanna	Burlington	32,881
Raymond Thomas Downey	Stratton	32,353
Q. G. Demmitt	Meade, Kans.	32,166
Wm. A. Davis & Sons	Goodland, Kans.	31,837
Francis McCaffrey, Sr.	Flagler	31,305

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

COLORADO—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Kit Carson County—Continued</b>		
C. E. McCartney	Burlington	\$31,036
Rex Hitchcock	do	30,174
Warren Hodge	do	29,510
George Andrews	do	28,685
John R. Zurcher	Stratton	27,951
Geiken & Hargrove	Seibert	27,455
Ernest Pottorff	Stratton	26,152
Herman Ridder	Burlington	25,111
Total payees in county, 25.		1,183,055
<b>Las Animas County:</b>		
John T. Oxley	Enterprise Bldg., Tulsack	34,136
Total payees in county, 1.		34,136
<b>Logan County:</b>		
Wood Land Co.	% Philip Hellman, Haxtun	30,480
Total payees in county, 1.		30,480
<b>Phillips County:</b>		
Sprague Bros.	Holyoke	27,839
Total payees in county, 1.		27,839
<b>Prowers County:</b>		
X Y Ranch Co.	% Ray Jameson, Granada	65,373
Reyher Farms	% Herb Reyher, president, McClave	61,178
Howard A. Ragsdale	Box 510, Lamar	49,514
C. E. Willhite	Box 546, Holly	46,586
L. W. Bailey	Manter, Kans.	46,318
C. H. Fletcher	Box 11, Lyncan	42,878
Jack Herrin	R.R. 3, Box 83, Lamar	37,838
C. Hart Farms, Inc.	% Clifford Hart, Holly	36,685
J. Willhite and Son	Box 546, Holly	35,891
Gene and Claude Hammit	Box 653, Holly	32,027
Eugene Rundell	Box 796, Lamar	30,961
C. A. Barth and Robert Barth	Box 455, Holly	30,766
J. Marvin Willhite	Box 216, Holly	30,414
Creamer Ranch	R.R. 3, Box 97, Lamar	27,733
Curtis Duval	Star Route, Granada	26,966
Lamar Farms	31 Cedar Hills, Lamar	25,326
Total payees in county, 16.		626,454
<b>Sedgwick County:</b>		
Wm. Stretesky	Julesburg	33,666
Total payees in county, 1.		33,666
<b>Washington County:</b>		
Alfred Ward and Son	Akron	35,202
Andrew Blake	Woodrow	32,359
V. V. Davie	501 Main, Akron	27,052
Floyd Starlin	Henry Rt. Akron	26,381
R. G. Weninger	Akron	25,591
Total payees in county, 5.		146,585
<b>Weld County:</b>		
Jean Eichheim	Nunn	45,668
Lyle V. Cooksey	Roggen	27,826
Total payees in county, 2.		73,494
Total payees in State, 91.		3,567,038
<b>FLORIDA</b>		
<b>Jefferson County:</b>		
Pinckney Hill Plantation	Box 219, Monticello	37,459
Total payees in county, 1.		37,459
<b>Santa Rosa County:</b>		
J. E. Golden	Rt. 1, Jay	39,765
Lem Strickland	Rt. 3, Brewton	30,260

FLORIDA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Santa Rosa County—Continued</b>		
J. W. Baldree	Rt. 2, Jay	\$29,323
Total payees in county, 3.		99,348
Total payees in State, 4.		136,807
<b>GEORGIA</b>		
<b>Baker County:</b>		
Newberry Angus Farms, Inc.	R.R. 3, Colquitt	\$33,214
Total payees in county, 1.		33,214
<b>Bartow County:</b>		
J. C. Evans	R.R. 1, White	52,589
W. P. Lanier	Taylorville	43,469
Smith Gin Co.	Cartersville	36,457
H. E. Harris	R.R. 1, Taylorville	33,234
J. M. Maxwell and W. Smith Partnership	R. 1, Rydal	29,257
Glenn Nelson	R.R. 2, Kingston	28,114
Total payees in county, 6.		223,020
<b>Ben Hill County:</b>		
J. H. Dorminy, Jr.	219 S. Main, Fitzgerald	33,038
Total payees in county, 1.		33,038
<b>Brooks County:</b>		
H. R. Crosby	R.R. 1, Pavo	28,801
Total payees in county, 1.		28,801
<b>Bulloch County:</b>		
H. S. Blich and Son	R.R. 4, Statesboro	42,222
Total payees in county, 1.		42,222
<b>Burke County:</b>		
Roy Barefield	Alexander	71,643
B. G. Collins	Waynesboro	52,549
Quinton Rogers	Waynesboro	51,358
Kitchen and Land	Gough	45,381
T. R. Rowland	Vi-dette	43,459
Eliz O. Barefield	Alexander	41,265
Paul Shivers	Rt. 3, Louisville	40,546
R. L. Webster	Rt. 1 Box 115, Waynesboro	37,312
H. W. Mobley	R. 1 Box 1, Waynesboro	35,172
J. H. Rowland	Midville	34,677
A. H. Sandeford	Midville	33,732
Frank C Griffin	Rt. 1, Waynesboro	33,524
T. W. and R. W. Mobley	Waynesboro	32,774
James Beall	P.O. Box, Waynesboro	31,632
Percy Dixon	Girard	29,492
Farris L. Wren	Rt. 3, Louisville	28,057
Lamar Prescott	Rt. 3 Box 36, Waynesboro	26,862
J. B. Walden	Gough	25,089
Porter W Carswell	Rt. 3 Box 124, Waynesboro	25,030
Total payees in county, 19.		719,554
<b>Calhoun County:</b>		
R. M. Jordan	Leary	26,593
J. S. Cowart Jr.	Arlington	25,928
Total payees in county, 2.		52,521
<b>Candler County:</b>		
M. J. Bowen	Metter	28,882
<b>Colquitt County:</b>		
Samuel F Brewer	Box 67, Moultrie	28,596
Joe Parker	Doerun	25,594
Total payees in county, 2.		54,190
<b>Coweta County:</b>		
W. J. Estes	Haralson	46,016
Total payees in county, 1.		46,016
<b>Crisp County:</b>		
Noel Williams	R.R. 1, Cordele	28,517
Total payees in county, 1.		28,517

GEORGIA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Dodge County:</b>		
James J. Mullis	R.R. 1, Chester	\$51,272
Candler Farms	Eastman	38,665
S. A. Rogers	Chester	31,133
Total payees in county, 3.		121,070
<b>Dooly County:</b>		
Asbury Wright	Pinehurst	63,306
Draughon and Griggs	Pinehurst	41,568
RHA McCleskey, Jr.	Pinehurst	40,492
W. R. Jackson, Jr.	Vienna	40,026
Ike Everett	Pinehurst	39,944
R. L. Calhoun	Unadilla	29,118
John S. Williams	Pinehurst	28,737
Eugene McCleskey	Pinehurst	27,871
Madison B. Coley, Jr.	Vienna	26,249
L. L. Minor, Sr.	Butler	26,028
Olen J. Burton	Vienna	25,854
Warren Taylor	Byromville	25,596
Total payees in county, 12.		414,969
<b>Early County:</b>		
Singletary Farms	263 N. Main St., Blakely	53,238
Leonard White	R.R. 1, Blakeley	28,776
Total payees in county, 2.		82,014
<b>Emanuel County:</b>		
Frank Flanders	Swainsboro	49,900
D. E. Brown	Garfield	26,966
Total payees in county, 2.		76,866
<b>Gordon County:</b>		
Moss Land Co.	P.O. Box 204, Calhoun	41,642
Total payees in county, 1.		41,642
<b>Hart County:</b>		
Hubert Cheek, Jr.	Bowersville	81,212
Willis Bond	R.R. 1, Canon	30,310
Total payees in county, 2.		111,522
<b>Henry County:</b>		
Grover A. Walls	Hampton	30,684
Total payees in county, 1.		30,684
<b>Houston County:</b>		
Charlie T. Kersay	Elko	56,194
Gunn Farms	Byron	33,494
John E. Richards	263 Candler Dr., Macon	28,093
W. V. Brannen	Unadilla	25,262
Total payees in county, 4.		143,043
<b>Jefferson County:</b>		
Bryants, Inc.	Bartow	62,861
G. C. and Johnny McGahee	Stapleton	45,396
Harry and A. P. Jones	R.R. 3, Louisville	38,127
Judson McNairst	Wrens	37,109
T. B. Kelly Estate	Louisville	34,250
Total payees in county, 5.		217,743
<b>Jenkins County:</b>		
T. L. Black	R.R. 2, Millen	36,583
Wayburn R. Roberts	R.R. 1, Perkins	27,969
Buck Brinson	R.R. 2, Millen	25,762
Total payees in county, 3.		90,314
<b>Johnson County:</b>		
W. R. & J. L. Jackson	C/o J. L. Jackson, Wrightsville	48,472
Newte Jordan	Wrightsville	27,374
Total payees in county, 2.		75,846
<b>Laurens County:</b>		
W. A. Rountree	R.R. 5, Dublin	94,805
W. H. Lovett	Dublin	70,818
Jack Cook	Montrose	31,919
A. L. Parker	R.R. 1, Montrose	27,152
E. B. Claxton, Jr. (Executor estate E. B. Claxton)	Dublin	27,033
H. L. Harper	R.R. 1, Montrose	26,812

## CALENDAR YEAR 1968

## LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

GEORGIA—Continued		
County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Laurens County—Continued</b>		
R. L. Hogan Estate (1st Nat'l Bank Executor)	Macon	\$26,402
Total payees in county, 7		304,941
<b>Macon County:</b>		
Hixon Guest	Oglethorpe	47,240
Mack Ham	R.R. 2, Montezuma	30,414
C. J. Harp, Jr.	Oglethorpe	29,084
Emily H. Harp	Reynolds	25,157
Total payees in county, 4		131,895
<b>Madison County:</b>		
Whitehead Farms	W. J. Patton, mgr., Comer	36,687
Total payees in county, 1		36,687
<b>McDuffie County:</b>		
James E. Harrison	R.R. 5, Thomson	25,102
Total payees in county, 1		25,102
<b>Meriwether County:</b>		
Gay and Keith	Gay	41,264
A. G. Estes Inc.	Gay	29,436
W. R. Arnall	Luthersville	25,657
Total payees in county, 3		96,357
<b>Mitchell County:</b>		
Billy Hatcher	Sale City	36,438
Dan Palmer, Jr.	R.R. 3, Box 295, Camilla	27,332
C. B. Cox	R.R. 1, Box 81, Camilla	26,893
H. G. McGahee	R.R. 4, Box 15D, Camilla	25,733
Total payees in county, 4		116,396
<b>Morgan County:</b>		
D. W. & B. H. Malcom	Bostwick	75,500
Otis Whitlock	Box 113, Bostwick	60,502
Bonny Shepherd	Rutledge	42,598
W. N. Bryans	Newborn	28,996
Total payees in county, 4		207,596
<b>Oconee County:</b>		
Fonnie F. Dickens, Jr.	R.R. 1, Watkinsville	38,124
Joe D. Murrow	P.O. Box 61, Farmington	34,181
Total payees in county, 2		72,305
<b>Oglethorpe County:</b>		
Carl C. Culbertson	Colbert	31,472
Total payees in county, 1		31,472
<b>Pike County:</b>		
R. F. Strickland Co.	Concord	43,451
R. D. Crawford	do	33,624
Total payees in county, 2		77,075
<b>Pulaski County:</b>		
John W. Dawson	R.R. 3, Hawkinsville	63,634
George P. Anderson	Box 276, Hawkinsville	28,840
Total payees in county, 2		92,474
<b>Randolph County:</b>		
Edward Sanders	R.F.D. 3, Cuthbert	39,730
J. R. Curry	Main St., Shellman	35,664
Total payees in county, 2		75,394
<b>Scriven County:</b>		
Millhaven Co.	J. K. Boddiford, manager, R. 1, Sylvania	60,041
G. L. Rouse	702 South Main St., Sylvania	54,941
T. V. Parker	R.R. 1, Rocky Ford	31,298
W. P. Sanders	R.R. 1, Sylvania	27,818
Paul K. Newton	R.R. 4, Box 198, Sylvania	25,309
J. A. Thompson, Jr.	P.O. Box 181, Sylvania	25,299

## GEORGIA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Scriven County—Continued</b>		
L. E. Pryor	R.R. 1, Newington	\$25,291
Total payees in county, 7		249,997
<b>Seminole County:</b>		
Raymond Odum	Iron City	37,256
Total payees in county, 1		37,256
<b>Stewart County:</b>		
W. C. Bradley Co.	P.O. Box 140, Columbus	55,482
M. J. Lane	Omaha	29,988
Total payees in county, 2		85,470
<b>Sumter County:</b>		
T. E. Stephens, Jr.	Cobb	39,069
Harold J. Israel	Smithville	29,438
Gene Reeves	Rt. 1, Americus	29,371
Neill Hodges	Andersonville	26,824
Total payees in county, 4		124,702
<b>Taylor County:</b>		
O. W. Payne, Jr.	Box 466, Reynolds	33,996
Total payees in county, 1		33,996
<b>Telfair County:</b>		
Z. D. Studstill, Jr.	Box 74, Milan	25,821
Total payees in county, 1		25,821
<b>Terrell County:</b>		
W. K. Jones	Johnson St., Dawson	40,073
Wilbur Gamble	R.F.D. 1 Box 57, Dawson	38,400
Don Bridges	R.F.D. 4 Box 285, Dawson	36,582
Hugh Lee	R.F.D. 5 Box 140, Dawson	36,554
Huson Brim	Sasser	33,848
W. B. Johnson	Bronwood	27,392
Total payees in county, 6		212,849
<b>Thomas County:</b>		
L. D. West	Rt. 2, Meigs	29,514
Total payees in county, 1		29,514
<b>Turner County:</b>		
E. G. Pirkle	R.F.D. 1, Sycamore	32,724
Total payees in county, 1		32,724
<b>Warren County:</b>		
Guy H. Shivers, Sr.	Norwood	75,806
Lloyd Langford	R.R. 1, Warrenton	28,429
Harrison Farms	R.R. 5, Thomson	25,692
Total payees in county, 3		129,927
<b>Washington County:</b>		
Eugene Cook	Harrison	37,856
E. B. Price, Jr.	Wrightsville	35,699
L. A. Garrett	Bartow	35,128
Gilmore Bros.	Sandersville	27,243
Total payees in county, 4		135,926
<b>Worth County:</b>		
Taylor Farms	% J. R. Saunders, R.R. 2, Doerun	32,272
Total payees in county, 1		32,272
Total payees in State, 138		5,093,836

## IDAHO

IDAHO—Continued		
County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Bonneville County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
E. Bud Johnson	Ririe	\$45,889
J. R. Hays & Son, Inc.	Box 25, Idaho Falls	38,879
Jess Croft & Son	R.R. 5, Box 116, Idaho Falls	34,283
Thurman Simmons & Sons	Iona	26,565
Elmer N. Jensen	R.R. 1, Box 51A, Idaho Falls	25,168
Total payees in county, 5		170,784
<b>Caribou County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Barker Bros.	Soda Springs	47,517
Total payees in county, 1		47,517
<b>Cassia County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Rivera Farms	c/o G. Grigg, Box 789, Burley	37,350
Hegler Ranch, Inc.	1658 Burton Ave., Burley	35,660
Parr Bros., Inc.	902 H St., Rupert	29,875
Cold Springs Farm	c/o Royden Benson, Newton, Utah	29,132
Raymond H. Johnson	2460 Burton Ave., Burley	28,348
Total payees in county, 5		160,365
<b>Idaho County:</b>		
Green Bros.	923 South B, Grangeville	47,845
Total payees in county, 1		47,845
<b>Jefferson County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Snake River Equipment	Box 780, Idaho Falls	30,644
Total payees in county, 1		30,644
<b>Kootenai County:</b>		
Drechsel Bros.	2021 Penn. Ave., Coeur D'Alene	25,224
Total payees in county, 1		25,224
<b>Latah County:</b>		
Pfaff Bros., Inc.	Garfield, Wash.	41,891
Total payees in county, 1		41,891
<b>Lewis County:</b>		
Joe Lux	Nezperce	29,719
Total payees in county, 1		29,719
<b>Madison County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Seth Wood	166 S. Center, Rexburg	25,857
Total payees in county, 1		25,857
<b>Minidoka County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Vernon B. Clinton	Box 58, Rupert	59,708
Morgan Shillington Farms Co.	Box 535, Rupert	50,712
Total payees in county, 2		110,420
<b>Nez Perce County:</b>		
Wagner Brothers, Inc.	1126 3d Street, Lewiston	68,998
McIntosh and Sons	2034 14th St. Lewiston	64,174
Meacham Land and Cattle Co.	Lapwai	60,471
Stanton Becker Farms	Genesee	32,111
Herndon Farms	Caldesac	30,047
Total payees in county, 5		255,801
<b>Power County:</b>		
Wallace Hayes	Rockland	34,210
Wesley W. Hubbard & Sons, Inc.	Arbon	31,771

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

IDAHO—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Power County—Continued</b>		
Fred G. Mayer & Sons	American Falls 83211	\$25,227
Total payees in county, 3		91,208
<b>Teton County:</b>		
Shayne Linderman	Rexburg	26,213
Total payees in county, 1		26,213
<b>Twin Falls County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
W. B. Savage Ranches	Joe Savage, R.R. 2, Hansen	29,489
W. T. Williams, Inc.	R.R. 2, Twin Falls	27,175
Total payees in county, 2		56,664
Total payees in State, 33		1,208,776

ILLINOIS

<b>Alexander County:</b>		
Dowco Land Co.	432-28th St., Cairo	\$60,655
Eliott Raffety Farms, Inc.	Wyatt, Mo.	37,239
Total payees in county, 2		97,894
<b>Boone County:</b>		
Frank Bullard	R.R. 1, Poplar Grove	25,172
Total payees in county, 1		25,172
<b>Bureau County:</b>		
Ronald Wolf	R.R. 2, Walnut	28,107
Total payees in county, 1		28,107
<b>Cook County:</b>		
Marvin Dunteman	R.R. 2, Box 229, Barrington	43,865
Total payees in county, 1		43,865
<b>De Kalb County:</b>		
O. M. Johnson	Shabbona	39,879
Dean N. Lake	Earlville	27,620
Edward Weaver	Clare	27,230
Total payees in county, 3		94,729
<b>De Witt County:</b>		
C. H. Moore Trust Estate	South Center St., Clinton	92,772
Total payees in county, 1		92,772
<b>Douglas County:</b>		
Ray Wax	Newman	29,232
Total payees in county, 1		29,232
<b>Fulton County:</b>		
Meadowlark Farms	I. H. Reiss, Fisher Bldg., Sullivan, Ind.	96,534
Lowell Wier	R.R. 1, Canton	28,299
Total payees in county, 2		124,833
<b>Gallatin County:</b>		
Pat Scates, Sr.	Shawneetown	44,629
Lawrence Rollman	Shawneetown	27,661
Total payees in county, 2		72,290
<b>Jackson County:</b>		
Roger Novack	2004 Wall St., Murphysboro	26,613
Total payees in county, 1		26,613
<b>Jefferson County:</b>		
C. E. Brehm	P.O. Box 648, Mt. Vernon	27,878
Total payees in county, 1		27,878
<b>Jersey County:</b>		
M. E. Isringhausen	R.R. 4, Jerseyville	36,256
Isringhausen L. C., Inc.	503 Hi View, Jerseyville	30,932
Total payees in county, 2		67,188

ILLINOIS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Kane County:</b>		
Donn W. Lull	Box 327, Sugar Grove	\$38,839
Baert Bros.	Rt. 1 Box 445A, St. Charles	28,840
Lyle Lawson	Rt. 1, Elburn	28,087
John A. Gorenz	Rt. 2, Hampshire	26,888
Total payees in county, 4		122,654
<b>Kankakee County:</b>		
Tallmadge Ranch Inc.	R.R. 1, Momence	83,634
Cote Farms Inc.	St. Anne	40,534
Sunset Farms, Inc.	R.R. 1, Manteno	26,720
Total payees in county, 3		150,888
<b>Knox County:</b>		
James S. Thompson	R.R. 1, Galesburg	32,567
Total payees in county, 1		32,567
<b>Lake County:</b>		
Elza Gwaltney	Box 1411, Gages Lake Rd., Gages Lake	27,958
Tempel Farms	Village of Old Mill Creek, Wadsworth	26,414
Total payees in county, 2		54,372
<b>Lawrence County:</b>		
Earl Minderman	R.R. 2, Lawrenceville	30,318
Total payees in county, 1		30,318
<b>Lee County:</b>		
Martin Ravnaas	R.R. 3, Rochelle	25,322
Total payees in county, 1		25,322
<b>Logan County:</b>		
John L. White	New Holland	27,500
Harold Park	R.R. 3, Lincoln	26,458
Total payees in county, 2		53,958
<b>McHenry County:</b>		
Meyer & Schuring	6105 Meyer Rd., Marengo	35,433
George Raabe	7608 Blissdale Rd., Marengo	25,262
Total payees in county, 2		60,695
<b>Montgomery County:</b>		
W. Darrell Kilton	Litchfield	55,057
Total payees in county, 1		55,057
<b>Morgan County:</b>		
James O. Harris	Alexander	36,241
Total payees in county, 1		36,241
<b>Piatt County:</b>		
Allerton Farm	301 Mumford Hall, Urbana	26,825
Total payees in county, 1		26,825
<b>Randolph County:</b>		
H. F. Herschbach	Doanes, 415 East Main, Belleville	29,147
Total payees in county, 1		29,147
<b>Sangamon County:</b>		
Vincent Braner	Pl. Plains	28,826
Lillie E. Mayfield, Administratrix	C. Mayfield Estate, Sherman	27,271
Dowson Bros., a Partnership	Divernon	27,196
Total payees in county, 3		83,293
<b>White County:</b>		
Frank H. Ackerman	R.R. C, Carmi	28,813
Wilburn Duvall	R.R. 3, Carmi	25,639
Total payees in county, 2		54,452
<b>Whiteside County:</b>		
Rosengren Bros.	R.R. 2, Rock Falls	30,504
William J. Mencarow	1st Nat'l Bank Bldg., Moline	25,608
Total payees in county, 2		56,112
<b>Winnebago County:</b>		
Lester Gummow	Rockton	27,847
Leroy Benson	R.R. 1, Box 100A, Belvidere	25,400
David Nystrom	R.R. 1, Blomberg Rd., Cherry Valley	25,811
Total payees in county, 3		80,058

ILLINOIS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Woodford County:</b>		
Martin Bros. Implementation Co.	Roanoke	\$53,952
Total payees in county, 1		53,952
Total payees in State, 49		1,736,502
<b>INDIANA</b>		
<b>Daviess County:</b>		
Graham Farms, Inc.	R.R. 1, Washington	\$47,048
Capehart Farms	R.R. 1, Washington	31,822
Total payees in county, 2		79,370
<b>Fountain County:</b>		
Dr. Lee Maris	606 S. Brady St., Attica	35,506
Total payees in county, 1		35,506
<b>Gibson County:</b>		
John C. Blood	140 Saint Joseph St., Mt. Carmel, Ill.	37,283
Total payees in county, 1		37,283
<b>Hamilton County:</b>		
Dan Taylor	R.R. 2, Noblesville	29,157
Total payees in county, 1		29,157
<b>Henry County:</b>		
Sam Goldman	R.R. 1, Straughn	27,065
Total payees in county, 1		27,065
<b>Jasper County:</b>		
William Gehring, Inc.	R. 6, Rensselaer	75,668
Fred & Austin Moore	R. 1, Rensselaer	43,517
Savich Farms	R. 1, Rensselaer	39,906
James D. Green, Tr.	Box N, Chicago, Ill.	36,592
Savich & Green	R. 2, Francesville	34,251
Robert Schoon	R. 1, Wheatfield	30,513
R. and D. Farms	R. 2, Francesville	29,298
Richard Schoon	R. 1, Wheatfield	27,034
Stewart Farms	R. 5, Rensselaer	25,768
Total payees in county, 9		342,547
<b>Knox County:</b>		
Schenk Farms, Inc.	R.R. 4, Vincennes	32,188
<b>Knox County:</b>		
Thompson Farms, Inc.	R.R. 1, Decker	30,992
William R. Huey	R.R. 2, Sandborn	27,640
G. A. Steckler and E. C. Steckler	R.R. 5, Vincennes	25,890
Total payees in county, 4		116,710
<b>Kosciusko County:</b>		
Creighton Bros.	R.R. 5, Warsaw	53,801
Herbert Fervida	R.R. 2, Milford	26,945
Total payees in county, 2		80,746
<b>La Porte County:</b>		
R. and J. Gumz Farms, Inc.	North Judson	30,080
Frank Leroy and Sons	R.R. 1, Mill Creek	25,422
Total payees in county, 2		55,502
<b>Lake County:</b>		
Verle Little	R.R. 2, Hebron	29,315
Cur. Kamminga	R.R. 2, Hebron	25,428
Total payees in county, 2		54,743
<b>Marshall County:</b>		
Triple E. Farm, Inc.	Box 195, Etna Green, Indiana	41,963
Total payees in county, 1		41,963
<b>Newton County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Robert A. Churchill	Lake Village	51,351

## CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

INDIANA—Continued		
County and name	Address	Total payments
INDIANA—Continued		
Newton County—Continued		
Albert Molson, Jr.	Morocco	\$35,973
Everett Madison	Momence	32,863
Mark J. Mahan	Morocco	30,298
James L. Churchill	Beecher	26,156
Total payees in county, 5		176,641
Parke County:		
Adams Farm Company, Inc.	Rockville	46,943
Kenneth Ramsay	Waveland	28,891
Total payees in county, 2		75,834
Posey County:		
New Harmony Realty	Melvin Fisher, New Harmony	46,332
Edward C. Culley	R.R. 4, Mount Vernon	28,093
Total payees in county, 2		74,425
Pulaski County:		
Overmyer Farms	% Leo Overmyer, Francesville	95,531
Arthur P. Gumz	North Judson	65,612
Total payees in county, 2		161,143
St. Joseph County:		
Fisher Madison Farm	L. F. Fisher, Jr., R.R. 1, Wakarusa	31,752
Martin Bland	58995 St. Rd. 123, South Bend	25,417
Total payees in county, 2		57,169
Starke County:		
Richard Gumz	North Judson	101,109
Benjamin O. Bierly	R.R. 3, Walkerton	27,245
Jack Brown	R.R. 1, North Judson	25,921
Total payees in county, 3		154,275
Sullivan County:		
John Gray Kelly	R.R. 1, Fairbanks	57,722
Mann Seed Farms	R.R. 1, Merom	31,717
Total payees in county, 2		89,439
Tippecanoe County:		
James Kallerman	R.R. 1, Romney	33,628
William Banta	R.R. 1, West Point	26,627
Total payees in county, 2		60,255
Vanderburg County:		
Donald E. Kolb	R.R. 2, Evansville	53,600
Total payees in county, 1		53,600
Vermillion County:		
Harvey Estate	Newport	38,832
Total payees in county, 1		38,832
Vigo County:		
James Harlan	R.R. 1, Terre Haute	40,224
Burch Harlan	R.R. 1, Terre Haute	29,677
N & N Farms, Inc.	411 South 21st St, Terre Haute	28,300
Peter A. Farmer	R.R. 1, Terre Haute	26,002
Total payees in county, 4		124,203
Warren County:		
Richard Clark	R.R. 1, West Lebanon	27,438
Total payees in county, 1		27,438
Warrick County:		
Alcoa Warrick Works	Box 10, Newburgh	37,444
Total payees in county, 1		37,444

INDIANA—Continued		
County and name	Address	Total payments
Wayne County:		
Richmond State Hospital	Richmond	\$25,735
Total payees in county, 1		25,735
Total payees in State, 55		2,057,025
IOWA		
Audubon County:		
Melville Farms	% Lyle Hansen, Audubon	\$25,913
Total payees in county, 1		25,913
Boone County:		
George Uthe	R.R. 1, Madrid	29,058
Total payees in county, 1		29,058
Buchanan County:		
Charles Hoffman	Walker	26,767
Total payees in county, 1		26,767
Carroll County:		
Garst Co.	Coon Rapids	45,212
Total payees in county, 1		45,212
Cero Gordo County:		
Wayne Van Duzer	Nora Springs	28,598
Louis A. Kopple, Md.	2729 N. Kimball Ave, Chicago, Ill.	25,014
Total payees in county, 2		53,612
Cherokee County:		
John Heline	Pierson	29,793
Dennis Lundsgaard	Cherokee	26,323
Total payees in county, 2		56,116
Crawford County:		
Leonard Heistand	Dow City	26,083
Total payees in county, 1		26,083
Des Moines County:		
Robert L. Gabeline	Morning Sun	30,196
Total payees in county, 1		30,196
Fayette County:		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]	Federal food-aid program	
Agricultural Investors Inc.	Farmersville	36,415
Total payees in county, 1		36,415
Floyd County:		
Julius Huxsol	205 Riverside Dr, Charles City	48,959
D. L. Trowbridge	Box 311, Charles City	29,459
Total payees in county, 2		78,418
Franklin County:		
Steven C Stockdale	R.R. 3, Iowa Falls	35,907
Staley Farms Inc.	118 1st NE, Hampton	31,092
Lawrence W Hamilton	R.R. 1, Hampton	25,861
Total payees in county, 3		92,860
Fremont County:		
Payne Valley Farms, Inc.	% M. N. Payne, Hamburg	76,369
Reeves Farms	% J. E. Good, Hamburg	41,974
Walter M Doyle	Hastings	30,638
Total payees in county, 3		148,981
Hancock County:		
Fraser Farms, Inc.	Dale Fraser, Pres., Humboldt	35,285
Total payees in county, 1		35,285

IOWA—Continued		
County and name	Address	Total payments
Hardin County:		
Thelma L. Warman	R.R. 3, Alden	\$30,095
Total payees in county, 1		30,095
Ida County:		
William Piper	Ida Grove	25,780
Total payees in county, 1		25,780
Iowa County:		
Amana Society	Middle Amana	152,972
Total payees in county, 1		152,972
Madison County:		
Baur Farms, Inc.	Van Meter	29,403
Total payees in county, 1		29,403
Mills County:		
R. C. Good	Glenwood	53,699
Jane Gammon	By R. C. Good Tr, Glenwood	27,251
Total payees in county, 2		80,950
Mitchell County:		
E. B. Mohr	Box 1890, Dallas, Tex.	27,374
Total payees in county, 1		27,374
Monona County:		
Charles E. Lakin	Odebolt	94,885
Lakin Ranch, Inc.	% Frank Seitzinger, Onawa	41,453
Hanson Bros.	Little Sioux	26,564
Total payees in county, 3		162,902
Pocahontas County:		
Grinnell Shoe Co.	R. Locke, agent, Clarion	25,350
Total payees in county, 1		25,350
Washington County:		
Robert M. Flynn	Keota	30,250
Total payees in county, 1		30,250
Woodbury County:		
Baltzell Ranch	Anthon	25,961
Total payees in county, 1		25,961
Worth County:		
Beverly Land	323 Frances Bldg., Sioux City	36,891
Total payees in county, 1		36,891
Wright County:		
Joe Keller	Blairsburg	29,304
Total payees in county, 1		29,304
Total payees in State, 35		1,342,148
KANSAS		
Allen County:		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Harold Whitaker	R.R. 2, Humboldt	31,055
Total payees in county, 1		31,005
Barber County:		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Fred Schupbach, Jr.	Kiowa	33,614
G. M. Groendycke Est.	% A. Groendycke Adm, Kiowa	31,036
2 Bar Cattle Co.	918 Board of Trade, Kansas City, Mo.	28,364
Total payees in county, 3		93,014

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

KANSAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Barton County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Schartz Bros.....	Leroy Schartz, Rt. 3, Great Bend.	\$25,816
Total payees in county, 1.		25,816
<b>Dickinson County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Laurence Clemence.....	Rt. 4, Abilene.....	26,189
Total payees in county, 1.		26,189
<b>Edwards County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
David Britton.....	Lewis.....	29,442
McClellan Bros.....	Lewis.....	25,893
Total payees in county, 2.		55,335
<b>Finney County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Garden City Co.....	Box 597, Garden City.....	74,428
Andrew E. Larson.....	Rt 1, Garden City.....	55,885
Lawrence Miller.....	Holcomb.....	45,410
Tom Linville.....	Holcomb.....	34,298
Emanuel Doll.....	Ingalls.....	34,215
Leroy F. Colley.....	Eminence Rt., Garden City.....	32,993
Leland L. Crist.....	Holcomb.....	32,426
Roger Ramsey.....	Imperial Rt., Garden City.....	30,702
Leigh Warner.....	Cimarron.....	29,470
Marion L. Russell.....	Eminence Rt., Garden City.....	28,684
Raymond G. Morris.....	Box 476, Garden City.....	27,652
Frank McClure.....	Imperial Rt., Garden City.....	27,244
Clarence Gigot.....	S. Star Rt., Garden City.....	26,937
John Miller.....	Holcomb.....	26,135
Eugene F. Ware.....	905 Center, Garden City.....	25,010
Total payees in county, 15.		531,489
<b>Gove County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
R. S. Coberly.....	Gove.....	30,245
Karlin Farms.....	% Marne Karlin, Grinnell.....	25,080
Total payees in county, 2.		55,325
<b>Grant County:</b>		
J. David Sullivan.....	Box 423, Ulysses.....	34,849
Wiebe Bros., Inc.....	P.O. Box 56, Ulysses.....	34,266
Tuttle & Tuttle & Mawhirtner.....	509 N. Durhm, Ulysses.....	34,074
Herman Cockreham.....	Johnson.....	28,745
Total payees in county, 4.		131,934
<b>Gray County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Sidney Warner.....	Cimarron.....	50,366
W. D. Brady.....	205 La Mesa Drive, Dodge City.....	37,700
Cecil Obrate.....	Ingalls.....	29,962
Lester Clark.....	1105 Pershing, Garden City.....	25,846
Total payees in county, 4.		143,874
<b>Greeley County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Kleymann Brothers.....	% Frederick Kleymann, Tribune.....	69,275
Dale Steele.....	Ford.....	62,539
Hobart-Tschudy-Hobart.....	Wiley Bldg. Hutchinson.....	46,910
Smith Ranch Company.....	% Joe E. Smith, Tribune.....	46,473
Ervin Schneider.....	Tribune.....	43,077
Jay A. Hoffman.....	Tribune.....	32,858
Duane F. Schneider.....	Tribune.....	29,242
H. C. Wear.....	% W. V. Dixon, Tribune.....	29,201

KANSAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Greeley County—Continued</b>		
J.V. Kuttler.....	Tribune.....	\$28,197
A Sell Est.....	% M Sell, 1744 Monaco Parkway, Denver, Colo. Tribune KS.....	27,220
Floyd Tuttle & Son.....	Tribune.....	26,497
Lemon & Maness.....	% Everett Howell, Tribune.....	26,215
Total payees in county, 12.		467,704
<b>Hamilton County:</b>		
D. W. Burnett.....	Syracuse.....	35,251
Forrest L. Smith.....	Coolidge.....	29,705
Jesse I. Wilcoxon, Jr.....	Ford.....	25,198
Total payees in county, 3.		90,154
<b>Haskell County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Haskel Land Co.....	% Robt. Josseland, Sublette.....	57,819
Clyde F. Mercer.....	901 Center, Garden City.....	39,642
Dorsey Elliott.....	Sublette.....	34,812
Paul J. Brown.....	Sublette.....	33,572
Kirby B. Clawson.....	Satanta.....	30,828
Forrest Cox.....	Sublette.....	29,353
Randall Bird.....	Sublette.....	28,246
Ed Hall.....	Sublette.....	25,708
Total payees in county, 8.		279,980
<b>Jewell County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Clare Roe & Sons.....	Superior, Nebr.....	27,669
Neil Durham.....	Scottsville.....	27,040
Total payees in county, 2.		54,709
<b>Kearney County:</b>		
Ethel M. Martin.....	Box 669, Syracuse.....	45,535
Raymond, Dienst, Sr.....	Lakin.....	38,427
Vernon G. Kropp.....	100 West 14th St., Winfield.....	32,246
D. E. Steenis.....	Deerfield.....	30,375
Gordon W. Crone.....	Lakin.....	29,969
Ray Rohlmann.....	Syracuse.....	29,947
W. T. Rooney, Jr.....	1613 York St., Garden Estate.....	25,273
Total payees in county, 7.		231,772
<b>Logan County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
John W. & V. A. James.....	515 Hudson, Oakley.....	52,075
J. Ernest Bertrand.....	315 Maple, Oakley.....	45,531
Charles Bertrand, Tr.....	Holdrege, Nebr.....	39,139
Keller Bros.....	Page City.....	34,856
Total payees in county, 4.		171,601
<b>Marion County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Vestring Bros.....	Burns.....	29,359
Total payees in county, 1.		29,359
<b>Meade County:</b>		
Maud Collingwood Estate.....	% D. J. Wilson, Meade.....	40,444
W. R. Cottrell.....	Meade.....	33,472
Total payees in county, 2.		73,916
<b>Mitchell County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Paul Mears.....	R.R. 3, Beloit.....	39,740
Max D. Remus.....	Osborne.....	25,817
Total payees in county, 2.		65,557
<b>Morton County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
W. J. Light.....	Rolla.....	31,350
Glenn Sipes.....	Manter.....	26,506
Paul Light.....	Rolla.....	25,218
Total payees in county, 3.		83,074

KANSAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Neosho County:</b>		
Wesley Kroecker.....	R.R. 1 Box 132, Enid, Okla.....	\$44,116
Total payees in county, 1.		44,116
<b>Ness County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
R. T. McCreight.....	Ness City.....	38,708
Total payees in county, 1.		38,708
<b>Osborne County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Adrian Schweitzer.....	Osborne.....	27,634
Total payees in county, 1.		27,634
<b>Phillips County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
John B. Wyrill, Jr.....	Kirwin.....	37,803
Cox Bros. Farming Trust.....	Long Island.....	29,721
Angie S. Wyrill.....	Kirwin.....	29,639
Total payees in county, 3.		97,163
<b>Scott County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Edna E. Collingwood.....	Johnson.....	45,211
Floyd M. Krebs.....	712 Ora, Scott City.....	44,231
Marion Hutchins.....	Box 336, Scott City.....	34,692
Claude Hughes.....	9th & Court, Scott City.....	29,942
Felt Farms.....	W. Moore Man, 1201 Jackson, Albion, Mo.....	27,788
J. E. Kirk & Sons.....	Box 36, Scott City.....	26,864
Total payees in county, 6.		208,728
<b>Seward County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Hitch Lnd. Ctl. Co.....	Bill Logsdon Agt., Box 76, Guymon.....	33,436
Kenneth Martin.....	Moscow.....	31,708
J. R. Allen.....	do.....	27,129
Total payees in county, 3.		92,273
<b>Sheridan County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
E. A. Baalman & Sons.....	Menlo.....	48,266
Total payees in county, 1.		48,266
<b>Sherman County:</b>		
Lloyd Kontny.....	1004 Harrison, Goodland.....	53,718
S. Everett Dennis.....	Box 393, Scottsbluff, Nebr.....	45,071
C. Wilber White.....	Box 240, Goodland.....	43,249
Kenneth House.....	McDonald.....	38,307
Charles L. Silkman.....	Box 262, Goodland.....	36,695
Walker Briney.....	Rt. 2, Goodland.....	32,678
Arnold Schields.....	Box 293, Goodland.....	32,014
Vernon Irvin.....	923, Arcade, Goodland.....	28,026
Iron H. Mueller.....	Box 415, Bird City.....	27,119
Golden Wheat Ranch.....	Box 424, Goodland.....	26,638
Fred H. Schield.....	Rt. 2, Box 42A, Goodland.....	25,935
Total payees in county, 11.		389,450
<b>Smith County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Ferguson Bros.....	R.R. 1, Kensington.....	38,136
Total payees in county, 1.		38,136
<b>Stafford County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Carl McCune Sons.....	Stafford.....	27,491
Total payees in county, 1.		27,491
<b>Stanton County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
G. H. J. Farms Ltd.....	Johnson.....	84,304

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

KANSAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Stanton County—Continued</b>		
Clarence Winger & Sons	Johnson	\$58,574
John Shore	Johnson	55,108
Paul E. Plummer & Sons	Johnson	42,544
Kansas University Endowment Association	Box 530, Lawrence	41,711
Max Hume	Manter	40,875
Theodore J. Julian	Johnson	40,834
Walter Herrick	Johnson	38,922
Kendrick Farms	Johnson	34,754
Guy Rorick	Manter	34,026
Vivian Glenn Estate	Rt. 1, Johnson	33,954
R. H. Trostle	Johnson	33,484
John Lewis	Syracuse	27,997
Charles Lucas	Johnson	27,189
Forrest Lewis	Johnson	26,636
Milt Graber	Manter	26,532
Hoopingarner Bros	Manter	26,337
Lester Ganny	Johnson	25,889
<b>Total payees in county, 18.</b>		<b>699,670</b>
<b>Stevens County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Warren Spikes	Hugoton	63,863
Carl N. Brollier	Moscow	54,971
Lawrence J. Lightcap	Hugoton	43,104
Cullison Bros	Box 315, Satanta	31,127
A. E. Kramer, agent, Pelejo Properties	Hugoton	28,578
T. R. Gooch	Rt. 2, Hugoton	27,415
Paul Sundgren	Hugoton	26,420
James Ford	Hugoton	25,390
<b>Total payees in county, 8.</b>		<b>300,868</b>
<b>Sumner County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Stewart Farm Account	Wellington	34,469
<b>Total payees in county, 1.</b>		<b>34,469</b>
<b>Thomas County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
James S. Garvey	Box 517, Colby	81,855
Willard J. Garvey	Box 517, Colby	46,681
Marshall Farms	R.R. 1, Box 36, Brewster	43,743
Sam Medford	R.R. 1, Box 60, Levant	43,617
B. A. Hutton	P.O. Box 266, Brewster	34,052
Harold Hills, Jr.	P.O. Box 913, Colby	27,298
Evertt O. Curry	R.R. 1, Box 20, Levant	26,249
<b>Total payees in county, 7.</b>		<b>303,495</b>
<b>Wallace County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
J. E. Ely Estate	A. E. Larson, Adm., Box 404, Garden City	53,719
Gareth J. McFadden	Box 482, Goodland	28,210
N. D. Sexson	Weskan	27,821
Frasier Farms	Sharon Springs	25,192
<b>Total payees in county, 4.</b>		<b>134,942</b>
<b>Washington County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Herman Bott	Palmer	50,636
<b>Total payees in county, 1.</b>		<b>50,636</b>
<b>Wichita County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Bernice M. Smith	Rozel	34,887
J. W. Zellner	Marienthal	27,966
Leo Harkness	Leoti	26,175
<b>Total payees in county, 3.</b>		<b>89,028</b>
<b>Total payees in State, 148</b>		<b>5,266,930</b>

KENTUCKY

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Henderson County:</b>		
Reynolds Metals Co.	R. 3, Henderson	\$43,941
<b>Total payees in county, 1.</b>		<b>43,941</b>
<b>S. D. Broadbent, Jr.:</b>		
	R.R. 1, Cadiz	46,667
<b>Total payees in county, 1.</b>		<b>46,667</b>
<b>Total payees in State, 2.</b>		<b>90,608</b>
<b>LOUISIANA</b>		
<b>Bossier County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Scopena Plantation	R.R. 1, Bossier City	124,157
L. H. Woodruff	McDade	65,083
Rosedale Plantation Inc.	R.R. 1, Benton	51,695
Elm Grove Plantation Inc.	McDade	40,818
Joe Clark	R.R. 1, Box 401-B, Bossier City	40,621
Curtis Planting Co.	R.R. 1, Box 418, Bossier City	39,454
R. J. Viola	2304 Benton Rd., Bossier City	34,170
I. W. Whittington Jr.	R.R. 1, Box 213, Benton	28,279
E. D. Barnett	Box 277, Plain Dealing	28,065
R. T. Stinson	2301 Arlington, Bossier City	25,285
<b>Total payees in county, 10.</b>		<b>477,627</b>
<b>Caddo County:</b>		
Mission Planting Co.	Box 248, Ida	69,148
Dalton R. Pittman	4809 Camellia LN, Shreveport	68,168
Sam W. Smith Jr.	P.O. Box 5475, Shreveport	51,327
Dan P. Logan	P.O. Box 181, Gilliam	49,851
A. C. Dominick Jr.	Box 46K, Mira	48,010
J. W. Lynn Plantation	P.O. Box 125, Gilliam	46,967
G. A. Frierson	R.R. 1, Shreveport	46,197
L. S. Frierson Jr.	R.R. 1, Box 389-L, Shreveport	45,501
L. R. Kirby Jr.	P.O. Box 175, Belcher	44,944
Stinson Brothers	P.O. Box 175, Gilliam	44,011
Webb & Webb	R.R. 1, Box 210, Shreveport	42,226
Paul Dominick	Mira	42,050
F. E. Volentine & Son Inc.	R.R. 5 Box 192, Sport	41,140
T. A. Tinsley	R.R. 5 Box 923, Shreveport	39,709
C. N. Frierson	R.R. 1, Shreveport	39,414
G. W. Van Hoose Sr.	453 College Lane, Shreveport	36,946
Robinson Co.	R.R. 1, Box 282, Shreveport	36,437
W. J. Hutchinson Sons	Caspiana	36,143
E. R. Cupples	R.R. 1, Box 223-B, Shreveport	34,190
A. L. Sentell	Dixie	33,726
C. M. Hutchinson Jr.	R.R. 1, Box 265, Shreveport	32,570
R. L. Nance Jr.	Dixie	32,274
Eunice W. Feist	518 Commerce Shreveport	31,490
Paul Dominick Jr.	Box 47, Mira	30,587
Clifton Dodson	Dixie	30,053
C. C. Whittington	R.R. 1, Box 222-B, Shreveport	28,975
G. W. Van Hoose Jr.	Box 204, Belcher	28,965
Yearwood Bros	R.R. 1, Box 366, Shreveport	28,476
J. W. Glassell	Box 217, Belcher	27,744
J. L. Teer	Box 304, Dixie	26,892
Bryan Connell	P.O. Box 122, Belcher	26,808
J. B. Carlisle	Box 362, Dixie	25,918
Tom P. Moore, Jr.	131 Gen. Lee Dr., Vivian	25,346
<b>Total payees in county, 33.</b>		<b>1,272,203</b>
<b>Caldwell County:</b>		
Rowland Bros	R.R. 2, Monroe	44,903
Levon Kenney	R.R. 1, Box 52F, Columbia	34,227
Harold E. Cooper	R.R. 1, Columbia	27,456
<b>Total payees in county, 3.</b>		<b>106,586</b>
<b>Catahoula County:</b>		
George Yarbrough	Sicily Island	96,750
Carrol Rice	Sicily Island	82,679
Jimmy Goode	Sicily Island	29,676
<b>Total payees in county, 3.</b>		<b>209,105</b>

LOUISIANA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Concordia County:</b>		
Harris and Sons	Star Route, Vidalia	\$42,410
Panola Land Dev. Co.	Box 848, Ferriday	35,410
Lucerna Planting Co.	Star Route, Vidalia	30,921
Pittsfield Pltn.	Star Route, Ferriday	27,823
<b>Total payees in county, 4.</b>		<b>136,564</b>
<b>DeSoto County:</b>		
James E. McMullen	R.R. 2, Mansfield	43,258
<b>Total payees in county, 1.</b>		<b>43,258</b>
<b>East Carroll County:</b>		
Epps Plantation	R.R. 1, Box 188, Epps	87,958
Holybrook Land Co., Inc.	Lake Providence	84,935
J. P. Brown	Box 329, Lake Providence	83,049
Russell Fleeman	Box 431, Lake Providence	55,198
J. E. Brown & Sons	R.R. 2, Box 222, Lake Providence	44,319
J. H. Gilfoil III	Box 632, Lake Providence	43,356
Keener Howard	R.R. 2, Box 30, Lake Providence	42,085
Jack Hamilton	R.R. 1, Box 3, Lake Providence	41,042
W. H. Crews	Box 268, Lake Providence	37,605
Quitman Fortenberry	Transylvania	35,385
J. B. McPherson, Sr.	R.R. 1, Lake Providence	35,077
Wendell Downen	R.R. 2, Box 116, Lake Providence	33,884
Fred Phillips	Lake Providence	33,183
W. H. Bullock	R.R. 1, Epps	32,629
Jessie M. Blair	R.R. 2, Lake Providence	31,056
Edward Burgess	R.R. 1, Epps	30,996
Orville Coody	Box 786, Lake Providence	30,288
Bernard Rosenzweig	711 Davis, Lake Providence	28,728
Shepherd & Shepherd	R.R. 2, Lake Providence	27,765
Houston Condrey	R.R. 1, Box 198, Epps	27,689
Clyde Robinson	R.R. 2, Box 117, Lake Providence	27,680
Howington Bros.	Box 466, Lake Providence	27,586
H. D. Harvey	R.R. 1, Lake Providence	27,368
Oliver Baker & Oliver	R.R. 1, Lake Providence	26,284
Philip Brown	R.R. 2, Lake Providence	25,787
H. H. Howington, Jr.	Box 47, Lake Providence	25,531
Reese Coleman	R.R. 1, Box 182, Epps	25,025
<b>Total payees in county, 27.</b>		<b>1,051,488</b>
<b>Franklin County:</b>		
Riley H. Graham	Wisner	37,626
Carl D. Batey	Rt. 1, Wisner	32,362
Yarbrough Brothers	Sicily Island	31,769
C. J. Grayson	Ft. Necessity	31,532
Ernest Reeves	Rt. 1, Gilbert	29,040
Gerald Sadler	Wisner	26,427
Earl Carroll	Gilbert	25,396
<b>Total payees in county, 7.</b>		<b>214,152</b>
<b>Grant County:</b>		
Gordon Randolph	R.R. 2, Box 220, Colfax	33,883
<b>Total payees in county, 1.</b>		<b>38,883</b>
<b>Madison County:</b>		
Dudley Pillow, Sr.	Greenwood, Miss.	62,012
Dudley Pillow, Jr.	Delta	56,805
Ashly Plantation	R.R. 2, Box 117, Tallulah	55,286
Harrison Evans	Shuqualak, Miss.	39,644
E. C. Woodyear	Mound	33,078
Maxwell Plantation	Mound	31,267
William Yerger	Mound	29,675
Albert H. Paxton	Box 748, Tallulah	28,439
Elton Fortenberry	R.R. 1, Tallulah	28,166
Robert Graves	Box 1072, Tallulah	25,882
Jeff Marsh & Sons	R.R. 1, Sondheiner	25,336
<b>Total payees in county, 11.</b>		<b>415,390</b>
<b>Morehouse County:</b>		
Barham, Inc.	% Joe Barham, Oak Ridge	89,916
James U. Yaldell, Jr.	Mer Rouge	60,368
H. A. Pipes, Jr.	Oak Ridge	53,328
J. A. Davenport III & W. Davenport	Mer Rouge	42,358
Duke Shackelford	Jones	39,854
Mott & Mott	Oak Ridge	38,164
F. Earl Hogan	Oak Ridge	37,670
Erle M. Barham	Oak Ridge	34,093
N. W. Mott	Oak Ridge	31,748

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

LOUISIANA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Morehouse County—Continued</b>		
Wesley Bunch	Jones	\$31,315
Kelly Bros.	Collinston	30,382
Max Brodnax	R.R. 1, Bonita	30,096
C. L. Clark, Jr.	Mer Rouge	29,187
J. B. Newman	Box 85, Bastrop	26,553
James McClendon	Box 586, Bastrop	26,364
Herbert Johnson	Boita	25,179
David Doles, Jr.	Box 43-C, Bonita	25,029
Total payees in county, 17.		651,604
<b>Natchitoches County:</b>		
J. H. Williams	Rt. 1, Box 211, Natchitoches	144,403
Prudhome Bros.	Rt. 2, Natchez	45,166
Murry Lambre	Rt. 1, Natchez	39,184
J. Alton Lambre	Rt. 2, Natchez	34,567
G. C. Messenger	Rt. 1, Boyce	31,460
Estate Sarah J. Hertzog	% Matt Hertzog, Natchez	30,178
Estate H. Cohen	% H. Cohen, Jr., Natchez	29,789
Charles E. Cloutier	Rt. 1 Box 269, Natchitoches	29,671
Richard L. Williamson	R. 1, Natchez	25,314
Estate of J. C. Carnahan	Cloutierville	25,038
Total payees in county, 10.		434,770
<b>Ouachita County:</b>		
W. A. Calloway	Bosco	71,093
Mason & Godwin	R.R. 2, Monroe	68,127
J. B. Johnston, Jr.	Sterlington	46,149
J. A. Moore	R.R. 4 Box 109, Monroe	45,544
Travis Howard	100 Rogers Road, West Monroe	44,429
George P. Smelser	R.R. 4 Box 283A, Monroe	43,631
A. C. Ransom & Son	Box 4337, Monroe	39,524
C. M. McMullen	R.R. 1 Box 201, Monroe	38,520
J. M. Pratt, Sr.	R.R. 4 Box 285-B, Monroe	28,952
Fred W. Huenefeldt	Rt. 3, Monroe	26,213
Total payees in county, 10.		452,182
<b>Rapides County:</b>		
Christopher R. Keller, Jr.	R.R. 2 Box 53, Alexandria	38,394
John H. Robert	R.R. 1, Boyce	28,352
Henry C. Boone, Jr.	R.R. 1, Le Compte	27,059
Weil Company, Inc.	Box 1548, Alexandria	25,992
Frank J. Dautremont	Le Compte	25,564
Woodrow DeWitt	R.R. 1 Brown Bend, Alexandria	25,433
Total payees in county, 6.		170,794
<b>Red River County:</b>		
Wyche T. Coleman	R.R. 4 Box 140, Coushatta	36,798
J. T. Bierden, Jr.	R.R. 4 Box 280, Coushatta	33,440
F. I. Waltman	R.R. 1 Box 359C, Shreveport	32,114
Paul Bundrick	R.R. Box 339, Shreveport	26,293
William Prince	R.R. 4 Box 206, Coushatta	25,383
Larry Bundrick	R.R. 1 Box 342, Shreveport	25,264
Total payees in county, 6.		179,292
<b>Richland County:</b>		
R. R. Rhymes Farm	R.R. 5, Rayville	61,668
C. W. Pardue	Aito	45,353
Goldmine Ptl.	Scott Truck & Tractor, Winsboro	35,039
Elton Upshaw, Jr.	Box 4304, Monroe	30,727
Geo B. Franklin & Son, Inc.	Holly Ridge	30,492
Guy C. Pardue	Box 274, Mangham	29,689
C. L. Morris	Box 321, Rayville	28,368
Clyde Cartledge	R.R. 5, Rayville	27,640
Charles D. Ware	Box 7, Rayville	25,644
Total payees in county, 9.		314,620
<b>St. Landry County:</b>		
J. A. Pickett	Box 117, Morrow	70,825
Hudspeth Bros.	Rosa	31,012

LOUISIANA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>St. Landry County—Continued</b>		
Nick D. Dubuisson	Union St. Opelousas	\$30,345
Total payees in county, 3.		132,182
<b>Tensas County:</b>		
Panola Co.	% W. A. Guthrie, Newellton	77,610
E. R. McDonald & Sons	Newellton	68,812
Somersett Ptl.	Newellton	52,579
Frank Burnside	Newellton	33,748
G. C. Goldman	Box 277, Waterproof	30,099
H. C. Miller, III	Waterproof	28,824
Russell Ratcliff	Rt. 2, St. Joseph	27,749
Cypress Grove Ptl.	% E. A. Poe, Newellton	26,849
Total payees in county, 8.		346,270
<b>Union County: E. R. Rogers.</b>		
Farmerville		26,152
Total payees in county, 1.		26,152
<b>West Feliciana County: Louisiana State Penitentiary.</b>		
Angola		50,725
Total payees in county, 1.		50,725
Total payees in State.		6,723,847

MARYLAND

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Kent County:</b>		
Edwin C. Fry	Chestertown	25,061
Total payees in county, 1.		25,061
<b>Total payees in State, 1.</b>		
		25,061
<b>MICHIGAN</b>		
<b>Cass County:</b>		
Gerald Wright	Vandalia	27,500
Total payees in county, 1.		27,500
<b>Ingham County:</b>		
Diehl Fields	925 S. Jackson Rd., Dansville	32,684
Total payees in county, 1.		32,684
<b>Lenawee County:</b>		
Leland Bush & Sons	R.R. 2, Tecumseh	38,081
Mueliers, Inc.	Oliver Mueller, Britton	33,052
Richard Walters	R.R. 1, Blissfield	26,525
George Vanhaerents	Deerfield	25,944
Total payees in county, 4.		123,602
<b>Monroe County:</b>		
Albert Heath	16312 Cone, Milan	38,883
Total payees in county, 1.		38,883
Total payees in State, 7.		222,669

MINNESOTA

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Lyon County:</b>		
Edward Delanghe	R.R. 2, Marshall	25,916
Total payees in county, 1.		25,916
<b>Marshall County:</b>		
E. G. Melo	Box 205, Stephen	34,379
Total payees in county, 1.		34,379
<b>Mower County:</b>		
Martin Bustad	1302 4 St., SW, Austin	28,550
Total payees in county, 1.		28,550
<b>Nobles County:</b>		
Jack C. Boote	Box 66, Worthington	28,960
Total payees in county, 1.		28,960

MINNESOTA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Renville County:</b>		
George Rauenhorst	Olivia	\$27,581
Total payees in county, 1.		27,581
<b>Sibley County:</b>		
Melvin Nagel	Arlington	38,410
J. W. Eastland & Son, Inc.	Gaylord	27,420
Total payees in county, 2.		65,830
<b>Swift County</b>		
Minn Farms Co.	C/o H. Wesner, Box 489, Appleton	29,881
Total payees in county, 1.		29,881
<b>Wilkin County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
James J. Walton	Breckenridge	34,076
Total payees in county, 1.		34,076
Total payees in State, 9.		275,173
<b>MISSISSIPPI</b>		
<b>Attala County:</b>		
Gideon W. Atwood	R.R. 4, Kosciusko	29,047
Parket Bros., Inc.	415 North Jackson St., Kosciusko	26,359
Total payees in county, 2.		55,406
<b>Benton County:</b>		
Leak Bros.	R.R. 1, Lamar	28,778
Total payees in county, 1.		28,778
<b>Bolivar County:</b>		
Delta & Pine Land Co.	Scott	605,796
Dan Seligman	Shaw	131,699
Robbins & Long	Rosedale	115,273
Allen Gray Estate	Benoit	96,090
Charles A. Russell	Beulah	91,168
McMurphy Farms	Box 227, Duncan	87,608
Brooks Cotton Co.	Shelby	84,180
J. A. Howarth, Jr.	Rt. 2, Cleveland	81,712
Dossett Plantation, Inc.	Beulah	79,216
Lewis Barksdale, Jr.	Rt. 1, Duncan	68,818
Carr Planting Co.	O. C. Carr, Jr., Clarksdale	64,746
M. Pickett Myers III	Box 191, Greenville	59,902
Maryland Plantation, Inc.	Care of Jim Goodman, Shelby	59,487
J. G. Gourlay	Rosedale	59,283
Zumbro Planting Co.	Cleveland	57,609
H. B. Hood	Rt. 1, Box 149, Duncan	53,527
Max Dilworth	Shelby	52,035
H. H. Lawler	Rosedale	51,117
D. A. and J. E. Williams	Box 165, Cleveland	50,895
R. N. & E. C. Tibbs	Hushpuckena	50,684
Sunrise Dairy	Cleveland	50,459
Cloverdale Planting Co.	Box 38, Alligator	47,502
R. C. Malone	Pace	46,627
T. E. Pemble	Merigold	45,390
William Peacock	309 McClain, Cleveland	43,527
L. B. Pate & Sons	Rt. 2, Cleveland	41,536
Shelby Farms	Care of E. G. Shelby, Shelby	40,212
B. E. McDearman, Jr.	808 Maple, Cleveland	39,384
W. H. Howarth	Skene	39,263
M. J. Dattel	Rosedale	38,861
Rudolph Massey	Desson	38,713
W. F. and W. H. Hardin	Box 163, Duncan	38,475
Rogers Hall	1206 College, Cleveland	38,105
Boyd Lane Plantation	Gunnison	37,488
Will Gourlay	Rosedale	36,411
A. D. Murphree, Jr.	Shelby	36,251
Allendale Planting Co.	Shelby	36,121
Warfield Brothers Farms, Inc.	Gunnison	36,057
E. M. Walton	Beulah	34,449
James L. Maxwell	Rt. 1, Box 85, Benoit	34,232
Ralph W. Ray	Benoit	34,179
F. H. Nance	1201 College, Cleveland	34,107
Charles Speakes	Benoit	34,046
S. D. Long	Shelby	33,066
J. R. Parkinson	Benoit	32,500
Cowan & Franklin	Shelby	31,034
Denton Mfg. Co., Inc.	Shelby	30,940

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

MISSISSIPPI—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Bolivar County—Continued</b>		
James B McGowan	Box 369, Shelby	\$30,654
Alfred Butler	Alligator	29,900
J. R. Dodson	Hillhouse	29,570
L. E. Murphy	Box 301, Pace	29,157
Sidney Livingston	Ruleville	29,008
M. L. & W. M. Payne	Lamont	28,990
J. & V. Aguzzi	Cleveland	28,962
Triumph Farms	Jeanette Hill owner, Merigold	28,406
Long & Robbins	Rosedale	28,259
Elmer Prewitt	Shaw	27,662
F. R. Armstrong	Gunnison	27,250
J. W. Reynolds	Rt. 1, Box 12, Shelby	27,250
Mrs. Ruth Abrams	Box 277, Shaw	27,160
C. T. Stanford	Skene	27,146
A. R. Mann, Jr.	Skene	26,984
R. P. Herbison	Boyle	26,800
Delbert Farmer	Benoit	26,667
I. C. Rayner, Jr.	Merigold	26,514
Robert L. Yeager	Boyle	26,474
W. T. Burroughs	Hushpuckena	26,438
Hifer Farms	Merigold	25,772
A. J. Cowart	Rt. 1, Duncan	25,626
Dalton Taylor	Rt. 1, Box 44A, Gunnison	25,344
George B. Noland	Box 964, Clarksdale	25,106
Total payees in county, 71		3,690,879
<b>Calhoun County:</b>		
Grady Easley	Rt. 1, Slate Spring	55,271
Total payees in county, 1		55,271
<b>Carroll County:</b>		
J. W. Hobgood	Avalon	39,165
Bardin Redditt	304 Riverside Dr., Greenwood	38,567
W. H. Morgan, Jr.	906 Weightman, Greenwood	36,603
B. B. Sanders	Vaiden	36,151
R. C. Colvin	Greenwood	27,635
Total payees in county, 5		178,121
<b>Chickasaw County:</b>		
Coleman Farms	Okolona	78,951
W. J. Linn	R.R. 3, Houston	60,219
J. Q. Demoville	Okolona	37,874
Preston Sullivan	Okolona	25,258
Total payees in county, 4		202,302
<b>Claiborne County</b>		
E. A. Porter	Pattison	25,437
Total payees in county, 1		25,437
<b>Clay County:</b>		
J. T. Brand	Rt. 1, Prairie	39,294
John E. Judson	Rt. 3, West Point	37,167
Total payees in county, 2		76,461
<b>Coahoma County:</b>		
John B. McKee, Jr.	Friars Point	228,948
Roy Flowers	Mattson	196,679
Roundaway Planting Co.	Alligator	116,413
Oakhurst Co.	Box 335, Clarksdale	115,763
Kline Planting Co.	Alligator	113,395
King & Anderson Inc.	P.O. Box 745, Clarksdale	105,418
J. H. Sherard & Son	Sherard	97,016
Fred Tavoleti & Sons	1101 W. Second, Clarksdale	84,760
Graydon Flowers	Mattson	75,125
W. S. Heaton, Jr.	Lyon	72,331
Mohead Planting Co.	Lulua	72,126
Garrett & Son	R.R. 2 Box 24, Clarksdale	69,710
Leon C. Bramlett	R.R. 3, Box 599, Clarksdale	65,970
Sigmon Planting Co.	Sherard	62,694
H. H. Twiford	Alligator	61,814
Carr-Mascot Planting Inc.	R.R. 2 Box 161, Clarksdale	61,709
Wheeler-Graham	Coahoma	59,763
Maryland Planting Co.	R.R. 2, Box 23B, Clarksdale	58,038
T. M. Luster	R.R. 3 Box 597C, Clarksdale	56,675
Charles Monty, Jr.	R.R. 3, Box 575, Clarksdale	54,549
Johnson Brothers	Friars Point	54,541
Weeks Plantation Inc.	R.R. 2, Clarksdale	53,839
Dan Crumpton, Jr.	924 Oakhurst, Clarksdale	53,560
Oscar Connell Farm	Box 790, Clarksdale	53,064

MISSISSIPPI—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Coahoma County—Continued</b>		
Presley & Hudspeth	308 West Second, Clarksdale	\$51,700
Connell & Company	Box 790, Clarksdale	51,173
R. W. Jones & Sons Inc.	Lulua	49,994
Viney Ridge Farms	P.O. Box 611, Clarksdale	49,808
Kirk Haynes	Jonestown	49,483
P. F. Williams & Sons	P.O. Box 729, Clarksdale	48,913
J. H. Pruett	Lyon	48,844
J. F. Humber, Jr.	Farrell	47,710
Lucille & C. M. Fyfe, Jr.	Lulua	47,599
Flowers Brothers	Dublin	46,814
H. M. Haney	Jonestown	44,368
Fant Brothers	Coahoma	44,346
Allen & Ritch	R.R. 1, Lyon	43,932
G. L. McWilliams, Sr.	R.R. 1, Clarksdale	43,393
J. W. Henderson	403 Cypress, Clarksdale	43,207
David S. Manker	R.R. 2, Clarksdale	42,748
Simmons Planting Co.	Box 426, Clarksdale	42,076
J. B. Laney	Lyon	41,667
Dulaney Farms, Inc.	R.R. 2, Box 140, Clarksdale	41,293
Rives & Brewer	R.R. 1, Coahoma	40,423
Morris Eason	Mattson	40,309
King & Anderson Ent.	P.O. Box 745, Clarksdale	40,177
Eastover Plantation	Bobo	40,071
Robert G. Johnson	R.R. 2 Box 131, Clarksdale	40,038
L. B. Shipp	Box 86, Lulua	39,788
John H. Garmon, Jr.	Box 518, Clarksdale	39,444
Prairie Planting Company	Stovall	39,428
W. H. Maynard, Jr.	939 Maple, Clarksdale	39,322
Allen C. Evans	Lulua	39,286
Stribling Planting Co.	Box 83, Clarksdale	38,156
J. L. Stribling & Son	P.O. Box 83, Clarksdale	38,033
W. C. Luckett Farms	Dublin	37,923
Stribling & Smith	Box 83, Clarksdale	37,508
Omega Planting Co.	R.R. 1, Lyon	37,273
David B. Mullens	Ridgecrest Lane, Clarksdale	36,549
R. N. McWilliams	R.R. 1, Box 283, Clarksdale	36,192
L. S. Powell Estate, Inc.	Dundee	35,982
Wilbur Welch	Rich	35,654
M. J. Commer	Jonestown	35,365
R. L. Perryman	Lulua	34,578
M. H. Mabry	Dublin	34,464
Lake Roberson, Jr.	R.R. 1, Box 257, Lyon	34,438
J. T. Longino, Jr.	Jonestown	33,520
M. C. Stovall, Inc.	Stovall	33,345
Edwin J. Mullens	930 West Second, Clarksdale	32,880
John T. Hays & Son	Dublin	32,791
Andrew J. Donelson	Box 112, Farrell	32,718
Travis H. Taylor, Jr.	736 W. Second, Clarksdale	32,525
Russell Planting Company	Jonestown	31,560
Weakley Brahan	Lulua	31,371
Eliendale Planting Co.	R.R. 2, Box 2778, Clarksdale	31,201
Rocco G. Morris	Friars Point	30,847
W. W. Cooper	440 Cypress, Clarksdale	30,657
Eglenest Planting Co.	R.R. 2, Box 40, Lyon	30,509
R. M. Aust	R.R. 1, Box 662, Clarksdale	30,268
John C. Taylor	1117 Anderson, Clarksdale	30,162
E. V. Catoe, Jr.	Lyon	29,741
Massey Farms, Inc.	Lyon	29,397
T. Earl Johnson	R.R. 1, Tutwiler	28,969
B. B. Smith	Dublin	28,618
Mattie B. Boone	Lyon	28,138
Dana Haynes	Jonestown	27,613
Preston P. Bennett	Vance	27,570
Sam Paroli	Box 884, Clarksdale	27,325
Mac-Wan Farms	R.R. 3, Box 335, Clarksdale	27,264
L. T. Payne	R.R. 3, Box 45, Clarksdale	27,231
Richard Russell	Jonestown	26,407
Graham Bramlett	Bobo	26,255
Robert A. Boyce	Jonestown	26,163
John P. Pelegrin	Stovall	25,462
Total payees in county, 94		4,623,886
<b>Copiah County:</b>		
W. S. Reed	Utica	40,751
Total payees in county, 1		40,751
<b>Covington County:</b>		
Homar Rutland	R.R. 4, Collins	54,862
Toxie Allen	R.R. 1, Mount Olive	30,165
Total payees in county, 2		85,027

MISSISSIPPI—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>DeSoto County:</b>		
Topanga Caine Farm	Lake Cormorant	\$159,984
Banks & Co.	Hernando	95,862
P. L. Sanders	Walls	78,379
Howard & Blythe	Lake Cormorant	77,504
Plantation		
R. S. Jaratt	Walls	59,583
E. F. Greshaw	Rt. 9, Memphis	56,740
Red-Bud, M. W.	Lake Cormorant	46,834
Jefcoat		
Tract-O-Land	Lake Cormorant	44,618
Plantation		
Herman Koehler	Robinsonville	44,195
C. E. Clifton	Hernando	39,164
Pidgeon Roost Ranch	Box 547, West Memphis, Ark.	35,197
J. S. Dollahite	Lake Cormorant	32,627
Richard Leatherman, Jr.	Robinsonville	32,555
J. A. Earnheart	Rt. 2, Nesbit	30,840
A. A. Whiten	R.R. 1, Nesbit	10,703
M. C. Sparks & Son	R.R. 1, Lake Cormorant	30,442
Dudley Bridgeforth	Rt. 1, Nesbit	30,058
R. L. Sullivan	Walls	29,966
J. R. Summers	Rt. 1, Nesbit	29,186
Total payees in county, 19		984,427
<b>Grenada County:</b>		
B. A. Little	R.R. 1, Holcomb	36,041
Kraetzer Cured Lumber Co.	Box 908, Greenwood	35,936
Thomas A. Ligon	Avenue of the Pines, Grenada	27,666
Total payees in county, 3		99,643
<b>Hinds County:</b>		
Redfield Plantations	Edwards	73,359
Gaddis Farms, Inc.	Raymond	67,999
C. D. Noble	Edwards	55,539
C. C. Floyd	do	49,764
B. H. Virden	R.R. 3, Box 413, Jackson	38,447
Gaddis & McLaurin, Inc.	Bolton	31,949
Total payees in county, 6		317,057
<b>Holmes County:</b>		
Egypt Planting Co.	Cruger	84,080
J. E. Cunningham, Jr.	Tchula	75,577
Stonewall Planting Co.	P.O. Box 11, Thornton	65,003
Shotwell Plantation, Inc.	R.R. 1, Tchula	62,909
Lynchfield Planting Co.	Tchula	62,439
Pluto Planting Co.	Thornton	52,695
E. W. Hooker	406 Spring St., Lexington	46,828
W. J. Waits	Goodman	46,447
Paul Wilson	R.R. 1, Tchula	45,929
George D. Wynn	R.R. 1, Pickens	45,551
Byron B. Sharpe	Tchula	43,582
D. C. Conn	R.R. 2, Tchula	42,403
Charley Wade	R.R. 2, Cruger	41,147
J. E. Hays	Tchula	39,062
R. T. Hardeman	Cruger	38,212
Donald Parrish	R.R. 5, Lexington	33,756
Gum Grove Planting Co.	R.R. 2, Tchula	32,634
H. F. Flemming	Cruger	32,312
J. O. Love	Tchula	32,037
S. J. Foote, Jr.	Tchula	31,806
H. H. Howard	Cruger	31,768
Wayne Watkins	R.R. 1, Cruger	31,257
R. L. Peaster Co.	R.R. 2, Tchula	31,147
J. A. Killebrew	R.R. 1, Cruger	30,996
Humphrey Farm	Ebenezer	29,981
M. K. Shute	Tchula	28,545
J. A. Barrett	Cruger	28,311
Graves Planting Co.	Tchula	28,115
Joe Fratelli	Indianola	26,652
Bonanza Plantation	Thornton	26,211
J. R. Peaster, Jr.	R.R. 2, Tchula	25,326
Total payees in county, 31		1,273,718
<b>Humphreys County:</b>		
B. W. Smith Planting Co.	Louise	140,968
The Delta Co.	% T. L. Reed III, Belzoni	120,328
C. B. Box Co.	Midnight	97,376
James E. Coleman	R.R. 4, Yazoo City	87,713
Nerren Bros	Isola	76,562
Spencer H. Barret	Belzoni	69,343
Halbrook Farms	Belzoni	59,226
R. D. Hines	R.R. 4, Yazoo City	53,998
A. B. Jones, Jr.	Box 37, Belzoni	48,198
B. A. Holaday Co.	Louise	46,372
Gladstone B. Mortimer	Belzoni	45,267

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

MISSISSIPPI—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Humphreys County—Continued</b>		
T. M. Simmons, Jr.	R.R. 2, Belzoni	\$43,043
D. W. King	Inverness	39,716
Rodgers Farms	R.R. 2, Belzoni	39,332
Wm. L. Dillard	Louise	38,771
John M. Welch	403 Marie Ave., Indianola	37,306
R. P. Hairston	Silver City	35,923
R. B. Harris	Midnight	34,287
R. D. Bearden	Isola	32,731
Homer Martin, Jr.	Belzoni	32,234
J. D. Upshaw	Louise	32,054
C. M. Parker, Jr.	R.R. 1, Belzoni	31,777
Clint B. Aycock	R.R. 1, Belzoni	31,639
S. W. Gardner	Silver City	31,192
James G. Outlaw	R.R. 1, Silver City	30,647
Curtis F. Johnson	Midnight	30,497
Irby Turner	Belzoni	30,423
Edwards Farms	R.R. 2, Box 2, Belzoni	29,982
B. A. Seward	Louise	29,719
T. N. Turner Farms, Inc.	Belzoni	29,358
Gammons Farm	100 Wister Dr., Bel- zoni	29,152
Reed Bros	Silver City	28,160
Bearden Bros	Isola	27,917
Jones Planting Co.	Tchula	27,476
Hillsdale Ptn.	% C. D. Williams, Yazoo City	27,437
R.R. Roberts	R. 2, Belzoni	27,334
Rokeby Ptn.	% H. M. Love, Yazoo City	27,243
Robert L. Powell	Box 221, Louise	27,218
G. H. Hairston Jr.	Silver City	26,478
Seward & Son Inc.	Louise	26,416
Crawford Brothers	Isola	26,359
Wise Brothers	Yazoo City	26,070
R. P. & Tom P. Ellis	Daybreak Ptn., Belzoni	26,049
O. J. Turner III	Belzoni	25,855
W. A. Pearson	R.R. Box 161, Isola	25,531
Claude R. Gholson	Silver City	25,422
W. T. Turner	Belzoni	25,205
Total payees in county, 47.		1,942,304
<b>Issaquena County:</b>		
W. T. Touchberry	Glen Allen	112,807
Levee PLT Inc.	% James Hand III, Rolling Fork	44,568
Johnson Brothers	Valley Park	42,561
Loyd M. Heigle	Mayersville	37,469
Harper R. Myres	Mayersville	33,976
Rudy Pitt	% P. L. Ross, Glen Aulan	27,834
W. C. Woodruff	Grace	26,099
Total payees in county, 7.		325,314
<b>Jeff Davis County:</b>		
Hubert Rutland	Jayess	28,478
Total payees in county, 1.		28,478
<b>Lafayette County:</b>		
Valley Plantation	Box 265, Oxford	43,004
Walker E. Downs	R.R. 1, Oxford	39,060
R. B. Anderson	R.R. 2, Oxford	38,164
J. T. Smith	315 Sisk, Oxford	25,649
Total payees in county, 4.		145,877
<b>Leake County:</b>		
Grady Williams	Box 2, Walnut Gove	30,398
Total payees in county, 1.		30,398
<b>Lee County:</b>		
H. M. Scruggs	R.R. 2, Saltito	30,341
Total payees in county, 1.		30,341
<b>Leflore County:</b>		
Buckhorn Planting Co.	R.R. 2, Greenwood	146,510
Wildwood Plantation	R.R. 3, Greenwood	120,470
West, Inc.	R.R. 1, Sidon	112,260
Four Fifths Plantation	R.R. 3, Greenwood	106,458
Annapeg, Inc.	% Rufus Stainback, Minter City	98,561
The Brown Farm	Schlater	94,183
O. F. Bledsoe Planta- tion Establishment	R.R. 3, Greenwood	91,036
Race Track Plantation	R.R. 3, Greenwood	90,551
H. C. McShan	Schlater	83,269
L. W. Wade Farms, Inc.	Box 1136, Greenwood	80,227
Joe Pugh	Itta Bena	78,445
Roebuck Plantation	Sidon	76,755
Ruby Planting Co.	% J. F. Shaw, Box 174, Money	72,879

MISSISSIPPI—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Leflore County—Continued</b>		
Runnymede Plantation	Box 277, Itta Bena	\$63,887
D. E. Reynolds, Jr.	Glendora	62,519
R. L. Pillow	Box 128, Itta Bena	62,402
W. H. and J. C. Morgan	Morgan City	58,298
F. T. Leavell	Minter City	53,541
Hugh M. Arant	R.R. 2, Ruleville	53,172
King Plantation	1100 Poplar, Greenwood	51,559
Ed Hunter Steele	Morgan City	50,861
Hobson Gary	Schlater	50,252
Keirn-Switch Planting Co.	% R. T. Hardman, Cruger	50,065
Sturdivant & Bishop	Minter City	49,596
W. J. Roberson	Minter City	48,959
T. J. Carter	Box 304, Money	48,957
B. B. Provine, Jr.	113 Howard St., Greenwood	48,923
William C. Maloney	R.R. 1, Box 250, Itta Bena	46,139
Tupelo Plantation	505 E. Park, Greenwood	44,923
B. G. McGeary	Box 426, Sidon	42,429
Holly Grove Plantation	Sidon	42,060
W. L. Craig	R.R. 2, Greenwood	42,059
I. T. McIntyre III	ITTA Bena	40,278
Jeff L. Cole	709 Parsons, Green- wood	38,886
W. D. Bradford	R.R. 2, ITTA Bena	38,858
Ray Tribble	Money	37,174
J. Wayne Bush	Schlater	37,006
BCS Corp.	R.R. 2, Box 48, Minter City	36,974
E. H. Neill	R.R. 3, Greenwood	36,896
Hugh A. Warren	Sidon	36,210
Fort Loring Plantation	R.R. 1, Itta Bena	35,632
Landrum & Leavell	Minter City	35,340
Lake Henry Plantation	Box 1136, Greenwood	35,021
Pee Dee Planting Co.	% Hunter Chilton, Schlater	34,619
French Bend Planta- tion	Room 11, Freeman Bldg., Greenwood	34,530
L. L. Walter & Sons	Minter City	34,043
James Morgan, Jr.	804 Weightman, Greenwood	33,487
R. T. Wade	R.R. 1, Minter City	32,973
Lock Eleven	Swiftown	32,727
B & S Planting Co.	Glendora	32,140
C. L. Patridge	Box 347, Schlater	31,778
Hayward Jacks	Box 5, Philipp	31,698
Sam Balkin Trust Estate	Schlater	31,313
Murphy Bros	P.O. Box 36, Itta Bena	30,817
Shoe String Plantation	Box 588, Greenwood	30,427
W. G. Somerville	Minter City	29,922
Carrie P. Avent & Jones	R.R. 1, Minter City	29,714
M. C. Tillman	Schlater	28,899
F. R. Morgan, Jr.	Morgan City	28,398
W. P. Kimbrough, Jr.	605 Lamar St., Itta Bena	27,759
E. D. Strain, Jr.	Morgan City	26,401
Bishop Cottonland	Glendora	26,340
Lamar Makamson	R.R. 1, Sidon	26,034
Glen Burr Plantation	R.R. 3, Greenwood	26,028
W. C. Haynes	420 East Park, Green- wood	25,745
Lee Murphee	R.R. 1, Greenwood	25,525
Total payees in county, 66.		3,321,815
<b>Lincoln County:</b>		
C. C. Clark	Ruth	25,911
Total payees in county, 1.		25,911
<b>Lowndes County:</b>		
J. A. Hanson	R.R. 2, Hamilton	35,080
Saunders B. Carson	R.R. 1, Crawford	29,834
James C. Richards	R.R. 2, Caledonia	26,620
Total payees in county, 3.		91,534
<b>Madison County:</b>		
J. D. Rankin	R.R. 3, Canton	74,248
George H. Moore	do	60,520
Dudley R. Bozeman	Box 270, Flora	53,348
Thomas L. James	Finney Rd., Canton	53,180
M. S. Cox, Jr.	Madison	39,487
E. D. Mansell	R.R. 1, Pickens	37,652
Ben Stribling	R. 2, Box 64 AA, Canton	34,355
J. R. Tate	Canton	31,205
E. K. Bardin	Flora	27,119
Total payees in county, 9.		411,114
<b>Marshall County:</b>		
Odeil J. Wilson	R.R. 3, Holly Springs	60,417
W. G. Ash	Holly Springs	50,841
L. E. Devore	Rossville	43,342
Polly R. Curl	Holly Springs	37,645

MISSISSIPPI—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Marshall County—Continued</b>		
C. B. Robinson	Waterford	\$36,365
Byron Hurdle	R.R. 1, Lamar	35,721
Lonnie Bolden	R.R. 1, Holly Springs	32,154
Jack McClatchy	Red Banks	30,744
J. W. Cocks	R.R. 2, Holly Springs	29,548
Wayne Briscoe	Red Banks	28,255
C. S. Hurdle	R.R. 1, Moscow, Tenn.	27,384
Total payees in county, 11.		412,416
<b>Monroe County:</b>		
Sid T. Sanders	R.R. 2, Hamilton	36,559
Fay Nevins	do	26,241
Total payees in county, 2.		62,800
<b>Noxubee County:</b>		
E. F. NLNN & Co.	Shuqualak	172,559
Circle M Ranch, Inc.	Paulette	49,463
Valley Farm	Bigbee Valley	38,819
A. B. Stevens, Jr.	R.R. 1, Macon	28,340
Ralph Spurgeon, Jr.	Cliftonville	26,319
Total payees in county, 5.		315,500
<b>Panola County:</b>		
Donald Bartlett	Como	54,501
W. S. Taylor, Jr.	Como	46,992
Robert McMillan	R.R. 5, Batesville	44,660
J. H. Magee & Sons	Batesville	44,436
Raymond Birdsong	R.R. 3, Box 272, Batesville	42,899
Short Planting Co.	Como	39,135
Hays Bros. & Hall	R.R. 2, Box 196, Sardis	37,310
J. B. Wardlaw & Co.	Como	35,923
Clarence Taylor	Como	32,826
W. P. Lemaster	R.R. 2, Box 240, Sardis	30,915
Alton Milam	R.R. 5, Batesville	30,403
Leslie Busby	R.R. 2, Enid	30,090
Maury R. Harris & Sons, Inc.	Box 25, Sledge	29,851
Clarence Overall, Jr.	R.R. 2, Sardis	28,577
Leon Crigler	R.R. 1, Box 171, Crenshaw	28,074
Estate of Fred Taylor, Sr.	Como	27,674
Stanford McNemar	Star Rt., Sardis	27,353
Steve Short	Sledge	26,094
Dilmore & Austin	C/o B. Austin, R.R. 5, Batesville	26,062
Taylor Bros.	736 West Second St., Clarksdale	25,427
F. F. Luncford	R.R. 5, Box 202, Batesville	25,238
W. S. Hamer	Dyersburg	25,230
Crenshaw Bros., Inc.	Crenshaw	25,110
Total payees in county, 23.		764,725
<b>Quitman County:</b>		
Yandell Brothers	Vance	121,943
Roger Davidson	Box 245, Marks	96,127
John B. Ford	Darling	89,091
L. J. Barksdale, Sr.	Marks	62,903
Self & Co.	Marks	62,546
G. H. Barker	Marks	61,294
P. M. B. Self Estate	Marks	52,861
F. R. Trainor	Lambert	51,254
Garmon Farm	R.R. 1, Marks	45,784
Posey Mound Plant- ing Co.	Marks	45,578
Wise Bros.	Jonestown	45,485
H. T. Pittman	Marks	42,479
T. C. Potts	Crenshaw	39,805
Fulmer Farms	C/O T. J. Ware, Jr., R.R. 2, Marks	38,682
E. O. Vance, Jr.	Vance	38,632
C. W. Denton	Belen	38,550
Burl and Jearl Mahon	Falcon	38,393
Noel Wilborn	Lambert	37,432
Belen Planting Co.	Box 40, Marks	36,628
Fletcher S. Haynes	R.R. 1, Box 267, Lambert	35,467
E. M. Fedric Farms, Inc.	Vance	34,667
Longstreet Planting Co.	305 West 2d, Clarksdale	33,274
Joe E. Benson	Marks	32,577
Corbin Bros.	R.R. 1, Sledge	32,361
Lent E. Thomas, Jr.	R.R. 5, Lambert	32,020
F. R. Wright, Jr.	R.R. 3, Lambert	28,083
Mississippi State Penn.	Parchman	27,885
Starr Farm	Sledge	27,219
B. O. Tedford	R.R. 1, Box 185A, Lyon	26,918
A. L. King, Jr.	Vance	25,940
B. H. Cobb	Lambert	25,625

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

MISSISSIPPI—Continued		
County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Quitman County—Continued</b>		
L. P. Butler Estate and J. D. Peterso.	Belen	\$25,196
<b>Total payees in County, 32.</b>		<b>1,432,701</b>
<b>Rankin County:</b>		
J. W. Patrick, Jr.	Brandon	82,330
Paul Cross	R.R. 1, Pelahatchie	27,456
J. B. Williamson	Fannin	25,739
<b>Total payees in County, 3.</b>		<b>135,525</b>
<b>Sharkey County:</b>		
Pantherburn Co.	Pantherburn	158,521
Murphy Jones	Nitta Yuma	104,129
Cameta Plantation, Inc.	Anguilla	95,928
H.G. Carpenter	Rolling Fork	86,390
Raymond Brown and J. M. Brown.	Anguilla	62,501
Moore Planting Co., Inc.	Cary	59,026
James A. Boykin	Delta City	54,658
Lynndale Planting Co., Inc.	Cary	54,496
Little Panther Plantation.	Leland	54,491
Carter Brothers	Rolling Fork	53,774
Evanna Plantation, Inc.	Cary	52,425
Reality Plantation, Inc.	Rolling Fork	52,187
Martin Planting Co., Inc.	Anguilla	49,870
Powers Company, Inc.	Cary	49,019
Baconia Plantation, Inc.	Cary	48,334
S. M. Montgomery	Rt. 2, Rolling Fork	46,083
M. C. Ewing Co., Inc.	Anguilla	42,638
G. C. Cortright	Rolling Fork	42,300
H. T. Greer	Anguilla	38,339
Council Bend, Inc.	% V. B. Schimmel, Rolling Fork.	36,368
Ike Grundfest Estate	Cary	36,268
Patton Planting Co.	Nitta Yuma	35,758
Charles Kline	Anguilla	32,951
T. W. Harris	Cary	32,463
Rebekah Fields and Billy C. Fields.	Rolling Fork	31,490
Darden Co.	Onward	29,445
T M and Q Farm	P.O. Box 151, Rolling Fork.	29,422
Pat R. Dunaway	201 South First St., Rolling Fork.	28,381
Neff Farms, Inc.	Box 278, Hollandale.	26,703
A. B. Williams	Delta City	25,961
Dudley Moore	Rolling Fork	25,835
<b>Total payees in county, 31.</b>		<b>1,576,159</b>
<b>Sunflower County:</b>		
Eastland Plantation, Inc.	Doddsville	116,978
Billups Plantation, Inc.	Indianola	101,591
J. Livingston Estate, Inc.	Ruleville	99,325
Kelly R. Mahan	Batesville	99,250
Duncan Farms, Inc.	Rt. 2, Inverness	92,225
W. D. Patterson	Rome	82,894
Allen and Brashier Planting Co.	Indianola	80,036
Douglas Mallette	Indianola	70,605
H. T. Bonds	Rt. 1, Shelby	63,579
Frank T. Brumfield	Inverness	63,339
P. K. McGregor	Inverness	61,169
Billy Joe Waldrup	Drew	60,589
Lipe Farms Inc.	% George Lipe, Indianola.	60,221
J. H. Hill	Indianola	59,390
W. P. Scruggs	Doddsville	58,084
C. S. Simmons, Jr.	Inverness	55,038
William M. Pitts	Indianola	54,798
Pauline V. Adair	Doddsville	53,816
Garrard Estate	% W. M. Garrard Jr., Indianola.	51,979
Brewer, Morgan	Sunflower	48,620
J. M. Montgomery, Jr.	Inverness	48,355
H. A. Recker	Route 1, Indianola	48,043
J. W. Stowers	Inverness	47,688
Shurden & Owens	Drew	46,637
V. A. Johnson	Indianola	46,536
Poindexter Brothers	Inverness	46,435
Ruby, Morgan & Sons.	Sunflower	46,224
James Bradshaw	do	45,861
Phillip Fratesi	Indianola	43,040
George Rice	do	42,789
Herbert Stricklin	Baird	42,485
J. B. Baird	Inverness	42,431
R. M. & C. H. McClatchy.	Sunflower	41,540
F. L. Tindall	Indianola	41,190

MISSISSIPPI—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Sunflower County—Continued</b>		
Parker-Springer Planting Co.	P. O. Box 6, Drew	\$40,328
W. E. Austin	Clover Drive, Indianola.	40,158
W. O. Shurden	Drew	40,079
N. H. McMath	Isola	39,832
A. J. Hill	Rome	39,705
Ethel Lyon	Route 1, Shaw	39,434
H. T. Miller Planting Co., Inc.	Drew	39,299
Fletcher Brothers	Indianola	38,479
F. T. Clark	Ruleville	37,946
H. P. Watson	Box 95, Lexington	37,882
A. K. Maxwell	Moorhead	37,575
J. P. Fisher, Jr.	Sunflower	36,559
A. E. Schuyler	Shelby	36,426
W. E. Jefcoat	Doddsville	36,346
Patterson, Brothers	Merigold	35,267
Lake O. Lindsey	Doddsville	34,517
Dyche Plantation, Inc.	Blaine	34,483
St. Rest Plantation, Inc.	Holly Ridge	34,347
Pitts Planting Co., Inc.	Indianola	33,940
Glenn, McCoy	Rt. 1, Box 126, Clarksdalems.	33,646
Jones Brothers	Inverness	33,376
L. D. McCoy, Jr.	Drew	33,264
Hugh Medders	Shaw	33,224
Allen Brothers	Indianola	32,739
McWilliams & Pyron	Holly Ridge	32,096
Robert Mullins	Blaine	31,780
Dick Barrett	Indianola	31,253
H. W. King	Drew	31,002
R. K. Clark	Drew	30,854
J. A. Ely, Jr.	Shaw	30,533
W. E. Lamastus, Jr.	Drew	30,308
Louis Miller	Drew	30,045
Parker Planting Co.	Drew	29,842
F. T. Clark and Son	Ruleville	29,815
L. A. Saffley	Rome	29,814
J. T. McGregor	Indianola	29,814
Mittie P. Toler	Inverness	29,812
J. S. Parker, Jr.	Sunflower	29,693
J. B. Failing	Indianola	29,646
Brashier-Allen	Indianola	29,631
Peeples & Poss Farm	P.O. Box 226, Winterville.	29,572
Will A. Price	Inverness	29,390
Herbert Pearce	Cleveland	29,203
Bruce Brumfield	Inverness	29,096
C. A. McGregor	Inverness	28,695
W. L. Patterson	Sunflower	28,123
L. A. & L. E. Braswell	Rt. 1, Shaw	28,032
M. & F. Planting Co.	Box 578, Indianola	28,003
Kansas Plantation Inc.	Holly Ridge	27,430
W. O. Shurden, Inc.	Drew	27,390
Jack Curry	Ruleville	27,383
W. D. Marlow III & Son.	Ruleville	27,294
Gritman and Adams	Drew	27,134
Hubert Robertson	Indianola	27,124
V. E. Lester	Isola	27,107
J. G. Prichard	Inverness	26,709
W. H. Baird	Indianola	26,620
Hugh G. Fisher	Indianola	26,569
F. E. Mitchell	Box 117, Rome.	25,582
Earl W. Pittman	Sunflower	25,576
J. R. Dockery	Rt. 2, Cleveland	25,573
G. D. Lyon	Rt. 1, Shaw	25,476
H. C. Eastland	Doddsville	25,100
P. H. Brown Farms	% P. H. Brown, Indianola.	25,099
<b>Total payees in county, 98.</b>		<b>4,080,848</b>
<b>Talahatche County:</b>		
M. T. Hardy	Webb	122,799
Mike P. Sturdivant	Glendora	93,600
E. C. Fedric	Glendora	80,115
Twilight Planting Co.	Glendora	78,538
J. L. Hill & Co.	Webb	78,417
Hoparka Plantation	% F. M. Mitchener, Sumner.	71,068
Cotton Dixie, Inc.	% J. B. Baker, Webb	65,660
J. R. Flaunt & Sons	Swan Lake	61,656
T. C. Buford	Glendora	60,904
A. A. Mabus	Philipp	60,084
Ralph T. Hand, Jr.	Glendora	59,226
E. D. Graham	Sumner	58,485
Equen Planting Co.	% Metzla Wilson, Minter City.	57,882
Jerry Falls	Webb	55,590
Triple M Planting Co.	Sumner	55,188
Rainbow Planting Co.	% W. W. Pearson, Webb.	54,282
S. M. Fewell & Co.	Vance	53,934
F. M. Mitchener, Jr.	Sumner	52,909
J. A. Townes	Minter City	52,632
Frank Sturdivant	Minter City	51,846
Frank Sayle	Charleston	48,342
H. T. Bond, Jr.	R.R. 1, Shelby	48,253
Martha B. Lowe	Glendora	47,040
J. C. Hardy	R.R. 2, Charleston	45,344
Herbert Rice	Webb	43,457

MISSISSIPPI—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Talahatche County—Continued</b>		
J. Noel Reed	400 E. Hardin, Greenwood.	\$43,030
T. B. Abbey, Jr.	Webb	42,850
Benford Brown	Charleston	42,766
James Brothers	% Bill James, Tippo.	42,326
Phil Thornton III	Tutwiler	39,971
M. L. McMillan	Minter City	39,010
Stuart Denman	R.R. 2, Charleston	38,134
A. G. Murphey	Tippo	37,699
N. J. McMullen	Sumner	37,576
M. E. Foreman	Webb	37,227
M. S. Dale	405 E. Monroe, Greenwood.	36,927
Bailey Brake Farm	% Geo. B. Peters, Charleston.	35,703
T. W. George & O. L. Ferguson.	Philipp	33,303
William Tribble	R.R. 3, Charleston	31,752
Ray Roberson Farm, Inc.	Philipp	29,653
Bilbo Pennington	Vance	29,515
John W. Sherman	R.R. 1, Enid	28,133
Casburn Bros	Sumner	27,624
W. G. Burkhalter	Enid	27,138
R. W. Mabry	Tutwiler	27,055
Worley & Son	Sumner	26,527
Sammie Brasher	R.R. 2, Cascilla	26,500
C. E. Waldrup	R.R. 2, Drew	26,139
Ernest Brasher, Jr.	R.R. 1, Cascilla	25,973
B. A. Marley	Sumner	25,879
Margaret M. Norman	Box 790, Cleveland	25,526
Maggie W. McLellan	Charleston	25,171
<b>Total payees in county, 52.</b>		<b>2,446,358</b>
<b>Tate County:</b>		
M. P. Moore	Senatobia	71,422
E. E. Moore	Senatobia	51,593
R. G. Roseborough	Senatobia	29,441
Tom Wilson	Senatobia	27,327
W. P. Veazey Jr.	Coldwater	27,222
Thomas Smith	R.R. 1, Coldwater	26,803
<b>Total payees in county, 6.</b>		<b>233,808</b>
<b>Tunica County:</b>		
B. F. Harbert Co.	Robinsonville	115,098
Abbey and Leatherman, Inc.	Robinsonville	111,795
H. R. Watson and Sons.	Tunica	99,790
D. C. Parker	Rt. 1, Tunica	87,778
Bibb, Inc.	Box 122, Tunica	82,371
M. L. Earnheart Co.	Tunica	81,424
S. A. Arnold Jr.	Tunica	79,391
Owen Bros	Rt. 1, Tunica	75,830
R. W. Owen, Inc.	Rt. 1, Tunica	72,550
Carl C. May	Rt. 2, Box 599, W. Helena	68,543
S. C. Wilson & Son	% Shelby T. Wilson, Dundee.	68,444
Paul Battle, Jr.	Box 232, Tunica	68,391
Arnold Farms, Inc.	Tunica	66,311
Oaklawn Plantation, Inc.	Rt. 3, Box 36, Dundee	64,929
Clinton P. Owen	Robinsonville	57,572
Withers & Seabrook	Tunica	53,367
A. C. Caperton	Tunica	53,172
Austin Brothers	Rt. 3, Box 14, Dundee	51,694
A. S. Perry & Sons	Tunica	50,465
Youngblood Company	Rt. 2 Box 41, Dundee	46,604
McClintock Farms, Inc.	Box 115, Tunica	45,558
Irwin Company, Inc.	Robinsonville	45,148
T. O. Earnheart Co., Inc.	Tunica	44,609
Boyd Brothers	Rt. 1, Box 167, Dundee	43,935
B. R. Smith	Rt. 3, Box 132, Dundee	42,997
Hood Farms, Inc.	Box 845, Tunica	42,876
W. H. Houston, Jr.	Tunica	42,023
Lloyd E. Ryals	Box 98, Dundee	39,286
C. H. Block & Co.	Box 847, Tunica	37,222
A. T. Earnheart	Tunica	37,108
W. C. Bynum	Rt. 1, Box 143, Tunica	34,604
C. Buck Graves	Sarah	34,487
R. I. Abbay	Tunica	33,762
Alterra Planting Co.	Tunica	30,976
Ewing and Son, Inc.	Box 292, Robinsonville	28,687
Flowers & Parker	Post Office Box 38, Tunica.	27,963
Clyde J. Perry	Tunica	27,670
C. E. Pegram and Son.	Rt. 2, Box 79, Dundee	27,268
E. J. Lake	Rt. 3, Box 3, Dundee	26,662
Johnson & Frank	Rt. 3, Box 5, Dundee	26,532
Ransom A. Myers	Rt. 2, Box 62, Dundee	26,521
Jack W. Perry & Company, Inc.	Tunica	25,687
<b>Total payees in county, 42.</b>		<b>2,227,103</b>

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

MISSISSIPPI—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Union County:</b>		
Hugh Stephens	Box 186, New Albany	\$84,104
Total payees in county, 1		84,104
<b>Warren County:</b>		
Aden Brothers, Inc.	Valley Park	78,413
H. A. Downey, Jr.	Rt. 1, Box 320 Vicksburg	38,971
B. N. Simrall and Son, Inc.	Redwood	36,140
W. O. Miller	2701 Clay St., Vicksburg	33,847
Dorothy G. Butts	Redwood	26,897
Total payees in county, 5		214,268
<b>Washington County:</b>		
Potter Bros, Inc.	Box 349, Arcola	227,768
Crowe Farms	Arcola	223,835
Trail Lake Plantation	Tralake	146,478
R. A. Ingram	Leland	136,739
H. K. Hammett and Sons	Box 512, Greenville	123,106
Husbandville Plantation	%W. T. Rortson, Holly Ridge	107,318
Torrey Wood and Son	Hollandale	106,769
I. D. Nunnery, Jr.	Arcola	102,055
Hagan and Bruton Farm	Box 226, Hollandale	101,639
Baker Planting Co.	Leland	84,322
Walker Farms, Inc.	% George R. Walker, Stoneville	77,891
Glinockie Planting Co.	Leland	75,517
Fairfax Plantation	Ben Walker, Tribbett	74,079
W. G. Trotter	Box 113, Winterville	71,681
Edward Trotter	R.R. 2, Box 745, Greenville	63,353
Alex Curtis	602 South Deer Creek Dr. West, Leland	61,957
M. H. Rich, Jr.	Chatham	60,401
Ganier Brothers	Hollandale	60,050
Dan L. Smythe	Tribbett	58,525
Clyde V. Gaul	Leland	57,816
D. K. Morrow	Gamwyn Park, Greenville	57,794
Dogwood Plantation	W. E. Taylor, R.R. 2, Box 822, Greenville	57,504
W. C. Skates & Son	Avon	57,007
James Middleton	Darlove	56,579
John T. Dillard	503 Cypress St., Leland	53,538
Refuge Plantation, Inc.	R.R. 2, Box 667, Greenville	53,268
Arcola Planting Co.	J. R. Shaw, Arcola	53,189
F. L. Gerdes, Jr.	Box 255, Leland	51,932
Faith Plantation	%J. M. Dean, Tribbett	51,842
Barton Ingram	Box 352, Arcola	51,151
Lakeland Farms	R.R. 1, Box 380, Hollandale	50,199
Highland Plantation	R.R. 2, Box 225, Greenville	49,208
Dean and Co.	Tribbett	48,901
Billy Percy	Trail Lake Gin Co., Tralake	47,813
Franklin Trotter	Rt. 1, Box 507, Greenville	47,595
Deloach Cope	103 Church St., Hollandale	46,688
Cope and Neff	Box 278, Hollandale	46,437
Metcalfe and Weathers	% T. W. Weathers, Metcalfe	45,462
E. J. Ganier	Percy	44,670
Andrews Bros.	A. L. Andrews, Leland	44,401
J. C. Reed	R.R. 2, Leland	44,261
Stevens Brothers	Gien Allan	43,157
Deandale	% Cameron Dean, Tribbett	43,025
Walnut Bayou Planting Co.	% James S. Brown, Leland	42,934
Mounds Plantation, c/o Com. Nat. Bk.	Box 777, Greenville	41,542
Robert N. Aldridge & Sons	Box 38, Hollandale	41,274
Four C. Land Co.	% Gordon Crowe, Arcola	39,830
Wilmot Planting Co.	Ross Underwood, Arcola	38,694
H. T. Cochran & Son	Rt. 2, Hollandale	37,875
Thomas A. Hollingsworth and Co.	Hollandale	37,269
Isola Plantation	% H. W. Branton, R.R. 1, Leland	36,973
Gus Peralisi	R.R. 2, Leland	36,648
Osceola Plant Co.	% S. R. Underwood, Arcola	36,264
E. W. and G. W. Stone	Chatham	35,852
Word Planting Co.	Leland	35,785
V. L. & L. A. Nunnery	208 Bermuda, Greenville	35,598
A. G. Mahalitic	Rt. 1, Box 116A, Rolling Fork	35,256

MISSISSIPPI—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Washington County—Continued</b>		
W. H. Neill and Sons	Leland	\$34,828
W. O. Hester	R.R. 3, Box 91, Greenville	34,516
Walcott Planting Co.	Box 37, Hollandale	34,315
Harris and Harris	Box 367, Hollandale	34,072
Ralph Owens	Metcalfe	33,962
Munn and Morgan	Box 838, Leland	32,168
James A. Petty	Wayside	31,784
Hampton Collier	Hollandale	30,931
David B. Flanagan	508 S. Deer Crk. Dr. W., Leland	30,466
Montgomery and Grissom	Leland	29,941
C. D. Verner	% Whitehall Pktn., Leland	29,872
Delta Experiment Station	Stoneville	28,941
John J. Hall, Jr.	R.R. 1, Box 109, Leland	28,629
Clinton Mitchell	Tribbett	28,222
Marathon Plantation	J. P. Fisher & Sons, Glen Allan	28,148
O. R. Horton	R.R. 2, Hollandale	28,108
Park Farms	% Marlowe R. Park, Winterville	27,431
V. L. Sandifer	Hollandale	27,174
Glen Taylor	1940 Susan Dr., Greenville	27,111
E. E. Cooper	Leland	27,108
J. P. Wilkerson	Winterville	26,653
Edward P. Vieh	Box 12, Hollandale	26,495
Winston Walker	R.R. 1, Box 155, Greenville	26,230
Sam Sabatini	613 Third St., Leland	25,773
Don O. Baker	Leland	25,690
W. A. Dunaway & Son	Box 35, Hollandale	25,475
G. G. & G. W. McCool	Rt. 1, Box 151, Glen Allan	25,020
Total payees in county, 84		4,487,777
<b>Yalobusha County:</b>		
J. C. Sides, Sr.	Box 197, Coffeeville	99,831
John N. Covington, Jr.	Box 177, Coffeeville	45,570
H. H. White	116 South Main, Water Valley	38,000
W. C. Hall	R.R. 5, Water Valley	34,513
W. V. Moore	Oakland	30,341
Total payees in county, 5		248,255
<b>Yazoo County:</b>		
E. T. Jordan & Sons	R.R. 4, Yazoo City	89,416
H. S. Swayze	R.R. 2, Benton	87,513
Ruby Walker	Benton	84,217
Lakeview Planting Co.	R.R. 4, Yazoo City	83,439
D. H. Dew, Jr.	Eden	66,594
D. H. Dew, Sr.	Eden	62,311
S. Coleman	R.R. 5, Yazoo City	57,858
Ray Scroggins	Box 781, Yazoo City	53,930
E. T. Schaefer	P.O. Box 305, Yazoo City	51,781
Seward & Harris	Midnight	50,773
Kinkhead Plantation	R.R. 1, Yazoo City	40,815
Ivanhoe Plantation	% R. E. Coker, Box 865, Yazoo City	40,718
John J. Peaster	R.R. 1, Yazoo City	38,272
M. S. Johnson, Jr.	R.R. 1, Benton	37,094
John S. Howie	R.R. 1, Benton	36,849
Eldorado Planting Co.	R.R. 4, Yazoo City	36,629
Barrier & Barbour	Box 51, Yazoo City	35,426
L. M. Phillips	Holly Bluff	34,940
J. N. Hart	Sartaria	34,139
Frazier Thompson	Benton	32,795
Koaluna Plantation	Box 51, Yazoo City	32,155
J. V. Whitaker	Sartaria	30,630
W. T. Clark, Jr.	R.R. 4, Yazoo City	30,436
W. F. Paul	R.R. 4, Yazoo City	30,223
W. F. Cresswell	R.R. 5, Yazoo City	29,918
Allen Bridgforth	R.R. 1, Vaughan	28,280
T. E. Fouche	R.R. 2, Benton	28,027
A. S. Nichols	Vaughan	27,784
Barrier Bros.	Box 51, Yazoo City	27,558
D. H. Shipp	R.R. 2, Benton	27,101
E. L. Coleman	R.R. 4, Yazoo City	26,694
Thomas R. Stricklin	R.R. 6, Sartaria	26,509
Seward & Son	Louise	26,468
Hamel Farms, Inc.	Yazoo City	26,393
Total payees in county, 34		1,453,685
Total payees in State, 817		38,266,282

MISSOURI

<b>Atchison County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Bass Farms	By Fred Bass, Tuscola, Ill.	47,123

MISSOURI—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Atchison County—Continued</b>		
Dean Bolton	Fairfax	\$38,071
Scamman and Co.	By J. P. Scamman, Tarkio	33,035
William M. Griffin	Rock Port	32,083
Jimmie Low	Tarkio	29,583
Orville Wolf	Rock Port	27,555
George Opp	Rock Port	26,312
Total payees in county, 7		233,762
<b>Audrain County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
A. C. Farms, Inc.	Box 218, Mexico	28,652
Total payees in county, 1		28,652
<b>Bates County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
True Beisly	Box 282, Nevada	25,395
Total payees in county, 1		25,395
<b>Boone County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Dorsey M. Bass	228 East Parkway, Columbia	33,965
Total payees in county, 1		33,965
<b>Buchanan County:</b>		
Sonnenmoser Br.	% J. A. S., R.R. 1, Weston	27,750
Total payees in county, 1		27,750
<b>Carroll County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
R. E. Wiese Farms, Inc.	De Witt	36,787
D. N. M. Grain Co.	918 Br. of Tr. Bldg., Kansas City	33,889
Kipping Brothers	R.R. 4, Carrollton	32,140
Brayton Farms, Inc.	1123 North Jefferson, Carrollton	27,046
Famuliner Brothers	R.R. 2, Carrollton	26,490
Total payees in county, 5		156,352
<b>Cass County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Virgil Carlie	Pleasant Hill	26,106
Total payees in county, 1		26,106
<b>Chariton County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Quinn Bros.	Salisbury	62,590
W. L. Dickinson	Keytesville	27,575
C. S. Bramble & Sons	Glasgow	27,229
Total payees in county, 3		117,394
<b>Daviess County:</b>		
L. L. Cook	Gallatin	26,084
Total payees in county, 1		26,084
<b>Dunklin County:</b>		
Harris Farms, Inc.	% Paul Harris, Senath	25,455
Total payees in county, 1		25,455
<b>Holt County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Patterson Farms, Inc.	% G. D. Patterson, Maitland	73,437
Donald E. Morris	Fortescue	65,516
Jack Windle	1921 First Ave., Nebraska City, Nebr.	39,965
G. D. Patterson	Maitland	28,544
Haer Farms	% Emmett Haer, Craig	27,558
Total payees in county, 5		235,020
<b>Howard County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Roy J. Davis	Boonville	50,526
Total payees in county, 1		50,526
<b>Jackson County:</b>		
Rids. Church	% Don Eifelson, Rids. Audit, Independence	67,463
Batman Farms	% Ray Batman, Grain Valley	46,850
Total payees in county, 2		114,313

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

MISSOURI—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Knox County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
James B. Washburn, La Belle	Federal food-aid program	\$31,237
Total payees in county, 1		31,237
<b>Livingston County:</b>		
Marshall Meservey	Chula	28,279
Total payees in county, 1		28,279
<b>Mississippi County:</b>		
Marshall Lands, Inc.	Box 3, Charleston	78,461
Wolf Island Farms	Wolf Island	76,788
Dearmont, Oliver	R.R. 1, East Prairie	75,627
H & D Duenne	R.R. 2, Charleston	71,563
Burke Bros & Giltz, Inc.	405 Cypress, Charleston	57,586
Big Oak Farms	R.R. 2, East Prairie	50,852
W. C. Bryant	R.R. 2, East Prairie	48,423
Lankheit Plantation	R.R. 2, Charleston	36,072
Thurmond Farms, Inc.	Charleston	32,925
Pulltight Farms	P.O. Box 70, East Prairie	32,389
Choate Farms, Inc.	Charleston	29,386
Mt. Level Farms	Box 7, East Prairie	29,186
Robert C. Jackson	R.R. 1, Charleston	28,708
Babb & Deline	R.R. 2, Charleston	28,614
Shelby Farms, Inc.	Charleston	26,026
M & M Farms	% H. V. Morrow, R.R. 1, Bertrand	25,296
Total payees in county, 16		727,902
<b>Moniteau County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Knipp Bros	% Ernest Knipp, Tipton	41,035
Total payees in county, 1		41,035
<b>New Madrid County:</b>		
Swiney & Sons	Catron	54,947
Byars Orton	R.R. 2, Portageville	46,442
E. B. Gee, Jr.	John R. Bailey, AGT, Portageville	45,937
Walter O. Swiney	Box 375, Morehouse	43,407
Aubra Wrather	R.R. 1, Portageville	36,878
Raymond Ashley	Catron	36,382
Charles Pikey, Jr.	Conran	36,063
Ernest Carpenter	New Madrid	35,581
Fleischers Gin, Inc.	Gideon	34,732
A. C. Riley	New Madrid	34,565
Lorwood Plantation	Parma	32,550
George Dawson	R.R. 1, New Madrid	31,756
David Barton	Catron	30,235
W. V. Riley	New Madrid	28,164
Wasselrod & Campbell	T. L. Maschmeyer, Libourn	28,121
S. L. Hunter, Jr.	% Arline Avery, AGT, New Madrid	27,595
Oren Ross	Libourn	25,727
J. J. Bloomfield	New Madrid	25,462
Total Payees in county, 18		634,544
<b>Nodaway County:</b>		
Felton Grain & Livestock Co.	R.R. 3, Maryville	25,541
Total Payees in county, 1		25,541
<b>Pemissot County:</b>		
D. H. Acom Farms, Inc.	Wardell	51,631
L. Berry Farms, Inc.	Holland	51,518
R. O. Pierce	Caruthersville	37,904
Dolphin Land Co.	R.R. 2, Box 120, Steele	36,997
Orton and Toton	R.R. 2, Portageville	35,417
J. R. Hutchison Jr.	Box 78, Caruthersville	32,383
Mehrie Farms	Caruthersville	32,149
Watkins Farms Inc.	R.R. 1, Hayti	32,113
T. R. Cole & Sons	Pascoia	31,363
Coy Wilson	R.R. 2, Portageville	29,281
Donald Rone	Portageville	28,502
W. E. Smith, Jr.	R. 2, Box 213, Portageville	28,199
A. P. Kersy, Jr.	Caruthersville	26,776
Lloyd Massey	R.R. 1, Hayti	26,697
W. W. Burlison	Wardell	26,223
J. R. Ward	Box 285, Deering	25,731
P. S. Capehart	Holland	25,713

MISSOURI—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Pemissot County—Continued</b>		
John R. Franklin	Hayti	\$25,631
Total payees in county, 18		584,228
<b>Perry County:</b>		
O. F. Gremaud	R.R. 3, Perryville	62,271
H. N. Bruckerhoff	R.R. 3, Perryville	43,830
Total payees in county, 2		106,101
<b>Pike County:</b>		
Dundee Cement Co.	% Bob Watts, Box 67, Clarksville	27,080
Total payees in county, 1		27,080
<b>Ray County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Green Top Farms, Inc.	Rt. 4, Richmond	61,584
F. O. Handley	R.R. 3, Richmond	34,355
Total payees in county, 2		95,939
<b>Saline County:</b>		
Stonner Brothers	Miami	63,173
Eugene Elson	R.R. 1, Miami	56,727
L. W. Van Dyke & Co.	101 N. Fayette, Marshall	46,919
Jim Franklin	R.R. 1, Slater	31,352
L. J. Rasse Est.	By Fred R. Klinge, Marshall	30,747
Total payees in county, 5		228,918
<b>Scott County:</b>		
E. P. Coleman, Jr.	P.O. Box 250, Sikeston	65,467
North Ridge Co.	Charleston	44,652
Herman Smith	R.R. 1, Sikeston	42,820
F. S. Hunter	Box 158, New Madrid	34,999
Total payees in county, 4		187,939
<b>St. Charles County:</b>		
Saale Bros. Farm & Grain Co.	West Alton	43,544
Total payees in county, 1		43,544
<b>Ste. Genevieve County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Bartels Farms, Inc.	St. Marys	50,708
Loida Brothers	Rt. 1, Bourbon Rd., Ste. Genevieve	33,677
Aubuchon Farms	Rt. 2, Ste. Genevieve	25,508
Total payees in county, 3		109,893
<b>Stoddard County:</b>		
W. P. Hunter	% Blair Dalton, Bell City	83,868
Taylor Brothers	Essex	60,928
Mahan, Mahan & Radcliff	Parma	53,238
The Albert Plantation Co., Inc.	Painton	46,041
Claude Keasler	Parma	36,217
Gary Crump	Bernie	28,677
Total payees in county, 6		308,969
Total payees in State, 110		4,281,922

MONTANA

<b>Beaverhead County:</b>		
Jones Ranches, Inc.	R.R. 1, Box 48, Dillon	25,085
Total payees in county, 1		25,085
<b>Big Horn County:</b>		
Campbell Farming	Hardin	162,897
Erwin Schnad	424 Silver Lane Billings	47,409
A. G. Ballensky	Hardin	46,095
Pryor Land Company	Pryor Star Route, Billings	45,941
Floyd Warren, Inc.	Hardin	45,634
Robert Formanack	Lodge Grass	29,243
Total payees in county, 6		377,219

MONTANA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Blaine County:</b>		
Rasmusen Farming Corp.	Harlem	\$31,010
Total payees in county, 1		31,010
<b>Broadwater County:</b>		
V. R. Cazier & Sons	Toston	40,038
Total payees in county, 1		40,038
<b>Carter County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Adolph Fix	Ekalaka	27,522
Total payees in county, 1		27,522
<b>Cascade County:</b>		
R. S. Oday, Jr.	Highwood Star Rte., Great Falls	52,454
Sheffels Farms, Inc.	P.O. Box 1545, Great Falls	32,219
Donald Bowman	Belt	29,896
Zoller Farms	2101 1st Ave., South Great Falls	25,235
Total payees in county, 4		139,804
<b>Chouteau County:</b>		
Onstad Grain Co.	% Paul J. Onstad, Carter	48,850
Morris B. Stewart	Fort Benton	41,512
Fred A. Booth	Highwood	34,711
Chris Onstad	Carter	34,262
Robertson Ranch Co.	Carter	34,062
Oscar A. Kalgaard	Big Sandy	32,491
Juedeman Grain Co.	Geraldine	31,388
J. G. Robertson Corp.	2008 5th Ave. N., Great Falls	28,912
Birkeland & Son, Inc.	Fort Benton	28,295
Raymond Romain	Fort Benton	26,873
Total payees in county, 10		341,356
<b>Daniels County:</b>		
	Helena	551,719
Total payees in county, 1		551,719
<b>Hill County:</b>		
Leo M. Kraft	Box 909, Havre	54,866
Dees Brothers	% Donald Dees, Kremlin	28,827
Lineweaver Farms	% Lineweaver, Inverness	28,562
Marlin Spicher	Hingham	27,743
Thebadeau Farms	% J. Romain, 901 7th St., Havre	27,217
Spicher Brothers	Hingham	27,101
Howard Bailey	Kremlin	27,055
Miller Brothers	Gildford	26,071
Total payees in county, 8		247,442
<b>Lewis and Clark County:</b>		
Diehl Ranch Co.	East Helena	26,694
Total payees in county, 1		26,694
<b>Liberty County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Allen C. Kolstad	Ledger	42,961
McNutt Brothers	Box 296, Springfield	33,641
Clarence Romain	Chester	32,674
Gordon and or John Kammerzell	Chester	32,097
Dayton Kolstad	Ledger	26,988
John Wanken	Chester	26,612
Total payees in county, 6		189,973
<b>McCone County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Fidy Trustee OH Yrly, Meet Frs.	Chesterhille, Ohio	39,409
Otis S. Waters	Richey	38,005
Total payees in county, 2		77,414
<b>Pondera County:</b>		
John Keil & Sons, Inc.	Ledger	42,152
Loren Warwick	Conrad	33,871
New Miami Colony	Pendroy	30,194
Tom McCracken	Ledger	26,924
Total payees in county, 4		133,141

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

MONTANA—Continued		
County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Roosevelt County:</b>		
Schnitzler Corp.	Froid	\$48,405
Fort Peck Tribes	% BIA, Poplar	44,031
MOE Farm Corporation	Poplar	31,930
A. A. Werner	Poplar	25,386
Total payees in county, 4		149,742
<b>Sheridan County:</b>		
Nash Brothers	Redstone	60,665
E. J. Lander and Co.	Grand Forks, N. Dak.	27,625
Total payees in county, 2		88,290
<b>Toole County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Bill McCarter	Galata	45,843
S. A. Adaskavich	424 Main, Shelby	35,217
Kenneth Leck	Galata	27,202
Total payees in county, 3		108,262
<b>Yellowstone County:</b>		
Pearlie Lee	Blue Creek Rt., Billings	27,623
Total payees in county, 1		27,623
Total payees in State, 56		2,582,334

NEBRASKA

<b>Adams County:</b>		
Ruth Hunt	Box 445, Hastings	47,225
Total payees in county, 1		47,225
<b>Boone County:</b>		
Choat & Sons, Inc.	938 South Seventh, Albion	34,049
Dobson Brothers	% R. Dobson, Cedar Rapids	31,481
Total payees in county, 2		65,530
<b>Box Butte County:</b>		
Edward Jelinek	Fowling Rt., Alliance	28,457
Total payees in county, 1		28,457
<b>Buffalo County:</b>		
John C. Rogers	Miller	30,370
Total payees in county, 1		30,370
<b>Burt County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Hundahl Farms	% Ernest Hundahl, Tekamah	55,105
John Tobin & Sons	% John Tobin, Tekamah	43,593
Van Newell	Tekamah	26,541
Robert & James Chatt	% R. Chatt, Tekamah	26,452
PTNP		
Mariane Tobin	Tekamah	25,270
Total payees in county, 5		176,961
<b>Chase County:</b>		
Yaw Farms, Inc.	Champion	37,543
Bernard O'Neil	Wauneta	25,884
Total payees in county, 2		63,427
<b>Colfax County:</b>		
F. J. Higgins Farms, Inc.	Schuyler	78,816
Langemeier and Wagner Company	Schuyler	25,185
Total payees in county, 2		104,001
<b>Cuming County:</b>		
Albers Dehy Co.	Wisner	47,409
Total payees in county, 1		47,409
<b>Custer County:</b>		
Reuben R. Squier	Anselmo	32,650
Pirnie Brothers Cattle Co.	Weissert	27,333
Total payees in county, 2		59,983

NEBRASKA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Dakota County:</b>		
Leo C. Andersen	Dakota City	\$43,633
Beermann Farms, Inc.	% G. D. Beermann, Dakota City	31,358
Total payees in county, 2		74,991
<b>Dawson County:</b>		
Central Alfalfa, Inc.	115 West Fifth, Lexington	34,920
Noel Cover	Box 92, Cozad	31,180
Dawson County Feed Products, Inc.	Box 398, Lexington	31,024
Platte Valley Products, Inc.	Box 618, Lexington	27,881
Total payees in county, 4		125,005
<b>Deuel County:</b>		
Grace Land and Cattle Co.	Lewellen	31,488
W. H. Palsler Farms, Inc.	Big Springs	29,517
Total payees in county, 2		61,005
<b>Dodge County:</b>		
Harland S. Milligan	Hooper	47,650
Total payees in county, 1		47,650
<b>Douglas County:</b>		
Roy Johnson	Elkhorn	28,214
Father Flanagan's Boys Home	Boys Town	26,867
Total payees in county, 2		55,081
<b>Fillmore County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Dale Lovegrove	Fairmont	28,262
Lauber Seed Farms	Geneva	25,795
Total payees in county, 2		54,057
<b>Franklin County:</b>		
W. J. Bach	Riverton	33,372
Total payees in county, 1		33,372
<b>Frontier County:</b>		
Albert Farr & Fred H. Farr	Cambridge	27,340
Total payees in county, 1		27,340
<b>Furnas County:</b>		
Johnson Bros. & Jones	By C. Johnson, ptr., Cambridge	54,308
Kenneth Carpenter, Sr.	Arapahoe	25,071
Total payees in county, 2		79,379
<b>Gage County:</b>		
John Krause & Sons	Adams	27,554
Total payees in county, 1		27,554
<b>Garden County:</b>		
Leo Jessen	Oshkosh	43,546
Total payees in county, 1		43,546
<b>Greeley County:</b>		
James H. Dugan	Rt. 1, Greeley	31,949
Marvin W. Dugan	Box 276, Greeley	25,315
Total payees in county, 2		57,264
<b>Hall County:</b>		
Wm. Packer & P. H. Packer, Partners	Wood River	29,442
Total payees in county, 1		29,442
<b>Hamilton County:</b>		
Farm Inc., W. Wilczynski, president	1413 7th, Aurora	39,067
Kreutz Bros., Inc.	% Roger R. Kreutz, Giltner	31,450
Total payees in county, 2		70,517
<b>Harlan County:</b>		
Bernard Lueking	Oxford	32,242
Total payees in county, 1		32,242
<b>Holt County:</b>		
Fred Horne, Jr.	R.R. 4, Atkinson	47,893

NEBRASKA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Holt County—Continued</b>		
Wm. A. Curry	Box 588, Columbus	\$26,161
Total payees in county, 2		74,054
<b>Jefferson County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
A. L. Rosener & Sons	Daykin	54,915
Lee A. Snyder	1109 I St., Fairbury	29,472
Estate		
Total payees in county, 2		84,387
<b>Kearney County:</b>		
Wells Brothers	R.R. 1, Box 113, Axtell	30,729
Total payees in county, 1		30,729
<b>Keith County:</b>		
Walter Armstrong	Brule	29,923
Total payees in county, 1		29,923
<b>Kimball County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Raymond Jessen	Lodgepole	29,811
Total payees in county, 1		29,811
<b>Lancaster County:</b>		
Warner Hereford Farm	Waverly	27,986
Loren E. Schwaninger	Princeton	26,027
Total payees in county, 2		54,013
<b>Lincoln County:</b>		
Miron Moore	Sutherland	27,688
Total payees in county, 1		27,688
<b>Madison County:</b>		
Elkhorn Valley Cattle Co.	Box 682, Norfolk	25,486
Total payees in county, 1		25,486
<b>Merrick County:</b>		
Dinsdale Bros., Inc.	Palmer	34,802
Total payees in county, 1		34,802
<b>Nance County:</b>		
Bryce Sample	Fullerton	28,526
Total payees in county, 1		28,526
<b>Nemaha County:</b>		
A. B. Ritchie, Jr.	Box 295, Auburn	33,464
Wm. E. Rogge	R.R. 1, Brownville	25,481
Total payees in county, 2		58,945
<b>Nuckolls County:</b>		
A. C. Jones	Nora	27,175
Total payees in county, 1		27,175
<b>Otoe County:</b>		
Hammond Farms	Shrewsbury Agt., 1010 10th Avenue, Nebraska City	52,812
Forrest Binder	Table Rock	25,810
Total payees in county, 2		78,622
<b>Perkins County:</b>		
Svoboda & Hannah	Box 57, Ogallala	39,296
Kjeldgaard Farms, Inc.	% W. Kjeldgaard, Big Springs	25,585
Total payees in county, 2		64,881
<b>Phelps County:</b>		
Sam T. Schrock, Jr.	Elm Creek	34,070
Total payees in county, 1		34,070
<b>Polk County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
K. D. Strong	Stromsburg	26,237
Total payees in county, 1		26,237
<b>Red Willow County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Myers Bros.	407 Park Ave., McCook	34,684

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

NEBRASKA—Continued		
County and name	Address	Total payments
Red Willow County—Continued		
Ervain Friehe	1502 Norris, McCook	\$25,696
Total payees in county, 2		60,380
Richardson County:		
Ralph J. Stalder and Ralph M. Stalder	Salem	41,214
Keith Sherburne	Humboldt	26,164
Total payees in county, 2		67,378
Saline County:		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Mahloch Farms Co., Inc.	%Harvey Mahloch, Dewitt	29,694
Total payees in county, 1		29,694
Saunders County:		
Arthur Gifford	1915 Nye St., Fremont	26,499
Ralph Raikes	Ashland	25,003
Total payees in county, 2		51,502
Sheridan County:		
James Van Rossum	Gordon	28,312
Total payees in county, 1		28,312
Thurston County:		
Willis Leinart	Walthill	28,703
Total payees in county, 1		28,703
Webster County:		
Delbert Lewis	Red Cloud	35,269
Total payees in county, 1		35,269
York County:		
Broadwell, Inc.	R.R. 3, York	56,807
T. W. Harrington	Bradshaw	50,599
Wm. H. Otto	Box 38, York	26,166
Total payees in county, 3		133,572
Total payees in State, 77		2,585,967
NEVADA		
Clark County:		
Donald George Whitney	P.O. Box 308, Logandale	100,000
Total payees in county, 1		100,000
Humboldt County:		
Rio King Land & Investment Co.	16 Calif. St., San Francisco, Calif.	32,873
Total payees in county, 1		32,873
Nye County:		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Walter J. Williams	1223 Park Circle, Las Vegas	96,539
Tim Hafen Ranches, Inc.	P.O. Box 236, Pahrump	37,000
Total payees in county, 2		133,539
Pershing County:		
Brinkerhoff Ranch	R.R. 1 Box 36, Lovelock	47,872
Herman Dennler	Box 1703, Reno	37,745
Total payees in county, 2		85,617
Total payees in State, 6		352,029

NEW MEXICO

County and name	Address	Total payments
Chafes County:		
A. W. Langenegger	Box 503, Hagerman	\$74,875
Crawford Brothers	3103 N. Garden, Roswell	55,689
Hal Bogle	Dexter	54,226
H. C. Berry	Box 226, Dexter	48,128
J. P. White, Jr.	Box 533, Roswell	39,101
Fletcher Brothers	Box 356, Dexter	35,008
Clardy Farms, Inc.	Box 102, Roswell	29,141
Jack Patterson	Box 938, Roswell	27,909
Bronson Corn	Dunlap Route, Roswell	27,530
Melvin Pearson	Lake Arthur	26,714
Rosendo Casarez	R.R. 2, Box 152, Roswell	26,538
Willard Watson	Hagerman	26,137
Total payees in county, 12		470,996
Curry County:		
John Garrett and Sons	Box 520, Clovis	111,799
Garrett Corporation	do	94,423
Eldon Blackburn	St. Vrain	83,166
George Hammond	2829 Gidding, Clovis	77,475
Dale Elliott	R.R. 1, Clovis	73,911
James E. and John Garrett	Box 520, Clovis	73,429
Lockmiller and Son	1401 Piedmont, Clovis	71,850
John H. Spearman	Box 1000, Clovis	61,703
C. Elton Green	Star Route, Clovis	57,876
Lee Ross Hammond	1616 E. 21 St., Clovis	51,842
Hanes and Demalo	1400 Pile St., Clovis	49,440
L. R. Talley	Rt. 1, Texico	46,868
John Garrett, Jr.	Box 520, Clovis	46,853
Eva B. Smith	R.R. 2, Box 225, Clovis	46,599
The Hecht Company	R.R. 2, Clovis	46,502
David Turner	Rt. 1, Texico	45,606
Frank Wicks	Box 246, Clovis	45,051
O. H. Pattison	Star Rt. Box 58, Clovis	44,775
J. W. Graham	R.R. 1, Dimmitt, Tex.	43,355
M. M. Snell	R.R. 3, Clovis	43,337
L. E. Davis	3517 Corlington Ln., Clovis	41,963
Cecil Porter	3112 Ross St., Clovis	41,901
Harold House	R.R. 3, Clovis	41,690
John W. Gunter, Jr.	R.R. 2, Muleshoe, Tex.	41,389
D. D. Myrick	R.R. 2, Clovis	39,609
Ronnie Mitchell	R.R. 1, Box 162, Clovis	39,438
Sid Pipkin	Star Rt., Clovis	37,035
Gorman Hand	R.R. 1, Clovis	36,895
Lester Merrill	Box 218, Clovis	36,258
Haney Tate	R.R. 2, Clovis	36,205
Vachrel Ridley	Bellview	35,770
James E. Garrett	1305 E. 21st Street, Clovis	35,000
Max L. Kelso	Star Rt. Box 43, Clovis	34,276
C. E. Christian	Box 536, Farwell, Tex.	34,167
J. L. Wall	R.R. 1, Clovis	34,118
Archie Baker	Star Route, Clovis	33,761
Leon Marks	R.R. 3, Box 107B, Clovis	33,534
Fern Castor	2700 Axtell, Clovis	33,485
Malcolm Garrett	R.R. 2, Clovis	33,372
John W. McIntosh	R.R. 3, Clovis	33,092
Virgle Harrison	1905 Wilshire Blvd, Clovis	32,760
Wayne Martin, Jr.	R.R. 3, Box 124A, Clovis	32,274
Frank Blackburn	R.R. 2, Clovis	31,446
J. R. Shumate, Jr.	Star Route, Clovis	31,223
Willie O. Wall	R.R. 1, Texico	30,881
Tom Cobb, Jr.	1409 Gidding St., Clovis	30,787
Leslie Pattison	1121 Pile, Clovis	30,741
W. W. Bomar	1212 E. 21st Street, Clovis	30,153
A. R. Kleeman	R.R. 3, Clovis	29,548
Francis L. Decker	R.R. 1, Broadview	29,403
Elbert Mitchell	R.R. 1, Clovis	29,023
Calvin Stout	Grady	28,903
Ingram Brothers	Box 929, Clovis	28,485
Golder West Seed, Co.	Box 325, Texico	28,483
Joe Paul Cobb	321 Kathie Dr., Clovis	28,179
E. C. Murrell	3107 Roos, Clovis	27,980
N. E. Thompkins	912 John Doe, Clovis	27,971
Billy J. Dodd	Star Route, Melrose	27,488
Fred Northcutt	320 Murray, Clovis	27,484
Edgar Campbell	Route 1, Texico	27,323
Dudley Bailey	R.R. 1, Clovis	27,285
Waymon Mitchell	R.R. 1, Clovis	26,621
Robert D. Martin	R.R. 3, Clovis	26,337
Ollie Damron	1408 Claremont Drive, Clovis	26,274
H. W. Harmon	R.R. 2, Clovis	25,877
Paul P. Harrison	R.R. 1, Texico	25,749
Donald R. Rucker	R.R. 1, Texico	25,467
Ray E. Castelberry	Box 654, Farwell, Tex.	25,383
Joel Sealey	Star Rt. Box 51A, Clovis	25,349
Roy Williams and Son	Route 2 Box 200, Clovis	25,196
J. C. Eshleman	Route 1 Box 166, Clovis	25,179
Total payees in County, 71		2,824,070

NEW MEXICO—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
Dona Ana County:		
Stahmann, Farms, Inc.	Box 550, Las Cruces	\$42,374
Tharp Farms	R.R. 1, Bx 1338, Las Cruces	29,561
Robert S. Hayner	Hatch	28,164
J. K. Nakayama	R.R. 1 Bx 1614, Las Cruces	25,107
Total payees in county, 4		125,206
Eddy County:		
Snodgrass and Carlisle	P. O. Box 2091, Roswell	58,939
Moutray Bros., Inc.	Box 280, Carlsbad	58,735
Roy Ingram	609 Richardson, Artesia	47,107
Draper Brantley	706 Riverside Dr., Carlsbad	32,715
Tom E Vandiver	700 Hermosa Dr, Artesia	25,221
Total payees in county, 5		222,717
Hidalgo County:		
Richins Brothers, Inc.	S. R. Box 274, Animas	42,433
Bill Veck	Star Rt., Box 237, Animas	40,282
Sidney O. Wright	Star Rte., Box 246, Animas	26,566
Billy Veck	P. O. Box 12, Animas	25,326
Total payees in county, 4		134,607
Lea County:		
Emma Lawrence	Box 2309, Hobbs	159,927
Elvis Jones	Rt. 1, Box 141, Lovington	49,961
C. O. Price	801 W. Tyler, Lovington	40,828
Taylor & Heidel, Inc.	Rt. 1, Box 360, Lovington	37,425
John Richardson	Rt. 1, Box 341, Lovington	35,096
G. Bradford Feed Pens	308 N. 8th St., Lovington	33,554
W. G. Turnipseed	Rt. 1, Box 620, Lovington	32,716
L. E. Sims	E. St. Rt., Lovington	28,152
McClish Farms	Box 86, McDonald	27,646
Dwain F. Woody	E. St. Rt., Box 96A, Lovington	27,337
Total payees in county, 10		472,642
Luna County:		
L. G. Guaderrama	405 W. Ethel, Las Cruces	46,803
Wilma Jean Lyle	811 W. Kovaya, Tucson, Ariz.	27,136
Total payees in county, 2		73,939
Quay County:		
Odus Rush	McAlister	51,849
Jack Gunn	St. Vrain	39,346
Charley Roy Best	Grady	37,919
Ivan Rush	Rt. 2, Melrose	37,512
D. F. McCasland	Forrest	34,638
J. V. Curtis	Rt. 2, Melrose	33,365
Olen L. Yocom	Box 1151, Tucumcari	33,113
Jennings Stock Farm	McAlister	29,773
Total payees in county, 8		297,515
Roosevelt County:		
Glenn W. Thompson	Box 1101, Morton	36,208
Harvey L. and Ava L. Balko	Lingo	34,571
Thetford and Massey	Rt. 1, Rogers	34,484
Sidney E. Pool	Lingo	32,981
Allen Chapman	1521 S. Abilene, Portales	28,436
Brown and Brown	Rt. 2, Texico	27,923
Claudia W. Reeves	So. Star Rt., Portales	26,567
E. B. Robbins, Jr.	W. Star Rt., Box 128B, Portales	26,048
Total payees in county, 8		247,218
Socorro County:		
Gerald Brawley	Box 25, Socorro	27,882
Total payees in county, 1		27,882
Union County:		
Arthur Jernigan	Amistad	29,979
Matt D. Irwin	R.R. Star, Texline, Tex.	27,461
Total payees in county, 2		57,440
Total payees in State, 127		4,954,232

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

NEW YORK		
County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Genesee County:</b>		
My-T-Acres	8127 Lewiston Rd., Batavia.	\$26,872
Total payees in county, 1.		26,872
Total payees in State, 1.		26,872

NORTH CAROLINA		
County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Anson County:</b>		
John Robinson	Box 126, Morven	\$31,179
Edwin J. Wall	Rt. 1, Morven	25,291
Total payees in county, 2.		56,470

<b>Beaufort County:</b>		
A. D. Swindell	Pantego	56,688
Total payees in county, 1.		56,688

<b>Cleveland County:</b>		
Morgan & Co. Inc.	Shelby	33,394
Total payees in county, 1.		33,394

<b>Edgecombe County:</b>		
M. C. Braswell Farms	Battleboro	75,908
Peoples Bank	Claude Etheridge Est. Rocky Mount.	29,425
Total payees in county, 2.		105,333

<b>Halifax County:</b>		
Bill Pickett	101 Cherry St. Scotland Neck.	30,553
A. F. Whitehead	Scotland Neck	29,068
Charles L. Tillery	P.O. Box 142, Halifax.	27,612
Total payees in county, 3.		87,233

<b>Hoke County:</b>		
Dundarrach Trading Co.	Box 1736, Laurinburg	32,529
W. S. Thomas	Box 451, Raeford	31,778
R. L. Gibson	R.R. 1, Red Springs	27,279
J. K. McNeil Farms	115 Fulton St., Raeford.	26,692
Alfred K. Leach	R.R. 1, Raeford	25,224
Total payees in county, 5.		143,502

<b>Lenoir County:</b>		
Parrott Farms	Box 481, Kinston	26,938
Total payees in county, 1.		26,938

<b>Montgomery County:</b>		
Robert Chappell	Candor	45,518
Mack Chappell	P.O. Box 397, Candor	25,937
Total payees in county, 2.		71,455

<b>Northampton County:</b>		
Henry Bennett	Rich Square	52,865
Reuben Turner	Garysburg	33,699
M. C. Dunlow	Rt. 1, Garysburg	28,608
John G. Burgwyn	Jackson	26,733
Total payees in county, 4.		141,910

<b>Robeson County:</b>		
McNair Farms	Laurinburg	351,596
Southern National Bank	Lumberton	170,044
D. D. McColl	Box 748, St Pauls	61,512
Maxton Supply Co.	Maxton	45,315
R. E. Parnell	Parkton	38,981
Allen M. Shook	Box 301, Red Springs	36,425
Waccamaw Bank	Box 518, Lumberton	35,707
J. D. Hagler	Box 26, Maxton	34,900
Dan McArthur, Jr.	Rt. 2, Red Springs	29,453
Tom McRimmon	Rt. 2, Rowland	27,365
Neil Watson	Rt. 1, Maxton	25,125
Total payees in county, 11.		856,423

NORTH CAROLINA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Scotland County:</b>		
J. T. John Co., Inc.	Laurinburg	\$69,913
Z. V. Pate Inc.	Gibson	55,124
James R. McKenzie	Laurinburg	52,265
A. R. McMillan Jr.	Wagram	44,007
Emerson Langley	Laurinburg	43,808
John Carmichael	Laurinburg	43,019
Jesse Snead	R.R. 2, Laurinburg	41,997
Evans Brothers	Box 8, Laurinburg	36,760
A. D. Gibson Store	R.R. 2, Laurel Hill	30,831
Richard Tatum	Laurinburg	30,712
Blue Invest Co., Agt.	Katie G. McNeill, Laurinburg.	26,864
J. N. Gibson Jr.	Gibson	26,653
Total Payees in county, 12.		502,046

<b>Washington County:</b>		
J. B. Bell	R.R. 1, Pantego	49,159
Total payees in county, 1.		49,159
Total payees in State, 45.		2,130,551

NORTH DAKOTA

<b>Bottineau County:</b>		
The Wittman Company	Mohall	\$37,037
Ballantyne Brothers	Westhope	34,486
Willis Glinz	Newburg	26,966
Total payees in county, 3.		98,489

<b>Burleigh County:</b>		
T. Clem Casey	P.O. Box 1582, Bismarck.	26,433
Patterson Land Company	Box 1033, Bismarck	25,890
Total payees in county, 2.		52,323

<b>Divide County:</b>		
Lawrence Hagen	Alamo	26,642
Total payees in county, 1.		26,642

<b>Golden Valley County:</b>		
Lloyd Weinreis	Golva	28,198
Total payees in county, 1.		28,198

<b>Grand Forks County:</b>		
Ryan Farms	East Grand Forks, Minn.	25,690
Elk Valley Farms	Larimore	25,085
Total payees in county, 2.		50,775

<b>Hettinger County:</b>		
Swindler Bros.	Mott	46,421
John F. Swindler	Mott	39,732
Benjamin Schaible	Mott	30,932
Milton Hertz	Mott	27,410
Arthur Schaible	Mott	26,006
Total payees in county, 5.		170,501

<b>Kidder County:</b>		
Ward Whitman	Robinson	42,788
Total payees in county, 1.		42,788

<b>McKenzie County:</b>		
Joe Gudbranson	New Town	29,167
Total payees in county, 1.		29,167

<b>Morton County:</b>		
Wachter Ranch	Bismarck	40,814
Total payees in county, 1.		40,814

<b>Mountrail County:</b>		
Otto Engen	311 9th St. SE., Minot	50,389
Total payees in county, 1.		50,389

<b>Slope County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
C. E. Dilse	Scranton	33,461
Total payees in county, 1.		33,461

<b>Stutsman County:</b>		
Eddy Farms	Box 1239, Jamestown	72,504
Arvel Glinz	Eldridge	59,187
Total payees in county, 2.		131,691

NORTH DAKOTA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Towner County:</b>		
W. A. Schmidt	Bisbee	\$28,450
Total payees in county, 1.		28,450

<b>Traill County:</b>		
J. S. Dalrymple	W. R. Grabarkewitz, Hillsboro.	27,715
Total payees in county, 1.		27,715

<b>Ward County:</b>		
Earl Schwartz Co.	Earl Schwartz manager, Kenmare.	43,077
Morris Anderson	North Hill Bowl, Minot	27,877
Total payees in county, 2.		70,954
Total payees in State, 25.		882,357

OHIO

<b>Butler County:</b>		
Glenn R. Bonham	2551 Canal Rd., Hamilton.	\$32,449
Total payees in county, 1.		32,449

<b>Champaign County:</b>		
Harry Booher	1868 W. Dallas Rd., Urbana.	37,866
Avery Linville	1988 N. Rt. 68, Urbana.	25,251
Total payees in county, 2.		63,117

<b>Clark County:</b>		
Kenneth Michael	Rt. 2, New Carlisle	25,348
Total payees in county, 1.		25,348

<b>Clinton County:</b>		
Midwest Farms, John Going.	R.R. 3, Sabina	34,205
Total payees in county, 1.		34,205

<b>Erie County:</b>		
Wensink Brothers	Rt. 1, Monroeville	25,566
Total payees in county, 1.		25,566

<b>Franklin County:</b>		
Darby Dan Farm Co.	Gallway	26,947
S. Hartman, c/o Opekasit, Inc.	183 W. High, London	26,793
Total payees in county, 2.		53,740

<b>Greene County:</b>		
Trelawny South Farms	183 W. High St., Opekasit, London.	27,486
Total payees in county, 1.		27,486

<b>Madison County:</b>		
AG Lands	R.R. 1, London	37,028
Total payees in county, 1.		37,028

<b>Marion County:</b>		
Ward Walton and Asso., Inc.	R.R. 4, Upper Sandusky.	119,105
W. S. Guthery & Son, Inc.	2454 Richwod Larue, Larue.	28,297
Total payees in county, 2.		147,402

<b>Miami County:</b>		
Mark Knoop	2645 St. Rt. 41, E. Troy	28,409
Total payees in county, 1.		28,409

<b>Pickaway County:</b>		
Jean Clow Crites	Scioto Land Co, Box 2, Ashville.	34,409
Donald Miller, Sr.	R.R. 1, Circleville, Ohio.	25,852

<b>Sandusky County:</b>		
B. J. Gries	Rt. 4, Fremont	32,169
Total payees in county, 1.		32,169

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

OHIO—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
Wyandot County:		
David J. Needs	R.R. 4, Upper Sandusky.	\$26,885
Total payees in county, 1.		26,885
Total payees in State, 17.		594,065

OKLAHOMA

Bryan County:		
Smith Lee Farms	Box 604, Durant	\$28,099
Total Payees in county, 1.		28,099
Caddo County:		
S. G. Stevens	Gracemont	32,787
C. M. Uery	R.R. 1, Apache	25,934
Total Payees in county, 2.		58,721
Canadian County:		
Margaret Petree	707 So. Hoff, El Reno	30,632
Total Payees in county, 1.		30,632
Cimarron County:		
Billy R. Gowdy	Box 90, Boise City	38,577
Mabry Foreman	Felt	32,180
Lee D. Rice	W. Star Rt. Boise City	31,579
Clifford Hinds	R.R. 1, Boise City	26,257
L. J. & Clovis Stafford	Keyes	25,113
Total Payees in county, 5.		153,706
Custer County:		
George Fransen	Rt. 2 Box 8, Clinton	32,870
Isaac Fransen	300 S. 9, Clinton	32,438
J. G. Stratton Sr.	515 S. 14th, Clinton	27,240
Total Payees in county, 3.		92,548
Garfield County:		
E. B. Mitchell & Sons	J. C. Mitchell, Kremlin	26,835
Total Payees in county, 1.		26,835
Grant County:		
C. W. Leforce and Son	Nash	32,415
Total Payees in county, 1.		32,415
Greer County:		
Frankie Johnson	R.R. 1, Duke	25,635
Total payees in county, 1.		25,635
Harmon County:		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
F. E. Motley	424 N. Glover, Hollis	61,668
Paul-Chas. Horton	Box 313, Hollis	39,240
Arlis Motley	Rt. 1, Hollis	38,986
G. D. Payne	Rt. 1, Gould	33,583
Elmo Jones	Rt. 3, Hollis	29,111
L. H. Christian	415 E. Chestnut, Hollis	27,348
Shelby Kirby	Rt. 1, Hollis	26,123
Carrick Bros.	511 E. Eula, Hollis	25,859
A. C. Mayhugh	Rt. 1, Hollis	25,178
Total payees in county, 9.		307,096
Jackson County:		
Wayne O. Winsett	2028 Willard Dr, Altus	70,732
Harold Worrell	1141 Hickory, Altus	51,261
Murray R. Williams	1831 N. Main, Altus	48,572
Brewer Bros.	Eldorado	39,647
Glen C. Southall	818 E. Elm, Altus	33,156
Gordon Thomas	800 E. Commerce, Altus	33,045
Roy A. Holsay	R.R. 3, Altus	32,171
Carthal F. Mook & Son	108 S. Park, Altus	32,005
Clayton Tinney	920 E. Commerce, Altus	26,417
Robber Robbins	2112 Bluebird, Altus	25,534
Total payees in county, 10.		392,540

OKLAHOMA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
Kingfisher County:		
Frank Schulte	Okarche	\$29,675
Total payees in county, 1.		29,675
Kiowa County:		
Levi Portwood	Snyder	29,381
Glenn and Sam Pfenning Partners	Rt. 1, Hobart	27,138
E. F. Bunch	Lone Wolf	27,113
W. C. Pfenning	Hobart	25,160
Total payees in county, 4.		108,792
McCurtain County:		
Virgil Jumper	Idabel	32,793
R. M. Tapley	Rt. 3, Idabel	28,925
Total payees in county, 2.		61,718
Muskogee County:		
Dick Sheffield	Webbers Falls	61,252
Pearson Bros.	Webbers Falls	33,461
Total payees in county, 2.		94,713
Sequoyah County:		
Sloan Farms	% C. E. Sloan, Gore	33,441
Total payees in county, 1.		33,441
Texas County:		
H. C. Hitch, Jr.	Box 1308, Guymon	78,841
Wort Jeffus	601 West 4th, Guymon	50,595
Irvin Clark	Texhoma	41,026
Fred R. Sweet	Texhoma	31,015
Long Brothers	Optima	30,755
Walter M. Anderson	Turpin	27,791
C. F. Webb	Eva	27,628
Total payees in county, 7.		287,651
Tillman County:		
H. W. Campbell	Rt. 2, Frederick	29,938
Izzyal Stout	308 South 13th, Frederick	27,147
Total payees in county, 2.		57,085
Wagoner County:		
Austin Livesay	Rt. 1, Broken Arrow	28,476
Clifford C. Hatfield	Rt. 2, Coweta	25,307
Total payees in county, 2.		53,783
Washita County:		
Ridling Brothers	% Barton Ridling, Sentinel	29,834
Total payees in county, 1.		29,834
Woods County:		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Bouziden Brothers	Box 236, Alva	55,365
Maxwell Brothers	Box 590, Alva	25,516
Total payees in county, 2.		80,881
Total payees in State, 58.		1,985,800

OREGON

Gilliam County:		
Wilcox Investment Co.	506 SW 6th, Portland	\$44,470
Bert Grieb	Rt. 3, Walla Walla, Wash.	29,539
Total payees in county, 2.		74,009
Jeferson County:		
Haycreek Rang & Cattle	Ashwood St. Rt. Madras	42,755
Kenneth Binder	Rt. 2 Box 1660, Madras	26,705
Total payees in county, 2.		69,460
Morrow County:		
Tucker Ottmar Farms Inc.	Echo	50,215
Ralph S. Crum	Ione	42,048
Marquardt Ranch	Lexington	33,116

OREGON—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
Morrow County—Continued		
Frank Anderson	Heppler	\$32,170
Alminda S. Duvall	Heppler	28,278
Lee Pettyjohn	Ione	26,619
Kenneth Batty	Heppler	25,679
Total payees in county, 7.		238,125
Polk County:		
R. L. Walke Farms	R.R. 1 Box 25, Amity	26,487
Total payees in county, 1.		26,487
Sherma County:		
Charles Allen Tom	1815 Liberty Way, The Dalles	33,693
Total payees in county, 1.		33,693
Umatilla County:		
Cunningham Sheep Co.	Box 1186, Pendleton	84,993
B. L. Davis Ranch Inc.	Admas	59,455
Glenn Thorne	Holdman Rt. Pendleton	48,825
Robert G. Bafus	Rt. 1 Bo 61, Adams	47,864
McCormack Bros.	Star Rt. Pendleton	40,577
S. E. Brogotti	Box 368, Helix	37,329
Coppinger & Son Ranches	Rt. 2, Echo	36,211
Key Bros., Inc.	Rt. 1, Milton Free-water	36,039
T. M. Campbell	Helix	32,381
Timmermann & Co.	908 S.E. Byers, Pendleton	32,318
Hawkins Co., Inc.	Holdman Rt., Pendleton	31,088
Barnett Rugg, Inc.	Box 475, Athena	30,196
H. T. Rea, Inc.	Rt. 3, Walla Walla	29,989
H. & L. Barnett, Inc.	103 N.E. Ellis, Pendleton	29,634
Johns Smith & Beamer	Bo 263, Athena	29,251
Hill Ranches, Inc.	208 N.E. Furnish, Pendleton	29,009
Richard Hampton	215 N.W. 12th, Pendleton	28,788
Marvin Tucker & Sons	240 Stone, Walla Walla, Wash.	27,683
R. & T. Ranches	Box 142, Athena	27,660
V.R. Ranch	Rt. 1, Helix	27,256
John P. Weidert	Box 87, Athena	27,255
Hansell Farms, Inc.	Rt. 1, Athena	26,372
Raymond & Son, Inc.	Rt. 1, Helix	25,945
Total payees in county, 23.		826,118
Robert A. Brogotti	R.R. 2, Box 99, La Grande	28,177
Total payees in county, 1.		28,177
Wasco County:		
The Miller Ranch Co.	5 Greenwood Ave., Bend	27,274
Total payees in county, 1.		27,274
Total payees in State, 38.		1,323,343

PENNSYLVANIA

Dauphin County:		
Hyles Hagy, Jr.	R.D. 1, Dauphin, Pa.	\$29,955
Total payees in county, 1.		29,955
Lehigh County:		
James Delong	Route 1, Orefield, Pa.	41,693
Morris Kemmerer	Route 1, Mertztown, Pa.	36,741
Total payees in county, 2.		78,434
Northampton County:		
Schoeneck Farms Inc.	R.D. 3, Nazareth, Pa.	45,149
Howard Seiple	40 and Wm Penn Hwy, Easton, Pa.	38,580
Keystone Dehydrators	Box 204, Nazareth, Pa.	30,138
Green Acre Farms	Nazareth, Pa.	26,812
Total payees in county, 4.		140,679
Total payees in State, 7.		249,068

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

SOUTH CAROLINA

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Aiken County:</b>		
Mackey Scott & Sons	Rt. 6 Box 306, Aiken	\$33,560
B. W. Garvin	R.R. 2, Wagener	27,929
M. R. Warner & Son, Inc.	R.R. 1, Wagener	27,406
K. L. Flanders	R.R. 2 Box 686, Aiken	27,058
Total payees in county, 4		115,953
<b>Allendale County:</b>		
Kirkland & Best	P.O. Box 97, Ulmers	64,783
W. M. Terry	General delivery, Martin	48,673
G. L. Rouse	General delivery, Luray	43,970
J. V. Spigener	P.O. Box 575, Allendale	37,031
C. O. Handberry	Rt. 1 Box 154, Martin	31,500
Cecil L. Dunbar	Rt. 1 Box 77, Martin	30,353
J. C. Oswald	General Delivery, Allendale	27,590
N. B. Loadholt	P.O. Box 236, Fairfax	27,115
W. R. Johns, Jr.	P.O. Box 158, Allendale	26,367
Total payees in county, 9		337,382
<b>Anderson County:</b>		
Lee Dobbins	R.R. 6, Anderson	26,471
Total payees in county, 1		26,471
<b>Bamberg County:</b>		
H. W. Herndon	R.R. 1, Bamberg	52,917
James W. Hutto	R.R. 2, Denmark	38,745
C. & S. Storage Co., Inc.	Norway	37,502
H. D. Free	Bamberg	35,851
H. L. Free	do	28,177
Total payees in county, 5		193,192
<b>Barnwell County:</b>		
W. H. Hutto, Jr.	Box 356, Blackville	31,091
Harold R. Lott	212 N. Lartigue, Blackville	25,682
Total payees in county, 2		56,773
<b>Calhoun County:</b>		
F. M. Wannamaker	Box 197, St Matthews	34,745
Wiles Farm	% J. D. Wiles, R.R. 1, Fort Motte	33,860
W. W. Wannamaker Seed Farms, Inc.	St. Matthews	31,379
D. S. Davis	R.R. 1, Swansea	27,279
Total payees in county, 4		127,263
<b>Chester County:</b>		
H. H. Robinson	R.R. 4, Chester	32,848
Total payees in county, 1		32,848
<b>Chesterfield County:</b>		
J. Calvin Rivers	Chesterfield	57,218
Thomas R. King	McBee	54,720
Gillum E. King, Jr.		
Burr Farms	Box 227, Cheraw	45,032
Hector R. McLeod	McBee	26,648
Total payees in county, 4		183,618
<b>Clarendon County:</b>		
H. Fox Tindal	Pinewood	60,018
Charles N. Plowden	Box 308, Summerton	49,265
Samuel E. Durant	Alcolu	36,079
C. D. Smith, Jr.	R.R. 1, Lake City	33,108
D. Leslie Tindal	Pinewood	31,242
Henry T. Everett	Box 247, Summerton	29,252
Jack Witherspoon	R.R. 1, Box 106, Alcolu	27,675
Rickenbaker and Sconyers	Summerton	26,519
J. R. Briggs	R.R. 2 Box 122, Summerton	26,347
R. V. Elliott	Summerton	26,333
Dorothy J. Everett	Box 247, Summerton	26,038
Durant Brothers	R.R. 1, Gable	25,799
Paul Burke	Alcolu	25,060
Total payees in county, 13		422,735

SOUTH CAROLINA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Colleton County:</b>		
W. H. Varn Jr., Inc.	P.O. Box 8, Smoaks	\$44,745
Total payees in county, 1		44,745
<b>Darlington County:</b>		
Cokers Ped Seed Co.	In care of David L. Allen, Hartsville	53,242
William Howard, Jr.	509 Brittain Dr., Darlington	39,621
A. R. Mims	Lydia	37,867
Posay D. Kelley	R.R. 2, Hartsville	34,183
Gary E. Byrd, Jr.	R.R. 1, Hartsville	30,289
Total payees in county, 5		195,202
<b>Dillon County:</b>		
L. S. McCall, Jr.	Little Rock	51,748
Brown & Marion R. McCallum	Dillon	27,077
T. C. McSwain	Minturn	27,056
Total payees in county, 3		105,881
<b>Edgefield County:</b>		
Cecil Yonce	R.R. 2, Box 205, Johnston	26,703
Total payees in county, 1		26,703
<b>Florence County:</b>		
Cleo A. Young	Timmons ville	42,822
E. S. Willis, Jr.	R.R. 1, Florence	40,177
Total payees in county, 2		82,999
<b>Hampton County:</b>		
Hugh T. Lightsey	Brunson	51,727
C. P. Barnes	Estill	28,433
Total payees in county, 2		80,160
<b>Kershaw County:</b>		
Lugoff Farms, Inc.	R.R. 2, Box 107, Lugoff	41,345
Robert M. Marsh	R.R. 1, Box 52, Camden	25,373
Total payees in county, 2		66,718
<b>Laurens County:</b>		
J. T. Hollingsworth	R.R. 1, Cross Hill	41,161
Total payees in county, 1		41,161
<b>Lee County:</b>		
J. E. Mayes	Mayesville	70,745
E. B. McCutchen	R.R. 3, Bishopville	56,148
C. E. Atkinson	R.R. 3, Bishopville	55,067
C. B. Player, Jr.	R.R. 3, Bishopville	46,909
Hamilton Corbett	Mayesville	41,238
M. N. White	R.R. 1, Bishopville	40,107
H. R. Colclough	Ridge St., Bishopville	37,075
R. Joe and Richard Hearon	Bishopville	35,046
R. V. Segars, Sr.	R.R. 1, Oswego	35,038
S. McBride Rhodes, Jr.	R.R. 1, Box 6, Mayesville	34,003
Marion J. Barnes	Bishopville	32,846
C. R. Woodham	R.R. 2, Bishopville	31,960
James W. Scott, Jr.	R.R. 2, Lynchburg	29,472
J. E. McCutchen, Jr.	R.R. 3, Bishopville	28,889
Ashton Gribbs, Jr.	Lynchburg	28,688
Clyburn Bros. and Son	R.R. 4, Bishopville	28,071
Willis Woodham	R.R. 3, Bishopville	25,251
Total payees in county, 17		656,553
<b>Marion County:</b>		
Hubert Baxley	1015 Cherokee Ave., Marion	26,607
Total payees in county, 1		26,607
<b>Marlboro County:</b>		
Lawrence E. Pence	Rt. 1, Box 93, McColl	109,038
Estate of J. A. McDonald	Rt. 2, McColl	74,374
Claude P. Polston, Jr.	Rt. 1, Box 16, Blenheim	68,958
Charles E. Lynch	Bville, S.C.	61,106
Thomas A. & Charles Oneal	Rt. 1, Blenheim	60,448
Frank B. Rogers, Jr.	110 Townsend St., Bville	43,638
Richard M. Adams	Rt. 1, Box 100, Gibson, N.C.	43,465
Ernest C. McInnis	Clio S.C.	43,267
E. M. Otuel	P.O. Box 39, Bville	39,391
A. L. Calhoun, Jr., Co.	Clio	39,135
James Lytch	Rt. 1, Box 112, Laurinburg, N.C.	37,249

SOUTH CAROLINA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Marlboro County—Continued</b>		
Hugh Driggers	Rt. 1, Blenheim	\$36,131
William C. Covington	Clio	36,041
Brooks Odum	125 Cook St., Bville	35,452
George B. Kerr, Inc.	Bennettsville	33,019
Joseph P. Hodges	131 Jordan St., Bville	32,796
F. M. Hinson	R. 3, Box 97, Bville	32,135
John F. Everett	Bennettsville	31,658
John D. Kinard	R. 3, Box 175, Bville	31,022
Jimmie C. Baker	R. 2, Box 66, Bville	29,911
Jimmy P. Wallace	607 Lakeshore Dr., Bville	27,921
Rufus M. Pegues	R. 4, Box 149, Bville	27,549
Marion F. Wright	Clio	27,439
W. Alex Hinson	P.O. Box 236, Bville	26,796
Julian M. Drake	R. 1, Blenheim	25,359
Total payees in county, 25		1,053,298
<b>Orangeburg County:</b>		
E. E. Gasque and Son	Eloree	55,179
Edgar L. Culler	R.R. 5, Orangeburg	49,326
J. W. Williamson, Agt.	Norway	45,667
John David Clark	Holly Hill	40,927
T. W. Irick	Vance	38,521
Woodford Gin Co., Inc.	Woodford	34,762
Earl J. Smoak	R.R. 2, Box 994, Orangeburg	34,575
Norman V. Hughes	Rowesville	33,100
Valentine, S.	% R. A. Valentine, a part, Cope	31,774
Magnolia Lane Farm	% T. T. Traywick, Cope	30,828
J. Walter Whisenhunt	R.R. 3, Orangeburg	28,987
J. M. Russell, Jr.	Holly Hill	28,419
Rossie P. Hughes	Neeses	28,150
W. B. Bookhart	Eloree	26,192
Julian Crum	971 Whitman St., Orangeburg	25,883
Total payees in county, 15		532,290
<b>Richland County:</b>		
Robert Lee Scarborough	Eastover	28,218
Alfred Scarborough	Box 398, Sumter	26,769
Total payees in county, 2		54,987
<b>Saluda County:</b>		
R. M. Watsons Sons	Ridge Spring	50,179
Total payees in county, 1		50,179
<b>Sumter County:</b>		
W. R. Mayes	Mayesville	156,284
J. F. Bland, Jr.	do	101,032
J. E. Mayes	do	95,237
B. J. Barnett, Inc.	Box 267, Sumter	40,122
Marvell W. Goza	Mayesville	34,666
J. M. Edens, Jr.	Daizel	33,665
Clayton Lowder	1165 Broad St. Ext., Sumter	27,732
J. T. Brogdon III	R.R. 1, Manning	26,934
Riverdale Farms, Inc.	Oswego	25,764
Total payees in county, 9		541,436
<b>Willamburg County:</b>		
S. Wayne Gamble	R.R. 1, Box 40, Lane	46,178
Leroy S. Epps, Jr.	R.R. 2, Box 190, Greeleyville	30,350
T. V. Ligon	Lane	27,092
Total payees in county, 3		103,620
<b>York County:</b>		
Roy J. McFadden	R.R. 1, Catawba	28,154
Total payees in county, 1		28,154
Total payees in State, 134		5,186,928

SOUTH DAKOTA

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Beadle County:</b>		
A Cotton Estate	C. Cotton, 332 Forest Ave., Vermillion	\$38,585
Total payees in county, 1		38,585
<b>Bennett County:</b>		
Elkhorn Farm	Martin	29,079
Total payees in county, 1		29,079
<b>Brown County:</b>		
Clark Brothers, Inc.	% Jac C. Swisher, Putney	34,694
Total payees in county, 1		34,694

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

SOUTH DAKOTA—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>SOUTH DAKOTA—Continued</b>		
<b>Brule County:</b>		
Helen Christiansen	Kimball	\$25,676
Total payees in county, 1.		25,676
<b>Butte County:</b>		
McLeod Smith Ranches and Farms.	Nisland	37,579
Total payees in county, 1.		37,579
<b>Davison County:</b>		
Doyle Aslesen	708 East 12, Mitchell	39,526
Total payees in county, 1.		39,526
<b>Marshall County:</b>		
Dalton Docter	Amherst	29,967
Total payees in county, 1.		29,967
<b>Sanborn County:</b>		
Vernon Amick	Letcher	36,462
Total payees in county, 1.		36,462
<b>Shannon County:</b>		
Orville Schwarting	Gordon, Nebr.	26,508
Total payees in county, 1.		26,508
<b>Spink County:</b>		
Glendale Colony	Frankfort	25,529
Total payees in county, 1.		25,259
<b>Sully County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
William J. Asmussen	Agar	68,626
Stanley Asmussen	Agar	56,178
Dean Nelson	Onida	53,754
Kenneth Kinkler	Blunt	29,621
Total payees in county, 4.		208,179
<b>Turner County:</b>		
Bones Hereford Ranch	Parker	54,642
Total payees in county, 1.		54,642
<b>Washabaugh County:</b>		
Donald Hancock, Inc.	Longvalley	27,780
Total payees in county, 1.		27,780
Total payees in State, 16.		613,936
<b>TENNESSEE</b>		
<b>Carroll County:</b>		
John A. Shoaf	Milan	\$38,811
Total payees in county, 1.		38,811
<b>Fayette County:</b>		
Cowan Bros.	LaGrange	66,069
Ames Plantation	Grand Junction	56,658
Thomas Fowler & Alex W. More.	Somerville	46,163
Jerry Skelton	Collierville	45,937
L. J. & J. A. Williams	R.R. 2, Mason	42,150
B. L. Davis	R.R. 3, Whiteville	38,602
H. H. Farley	Rossville	36,439
Allien M. Nunn	Laconia	33,141
J. W. Owen	Moscow	32,113
A. K. Morrison	Rossville	31,382
M. D. McClanahan	R.R. 5, Somerville	28,979
Total payees in county, 11.		457,633

TENNESSEE—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>TENNESSEE—Continued</b>		
<b>Franklin County:</b>		
David R. Owens	Rt. 1, Elora	\$41,353
Emmett Owens	Rt. 1, Huntland	39,167
Total payees in county, 2.		80,520
<b>Gibson County:</b>		
Kermit Cates	R.R. 1, Bradford	31,001
Total payees in county, 1.		31,001
<b>Hardeman County:</b>		
J. L. Chambers	Hickory Valley	51,192
J. W. Bishop	Whiteville	26,540
Mrs. Ruth R. Parham	Grand Junction	26,347
Total payees in county, 3.		104,079
<b>Haywood County:</b>		
Tommy B. Willis	122 Rooks Dr., Brownsville	46,071
<b>Haywood County:</b>		
Billy Frank Morris	R.R. 1, Stanton	43,559
Clyde Caldwell	Stanton	28,979
Charles Haynes	R.R. 2, Brownsville	26,328
Total payees in county, 4.		144,937
<b>Lake County:</b>		
W. T. Jamison, Jr.	Tiptonville	63,746
Tipton Bros. and Sullivan.	Tiptonville	45,999
W. E. & Bruce Dunlap	Ridgely	40,349
Walter Delaney	Tiptonville	37,803
Bruce D. Wyatt	Ridgely	37,432
Buddy Wade Moore	Tiptonville	27,219
Nard Shull	Ridgely	27,021
G. F. Parker	Tiptonville	26,395
George Dial	Ridgely	25,314
Total payees in county, 9.		331,278
<b>Lauderdale County:</b>		
Jim Fullen	Ashport	47,269
Kenneth Harley	R.R. 3, Ripley	37,392
Blackwood.		
George Lawson Elder	R.R. 3, Ripley	36,764
Ft. Pillow State Farm	Ft. Pillow	30,932
E. C. Charlton	Trenton	26,810
Lauren Shoaf	Box 30, Ripley	26,759
Jack Crutcher	Henning	26,579
Total payees in county, 7.		232,505
<b>Lincoln County:</b>		
Billy N. Scivally	Elora	27,509
Total payees in county, 1.		27,509
<b>Madison County:</b>		
Lynn Haynes	R.R. 2, Jackson	37,421
Neely Robley	R.R. 2, Denmark	28,525
Total payees in county, 2.		65,946
<b>Shelby County:</b>		
Riggan Planting Co.	Box 978, West Memphis, Ark.	73,451
H. S. Mitchell	P.O. Box 98, Millington	69,302
T. A. Densford & Son	R.R. 2, Millington	45,310
Horne Brothers	R.R. 2, Arlington	36,328
Cedar Hill Farms	161 So. Front St. Memphis	32,036
Robert G. Wilson	Arlington	29,563
James L. Mann	Collierville	29,112
Aubrey Howell	R.R. 2, Arlington	26,264
Thurman Chapman	R.R. 1, Box 391, Millington	25,621
Total payees in county, 9.		366,987
<b>Tipton County:</b>		
Horace E. Moore & Sons.	Frenchmans Bayou, Ark.	41,707
Charles L. Walker	Atoka	41,438
R. W. Anderson	Rte. 1, Mason	34,799
R. M. Wooten	Munford	31,986
John C. Bolton	Wilson, Ark.	30,901
Johnson Brothers	Frenchmans Bayou, Ark.	30,888
John A. McIntyre	R.R. 3, Covington	30,778
L. A. Pinner	Burleson	25,778
Total payees in county, 8.		268,275
Total payees in State, 58.		2,149,481

TEXAS

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>TEXAS</b>		
<b>Andrews County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
W. H. Vanlandingham	Box 456, Seminole	\$35,834
Total payees in county, 1.		35,834
<b>Armstrong County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Parker Cattle Co.	Box 599, Canyon	34,741
James Bible	Wayside	27,173
McGehee Bros.	Wayside	25,374
Robert L. Grigsby	Box 424, Canyon	25,249
Total payees in county, 4.		112,537
<b>Bailey County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Carl C. Bamert	R.R. 3, Box 114, Muleshoe	96,348
J. Bert Williams	R.R. 1, Farwell	67,248
Bill Jim St. Clair	R.R. 3, Muleshoe	65,305
W. T. Millen	R.R. 1, Muleshoe	59,529
Horace Hutton	R.R. 1, Box A, Muleshoe	58,692
J. G. Arnn	619 West Seventh St. Muleshoe	50,256
Homer Richardson	Box 56, Maple	47,968
Buffalo Farms, Inc.	Goodland	46,204
M. E. Little	R.R. 2, Muleshoe	46,126
W. B. Little	502 West 20th Muleshoe	44,902
James Adolph Greener	R.R. 6, Box 93B, Lubbock	43,479
T. D. Davis	Goodland	42,700
Jack Schuster	Rt. 5, Muleshoe	42,271
J. F. Furgeson	St. Rt. 1, Morton	42,155
Joe L. Smallwood	Box 602, Muleshoe	40,594
W. M. Pool	318 East Elm, Muleshoe	40,509
John R. Young	1807 West Avenue H., Muleshoe	39,498
C. J. Feagley	1805 West Avenue H., Muleshoe	38,851
Jim Claunch	St. Rt. 1, Enochs	37,521
Van Rogers	St. Rt. Sudan	36,530
Lester Howard	R.R. 5, Box 59, Muleshoe	36,200
O. A. Jones	R.R. 1, Farwell	35,841
B. G. Free	Rt. 1, Box 124, Muleshoe	35,135
Wilbert Kalbas	R.R. 1, Farwell	35,124
M. A. Snider, Jr.	Box 128, Farwell	35,078
H. R. West	906 College Ave. Cevalland	32,499
A. P. Fred	R.R. 2, Morton	32,345
Jesse Carter	R.R. 5, Muleshoe	31,016
C. L. Saylor	R.R. 2, Muleshoe	30,599
Robert Hunt	R.R. 2 Box 209, Muleshoe	30,330
Johnnie Prater	R.R. 5, Muleshoe	30,230
F. W. Hagaman	Box 23, Conway	30,109
Byron Gwyn	R.R. 2, Muleshoe	29,914
W. Lewis Scoggin	R.R. 2, Muleshoe	29,743
A. R. McGuire	1916 West Ave G, Muleshoe	29,695
B. J. Gable	R.R. 1 Box 121, Muleshoe	29,556
Wesley Warren	Box 65, Maple	29,169
Lewis Brothers	R.R. 5, Muleshoe	28,198
J. R. Austin, Jr.	St. Rt. Enochs	28,172
W. E. Latimer	St. Rt. Baileyboro	27,881
John W. Gunter	Box 725A, Enochs	27,567
Elmer L. Hargrove	Box 473, Farwell	27,063
Wiley R. Baker	Box 116, Florence, Mont.	26,492
J. P. Tarlton	St. Rt. 1, Morton	26,132
Virgil Wood	R.R. 2, Morton	25,409
Karl Clayton	Cayton Bldg., Lamesa	25,329
Joe Signor Kimbrough	Rt. 3, Muleshoe	25,160
Total payees in county, 47.		1,796,672
<b>Baylor County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Portwood Ranch & Co.	Rt. 3, Seymour	27,304
Total payees in county, 1.		27,304
<b>Bee County:</b>		
Amko Farming, Inc.	Box 1438, Corpus Christi	29,453
Total payees in county, 1.		29,453
<b>Borden County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
John Springer Stephens	R.R. 1, O'Donnell	42,574

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

TEXAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Borden County—Continued</b>		
Wolf Brothers	Vincent Rt., Coahoma	\$27,461
Total payees in county, 2		70,035
<b>Bowie County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Three Way Land Co.	DeKalb	206,883
Elwood Elkins	R.R. 3, DeKalb	77,342
Waymon W. Elrod	DeKalb	43,966
William H. Farris	R.R. 4, DeKalb	43,173
H. L. Vance	Box 1044, DeKalb	34,162
Guy W. Farris	Box 448, DeKalb	29,260
Ely T. Moores	R.R. 3 Box 427A, Texarkana	26,353
Total payees in county, 7		461,139
<b>Brazos County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Tom J. Moore	Navasota	289,883
H. H. Moore & Sons	Box 7, Navasota	283,962
Brazos A. Varisco	Varisco Bldg., Bryan	122,592
J. P. Terrell and Son	Navasota	74,850
Lee J. Frazzino	R.R. 1 Box 259, Bryan	65,438
Tony Varisco, Jr.	R.R. 1 Box 250, Bryan	41,232
Vince Court	R.R. 1 Box 261, Bryan	39,229
Matt Morello	R.R. 1 Box 230, Bryan	33,706
Don Angonia	R.R. 1 Box 204, Bryan	32,384
Joe Varisco	R.R. 4 Box 161, Bryan	28,731
Total payees in county, 10		1,012,007
<b>Briscoe County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Joe B. Mercer	Box 576, Silverton	55,978
L. O. Weaks	Route T, Silverton	54,346
D. T. Northcutt	Box 822, Silverton	48,641
G. W. Lee	Route Q, Silverton	47,735
Fred W. Mercer	Box 356, Silverton	44,154
Gordon Montague	1109 Canyon, Plainview	40,888
Clyde Mercer	Box 704, Silverton	37,259
Ray Teagle	Route I, Silverton	36,517
Carroll Garrison	Route T, Silverton	33,656
Troy Burson	Box 722, Silverton	32,575
J. D. McGavock	Box 811, Silverton	31,180
Alva C. Jasper	Route I, Silverton	30,830
H. F. Parker	Route V, Tulia	29,115
George Long	Box 38, Silverton	29,039
Roy Montague	Route I, Silverton	28,831
Harold Storie	Route F, Silverton	27,760
Frank Mercer	Rt. 1, Silverton	25,990
Total payees in county, 17		634,494
<b>Brooks County:</b>		
C. W. Brodnax, Jr.	% A. & I. College, Kingsville	42,646
Total payees in county, 1		42,646
<b>Burleson County:</b>		
Holland Porter	R.R. 2, Caldwell	136,620
Est. Geo. C. Chance	307 S. Main, Bryan	122,792
H. H. and Edgar Baker	R.R. 2, Somerville	82,777
Joe C. Scarmardo	R.R. 2, Caldwell	48,619
Marvin M. Porter	do	46,295
Phil Scarmardo	1406 Skrivanev, Bryan	44,002
Mitt A. Bush	3808 Sunnybrook, Bryan	34,271
A. & M. Plantation	Box 205, College Sta.	32,862
Sandy Scarmardo	R.R. 2, Caldwell	29,563
Marion J. Malazzo	R.R. 3, Caldwell	29,372
Joe S. Campise	904 Mitchell, Bryan	28,455
Tony J. Varisco	2404 Burton Dr., Bryan	28,056
Luke Restivo	R.R. 2, Caldwell	27,452
John W. Giesenschlag	R.R. 1, Somerville	27,130
Frank J. Fojt, Jr.	Snook	26,970
Total payees in county, 15		745,229
<b>Caldwell County:</b>		
C. Fleetwood Richards, Jr.	1215 Spruce St., Lockhart	27,19
Total payees in county, 1		27,197

TEXAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Calhoun County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Roy Smith	Box 8149, Corpus Christi	\$54,122
Henry C. Wehmeyer	Box 715, Port Lavaca	34,684
Total payees in county, 2		88,806
<b>Cameron County:</b>		
Martha M. Russell	Rt. 3, Box 21, San Benito	146,772
Oscar Mayfield & Sons	Taft	120,237
Elijah B. Adams & Sons	1019 N. First, Harlingen	78,428
Simpson & Wilson	P.O. Box 393, Rio Hondo	77,749
John A. Abbott	Rt. 2, Harlingen	75,558
Rio Grande Equipment Co.	South Highway 77, Harlingen	70,033
Robert F. Ashley	South Kansas City Rd., La Feria	64,673
Porter & Wentz, Inc.	P.O. Box 870, Brownsville	60,237
Herbert W. Bode	Rt. 3, Box 82E, San Benito	57,009
Schmitt Bros. Farms Plantation	Box 545, Los Fresnos	56,698
Rex L. McGarr	P.O. Box 906, San Benito	56,691
L. R. Cherrington	1929 Laurel, Harlingen	53,923
Eubanks Bros.	P.O. Box 8, Santa Rosa	53,550
Rodolfo B. Samano	P.O. Box 372, San Benito	52,039
Henry V. Macomb	P.O. Box 451, Los Fresnos	50,293
Herman Lynch	Rt. 2, Harlingen	48,996
Estate, D. L. Smith	do	48,207
Joe S. Wolf	P.O. Box 591, La Feria	48,134
Scoggins Bros.	P.O. Box 483, Rio Hondo	46,872
Robert I. Taylor, Jr.	Rt. 3, Los Fresnos	46,365
Ballenger & Ballenger	P.O. Box 84, Sebastian	45,969
George L. Labar & Sons	Rt. 2, Harlingen	44,343
Owlsley Hill	Los Fresnos	44,030
McElwath Farms	P.O. Box 434, Combes	43,617
Oval A. Martin	Rt. 3, Box 16A, Los Fresnos	42,450
Elmer E. Meek	Los Fresnos	42,370
Santa Monica Farms	P.O. Box 870, Brownsville	39,595
George Nixon	P.O. Box 394, Los Fresnos	39,151
Shimotsu Farms	Rt. 4, Box 128, San Benito	37,436
P. Maurin & J. T. Maurin	Box 407, Rio Hondo	37,418
William J. Bryan	Rt. 3, Box 56, Los Fresnos	36,002
Berg & Berg	1642 Throckmorton, Harlingen	35,867
Jack Lomax	Rio Hondo	34,890
James A. McCarthy	Rt. 1, Box 256, Rio Hondo	34,794
Lamon & Lamon	Rt. 2, Harlingen	34,276
Walter L. Clore	P.O. Box 506, Harlingen	33,538
Bauer Bros	Rt. 1, La Feria	32,085
J. L. & Bill Gray	Rt. 3, Harlingen	31,863
Wolf Farms Plantation	P.O. Box 364, La Feria	31,123
Edward E. Billings	Rt. 1, Box 336, San Benito	30,640
Horace Wells	Rt. 1, Box 64, San Benito	30,493
Robert L. Shuckman	P.O. Box 222, Los Fresnos	30,442
Wentz & Kincannon	P.O. Box 870, Brownsville	30,220
Pilar Cabrera	Rt. 2, Box 565, Brownsville	29,740
Kenneth Shuckman	P.O. Box 547, Los Fresnos	29,382
Adolph Thomas, Jr.	842 North Milam, San Benito	29,287
E. W. Ligon	P.O. Box 134, Weslaco	28,903
Hollie C. Lewis	P.O. Box 638, La Feria	28,408
Sams-Porter Corp.	P.O. Box 870, Brownsville	28,361
Cholick Farms	Rt. 1, Box 230, Rio Hondo	27,862
Smith & Smith	Rt. 3, Harlingen	27,192
Edwin W. Caughfield	P.O. Box 13, Combes	27,087
Lloyd G. Payne Jr.	Rt. 3, Harlingen	27,083
J. G. Wreden	833 W. Gem, Raymondville	26,576
W. B. Mack	801 W. Whitehouse Cir, Harlingen	26,345
Critz Brothers	85 Calle Jacaranda, Brownsville	26,131
Clifford L. Smith	Rt. 2, Box 52, Lyford	26,114
Ross D. Waters	P.O. Box 433, Rio Hondo	26,084

TEXAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Cameron County—Continued</b>		
Robert Mathers	600 Riverside, Brownsville	\$25,828
F. H. Cherrington	Rt. 2, Harlingen	25,305
S. M. & W. M. Halbert	Rt. 4, Box 77, San Benito	25,136
Total payees in county, 61		2,645,900
<b>Carson County:</b>		
Frank Robinson	Panhandle	74,337
Texas Technological Research F.	Pantex	51,850
Sam Kotara	Groom	45,999
John D. Kelly Jr.	Panhandle	37,372
A. L. Stovall	Panhandle	33,333
Raymond Blodgett	White Deer	32,135
Marvin Urbanczyk	White Deer	30,717
Clinton Williams	Panhandle	30,290
B. F. Urbanczyk	Panhandle	28,597
Phil H. Hawkins	Panhandle	26,309
John Kotara Jr.	White Deer	26,230
Leo M. Britten	Groom	26,194
H. L. Beddingfield	Panhandle	26,083
Leonard Olson	Panhandle	25,991
Geo Rohan	Panhandle	25,357
Rolla J. Sailor, Jr.	Rt. 2, White Deer	25,041
Total payees in county, 16		545,835
<b>Castro County:</b> [This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Hill Farms	Hart	174,815
Jimmy Cluck	Rt. 2, Hart	142,345
G. L. Willis Jr.	Box 458, Dimmitt	108,630
Homer Hill	Hart	107,658
J. F. Martin	Box 1306, Hereford	80,559
Chas. E. Armstrong	609 West Stinson, Dimmitt	76,505
Carl Bruegel	Box 175, Dimmitt	75,924
Clements Corp.	Box 304, Plainview	62,589
Otto Steinberg	Box 242, Plainview	61,027
George Gabel	Dimmitt	60,712
Jerry Cluck	Rt. 2, Box 33, Hart	58,891
Hugo Beyer	909 West Bedford, Dimmitt	58,597
Gilbreath Farm Co.	701 West Lee, Dimmitt	56,603
Homer A. Hill	1601 Western Circle Dr., Dimmitt	56,213
Kenneth Heard	Rt. 1, Littlefield	56,161
Dan J. Heard	Box 577, Dimmitt	49,464
H. D. Smith	Box 467, Hart	48,240
Margaret H. Ware	703 Vaughn Bldg., Amarillo	45,393
Woodrow Nelson & Sons	Box 1006, Dimmitt	44,998
Lorenzo Lee	Rt. 2, Hart	44,674
Henry W. Golden	Box 97, Dimmitt	44,447
Geo. Ed Bennett	Box 302, Hart	41,278
Clint B. McFarland	Box 431, Hart T.	41,236
Fred Bruedel, Jr.	Box 923, Dimmitt	40,634
John H. Burnett	Star Rt., Hereford	40,395
Dick Ellis	Rt. 2, Hereford	39,564
Paul T. Brooks	Rt. 3, Hart	37,937
Chas Heck, Jr.	Rt. D. Nazareth	37,789
W. W. Gilbreath	Box 609, Dimmitt	37,291
Milburn and Eddie Haydon	Rt. 2, Box 100, Hart	37,015
J. M. Wright	Rt. 5, Dimmitt	36,855
Miller Farms	701 North Main, Fort Worth	35,428
B. L. Moore	704 Maple, Dimmitt	34,538
Melvin Barton	Star Rt., Hereford	33,957
David Nelson	Rt. 1, Hart	33,834
Max Sageser	Star Rt., Hale Center	33,724
Travis Campbell	600 Maole, Dimmitt	33,215
James H. Bradley	Box 689, Hereford	33,084
Tom W. Miller	Box 666, Dimmitt	33,065
Shirley L. Garrison	Rt. 2, Hereford	32,717
Don Carpenter	Box 876, Dimmitt	32,680
Lamar Found	Care of Citizens National Bank, Lubbock	32,636
George Sides	Rt. 4, Dimmitt	32,590
Leo Witkowski	215 North Texas Ave., Hereford	32,573
W. W. Lemons	Box 421, Hart	32,120
Geo. and Kenneth Frye, Partnership	Rt. 3, Friona	32,104
Ray Robertson	611 W. Etter, Dimmitt	31,545
Jim Elder	Rt. 5, Dimmitt	31,155
Joe M. Scott	Rt. 1, Dimmitt	31,132
W. J. Giles	703 W. Lee, Dimmitt	30,784
A. D. Lee	Box 754, Tulia	30,472
W. E. Warrick	Rt. 2, Hereford	30,431
Ed Wilson	806 W. Jones, Dimmitt	30,161
Loyd Farris	Rt. 2, Hart	28,869
Merle L. McFarland	Rt. 2, Happy	28,826
Jack George	Rt. 2, Hart	27,961
Clyde H. Damron	Rt. 4, Dimmitt	27,867
M. N. Smith	Box 646, Tulia	27,782
E. Herring Estate	308 1st Nat Bnk Bldg, Amarillo	27,726

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

TEXAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Castro County—Continued</b>		
William Baldridge	R.R. 4, Dimmitt	\$27,258
Robert L. Hawkins	Rt. 2, Box 166, Hart	27,178
Bill Rich	St. Rt., Kress	27,162
W. V. Struve	Rt. 2, Hereford	27,136
Harvey C. Davis & Sons	Box 234, Hart	27,089
G. E. McFarland	Rt. 2, Happy	26,878
Jay Lee Touchstone	Box 123, Dimmitt	26,700
Andy Nelson	Box 625, Dimmitt	26,620
L. M. Blanton	Rt. 2, Hart	26,591
H. C. Nelson	1002 Maple, Dimmitt	26,591
H. M. Boozer	Rt. 4, Dimmitt	26,544
Carl L. Kemp	105 N. W. 12th, Dimmitt	26,475
Floyd Cole	Rt. 2, Hereford	26,209
S. A. Hodges, Jr.	Rt. 2, Happy	25,503
Lonnie Bell	714 Maple, Dimmitt	25,232
Fritz Smith	Box 124 Rt. 2, Hereford	25,161
Kenneth Christie	Box 73, Summerfield	25,016
<b>Total payees in county, 76.</b>		<b>3,236,758</b>
<b>Childress County:</b>		
Carroll Seal	708 H. SE, Childress	40,306
Ralph Sides	Rt. 3, Kirkland	32,540
<b>Total payees in county, 2.</b>		<b>72,846</b>
<b>Cochran County:</b>		
J. K. Griffith	Rt. 2, Morton	320,315
John A. Wheeler	Rt. 1, Lorenzo	161,010
C. C. Slaughter Farms	Box 575, Morton	93,941
F. O. Masten	Sudan	93,212
T. K. Williamson	Box 931, Morton	76,711
Jimmy Millar	St. Rt. 2, Morton	69,920
Erna Griffith	Rt. 2, Morton	64,419
H. B. Barker	602 E. Lincoln, Morton	63,573
J. E. Polvado	Rt. 2, Morton	57,281
D. E. Benham	Rt. 2, Morton	56,119
E. L. Polvado	304 E. Grant, Morton	55,459
R. L. Polvado	Rt. 1, Morton	52,366
Weldon Newsom	Rt. 2, Morton	49,329
Hub Baggett	Rt. 4, Levelland	47,984
Slaughter Hill Co.	Box 758, Levelland	47,333
J. C. O'Brien	St. Rt. 2, Morton	39,541
Max Bowers Estate	Rt. 2, Morton	38,775
Ike Williams	St. Rt. 2, Morton	38,386
C. C. Harvey	St. Rt. 2, Morton	35,928
Bobby Smith	401 E. Harding, Morton	34,529
Leonard O. Coleman	605 E. Grant, Morton	32,522
W. B. Merritt	Box 726, Morton	31,879
Mrs. R. B. Chandler	3314 40th St., Lubbock	31,590
W. C. Eubanks	Box 22, Maple	29,629
Emmett E. Thomas	204 E. Hayes, Morton	29,293
Clayton Stokes	509 SE. 8th, Morton	28,853
Ronald Coleman	Rt. 1, Morton	28,261
George Smith	Box 448, Whiteface	28,169
Mrs. Dona Doughy	St. Rt. 2, Morton	28,081
H. Y. Christian	719 E. Madison, Morton	27,481
Dalton Redman	Rt. 2, Morton	27,293
W. L. Foust	308 E. Grant, Morton	26,151
E. E. Silhan	504 SE. 9th, Morton	26,140
C. E. Buchanan	Rt. 1, Morton	25,840
H. H. Kern	602 E. Garfield, Morton	25,390
<b>Total payees in county, 35.</b>		<b>1,922,703</b>
<b>Collingsworth County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
James Doneghy	Wellington	26,842
<b>Total payees in county, 1.</b>		<b>26,842</b>
<b>Collin County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Glynn Dodson	Box 73, Royse City	29,596
Joe Doyle	Rt. 1, Nevada	25,090
<b>Total payees in county, 2.</b>		<b>54,686</b>
<b>Colorado County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
J. K. J. Mahalitic	R.R. 1 Box 14F, Eagle Lake	26,577
<b>Total payees in county, 1.</b>		<b>26,577</b>

TEXAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Cottle County:</b>		
Jack Tippen & Son	Box 686, Paducah	\$34,724
Don Brothers	Box 895, Paducah	33,634
Jack Parnell	Box 818, Paducah	33,325
Lloyd Mayes	Box 517, Paducah	30,235
<b>Total payees in county, 4.</b>		<b>131,918</b>
<b>Crosby County:</b>		
Leslie Mitchell	Box 439, Crosbyton	86,782
Luis Garcia/Sons, Inc.	Rt. 1, Box 136, Spur	83,117
G. J. Park III, Jr.	Box 275, Crosbyton	73,171
Lloyd Gambrel	Box 729, Ralls	67,911
Delton Caddell	Rt. 1, Ralls	66,823
J. P. Beck	Box 873, Ralls	47,874
Donald Aycock	Rt. 1, Box 75, Lorenzo	46,836
Lynn T. Smith	Rt. 1, Crosbyton	43,620
The McLaughlins	Drawer AA, Ralls	43,424
Jesse L. Reese	Rt. 1, Ralls	42,532
R. H. Farris, Jr.	415 S. Jefferson, Crosbyton	40,822
Elton Ellison	Box 206, Ralls	40,308
H. N. Watson, Jr.	Box 296, Ralls	40,227
Billie McClaran	Rt. 1, Petersburg	39,708
Marvin O. Greer	Box 844, Ralls	39,147
Bob Kimbrough	Box 478, Ralls	38,784
Cleve Cyfert	Rt. 1, Ralls	37,967
Elvis O. Martin	Star Rt., Ralls	37,475
John L. Haynes	Star Rt., Ralls	37,275
Compton Cornelius	416 S. Jefferson, Crosbyton	36,949
T. W. Stockton, Jr.	Box 426, Crosbyton	36,650
Clyde Crausabay	McAdoo	35,399
Wayne Wilson	Box 368, Ralls	35,086
Tom F. Oats	Box 460, Ralls	34,885
W. O. Lockwood	R. 1, Box 168, Lorenzo	34,865
Bill N. Gilbreath	Box 903, Ralls	34,849
Wheelless & Wheelless	Rt. 2, Crosbyton	34,742
D. J. Moses	Rt. 1, Box 11, Crosbyton	34,634
Lynn E. Campbell	Rt. 2, Crosbyton	34,304
Arvis E. Moore	St. Rt., Crosbyton	34,109
I. B. Davis	Box 248, Ralls	33,962
O. D. Moore	Rt. 2, Crosbyton	33,847
Kenneth Summerford	538 Jefferson, Crosbyton	33,648
Kenneth Gray	Box 1, Lorenzo	33,097
Clause Adams	Box 805, Ralls	33,086
David A. Prewitt	Box 823, Ralls	32,517
Clyde Crump	St. Rt., Ralls	32,300
James W. Holman	504 Keith, Crosbyton	32,124
Carroll Himmel	Rt. 2, Crosbyton	31,704
Rex Wheeler	Rt. 1, Crosbyton	31,517
Jack E. Robertson	Box 825, Ralls	31,338
Craig McDonald	St. Rt., Ralls	30,756
Robert Fullingim	Rt. 1, Petersburg	30,688
Donald Wooten	Box 639, Crosbyton	30,670
Ray Marsh	Box 417, Ralls	30,619
Gene Fullingim	Rt. 1, Petersburg	30,542
James A. Boydston	Box 786, Ralls	30,506
T. B. Edwards	2103 53rd St, Lubbock	30,431
James W. Sales	St. R., Ralls	29,987
W. T. Leon	Rt. 1, Petersburg	29,896
J. W. Jackson	Box 164, Crosbyton	29,721
John R. Green	Box 277, Lorenzo	29,647
Darrell J. Dunn	St. Rt. Box 166, Ralls	19,595
J. R. Terrell	St. R., Ralls	29,585
L. Don Anderson	Rt. 2, Crosbyton	29,169
Burt Griffith	Box 357, Ralls	28,086
Harold Hodges	536 S. Grain, Crosbyton	28,034
R. P. Kirkendall	Rt. 2, Crosbyton	27,760
Eldred L. Mize	Box 296, Crosbyton	27,348
W. Clayton Sellers	Rt. 1, Ralls	27,197
Loyd B. Parkhill	434 S. Grain, Crosbyton	27,069
J. B. Prewitt	Box 925, Ralls	26,930
Dewey E. Welis, Jr.	Box 446, Ralls	26,883
Johnnie Nunley	Box 842, Ralls	26,372
F. Eugene Woodard	St. Rt., Ralls	26,291
Nelton Chote	Star Route, Ralls	25,964
Billy Crump	Rt. 1, Ralls	25,884
Jimmy R. Fullingim	Petersburg	25,579
Will D. Griffin	Rt. 1, McAdoo	25,292
Dee Cash	527 Keith, Crosbyton	25,081
Ross Cash	602 South Grain, Crosbyton	25,081
Curtis M. Wheeler	Rt. 1 Box 77, Lorenzo	25,064
<b>Total payees in county, 72.</b>		<b>2,571,133</b>
<b>Culberson County:</b>		
Lee Talley	Van Horn	33,166
Olen Lane	Box 625, Van Horn	27,183
<b>Total payees in county, 2.</b>		<b>60,349</b>
<b>Dallam County:</b>		
Elmer Heiskell	R.R. 2, Box 212, Dalhart	65,815
Hugh L. Gordon	Box 624, Dalhart	48,262

TEXAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Dallam County—Continued</b>		
Kerrick Land & Cattle Co.	Kerrick	\$42,431
Jimmie D. Brewster	802 Denver, Dalhart	41,825
Leo J. Field	523 Denrock, Dalhart	39,828
James E. Crabtree	R.R. 2, Box 226, Dalhart	39,708
Alex Stafford	R.R. 3, Box 390, Dalhart	38,578
George H. Noble	R.R. 2, Box 202, Dalhart	35,696
Leo H. Moore	R.R. 3, Box 3007, Dalhart	35,514
Roy Nall	Box 107, Boise City, Okla.	34,599
Ray T. Taylor	Box 35, Kerrick	33,963
Horace D. Estes	Box 887, Dalhart	33,834
Wall & Sons	Rt. 1, Box 126A, Dalhart	33,325
Tim E. Field	Box 968, Dalhart	33,233
R. L. McMurtry	2222 Hughes, Amarillo	32,294
H. Friemel & Sons	Rt. 1, Canyon	31,992
David P. McBryde	Box 307, Stratford	31,333
Billy Chesnut	R.R. 1, Box 126, Dalhart	30,634
William W. Allen	R.R. 2, Stratford	30,438
Raman L. Chandler	Box 1176, Dalhart	30,158
Clancy Cummings	Rt. 3, Box 324, Dalhart	29,901
Don W. Slaughter	4610 21 St., Lubbock	29,644
Norval W. Bressler	North Sed. Rt. Box 501, Dalhart	29,521
Summerour Brothers	R.R. 1, Box 117, Dalhart	28,840
Webb/Webb/Johnson	Box 9272, Stratford	28,353
James H. Warnken	Rt. 1, Box 122, Dalhart	27,828
Si G. Darling	Box 1771, Hereford	27,253
J. T. McAdams	N. Sedan, Rt. Box 528, Dalhart	26,787
Carl W. Miller	Box 422, Amarillo	26,435
Triple M. Farms	Rt. 3, Box 332, Dalhart	26,315
Marvin Gibbs	N. Sedan, Rt. Box 521, Dalhart	25,647
Billy G. Moore	Rt. 1, Box 115, Dalhart	25,218
<b>Total payees in county, 32.</b>		<b>1,075,202</b>
<b>Dallas County:</b>		
Olin B. Curry	200 W. Main St., Lancaster	39,299
Ralph B. Pickett	R.R. 2, Garland	30,712
Geo. F. Willis	204 Avenue B, Seago-ville	30,573
Reagan Glenn	105 Water St., Seago-ville	25,769
Roddy Brothers	735 W. Main St., Lancaster	25,430
<b>Total payees in county, 5.</b>		<b>151,783</b>
<b>Dawson County:</b>		
Bill Weaver	502 S. Houston, Lamesa	136,105
Donnell Echols	St. Rt. 4, Lamesa	81,405
Sam C. Jenkins	Box 497, Lamesa	77,613
Gordon V. Waldrop	Rt. C, Lamesa	73,596
Woodward Farms, Inc.	1355 Corvadura, Graham	52,746
B. L. Middleton	Rt. 2, O'Donnell	51,317
R. M. Middleton	Box 905, O'Donnell	51,076
Bill Treadaway	1007 N. 21 St., Lamesa	45,430
E. D. Adcock	Rt. C, Lamesa	44,913
Ray Allen Noret	Box 597, Lamesa	44,897
Adcock Farming Co., Inc.	Rt. C, Lamesa	44,236
George Eiland	1005 N. 10th, Lamesa	41,970
Charles Warren	Rt. D, Lamesa	41,066
Henderson & Son	121 N. 19th, Lamesa	38,697
C. R. Taylor	St. Rt. 1, Lamesa	37,421
Eiland Crawley	402 N. Dallas, Lamesa	36,464
John D. Banta	St. Rt. 1, Lamesa	35,914
Robert F. Hardberger	Drawer B, Lamesa	34,409
Donovan V. Phipps	Box 35, Welch	32,332
Carson Echols	220 Highland, Rt. D, Lamesa	31,894
O. H. Preston, Jr.	1010 N. 21st, Lamesa	28,078
C. M. Pearce	Rt. 1, O'Donnell	27,630
Doyle Terry	211 N. Lynn, Lamesa	27,583
Lloyd Cline	810 N. 15th, Lamesa	26,575
David Hughes	Rt. C, Lamesa	26,526
V. W. McGee	105 Juniper Dr., Lamesa	25,937
<b>Total payees in county, 26.</b>		<b>1,195,830</b>
<b>Deaf Smith County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Tatt McGee	Box 69, Hereford	177,238
R. C. Godwin	Box 1026, Hereford	109,495

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

TEXAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Deaf Smith County—Continued</b>		
B. T. Spear	Star Rt., Wildorado	\$108, 015
Perrin Bros.	Box 12, Hereford	97, 049
W. H. Gentry	400 Sunset, Hereford	96, 796
Virgil F. Marsh	Rt. 5, Hereford	94, 487
Delmar R. Durrett	Box 1081, Amarillo	87, 605
White Farms & Cattle Co.	Box 719, Canyon	69, 584
J. R. Durrett Trusts	Box 1081, Amarillo	69, 338
Billy Wayne Sisson	114 Liveoak, Hereford	65, 540
Clarence D. Carnahan	Box 64, Hereford	58, 228
Vernon Denson	Rt. 5, Hereford	57, 247
Herbert Friemel	Rt. 1, Canyon	55, 151
Wm. J. Schulte	Box 188, El Reno, Okla.	51, 316
D. T. Reed	Rt. 5, Hereford	51, 218
James A. Bullard	Rt. 4, Hereford	51, 150
West AC Farms, Inc.	Rt. 4, Hereford	49, 068
A. C. Hays, Jr.	Box 668, Dimmitt	48, 607
O. D. Bingham	6406 Dreyfuss, Amarillo	48, 483
Joseph J. Friemel	Umbarger	46, 518
Anthony Paschel	Rt. 4, Hereford	46, 454
Melvin May	722 Thunderbird, Hereford	46, 198
John & Ray Brorman	Star Rt., Adrian	45, 731
A. R. Dillard	217 N. Texas Ave., Hereford	45, 351
Brorman Bros.	Rt. 4, Hereford	43, 175
Forrester Ranch, Inc.	Box 546, Amarillo	41, 998
Harry Brorman	Rt. 1, Hereford	41, 199
Higgins & London	Rt. 4, Hereford	40, 407
McGathern & Heck Farms	401 Western, Hereford	39, 847
Solomon Bros.	Rt. 5, Hereford	39, 778
Jerrell T. Cate	1007 Holiday, Plainview	39, 741
Glenn B. Allred	Box 117, Wildorado	38, 972
Cruce G. Richardson	Drawer B, Vega	38, 927
Montgomery Farms	Box 287, Vega	38, 870
Reinauer Bros.	Box 1537, Hereford	37, 839
Quien Sabe Farms	Rt. 4, Hereford	37, 198
Hoshea Foster Estate	2006, 3rd Ave., Canyon	36, 878
Brooks & Brooks	Box 426, Hereford	36, 677
James Fangman	Rt. 4, Hereford	36, 677
Iverson Leake	Box 346, Canyon	36, 647
W. F. Ponder	Box 431, Hereford	36, 146
Billy J. Cleavinger	Star Rt., Wildorado	36, 027
Morris W. Blankenship	Rt. 4, Hereford	36, 013
A. G. Flippin	Rt. 1, Vega	35, 409
Donald Kimball	3518 Carlton Dr., Amarillo	35, 360
Joe Lyons & Lyons	119 Douglas, Hereford	34, 435
Garrison Bros. & Nelson	Rt. 2, Hereford	34, 424
Meyer Bros.	Wildorado	34, 406
Steve Bavousett	407 W. 15th, Friona	34, 077
B. C. Hodges	Star Rt., Vega	33, 675
Charles T. Noland	204 N. Texas Ave., Hereford	31, 920
Matt Webb	1200 Bowie, Amarillo	31, 053
Oneway Farms	Jerry Roberts, Rt. 4, Hereford	31, 047
Hickman Farms, Inc.	814 Ave. K, Hereford	30, 952
Jim Monroe	Rt. 4, Hereford	30, 671
Herbert E. Bippus	401 S. 25 Mile Ave., Hereford	30, 639
J. T. Glibreath, Jr.	240 Ranger Drive, Hereford	30, 370
Gary McQuigg	Rt. 5, Hereford	29, 821
Floyd E. Tomlinson	Box 817, Canyon	28, 808
Robert R. Lindsey	910 Main, Borger	28, 761
Johnny Jesko	Rt. 4, Hereford	28, 585
S. A. Fangman	Rt. 5, Hereford	28, 467
Meives Bros.	Rt. 4, Hereford	28, 198
W. T. Beckman & Sons	244 Elm, Hereford	27, 520
Bridwell Ranch West	% Herman Sifford, Adrian	27, 448
Edwin Morrison	Star Rt., Adrian	27, 441
D. Neumayer	708 W. Lee, Dimmitt	26, 935
Donald Hicks	Rt. 4, Hereford	26, 806
Henry J. Kuper	Box 51, Summerfield	26, 738
E. C. R. Corporation	Rt. 1, Hereford	26, 636
Joseph A. Meyer	Star Rt., Wildorado	26, 431
Helen Godwin	2808 Bonham, Amarillo	26, 245
Norman Hodges	Rt. 2, Hereford	26, 171
John A. & Raymond Smith	Rt. 4, Hereford	25, 996
Samie West	Rt. 4, Hereford	25, 878
Frank V. Zinser, Jr.	Rt. 5, Hereford	25, 794
Luther Ellis	321 Ave. K, Hereford	25, 454
Bertram Jack	Rt. 2, Friona	25, 425

TEXAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Deaf Smith County—Continued</b>		
Bob Veigel	Rt. 4, Hereford	\$25, 287
Mary Inman Hipes	306 Vaughn Bldg, Amarillo	25, 017
Total payees in county, 80.		3, 487, 183
<b>Denton County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Bennett Griffin	R.R. 2, Frisco	29, 210
Elmo & Ernest Chesney	R.R. 2, Celina	28, 623
Total payees in county, 2.		57, 833
<b>Dickens County:</b>		
G. B. Morris	Crosbyton	56, 437
Paul Dale Hagins	Rt. 2 Box 34, Spur	34, 862
Paul Braddock	Afton	29, 025
Raymon Harris	McAdoo	25, 067
Total payees in county, 4.		145, 391
<b>Donley County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Hall S. Hardin	Box 882, Clarendon	33, 238
Total payees in county, 1.		33, 238
<b>El Paso County:</b>		
R. T. Hoover Farms	Box 816, Fabens	143, 064
Lee Moor Farms	Clint	73, 849
Ralphs Farms Inc.	San Elizario	43, 076
L. R. Allison Co.	Box 137, Tornillo	36, 769
Jerry Rogers	Box 366, Clint	33, 535
Mike Maros	Box 698, Fabens	29, 418
Fabens Prod Inc.	Fabens	28, 684
Louis Burrus	Rt. 1 Box 488, El Paso	28, 575
H. D. Hilley	Rt. 1 Box 60, El Paso	28, 412
Bills & Ellis Farms	Box 56, Fabens	28, 122
Total payees in county, 10.		473, 504
<b>Ellis County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
H. R. Burden	Box 368, Ennis	59, 851
J. B. & Jas. Underwood	1615 Hill Lane, Waxahachie	45, 340
C. T. James	Ferris	38, 898
Phillip N. Jeffers	Ferris	29, 351
B. D. Wakeland	1614 Hill Lane, Waxahachie	27, 933
C. O. Nash	R.R. 3, Waxahachie	26, 630
Total payees in county, 6.		228, 003
<b>Falls County:</b>		
Basil Abate	Box 99, Bremond	88, 331
W. T. Heibert	R.R. 2, Box 109B, Lorena	60, 446
Felix Tusa	Highbank	51, 442
Jack Falco	R.R. 1, Marlin	51, 254
Morris Scamardo	2505 Wayside, Bryan	43, 075
Louis Corpora	R.R. 1, Box 137F, Marlin	39, 557
Falsone Brothers	Highbank	33, 563
W. A. Hudgens	R.R. 1, Troy	29, 258
Tony Abate	405 Williams, Marlin	27, 701
Total payees in county, 9.		424, 647
<b>Fannin County:</b>		
R. A. Harling Ag.	Riverby Ranch, R.R. 2, Telephone.	86, 952
Total payees in county, 1.		86, 952
<b>Fayette County:</b>		
John E. Morgan	Plum	30, 282
Total payees in county, 1.		30, 282
<b>Fisher County:</b>		
Max Carrier	Roby	29, 837
John D. Ferguson	Hamlin	25, 927
Total payees in county, 2.		55, 764
<b>Floyd County:</b>		
Marble Brothers	Box 91, South Plains	123, 177
John C. Alford	Box 28, Petersburg	68, 454
Dorris Jones	506 S. White, Floydada	65, 001
R. I. Bennett	Lockney	58, 734
Marvin Shurbet	R.R. 1, Petersburg	57, 129
Hershel Carthel	R.R. 1, Box, Lockney	54, 416

TEXAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Floyd County—Continued</b>		
J. S. Hale, Jr.	R.R. 1, Floydada	\$53, 077
J. E. Franklin	R.R. 1, Lubbock	53, 029
J. R. Turner	R.R. 3, Floydada	50, 943
L. N. Johnson	R.R. Q, Lockney	50, 688
Thomas Bros.	Box 697, Lockney	47, 445
Gene Belt	R.R. 1, Lockney	45, 517
Ewald Quebe	R.R. 2, Lockney	43, 987
W. L. Norman	Dougherty	43, 857
R. G. Dunlap	Box 117, Floydada	43, 299
Watson Jones	Floydada	44, 578
Luther B. Brandes	R.R. 1, Lockney	41, 364
Richard F. & Robert Stovall	Box 1058, Plainview	41, 262
Ward Borthers	R.R. 2, Floydada	39, 818
J. B. Robertson	R.R. 1, Petersburg	38, 995
Malvin A. Jarboe	R.R. 4, Floydada	38, 406
Kinder Farris	Floydada	38, 347
Lane Decker	614 So. 3rd, Floydada	37, 924
Johnny West	Star Route, Floydada	37, 386
K. E. Probasco	R.R. 3, Floydada	36, 845
Tom Snead	836 W. Tenn, Floydada	36, 443
Robert L. Smith	R.R. F, Lockney	35, 923
Reed Lawson	R.R. F, Lockney	35, 349
Tri C. Corp.	R.R. 2, Box 2, Lockney	34, 632
Dale Widener	R.R. F, Lockney	34, 630
Louis Pyle	R.R. 1, Floydada	34, 579
W. R. Ware	R.R. 2, Lockney	34, 488
Everett Miller	R.R. 1, Petersburg	33, 918
Tate Jones	R.R. 4, Floydada	33, 851
H. L. Porter Jr.	R.R. 1, Petersburg	33, 392
Roy H. Tinsley	Star Route, Lockney	33, 236
Fred Zimmerman, Jr.	522 W. Kentucky, Floydada	32, 993
C. E. Flippin	R.R. 1, Lockney	30, 868
Oscar Golden	Aiken	30, 685
C. L. Henderson	R.R. F, Lockney	30, 430
Buren C. & Lucy Gates	807 W. California, Floydada	30, 045
Early P. Pritchett	R.R. 2, Lockney	29, 841
L. F. Wood	Box 287, South Plains	29, 120
Kenneth Bean	Star Route, Floydada	28, 678
J. A. Welch	R.R. 2, Lockney	28, 485
Walter W. Taack	R.R. M, Lockney	28, 472
L. L. Rhodes	Box 236, Lockney	28, 205
G. C. Cattle Co., Inc.	902 Buckley, Brownfield	27, 808
J. W. Taylor Estate Partnership	R.R. Q, Lockney	27, 777
Loyd Widener	Box 385, Lockney	27, 403
R. Fred Brown	500 1st, Floydada	27, 371
William E. Whitfill	R.R. 2, Lockney	27, 327
Bruce W. Davis	Box 606, Petersburg	27, 102
W. M. Stanforth	South Plains	27, 006
W. H. Simpson	Floydada	26, 868
C. T. Hammonds	R.R. 2, Floydada	26, 814
George Taylor & Tom Fortenberr	R.R. 2, Lockney	26, 757
G. W. Smith	R.R. 4, Floydada	26, 559
Billy W. Fulton	R.R. 1, Floydada	26, 319
Weldon Hammonds	R.R. 1, Floydada	25, 967
Donal Aiken	R.R. 3, Floydada	25, 953
Bobby McCormick	Box 791, Lockney	25, 777
Charlie Boedeker	R.R. 1, Lockney	25, 770
Eugene Gilly	Silverton Route, Floydada	25, 725
Stewart Farms	% Sam M. Stewart, Petersburg	25, 562
Lewis Reddy	R.R. 1, Floydada	25, 434
Mack Hickerson	507 W. Ga St, Floydada	25, 297
Fred Jackson	R.R. 3, Floydada	25, 297
George D. Probasco	Silverton Route, Floydada	25, 233
C.C. Whittle	815 W. Grover, Floydada	25, 040
J. R. Belt Jr., Farming Inc.	Lockney	25, 000
Total payees in county, 71.		2, 591, 188
<b>Fort Bend County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Texas Department of Corrections	Central Farm 520, Sugarland	294, 301
Sugarland Industries Inc.	Box 45, Sugarland	61, 259
Foster Farms Inc.	% J. M. Schrum, Sugarland	47, 133
Total payees in county, 3.		402, 693
<b>Frio County:</b>		
Bennett Bros Inc.	Pearsall	59, 088
Clyde Cox	Pearsall	44, 583
Al Klopek	Dilley	41, 715
Eulan Cox	Box 485, Charlotte	37, 873
Tony Mann	Bigfoot	36, 117
A. E. Schletze Farms	106 N. Bryan, Pearsall	35, 374
Jay Kay Ranch	% John Kain, Pearsall	28, 226
W. E. Stacy & Sons	Bigfoot	27, 988
J. H. Woodward	Pearsall	25, 902
Total payees in county, 9.		336, 866

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

TEXAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total pay-ments
<b>Gaines County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
John Henry Jones	Box 34, Welch	\$74,000
Vernon Goodwin	Box 395, Seagraves	66,485
Paul Morgan	707 N. 18th, Lamesa	60,549
Shamrock Farms	Drawer B, O. Donnell	58,526
Earl Layman	Box 836, Loop	57,887
Leon Foote	Route 3, Seminole	47,856
F. C. Clemens	Star Route 4, Lamesa	45,991
Moody Neeley	Route C, Lamesa	45,409
Bill Oates	Box 415, Loop	42,846
Troy Martin	Route 2, Box 576, Seagraves	41,828
E Bar S Ranch	Route 2, % James Ratcliff, Mesquite	41,394
Douglas Floyd	Route 2, Seagraves	40,866
J. A. Benthall	311 S.W. 15th, Seminole	40,780
J. A. Grammer	907 North 9th, Lamesa	39,982
R. I. Oliver	Box 1261, Seagraves	38,585
D. G. Chiles	1602 N. Avenue G, Lamesa	36,434
W. O. Fortenberry	Box 207, New Deal	36,383
Estate		
Forris L. Sneed	Box 1747, Seminole	36,226
Roy Apple	Route 4, Seminole	33,658
Alvin Ward	Box 39, Route 1, Seminole	33,157
Marion C. Bowers	9 6 E. Oak St., Brownfield	33,097
B. J. Smith	East Star Route, Box 341, Seagraves	33,058
Norman Hicks	Box 1197, Seminole	32,963
Robert Sneed	Box 695, Seagraves	32,869
Kenneth Hancock	Route 1, Florey	32,168
Jeff Hays	Route 1, Florey	32,094
M. H. Nance	Tarzan	31,725
W. E. Berry, Jr.	Box 1206, Seminole	31,153
W. G. and G. R. White	Box 238, Lamesa	31,133
Tommy Lacy	Box 1073, Seagraves	30,632
Tommy Billings	Route 1, Seagraves	30,256
A. W. Byrd	St. Rt., Loop	29,867
Paul J. Condit	Rt. 4, Seminole	29,799
Vester Smith	Star Route, Loop	29,593
Ray Garrett	Rt. 4, Seminole	28,788
E. T. Foshee	Rt. 2, Seagraves	28,738
Charles Medlin	Rt. 2, Seagraves	28,008
Kenneth Bass	604 S.W. 16th Street, Seminole	27,984
Rinehard Vogler	Rt. 4, Seminole	27,851
Earnest Spradlin	Box 663, Seagraves	27,708
Bill Moore	Rt. 1, Seagraves	27,701
Thomas Michael Jenkins	Rt. 4, Seminole	27,550
M. T. McIlwain	Rt. 2, Seminole	27,141
Tom Hunt	Loop	27,086
Cline E. Morris	507 S.W. Ave. E., Seminole	26,970
Joe Tarbet	704 Hickory, Levelland	26,960
Billy J. Evans	R.R. 2, Box 949, Midland	26,839
Keith Young	Rt. 2, Seagraves	26,667
Delmon Ellison	Rt. 2, Seminole	26,632
Harmon Mills	Box 294, Seagraves	26,499
Bob Moffatt	1408 North Dallas, Lamesa	26,449
Alton Billings	Rt. 1, Seagraves	26,281
Claude-Doak Hearne	Box 545, Seagraves	26,156
Dennis Nix	610 N. 20th Street, Lamesa	25,999
V. H. Williams	Rt. 2, Seagraves	25,769
N. B. Fields	Box 1056, Seagraves	25,315
H. Dale Cope	Box 848, Loop	25,084
Total payees in county, 57.		1,979,424
<b>Garza County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
H. V. Wheeler	Box 117, Stalon	40,836
Avery Moore, Jr.	R.R. 1, Post	39,974
Total payees in county, 2.		80,810
<b>Glasscock County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Bednar Bros	St. Lawrence Rt., Garden City	39,224
Eugene E. Hirt	St. Lawrence Rt., Garden City	28,890
Edwards & Edwards	603 Permian Bldg., Big Spring	27,227
Bennie W. Wilde	Rt. 1, Box 108, Ballinger	25,827

TEXAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total pay-ments
<b>Glasscock County—Continued</b>		
Fred J. Hoelscher	St. Lawrence Rt., Garden City	\$25,469
Total payees in county, 5.		146,637
<b>Grayson County:</b>		
Bob Light	Collinsville	28,856
Total payees in county, 1.		28,856
<b>Grimes County:</b>		
Harris Farms	R.R. 1, Box 37, Navasota	47,960
Paul Keelan & Sons	Rt. 1, Navasota	35,368
Total payees in county, 2.		83,328
<b>Guadalupe County:</b>		
Frank P. Watson, Jr.	R.R. 3, Box 92, San Marcos	36,445
Total payees in county, 1.		36,445
<b>Hale County:</b>		
Ercell Givens	Box 817, Abernathy	156,583
I. F. Lee	R.R. 2, Hale Center	131,881
J. C. Mills	Drawer G, Abernathy	127,463
James Cannon	R.R. 1, Lockney	76,817
Jason H. Allen	4602 15th St., Lubbock	71,830
Ballard and Hurt	Olton Route, Plainview	68,031
T. R. Joines	R.R. 2, Abernathy	67,162
E. A. Houston	Box 838, Abernathy	62,812
Elmo Stephens	Olton Rt., Plainview	62,579
Frank Moore	1400 West 7th, Plainview	55,369
W. D. Scarborough, Jr.	Box 247, Petersburg	55,133
Warren Mathis	R.R. 1, Lockney	54,589
Neal and W. E. Burnett	R.R. 2, Plainview	53,788
Swann Pettit	R.R. 1, Hale Center	53,143
A. J. Givens	Olton Rt., Plainview	52,522
Ralph Wheeler	Edmondson	51,486
G. O. King	800 Itasca, Plainview	50,160
John Trimmer, Jr.	Box 426, Hale Center	48,817
Lee C. O'Neil	1714 31st, Lubbock	47,533
Jimmy McLaughlin	R.R. 1, Plainview	47,224
Winston T. Jones	R.R. 1, Plainview	46,623
Clayton Terrell	R.R. 2, Plainview	46,467
Frank Stanton, Jr.	R.R. 1, Petersburg	46,429
John C. Harper	1100 Dallas, Plainview	45,396
W. C. Carter	1203 Ennis, Plainview	45,233
T. C. Clanton	R.R. 1, Plainview	44,762
Lonnie Cannon	St. Rt., Hale Center	44,617
Horne Brothers	Box 21, Plainview	43,857
Bob Riley	Box 92, Abernathy	42,553
Jim Bob Curry	R.R. 2, Hale Center	42,340
Brownlake Farms	% K. Gregg, Box 43, Edmondson	42,111
C. T. Minchew and Miller Trust	Hale Center	41,478
O. A. and C. E. Webb	R.R. 2, Abernathy	41,289
O. D. Rhodes	3502 41st, Lubbock	40,543
Leo Mathis	Olton Rt., Plainview	39,518
John M. Norfleet	R.R. 1, Hart	39,462
Benson Farms, Inc.	St. Rt., Hale Center	39,399
C. R. Kay	R.R. 33, Plainview	39,384
Bradshaw and Meador	R.R. 1, Idalou	38,790
William Thomas Joines	3014 56th, Lubbock	38,679
E. J. Pope, Jr.	R.R. 2, Abernathy	38,172
A. E. Lewellen	503 Kirchwood Dr., Plainview	37,957
Harvey Lutrick	Box 5, Abernathy	37,946
Johnnie J. Maberry	Box 844, Plainview	37,561
Charles W. Lambert	R.R. 2, Box 106, Abernathy	37,461
Ralph E. Davis	R.R. 2, Abernathy	37,292
Heck Gin, Inc.	507 Kirchwood R.R. 1, Plainview	37,022
Marcus Breland	R.R. 4, Olton	36,604
J. H. Kirby and Sons	R.R. 2, Hale Center	36,329
John A. Bell	Olton Route, Plainview	36,274
Alton Leach	Olton Rt., Plainview	36,187
Carl Phillips	Box 640, Abernathy	36,000
C. P. Smith	R.R. 1, Hale Center	35,884
Heath Brothers	R.R. 2, Hale Center	35,666
J. W. Pope	Box 429, Abernathy	35,109
Davis Cannon	R.R. 1, Hale Center	34,709
Virgal Pierson	R.R. 2, Petersburg	34,613
Rae Groce	R.R. 2, Petersburg	34,577
C. A. McWilliams	2312 W. 12th, Plainview	34,509
Kenneth R. Wiese	R.R. 2, Petersburg	34,432
Horace N. Wardlow	Box 811, Plainview	34,251
Wallace Cannon	R.R. 1, Plainview	33,342
Gordon H. Branham	3015 Dimmitt Hwy, Plainview	33,294
Clyde Benn	R.R. 2, Abernathy	33,047
Oliver Harmel	Olton Rt., Plainview	32,874
Joe Sherrod	R.R. 1, Hale Center	32,751
Donald Lee Terrell	210 Yucca Terrace, Plainview	32,621
Burgess Farm Account	Box 660, Hale Center	32,620

TEXAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total pay-ments
<b>Hale County—Continued</b>		
Ralph McFerrin and Sons	Box 63, Cotton Center	\$32,486
Witten Farms	Star Rt., Kress	31,922
S. R. Heard	R.R. 1, Plainview	31,916
Raymond Akin	2205 Smythe, Plainview	31,539
Carl J. Marshall	Box 418, Hale Center	31,049
Herman S. Tennell	R.R. 2, Abernathy	30,929
Arthur W. Sorelle	Box 1568, Plainview	30,867
Edwin Adams	605 Kirchwood Dr., Plainview	30,566
Mrs. J. S. McBeth	Box 661, Hale Center	30,984
Earl G. Beach	Star Route, Hale Center	29,960
William H. Finkner	Box 231, Petersburg	29,923
U. O. Hobgood	Box 389, Abernathy	29,856
Donald C. Ebeling	Olton Rt., Plainview	29,817
C. E. Hobgood Est.	2101 22nd St, Lubbock	29,814
Melvin Mahagan	Box 479, Hale Center	29,603
R. L. Tullis	Star Rt., Hale Center	29,601
Wesley Davis	Box 567, Hale Center	29,506
Ross and Thompson	Box 1376, Plainview	29,473
Bill Riley	Box 383, Abernathy	29,443
Jack Robertson	R.R. 2, Plainview	29,404
Clayton Enger	R.R. 1, Abernathy	29,148
Irvan Rhodes	Box 187, Abernathy	28,984
B. L. Griffith	Box 261, Abernathy	28,788
Paul Stucky	R.R. 3, Plainview	28,660
Herschel Blankenship	R.R. 2, Plainview	28,638
Don Cannon	Box 369, Hale Center	28,603
Lewis F. Thompson	Star Rt., Hale Center	28,529
James W. Davis	Box 776, Abernathy	28,521
Owen Benn	R.R. 2, Abernathy	28,458
C. E. Carter and Son	1408 Berger, Plainview	28,437
The Waters Trust	% Citizens Nat Bank, Lubbock	28,313
Jerry V. Young	R.R. 1, Plainview	28,301
R. Bruce Walker	Olton Rt. Plainview	27,831
Perry McWilliams	510 W. 8th, Plainview	27,789
Lafont Farms	Box 1173, Plainview	27,637
Otey Shadden	Star Rt., Hale Center	27,626
Orval Boyd	Box 546, Hale Center	27,424
Lewis Lutrick	R.R. 2, Abernathy	27,389
Joe Barton	Star Route, Hale Center	27,280
Ray R. Copeland	Box 101, Olton	27,190
John Joe Kirchoff	R.R. 1, Plainview	27,174
W. E. McPherson	1106 Amarillo, Plainview	27,108
Elmer Koenning	R R 3, Plainview	27,064
Wesley A. Schumacher	R R 2, Plainview	26,843
Jack O. Finney	Box 503, Edmondson	26,818
Earl M. James	2101 W. 24th, Plainview	26,776
Joe Sharp	713 Nassau, Plainview	26,638
Laura Faye McDougal	R R 2, Abernathy	26,608
Wallace W. Kiatt	R R 6, Lubbock	26,577
Wilson Brothers	Box 1480, Plainview	26,538
Elbert Harp	R R 2, Abernathy	26,515
Charles L. King	R R 1, Hale Center	26,165
Millard J. Hancock	R R 2, Abernathy	26,125
W. T. Settle	Box 182, Abernathy	26,102
Austin O'Neil, Jr.	Star Rt., Hale Center	26,006
Loy Eldon Teague	R R 2, Abernathy	25,869
Kathryn Raymond	R R 2, Abernathy	25,826
Frank Woods	R R 2, Plainview	25,739
Kit McDaniel, Jr.	Box 634, Hale Center	25,690
J. L. Miller, Jr.	Box 252, Abernathy	25,591
Weldon Reed	Olton Rt., Plainview	25,453
L. K. Gregory	R R 2, Petersburg	25,409
Dee W. Martin	Olton Rt., Plainview	25,265
MacHouston	R R 2, Abernathy	25,150
R. N. Hopper	R R 1, Petersburg	25,082
C. E. Monroe	R R 3, Plainview	25,020
Total payees in county, 134.		5,083,411
<b>Hall County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Henry S. Foster	Memphis	35,415
Allen L. Monzingo	1212 Dover, Memphis	31,806
J. A. McAnear	Clarendon	29,820
Tom W. Collins	Estelline	29,506
Jim Hutchins	Estelline	28,082
Carroll Fowler	Lakeview	26,937
W. H. Reed	Memphis	25,061
Total payees in county, 7.		206,627
<b>Hansford County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Jack Hart	Gruver	63,894
R. L. Porter, estate	Rt. 2, Box 5, Spearman	54,961
R. E. and Rue Sanders	515 S. Bernice, Spearman	44,848
C. E. Clawson	Box 358, Gruver	42,057
Don Hart	Box R, Gruver	39,374
Gus O. Birdwell	Box 325, Spearman	36,747
Collier Bros, Inc.	Box 1058, Spearman	35,746
Louis Baxter	Chivington, Colo	35,518
Carl Archer	Box 488, Spearman	33,804

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

TEXAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Hansford County—Continued</b>		
J. P. Armes	Box 423, Gruver	\$33,313
Lynn & Jon Hart	Box 707, Gruver	32,376
D. C. Dilley Est.	Box 1106, Borger	31,861
J. L. Whitaker	Box 727, Gruver	31,779
Roy Roper	R.R. 3, Sunray	30,700
Willard McCloy	Box 12, Morse	28,922
Lloyd Buzzard	Box 65, Spearman	28,189
W. R. Murrell	Box 277, Gruver	27,805
Wm. F. D. Etling	Gruver	27,634
Robert H. Novak	R.R. 1 Box 4, Spearman	26,675
Woodville Jarvis	Box 687, Spearman	26,646
Hez M. Frazier	Box 182, Gruver	25,880
C. Ralph Blodgett	Box 638, Spearman	25,694
Joel D. Stavlo	Gruver	25,517
Pittman & Sons, Inc.	Box 91, Morse	25,372
Betty Bros.	1102 S. Grinnell, Perryton	25,061
<b>Total payees in county, 25.</b>		<b>840,373</b>
<b>Hardeman County:</b>		
Robert Nippert	400 W. 15 St., Quanah	36,033
M. E. Watson, Jr.	Rt. 3, Kirkland	35,283
1st National Bank & Trust, C. G. Conley	Box 540, Wichita Falls	30,153
Roy Hines	610 Ave. E. NW, Childress	28,218
James W. Tabor	Rt. 2, Quanah	26,673
<b>Total payees in county, 5.</b>		<b>156,360</b>
<b>Hartley County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Carl J. Kuper	1414 Denrock Ave., Dalhart	95,556
Harold H. Hogue	1415 Denrock Ave., Dalhart	79,904
John W. Bookout	Hartley	59,668
Framach Farms	Box 5792, Amarillo	57,503
Frantz & Frantz	Hartley	39,896
G. Malcolm Bryant	Hartley	34,346
U Anchor Cattle Co	Box 190, Amarillo	33,436
Leopold J. Schmidt, Sr.	624 Rock Island, Dalhart	30,272
Bobby G. Green	Hartley	29,769
Doyce W. Franklin	5625 Delores, Houston	28,808
Gary K. George	Rte. 3, Perryton	27,081
Howell L. McCleskey	Rte. 1 Box 137, Dalhart	27,030
Joe D. Keast	Box 1413, Dalhart	26,798
G. Ivory Edlin	Channing	26,383
Exum Ranch	Rte. 1, Dalhart	25,302
<b>Total payees in county, 15.</b>		<b>621,752</b>
<b>Haskell County:</b>		
Johnny D. Reid	Route 1, O'Brien	46,350
Thomas J. Bevel & Son	Star Rt., Rochester	35,733
Burson and Burson	Star Route, Haskell	34,604
John L. Grindstaff, Jr.	Box 363, Knox City	28,806
William G. Ellis	Rt. 1, O'Brien	27,628
Melvin C. Josselet	Rt. 1, Weinert	27,183
E. H. Tankersley, Jr.	O'Brien	25,796
<b>Total payees in county, 7.</b>		<b>226,100</b>
<b>Hidalgo County:</b>		
Engelman Farms	Box 307, Elsa	155,011
Krenmueller Farms	Rt. 1 Box 77, San Juan	128,907
Rio Farms Inc.	Edcouch	122,537
Shary Farms Inc.	Box 433, Mission	115,429
Valley Acres	Box 128, Santa Rosa	102,348
J. W. Wallace & Sons	Box 929, Edinburg	92,953
Ben Estes Bearden	Box 387, Santa Rosa	86,375
Sam Sparks	Rt. 1, Santa Rosa	85,955
Beckwith Farms	Drawer 616, Progresso	80,215
J. B. Hardwicke Co., Plantation	Box 1990, McAllen	80,186
Davis & Candy	301 Austin, Edinburg	75,558
Carl Schuster	Rt. 1, Box 77-A, San Juan	73,074
Guerra Bros.	Box 38, Linn	67,554
Byron Campbell	795 W. Rockey, Raymondville	65,883
J. R. Stump	Box 851, Elsa	63,626
Sebastian Cotton & Grain Corp.	Box 104, Sebastian	63,597
Knapp Farms	Box 205, Weslaco	62,915
C. C. & Jack Harbison	Rt. 1, Mercedes	62,378
J. B. Pollock	Box 238, Hargill	60,360
Fay M. Willis	Rt. 1, Box 109, Mercedes	57,062
Bill Burns	Box 1106, Raymondville	56,258

TEXAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Hidalgo County—Continued</b>		
C. B. Shields, Jr.	Rt. 1, Box 284, Edcouch	\$53,403
La Perla Farms	Box 837, Edinburg	52,653
Frank Schuster	Rt. 1, San Juan	50,415
Fuller Farms	Rt. 2, Box 52, Weslaco	49,516
Jerry Block	Box 1234, McAllen	48,033
Geo. T. Helle	Rt. 2, Box 82-E, Mission	45,653
American Farm, Inc.	Box 41, Weslaco	45,196
Evergreen Farms, Inc.	Rt. 1, Edcouch	44,767
Marvin A. Schwarz	Box 152, Mercedes	44,721
Turberville Farms	Box 686, Elsa	44,538
Bell Bros.	Box 335, Elsa	44,223
M. D. & N. J. Moore, Jr.	Rt. 2, Box 6, Weslaco	43,434
Bryan Hanks	Rt. 3, Box 211-D, Edinburg	43,364
Barr Ewing	Rt. 2, Box R-39, Mercedes	42,766
Edgar R. Smith	Rt. 2, Box 184, Weslaco	41,674
Shiba & Kakuda Farms	Rt. 1, Box 42, Mission	41,394
Las Palmas Farms	Box 325, Weslaco	39,595
Bradford & Eoff Ptns.	105 E. Hiway, Weslaco	38,877
P. D. Moore, Jr.	1102 Ivy, McAllen	37,759
Holcomb & Black	Rt. 2, Box 29C, Weslaco	36,204
Wyatt & Ware	Box 521, Corpus Christi	36,131
J. R. Russell	909 Ash, Weslaco	34,833
W. J. McKimie	1309 Mississippi St., Tallulah, La.	34,262
N. H. Kitayama	Box 1535, Donna	34,254
Franklin Dusek	Rt. 1, Box 390, Mission	33,060
L. H. Freeman	Box 296, Elsa	30,651
E. J. Blake	Rt. 1, Mercedes	30,615
Roy W. Barnes	517 W. Cherokee, Pharr	30,195
Ed Good	Donna	29,641
J. S. & Quinn McManus	Box 568, Weslaco	29,448
W. A. Odum, Jr.	Rt. 1, Edcouch	29,132
Boyce Farms, Inc.	Box 1116, Donna	29,101
Headley & Brandt	908 Chicago, McAllen	29,019
La Strawberry & Vegetable Distribution Co.	Box 1286, McAllen	28,973
L. J. Kraska	Rt. 2, Box 181, Edinburg	28,120
R. O. Wade Farms, Inc.	Rt. 1, Box 24, Edcouch	27,819
Homer Ramsey	617 Kendlewood, McAllen	26,945
M. A. Drewry	2513 Crestview, Edinburg	26,351
Marialice Shivers	Box 433, Mission	26,303
Everett Bell	Rt. 3 Box 125-A, Mission	26,021
Edith Tyner	Box 644, Donna	25,930
James Dyer	Rt. 1 Box 188, Weslaco	25,876
T. E. Bottom	Box 322, Donna	25,855
Griffin & Brand	Box 1840, McAllen	25,719
M. F. Klose, Sr.	Rt. 1 Box 151, Lometa	25,479
Keith Pollock	225 Enfield Dr., Edinburg	25,099
W. H. Drawe	Rt. 2, Mercedes	25,012
<b>Total payees in county, 68.</b>		<b>3,426,210</b>
<b>Hill County:</b>		
Daniel Pustejovsky	Rt. 2 Hillsboro	31,611
G. Ray Sawyer	Rt. 1, Hillsboro	30,778
Seth Orr	1101 East Walnut, Hillsboro	28,335
<b>Total payees in county, 3.</b>		<b>90,744</b>
<b>Hockley County:</b>		
White Face Farms, Inc.	Box 1030, Levelland	83,424
Post Montgomery	921 Austin St., Levelland	77,371
Billy Ray McInroe	R.F.D. 2, Levelland	62,129
Aubrey L. Lockett	% J. H. Roberson, Rt. 1, Ropesville	57,476
J. Walter Hobgood	Box 777, Anton	53,723
Flora Hamill	R.F.D. 2, Levelland	44,822
Crenshaw		
George H. Hamill	R.F.D. 3, Levelland	44,347
Harry L. Fitzgerald	Rt. 4, Levelland	39,673
Neal Caswell	Rt. 2, Anton	38,399
Gordon McMillan	Box 74, Levelland	38,177
Joe W. Cook, Jr.	Rt. 1, Ropesville	37,688
Don Brazil	Rt. 2, Anton	37,483
Barry Armes	Star Rt. 2, Littlefield	37,048
Jim J. Hobgood	Box 97, Anton	36,774
Fred G. Owens	202 Tanglewood Lane, Levelland	35,539
Marvin E. Green	R.F.D. 1, Levelland	35,371
Spade Ranch, Inc.	1107 1/2 Ave. K, Lubbock	35,081
L. E. Mitchell	Box 1367, Levelland	34,399
James T. Rackler	203 Willow Wood, Levelland	34,271
H. Joe Schwartz	Box 97, Ropesville	33,936

TEXAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Hockley County—Continued</b>		
Edward Pinkert	Rt. 4, Levelland	\$33,165
Chester Borders	103 Park Dr., Levelland	32,484
Carl E. Ratliff	1703 Great Plains Life, Lubbock	31,643
W. L. Harris	1406 8th St. Levelland	31,501
E. W. Sanford, Est.	CIT NTL Bank Trust Dept. Lub.	31,449
W. N. Halliburton	R.F.D. 2, Levelland	31,009
Elwood Patterson	R.F.D. 3, Levelland	30,887
Sam Hoover	R.F.D. 3, Levelland	30,476
Jewel D. Melton	Rt. 2, Littlefield	29,914
Joe B. Pate, Jr.	2510-60th, Lubbock	29,513
William E. Carr Jr.	R.F.D. 1, Levelland	29,364
H. E. Mowry	103 Mike St., Levelland	29,159
Frank Motl	Box 675, Anton	28,757
Slaughter Farms	919 T&P Pass Sta, Ft. Worth 2	28,600
Troy M. Overman	2308 58th, Lubbock	28,518
Ben M. McWhorter	Rt. 5, Lubbock	28,412
Elbert C. White, Jr.	Box 465, Whiteface	27,965
William Clements	Rt. 5, Levelland	27,527
Cecil B. Helms	112 15th, Levelland	27,514
Douglas Kauffman	200 Mike St, Levelland	27,429
William J. Brazil	Rt. 2, Anton	26,895
Palmer & Dowell	Rt. 5, Levelland	26,747
William M. Cain	Box 55, Ropesville	26,704
L. E. Mitchell, Jr.	Box 1367, Levelland	26,640
Catharine C. Whittenburg	Box 684, Levelland	26,618
Felix J. Silhan	Star Rt. 1, Littlefield	26,571
J. T. Hall, Jr.	RFD 5, Levelland	26,241
Ralph F. Wade	Rt. 2, Littlefield	26,063
George R. Martin	Box 346, Whiteface	25,945
Johnnie Keen	RFD, 3, Levelland	25,653
Mallet Ranch	Lub Natl Bank Bldg, Lubbock	25,644
George Wade, Jr.	Rt. 2, Littlefield	25,567
Julius Blair	Rt. 1, Ropesville	25,370
S. J. Clevenger	Rt. 2, Anton	25,193
L. C. Vance	3602 38th, Lubbock	25,183
Jerry Biffle	Box 586, Anton	25,086
Erland D. Gresham	RFD 1, Levelland	25,049
<b>Total payees in county, 57.</b>		<b>1,937,659</b>
<b>Houston County:</b>		
G. L. Potter	920 State St, Lafayette	37,690
Wade Minter, Sr.	R.R. 1, Crockett	28,831
C. A. Snell	R.R. 2, Crockett	25,730
T. J. Maples	R.R. 2, Crockett	25,499
<b>Total payees in county, 4.</b>		<b>117,750</b>
<b>Howard County:</b>		
Delbert Stanley	1601 Phillips Rd., Big Spring	45,686
Edgar Phillips	Ackerly Rt., Big Spring	36,255
James C. Barr	Vincent Rt., Coahoma	33,616
Harvey Fryar	Rt. 1, Big Spring	32,234
Donald Lay	Coahoma	31,124
G. C. Broughton, Jr.	1705 Harvard, Big Spring	29,783
Robert V. Fryar	Garden City Rt., Big Spring	29,062
Oliver Nichols	Garden City Rt., Big Spring	27,150
R. T. Shafer	Vincent Rt., Coahoma	26,555
Shirley W. Fryar	Rt. 1, Knott	26,340
Paul Adams	Rt.1, Ackerly	25,952
Bence O. Brown	Vincent Rt., Coahoma	25,892
Bigony Farms	% W. J. Rogers, Knott Rt., Big Spring	25,527
<b>Total payees in county, 13.</b>		<b>395,176</b>
<b>Hudspeth County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
C. L. Ranch	Dell City	72,452
B. E. Walker	Fort Hancock	44,801
Grady E. Miller, Jr.	Fort Hancock	41,931
Dave Payne	7450 Emory Rd., El Paso	30,404
<b>Total payees in county, 4.</b>		<b>189,588</b>
<b>Hunt County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Guy E. Ray	R.R. 3, Greenville	25,902
<b>Total payees in county, 1.</b>		<b>25,902</b>
<b>Hutchinson County:</b>		
Claude Higley	407 Phillips Dr, Dumas	51,449
Mrs. M. W. McCloy & Sons	Box 106, Morse	42,242
Jack Johnson, Jr.	Box 34, Morse	34,984
Henderson & Parks	Box 47, Morse	31,571

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

TEXAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Hutchinson County—Continued</b>		
Armstrong & Thornton	Box 413, Amarillo	\$25,541
Total payees in county, 5		185,787
<b>Jim Wells County:</b>		
R. W. Miller	Box 1076, Mathis	33,415
Don Boggan	Rt. 2, Box 125, Alice	30,635
C. A. Lowman	901 Henderson, Bishop	27,580
Leon Eschberger	Box 86, Alice	26,329
J. M. Dellinger, Jr.	Rt. 2, Box 319, Alice	25,914
Total payees in county, 5		143,873
<b>Johnson County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
James E. Kemp	20th Fl. Mercantile Bank Bldg., Dallas	72,323
Total payees in county, 1		72,323
<b>Jones County:</b>		
Hoke Propst	Rt. 3, Anson	74,925
Herman A. Propst	1301 Avenue O, Anson	47,265
W. C. Matchett	1000 West Lake Dr., Hamlin	46,703
Chas. M. Herndon	Rt. 1, Hawley	32,562
Herman B. Propst	2132 Avenue N, Anson	27,903
Bill Pritchard	Rt. 2, Stamford	26,219
Total payees in county, 6		255,577
<b>Karnes County:</b>		
Burnell B. Tips	Box 426, Kenedy	29,122
Total payees in county, 1		29,122
<b>Kaufman County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Monty Clayton	R.R. 1, Crandall	52,685
Vernon Griffin	R.R. 1, Scurry	31,540
Star Brand Cattle Co.	Kaufman	26,286
Total payees in county, 3		110,511
<b>King County:</b>		
Allen D. Goodwin	Guthrie R.R., Paducah	31,058
Total payees in county, 1		31,058
<b>Knox County:</b>		
Eugene L. Thompson	Munday	44,300
Floyd L. Reed	do	40,520
William J. Goode	Seymour	35,965
George L. Floyd	Munday	30,681
Total payees in county, 4		149,466
<b>Lamar County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Mashburn Farms, Inc.	R.R. 5, Paris	69,012
Hicks Graves	Petty	58,840
H. L. Schlottman	R.R. 6, Paris	48,688
Total payees in county, 3		176,540
<b>Lamb County:</b>		
McDonald Marie	114 West 10th, Kansas City, Mo.	142,778
McCluskey Picka	Star Rt. 2, Olton	111,592
Busby Farms	109 East 11th St., Littlefield	68,488
J. D. Smith	Rt. 1, Box 152, Muleshoe	67,493
E. K. Angeley	Box 806, Littlefield	59,691
L. C. Hewitt	Box 187, Springlake	59,233
Parish Farms	Box 634, Olton	59,067
Lonnie R. Smith	Box 38, Springlake	55,061
Billy W. Clayton	Rt. 4, Muleshoe	54,669
L. J. Welch	Box 308, Sudan	49,773
F. M. Smith	Box 517, Sudan	49,576
T. A. King, Jr.	Rt. 2, Earth	46,877
John Bridges	Box 575, Sudan	45,956
Ray Wood	% Charles Edgemon, Rt. 1, Anton	45,708
D. R. Hopkins	Rt. 4, Muleshoe	44,897
W. C. Stout	do	44,664
Fred Welch	do	44,664
H. M. Gable	Rt. 1, Muleshoe	42,125

TEXAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Lamb County—Continued</b>		
Regional Stephens	Rt. 1, Anton	\$40,665
R. L. Masten	Rt. 2, Sudan	39,960
Gordon B. Timms	Rt. 1, Anton	39,671
Barton Bros	Box 456, Earth	39,443
Royce Collins	Box 451, Olton	38,867
Charles W. Wiseman	Box 35, Sudan	38,733
L. B. Montgomery	Box 1143, Littlefield	38,484
J. A. Stubblefield	Rt. 1, Anton	37,493
James A. Littleton, Jr.	Box 23, Earth	37,428
T. V. Murrell	Earth	36,900
Devurn Mandrell	Box 30, Olton	36,301
Charles Flowers	Rt. 1, Shallowater	35,620
Willie Steffey	Rt. 1, Littlefield	35,282
Donald J. Bryant	Rt. 1, Box 140 Muleshoe	35,278
B. M. Farmer	200 E. 11th St., Littlefield	34,450
M. P. Thedford	931 W. 1st St., Littlefield	34,089
Thomas Harris	Box 512, Littlefield	33,064
Gene Templeton	St. Rt. 1, Earth	33,002
James E. Steffey	Rt. 1, Anton	32,498
Joe F. Miller	Rt. 2, Springlake	32,162
D. W. Bawcom	301 Hall Ave., Littlefield	32,045
Leo V. Smith	Box 457, Olton	31,879
J. B. James	Rt. 1, Olton	31,871
Jack Allcorn	Rt. 1, Olton	31,095
W. B. Jones	Rt. 1, Olton	30,424
Royce McFadden	Rt. 1, Olton	30,400
Wesley Neinaast	St. Rt. 2, Littlefield	30,158
H. M. Sheets	3707 36th St., Lubbock	29,606
Harley Bussanmas	302 E. 19th St., Littlefield	29,483
Raymond Durham	Rt. 1, Olton	29,103
James Sanderson	Box 98, Springlake	29,080
F. D. Clayton	Box 382, Earth	29,033
Jack Nix	Rt. 1, Anton	29,019
George E. Brown, Sr.	Box 368, Olton	28,993
Dewitt Tiller	Rt. 1, Sudan	28,569
E. E. Watson	Box 206, Springlake	28,003
Wayne McLarty	Rt. 2, Anton	27,896
N. W. Emfinger	Rt. 1, Littlefield	27,831
R. D. Nix	Box 155, Sudan	27,635
Wm. R. Morris, Jr.	Box 555, Earth	27,423
W. M. Smith	Box 128, Olton	27,250
Kenneth Hinson	Box 155, Springlake	27,196
Neil Wood	404 E. 12th St., Littlefield	26,805
Donald Street	Rt. 4, Dimmitt	26,584
Kenneth Wiseman	Box 568, Sudan	26,470
Ernest E. Jones	Rt. 1, Hart	26,340
Dan Wood	Box 398, Sudan	26,329
Tavie Lee Simmons	Box 95, Bushland	26,192
Paul Yarbrough	Box 142, Littlefield	26,118
Calvin Wood	Box 383, Earth	26,113
Jerry W. Kelley	Box 36, Earth	26,014
Doug G. Sopher	Rt. 4, Box 6, Olton	25,960
A. B. Roberts	St. Rt. Littlefield	25,940
Matt Nix, Jr.	Box 154, Sudan	25,744
Eddie Wallace	St. Rt. Enochs	25,710
James E. Jones	Rt. 1, Springlake	25,658
L. E. Downs	Rt. 1, Anton	25,518
E. O. Feagley	Rt. 1, Littlefield	25,463
O. L. Walker	402 Crescent Dr., Littlefield	25,420
Robert Stence	Rt. 3, Box 433, Lubbock	25,280
Phillip Haberer	Box 17, Earth	25,187
Total payees in county, 78		2,913,875
<b>Leon County:</b>		
Oscar O. Brown	Nineveh	34,920
Total payees in county, 1		34,920
<b>Limestone County:</b>		
Walter B. Honeycutt, Jr.	R.R. 1, Mart	36,805
Total payees in county, 1		36,805
<b>Lubbock County:</b>		
William E. Armstrong	Rt. 2, Lubbock	105,526
Dulaney Bros	% Jack Culaney, Box 239, Shallowater	90,973
Medlock Farms Inc	Route 2, Box 183, Lubbock	86,329
James F. Davis, Jr.	Rt. 1, Box 89, Lorenzo	73,269
Standefor Gray Inc	Box 711, Lubbock	70,724
A. L. Cone	P.O. Box 871, Lubbock	69,866
L. L. Lawson	3307-43rd St., Lubbock	61,555
Coyne E. Killian	Star Rt. Lorenzo	61,002
R. E. Jones	Rt. 6, Box 287, Lubbock	53,257
Howard L. Alford	Rt. 4, Lubbock	52,931
J. Carter Caldwell	Box 206, Slaton	52,591
Debusk, Bros	% Elijah M. Debusk Rt. 1, Idalou	50,180
Wendell D. Vardeman	Rt. 1, Slaton	50,112
J. W. Furgeson	Rt. 2, Petersburg	49,246
Middlebrook Farms	% D. Middlebrook, Rt. 2, Lubbock	48,831

TEXAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Lubbock County—Continued</b>		
Fred E. McNabb	Rt. 4, Box 110, Lubbock	\$47,678
George Oliver Jackson	Rt. 1, Abernathy	47,375
Kirby Hobgood	Rt. 1, Petersburg	46,442
Billy J. Robbins	Rt. 1, Box 86, Idalou	45,979
McFarling & Clark	Rt. 2, Box 25, Lubbock	45,538
B. J. Hutcheson	Box 367, Wolforth	41,962
Davis-Son	% Don E. Davis, Rt. 1 Box 22, Ropesville	41,868
Johnnie Joiner	Box 66, Idalou	40,064
Weldon M. Boyd	Box 1195, Idalou	39,824
George A. Taylor Jr.	Rt. 2, Slaton	39,310
Greenlee Farms	403 GPL Bldg, Lubbock	38,530
San Augustine Ranch	% A. L. Cone, Box 871, Lubbock	38,293
Jay Stanton	Rt. 1, Shallowater	37,810
L. T. Foster	4207-46th, Lubbock	37,305
Graham C. Holmes	1301 Ave A, Lubbock	36,979
The Dunlap Co	% A. B. Enloe Jr., Rt. 4, Lubbock	36,692
M. B.-R. B. Stanton	% R. B. Stanton, St. Rt. Lorenzo	36,581
J. C. Heinrich	Rt. 1, Idalou	35,997
Leroy Grawunder	Rt. 1, Shallowater	35,893
Max Barnett	Rt. 2, Slaton	35,346
Ward W. Carroll	Rt. 3, Box 286, Lubbock	35,336
Albert C. Henderson	Rt. 1, Shallowater	33,648
O. B. Chessier	2128-68th, Lubbock	33,580
Hugh V. Newton	4511 W 11th, Lubbock	33,520
Morris S. Smith	Star Rt. Lorenzo	33,026
Davies-Robertson	Rt. 2, Box 34, Slaton	32,721
Debusk Enterprises, Inc.	Box 364, Idalou	32,174
Smith Brothers	Box 74, Slaton	31,354
Roy Hugh McKelvy	4206-40th St, Lubbock	31,074
Earl Reasoner	1015 W. Lubbock, Slaton	31,055
Joe B. Lovelace	Rt. 2, Abernathy	30,818
Melville Hankins	2309 Broadway, Lubbock	30,168
C. W. Teal	Rt. 3, Lubbock	30,091
Medfred Weaver	3504-63rd Dr, Lubbock	30,022
John M. Clark	5422-33rd, Lubbock	29,751
Billy Meyers	Rt. 2, Box 175, Lubbock	29,720
Robert Melcher	4408-17th, Lubbock	28,817
J. Pete Thompson	Box K, Abernathy	28,748
Alton L. Lawson	Rt. 3, Box 406, Lubbock	28,716
Sam A. Durham	Rt. 4, Box 116, Lubbock	28,252
France Baker	Box 2335, Lubbock	28,126
John T. Patterson	Box 326, Wolforth	28,017
B. B. Hobgood	Box 126, Wolforth	27,835
Clifford Hamilton	Rt. 3, Box 295, Lubbock	27,562
William V. Halford	Box 597, Abernathy	27,469
Charles W. Wood	Rt. 2, Box 109, Lubbock	27,203
Chester B. Gilmore	Rt. 1, Idalou	27,092
Durward D. Mahon	314 Lubbock Natl Bk, Lubbock	26,978
Gilbert H. Ragland	Rt. 2, Slaton	26,776
David S. Enger	2306-55th St., Lubbock	26,707
Olan K. Dorsett, Jr.	Rt. 4, Box 79, Lubbock	26,654
Pace & Keller Partners	% S. Keller, Rt. 1, Lubbock	26,436
Robert Fehleison	Rt. 6, Box 78, Lubbock	26,378
Arthur Albert Wuensche	2502-70th St., Lubbock	25,797
Wesley W. Ferguson	Rt. 1, Lorenzo	25,713
Walter O. Heinrich	Rt. 2, Slaton	25,656
Raymond R. Marshall	2701-24th, Lubbock	25,640
Bennie L. James	Rt. 2, Anton	25,478
Edward S. Smith, Jr.	Box 716, Lorenzo	25,453
Roy C. Forkner	Rt. 1, Lubbock	25,226
Total payees in county, 75		2,936,645
<b>Lynn County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
W. C. Huffaker, Jr.	Tahoka	85,119
Cass Edwards, II	725 Commerce Bldg., Ft. Worth	78,917
Cecil Dorman	Box 506, Tahoka	57,662
J. W. Gardenhire	R.R. 1, O'Donnell	53,013
John Saleh	Box 593, O'Donnell	52,929
Heirs Edwards Estate	725 Commerce Bldg., Ft. Worth	48,293
L. C. Unfred	R.R. 4, Tahoka	48,208
Wm. G. Lumsden	Box 117, Wilson	43,150
Dallas Vaughn	O'Donnell	39,079
C. R. Phifer, Jr.	Box 295, New Home	38,477
L. H. Nettles	R.R. 4, Tahoka	38,240
Billy G. Gardenhire	R.R. 2, O'Donnell	37,309
W. T. Kidwell	Box 847, Tahoka	36,705
J. Weldon Martin	R.R. 2, Tahoka	35,725
Felix H. Macha	R.R. 6, Lubbock	34,953
C. G. Kieth	R.R. 4, Tahoka	34,804

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25.00 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

TEXAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Lynn County—Continued</b>		
Natt Park	R.R. 4, Tahoka	\$34,768
Lynn West	R.R. 1, Wilson	33,485
D. J. Bessire	R.R. 2, O'Donnell	30,947
A. P. Edwards	3205 Canyon Rd, Lubbock	29,560
Carl Sanders	R.R. 2, O'Donnell	28,470
R. L. Warren	Box 58, Tahoka	27,992
Bryan Wright	Box 816, Tahoka	27,742
C. A. Moore	Box 398, O'Donnell	27,740
Jack Webb	Box 101, O'Donnell	27,469
C. E. Thetford	6002 Nashville, Lubbock	27,429
Oscar Lowrey	R.R. 4, Tahoka	27,382
J. T. Forbes	Box 488, O'Donnell	26,628
Wayne Carroll	Box 537, O'Donnell	26,151
W. A. Russ	R.R. 1, Tahoka	25,912
W. J. Kahl	R.R. 1, Tahoka	25,067
<b>Total payees in county, 31.</b>		<b>1,189,325</b>
<b>Martin County:</b>		
Glen Cox	Star Rt., Lenorah	71,922
A. C. Woodward	Star Rt., Tarzan	53,942
Raymond T. Kingsfield	Star Rt., Tarzan	49,998
Billy Fryar	Garden City Rt., Big Spring	37,002
Eddie C. Cook	Rt. 1, Box 10B, Stanton	36,786
Woody Brothers	Rt. 1, Stanton	33,592
James Newman Biggs	Rt. 1, Stanton	33,034
Ralph Wesley Williams	Rt. A, Lamesa	28,765
Charlie A. Nichols	705 Highland Dr., Big Spring	28,118
Dan Maek	Box 323, Stanton	27,539
Floyd Martin	Star Rt., Tarzan	27,500
Jack Harshell Kuhlman	Star Rt., Lenorah	26,357
<b>Total payees in county, 12.</b>		<b>454,555</b>
<b>Maverick County:</b>		
Roseta Farms	Box 719, Eagle Pass	93,946
Jack Keisling	Box 37, El Indio	29,530
<b>Total payees in county, 2.</b>		<b>123,476</b>
<b>McLennan County:</b>		
James M. Warner	P.O. Box 7186, Waco	57,022
J. Weidon Youngblood	R.R. 2, Box 242B, Waco	49,325
Jim Radle	R.R. 6, Waco	27,893
Lankart Seed Farms	R.R. 6, Box 303, Waco	27,847
<b>Total payees in county, 4.</b>		<b>162,087</b>
<b>Midland County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Alegan Spinks	3200 Boyd, Midland	46,232
Eugene F. Jones	Rt. 1, Box 93, Midland	44,376
Carl Leonard, Jr.	Rt. 2, Box 117, Midland	28,109
<b>Total payees in county, 3.</b>		<b>118,717</b>
<b>Milam County:</b>		
Daniel D. McDaniel	R.R. 3, Cameron	75,328
Cobb Bros	109 Wallace, Cameron	57,828
Walter Pyle	Calvert	42,750
L. K. Simmer, Trustee	825 Bank of South-west, Houston	34,562
Wilburn E. Beckhusen	Box 157, Buckholts	29,026
<b>Total payees in county, 5.</b>		<b>239,494</b>
<b>Mitchell County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
A. K. McCarley, Jr.	Rt. 1, Colorado City	44,529
Chas. N. Stubblefield	Rt. 3, Colorado City	36,643
Travis P. Turner	Rt. 3, Colorado City	35,995
W. H. Narrell	Box 145, Loraine	35,951
L. A. Browne	Route 1, Colorado City	29,841
A. Preston Morris	Star Route, Colorado City	29,821
Warren Anderson	Rt. 3, Colorado City	28,764
D. M. Smith	2151 Locust, Colorado City	27,133
Harold Hester	Route 1, Colorado City	25,799
<b>Total payees in county, 9.</b>		<b>294,476</b>

TEXAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Moore County:</b>		
Paul Hays	Rt. 1, Kress	\$79,825
Marshall Cator	Box T, Sunray	62,064
Arthur B. Stavlo	Box 272, Sunray	60,000
Morris L. Hunt	Box 862, Dumas	47,476
Gaston Wells	112 Chelsea, Dumas	45,134
Gossetts, Inc.	Etter Rt., Box 45, Dumas	44,319
Raymond O. McMurry	Box 441, Dumas	42,466
Gordon Taylor	Box 670, Sunray	40,548
Stringer Farms, Inc.	311 Mills, Dumas	38,298
Rex Hall, Jr.	302 Bruce, Dumas	36,008
John H. Goodwin	Box 5, Sunray	34,538
Thurman E. Fisher	Box 191, Sunray	33,538
Jesse C. Cooper	Etter Rt., Dumas	32,685
J. W. Huff	Box 943, Dumas	31,897
Schuman Farm, Inc.	Sunray Rt., Box 4, Dumas	31,185
Carl Beauchamp	Box 777, Dumas	31,047
Jack H. Mills	309 Mills, Dumas	30,787
Robert J. Ownbey, Est.	Box 625, Spearman	30,498
Dale M. Coleman	Etter Rt., Dumas	29,314
H. D. Lewis	120 Bellaire, Dumas	28,322
Edward M. Stallwitz	Box 1225, Dumas	27,340
Edward L. Stallwitz	Box 114, Dumas	27,001
D. Rex Langley	Rt. 3, Sunray	26,892
Harold N. Keisling	Box 293, Sunray	26,638
Verdie & Lloyd Beauchamp	Box 656, Dumas	26,214
Earl B. Byrd	Rt. 2, Box 66A, Stinnett	26,201
W. M. Toliver	122 Amherst, Dumas	26,097
Thomas E. Herbert	Box 475, Dumas	26,093
<b>Total payees in county, 28.</b>		<b>1,022,452</b>
<b>Matley County:</b>		
Claudia A. Matney	Matador	26,715
<b>Total payees in county, 1.</b>		<b>26,715</b>
<b>Navarro County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Fortson Farms	Rice	96,632
Drew Gillen	Blooming Grove	70,415
William F. Mahoney	1700 E. Beverly, Corsicana	34,067
Webb Armstrong	301 N. Preston, Ennis	33,617
Bancroft Brothers	Powell	29,430
Trinity Farms, Inc.	Box 7395, Waco	28,888
James Mitcham	Dawson	27,034
Robert L. Colquitt	300 Forrest Lane, Corsicana	26,629
<b>Total payees in county, 8.</b>		<b>346,712</b>
<b>Nolan County:</b>		
D. S. Riggs	Box 427, Roscoe	42,859
Ronda H. Whorton	Box 294, Roscoe	40,278
Philip V. Haynes & Ray Hendrick	Roscoe	39,685
Max Wright	R.R. 1, Roscoe	38,948
Joe G. Williams	Box 117, Roscoe	35,045
T. D. Young	1401 Haley, Sweetwater	30,424
J. B. Cooper, Jr.	Box 444, Roscoe	30,337
George E. Parrott	R.R. 2, Roscoe	29,843
Clifford C. Etheredge	R.R. 2, Roscoe	29,352
Homer L. McLeod	Roscoe	27,381
Clyde H. Ater	Box 456, Roscoe	26,465
Dean D. Alexander	R.R. 1, Roscoe	25,920
Raymond E. Althof	R.R. 2, Roscoe	25,653
Herbert L. Williams	R.R. 2, Roscoe	25,592
<b>Total payees in county, 14.</b>		<b>447,782</b>
<b>Nueces County:</b>		
W. E. Scarborough	R.R. 1, Robstown	37,890
W. W. Walton, Jr.	R.R. 3, Box 391, Cor Chr.	31,797
Horace Caldwell	R.R. 1, Bishop	29,377
Hale & Hale	Box 172, Chapman Ranch	26,634
W. M. Bevely	Box 60025, Cor Christi	25,804
W. M. Bevely, Jr.	Box 60025, Cor Chr	25,596
Randy Farenthold	Box 60088, Cor Chr	25,259
<b>Total payees in county, 7.</b>		<b>202,357</b>
<b>Ochiltree County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Earl Leslie	1302 Maple, Alva, Okla.	41,187
Earl D. McGarraugh	Liberal Star Rt., Perryton	29,489
<b>Total payees in county, 2.</b>		<b>70,676</b>
<b>Oldham County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Everett Wiseman	Vega	63,007

TEXAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Oldham County—Continued</b>		
George B. Doshier	Vega	\$58,644
Herman Grusing	32 Oldham Circle, Amarillo	46,307
E. Duane Allred	Box 34, Wildorado	29,484
Vega Land Cattle Co., Inc.	3715 Lynette, Amarillo	27,925
B. F. W. Grain Co., Inc.	Rt. 1, Kress	27,351
Stout		
Charles B. Short	Box 181, Friona	27,277
<b>Total payees in county, 7.</b>		<b>279,995</b>
<b>Parmer County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Clarence Martin	Rt. 2, Box 146, Friona	116,932
Ranza Boggett	Box 283, Friona	76,182
J. C. Mills	Drawer G, Abernathy	74,088
Verney Towns	3713 68th, Lubbock	72,715
Bruce Parr	Rt. 3, Friona	62,348
Ralph W. Shelton	Box 726, Friona	58,648
Sloan Osborn	Rt. 2, Friona	58,007
Roscoe Q. Silverthorne	P.O. Drawer 10, Plainview	51,100
Floyd T. Dyer	Box 385, Bovina	50,655
Fangman Farms, Inc.	Rt. 3, Friona	49,303
Edward D. Chitwood, Jr.	Rt. 3, Box 95, Muleshoe	48,225
William L. Lee	Rt. 3, Box 29F, Bovina	47,760
Mike Allen	Star Rt. 1, Hereford	46,707
Dave M. Thompson	Box 1027, Friona	46,217
John Renner	Rt. 3, Friona	45,835
James W. Barnett	Rt. 3, Friona	45,416
Glenn Phillips	Farwell	42,975
M. A. Black	404 West 14th St, Friona	42,874
Van E. Nichols	605 Arrah, Friona	42,561
J. D. Kirkpatrick	Box 27, Bovina	42,261
R. J. Renner, Jr.	Rt. 3, Friona	40,294
Edwinston Clark	1301 West 6th, Friona	39,876
W. O. Chadwick	Rt. 2, Farwell	38,672
Leonard L. Grisso	Rt. 1, Farwell	38,475
Clawson Building Co.	4608 21st St, Lubbock	38,302
Tom Caldwell	Rt. 1, Farwell	38,069
T. F. Taylor	Bovina	36,674
Jack Moseley	Box 832, Friona	36,139
Keith Garner	Star Rt., Bovina	35,564
Robert G. Sparks	do	35,545
Walter R. Mabry	Rt. 1, Friona	35,355
Herman D. Gerles	Star Rt., Bovina	35,353
Thomas N. Browning	805 Portland, Plainview	34,845
J. G. McFarland	901 Summit, Friona	34,184
Thomas L. Whaley	Box 26, Friona	33,070
J. T. Mayfield	Rt. 1, Friona	33,039
Wyle M. Bullock	Rt. 1, Box 32, Muleshoe	32,197
Joe F. Blair	Box 41, Farwell	31,982
Richard B. Vaughn	Rt. 2, Box 82, Friona	31,923
A. Dargin Kirk	Box 67, Farwell	31,853
Raymond K. Schueler	Rt. 2, Friona	31,139
R. W. Jones	Box 314, Friona	30,840
James Ensor	Rt. 1, Farwell	30,551
C. V. Potts	Rt. 2, Friona	30,322
Alphonse L. Reznik	Rt. 3, Box 16, Friona	30,280
Melborn C. Jones	Rt. 1, Farwell	30,167
Gilbert E. Wenner	Rt. 1, Friona	30,054
John L. Ray	Rt. 2, Friona	30,031
Eulynn G. Phipps	Box 641, Friona	29,961
J. E. Knight	Box 365, Friona	29,333
Marion H. Carson	Box 327, Bovina	29,295
Billy J. Thorn	Rt. 1, Friona	29,290
Arlin L. Hartzog	Rt. 1, Farwell	29,201
Lawrence J. Martin	Rt. 2, Box 149, Friona	29,027
Deon Awtrej	402 Jay, Friona	28,708
Vernon C. Willard	Box 367, Bovina	28,373
John W. Littlefield	Rt. 1, Friona	28,201
David H. Carson	Friona	28,185
John Agee	Rt. 3, Muleshoe	28,006
Gilbert A. Kaltwasser	Rt. 1, Farwell	28,005
Bill W. Carthel	Rt. 3, Friona	27,484
Herbert I. Howell	Star Route, Bovina	27,435
Louis L. Welch	Rt. 2, Box 131, Friona	27,164
Charles L. Mercer	603 Lela, Friona	26,914
Thomas D. Ware	Rt. 2, Farwell	26,512
J. H. Dunbar	Rt. 1, Farwell	26,473
John E. Bingham	102 E. 11th, Friona	26,456
Robert H. Schueler	Rt. 2, Friona	26,436
A. O. Dickson	Rt. 2, Sudan	26,428
J. T. Ford	Box 44, Farwell	26,253
Dalton C. Caffey	Box 488, Friona	25,995
Melvin G. Sachs	Rt. 2, Friona	25,957
D. E. Richards	202 N. 14th, Lamesa	25,902
Ellis W. Tatum	610 Arrah, Friona	25,720
Charles E. Trimble	Box 132, Bovina	25,624
David T. Patterson	Rt. 1, Friona	25,403
Edgar E. Boggett	Rt. 1, Box 177, Friona	25,315
Royce G. Welch	Rt. 3, Friona	25,307
Donald Christian	Rt. 1, Farwell	25,172
<b>Total payees in county, 79.</b>		<b>2,919,129</b>
<b>Pecos County:</b>		
Coyanosa Farms	Box 235, Coyanosa	160,663
Elvin Crow	Box 1130, Pecos	108,648

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

TEXAS—Continued		
County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Pecos County—Continued</b>		
Girvin Farms	Box 1387, Ft Stockton	\$98,032
A. B. Foster	Box 891, Pecos	95,572
Belding Farms Inc.	Rt. 1 Box 140, Ft Stockton	91,369
C. and C. Farms	Box 1387, Ft Stockton	88,976
Mike A. Burkholder	Box 1562, Pecos	88,743
Melvin H. McKinney	Box 728, Pecos	72,023
Albert J. Hoelscher	1902 Jackson, Pecos	71,689
Trans Pecos Farms Inc.	Box 1210, Pecos	60,395
David C. McAteer	1603 W. Callaghan, Ft. Stockton	59,953
Harrell and Harrell	Box 246, Ft Stockton	48,142
Lakeside Farms	Box 691, Ft Stockton	41,814
Luther C. Holladay	300 S. Colpitts, Ft Stockton	40,851
Harlan Black	605 N. Dees, Ft Stockton	36,258
Glen J. Ellis	Box 1252, Pecos	35,513
Marshall G. Nevill	Box 987, McCamey	29,598
Lelan D. Hare	Box 1073, McCamey	29,368
Ralph C. Dickson	Drawer KK, McCamey	28,462
Total payees in county, 19.		1,286,069
<b>Potter County:</b>		
C. B. Emery	Box 1230, Amarillo	33,751
Randolph Johnson	320 Main, Muleshoe	32,119
E. B. Fite	Rt. 1 Box 432, Amarillo	27,015
Total payees in county, 3.		92,885
<b>Presidio County:</b>		
Charles Spencer	Box 533, Presidio	44,442
Valley Farms Co.	Box 822, Presidio	39,846
Total payees in county, 2.		84,288
Simon G. Elliott	Box 577, Happy	44,623
Ernest L. Barnett	Rt. 2, Box 75, Amarillo	42,845
Jack R. C. Vincent	3212 Ong, Amarillo	42,302
Robert C. Sims	Box 12, Happy	41,693
Paul Schneiderjon	Bushland	38,789
Fred S. Fegal	310 Fisk Bldg, Amarillo	38,063
Vernon Andrus	Box 187, Tullia	36,054
John A. Williams	Box 786, Canyon	35,794
Eldon Durrett Trust	Box 1081, Amarillo	35,737
Max Rarick	Bushland	34,426
Clinton Glenn	Rt. 2, Box 210A, Canyon	32,257
D. L. Allison	Box 96, Happy	31,519
Pete A. Fischbacher	Rt. 1, Box 133, Canyon	31,461
Math Albracht & Sons	2304 Judy, Amarillo	30,469
John L. Butler	Box 447, Happy	27,703
Walter A. Graham	Rt. 2, Happy	27,307
R. B. Elliott	Route 1, Happy	25,687
W. W. Wagner	Rt. 1, Box 673, Amarillo	25,546
Johnny Sluder	Bushland	25,467
John E. Frost	Box 125, Happy	25,385
Charles Wright	Rt. 2, Canyon	25,205
Total payees in county, 21.		698,332
<b>Red River County:</b>		
Ist American Farm Inc.	% J. Bradford, R.R. 4, Clarksville	33,212
Total payees in county, 1.		33,212
<b>Reeves County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Worsham Bros	Box 1411, Pecos	176,036
Kesey Bros	Box 1368, Pecos	156,759
Kenneth Lindemann	Box 1947, Pecos	147,663
Clark and Roberts	1927 Jackson, Pecos	134,085
W. A. Sullivan	2100 Wyoming, Pecos	132,584
Smallwood Farms	Box 1507, Pecos	128,981
Reetex Farms	Box 741, Pecos	98,634
Cedarville Corp.	Box 1288, Pecos	92,716
W. T. Lattner & Son	2114 Johnson, Pecos	87,754
Loy Kilgore	1721 Jefferson, Pecos	80,556
Joe Lee McMahon	Box 68, Verhalen	80,305
Raymond Beauchamp	605 Ross Blvd, Pecos	79,001
W. W. Hill	2203 Johnson, Pecos	77,337
Winterrowd Bros	Box 1049, Pecos	74,119
J. F. Crews	Box 352, Pecos	69,967
Trans-Pecos Dairy	Box 1383, Pecos	68,669
Jack Duke	1314 Plum, Pecos	66,919
Rowe & Turnbough	Box 1, Toyahvale	65,131
Davidson Bros	Box 1286, Pecos	58,992
William R. Ramsey	1815 Jefferson, Pecos	58,330
G. G. Passmore	1800 Jefferson, Pecos	57,665

TEXAS—Continued		
County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Reeves County—Continued</b>		
Broyles Pecos Farm	509 Colpitts, Fort Stockton	\$55,840
W. W. Clem	1120 Willow, Pecos	54,543
R. J. Lefevere	Box 1806, Pecos	50,800
Tom Passmore	1901 Jackson, Pecos	50,510
Coy Fraley	Box 586, Pecos	49,538
Weinacht Bros	602 Hackberry, Pecos	47,962
F. F. Bradley	Box 1370, Pecos	47,162
David D. Davis	1805 Jefferson, Pecos	46,898
J. W. Bryan	1916 Jackson, Pecos	45,397
Dale Toone	Box 86, Verhalen	44,316
H. R. Hudson, Jr.	1801 Jackson, Pecos	43,406
T. J. Wilson	2018 Jackson, Pecos	42,569
Peppy McKinney	1701 Jefferson, Pecos	41,924
J. B. Hopkins	1847 Jackson, Pecos	41,488
J. T. McKinney	Box 1462, Pecos	40,032
James L. Sears	Box 1089, Pecos	39,847
Clem Crowley	1905 West 3d, Pecos	39,447
B. V. Shaw	Box 1448, Pecos	39,311
Frank Bounds	2015 Jackson, Pecos	39,030
B. C. Kesey	1826 Jackson, Pecos	38,627
Dingler Farms, Inc.	2110 Cactus, Pecos	38,238
Robert M. Owen	Box 733, Pecos	37,095
L. Barrett Johnson	1716 Jefferson, Pecos	36,862
Jerry Jenkins	1610 Park, Pecos	36,030
J. T. Moore & Son	1812 Jefferson, Pecos	35,091
W. L. Kington	2402 Eddy, Pecos	33,976
Hermosa Farms, Inc.	1905 Jefferson, Pecos	33,910
W. R. Hill	W. R. Sage, 2203 Johnson, Pecos	33,403
Charles Spence	Box 175, Pecos	32,543
Ronald Miller	Box 1202, Pecos	32,334
Don Watkins	Box 217, Rails	31,974
A. J. Carpenter	Box 1329, Pecos	29,464
Roy Blahosky	1749 Jackson, Pecos	28,617
C. S. Hess & Son	1705 Jefferson, Pecos	28,476
James C. Passmore	1740 Adams, Pecos	28,315
Rudolph Hoels	Box 227, Balmorhea	26,817
Jack Davis	2100 Washington St, Pecos	26,674
Virgil M. Glenn	Box 906, Pecos	26,563
Kenneth Staniford	1707 Alamo, Pecos	26,033
Robert G. Davis	Box 715, Altus, Okla.	25,996
Total payees in county, 61.		3,519,231
<b>Refugio County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Wright Bros. Farms	Rt. 3, Robstown	32,797
Hartmann and Schubert	Woodsboro	29,961
G. H. Frazier	Austwell	27,494
Voges & Boenig	Woodsboro	26,737
Total payees in county, 4.		116,989
<b>Roberts County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
W. R. Holland	Box 43, Miami	33,435
Total payees in county, 1.		33,435
<b>Robertson County:</b>		
John W. Nigliazzo	Box 786, Hearne	103,581
Joe Reistino	Box 152, Hearne	100,694
James H. Jones	507 Barton St., Hearne	94,633
Vence Corpora	701 Anderson St., Hearne	85,835
Goodland Farms, Inc.	Box 193, Hearne	78,142
John C. Reistino	1002 San Jose St, Hearne	61,678
Louis Muse	Rt. 1, Hearne	54,788
Sam Degelia, Sr.	409 Brecken St., Hearne	54,516
Clara Barton	Calvert	51,131
Thomas D. Wilson	Rt. 1, Hearne	48,687
Fred J. Ferrara	809 Anderson St., Hearne	44,732
Anthony Denena & Son	209 Hall St., Hearne	44,325
Gathan Reistino	Box 152, Hearne	43,886
Joe Scarpinato	Rt. 1, Hearne	42,899
J. W. Foster, Jr.	Calvert	40,714
William P. Scamardo	Box 326, Mumford	40,302
Ned Fachorn	Route 1, Hearne	38,255
Pete L. Scamardo	Mumford	34,046
Anthony L. Scamardo	Mumford	32,751
Pauline Doermus	Calvert	32,483
Sam Destefano	708 Anderson St., Hearne	31,655
Sam Frank Destefano	Box 265, Mumford	31,129
Rose F. Denena	209 Hall St., Hearne	30,922
Ross Cash	501 Brecken St., Hearne	30,733
Frank B. Seale Estate	903 Jane Lane, Bryan	29,345
A. M. Lampton	Rt. 1, Hearne	28,838
Joe Reistino, Jr.	Route 2, Calvert	27,032
Frank Destefano	403 Hall St., Hearne	26,099
Ben Perrone	1310 Liveoak, Hearne	26,068
James & Tony Cortemelia	901 San Antonio, Hearne	25,707

TEXAS—Continued		
County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Robertson County—Continued</b>		
Charlie P. Briggs, III	Calvert	\$25,093
Total payees in county, 32.		1,473,105
<b>Rockwall County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Henry Zollner	Rt. 2 Box 13, Royse City	33,331
A. R. Seabolt, Jr.	202 Summit Ridge, Rockwall	31,269
Total payees in county, 2.		64,600
<b>Rusk County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Otho Morris	R.R. 2, Laneville	38,784
Total payees in county, 1.		38,784
<b>San Patricio County:</b>		
Vahsing Christina Corp.	Box 386, Mathis	116,072
Heirs of Joseph F. Green	Rt. 1, Box 7, Taft	76,531
Fred Williams	Box 276, Taft	56,475
McKamey Farms	P. O. Box 68, Gregory	56,056
Charles H. Mayo	Rt. 2 Box 10, Taft	41,960
Floyd Webb, Jr.	Rt. 2, Mathis	41,436
Floerke Bros.	Box 38, Taft	35,703
R. E. Hart	925 E. Market, Sinton	33,379
Howard H. Webb	Rt. 1, Sinton	28,403
Dave Odem	Box 1145, Sinton	27,403
J. D. Patrick, Jr.	Box 658, Taft	26,956
H. G. Ritchie, Jr.	Box 174, Taft	26,870
Total payees in county, 12.		567,244
<b>Scurry County:</b>		
Billy Huddleston	Cir. Rt., Snyder	37,886
J. B. Aury	Rt. 1, Colorado City	35,133
Clements Bros.	Rt. 1, Snyder	33,043
LeRoy Key	Rt. 1, Snyder	30,761
C. A. Daugherty	Box 45, Fluvanna	29,814
Total payees in county, 5.		166,637
<b>Sherman County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Ezra F. Fisk	Texhoma, Okla	51,379
Wood B. Craig	Sunray	46,759
Orland Lasley	Stratford	39,671
R. M. Buckles	Stratford	39,459
McClellan & McClellan	Sunray	37,677
William R. Murrell	Gruver	37,006
R. M. Buckles, Ind.	Stratford	36,981
Exec.		
Carlrite Bros.	Sunray	34,166
Jack Heil	Stratford	33,765
Claude W. Sloan	4415 West Second, Amarillo	32,273
Morris & Morr, Inc.	V. L. Morr, Pres. Etter Rt., Dumas	31,831
Dietrich & Gurley	% D. Gurley, Stratford	29,874
Glenn Reed	Stratford	28,583
Verne W. Foreman	Stratford	27,481
Huber R. Tillery	Box 751, Stratford	27,075
Frank Berry, Jr.	Texhoma, Okla.	27,014
Sam R. Cluck	Gruver	25,267
K. Price Murfee GDN	404 Vaughn Bld., Amarillo	25,143
Total payees in county, 18.		611,404
<b>Starr County:</b>		
Charles Roos, III	Box 501, Rio Grande City	136,735
Starr Produce Farm Acct.	Box 432, Rio Grande City	54,897
La Casita Farms, Inc.	Box 505, Rio Grande City	47,128
John Fish	Box 10, Garciasville	41,696
Valley Onions, Inc.	P.O. Box 35, McAllen	29,397
Total payees in county, 5.		309,853
<b>Swisher County:</b>		
Fowler E. McDaniel	Box 6, Tullia	136,102
Warner Reid	Box 694, Tullia	121,937
B. Raymond Evans	49 Travis Rd., Tullia	79,343
Miller Farms Co	Box 390, Tullia	71,622
Grady Shepard	R.R. 1, Hale Center	66,152
Robert Devin	603 SE 2d., Tullia	64,109
Lloyd M. Hale	R.R. 1, Tullia	60,116
J. L. Francis	Rt. 1, Kress	59,452

CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

TEXAS—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Swisher County—Continued</b>		
Tyline N. Perry	Star Rt., Kress	\$58,822
S. A. Barrett	Rt. 1, Kress	52,438
Corliss H. Currie	Rt. 2, Happy	51,025
Hinton Brothers	R.R. 1, Happy	48,444
Tye/Sons	Rt. 1, Kress	45,045
Jack G. Foster	Box 404, Happy	44,440
M. T. Glenn	Box 172, Tulia	44,390
James W. Cox	9 Travis Rd., Tulia	43,701
Lloyd Glenn	R.R. 1, Tulia	43,620
L. G. Mahagan	Rt. 1, Kress	42,546
Hoyat Burnam	Rt. 1, Tulia	42,477
James Cruce	Star Rt., Kress	39,834
A. H. Jennings	Rt. 1, Tulia	36,144
A. B. Raymond	Box 476, Tulia	36,119
Harley L./Gene King	R.R. 2, Tulia	36,091
E. L. Howard	R.R. 1, Friona	35,655
D. E. McEachern	Star Rt., Kress	35,115
H. O. Thompson	2300 W. 12th, Plainview	34,876
Nelson Borchardt	Rt. 1, Tulia	34,534
James Vineyard	Rt. 1, Kress	34,364
Jack D. Loring	301 NE. 6th, Tulia	33,955
Buck Garrett	Rt. 3, Plainview	33,771
Kathryn M. Benefield	611 W. 11th, Plainview	33,483
Andrew Price	% L. Foster, Box 603, Kress	32,996
Emily Holmes	R.R. 2, Tulia	32,688
Daryl R. Dixon	Rt. 1, Kress	32,060
Otis Harman	122 NW. 6th, Tulia	32,027
Street Brothers	R.R. 1, Kress	31,888
Allen Glenn	Box 172, Tulia	30,883
Dr. Wm. B. Childress	114 SW 2d, Tulia	30,492
Delbert L. Devin	Rt. 2, Tulia	30,218
Lonnie G. Todd	Rt. 1, Tulia	30,205
John Spilman	Rt. 2, Tulia	30,193
R. H. Gayler	Kress	29,598
Woodie Boston	Box 273, Kress	29,393
Graham Brothers	Box 622, Tulia	29,342
Wylie A. Byrd	Rt. 2, Tulia	28,987
Jack Middleton	Rt. 1, Tulia	28,436
Cone W. Johnson	Rt. 2, Happy	28,177
Jim Doan	55 Fannin Dr., Tulia	28,116
Jake Jones	Rt. 1, Kress	28,043
Robert K. Brooks	609 SE 2d, Tulia	28,032
R. W. McClure	Star Rt., Kress	27,617
Larry Nelson	Rt. 1, Tulia	27,352
Glenn Terrell	1101 Garland, Plainview	27,218
Billy W. Evans	Star Rt. Box 51-A, Kress	26,382
Eugene Mote	417 North Crosby, Tulia	25,937
Curtis Latham	Rt. V, Tulia	25,839
Odell Jennings	Rt. 1, Tulia	25,518
B. H. Williams	Box 213, Kress	25,146
W.R. & Buddy Stovall	Star Rt., Kress	25,097
<b>Total payees in county, 59.</b>		<b>2,407,602</b>

<b>Terry County:</b>		
Howard Hurd	1008 East Tate, Brownfield	80,072
Muldrow Farms	1612 East Reppto, Brownfield	72,957
W. A. Fulford	1305 East Buckley, Brownfield	67,216
Milton Addison	1015 East Tate, Brownfield	62,724
Robert Beasley	R.R. 1, Meadow	53,178
Charlie Caswell	R.R. 1, Meadow	49,421
Doyle Moss	R.R. 5, Brownfield	48,911
Norman Caswell	R.R. 1, Meadow	47,112
Graham Swain	R.R. 5, Brownfield	46,886
G. M. Newsom	1501 East Cardwell, Brownfield	45,931
Kenneth Purtell	1306 East Cardwell, Brownfield	42,975
Dan A. Day	R.R. 1, Meadow	42,645
Olane Caswell	Box 165, Meadow	41,986
Bonard Stice	R.R. 4, Brownfield	41,353
Carter Farms, Inc.	1603 E. Reppto, Brownfield	41,091
Don C. Day	R.R. 1, Meadow	40,885
Davis Beasley	R.R. 1, Meadow	40,839
L. D. Hamm Estate	Box 31, Wellman	40,538
M. E. Hinson	R.R. 5, Brownfield	38,700
Troy Phillips	R.R. 5, Brownfield	37,536
D. A. Kelly	R.R. 4, Brownfield	36,746
L. T. Hawkins	R.R. 5, Box 65, Brownfield	36,731
D. Tatum Estate and Freddie Tatum	R.R. 1, Brownfield	36,585
W. M. Hunter	2323 59th St., Lubbock	36,124
Clarence Fought	R.R. 5, Brownfield	35,602
Val Garner	1102 E. Tate, Brownfield	35,455
D. S. Carroll	Box 215, Meadow	35,057
Homer C. Hinson	1702 Gilham Dr., Brownfield	34,619

TEXAS—Continued

County and name Address Total payments

<b>Terry County—Continued</b>		
T. T. T. & L.	% Maurice Thompson, Box 1014, Brownfield	\$34,163
Jess McWherter	1218 E. Tate, Brownfield	34,100
W. C. Cabe	R.R. 3, Brownfield	33,925
Mack Wilmeth	R.R. 1, Tokio	33,896
W. C. Faulkenberry	Box 1243, Seagraves	33,715
Frank Ratliff, Jr.	R.R. 1, Seminole	32,210
R. R. McNeil	R.R. 3, Brownfield	32,087
H. L. King	1214 E. Tate, Brownfield	32,005
Melton Briscoe, Jr.	801 Tahoka Rd., Brownfield	31,080
George Weiss	502 E. Buckley, Brownfield	30,844
James G. Davis	R.R. 5, Brownfield	30,785
Bill W. Blackstock	805 E. Cardwell, Brownfield	30,672
Cletus Floyd	R.R. 5, Brownfield	30,608
Tom Adams	1202 E. Harris, Brownfield	30,487
G. I. Sims	R.R. 3, Brownfield	29,766
Elmo Adair	R.R. 3, Brownfield	29,761
Joe Joplin	R.R. 5, Brownfield	29,688
Robert Baumgardner	1007 E. Reppto, Brownfield	29,183
N. R. Marchbanks, Jr.	1608 E. Tate, Brownfield	29,083
Billy Timmons	R.R. 5, Brownfield	29,068
Odell L. Lowe	3204 30th St., Lubbock	28,976
L. M. Williams	Box 84, Meadow	28,900
Lloyd Hahn	1314 E. Cardwell, Brownfield	28,857
J. V. Riley	R.R. 5, Brownfield	28,496
Gene Newsom	R.R. 2, Brownfield	28,280
L. L. Banta	1608 E. Cardwell, Brownfield	28,159
Russell Hendricks	R.R. 1, Meadow	27,862
Keith Vandivere	1602 E. Tate, Brownfield	27,856
Donald Hancock	R.R. 3, Brownfield	27,535
M. H. Wagner	R.R. 1, Brownfield	27,356
David Turnbough	Box 1275, Seagraves	27,330
R. D. Jones, Jr.	R.R. 3, Brownfield	27,228
R. O. Webb	Box 222, Seagraves	27,163
W. Wayne Lewis	R.R. 1, Brownfield	26,956
Buel Draper	R.R. 4, Tahoka	26,730
J. C. Wooley	R.R. 2, Brownfield	26,669
Byron Cabiness	Box 724, Brownfield	26,525
C. A. Winn	1001 E. Lake, Brownfield	26,227
Fred H. Turner	Box 518 Sylvester	26,116
Billy R. Jones	R.R. 2, Brownfield	26,053
James J. Martin	1407 E. Tate, Brownfield	26,005
George Kempson	1208 E. Bdwy, Brownfield	25,986
Robert E. Smith	1218 E. Cardwell, Brownfield	25,861
Art W. Adair	R.R. 3, Brownfield	25,575
Murphy May	621 E. Tate, Brownfield	25,365
Billy McCallister	R.R. 1, Meadow	25,166
R. L. Burnett	R.R. 2, Brownfield	25,155
Rufus Dill	R.R. 3, Brownfield	25,144
V. H. Wheatley	R.R. 2, Brownfield	25,118
<b>Total payees in county, 77.</b>		<b>2,675,650</b>

<b>Throckmorton County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Francis D. Hamilton, Jr.	606 S Ave., C. Olney	25,294
<b>Total payees in county, 1.</b>		<b>25,294</b>
<b>Tom Green County:</b>		
Dewey Parmer, Jr.	Veribest	39,650
B. R. Weatherford	Rt. 2, Miles	37,718
Edwin J. Wilde	Wall Rt, San Angelo	25,575
<b>Total payees in county, 3.</b>		<b>102,943</b>
<b>Walker County:</b>		
Texas Dept. of Corr.	Bryon W. Firerson, Sargarland	75,619
<b>Total payees in county, 1.</b>		<b>75,619</b>

<b>Wharton County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Mahaltic Bros.	Rt. 1, Eagle Lake	43,846
W. D. McMillan	Rt. 1, Box 402, Wharton	26,960
<b>Total payees in county, 2.</b>		<b>70,806</b>
<b>Wheeler County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
J. M. Tindall	Twitty	37,121
<b>Total payees in county, 1.</b>		<b>37,121</b>

TEXAS—Continued

County and name Address Total payments

<b>Wilbarger County:</b>		
Wagoner Trust Estate	Drawer 2130, Vernon	\$132,218
John H. Turner	3704 Cedar Elm, Wichita Falls	29,453
Robert H. Belew	2221 Powell St, Vernon	27,425
<b>Total payees in county, 3.</b>		<b>189,096</b>
<b>Willacy County:</b>		
Daniel Gustafson	Box 27, Lyford	64,456
K. L. and D. E. Morrow, partners	Box 341, Lyford	58,126
S. & S. Seed	Box 1208, Raymondville	57,704
Alden Johnson	Rt. 2, Box 191, Lyford	52,896
Chester A. Johnson	Rt. 1, Box 39, Lyford	51,655
Wayne Labar	725 Citrus Ter., Harlingen	50,551
Funk Farms, Inc.	117 Brentwood, Harlingen	50,235
B. W. Kirsch	Box 1118, Raymondville	47,788
Alazan Farms	117 Brentwood, Harlingen	47,095
Adele M. Schmidt	Rt. 2, Box 149, Lyford	42,931
Emil B. Lagerstam, Jr.	Rt. 1, Box 119C, Lyford	40,238
O. L. and James Whitfield	Rt. 1, Box 271, Edcouch	36,151
Funk Bros.	117 Brentwood, Harlingen	32,430
Virgil D. Oakes	Rt. 2, Box 18A, Lyford	32,307
W. Don Stone	Box 766, Raymondville	31,242
S. R. and C. D. Stone	Drawer 1, Aransas Pass, TST	29,956
G. M. and C. Ring	Ring Bldg., Washington, D.C.	29,518
A. C. Durivage	Rt. 2, Lyford	28,715
Fred Klostermann	Rt. 3, Box 42, Raymondville	28,119
<b>Total payees in county, 19.</b>		<b>812,113</b>
<b>Williamson County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Stiles Farm Foundation	Box 158, Thrall	41,755
<b>Total payees in county, 1</b>		<b>41,755</b>
<b>Yoakum County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
Wheeler Robertson	Idalou	58,802
R. G. Hartman	Plains	50,227
Olen Edwards	Plains	41,655
Don & Max Hawthorne	R.R. 1, Plains	39,073
Russell S. Faulkenberry	Box 8, Plains	32,931
Louis Eubanks	Plains	32,461
Darwin Hobbs	R.R. 1, Seagraves	31,341
Robert A. Long	R.R. 1, Seagraves	31,091
Truett F. Jones	Tokio	29,998
Rayford E. Bearden	Tokio	28,426
W. M. Nelson	R.R. 1, Seagraves	27,545
James W. Warren	Plains	27,401
W. R. Nelson	R.R. 1, Seagraves	26,356
T. A. Elmore	Tokio	25,488
<b>Total payees in county, 14.</b>		<b>482,795</b>
<b>Zapata County:</b>		
Ralph Hinkle	Rt. 1, Box 32, Laredo	27,982
<b>Total payees in county, 1.</b>		<b>27,982</b>
<b>Zavala County:</b>		
Normet Foley	Box 208, Uvalde	104,391
Leslie H. Laffere	Box 1504, Uvalde	61,347
Ritchie Bros.	Box 54, Crystal City	49,490
Evans-Wortham	1019 Mem. Prof. Bldg., Houston	39,520
Hardin Farm	Box 17, Batesville	30,942
H. W. Kruse	Box 125, Batesville	30,793
J. D. Lambert, Jr.	401 Minter, Uvalde	25,838
<b>Total payees in county, 7.</b>		<b>342,321</b>
<b>Total payees in State, 1,826.</b>		<b>74,190,026</b>

UTAH

<b>Box Elder County:</b>		
D. Rigby Family Partnership	210 W. Center, Logan	\$31,948
Wayne & Dallas Sandall	721 N. 3 E., Tremonton	30,660
Norman Grover	404 East 2 South, Brigham City	27,228
<b>Total payees in county, 3.</b>		<b>89,836</b>

## CALENDAR YEAR 1968

LISTING OF NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND TOTAL PAYMENTS OF \$25,000 OR MORE UNDER ASCS PROGRAMS—EXCLUDING PRICE SUPPORT LOANS, AND SUGAR AND WOOL PAYMENTS—Continued

UTAH—Continued		
County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Washington County:</b>		
E. J. Graff	Hurricane	\$40,634
Total payees in county, 1		40,634
Total payees in State, 4		130,470
<b>VIRGINIA</b>		
<b>Southampton County:</b>		
C. E. Moore	R-2, Emporia	\$29,815
Total payees in county, 1		29,815
<b>Virginia Beach County:</b>		
Frank T. Williams	R.R. 3, Box 3110, Virginia Beach	34,355
Malbon Brothers	875 Old Dam Neck Rd., Virginia Beach	25,437
Total payees in county, 2		59,792
Total payees in State, 3		89,607
<b>WASHINGTON</b>		
<b>Adams County:</b>		
D. E. Phillips	Lind	\$79,792
Leonard & Henry Franz	Lind	64,428
Hutterian Brethren Inc.	R. 1, Espanola	52,432
Dwayne Blankenship	Washtucna	46,778
Ralph Gering	108 W. 11th, Pitzville	43,704
Elwyn & Rex Lyle	Box 62, Ritzville	41,492
Richard L. Kagele	R. 1, Ritzville	40,994
Robert A. Franz	Ritzville	40,327
Robert V. Phillips	Sind	36,509
J. Boyd Phillips	Box 158, Lind	36,245
Arthur Johnson	Star R, Cunningham	31,873
Donald Damon Estate	Cunningham	31,138
John G. Schlomer	Benge	30,118
Walter E. Franz	Box 250, Lind	28,036
Baumann Farm Inc.	% Richard Baumann, Washtucna	27,142
Nick Seivers	Box 215, Lind	26,332
Gene Kagele	Ritzville	26,164
Total payees in county, 17		683,504
<b>Benton County:</b>		
Bi County Farms	Box 310, Prosser	51,558
Volmer—Bayne	Box 129, Prosser	50,488
Bateman Bros.	6629 W. Quinault, Kennewick	44,587
Gould Bros.	Box 311, Prosser	41,828
Horrigan Inv Co	405 1st Nat Bldg, Phoenix	34,764
Emerson L. Eby	214 S. Highland Dr., Kennewick	30,073
Horrigan Farms	PO Box 927, Pasco	29,038
Simmelink & Sons	Box 6163, Kennewick	26,888
Wirth Bros.	940 Parkside Dr, Prosser	25,188
Total payees in county, 9		334,412
<b>Columbia County:</b>		
Broughton Land Co.	P.O. Box 27, Dayton	140,695
Herras Bros.	R.R. 1, Pomeroy	33,814
Mead Ranch	R.R. 2, Dayton	30,835
Wilfred Thorn	Box 87, Dayton	29,323
Dallas W. Long	R.R. 3, Dayton	26,551
Dewey Donohue & Sons	506 E. Richmond, Dayton	26,413
Eslick Farms	R.R. 1, Dayton	26,018
Total payees in county, 7		313,649
<b>Douglas County:</b>		
Russell Hunt	Rt 1 Box 1684, Ephrata	27,137
Loebsock & Sons	Waterville	26,153
Josh Barnes & Son	% H. E. Barnes, Waterville	25,117
Total payees in county, 3		78,407
<b>Franklin County:</b>		
Herron Bros.	Box 207, Connell	46,359
Kenneth Owsley	1250 East Sumach, Walla Walla	32,808
Melvin Moore and Sons	Box 56, Kahlitius	31,607
J. H. Klundt & Sons	207 N 8th, Pasco	28,203
Francis Havlina	Box 296, Connell	26,496
E. Roger Moore	Connell	26,373
Total payees in county, 6		191,846

## WASHINGTON—Continued

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Garfield County:</b>		
Geo D. Brown, Sons	Pomeroy	\$39,326
Klaveano Ranches Inc.	Virgil Klaveano, Thornton	35,834
Ferrell and Luvaas	Pomeroy	30,027
Wayne Beale	Pomeroy	28,004
Total payees in county, 4		133,191
<b>Grant County:</b>		
Neil Rasor	Box 117, Royal City	61,265
Laurence Dormalier	Marlin	32,040
Higginbotham Brothers	Hartline	31,059
Kelley Brothers	Hartline	27,927
Lars Hansen	Wilson Creek	26,844
Total payees in county, 5		179,135
<b>Klickitat County:</b>		
Robert Andrews	Box 248, Prosser	27,773
Total payees in county, 1		27,773
<b>Lincoln County:</b>		
State of Wash	Dept. of Natural Resources, Ephrata	146,764
The Sheffels Co., Inc.	Wilbur	49,051
Timcco, Inc.	% Duane Timm Pres, Harrington	31,764
L. Sheffels & Son, Inc.	Wilbur	31,651
A. Bodeau and Sons	Rt. 1, Box 61, Wilbur	28,729
S. and E. Barr Ranch	M. Ebert, mgr, Edwall	28,114
Rockdale Farms/PJ	% Jack Cole, Edwall	27,255
Total payees in county, 7		343,328
<b>Spokane County:</b>		
Osborne Belsby	Amber	38,563
Total payees in county, 1		38,563
<b>Walla Walla County:</b>		
Cecil R. Anderson	Star Rt., Prescott	53,595
Lonneker Farms, Inc.	1204 Portland, Walla Walla	48,047
Kenneth Smith	Box 7, Waitsburg	47,469
Grote Farms, Inc.	% Ben Grote, Prescott	43,612
Tucker Farms, Inc.	641 Bryant Ave., Walla Walla	40,061
Kent Land Co., Inc.	Box 447, Walla Walla	38,282
Twain Bodmer	1437 Sturm, Walla Walla	37,745
Hofer Bros.	% P. E. Hofer, Star Rt. Box 129, Prescott	37,721
John H. Rea	Rt. 1, Box 77, Touchet	37,358
Martin Farms, Inc.	% E. F. Martin, Rt. 5, Walla Walla	34,102
Matt Lyons	Rt. 1, Waitsburg	32,541
Eugene Valaer	Rt. 4, Walla Walla	30,314
Foundation Farm, Inc.	Box 400, Walla Walla	29,580
Robert D. Frazier	104 N. Division, Walla Walla	29,466
Gar Ran, Inc.	P.O. Box 1002, Walla Walla	29,366
Robison L. and L. Co.	Box 1018, Walla Walla	27,670
Henry V. Zuger	Box 366, Waitsburg	27,571
H. Vincent and W. Johnson	1438 Modoc, Walla Walla	27,485
S. Earl Cochran	Rt. 1, Box 31, Prescott	26,627
Robert E. Anderson	Star Rt., Prescott	26,303
Erwin Bros.	% Samuel H. Erwin, Prescott	25,732
Dwellely Jones	Rt. 4, Walla Walla	25,016
Total payees in county, 22		755,663
<b>Whitman County:</b>		
Glen Miller	R.R. 2, Colfax	116,844
McGregor Land & Livestock Co.	Hooper	59,602
Dippel Brothers	Garfield	45,043
E. C. Hay	Tekoa	41,892
Harold Boyd	R.R. 2, Box 158, Pullman	38,888
Urgel Bell	Lacrosse	37,082
Ira Scott	Lacrosse	34,488
James Knott	Endicott	32,477
John W. Smith	R.R. 1, Box 56, St. John	32,243
James R. Davis	St. John	31,818
Nelson Bros.	R.R. 2, Thornton	30,574
Clark Farms, c/o Asa Clark	R.R. 1, Box 76, Pullman	30,550
Herbert Camp	Lacrosse	30,184
Curtis Cattle Co.	R.R. 2, Garfield	30,079
M. E. Davis	R.R. 2, Box 136, Moscow, Idaho	29,900
Bennett Land Co.	% John Dalley, R.R. 1, Colfax	29,887
Richard E. Despain	Winona	29,557
William H. Evans	Star Route, Lacrosse	29,429
Harold H. Smick	Endicott	29,101
Glorfield Bros.	Jack, Benny, St. John	25,902
Total payees in county, 20		765,540
<b>Yakima County:</b>		
Virgil Feezell	Box 158, Mabton	26,170
Total payees in county, 1		26,170
Total payees in State, 103		3,871,181

## WISCONSIN

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Dane County:</b>		
Stoughton Farms, Inc.	D. Sold wedel, Rt. 1, Deforest	\$48,643
Total payees in county, 1		48,643
<b>Dodge County:</b>		
Willard Nehls	R.R. 1, Juneau	42,495
Total payees in county, 1		42,495
<b>Racine County:</b>		
Charles H. Kulper	Rt. 1, Box 75, Union Grove	32,212
Total payees in county, 1		32,212
<b>Rock County:</b>		
K. E. Sherman	R.R. 2, Durand, Ill.	37,670
Stuart Rahberg	R.R. 2, Clinton	28,792
Stuart Shadel, Jr.	R.R. 1, Avalon	28,151
Total payees in county, 3		94,613
<b>Walworth County:</b>		
[This county has no Federal food-aid program for poor families]		
James L. Mawhinney	712 E. Wisconsin St., Delavan	26,236
Total payees in county, 1		26,236
<b>Waukesha County:</b>		
Bishop Farms, Inc.	R.R. 1, Mukwonago	33,854
Total payees in county, 1		33,854
Total payees in State, 8		278,053

## WYOMING

County and name	Address	Total payments
<b>Carbon County:</b>		
Anderson Farms, Inc.	Encampment	\$41,081
Total payees in county, 1		41,081
Total payees in State, 1		41,081

## NATIONWIDE EDUCATIONAL EXCELLENCE ACT

(Mr. PERKINS asked and was given permission to extend his remarks at this point in the RECORD and to include extraneous matter.)

Mr. PERKINS. Mr. Speaker, I am today introducing a bill, the short title of which is "Nationwide Educational Excellence Act." The legislation comes about as a result of an extensive study made by Leon H. Keyserling on behalf of the American Federation of Teachers. Mr. Speaker, the thrust of the legislation is to assure in every school system financial support for the education of each child totaling \$1,600 from Federal, State, and local resources. Under the proposed legislation, this goal would be reached over a 10-year period. While the formula measuring payments to each State to accomplish this goal is rather complex, in essence it measures the rate of increased school expenditures in each State for the period 1961 through 1967, relates this to the increase in the gross national product so as to establish a desirable pattern for increased State and local expenditures for education over the 10-year period the formula would operate to provide grants to States. At the end of the projected 10-year period Federal payments to all the States would make up 38.9 percent of the financial support of elementary and secondary education. However, the percentage of Federal support would vary from State to State, reflecting the equalizing effect of utilizing State spending patterns in relationship to the gross national product. At this point in the RECORD I would refer my colleagues' attention to the following table:

ALLOCATING EXPENDITURES FOR PUBLIC ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, BY SOURCE, FOR U.S. REGIONS AND STATES, PROJECTED 1976-77 (METHOD NO. 2—BASED ON PAST CHANGE IN STATE AND LOCAL EXPENDITURES)

[Amounts in thousands of 1967 dollars]

	Change, 1966-67 to 1976-77																																	
	1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13		14		15		16		17	
	Estimated expenditures by State and local governments		Average Annual rate of change, 1961-67		Percent increase in State and local expenditures, 1967-76		Federal expenditures, 1966-67		Projected goal expenditures, 1976-77		Federal as percent of total		Total		Federal		State and local		Total		Federal		State and local		Total (percent)		Federal (percent)		State and local (percent)					
	1961	1967	Average annual	Total	Total	Percent of total	Total	State and local	Federal	Total	Federal	Total	Federal	State and local	Total	Federal	State and local	Total	Average annual	Total	Average annual	Total	Total	Average annual	Total	Average annual	Total	Average annual	Total	Average annual				
United States..	19,569,890	26,062,756	4.9	5.1	64.45	2,289,574	8.1	70,127,000	42,848,748	27,278,252	38.9	41,774,670	24,988,678	16,785,992	147.34	9.5	1,091.41	28.0	64.40	5.1														
New England.....	1,011,774	1,398,771	5.5	5.8	75.7	109,803	7.3	3,548,417	2,458,601	1,089,816	35.5	2,039,843	980,013	1,059,830	135.22	8.9	892.25	260.0	75.77	5.8														
Connecticut.....	318,125	408,333	4.2	4.4	53.8	23,765	5.5	953,725	628,098	325,627	34.1	521,627	301,862	219,765	120.72	8.2	1,270.20	29.0	53.82	4.4														
Maine.....	80,337	101,307	3.9	4.1	49.5	12,393	10.9	350,634	151,403	199,231	56.8	236,934	186,838	50,096	208.39	11.9	1,607.61	32.0	49.45	4.1														
Massachusetts.....	450,141	638,946	6.0	6.2	82.5	52,554	7.6	1,633,955	1,166,013	467,942	28.6	942,455	415,388	527,067	136.29	9.0	790.40	23.0	82.49	6.2														
New Hampshire.....	51,442	86,050	9.0	9.4	124.5	6,776	7.3	217,392	193,156	24,236	11.1	124,566	17,460	107,106	134.19	8.9	257.67	9.9	124.47	9.4														
Rhode Island.....	73,487	105,902	6.3	6.5	87.7	10,730	9.2	252,457	198,789	53,668	21.3	135,825	42,938	92,887	116.46	8.0	400.17	14.9	87.71	6.5														
Vermont.....	38,242	58,233	7.3	7.6	108.	3,585	5.8	140,254	121,142	19,112	13.6	78,436	15,527	62,909	126.88	8.5	433.11	15.8	108.03	7.6														
Mideast.....	4,347,972	6,217,443	6.1	6.3	84.2	420,862	6.3	12,678,929	10,127,947	2,550,982	20.1	6,040,623	2,130,120	3,910,504	90.99	6.7	506.13	19.7	62.89	6.1														
Delaware.....	64,135	90,016	5.9	6.1	80.8	5,644	5.9	189,343	162,749	26,594	14.0	93,683	20,950	72,733	97.93	7.1	371.19	16.7	80.80	6.1														
Maryland.....	326,870	538,159	8.8	9.1	138.9	53,224	9.0	1,290,333	1,174,203	116,130	9.0(3.6)	698,950	62,906	636,044	118.19	8.1	1,118.19	8.1	118.19	8.1														
New Jersey.....	755,546	1,034,000	5.4	5.6	72.4	66,000	6.0	2,138,868	1,782,616	356,252	16.7	1,038,868	290,252	748,616	94.44	6.9	439.78	18.4	72.40	5.6														
New York.....	1,963,889	3,095,344	7.9	8.2	119.9	152,656	4.7	5,315,612	5,065,778	249,834	4.7(3.0)	2,067,613	97,178	1,970,434	63.66	5.0	63.66	5.0	63.66	5.0														
Pennsylvania.....	1,166,250	1,385,071	2.9	3.0	34.4	107,462	7.2	3,506,341	1,861,535	1,644,806	47.0	2,013,808	1,537,344	476,464	134.93	8.9	1,430.59	31.0	34.40	3.0														
District of Columbia.....	71,282	74,853	.8	.8	8.3	35,876	32.4	238,432	81,066	157,366	66.0	127,703	121,490	6,213	115.33	8.0	338.64	15.9	8.30	.8														
Southeast.....	3,210,177	4,255,813	4.8	5.0	62.9	707,118	14.2	17,237,173	7,191,283	10,045,890	58.3	12,274,242	9,338,772	2,935,470	247.31	13.3	1,320.69	30.0	68.98	5.4														
Alabama.....	240,341	302,667	3.9	4.1	49.5	46,833	13.4	1,528,764	452,487	1,076,277	70.4	1,179,264	1,029,444	149,820	337.41	15.9	2,198.12	37.0	49.50	4.1														
Arkansas.....	122,604	159,819	4.5	4.7	58.3	38,467	19.4	792,434	252,993	539,441	68.1	594,148	500,974	93,174	299.64	14.9	1,302.35	30.0	58.30	4.5														
Florida.....	457,545	676,721	6.7	7.0	96.7	104,712	13.4	2,159,906	1,331,110	828,796	38.4	1,378,473	724,084	654,389	176.40	10.7	691.50	23.0	96.70	7.0														
Georgia.....	321,652	433,480	5.1	5.3	67.6	73,514	14.5	1,872,387	726,512	1,145,875	61.2	1,365,393	1,072,361	293,032	269.31	14.0	1,458.72	32.0	67.60	5.3														
Kentucky.....	226,709	253,621	1.9	2.0	21.9	51,579	16.9	1,192,156	309,164	882,992	74.1	886,956	831,413	55,543	290.61	14.6	1,611.92	32.0	21.90	2.0														
Louisiana.....	363,160	463,985	4.2	4.4	53.8	59,110	11.3	1,395,524	713,609	681,915	48.9	872,429	622,805	249,624	166.78	10.3	1,053.64	28.0	53.80	4.4														
Mississippi.....	157,486	190,097	3.2	3.3	38.4	43,437	8.6	1,037,877	263,094	774,783	74.7	804,343	731,346	72,997	344.42	16.1	1,683.69	33.0	38.40	3.3														
North Carolina.....	370,470	484,422	4.6	4.8	59.8	84,148	14.8	2,096,792	774,106	1,322,686	63.1	1,528,222	1,238,538	289,684	268.78	13.9	1,471.86	32.0	59.80	4.8														
South Carolina.....	205,871	241,224	2.7	2.8	31.8	42,235	14.9	1,143,068	317,933	825,135	72.2	859,609	782,900	76,709	303.26	15.0	1,853.68	35.0	31.80	2.8														
Tennessee.....	231,444	363,719	7.8	8.1	117.9	62,181	14.6	1,535,776	792,543	743,233	48.4	1,109,876	681,052	428,824	260.60	13.7	1,095.27	28.0	117.90	8.1														
Virginia.....	335,093	506,836	7.1	7.4	104.2	75,065	12.9	1,767,196	1,034,959	732,237	41.4	1,185,295	657,172	528,123	203.69	11.7	875.47	26.0	104.20	7.4														
West Virginia.....	157,802	179,222	2.1	2.2	24.3	25,837	12.6	715,293	222,773	492,520	68.9	510,234	466,683	43,551	248.82	13.3	1,806.26	34.0	24.30	2.2														
Great Lakes.....	4,064,462	5,060,383	3.7	3.8	45.2	301,471	5.6	13,408,249	7,498,775	5,909,474	44.1	8,046,395	5,608,003	2,438,392	150.06	9.6	1,860.21	35.0	48.19	3.8														
Illinois.....	1,095,649	1,246,825	2.2	2.3	25.5	78,175	5.9	3,352,062	1,564,765	1,787,297	53.3	2,027,062	1,709,122	317,940	152.99	9.7	2,186.28	37.0	25.50	2.3														
Indiana.....	524,899	673,224	4.2	4.4	53.8	36,928	5.2	1,872,387	1,035,419	836,968	44.7	1,162,235	800,040	362,195	163.66	10.2	2,166.49	37.0	53.80	4.4														
Michigan.....	1,020,457	1,321,600	4.4	4.6	56.8	78,400	5.6	3,134,669	2,072,269	1,062,400	33.9	1,734,669	984,000	750,669	123.90	8.4	1,255.10	30.0	56.80	4.6														
Ohio.....	1,021,119	1,234,246	3.2	3.3	38.4	74,604	5.7	3,702,696	1,708,196	1,994,500	53.9	2,393,846	1,919,896	473,950	182.90	11.0	2,573.45	39.0	38.40	3.3														
Wisconsin.....	402,338	584,488	6.4	6.7	91.3	33,364	5.4	1,346,435	1,118,126	228,309	17.0	728,583	194,945	533,638	117.92	8.1	584.30	21.0	91.30	6.7														
Plains.....	1,656,324	2,042,819	3.6	3.7	43.8	173,953	7.8	5,645,208	2,990,125	2,655,083	47.0	3,428,436	2,481,130	947,306	154.66	9.8	1,426.32	31.0	46.37	3.7														
Iowa.....	278,184	348,875	3.8	3.9	46.6	19,525	5.3	974,763	511,451	463,312	47.5	606,363	443,787	162,576	164.59	10.2	2,272.92	37.0	46.60	3.9														
Kansas.....	271,969	288,567	1.0	1.0	10.5	28,192	8.9	855,547	318,867	536,680	62.7	538,788	508,488	30,300	170.09	10.5	1,803.66	34.0	10.50	1.0														
Minnesota.....	455,614	609,052	5.0	5.2	66.0	46,548	7.1	1,290,333	1,011,026	279,307	21.6	634,733	232,759	401,974	95.82	7.0	500.00	19.6	66.00	5.2														
Missouri.....	373,966	486,650	4.5	4.7	58.3	42,317	8.0	1,500,714	770,367	730,347	48.7	971,747	688,030	283,717	183.71	11.0	1,625.89	33.0	58.30	4.7														
Nebraska.....	136,503	147,731	1.3	1.4	14.9	14,077	8.7	504,913	169,743	335,170	66.4	345,105	321,093	22,012	212.04	12.1	2,280.98	37.0	14.90	1.4														
North Dakota.....	71,040	83,801	2.8	2.9	33.1	8,187	8.9	252,457	111,539	140,918	55.8	160,469	132,731	27,738	174.45	10.6	1,621.24	33.0	33.10	2.9														
South Dakota.....	69,048	78,143	2.1	2.2	24.3	15,107	16.2	266,481	97,132	169,349	63.6	173,231	154,242	18,989	185.77	11.1	1,021.00	27.0	24.30	2.2														
Southwest.....	1,448,850	1,760,377	3.2	3.3	38.4	244,045	12.2	6,388,552	2,513,333	3,875,219	60.7	4,384,130	3,631,174	752,956	218.72	12.3	14,879.11	32.0	42.77	3.3														
Arizona.....	154,908	222,595	6.2	6.4	86.0	37,143	14.3	659,192	414,027	245,165	37.2	399,454	208,022	191,432	153.79	9.8	5,600.57	21.0	86.00	6.4														
New Mexico.....	94,231	140,745	6.9	7.2	100.4	31,948	18.5	448,812	282,053	166,759	37.2	276,119	134,811	141,308	159.89	10.0	4,219.70	17.9	100.40	7.2														
Oklahoma.....	227,726	248,255	1.4	1.5	16.1	38,745	13.5	932,686	288,224	644,462	69.1	645,686	605,717	39,																				

ALLOCATING EXPENDITURES FOR PUBLIC ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION, BY SOURCE, FOR U.S. REGIONS AND STATES, PROJECTED 1976-77 (METHOD NO. 2—BASED ON PAST CHANGE IN STATE AND LOCAL EXPENDITURES)—Con.

[Amounts in thousands of 1967 dollars]

	Change, 1966-67 to 1976-77																																		
	1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13		14		15		16		17		
	Estimated expenditures by State and local governments		Average Annual rate of change, 1961-67		Percent increase in State and local expenditures, 1967-76		Federal expenditures, 1966-67		Projected goal expenditures, 1976-77		Federal as percent of total		Total		Federal		State and local		Total		Federal		State and local		Total		Federal		State and local		Total				
	1961 <sup>1</sup>	1967	Average annual	Total	Total	Percent of total	Total	Percent of total	Total	State and local	Federal	Federal as percent of total	Total	Federal	State and local	Total	Average annual	Total	Average annual	Total	Average annual	Total	Average annual	Total	Average annual	Total	Average annual	Total	Average annual	Total	Average annual	Total			
Rocky Mountains...	565,232	717,840	4.1	4.3	52.4	58,895	7.6	1,949,525	1,093,510	856,015	43.9	1,172,790	797,120	375,670	150.99	9.6	1,353.46	31.0	52.33	4.3	52.40	4.8	52.40	4.3	52.40	4.8	52.40	4.3	52.40	4.8	52.40	4.3	52.40		
Colorado.....	238,849	304,590	4.1	4.3	52.4	25,410	7.7	778,407	464,195	314,212	40.4	448,407	288,802	159,605	135.88	9.0	1,136.57	29.0	52.40	4.3	52.40	4.8	52.40	4.3	52.40	4.8	52.40	4.3	52.40	4.8	52.40	4.3	52.40		
Idaho.....	63,665	83,203	4.6	4.8	59.8	9,657	10.4	294,533	132,958	161,575	54.9	201,673	151,918	49,755	217.18	12.2	1,573.14	32.0	59.80	4.8	59.80	4.8	59.80	4.8	59.80	4.8	59.80	4.8	59.80	4.8	59.80	4.8	59.80	4.8	59.80
Montana.....	91,622	110,132	3.1	3.2	37.0	9,968	8.3	273,495	150,881	122,614	44.8	153,395	112,646	40,749	127.72	8.6	1,130.08	29.0	37.00	3.2	37.00	3.2	37.00	3.2	37.00	3.2	37.00	3.2	37.00	3.2	37.00	3.2	37.00	3.2	37.00
Utah.....	123,925	166,564	5.1	5.3	67.6	12,153	6.8	469,850	279,161	190,689	40.6	291,133	178,536	112,597	162.90	10.1	1,469.07	32.0	67.60	5.3	67.60	5.3	67.60	5.3	67.60	5.3	67.60	5.3	67.60	5.3	67.60	5.3	67.60	5.3	67.60
Wyoming.....	47,171	53,351	2.1	2.2	24.3	1,707	3.1	133,240	66,315	66,925	50.2	78,182	65,218	12,964	142.00	9.2	3,820.62	44.0	24.30	2.2	24.30	2.2	24.30	2.2	24.30	2.2	24.30	2.2	24.30	2.2	24.30	2.2	24.30	2.2	24.30
Far West.....	2,926,563	4,609,310	7.9	8.2	119.9	273,427	5.6	9,291,803	8,164,485	1,127,318	12.1	4,409,066	853,891	3,555,175	90.30	6.6	312.29	15.2	77.13	5.9	77.13	5.9	77.13	5.9	77.13	5.9	77.13	5.9	77.13	5.9	77.13	5.9	77.13	5.9	77.13
California.....	2,164,394	3,586,980	8.8	9.1	138.9	169,020	4.5	6,816,326	6,509,591	306,735	4.5	3,060,326	137,715	2,922,611	81.48	6.1	81.48	6.1	81.48	6.1	81.48	6.1	81.48	6.1	81.48	6.1	81.48	6.1	81.48	6.1	81.48	6.1	81.48	6.1	81.48
Nevada.....	34,965	63,992	12.9	13.4	251.7	6,406	9.1	168,304	152,988	15,316	9.1	97,906	8,910	88,996	139.07	9.1	139.07	9.1	139.07	9.1	139.07	9.1	139.07	9.1	139.07	9.1	139.07	9.1	139.07	9.1	139.07	9.1	139.07	9.1	139.07
Oregon.....	241,536	306,710	4.1	4.3	52.4	24,510	7.4	750,358	467,426	282,932	37.7	419,138	258,422	160,716	126.54	8.5	1,054.35	27.0	52.40	4.3	52.40	4.3	52.40	4.3	52.40	4.3	52.40	4.3	52.40	4.3	52.40	4.3	52.40		
Washington.....	394,371	491,441	3.7	3.8	45.2	37,559	7.1	1,171,117	713,572	457,545	39.1	642,117	419,986	22,131	121.38	8.3	1,118.20	28.0	45.20	3.8	45.20	3.8	45.20	3.8	45.20	3.8	45.20	3.8	45.20	3.8	45.20	3.8	45.20	3.8	45.20
Alaska.....	27,088	51,709	11.3	11.7	202.4	23,341	31.1	119,216	82,140	37,076	31.1	44,166	13,735	30,431	58.85	4.7	58.85	4.7	58.85	4.7	58.85	4.7	58.85	4.7	58.85	4.7	58.85	4.7	58.85	4.7	58.85	4.7	58.85	4.7	58.85
Hawaii.....	64,209	108,478	9.1	9.5	147.8	12,591	10.4	266,482	238,768	27,714	10.4	145,413	15,123	130,290	120.11	8.2	120.11	8.2	120.21	8.2	120.21	8.2	120.21	8.2	120.21	8.2	120.21	8.2	120.21	8.2	120.21	8.2	120.21	8.2	120.21

<sup>1</sup> Estimated by converting State and local government revenue receipts to an expenditure basis as follows: (a) in current dollars total expenditures from all sources in 1960-61 was \$16,807,934,000 of which \$16,001,153,000 or 95.2 percent was from State and local sources (HEW-NEA estimates); (b) based on State and local revenue receipts totaling \$14,738,039,000 in 1960-61, expendi-

tures for each of the States were estimated by raising revenue receipts by a factor of 1.327849, representing the product of (1) the ratio of expenditures to revenue receipts in current dollars (1.08570), and (2) adjusted in terms of 1967 dollars using the State and local government expenditure deflator from 1961-67 (1.22303).

At this point also in the RECORD, I would like to have placed a letter of transmittal from Mr. Carl J. Megel, director of legislation for the American Federation of Teachers, dated May 21, a copy of the bill, and other material describing and stressing the importance of this legislation:

AMERICAN FEDERATION OF TEACHERS,  
AFL-CIO, DEPARTMENT OF LEGISLATION,  
Washington, D.C., May 21, 1969.

HON. CARL D. PERKINS,  
House of Representatives,  
Washington, D.C.

MY DEAR CONGRESSMAN: It is my great privilege to present a draft of the proposed bill which we respectfully request you to introduce during the 91st session of Congress.

The legislation is entitled "Nation-wide Educational Excellence Act". This legislation is based upon a comprehensive study of nationwide educational needs prepared by the eminent economist, Dr. Leon Keyserling for the American Federation of Teachers. A copy of this study accompanies the draft of the legislation.

For numerous years, educators and educational organizations have proposed various sums of money for educational needs and purposes. These sums were largely pronounced without basis in fact. Accordingly the American Federation of Teachers commissioned Dr. Keyserling to prepare a complete study of educational needs throughout the 50 states of this Nation.

In considering the legislation, reference must be made to the AFT-Keyserling publication. In this study, the preferred method for projecting Federal and State and local expenditures for the public schools is *Method Two*. This method is described on page 60 of the study. The Federal and State and Local expenditures under Method Two, as of 1967 and 1977, are set forth in the chart on page 67 of the study.

The study is based upon a ten-year period running from the school year 1967 to the school year 1977. Roughly speaking, this comports with the fiscal years 1967 and 1977, and the two concepts will be used interchangeably hereinafter.

As we are now in May 1969, the study should be utilized as if it projected a ten-year program from the school year 1969 to the school year 1979 (or from fiscal 1969 to fiscal 1979), with the first year of the program relating to the school or fiscal year 1970. Also, the entire study is in 1967 dollars, and adjustments need to be made for changes in the level since then, as will be indicated subsequently in this letter.

The table which I am transmitting herewith gives a complete picture of Federal and State and local public school expenditures for the school year 1967 and projected for the school year 1977, and the respective shares of the Federal Government and the States and localities for each of these two periods. It also shows how Method 2 is used to arrive at the 1977 projections. In addition, it shows the dollar increases in Federal and in State and local expenditures from 1967 to 1977, as well as the percentage increases.

Let us look first at the total U.S. or nation-wide picture, as shown on this table. Federal expenditures were about 2.3 billion dollars in 1967, and would rise to about 27.3 billion in 1977, a rise of about 25 billion or an average annual rate rise of about 2.5 billion. Thus, if the first year of the program were fiscal 1970, Federal contributions for that year should be about 2.5 billion above the 2.3 billion in 1967, or about 4.8 billion in fiscal 1967 dollars, which would come to about 5.3 billion in estimated fiscal 1970 dollars. According to the President's most recent Budget, contemplated Federal aid to primary and secondary schools for fiscal

1970 is estimated at 2.4 billion. Therefore, under the plan, the Federal share in fiscal 1970 would be about 3 billion dollars above this 2.4 billion estimate.

The total State and local outlays in fiscal 1970 would exceed the total State and local outlays of about 26 billion in 1967 by about one-tenth of the total increase in State and local outlays from 1967 to 1977 (from 26 billion to about 43 billion, or about 17 billion), coming to 1.7 billion, which, added to about 26 billion in 1967, would come to 27.7 billion in 1970, and this, adjusted to fiscal 1970 dollars would come to 30.5 billion.

The Federal and State and local outlays in any State may be derived from the table by exactly the same method as set forth above. For example, the Federal contribution to that State in fiscal 1970 would be above the Federal contribution in fiscal 1967 by one-tenth the amount that the Federal contribution in the year 1977 as shown on the chart would be above fiscal 1967, with the fiscal 1970 Federal contribution adjusted upward by about 10 percent to take care of the change in the price level. The State and local outlays in the same State would be derived in the same manner from the table.

Sincerely yours,

CARL J. MEGEL,  
Director of Legislation.

H.R. 11546

A bill to establish a national program of assistance to the States with the goal of achieving equalized excellence in schools throughout the Nation over a ten-year period.

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That this Act may be cited as the "Nationwide Educational Excellence Act".

#### STATEMENT OF PURPOSE

SEC. 2. It is the purpose of this Act to set forth goals of educational excellence and a realistic program for achieving these goals over a ten-year period in cooperation with the States and local communities. This program is intended to meet such major goals as a level of expenditures for education of \$1,600 per pupil throughout the nation within a ten-year period, measured in 1967 dollars; full participation of all children aged 5 to 17 in high-quality schooling; substantially increased numbers of teachers to achieve a lower student-teacher ratio; improved teachers' salaries; increased numbers of educational personnel other than teachers, including school aides; summer programs, adult education, and school meals and medical and health services for all who need them; and safe, modern school facilities for all school children.

#### AUTHORIZATION

SEC. 3. (a) The Commissioner of Education shall make payments in accordance with this Act to State education agencies for grants to local educational agencies to be used in meeting educational needs in the areas served by such agencies.

(b) There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1970, and each succeeding fiscal year prior to July 1, 1979 to enable the Commissioner to make the allotments to which States are entitled under section 4.

#### ALLOTMENTS TO STATES

SEC. 4. (a) Out of the sums appropriated for each fiscal year, the Commissioner shall allot to each State an amount equal to the product obtained when the number of children aged 5 to 17, inclusive, within each such State is multiplied by the Federal share per pupil for the State.

(b) The Federal share per pupil for each State for each fiscal year shall be equal to the difference between the total projected

increase in average per pupil expenditure and the State's anticipated increase.

(c) No State shall receive an allotment under this Act for any fiscal year with respect to which that State does not maintain the State's anticipated increase (as defined in paragraph (2) of subsection (d) in the State's basic average per pupil expenditure.

(1) The "total projected increase in average per pupil expenditure" for each fiscal year means an amount equal to the difference between \$1,600 and the State's basic average per pupil expenditure for the base year, divided by 10 and multiplied by the number of years between the base year and the year for which the determination is being made.

(2) The "State's anticipated increase" for each fiscal year means an amount equal to the product of—

(A) the State's basic average per pupil expenditure for the base year, multiplied by—

(B) the percentage rate equivalent to:

1. The average annual percentage rate of increase in that State's basic average per pupil expenditure during the period of years from 1961 through 1967, multiplied by:

2. The number of years between the base year and the year for which the determination is being made.

3. The "base year" means the year immediately preceding the first fiscal year for which appropriations are made to carry out this Act.

4. The dollar allotments as set forth in this section shall, for each fiscal year, be adjusted to allow for decreases in the purchasing power of the dollar, as measured by the Consumer Price Index, since 1967.

#### ASSURANCES FROM STATES

SEC. 5. (a) Any state desiring to receive funds under this Act shall submit through its State educational agency to the Commissioner an application, in such detail as the Commissioner deems necessary, which provides satisfactory assurance—

(1) that payments under this Act will be used only for programs and projects which have been approved by the State educational agency and which met the applicable requirements of this Act and that such agency will in all other respects comply with the provisions of this Act, including the enforcement of any obligations imposed upon a local educational agency under this act.

(2) that such fiscal control and fund accounting procedures will be adopted as may be necessary to assure proper disbursement of, and accounting for, Federal funds paid to the State (including such funds paid by the State to local educational agencies) under this Act; and

(3) that the State educational agency will make to the Commissioner such reports as may be reasonably necessary to enable the Commissioner to perform his duties under this Act, and that such agency will keep such records and afford such access thereto as the Commissioner may find necessary to assure the correctness and verification of such reports.

(b) The Commissioner shall approve an application which meets the requirements of this Act, and he shall not finally disapprove an application except after reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing to the State educational agency.

#### WITHIN-STATE EQUALIZATION

SEC. 6. The Commissioner shall not approve an application by a State for funds under this act unless there is satisfactory assurance that such funds will be allocated among the local educational agencies within that State in such a manner that, when added to the State's basic average per pupil expenditure, there will be, to the extent feasible, approximately equal levels in the total average per pupil expenditure throughout all areas of the State.

#### APPLICATIONS FROM LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCIES

SEC. 7. (a) A local educational agency may receive a grant under this Act for any fiscal year only upon application therefor approved by the appropriate State educational agency, upon its determination (consistent with such basic criteria as the Commissioner may establish)—

(1) that payments under this part will be used for programs and projects which are designed to meet educational needs in school attendance areas served by each local educational agency;

(2) that, to the extent consistent with the number of children in the school district of the local educational agency who are enrolled in private elementary and secondary schools, such agency has made provision for including special educational services and arrangements (such as dual enrollment, educational radio and television, and mobile educational services and equipment) in which such children can participate;

(3) that the local educational agency has provided satisfactory assurance that the control of funds provided under this Act, and title to property derived therefrom, shall be in a public agency, and that a public agency will administer such funds and property;

(4) in the case of any project for construction of school facilities, that the project is not inconsistent with overall State plans for the construction of school facilities and that the requirements of section 8 will be complied with on all such construction projects;

(5) in the case of a project for the construction of school facilities, that, in developing plans for such facilities, due consideration has been given to compliance with such standards as the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare may prescribe or approve in order to insure that facilities constructed with the use of Federal funds under this Act shall be, to the extent appropriate in view of the uses to be made of the facilities, accessible to and usable by handicapped persons;

(6) in the case of a project for the construction of school facilities, that, in developing plans for such facilities, due consideration has been given to excellence of architecture and design, and to the inclusion of works of art (not representing more than 1 per centum of the cost of the project); and

(7) that the local educational agency will make an annual report and such other reports to the State educational agency, in such form and containing such information, as may be reasonably necessary to enable the State educational agency to perform its duties under this Act, and will keep such records and afford such access thereto as the State educational agency may find necessary to assure the correctness and verification of such reports.

(b) The State educational agency shall not finally disapprove in whole or in part any application for funds under this Act without first affording the local educational agency submitting the application reasonable notice and opportunity for a hearing.

(c) Prior to the disbursement of Federal funds to any State, the chief school officer shall file with the U.S. Commissioner of Education a plan acceptable to the Commissioner for the distribution of such federal funds. The plan for distribution of federal funds within the State shall be based upon consideration for the fiscal ability of a local school district or other non-public school to support educational services and upon the extent of educational need within the district as determined by the reading achievement of pupils within the districts.

#### LABOR STANDARDS

SEC. 8. All laborers and mechanics employed by contractors or subcontractors on all construction projects assisted under this

Act shall be paid wages at rates not less than those prevailing on similar construction in the locality as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act, as amended (40 U.S.C. 276a-276-5). The Secretary of Labor shall have with respect to the labor standards specified in this section the authority and functions set forth in Reorganization Plan Numbered 14 of 1950 (15 F.R. 3176; 5 U.S.C. 1332-15) and section 2 of the Act of June 13, 1934, as amended (40 U.S.C. 276c).

#### WITHHOLDINGS

SEC. 9. Whenever the Commissioner, after reasonable notice and opportunity for hearing to any State educational agency, finds that there has been a failure to comply substantially with any assurance set forth in the application of that State approved under this Act, the Commissioner shall notify the agency that further payments will not be made to the State under this Act (or, in his discretion, that the State educational agency shall not make further payments under this Act to specified local educational agencies affected by the failure) until he is satisfied that there is no longer any such failure to comply. Until he is so satisfied, no further payments shall be made to the State under this Act, or payments by the State educational agency under this Act shall be limited to local educational agencies not affected by the failure, as the case may be.

#### JUDICIAL REVIEW

SEC. 10. (a) If any State is dissatisfied with the Commissioner's final action with respect to the approval of its application submitted under section 5, or with his final action under section 9, such State may, within 60 days after notice of such action, file with the United States Court of Appeals for the circuit in which such State is located a petition for review of that action. A copy of the petition shall be forthwith transmitted by the clerk of the court to the Commissioner. The Commissioner thereupon shall file in the court the record of the proceedings on which he based his action, as provided in Section 2112 of title 28, United States Code.

(b) The findings of fact by the Commissioner, if supported by substantial evidence shall be conclusive; but the court, for good cause shown, may remand the case to the Commissioner to take further evidence, and the Commissioner may thereupon make new or modified findings of fact and may modify his previous action, and shall file in the court the record of the further proceedings. Such new or modified findings of fact shall likewise be conclusive if supported by substantial evidence.

(c) Upon the filing of such petition, the court shall have jurisdiction to affirm the action of the Commissioner or to set it aside, in whole or in part. The judgment of the court shall be subject to review by the Supreme Court of the United States upon certiorari or certification as provided in section 1254 of title 28, United States Code.

#### FEDERAL CONTROL OF EDUCATION PROHIBITED

SEC. 11. Nothing contained in this Act shall be construed to authorize any department, agency, officer, or employee of the United States to exercise any direction, supervision, or control over the curriculum, program of instruction, administration, or personnel of any educational institution or school system, or over the selection of library resources, textbooks, or other printed or published instructional materials by any educational institution or school system.

#### DEFINITIONS

SEC. 12. As used in this Act—

(a) The term "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of Education.

(b) The term "State" includes, in addition to the several States of the Union, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the District of Columbia, Guam, American Samoa, the Virgin Islands, and the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.

(c) The term "State educational agency" means the State board of education or other agency or officer primarily responsible for the State supervision of public elementary and secondary schools, or, if there is no such officer or agency, an officer or agency designated by the Governor or by State law.

(d) The term "local educational agency" means a public board of education or other public authority legally constituted within a State for either administrative control or direction of, or to perform a service function for, public elementary or secondary schools in a City, county, township, school district, or other political subdivision of a State, or such combinations of school districts or counties as are recognized in a State as an administrative agency for its public elementary or secondary schools. Such term also includes any other public institution or agency having administrative control and direction of a public elementary or secondary school.

(e) The "average per pupil expenditure" in a State for any fiscal year shall be the aggregate current expenditures of all local educational agencies in the State, plus any direct current expenditures by the State for operation of such agencies, divided by the aggregate number of children in average daily attendance to whom such agencies provided free public education during such year.

(f) The "State's basic average per pupil expenditure" means the average per pupil expenditure in a State exclusive of funds derived from Federal sources and, if the State so determines, exclusive of State funds for special educational purposes.

#### ACHIEVING NATIONWIDE EDUCATIONAL EXCELLENCE—AMERICAN FEDERATION OF TEACHERS 10-YEAR PROGRAM FOR OUR PUBLIC SCHOOLS (A study prepared for the American Federation of Teachers by Leon H. Keyserling\*)

During the past decade and a half or longer, the vulnerable and dangerous condition of many of our public schools throughout the Nation has received ever-increasing attention. This attention has been accompanied by much action at Federal, State, and local levels. Conditions in our public schools today are far ahead of where they would have been if such action had not been taken. But because adequate long-range action has not yet been taken, our public schools are far behind where they ought to be now, and will fall even further behind in the years ahead unless a corrective program is quickly set in motion.

We need to start as soon as possible, under the galvanizing influence of new and adequate Federal legislation, but involving related efforts at all levels, a balanced ten-year program to achieve by 1977 standards of equalized excellence in every public school serving every State, county, and locality throughout the United States.

Equalized excellence means a minimum nationwide standard which all should reach by 1977. But it does not mean a ceiling or straight jacket. Each State would receive enough Federal aid (contingent upon continued State and local efforts based upon recent trends and capabilities) to reach this by 1977. Yet every State should and would be free to go as far beyond this nationwide standard as its own State and local resources would permit.

The main minimum-standard of excellence goals to be achieved by 1977, representing ten years of progress 1967-1977, are these:

(1) *Per pupil outlays for all purposes related to public schools*, measured in 1967 dollars, would average \$1,534 in 1977 in every region and State, compared with a nationwide average of \$600 in 1967. The average

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was only \$503 in one region and \$874 in another region in 1967. Total outlays for all purposes per pupil would increase at average annual rates ranging from 6.1 percent in one region to 11.8 percent in another region.

(2) *Enrollment in the public schools* by 1977, through four years of high school, of every child age 5-17 not served by private schools, i.e., a "participation" rate of 100 percent of the public-school population by 1977. Today, the "nonparticipation" rate—the portion of the public-school population not enrolled—is as high as 9 percent in one region comprising twelve States. Nationwide enrollment in the public schools needs to increase from 43.0 million in 1967 to 45.7 million in 1977, or 6.3 percent. But because of the varying current participation rates in different regions, there is one region where the increase in enrollment needs to be only 2.3 percent, while there is one where it needs to be 13.9 percent.

(3) *Classroom teachers* should increase greatly. By 1977, the ratio of fully-accredited classroom teachers to enrollment should be one to twenty for the Nation at large, and also in every region and State. The nationwide ratio in 1967 was one to twenty-four. This calls for a nationwide increase in such classroom teachers from 1,788,000 in 1967 to 2,286,000 in 1977, or 27.8 percent. To attain the minimum-standard of excellence for teacher services throughout the nation by 1977, the increase in the number of teachers by region must range from 12.9 percent to 46.3 percent.

(4) *Teachers' salaries* in the public schools, measured in 1967 dollars, should rise from a nationwide average of \$6,830 in 1967 to \$10,711 in 1977, an average annual increase of 4.6 percent. To attain the minimum-standard of excellence in the treatment of both pupils and teachers, this floor by 1977 should be \$10,711 in every region and State. Toward this nationwide goal, in one region where the average pay in 1967 was \$5,797, the average annual increase would need to be higher than in another region where the average in 1967 was \$8,154. Total outlays for teachers' salaries should rise from 12.2 billion dollars in 1967 to 24.5 billion in 1977.

(5) *Nonteacher instructional staff* throughout the Nation should rise from 188,000 in 1967 to 1,523,000 in 1977. Some of this increase would be for principals, supervisors, librarians, and guidance and psychological personnel; but more than 1,100,000 of this increase should represent individuals (not fully-accredited teachers) assisting teachers in instructional functions. The average salaries of nonteacher instructional staff should rise at the same rates as those of fully-accredited teacher. Up to the minimum-standard of excellence floor, equalization of services (a pupil-teacher noninstructional staff ratio of thirty to one) and equalization of average pay for nonteacher instructional staff in each region and State, should be attained by 1977. Outlays in this category should rise from 1.8 billion dollars in 1967 to 13.9 billion in 1977.

(6) *Other current outlays*, for administration and operation and maintenance of plant, salaries of noninstructional personnel (including school aids) and programs for summer schools, adult education, and school lunches, should rise from 9.4 billion dollars in 1967 to 22.2 billion in 1977.

(7) *The available supply of classrooms* in the public schools should rise from 1,653,455 in 1967 to 2,285,000 in 1977. These are needed to take care of increased enrollment and reduced class size. Taking account also of elimination of unsatisfactory conditions, migrations and abandonment, an annual average of 123,200 new classrooms should be constructed during the 1968-1977 inclusive, aggregating 1,232,000 over the ten-year period. Total capital outlays should rise from 4.0 billion dollars in 1967 to 6.8 billion in 1977, and interest on the school debt would rise from 0.9 billion to 2.7 billion.

(8) *Total nationwide outlays* to meet public-school needs up to the minimum-standard of excellence, measured in 1967 dollars, should rise from 28.3 billion dollars in 1967 to 70.1 billion in 1977, involving an average annual rate of increase of 9.5 percent. But because of grossly disparate conditions now among the regions and States, the average annual rates of increase—taking into account all sources of funds—should range from 6.6 percent in one region to 13.3 percent in another region.

(9) *Drastic changes in the sharing of costs between the States and localities on the one hand, the Federal Government on the other hand*, is imperative if the foregoing goals are to be achieved. In 1967, 91.9 percent of the total cost of education in our public schools was borne by the States and localities, and only 8.1 percent by the Federal Government. The very unequal distribution of economic and financial capabilities among regions and States, the fact that progress must be so much faster in some regions and States which, through no fault of their own, are now furthest below the 1977 goal of excellence, the fact that during 1946-1966 State and local outlays for all purposes rose more than three times as fast as Federal outlays for all purposes while State and local debts grew more than ten times as fast as the national debt, and the immense relative advantages enjoyed by the Federal Government in the raising of revenues through equitable methods geared to economic growth—these facts make it desirable that by 1977 the State and local share in the total 70.1 billion dollar cost of public-school education in that year be reduced to 61.1 percent or 42.8 billion dollars, and that the Federal share be lifted to 38.9 percent, or 27.3 billion, both measured in 1967 dollars. Consistent with this, the average annual increase in State and local outlays during 1967-1977 would be 5.1 percent, and in Federal outlays 28.0 percent, resulting in the needed overall average annual rate of increase of 9.5 percent.

(10) *The recommended formula* toward this end, consistent with the goal of equalization of services in all regions and States up to the minimum-standard of excellence, despite vast differences in economic and financial capabilities and the size of the job to be done, is that the increases in outlays by each region and each State continue approximately in accord with their respective recent rates of increase (adjusted somewhat upward in accord with goals for a somewhat more rapid average annual rate of income and economic growth throughout the Nation), and that the Federal Government make up the difference in each region and State, subject only to the modification that the Federal percentage share of total outlays in no State in any year should fall below what it was in 1967. On this basis, in one region where total outlays would need to increase at an average annual rate of only 6.6 percent, State and local outlays would increase at 5.9 percent and Federal outlays at 15.2 percent, with the Federal share rising from 5.6 percent in 1967 to 12.1 percent in 1977. In another region where total outlays need to rise at an average annual rate of 13.3 percent, State and local outlays would increase at an average annual rate of 5.4 percent, and Federal outlays at 30.0 percent, with the Federal share rising from 14.2 percent in 1967 to 58.8 percent in 1977.

(11) *This program is very well within our economic and financial capabilities*. The increase in State and local outlays for public education would be approximately in accord with recent trends. The increase in Federal outlays for public-school education, rising from 2.3 billion dollars in 1967 to 27.3 billion in 1977, contemplates in 1977 total Federal outlays for education (including outlays for purposes other than public schools) rising from 4.7 billion dollars in the fiscal 1969 Federal Budget to 32.9 billion in calendar 1977.

In a fully-growing economy, this rise would be from an estimated 0.53 percent of total national production in fiscal 1969 to an estimated 2.38 percent in calendar 1977. In fiscal 1969, proposed outlays of 89.5 billion in the Federal Budget category of national defense, space technology, and all international outlays come to 10.11 percent of estimated total national production. Allowing for needed expansion in public programs and services across the board in response to the totality of our national needs, and estimating appropriate Federal participation in this progress, and even assuming (without arguing for) substantial further increases in Federal outlays for national defense, space technology, and all international outlays, it would still be true that, in a properly expanding national economy, total Federal outlays for all purposes, standing at an estimated 21.02 percent of total national production in fiscal 1969, would not be larger in ratio to total national production in calendar 1977.

(12) *The "economic growth dividend" should pay for the program*. Measured in fiscal 1969 dollars, our total national production was 829 billion in calendar 1967. With optimum economic growth, it should rise to 1,390 billion dollars in calendar 1977, and even at a considerably lower growth should rise to 1,170 billion. This means that our average annual output of goods and services during the ten years 1968-1977 inclusive would be 197-296 billion dollars higher than it was in calendar 1967. With this "economic growth dividend", it is inconceivable that we should not commit ourselves to using about 7.5-12.5 percent of it on the average over the years ahead through 1977 to increase our total investment in our public schools.

(13) *The problem of inflation* is really entirely irrelevant to the proposed public-school program. With optimum or even adequate economic growth, the proposed program would place no excessive pressures upon our total ability to turn out goods and services. But even if it should exert such pressures at some time, we should not sacrifice first what we need most, but instead should re-order our national priorities and values so as to put first things first by imposing some very small restraints upon the expendable or superfluous. Entirely hypothetically, if the proposed 70.1 billion dollar level of total expenditure for our public schools in 1977 should require a cutback somewhere of even as much as 20 billion dollars to curb inflation, that 20 billion dollars would be only about 3.5 percent of our "economic growth dividend" in 1977 alone, and only about 1.4 percent of our total national production in 1977 alone, under conditions of full resource use. We could certainly find better places to make cutbacks of this size than in our public schools.

(14) *The program contemplates freedom and flexibility at State and local levels*. It combines recognition of nationwide responsibility for the education of young people who are citizens of the Nation with recognition that the States and localities are fundamentally charged with responsibility for the conduct and support of our public schools. Goals embodied in the program are pointed only toward delineating the respective responsibilities of the States and localities and the Federal Government toward achieving by 1977 the minimum-standard of educational excellence in the public schools. But with respect to every element in the program, those States and localities which are able to do so can and should rise far above this floor.

There is nothing within the program which would discourage any such State or locality from promoting increases in enrollments in higher education; paying teachers and other personnel in the public schools in 1977 far more than the nationwide standard, and increasing these salaries from 1967 forward far

more rapidly than the attainment of the nationwide standard by 1977 requires; establishing even lower pupil-teacher ratios; bringing the physical plant in the public schools up to even higher levels than the nationwide goal, etc. Entirely to the contrary, the greatly increased Federal aid in absolute terms, which every State would receive under the program, would encourage and amplify the capabilities of the more fortunate States and localities to rise far above the nationwide standards. Nor do these nationwide standards, dealing as they do with averages for the regions and States, import that within any region or State the averages be the same in every school or in every locality, or that every teacher receive the same salary, or that every classroom be the same size, etc. The standards only import that each region and State shall in its average performance be brought up to the minimum-standard of excellence by 1977. This will increase rather than diminish the opportunities for freedom and flexibility everywhere.

(15) The first essential step is Federal legislation, committing the Nation and the people at large to this program which will be of such incalculable benefit to the Nation and the people at large. It is understood that the American Federation of Teachers through its Legislative Department will use all of its facilities to "Achieve Nationwide Educational Excellence" as outlined by this study.

#### BRIEF OUTLINE OF THE LEON KEYSERLING STUDY—AFT

1. Enrollment will increase from 43 million to 45,700,000.
2. Pupils outlay per capita would increase from \$660 to \$1534.
3. Number of teachers will increase from 1,788,000 to 2,286,000.
4. Nationwide teacher average salaries would increase from \$6830 to \$10,711 in 1967 prices, plus such cost-of-living adjustments as might be needed.
5. Nonteacher instructional staff would increase from 188,000 to 1,523,000 including 1,100,000 paraprofessionals, or one for every two teachers.
6. Classrooms would increase from 1,653,000 to 2,285,500.
7. Total nationwide outlay would increase from \$28.3 billion to \$70.1 billion.
8. Changes in sharing of costs:  
In 1967, local and State pay 91.9 percent, Federal government pays 8.1 percent.  
In 1977, local and State shall pay 61.1 percent, Federal government shall pay 38.9 percent.
9. The program is very well within our economic and financial capabilities.
10. The economic growth dividend should pay for the program, with freedom and flexibility at the State and local level.

#### AMERICAN FEDERATION OF TEACHERS, AFL-CIO, Washington, D.C., April 16, 1969.

Re AFT Keyserling study.

GREETINGS: In an address entitled, "Federal Education Legislation Trends", by Francis D. Murnaghan, Jr., President, Board of School Commissioners of Baltimore City, given on April 13, 1969 at the National School Boards Association Annual Convention of the following excerpts are reproduced verbatim.

#### THE AMERICAN FEDERATION OF TEACHERS' 10-YEAR PLAN TO SAVE THE SCHOOLS

"This past fall, the American Federation of Teachers unveiled its Ten-Year Plan to Save the Schools. Leon H. Keyserling, former Chairman of President Truman's Council of Economic Advisers, was commissioned by the A.F.T. to develop the Ten-Year Plan. The Plan is perhaps the most carefully authenticated and thoughtfully presented analysis to date of the urgent needs of our elementary and secondary schools, of the top national

priority our education needs must be given, and—for the first time—of the capacity of our national economy to meet those needs.

"Like the Research Council's Federal Foundation, the A.F.T.'s Ten-Year Plan sets a program goal. Instead of bringing each school district up to a minimum per pupil investment, however, the Plan insures that each state's average education will be at least equal to a nationwide minimum standard of equalized excellence. Under the Plan, by the end of 1977 each state would be spending an average of \$1534 per pupil. The nationwide cost of this investment would be \$70.1 billion with the federal government paying approximately 40 percent of the total cost.

"Keyserling uses an equalization formula to allot the federal portion of the Plan's funds among the states. He does not base his formula, however, on a state's wealth, but rather on its proven economic capacities. Keyserling shows that some states with high measurable wealth have demonstrably low capacities for economic growth and vice versa. Thus, he takes as his measure of a state's need for federal funds: (1) the increase in total investment in education the state must undertake before it is spending an average of \$1534 per pupil, and (2) the financial capacity of the state as measured by its recent economic growth. For each state, the two factors are taken into consideration, a determination is made as to the yearly rate of increased investment in education required to enable the State to reach the \$1534 level by 1977, and a calculation is made as to the proportions of state and federal contribution to the yearly increase.

"One of the most significant contributions that Keyserling makes in his demonstration of how well within the nation's economic capacities it is for us to fulfill our commitment to an equal educational opportunity. Each state would continue its present annual rate of growth in its investment in education, no radical change. Each year, the federal government would add to the total state contribution a total amount of funds, nationwide, equal to only its present level of investment in education plus 7.5 percent of the increase in the gross national product (7.5 percent of our annual "economic growth dividend"). Assuming a steady rate of increase in our GNP (a rising rate is more probable), the Ten-Year Plan would maintain our present ratio between federal expenditures and our total national production. The Ten-Year Plan would require no additional federal taxes but would find the source of increased federal investment in education in having the same tax rates applied to the normal, annual increase in our GNP.

"In the thoroughness, statistical basis, and careful economic orientation of its argument, the Ten-Year Plan adds a new depth to the movement for massively increased federal investment in education. Any organization who would enter the debate in favor of increased federal investment will do well to build on the firm foundation provided by the Ten-Year Plan. All who would deny the need for massively increased federal aid or challenge our capacity to afford massive increased aid to education must answer the Plan's persuasive arguments.

#### THE NEXT STEP: POLITICAL ACTION

"Individuals and organizations committed to significantly improving the level of federal investment in equal educational opportunity must now develop an awareness of the need for concerted political action. Educators and laymen who are interested in education have often tried to divorce the process of teaching our children from the process of fighting in the political arena for increased education funds. Now we recognize that money is the fuel on which our schools, like most things in our society, run. We can develop innovative curricula, do research into the fascinating problems of education, and hold conferences to exchange important ideas and in-

formation; but our children will not get the education that they deserve, and that our nation, as a matter of enlightened self-interest, needs to give them, until our school districts have adequate financial support. Many of us interested in education also used to have a fear of the strong hand of federal control over our local school districts. Today, however, we recognize that federal education programs, inadequate as they have been, have given us new freedoms, not new controls. They have given us the freedom to develop programs, to train and hire staff, and to buy equipment that we could not otherwise afford. Federal programs enable us to give more of our children an equal educational opportunity. Funds are not freely given to us, however; we must fight for them in competition with other popular, politically aware, and powerful interest groups."

Fraternally,

CARL J. MEGEL,  
Director of Legislation.

#### THE ANTI-DEFAMATION LEAGUE AND THE WAR ON POVERTY

(Mr. PERKINS asked and was given permission to extend his remarks at this point in the RECORD and to include extraneous matter.)

Mr. PERKINS. Mr. Speaker, the Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith, an organization whose good work and accomplishments are well known to all of us, recently provided the Committee on Education and Labor with a most eloquent and persuasive statement in support of the extension and expansion of the Economic Opportunity Act.

We are urged by the Anti-Defamation League, as we have been urged by other interested and concerned national organizations, to intensify our commitment to end poverty in America, by continuing and expanding Job Corps, Headstart, Legal Services, and other antipoverty programs which "have all made a significant contribution toward the elimination of poverty" and "have given the poor renewed hope and encouragement for the future."

Because I feel that this very excellent statement deserves a very wide audience, I should like to share it with my colleagues. The statement follows:

ANTI-DEFAMATION LEAGUE OF  
B'NAI B'RITH,  
Washington, D.C., May 8, 1969.

HON. CARL D. PERKINS,  
Chairman, House Education and Labor Committee, Rayburn Office Building, Washington, D.C.

DEAR CONGRESSMAN PERKINS. The Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith welcomes this opportunity to submit its views on the proposed amendments to the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964.

The Anti-Defamation League is the educational arm of B'nai B'rith which was founded in 1843 and is America's oldest and largest Jewish service organization. It seeks to improve relations among the diverse groups in our nation and to translate into greater effectiveness the principles of freedom, equality and democracy. It is dedicated to securing fair treatment and equal opportunity for all Americans regardless of race, religion, color or national origin.

From the very beginning of the war on poverty ADL has joined with many religious, educational, civic, labor and other organizations in a united and determined effort to help combat and eliminate poverty in the United States, and to help build an America in which every individual would have the opportunity to share in the abundance

of our society and the chance to develop to his fullest potential. On July 14, 1967, we submitted a statement to this Committee affirming our support for the anti-poverty program "as a major aspect of the fight for equality of opportunity and freedom from discrimination." At that time we cited many of the successes and advances made in the struggle to reduce poverty in America saying:

"A new vocabulary and new concepts—Head Start, Upward Bound, Vista, Job Corps—unheard of before OEO came into existence not quite three years ago, are now commonplace in the American lexicon. But they are more than mere words and ideas. They have given new meaning to the lives of millions of Americans and opened new vistas for the less fortunate among us."

In 1963, before the Office of Economic Opportunity came into being, there were 35.4 million poor people in this country. By the end of 1967, a little more than three years after the enactment of the Economic Opportunity Act of 1964, this number had been reduced to 26.7 million. And in its year-end report for 1968, OEO estimated that an additional 4 million Americans succeeded last year in climbing above the poverty line. While these statistics are impressive, they cannot obscure the central fact that the dimension of poverty in America is still staggering.

In his message to the Congress on February 19, President Nixon affirmed that "the blight of poverty requires priority attention . . . It cannot and will not be treated lightly or indifferently . . ." If we are to give that priority to our antipoverty efforts, we believe it is essential that OEO be continued and strengthened as the central agency for coordinating and directing the war on poverty and that it be given adequate funds so that it can be even better equipped to do battle with the deep-rooted problems of poverty.

During the less than five years of its existence, OEO has provided creative and constructive overall direction of the war on poverty. It has prodded other agencies into undertaking new programs and modifying and changing out-dated philosophies. As an innovator and experimenter in the laboratory of poverty OEO has been the acknowledged leader. Through its community action program it has given the poor a voice in the processes of democracy. Through its Neighborhood Legal Services program the poor have been able to secure greater justice in the market place and the law has been fashioned into a tool for needed social reforms. Last year alone, neighborhood health centers brought comprehensive health service programs to an estimated million people in poor neighborhoods. Head Start has spotlighted the crucial importance of the child's earliest years in his subsequent growth and development. And the Job Corps has helped thousands of young people to break out of lives of idleness and despair. These programs have all made a significant contribution toward the elimination of poverty. But more important, they have given the poor renewed hope and encouragement for the future.

To be sure, not all of OEO's programs have been successes or free of shortcomings. Indeed some have been the subject of justifiable criticism and have fallen short of their intended mark. But when we deal with new and untried programs, failures can be anticipated. As President Nixon said in his February 19th anti-poverty message, "We often can learn more from a program that fails to achieve its purpose than from one that succeeds. If we apply those lessons, then even the 'failure' will have made a significant contribution to our larger purposes." The effectiveness of the anti-poverty program will ultimately be judged in the annals of a generation and it is important therefore that

while we do not ignore the mistakes, we dwell less on the past and instead look ahead to the future.

If we are to fully honor our national commitment to launch a frontal full-scale attack on poverty, we must be willing to provide the funds necessary to do the job. The cost of eliminating poverty will not be cheap, but it will be small when measured against the price already paid by society in human suffering, misery and degradation. For who can measure the cost of a young child's dulled mind, the untimely death of a mother in childbirth because she lacked the availability of our vast stores of modern medical knowledge, or the skilled craftsman who never came to be because a young man was denied job training and education. In face of the massive effort needed if we are to eradicate poverty from our midst, the budget request of slightly more than \$2 billion to carry on OEO's activities during fiscal 1970 must therefore be viewed as a minimum.

Like others who have voiced their reservations, we too are concerned over the plan to save \$100 million by closing down 59 Job Corps training centers and reducing by approximately one-third the number of youths to be trained in the remaining 54 centers as well as in the 30 new smaller urban centers to be opened later in the year.

Last year according to OEO, more than 67,000 "out-of-school, out-of-work" young men and women, 16-21, received training in Job Corps centers. For all their problems the Job Corps centers have seen thousands of society's would-be dropouts go through their doors and on to useful lives in industry, schools and the military. We believe we can ill afford to shut these doors on these young people.

The establishment of OEO represented a commitment on the part of our government to help America's poor and disadvantaged who have too long been excluded from the mainstream of American life to break out of the cycle of poverty. OEO has served as their spokesman at the highest levels of government and has been a symbol to them that they are no longer forgotten. It is the one agency in government whose sole constituency has been the poor and the young, white and black alike. And more than any other government body, it has awakened the national conscience to the shame of poverty in America. For these reasons the Anti-Defamation League renewed its support for an expanded anti-poverty effort just last month when at its 56th annual National Commission meeting held here in Washington it adopted a resolution urging that the federal government intensify its commitment to end poverty in America by continuing to fund and strengthen all programs which help our nation's disadvantaged and which will provide a more rewarding life for all Americans.

We hope that Congress will do its share as a full partner in the effect to eliminate poverty by giving OEO the needed authority and wherewithal to continue the task which Congress entrusted to it five years ago. The story of those five years clearly demonstrates that OEO can do the job if given the necessary support.

We respectfully request that this statement be included in the printed record of the hearings.

Sincerely yours,

SAMUEL DALSIMER,  
National Chairman.

#### ISRAEL'S POSITION ON PEACE TALKS

(Mr. BURTON of California asked and was given permission to extend his remarks at this point in the RECORD and to include extraneous matter.)

Mr. BURTON of California. Mr.

Speaker, on April 2, the San Francisco Examiner ran an editorial entitled "Israel's Position on Peace Talks." In the weeks that have intervened, the wisdom of the position outlined in this editorial has become more and more apparent.

As one who is gravely concerned with the question of peace in the Middle East and unswervingly committed to the preservation of the territorial integrity of Israel and the safety of her people, I am taking the liberty of placing the text of the San Francisco Examiner editorial in the RECORD at this time:

#### ISRAEL'S POSITION ON PEACE TALKS

The Big Four—the United States, the Soviet Union, Britain and France—are preparing to meet at the United Nations in an effort to settle the 20-year-old Middle East dispute.

Israel has made it known, in advance of the meeting, that she will reject any settlement that prejudices her national security and that the Middle East problem must be settled in the Middle East, not at the United Nations.

This last contention is in line with U.S. policy. The State Department has made it clear that a final settlement of the Arab-Israeli issue can be reached only among the warring parties. Thus the Big Four meeting is, by U.S. standards at least, limited in its function and effectiveness.

The Israeli declaration is based on a realistic appraisal of this limitation. Israel has reason to be skeptical of "settlements" arrived at by those not immediately concerned in the Arab-Israeli dispute. In 1956 Israel withdrew from Egypt's Sianl Desert on the basis of U.S. promises that she would be allowed use of the Suez Canal and that other conditions of peace would be met. Egypt rejected the U.S. "settlement" and the promises to Israel were not kept.

For 20 years the U.N. was unable to stop Syrian bombardment of Israel from the Golan heights. The bombardments ceased when the heights were seized by Israel in the 1967, six-day war. In addition, the war gave Israel a cease-fire line on the Jordan River, a far more realistic border—in terms of national security—than the fragile, unnatural boundaries that existed before 1967.

Thus, on the basis of experience, Israel has no intention of placing her future in the hands of the U.N., nor should she. The Big Four meeting should acknowledge this and realize that the best contribution it can make to the Middle East dispute is to stay out of it.

If the Soviet Union insists on pouring arms into the Arab states, the Israelis should have access to arms on the open market. In this manner she will take care of herself.

As regards peace, the Arab-Israeli issue can only be settled by talks between Arabs and Israelis, and the sooner everyone realizes this the better.

#### AMERICA'S FOOTWEAR INDUSTRY AT THE PERIL POINT

(Mr. WYMAN asked and was given permission to extend his remarks at this point in the RECORD and to include extraneous matter.)

Mr. WYMAN. Mr. Speaker, supplementing my earlier remarks today on the crisis facing the American footwear industry, I include in the RECORD at this point, first, a fact sheet on leather and vinyl footwear; second, a list of New England shoe plants closed due to imports; and, third, the text of an open letter to President Nixon requesting that steps be taken to enter into negotiations

with foreign supplying nations directed toward the establishment of voluntary import limitations so the shoe manufacturing industry of the United States may continue as a healthy and viable segment of our economy.

This situation cries out for responsible alleviating action. The case for affirmative relief for the American foot-

wear industry is compelling. Every Member of Congress should join in this action to defend and protect American workers and employers from the prospect of bankruptcy and liquidation.

The material follows:

**FACT SHEET ON LEATHER AND VINYL FOOTWEAR**

1. Footwear imports are increasing at an alarming rate, while exports are insignificant.

Year:	Imports		Exports	
	Pairs	F.o.b. value	Pairs	F.o.b. value
1955.....	7,810,000	\$13,571,000	4,639,532	\$14,362,113
1960.....	26,617,000	53,257,000	3,244,316	9,399,731
1965.....	87,632,000	118,478,000	2,491,038	7,829,566
1968.....	175,438,000	328,543,000	12,417,290	18,076,142

<sup>1</sup> Estimated.

2. Growth of domestic footwear manufacturing has been almost halted by imports. U.S. footwear production for the first four months of 1969 is off 9.5%. Output for 1969 is now estimated 595 million pairs, or only 10 million pairs more than in 1955.

3. Footwear imports for 1975 have been projected to reach 468 million pairs.

A. This would be 48% of an estimated consumption of 97 million pairs of footwear in 1975.

B. This would amount to 90% of an estimated domestic production of 519 million pairs of footwear in 1975.

4. The imbalance in footwear trade is caused mainly by the wide wage differential existing between the U.S. footwear industry and those in foreign countries. Average hourly labor costs for 1968 including fringe benefits are estimated as follows: U.S., \$2.62; Italy, \$1.04; Japan, 58¢; and Spain, 56¢.

5. Footwear imports mean a growing loss of job opportunities in the U.S. footwear manufacturing industry. In 1968, 84,200 job opportunities were lost because of footwear imports. By 1970, imports are expected to eliminate 80,500 job opportunities; and by

1975, they could mean a loss of 168,600 job opportunities in footwear manufacturing.

6. The U.S. footwear manufacturing industry employs many unskilled workers from groups where unemployment is greatest. With a decline in domestic production and employment as imports grow, the industry will offer no opportunities for jobs as critical unemployment problems mount.

7. Industries with much greater growth, equal or better profits, and with less import penetration than footwear have received help (see attached table).

Cotton and steel have voluntary bilateral quotas. Wool apparel and manmade have been promised voluntary quotas by President Nixon. Dairy products, meat and oil have quota programs.

8. The U.S. footwear manufacturing industry is deeply concerned with the unfairness of two trade policies: free trade for industries which have not been able to muster sufficient political power and a protectionist policy for those that have powerful political constituents. This is completely discriminatory and contrary to American ideals of justice and fair play.

Commodity	Growth		Percent increase	Profits (percent)		Market penetration by imports (percent)
	1958	1968		1958	1968	
Gross national product <sup>1</sup> (billions).....	\$447.3	\$860.7	+92.4	4.2	5.0	3.8 <sup>1</sup>
Total industrial products <sup>1</sup> (indexes 1957-59=100).....	193.7	165.3	+76.4	4.2	5.0	3.8 <sup>1</sup>
Steel <sup>2</sup> (Index 1957-59=100).....	87.8	134.6	+53.3	5.4	4.5	16.7 <sup>3</sup>
Textile mill products (indexes of products 1957-59=100).....	94.3	151.3	+60.4	11.6	3.1	
Apparel and related products (indexes of products 1957-59=100).....	95.3	149.9	+57.3	11.0	2.4	Cotton apparel: 8.1 <sup>3</sup> Wool apparel: 7.5 <sup>3</sup>
Manmade fibers <sup>2</sup> (indexes of products 1957-59=100).....	89.6	365.0	+307.4	(?)	(?)	4.4 <sup>3</sup>
All footwear (millions of pairs).....	587.1	645.9	+10.0	7.2	3.2	21.4 <sup>3</sup>
Shoes except slippers (millions of pairs).....	516.5	539.0	+4.4	(?)	(?)	

<sup>1</sup> Economic Report to the President, January 1969.

<sup>2</sup> Survey of Current Business.

<sup>3</sup> NFMA estimates based on U.S. Department of Agriculture and U.S. Department of Commerce official statistics.

<sup>4</sup> Federal Reserve Board.

<sup>5</sup> Not available.

<sup>6</sup> Current Industrial Reports, "Shoes and Slippers," U.S. Department of Commerce.

<sup>7</sup> NFMA survey of 125 representative footwear manufacturers.

<sup>8</sup> Preliminary.

**NEW ENGLAND SHOE PLANTS CLOSED DUE TO IMPORTS**

Companies which have ceased operations due to "imports competition," published in the trade papers:

**Sanford Shoe Company.**—Sanford, Maine, Subsidiary of A. Sander Company. "We can't compete successfully . . . because of the tremendous volume of imports."

**Fronia Shoe Company.**—Martin & Tickells Shoe Co.—Dover, N.H. "Closed plant due to imports."

**Dartmouth Shoe Company.**—Brockton, Massachusetts. "Shut down due to influx of imports."

**Pittsfield Shoe Company.**—Newmarket, New Hampshire plant. "Closing due to drop in orders because of heavy imports."

**David Shoe Company.**—Lynn, Massachusetts. Forced to liquidate company because "we just can't compete with imports any longer, especially from the Orient . . . Five years ago there were probably six or seven factories in New England, making our grade shoes. Today, with our closing, there aren't any left."

**Shapiro Bros. Shoe Co.**—Auburn, Maine. In closing its volume factory the Shapiro spokesman said "Imports forced us to close our second plant." This company continues

to operate its Lo Sarge Footwear Corporation subsidiary plant producing women's branded shoes retailing between \$15 and \$20.

**Caswell Shoes, Inc.**—Lynn, Massachusetts. Note: This company closed May 9, 1969 and no statement has as yet appeared been published. This company's Montclare Shoe Division liquidated its operations late in 1968.

MAY 21, 1969

THE PRESIDENT,  
The White House,  
Washington, D.C.

DEAR MR. PRESIDENT: The undersigned have become acutely aware of the intensive foreign competition now facing the United States shoe manufacturing industry. We are particularly interested in this industry because of its high labor content. There are over 1,100 factories located in over 600 communities—the vast majority of which are small towns where shoe manufacturing is the major source of income and employment. There are already signs of the damage which has been done to medium and small manufacturers—the backbone of this employment.

The full magnitude of this problem and the threat which it presents is apparent and becoming increasingly severe. In the first half of 1969 seven New England shoe factories closed, with imports an important factor in each case. Evidence indicates that there will be more. Total imports of foreign leather shoes (non-rubber) which entered the United States in 1968 were over 36 percent greater than in 1967. Since 1960 shoe imports have increased by 600 percent. Imports equalled almost 28 percent of the total domestic production in 1968. We have every reason to believe that, if unchecked, this rate of increase in shoe imports will continue to absorb the industry's growth in domestic footwear production and will continue to cause a loss of job opportunities for American shoe workers.

This problem is of immediate and critical proportions. We therefore, respectfully ask that you take steps to enter into negotiations with principal foreign supplying nations directed toward the establishment of voluntary import limitations so that both now and in the future the shoe manufacturing industry of the United States may continue as a healthy and viable segment of our economy. To quote Secretary Stans in a different although related context, "we do not seek to close our market. We do seek to establish some order in the marketing process that will permit all suppliers, foreign and domestic, to share equitably in the growing demand."

Sincerely,

**CRISIS IN MILITARY LAWYER RANKS**

(Mr. PIRNIE asked and was given permission to extend his remarks at this point in the RECORD and to include extraneous matter.)

Mr. PIRNIE. Mr. Speaker, as I indicated in remarks on May 12, the dawn of a new day is fast approaching as far as the legal rights of our service men and women are concerned. An August 1, the Military Justice Act of 1968 becomes effective. On that date military lawyers around the world will take on the new, more demanding responsibilities of providing counsel at nearly every stage of pretrial and trial proceedings required by this landmark act. To fully meet the letter and spirit of this law, approximately 800 additional military lawyers will be necessary.

I have introduced legislation—H.R. 4296—to insure that the military services will have enough experienced lawyers to

do the job properly. The Department of Defense is reported to be reviewing many other areas where alleged officer specialty shortages exist and I recently read that an alternative approach to my bill will be offered by the Department. Last week's Army Times lead editorial entitled "Officer VRB" outlines some of the developments which have been and are presently taking place about this subject. I think it will be of interest to my colleagues. The editorial follows:

OFFICER VRB

The Pentagon is warming up to an officer bonus system that would parallel, in most respects, the enlisted variable re-up bonus (VRB) program. The basic idea is that as a severe shortage of a particular officer job group threatens, or develops, the Pentagon would offer a VRB-type bonus to certain officers in that skill, to remain longer in service.

With Defense's approval, each service would offer bonuses, within limits, to the groups it felt were the most critical. When the manning situation eased enough, the faucet would be turned off—no more bonuses in that particular skill, at least for a while.

What it amounts to is an extension to officers generally of the kind of authority already provided to medical officers through their special bonus. Similar authority also is about to be provided Navy's nuclear submarine officers.

A special bonus bill taking care of the latter group is awaiting Senate action.

Rep. Alexander Pirnie (R.-N.Y.) has been pushing for extra money and credit for JAGs and other military officers who have spent several years and considerable expense acquiring advanced degrees.

His drive is credited with interesting the Pentagon in considering the broader approach—that is, to base the bonus payments on each service's job needs and let the military decide which groups should receive bonuses.

Congress may not like the idea of granting such broad authority, but it did it in the enlisted VRB program. And it is the only feasible way to do it.

The bonus idea, though certainly not a cure-all for all retention woes, apparently has produced some modest improvements in retention in skills where it has been turned on. It has not been shut off in enough of them, however, to provide a good reading on what happens when it is withdrawn.

In any event, the basic idea of an officer VRB seems sound and we hope the government firms it up.

I am very pleased that the Department of Defense is finally giving serious thought to this problem. However, I want to emphasize that while I am certainly interested in seeing all the retention problems of the services solved, I have not in any way relinquished my belief that H.R. 4296 represents the best approach to the lawyer retention problem. We must be wary of the oversimplified comparison of apples and oranges. What is necessary to retain junior submarine officers for example, may not be the correct approach to the lawyer retention problem. I am not very enthusiastic about applying a one-time, limited discretionary bonus plan to all the situations needing attention. On the other hand, if the Department feels that a general approach is more desirable, I will give it objective consideration and support it provided it is truly responsive to the JAG retention problem.

As I indicated earlier, the effective date of the "Military Justice Act of 1968," namely August 1, is close at hand.

SOMETHING OLD; NOTHING NEW;  
MOST OF IT BORROWED, AND  
WE'RE ALL BLUE

(Mr. PODELL asked and was given permission to extend his remarks at this point in the RECORD and to include extraneous matter.)

Mr. PODELL. Mr. Speaker, it is with sadness that I note a lack of initiative on the part of our Government in terms of making the first move in Vietnam. Eagerly I awaited President Nixon's most recent pronouncement, only to find out that I have heard this song before, played on a similar instrument by a different musician. Clearly the message came across to my own ear, and the music does not cast its spell. So I shall answer it with another familiar refrain.

Our cities are choking and collapsing in upon themselves. Traffic grows worse and pollution heightens everywhere. Mass transit is starving for Federal funds. Our water is foul and our air noxious with pollution and filth. Housing in the cities is bad and getting worse. All the while, the President is carving apart every basic program aimed at aiding us in our struggle against these evils. Urban guerrilla warfare in our cities looms as a distinct possibility. We do not require an ABM, main battle tank or advance manned strategic aircraft. We want and must have tax reform, antipollution programs, low-cost housing, aid to mass transit, and a total reversal of social priorities nationally. Most of all, we do not need 542,000 troops in Vietnam. It is the established opinion of many observers, including military attachés of friendly foreign states on the spot, that we could withdraw upward of 50,000 troops without harming our military effort there. This would be a beginning, as well as a moneysaver. Simultaneously, we would serve notice upon our opponents that we are ready to and will take the initiative toward peace. When one discovers that construction units are building massive movie theaters, we can understand what is really going on.

Our substance should be spent here at home rather than abroad in the quicksand of an Asian war. I am sick unto death of militarism and all its works, particularly its technical failures in the name of national defense. I am disgusted with an establishment which prattles of patriotism as it lacks the courage to enforce contracts when military contractors fail to perform.

How many times have these gentlemen trooped up to Capitol Hill, whining their tired old excuses about victory being just around the corner, as they hide latest casualty lists in some convenient rat-hole? How many times has this Congress blindly fallen into line and agreed to vote them sums which have been torn from the toll of the mass of our people? How many more times will we supinely allow these honorable men to assassinate truth so they can keep the money for

Mars, god of war, flowing freely? The god of war is a harsh master, indeed. He is more demanding of his slaves than any narcotics pusher. He demands ever more of our substance to be shoveled frenziedly into his gaping, voracious maw.

Blindly we obey, pouring the struggled-for fruits of our labor down his insatiable throat. Fed in this manner and bursting with new energy, he stalks our land and our world, sword in hand, always demanding fresh sacrifices. And we feed him, washing our hands afterward and calling it patriotism, victory, and noble sacrifice.

Death and pestilence match Mars stride for stride and portion for portion. Sorrow and heartbreak are their out-riders. Where they walk, there is no peace. Where they touch, there is no life. Where they pass, there is no happiness.

Is this the America my forebears loved and came to as a haven? Is it America the golden and America the adored? Is it America the shining light to the world?

In the past, that America shunned the embrace of these macabre figures as it shunned dictatorship, militarism, and censorship. Now we eagerly leap forward to clasp them to our national bosoms, so we may partake of their bounty. Graves, agony, and shame are our lot, and I, for one, will have no more part in it. I shall not abide such a horror any longer. It is time for President Nixon to start acting as a statesman and lover of peace. Let the withdrawals begin.

THE SURTAX HOAX

(Mr. PODELL asked and was given permission to extend his remarks at this point in the RECORD and to include extraneous matter.)

Mr. PODELL. Mr. Speaker, the administration has come before the tax-writing committee of this House, requesting an extension of the income tax surcharge for another year. I see no reason why we should continue to load down America's lower- and middle-income taxpayers with this obnoxious extra tax, particularly in light of another option available to us, meaningful tax reform. Such reform would make enough revenue available to the Federal Government to replace that lost through abolition of the surcharge.

How ludicrous to squeeze people further for expenditures which are increasingly being funneled into arms spending at the cost of domestic demands. How self-defeating to turn our backs completely upon a national outcry for tax reform. From every corner of the Nation these voices are heard with greater clarity and urgency. People want to see loopholes now making a mockery of our tax system closed in the faces of the few who are profiting by them at expense of all the Nation.

Instead of moving forward in this area, we are presented with the spectacle of highest authority requesting continuation of our most unfair tax. Millionaires

still pay no taxes in too many cases. Why? Because no provision has been made for minimum tax. The oil depletion allowance daily bleeds the average American white. Individual oil companies thumb their corporate noses at our tax laws through domestic and foreign depletion allowances. So while the average wage earner pays and pays, including the 10-percent surcharge, oil companies write off for domestic tax purposes 27½ percent of all oil they produce overseas.

And these new directions Mr. Nixon so often lectured us about during his campaign? As I panted under the effect of his eloquence, I expected more than this. Let us be charitable and apply a heavy cosmetic coating to motives. Yet at the same time, let us not lose this golden opportunity to aid the "Forgotten American." Mr. Nixon spoke of so often when he ran for the Presidency. That "Forgotten American" is paying appalling taxes, and continuing the surcharge while denying him tax relief he is demanding, is worse than the same old thing. Instead of unloading part of his burden, Mr. Nixon proposes to whip him harder.

Mr. Speaker, we have studied tax reform until there is print on our eyeballs. We know what is wrong and how to correct it. We are aware of how unnecessary the surcharge is in the face of our choice of tax reform. At long last we have a chance to do something our people desperately want. What are we going to do?

It is intriguing to note that the administration and its champions are much taken with honesty and morality in the name of the people. They charge through already open doors with fierce, virtuous shouts. Well, here is a living, breathing challenge to their reform instincts. Will they take an easy way out in the form of continuing the surcharge? Or will these ardent champions of virtue and justice do something for people they are so eager to protect from various ghosties and ghoulies and things that go "boomp" in the Capitol. Crying virtue is one thing. Changing an evil situation is another.

Tax reform is what is called for, and we can begin with total abolition of the oil depletion allowance, both domestic and foreign. Let us give people of our cities some tax relief, and let the oil barons weep their crocodile tears to the wall. Let them offer feeble excuses and loose salvos of pliable statistics to a new walling wall, with no loopholes in it. Let us see what Mr. Nixon does now.

#### LIMITATION ON FARM LOSS DEDUCTIONS

(Mr. SCHWENGEL asked and was given permission to extend his remarks at this point in the Record and to include extraneous matter.)

Mr. SCHWENGEL, Mr. Speaker, during recent months, the House Committee on Ways and Means has been engaged in a serious and much needed study of the Federal tax structure. The committee is to be commended for such an arduous undertaking. Now, everyone is anxious to see the type of reform bill that the committee will report.

One measure that must be included in any overall reform program is the curtailment or, hopefully, the complete abolition of the tax gimmick whereby wealthy individuals and corporations are able to set up farm and ranch operations purely for tax reduction purposes. These high-income taxpayers are able to manipulate their activities so that they will be able to report large farm losses as offsets to their nonfarm income. These are not genuine economic losses but rather manipulated losses which enable them to take advantage of the tax laws.

In order to insure a stop to this type of willful manipulation, I have cosponsored H.R. 8952, which several other Congressmen and I introduced on March 13, 1969. Although other bills have been introduced in order to correct this abuse, it is my belief that H.R. 8952 is the proposal that most clearly merits consideration and passage.

An examination of the general provisions of the bill, and the objectives of the bill, show conclusively why I believe that my approach is more adequate than other proposals.

Mr. Speaker, H.R. 8952 provides generally that, for taxpayers who are not engaged in the business of farming as their principal business activity, the deductions attributable to farming may not exceed the gross income from farming. If the individual has his principal residence on the farm, he may deduct his losses up to the amount of his gross income from the farm, and royalties from property on which the taxpayer's farming operations are conducted.

An individual is deemed to be engaged in farming as his principal business if the net income from farming in the 3 preceding years—or so many of such preceding years as the taxpayer was engaged in farming—is at least two-thirds of his total net income for those years.

I fully realize that certain circumstances require some deviation from general rules. H.R. 8952 takes such circumstances into account. The bill does not disallow any deductions attributable to: First, drought, flood, hail or other abnormal weather conditions, disease, fire, storm, other casualty, or theft; second, research or experimental farming operations sponsored by the Federal or State department of agriculture or agricultural school; and third, to farming operations of egg or broiler production.

Also, a temporary exemption from the application of the bill is provided for a farming enterprise if it is acquired from a decedent or by foreclosure, or if it is part of an estate that had been used principally for farming by the decedent. This exemption of a few years will allow the taxpayer who acquires the business an opportunity either to sell the business or put it on a profitmaking basis.

H.R. 8952 does not set forth specific statutory language dealing with taxpayers engaged in more than one farming enterprise, or to a business of farming carried on by a partnership or small business corporation. The bill provides that these situations should be governed

by regulations set forth by the Secretary of the Treasury. However, the bill requires that the regulations must provide that income and deductions of a partnership or small business corporation shall be treated as the income and deductions of the partners or shareholders.

The bill applies to taxable years beginning after 1969.

What are some of the serious consequences of allowing the wealthy to continue reducing their taxes by charging off farm losses against nonfarm income?

Other taxpayers must bear a heavier part of the tax burden necessary for financing the operation of the Government. Other economic and social distortions result. The most adverse of these is the resulting distortion in the farm economy.

As a result of an unwarranted tax benefit, wealthy individuals are able to undercut the ordinary farmer or rancher and make it more difficult for him to obtain a favorable price for his products. Moreover, these high income individuals bid up the price of farmland and ranchland. This creates additional cost to the ordinary farmer or rancher who wishes to buy land for legitimate agricultural purposes.

Individual income tax returns show that the losses incurred by farm businesses increase substantially relative to profits for taxpayers in the high income groups. For example, according to preliminary Internal Revenue Service data for 1967, individuals with incomes up to \$20,000 had net profits of \$4.9 billion and losses of \$1.8 billion. Thus, for these income classes, profits were three times larger than losses. But when we look at taxpayers having incomes over \$100,000, we see that profits were only about a fourth as much as losses. Profits amounted to \$25.6 million and losses \$93.4 million. Moreover, there were 4,363 taxpayers with incomes over \$100,000 that incurred farm losses compared with only 1,304 individuals in the same income brackets that reported farm profits. If we look at nonfarm businesses, we see the reverse situation. Individuals in nonfarm business with incomes over \$100,000 had profits six times larger than losses.

It is difficult to believe that individuals in the high-income groups can continue to incur substantial farm losses year after year while other businesses are substantially more successful.

Large-scale advertisements and other literature that discuss how wealthy individuals can save money by incurring losses in farm operations are further evidence that the farm loss deduction is used as a lucrative loophole by the high-income individual. It is not fair to other heavily burdened taxpayers to allow this tax avoidance to continue. H.R. 8952 is designed to eliminate this inequity from the tax structure.

As I already mentioned, other bills have been introduced to eliminate or reduce the opportunity of wealthy taxpayers to use the farm loss deduction for tax-saving purposes. One leading proposal would place a dollar limit on the

deduction of the farm loss against non-farm income. It would further exempt from the bill taxpayers who use the accrual method of accounting as opposed to the cash method of accounting. This proposal, however, would have the effect of compelling many taxpayers who are not now abusing the law to adopt the

more complex accrual method of accounting.

The Treasury Department has also set forth a recommendation in its April 22 statement before the House Committee on Ways and Means. I welcome the recognition by the Treasury Department that the farm loss deduction is abused by high-income individuals and to a growing extent by corporations.

The current Treasury Department proposal is similar to one that was proposed by the administration in 1963 and received widespread opposition. It failed then to be recommended by the House Ways and Means Committee. It has several weaknesses. It would apply to legitimate farmers and ranchers as well as those abusing the tax laws. It permits the deferral of excess deductions in the taxable year to subsequent years—which provision will certainly enable those who now abuse the deduction to manipulate their accounts and transactions to take advantage of the provision. Third, although it allows deductions for uncontrollable expenses such as for droughts, these expenses will have the effect of reducing the maximum amount of other allowable deductions by legitimate farmers and ranchers in subsequent years.

In conclusion, I would like to say that it is obvious that certain taxpayers in high-income groups and also some corporations have invested in farming and ranching operations solely for purposes of deriving tax benefits. This has been recognized by the Treasury Department, many Congressmen, legitimate farm organizations, and others. Various proposals have been made to correct this type of abuse. All of these proposals have their merits. However, H.R. 8952, which I have cosponsored, and the comparable Senate bill (S. 1560), which my distinguished colleague from Iowa, Senator JACK MILLER, introduced, constitutes, I believe, the best approach to halting the abuse. I earnestly hope the Committee on Ways and Means recognizes the superiority of these bills and recommends a similar approach in its forthcoming tax reform package. If not, I hope the Congress will take immediate and appropriate action.

#### TAX REFORM

(Mr. MILLER of Ohio asked and was given permission to extend his remarks at this point in the RECORD and to include extraneous matter.)

Mr. MILLER of Ohio. Mr. Speaker, tax reform is one of the major movements developing in this session of Congress. The Federal tax laws have not been extensively reviewed or revised since 1954. The mail received by most Members will attest to the mounting indignation ex-

pressed all over the country about the loopholes and inequities that permit many wealthy people to pay minimal or no taxes at all, while lower- and middle-income groups carry most of the tax burden.

The Committee on Ways and Means has just completed extensive hearings on tax reform. These hearings have disclosed abuses of the exemptions granted to large educational and charitable foundations. Also illuminated were the inequities of tax-sheltered trust funds, farm-loss deductions from other profitable enterprises, and exorbitant charitable deduction provisions. All of these devices operate to the advantage of the wealthy and increase the tax load on the average wage or salary earning family and small businessman.

We must make our system of collecting taxes as fair, simple, and equitable as possible. We must restore public confidence in the fairness of the tax structure. There should be nothing partisan about a more equitable tax system. The Nation is demanding action on this important matter.

#### COMMENCEMENT ADDRESS BY SENATOR MARLOW W. COOK

(Mr. CARTER asked and was given permission to extend his remarks at this point in the RECORD and to include extraneous matter.)

Mr. CARTER. Mr. Speaker, I would like to recognize the comments of the junior Senator from Kentucky, Hon. MARLOW W. COOK, during a commencement address given to Bellarmine College, Louisville, Ky.

His speech was interesting and quite stimulating and, I think, is worthy of attention and study by the Members of the House.

COMMENCEMENT ADDRESS BY SENATOR MARLOW W. COOK AT THE BELLARMINI COLLEGE COMMENCEMENT, LOUISVILLE, KY., MAY 14, 1969

On this, the day you bid farewell to this institution of your choosing I am confident that you are thinking back of your four years here, of both the good times and the bad times, the successes and the opportunities lost, the men or women you have known including those you are about to marry and those you will only occasionally think of again, the courses you have excelled in and those you barely passed or worse. In a way I hesitate to interrupt the nostalgia of the moment but the issues of the day require that I bring you to the present and beyond, to examine the future of our nation and its institutions, in particular the college campus.

All around us authority is being challenged. This includes the previously accepted omnipotence of the family, the church, the government and most dramatically the university, where the challenge to authority has most blatantly crossed the boundary between peaceful protest and violent disruption. And it is therefore to this institution that we should direct our examination today. Exploring the sources of discontent and recommending some remedial course of action would seem to be in order on a commencement day such as this.

As we all know, student unrest is not solely an American phenomenon. In recent years England, Germany, Italy, Spain, Mexico and

Japan have experienced such uneasiness and for decades students in Latin America have, at times, even brought down governments. Since we cannot assume that students all over the world are irrational, violent creatures which is, of course, ridiculous, then it is necessary to attempt to uncover the causes of discontent. This is required before we can make a rational judgment as to how to deal with them. Let us examine some of these sources of unrest.

To many students the source is inextricably intertwined with the course of the Vietnam war into which we plunged ourselves, against the warnings of many about the consequences of involvement in Asian land wars. There is a widespread feeling throughout the land not only among the student generation but others as well, that the war was not only conceived in bad military advice but has been nurtured to a position of support for a corrupt government which is pitted against the egalitarian demands of its people. The years of death and destruction have painted a vivid picture for the American people—a picture of over 30,000 American boys who have died. These lives were lost, many feel, in support of a government which opposes not only the NLF, which is certainly justifiable, but which even more vigorously opposes and suppresses the leaders of the vast middle group in South Vietnam which opposes both the minority on the Left—the NLF—and the minority on the Right—the Saigon government. The reason the war will not and cannot be won in a military sense is as Doctor George Wald put it, "The Vietnamese have a secret weapon. It's their willingness to die beyond our willingness to kill." But the war in itself is a topic of paramount significance which time will not allow me to treat in greater detail today except to say that it has certainly been a major cause of disillusionment and discontent among today's youth.

Another major cause of disillusionment on the campus is the draft. The young man of draft age today thinks of conscription as an institution, a way of life, which he cannot justify and is unable to change. The draft was instituted in 1941 as a temporary emergency measure due to the exigencies of a coming war but has remained with us as an institution. It seems to the students as if we have always had a draft and a large army, but the facts are that it is a relatively new thing. Before World War II our entire armed force consisted of about 139,000 men. We were up to 8 million during the war which was, of course, necessary. But in 1950, even after the internationalist pronouncements of the Truman Administration our forces consisted of only about 600,000 men. And what is the situation today? Three and one half million men are in uniform. However, only 600,000 of these are in Vietnam. Our men are scattered out in remote bases all over the world twiddling their thumbs for lack of anything to do. Our military force must be reduced because as it has been said, as long as we keep an army that big, it will find something to do. Even though I will support interim measures to implement draft reform, a volunteer army is the answer.

Another source of the disillusionment of our youth is the growth of the military establishment which they view as the force behind our ill-advised intervention in Vietnam, our continued escalation of the arms race between ourselves and the Soviet Union, and unjustified continuation of the draft. This excessive military spending offends youthful idealism because it indicates that the priorities of the nation are toward arms and international conflict and away from attempts to deal with domestic injustices. However, I am hopeful that the military establishment will again be relegated to its

proper role in American life. As I said in a speech calling for reduction of the influence of the military establishment several weeks ago I say again today. A number of forces are at work militating against the continuation of our current level of military appropriations. The military establishment, confident of its secure position, has pushed for a number of projects which will be difficult to justify such as the TFX, F-111, AMSA, SST and, of course, the Safeguard ABM. But our society is a great balancer. When any one component becomes too powerful, the other parts turn on it and bring it into line.

Let us now turn from off-campus sources of discontent to the campus where the manifestations of student frustration have been most apparent. I would be the first to admit and I do so publicly today, that not all student grievances have their genesis off the campus. Many legitimate student complaints are being voiced even though they are often lost amidst the tumult of violence and confrontation. The American college is as HEW Secretary Robert Finch described it this week, "More rigid than almost any other institution in our whole society." A columnist has recently argued and I certainly agree that there is surely a connection between the increasingly intense battle to get into college and the subsequent demands for participation in the university decision-making process. There is also an intensified search to determine what should be the role of the university in society. This has especially been the subject of debate at the so-called "elite" colleges. A good example of this is found at Swarthmore where its sensitive, articulate and highly respected president, Courtney Smith, became the first casualty of the war on the campus, dying of a heart attack at the height of a week of student unrest. Doctor Smith had raised the percentage of black enrollment at Swarthmore during his 16 years from virtually nothing to 5% of the total enrollment. He had done this by meticulously adhering to entrance requirements while conducting talent searches around the country for those black students who were qualified for admission.

During the last week of his life he was presented with a number of black student demands calling for actions which would basically change Swarthmore. The demands essentially called for an effort on behalf of the college to increase its numbers of black enrollees, even if standards were not met, thus helping to fulfill what the black group felt was a social obligation to improve the lot of the Negro in America. Doctor Smith knew there were strong arguments on both sides of the proposition. This was a legitimate subject for discussion and subsequent resolution. He and the Dean of Admissions were very much aware of previous criticisms of elitist schools expressed by novelist Peter De Vries when he said,

"Of course they graduate the best—it's all they'll take . . . They will give you an education the way banks will give you money—provided you can prove to their satisfaction that you don't need it."

I cite the Swarthmore experience as one example of a legitimate campus complaint which would be the proper subject for administrative, faculty and student examination on any college. But the real issue, as is often the case, is not the question of ends but of means because, you see, the students at Swarthmore took over the office of the Dean of Admissions and held it for a week.

The black group at Swarthmore is called the Swarthmore Afro-American Students Society—SASS. In singling out a black students group I do not mean to imply that all student militants are black. This is certainly not the case. But the fact remains that the focal point of most campus unrest leading to violence has been over issues dealing with

the black student and his relationship to the university and the society. I only wish these students could have heard or, should I say, would have listened to Justice Thurgood Marshall. The first black man elevated to the Supreme Court and long-time attorney for the NAACP said last week in a commencement address at Dillard College in New Orleans that "Anarchy is anarchy and it makes no difference who practices it. It is bad; it is punishable and it should be punished." He pointed out that the Negro could not look for solutions in sudden, planned action for the sole purpose of getting on television. The Justice said the seeds of anarchy had been planted but that no purpose could be derived from allowing them to be nourished. To the proposition often suggested that violence had dramatized the plight of the black man he answered, okay, but why do it over and over again?"

The fact that there is violence in Vietnam, an unfair draft and improper budgetary priorities in granting the military establishment unlimited resources will not justify a resort to violence by campus minorities. Regardless of the justness of the causes which more moderate students espouse they are lost in the furor and violence fomented by the radical left and will certainly bring reprisal from the predominantly white conservative establishment unless the responsible students, faculty and administrators act to protect their institutions.

What should be the reaction of our government and of our administrators to campus violence? I recommend the following restraints by the federal government and actions by local college officials:

(1) Federal loans or grants should be revoked for students who precipitate campus violence. However, Secretary Finch has made it clear and I agree that such determinations must be made by local college administrators. It is not only administratively impossible but imprudent for HEW to keep a master list of the one and one-half million students who are getting loans or grants. In addition, the federal government is certainly too far from the scene to make decisions about loan or grant terminations.

(2) Along with Secretary Finch, I oppose as dangerous and unwarranted any effort to make the federal government a campus cop. College administrators have telephones and they should have the backbone to call local police should that unfortunate course of action be necessary. This should, of course, be done only as a last resort because it tends to make the radicals even more effective once there are objects of force present at which they can direct their abuse.

(3) A university must not be closed except in an extraordinary emergency. It serves no useful purpose to deny classes to the great majority as a result of the activities of a few.

(4) Each campus should adopt its own anti-weapon rule. Resort to physical violence or use of guns, disruption of classes or the closing of buildings should be met by that degree of force necessary to put it down immediately. However, dissent and peaceful protest must be protected as an integral part of the open atmosphere essential to any college.

(5) Students violating college rules of peaceful participation in the decision-making process, which ought to be adopted by each university, should be irrevocably expelled. The reward for violence must be expulsion from the academic community.

The goals of ending the war, terminating the draft, and reducing the role of the military establishment in our lives are a governmental concern which those of us in Washington should more vigorously seek to achieve. Unfortunately, this will take more time but as we all know impatience is one of the curses of youth, but as long as your

impatience is directed toward alleviating injustice, I share it. You are now and I hope will continue to be, idealistic. I hope I am not too old to have lost all the idealism of youth. You are offended by conditions around you which you feel are the result of a generation which is self-satisfied and cynical about obtaining real progress. To a great extent your feelings are accurate and I agree with them. But to all of you and especially those who have not yet graduated or are going on to graduate school, I hasten to point out that the large portion of the responsibility for preserving our free and open institutions rests upon your shoulders. I implore you not to let the radical few speak for the majority. Do not let the pleas for responsible and necessary change in the colleges be lost in the tumult of shouting and violence. For if you let the few advocates of violence speak for the many who seek to preserve the peaceful intercourse of ideas it will be said of this institution and others as Courtney Smith said of his college, "We have lost something precious at Swarthmore, the feeling that force and disruptiveness are just not our way."

#### LEAVE OF ABSENCE

By unanimous consent, leave of absence was granted to:

Mr. RANDALL (at the request of Mr. ALBERT), for today, on account of official business.

Mr. FOREMAN (at the request of Mr. GERALD R. FORD), for the period May 26 through June 6, 1969, on account of official business with the Committee on Armed Services.

Mr. POLLOCK (at the request of Mr. GERALD R. FORD), for today, on account of official business.

Mr. MESKILL (at the request of Mr. GERALD R. FORD), for today, on account of official business.

#### SPECIAL ORDERS GRANTED

By unanimous consent, permission to address the House, following the legislative program and any special orders heretofore entered, was granted to:

(The following Members (at the request of Mr. SCHERLE); to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous matter:)

Mr. FINDLEY, for 30 minutes, today.

Mr. BIESTER, for 60 minutes, on May 22.

Mr. TALCOTT, for 25 minutes, on Tuesday, May 27.

Mr. LIPSCOMB, for 30 minutes, on May 22.

(The following Members (at the request of Mr. STOKES); to revise and extend their remarks and include extraneous matter:)

Mr. GONZALEZ, for 10 minutes, today.

Mr. FARBERSTEIN, for 20 minutes, on May 22.

#### EXTENSIONS OF REMARKS

By unanimous consent, permission to revise and extend remarks was granted to:

Mr. DULSKI in three instances.

Mr. HECHLER of West Virginia in three instances.

Mr. GROSS following the remarks of Mr. HALL of today on the bill H.R. 11400.

(The following Members (at the re-

quest of Mr. SCHERLE) and to include extraneous matter:)

- Mr. STANTON in three instances.
- Mrs. HECKLER of Massachusetts.
- Mr. MIZE.
- Mr. GUDE in two instances.
- Mr. BLACKBURN.
- Mr. HALL.
- Mr. ASHBROOK in two instances.
- Mr. BUTON.
- Mr. ZWACH.
- Mr. COLLINS in four instances.
- Mr. SCHWENGL in two instances.
- Mr. ESHLEMAN in two instances.
- Mr. LIPSCOMB in two instances.
- Mr. FULTON of Pennsylvania in five instances.
- Mr. BOB WILSON in five instances.
- Mr. FOREMAN.
- Mr. DELLENBACK.
- Mr. MINSHALL in two instances.
- Mr. HALPERN in two instances.
- Mr. PRICE of Texas in two instances.
- Mr. RHODES in five instances.
- Mr. WATSON in two instances.
- Mr. ESCH.
- Mr. BROYHILL of Virginia in two instances.
- Mr. BROWN of Michigan in two instances.
- Mr. BRAY in two instances.
- Mr. MILLER of Ohio in two instances.
- Mr. UTT.
- (The following Members (at the request of Mr. STOKES) and to include extraneous matter:)
- Mr. GIAIMO.
- Mr. KASTENMEIER in three instances.
- Mr. ANDERSON of California in two instances.
- Mr. OTTINGER in two instances.
- Mr. CELLER.
- Mrs. GRIFFITHS.
- Mr. BIAGGI in three instances.
- Mr. GONZALEZ in two instances.
- Mr. KYROS.
- Mr. DOWNING in two instances.
- Mr. RARICK in four instances.
- Mr. PATTEN in two instances.
- Mrs. CHISHOLM.
- Mr. RANDALL in two instances.
- Mr. SCHEUER in three instances.
- Mr. FARBERSTEIN in two instances.
- Mr. HELSTOSKI.
- Mr. MATSUNAGA.
- Mr. HAMILTON in two instances.
- Mr. MOORHEAD in two instances.
- Mr. BYRNE of Pennsylvania.
- Mr. DIGGS in two instances.
- Mr. ANDREWS of Alabama in two instances.
- Mr. ALEXANDER in two instances.
- Mr. STUCKEY.
- Mr. DOWDY in two instances.
- Mr. ROSENTHAL in five instances.
- Mr. RYAN in three instances.
- Mr. STRATTON.
- Mr. MEEDS.
- Mr. DULSKI.
- Mr. ZABLOCKI in two instances.
- Mr. BURTON of California.
- Mr. HAGAN in two instances.
- Mr. NIX.

**SENATE BILLS REFERRED**

Bills of the Senate of the following titles were taken from the Speaker's

table and, under the rule, referred as follows:

- S. 564. An act for the relief of Mrs. Irene G. Queja; to the Committee on the Judiciary.
- S. 620. An act for the relief of Richard Vigil; to the Committee on the Judiciary.
- S. 1888. An act to change the composition of the Commission for Extension of the U.S. Capitol; to the Committee on Public Works.

**ENROLLED BILLS SIGNED**

Mr. FRIEDEL, from the Committee on House Administration, reported that that committee had examined and found truly enrolled bills of the House of the following titles, which were thereupon signed by the Speaker:

- H.R. 2948. An act for the relief of Maria Prescilla Caramanzana;
- H.R. 3464. An act for the relief of Maria Balluado Frasca; and
- H.R. 8188. An act to provide for the striking of medals in commemoration of the 100th anniversary of the founding of the city of Wichita, Kans.

**SENATE ENROLLED BILL SIGNED**

The SPEAKER announced his signature to an enrolled bill of the Senate of the following title:

- S. 256. An act to confer U.S. citizenship posthumously upon L. Cpl. Theodore Daniel Van Staveren.

**BILLS PRESENTED TO THE PRESIDENT**

Mr. FRIEDEL, from the Committee on House Administration, reported that that committee did on this day present to the President, for his approval, bills of the House of the following titles:

- H.R. 2948. An act for the relief of Maria Prescilla Caramanzana;
- H.R. 3464. An act for the relief of Maria Balluado Frasca; and
- H.R. 8188. An act to provide for the striking of medals in commemoration of the 100th anniversary of the founding of the city of Wichita, Kans.

**ADJOURNMENT**

Mr. STOKES. Mr. Speaker, I move that the House do now adjourn. The motion was agreed to; accord-

ingly (at 6 o'clock and 7 minutes p.m.), the House adjourned until tomorrow, Thursday, May 22, 1969, at 12 o'clock noon.

**CONTRACTUAL ACTIONS, CALENDAR YEAR 1968, TO FACILITATE NATIONAL DEFENSE**

The Clerk of the House of Representatives submits the following reports for printing in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD pursuant to section 4(b) of Public Law 85-804:

ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF DEFENSE,  
Washington, D.C., May 17, 1969.

HON. JOHN W. MCCORMACK,  
Speaker of the House of Representatives,  
Washington, D.C.

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: In compliance with Section 4(a) of Public Law 85-804, the calendar year 1968 report on extraordinary contractual actions to facilitate the national defense is transmitted herewith.

Table I shows that 342 contractual actions were approved with a cost to the Government of \$2,870,000, and that 93 actions were disapproved. Included in the number of actions approved are 100 actions for which a potential Government liability cannot be estimated.

Reported also in Table I are 45 actions for the Department of the Army using the authority of Public Law 85-804 to require a standard employee compensation clause in all contracts for construction work at the Cape Kennedy complex. The clause specified various items of compensation based on a Project Stabilization Agreement negotiated by and between the Patrick Air Force Base Contractors Association, the Brevard (Fla.) Building and Construction Trades Council and the Building and Construction Trades Department, AFL-CIO. Adoption of this clause resulted from a determination that adherence to the money provisions of the Project Stabilization Agreement by all contractors and subcontractors performing work at the Patrick Air Force Base and Cape Kennedy complex is desirable in the interest of prompt and orderly performance of construction contracts at these sites.

Table II lists the actions which have an actual or potential cost to the Government of \$50,000 or more. Included in this list are the above mentioned contingent liabilities (Table IIIa) for which a potential dollar cost cannot be estimated.

Sincerely,  
BARRY J. SHILLITO,  
Assistant Secretary of Defense,  
(Installations and Logistics).

TABLE I.—SUMMARY REPORT OF CONTRACTUAL ACTIONS TAKEN PURSUANT TO PUBLIC LAW 85-804 TO FACILITATE THE NATIONAL DEFENSE JANUARY-DECEMBER 1968

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

Department and type of action	Actions approved			Actions denied	
	Number	Amount requested	Amount approved	Number	Amount
Department of defense, total.....	342	\$5,165	\$2,870	93	\$12,053
Amendments without consideration.....	3	1,248	654	29	10,672
Correction of mistakes.....	146	2,958	1,893	61	1,363
Formalization of informal commitments.....	42	959	323	3	18
Contingent liabilities.....	100				
Disposition of property.....	4				
Other.....	47				
Army, total.....	116	2,867	1,415	31	7,472
Amendments without consideration.....	1	600	600	11	6,637
Correction of mistakes.....	33	1,408	553	18	822
Formalization of informal commitments.....	29	859	262	2	13

TABLE I.—SUMMARY REPORT OF CONTRACTUAL ACTIONS TAKEN PURSUANT TO PUBLIC LAW 85-804 TO FACILITATE THE NATIONAL DEFENSE JANUARY-DECEMBER 1968—Continued

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

Department and type of action	Actions approved			Actions denied	
	Number	Amount requested	Amount approved	Number	Amount
Contingent liabilities.....	4				
Disposition of property.....	4				
Other (employee compensation clauses ASPR 18-703.2).....	45				
<b>Navy, total.....</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>\$405</b>	<b>\$370</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>\$1,016</b>
Amendments without consideration.....				3	695
Correction of mistakes.....	23	381	370	10	316
Formalization of informal commitments.....	4	24		1	5
Contingent liabilities.....	74				
<b>Air Force, total.....</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>1,637</b>	<b>927</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>3,001</b>
Amendments without consideration.....	2	648	54	8	2,973
Correction of mistakes.....	28	951	849	10	28
Formalization of informal commitments.....	1	38	24		
Contingent liabilities.....	22				
Other (contract modification or termination).....	2				
<b>Defense Supply Agency, total.....</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>256</b>	<b>158</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>564</b>
Amendments without consideration.....				7	367
Correction of mistakes.....	62	218	121	23	197
Formalization of informal commitments.....	8	38	37		

Source: Office of the Secretary of Defense, Directorate for Statistical Services, May 6, 1969.

TABLE II.—LIST OF CONTRACTUAL ACTIONS WITH ACTUAL OR POTENTIAL COST OF \$50,000 OR MORE TAKEN PURSUANT TO PUBLIC LAW 85-804 TO FACILITATE THE NATIONAL DEFENSE, JANUARY-DECEMBER 1968

Name and location of contractor	Actual or estimated potential cost	Description of product or service	Justification
Amendments without consideration: Army: Electro-Mek Inc., 2700 Nuttman Ave., Fort Wayne, Ind.	\$600,000	Intercommunication sets C-2298/VRC.	The C-2298 control set is an essential component of the VRC/12 radio which is currently used in Southeast Asia. The VRC/12 radio cannot be utilized in an armored vehicle application without this control set as it provides the necessary interlock which permits the radio to be used both for external and internal communications necessary to the control of the movement of the vehicle and the effective use of its firepower. The known requirements for this set during March-July 1968 was 15,847 units of which 8,303 units were required for Southeast Asia. The supply status was zero and the earliest receipt of production from other contractors was July 1968. Without this amendment the company would not have been able to complete its production and the required units would not have been delivered when needed.

TABLE II.—LIST OF CONTRACTUAL ACTIONS WITH ACTUAL OR POTENTIAL COST OF \$50,000 OR MORE TAKEN PURSUANT TO PUBLIC LAW 85-804 TO FACILITATE THE NATIONAL DEFENSE, JANUARY-DECEMBER 1968—Continued

Name and location of contractor	Actual or estimated potential cost	Description of product or service	Justification
Correction of mistakes: Army: The Boeing Co., Vertol Division, 100 Woodland Ave., Morton, Pa.	\$92,923	Repair of airframe components.	The contract contained an option which gave the Government the right to negotiate for an extension on a yearly basis. The supplemental agreement establishing firm labor rates for the 1st year was entered into subsequent to the renewal agreement and the wording did not expressly provide that the firm labor rate agreed to would apply only to the 1st year of the contract. The contracting officer concluded that it established the labor rate for the duration of the contract.
Campeau Tool & Die Co., 31657 Michigan Ave., Wayne, Mich.	68,066	Brake shoe assemblies.....	The contractor submitted his bid on the basis that the item required was in production. He later discovered his bid was in error and requested that the contract be canceled. Because of need for the item the contract was not canceled, but it was ascertained that both the contractor and the Government mistakenly believed that the contractor was currently producing the same item as required under the solicitation. Relief under Public Law 85-804 was granted.
Firth Sterling, Inc., 3113 Forbes Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa., on behalf of Kennedy Van Saun Manufacturing & Engineering Corp.	192,167	APDS-T 105 mm projectiles..	Kennedy Van Saun Manufacturing & Engineering Corp. as a subcontractor for Firth Sterling, Inc., was to supply components for APDS-T 105 mm. projectiles during the period January 1962 through January 1963. From the start of production through December 1962 samples of lots manufactured during the same period were tested and it was found that the projectile did not meet the accuracy requirements desired by the Government. It was mistakenly considered both by KVS and the Government, whose inspectors could not discover the reasons for the inaccuracy, that the fault was attributable to some error in manufacture. In early 1963 it was discovered that the specifications were inadequate. It has been determined that the contractor should be reimbursed for his losses due to inadequate specifications.
Air Force: General Electric Co., Flight Propulsion Division, Cincinnati, Ohio.	707,859	C-5 engines.....	The contract's option prices mistakenly reflected an overhead rate for general and administrative expenses of 7.4 percent instead of the 7.86 percent agreed to by both parties.
Navy: United Aircraft Corp., Pratt & Whitney Aircraft Division, East Hartford, Conn.	50,000	Turbojet aircraft engines.....	The contract is being amended to state that engineering changes to correct deficiencies in design or configuration discovered after completion of all qualification tests required to be conducted by the contractor will be subject to compensation.
Formalization of informal Commitment: Army: St. Louis-San Francisco Railway Co., 3253 East Trafficway, Springfield, Mo.	104,263	Operational railroad switching services at Fort Leonard Wood.	Normal procurement procedures were not available to the procurement office at Fort Leonard Wood at the time the services were required and the contractor performed the switching services without benefit of a formal agreement.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Provisions to indemnify contractors against liabilities on account of claims for death or injury or property damage arising out of nuclear radiation, use of high energy propellants, or other risks not covered by the contractor's insurance program were included in 100 contracts (the potential cost of these liabilities cannot be estimated inasmuch as the liability to the Government, if any, will depend upon the occurrence of an incident as described in the indemnification clause). Items procured are generally those associated with nuclear-powered vessels, nuclear armed guided missiles, experimental work with nuclear energy, handling of explosives or performance in hazardous areas.

TABLE IIa

Name of contractor	Number of contracts		
	Army	Navy	Air Force
Aeromet General Corp.			3
Air America, Inc.			1
Avco Corp.		1	
Bendix Corp.		1	
Boeing Co.			2
California Nuclear, Inc.		1	
General Dynamics Corp.		25	
General Electric Co.		10	
Hercules, Inc.			2
Hughes Aircraft Co.			1
Ingalls Shipbuilding Corp.		1	
Interstate Industrial Uniform.		1	
Litton System, Inc.		1	
Lockheed Aircraft Corp.		5	1
Martin Marietta Corp.			1
Newport News Shipbuilding & Dry-dock Co.		11	
North American Rockwell Corp.		8	7
Northrop Corp.		1	
Ocean Systems, Inc.		1	
Raytheon Co.		2	
Sylvania Electric Products Inc.		1	
Thiokol Chemical Corp.			4
Vitro Corporation of America.		1	
Western Electric Co., Inc.	1		
Westinghouse Electric Corp.		3	
Proposed awards	3		
Total	4	74	22

In addition to the above, indemnification clauses will be inserted into all air transportation contracts entered into by the Military Airlift Command for transportation services to be performed by air carriers which own or control aircraft which have been allocated by the Department of Transportation to the Civil Reserve Air Fleet.

EXECUTIVE COMMUNICATIONS, ETC.

Under clause 2 of rule XXIV, executive communications were taken from the Speaker's table and referred as follows:

790. A letter from the Deputy Assistant Secretary for Administration, Department of Transportation, transmitting a list of the purchases and contracts made by the U.S. Coast Guard under clauses 11 and 16 of section 2304(a) of title 10 of the United States Code during the period November 1, 1968, through April 30, 1969, pursuant to the provisions of 10 U.S.C. 2304(e); to the Committee on Armed Services.

791. A letter from the Assistant Secretary of Defense (Installations and Logistics), transmitting a report on extraordinary contractual actions to facilitate the national defense for 1968, pursuant to the provisions of section 4(a) of Public Law 85-804; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

PUBLIC BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 4 of rule XXII, public bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred as follows:

By Mr. ANDERSON of California:

H.R. 11508. A bill to amend the act of August 27, 1954 (commonly known as the Fishermen's Protective Act), to strengthen the provisions therein relating to the protection of U.S. vessels on the high seas; to the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

By Mr. ANDERSON of Tennessee:

H.R. 11509. A bill to amend the Communications Act of 1934 to establish orderly procedures for the consideration of applications for renewal of broadcast licenses; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

H.R. 11510. A bill to provide for the appointment of an additional district judge for the middle district of Tennessee; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 11511. A bill to provide for the appointment of 69 additional district judges, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. ANNUNZIO:

H.R. 11512. A bill to amend the Small Business Act to make crime protection insurance available to small business concerns; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

By Mr. BIAGGI:

H.R. 11513. A bill to provide for the more efficient development and improved management of national forest commercial timberlands, to establish a high-timber-yield fund, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture.

H.R. 11514. A bill to equalize the retired pay of members of the uniformed services retired prior to June 1, 1958, whose retired pay is computed on laws enacted on or after October 1, 1949; to the Committee on Armed Services.

H.R. 11515. A bill to promote health and safety in the building trades and construction industry in all Federal and federally financed or federally assisted construction projects; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

H.R. 11516. A bill providing for Federal railroad safety; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

By Mr. BROYHILL of Virginia:

H.R. 11517. A bill to amend the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act to include a definition of food supplements, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

By Mr. BYRNE of Pennsylvania:

H.R. 11518. A bill to amend the Communications Act of 1934 to establish orderly procedures for the consideration of applications for renewal of broadcast licenses; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

By Mr. CARTER:

H.R. 11519. A bill to amend section 8332, title 5, United States Code, to provide for the inclusion in the computation of accredited services of certain periods of service rendered States or instrumentalities of States, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. COLLINS:

H.R. 11520. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to encourage the construction of facilities to control water and air pollution by allowing a tax credit for expenditures incurred in constructing such facilities and by permitting the deduction, or amortization over a period of 1 to 5 years, of such expenditures; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

H.R. 11521. A bill to provide for orderly trade in iron ore, iron and steel mill products; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. DAVIS of Georgia:

H.R. 11522. A bill to amend the public assistance provisions of the Social Security Act to require the establishment of nationally uniform minimum standards and eligibility requirements for aid or assistance thereunder; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. DORN:

H.R. 11523. A bill to amend the Railroad Retirement Act of 1937 to provide that men who have attained the age of 62 may retire on a full annuity thereunder upon completion of 30 years of service; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

H.R. 11524. A bill to amend title II of the Social Security Act so as to liberalize the conditions governing eligibility of blind persons to receive disability insurance benefits thereunder; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. EDWARDS of Louisiana:

H.R. 11525. A bill to improve rice inspection; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. FALLON (for himself and Mr. GRAY):

H.R. 11526. A bill to authorize an adequate White House Police force, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Public Works.

By Mr. FISH:

H.R. 11527. A bill to amend chapter 44 of title 18, United States Code, to exempt ammunition from Federal regulation under the Gun Control Act of 1968; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. GOODLING:

H.R. 11528. A bill to adjust agricultural production, to provide a transitional program for farmers, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mrs. GREEN of Oregon:

H.R. 11529. A bill to provide that certain survivor benefits received by a child under public retirement systems shall not be taken into account in determining whether the child is dependent for income tax purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mrs. GRIFFITHS:

H.R. 11530. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code to designate the home of a State legislator for income tax purposes; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. GUBSER:

H.R. 11531. A bill to amend section 8e of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1933, as amended, as reenacted and amended by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, as amended, and as amended by the Agricultural Act of 1961, so as to provide for the extension of the restrictions on imported commodities imposed by such section to imported raisins and prunes; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. HALPERN (for himself, Mr. WYDLER, Mr. McEWEN, Mr. GROVER, Mr. BROOMFIELD, Mr. CORBETT, and Mr. FISH):

H.R. 11532. A bill to clarify and strengthen the cargo-preference laws of the United States, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

By Mr. HALPERN (for himself, Mr. McEWEN, Mr. BROOMFIELD, Mr. CORBETT, Mr. FISH, and Mr. GROVER):

H.R. 11533. A bill to amend the Merchant Marine Act, 1936, to encourage shipbuilding, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

By Mr. HANSEN of Idaho:

H.R. 11534. A bill to amend chapter 1 of part I of title 28, United States Code, to provide that Federal judges shall annually report certain financial interests to the Clerk of the Supreme Court; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. HAWKINS:

H.R. 11535. A bill to provide for the more efficient development and improved management of national forest commercial timberlands, to establish a high-timber-yield fund, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. HELSTOSKI:

H.R. 11536. A bill to amend the Communications Act of 1934 so as to prohibit the granting of authority to broadcast pay television programs; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

By Mr. JOHNSON of Pennsylvania:  
H.R. 11537. A bill to provide for orderly trade in footwear; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. KEE:  
H.R. 11538. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to provide that a portion of the salary of a full-time policeman or other State or local law enforcement officer shall not be subject to the income tax; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. KOCH:  
H.R. 11539. A bill to amend title II of the Social Security Act so as to liberalize the conditions governing eligibility of blind persons to receive disability insurance benefits thereunder; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. KOCH (for himself, Mr. ANDERSON of California, Mr. DIGGS, Mr. DUNCAN, Mr. EDWARDS of California, Mr. GUDE, Mr. MIKVA, Mr. PEPPER, Mr. ROSENTHAL, and Mr. SCHEUER):

H.R. 11540. A bill to provide for the establishment of a Commission on Marihuana; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. LEGGETT:  
H.R. 11541. A bill to provide for the more efficient development and improved management of national forest commercial timberlands, to establish a high-timber yield fund, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. MILLER of California (for himself, Mr. DADDARIO, Mr. FULTON of Pennsylvania, Mr. BELL of California, Mr. DAVIS of Georgia, Mr. MOSHER, WAGGONER, Mr. LUKENS, Mr. BROWN of California, Mr. CABELL, Mr. PODELL, Mr. FUQUA, and Mr. PETTIS):

H.R. 11542. A bill to promote the advancement of science and the education of scientists through a national program of institutional grants to the colleges and universities of the United States; to the Committee on Science and Astronautics.

By Mr. MINSHALL:  
H.R. 11543. A bill to amend the act, entitled "An act to provide for the recognition of the services of the civilian officials and employees, citizens of the United States, engaged in or about the construction of the Panama Canal," approved May 29, 1944, as amended, so as to provide benefits for certain persons not now covered by such act; to the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

By Mr. MOSS (for himself and Mr. DINGELL):

H.R. 11544. A bill to amend the Communications Act of 1934 to prohibit the transfer, assignment, or other disposition of a construction permit granted under that act; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

By Mr. PATMAN:  
H.R. 11545. A bill to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to terminate the credit for investment in certain depreciable property; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. PERKINS:  
H.R. 11546. A bill to establish a national program of assistance to the States with the goal of achieving equalized excellence in schools throughout the Nation over a 10-year period; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

By Mr. PRICE of Texas:  
H.R. 11547. A bill to amend the Consolidated Farmers Home Administration Act of 1961, as amended, to increase the loan limitation on certain loans; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. RIVERS:  
H.R. 11548. A bill to amend title 10, United States Code, to permit naval flight officers to be eligible to command certain naval activities, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Armed Services.

By Mr. ROSENTHAL:  
H.R. 11549. A bill to amend the Fair Packaging and Labeling Act to require the dis-

closure by retail distributors of unit retail prices of packaged consumer commodities, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

By Mr. SCHEUER (for himself, Mr. BUSH, Mr. BUTTON, Mrs. CHISHOLM, Mr. CONABLE, Mr. CONYERS, Mr. DELLENBACK, Mr. DIGGS, Mr. ESCH, Mr. FRASER, Mr. HAWKINS, Mr. LEGGETT, Mr. McCLOSKEY, Mr. MIKVA, Mr. OTTINGER, Mr. PODELL, Mr. ROSENTHAL, Mr. STOKES, Mr. TAFT, and Mr. UDALL):

H.R. 11550. A bill to promote public health and welfare by expanding, improving, and better coordinating the family planning services and population research activities of the Federal Government, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

By Mr. SCHEUER (for himself, Mr. ANDERSON of Illinois, Mr. ASHLEY, Mr. BINGHAM, Mr. BLACKBURN, Mr. BUCHANAN, Mr. COHELAN, Mr. COUGHLIN, Mr. EDWARDS of California, Mr. FISHER, Mr. HAMMERSCHMIDT, Mr. KOCH, Mr. MATSUNAGA, Mrs. MINK, Mr. MIZE, Mr. MOSS, Mr. PRYOR of Arkansas, Mr. REES, Mr. SCHNEEBELL, Mr. THOMPSON of New Jersey, and Mr. WOLD):

H.R. 11551. A bill to promote public health and welfare by expanding, improving, and better coordinating the family planning services and population research activities of the Federal Government, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

By Mr. TEAGUE of California (for himself, Mr. UTT, Mr. MATHIAS, Mr. MOSS, Mr. SMITH of California, and Mr. HOLFIELD):

H.R. 11552. A bill to establish fee programs for entrance to, and use of, areas administered for outdoor recreation and related purposes by the Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Agriculture, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interior and Insular Affairs.

By Mr. TIERNAN:  
H.R. 11553. A bill to amend title II of the Social Security Act to increase from \$1,680 to \$2,400 (or \$3,600 in the case of a widow with minor children) the amount of outside earnings permitted each year without deductions from benefits thereunder; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. VANIK (for himself, Mr. CHAPPELL, Mr. FEIGHAN, Mr. GAYDOS, Mr. KLUCZYNSKI, Mr. MINISH, and Mr. PEPPER):

H.R. 11554. A bill to amend title II of the Social Security Act to provide a 15-percent across-the-board increase in monthly benefits, with subsequent cost-of-living increases in such benefits and a minimum primary benefit of \$80; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. WATSON:  
H.R. 11555. A bill to amend title 18 and title 28 of the United States Code with respect to the trial and review of criminal actions involving obscenity, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. WOLD:  
H.R. 11556. A bill to provide for the more efficient development and improved management of national forest commercial timberlands, to establish a high-timber-yield fund, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture.

H.R. 11557. A bill to amend the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 so as to permit donations of surplus property to public museums; to the Committee on Government Operations.

By Mr. YATRON:  
H.R. 11558. A bill to provide for the issuance of a commemorative postage stamp in honor of Anthony Sadowski; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

H.R. 11559. A bill to amend title 38 of the United States Code to provide that certain

income from private retirement, annuity, endowment, and similar plans and programs be excluded in computing the annual income of certain pensioners under chapter 15 of such title; to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs.

By Mr. ADDABBO:  
H.R. 11560. A bill to provide for the more efficient development and improved management of national forest commercial timberlands, to establish a high-timber-yield fund, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. BIAGGI:  
H.R. 11561. A bill to amend the Communications Act of 1934 so as to prohibit the granting of authority to broadcast pay television programs; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

By Mr. BRAY:  
H.R. 11562. A bill to improve and clarify certain laws affecting the Coast Guard Reserve; to the Committee on Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

By Mr. BROWN of Michigan:  
H.R. 11563. A bill to amend the Export Control Act of 1949; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

By Mr. CONYERS:  
H.R. 11564. A bill to provide for the more efficient development and improved management of national forest commercial timberlands, to establish a high-timber-yield fund, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture.

H.R. 11565. A bill to provide for the District of Columbia an elected Mayor, City Council, Board of Education, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

H.R. 11566. A bill to amend the National Labor Relations Act to make its provisions applicable to public and private hospitals; to the Committee on Education and Labor.

H.R. 11567. A bill to amend title 18, United States Code, by repealing chapter 102 (the antiriot provisions) thereof; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 11568. A bill to reclassify certain positions in the postal field service, and for other purposes; to the Committee of Post Office and Civil Service.

H.R. 11569. A bill to amend the Federal Employees Health Benefits Act of 1959 to provide that the entire cost of health benefits under such act shall be paid by the Government; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

H.R. 11570. A bill to amend subchapter III of chapter 83 of title 5, United States Code, relating to civil service retirement, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

H.R. 11571. A bill to provide for improved employee-management relations in the postal service, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Post Office and Civil Service.

By Mr. DULSKI:  
H.R. 11572. A bill to amend the act, entitled "An act to promote the safety of employees and travelers upon railroads by limiting the hours of service of employees thereon," approved March 4, 1907; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

H.R. 11573. A bill providing for Federal railroad safety; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

By Mr. JOHNSON of Pennsylvania:  
H.R. 11574. A bill to provide for the orderly expansion of trade in manufactured products; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MOSS:  
H.R. 11575. A bill to repeal title II of the Internal Security Act of 1950, relating to emergency detention of suspected security risks; to the Committee on Internal Security.

By Mr. PODELL (for himself, Mr. ADDABBO, Mr. JACOBS, Mr. BRASCO, Mr. KOCH, Mr. HASTINGS, Mr. ADAMS, Mr. BINGHAM, Mr. CONYERS, Mrs. CHISHOLM, Mr. LOWENSTEIN, Mr. FISE, Mr. HALPERN, Mr. O'HARA, Mr. BRADE-

MAS, Mr. HATHAWAY, Mr. HECHLER, of West Virginia, Mrs. HECKLER of Massachusetts, Mr. HELSTOSKI, Mr. JOELSON, Mr. REES, Mr. KARTH, Mr. SYMINGTON, Mr. KYROS, and Mr. GIAIMO):

H.R. 11576. A bill to amend the Legislative Reorganization Act of 1946 to provide for annual reports to the Congress by the Comptroller General concerning certain price increases in Government contracts and certain failures to meet Government contract completion dates; to the Committee on Government Operations.

By Mr. WOLFF:

H.R. 11577. A bill to establish the Federal Medical Evaluations Board to carry out the functions, powers, and duties of the Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare relating to the regulation of biological products, medical devices, and drugs, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

By Mr. ANDERSON of Tennessee:

H.J. Res. 734. Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States relative to equal rights for men and women; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. BRAY:

H.J. Res. 735. Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States relative to equal rights for men and women; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mrs. CHISHOLM:

H.J. Res. 736. Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States relative to equal rights for men and women; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. HAMILTON:

H.J. Res. 737. Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States relative to equal rights for men and women; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. ROSENTHAL:

H.J. Res. 738. Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States relative to equal rights for men and women; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. MINISH:

H. Con. Res. 274. Concurrent resolution expressing the sense of the Congress with respect to the production and distribution in interstate and foreign commerce of motion pictures and television programs which degrade or demean racial, religious, or ethnic groups; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

By Mr. FARBERSTEIN:

H. Res. 421. Resolution to provide for the emigration of Iraqi Jews; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

### MEMORIALS

Under clause 4 of rule XXII, memorials were presented and referred as follows:

181. By Mr. ALBERT: Memorial of the 32d Oklahoma Legislature memorializing the Congress of the United States to refer a proposed amendment to the U.S. Constitution authorizing the several States to establish residency requirements for welfare recipients within their boundaries; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

182. By the SPEAKER: Memorial of the Legislature of the State of Hawaii, relative to transferring the Federal food stamp program for the Department of Agriculture to the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare; to the Committee on Agriculture.

183. Also, memorial of the Legislature of the State of Hawaii, relative to establishing a veterans' home in the State of Hawaii; to the Committee on Veteran's Affairs.

### PRIVATE BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS

Under clause 1 of rule XXII, private bills and resolutions were introduced and severally referred as follows:

By Mr. LEGGETT:

H.R. 11578. A bill for the relief of Patricia Hiro Williams; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. MINISH:

H.R. 11579. A bill for the relief of Domenica Alampo; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. PUCINSKI:

H.R. 11580. A bill for the relief of Miss Athina Hatzivasiliou; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

H.R. 11581. A bill for the relief of Mr. and Mrs. Michel Stylianou; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. FEIGHAN:

H. Res. 422. Resolution opposing the granting of permanent residence in the United States to certain aliens; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

### REGULATION OF LOBBYING ACT

In compliance with Public Law 601, 79th Congress, title III, Regulation of Lobbying Act, section 308(b), which provides as follows:

(b) All information required to be filed under the provisions of this section with the Clerk of the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate shall be compiled by said Clerk and Secretary, acting jointly, as soon as practicable after the close of the calendar quarter with respect to which such information is filed and shall be printed in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD.

The Clerk of the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate jointly submit their report of the compilation required by said law and have included all registrations and quarterly reports received.

### QUARTERLY REPORTS

The following reports for the fourth calendar quarter of 1968 were received too late to be included in the published reports for that quarter:

A. Actors' Equity Association, 165 West 46th Street, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$2,500. E. (9) \$2,500.

A. Ad Hoc Committee of the Construction Industry Advancement Funds, 1016 20th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. AFL-CIO Maritime Committee, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$1,500. E. (9) \$11,567.12.

A. Air Traffic Control Association, Inc., Suite 409, Arba Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Nicholas E. Allen and Merrill Armour, 444 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.  
B. Music Operators of America, Inc., 228 North LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.

A. The American Beekeeping Federation, Minco, Okla.  
D. (6) \$3,314.92. E. (9) \$3,269.39.

A. The American College of Radiology, 20 North Wacker Drive, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$1,399.92. E. (9) \$1,399.92.

A. American Dental Association, 211 East Chicago Avenue, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$4,360.26. E. (9) \$4,360.26.

A. American Humane Association, 5351 Roslyn Street, Englewood, Colo.  
E. (9) \$1,500.

A. The American Legion, 700 North Pennsylvania Street, Indianapolis, Ind.  
D. (6) \$227.99. E. (9) \$33,481.84.

A. American Merchant Marine Institute, Inc., 11 Broadway, New York, N.Y.  
E. (9) \$2,064.64.

A. American Mutual Insurance Alliance, 20 North Wacker Drive, Chicago, Ill.  
E. (9) \$340.

A. American Nurses' Association, Inc., 10 Columbus Circle, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$9,612.74. E. (9) \$9,612.74.

A. American Society of Consulting Planners, 1815 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$2,250.

A. William C. Anderson, 425 13th Street, NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 1000 Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$1,729.17. E. (9) \$25.88.

A. Robert E. Ansheles, 1028 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Consolidated International Trading Corp., 180 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$400. E. (9) \$98.30.

A. Arnold & Porter, 1229 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Record Industry Association of America, Inc., 1 East 57th Street, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$4,166.66. E. (9) \$179.42.

A. The Arthritis Foundation, 1212 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N.Y.  
E. (9) \$1,219.16.

A. Association of Mutual Fund Plan Sponsors, Inc., 50 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$32,443.25. E. (9) \$20,523.67.

A. A. V. Atkinson, 1925 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Communications Workers of America, 1925 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$4,540.21.

A. Davis M. Batson, 611 Madison Office Building, Washington, D.C.

B. The Ethyl Corp., 611 Madison Office Building, Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$900.

A. Mrs. Dita Davis Beard, 1707 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. International Telephone & Telegraph Corp., 1707 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$1,110. E. (9) \$1,585.

A. Lowell R. Beck, 1819 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The Urban Coalition Action Council, 1819 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$37.50.

A. Daniel S. Bedell, 1126 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. International Union, United Automobile Aerospace & Agricultural Implement Workers of America, 8000 East Jefferson Avenue, Detroit, Mich.  
D. (6) \$2,065. E. (9) \$495.30.

A. Helen W. Berthelot, 1925 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Communications Workers of America, 1925 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$4,592.88.

A. Andrew J. Biemiller, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Federation of Labor and Congress of Industrial Organizations, Federation of Trades and Labor Unions, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$6,230. E. (9) \$273.60.

A. Joel D. Blackmon, 910 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. International Mailers Union, 2240 Bell Court, Denver, Colo.

A. C. B. Blankenship, 1925 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Communications Workers of America, 1925 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$4,647.26.

A. Rev. Eugene L. Boutiller, 110 Maryland Avenue NE., Washington, D.C.

B. National Campaign for Agricultural Democracy, 110 Maryland Avenue NE., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$3,527.47. E. (9) \$97.28.

A. Joseph E. Brady, 122 Sheraton Gibson Hotel, Cincinnati, Ohio.

B. National Coordinating Committee of the Beverage Industry.

A. Cyril F. Brickfield, 1225 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Association of Retired Persons, National Retired Teachers Association.  
E. (9) \$1,500.

A. Brotherhood of Railway, Airline & Steamship Clerks, 1015 Vine Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

D. (6) \$26,581.33. E. (9) \$26,581.33.

A. Charles S. Burns, 1100 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

B. American Mining Congress, Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$584.50. E. (9) \$97.06.

A. Dan L. Butler, 734 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Harold K. Howe, on behalf of the National Automatic Merchandising Association, 734 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Dan L. Butler, 734 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Harold K. Howe, on behalf of the Outdoor Power Equipment Institutes, Inc., 734 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Charles A. Campbell, 1615 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Chamber of Commerce of the U.S.A.

A. Donald E. Campbell, 1705 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Bar Association, 1705 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Canal Zone Central Labor Union-Metal Trades Council, AFL-CIO, Post Office Box 471, Balboa Heights, C.Z.

D. (6) \$1,745.74. E. (9) \$681.

A. Marvin Caplan.

B. Industrial Union Department, AFL-CIO, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$2,094.40. E. (9) \$82.10.

A. Paul N. Carlin, 3150 Spring Street, Fairfax, Va.

B. National Audio-Visual Association, Inc., 3150 Spring Street, Fairfax, Va.  
D. (6) \$1,562.50. E. (9) \$84.88.

A. Richard M. Carrigan, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Legislation & Federal Relations, National Education Association, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$2,145.01. E. (9) \$63.03.

A. Casey, Lane & Mittendorf, 26 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

B. South African Sugar Association, Post Office Box 507, Durban, South Africa.  
D. (6) \$10,530. E. (9) \$1,065.34.

A. E. Michael Cassidy, 1130 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Mississippi Valley Association, 1130 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. A. H. Chesser, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen.  
E. (9) \$150.

A. Albert T. Church, Jr., 1155 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Committee of American Steamship Lines, 1155 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$300. E. (9) \$17.16.

A. Citizens for a Postal Corporation, Inc., Post Office Box 1807, Washington, D.C.

A. Robert M. Clark, 1100 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway Co., 80 East Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Ill.

A. Committee for Study of Revenue, Bond Financing, 55 Liberty Street, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$121,915. E. (9) \$6,738.37.

A. Paul R. Conrad, 491 National Press Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Newspaper Association, 491 National Press Building, Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$140.21.

A. Bernard J. Conway, 211 East Chicago Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

B. American Dental Association, 211 East Chicago Avenue, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$1,749.49.

A. Donald M. Counihan, 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

B. American Corn Millers' Federation, 1030 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Donald M. Counihan, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Classroom Periodical Publishers Association, 38 West Fifth Street, Dayton, Ohio.

A. Counihan, Casey & Loomis, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Linen Supply Association of America.

A. Paul L. Courtney, 1725 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$300 or less.

A. Francis D. Cronin, 1100 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

B. American Mining Congress, Ring Building, Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$300.

A. Cuna International, Inc., 1617 Sherman Avenue, Madison, Wis.

D. (6) \$5,020.72. E. (9) \$1,759.51.

A. Daniels & Houllhan, 1819 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Importers Association, Textile and Apparel Group, 111 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. Daniels & Houllhan, 1819 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Textile Importers Association, New York, N.Y.

A. Daniels & Houllhan, 1819 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Japan Chemical Fibres Association, 3, 3-Chome, Muromachi, Nihonbashi, Chuo-ku, Tokyo, Japan.

A. Daniels & Houllhan, 1819 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Japan Woolen & Linen Textiles Exporters Association, 4, 4-Chome, Bingomachi, Nigashiku, Osaka, Japan.

A. Daniels & Houllhan, 1819 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Unione Industriale Pratese, Prato, Italy.  
D. (6) \$44.

A. Daniels & Houllhan, 1819 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Vorort des schweizerischen Handels- und Industrie-Verelns, Borsenstrasse 26, Zurich, Switzerland.

A. John C. Datt, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 1000 Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$1,083.34.

A. Ronald W. DeLucien, 1133 20th St. NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Cannery Association, 1133 20th St. NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$400. E. (9) \$225.

A. Ray Denison, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Federation of Labor and Congress of Industrial Organizations, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$4,573.60. E. (9) \$396.98.

A. Timothy V. A. Dillon, 1001 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Department of Water Resources, State of California, Post Office Box 388, Sacramento, Calif.

D. (6) \$2,218.97. E. (9) 193.97.

A. Timothy V. A. Dillon, 1001 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Sacramento Municipal Utility District, Post Office Box 15830, Sacramento, Calif.  
D. (6) \$1,070.83. E. (9) \$20.83.

A. Timothy V. A. Dillon, 1001 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Yuba County Water Agency, Marysville, Calif.  
D. (6) \$1,203.50. E. (9) \$3.50.

A. Evelyn Dubrow, 1710 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

B. International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, 1710 Broadway, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$2,715.44. E. (9) \$93.34.

A. Henry I. Dworshak, 1100 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

B. American Mining Congress, Ring Building, Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$553.14.

A. Harmon L. Elder, 1900 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Wilson E. Hamilton, 1900 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$250. E. (9) \$10.20.

A. Ethyl Corp., 611 Madison Office Building, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$2,014.90.

A. Clinton M. Fair, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Federation of Labor and Congress of Industrial Organizations, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$4,345. E. (9) \$58.42.

A. William J. Fannin, 1615 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Chamber of Commerce of the U.S.A.

A. Mello G. Fish, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. AFL-CIO, Maritime Committee, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$815.85. E. (9) \$160.13.

A. Roger Fleming, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 1000 Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$1,483.34. E. (9) \$17.77.

A. Gordon Forbes, 207 Union Depot Building, St. Paul, Minn.  
D. (6) \$500.

A. Owen V. Frisby, 821 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The Chase Manhattan Bank, 1 Chase Manhattan Plaza, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$187.50. E. (9) \$370.60.

A. Mary Condon Gereau, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Education Association, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$2,623.50.

A. James M. Goldberg, 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Retail Federation.

A. Jack Golodner, 286 N Street SW., Washington, D.C.

B. Actors' Equity Association, 165 West 46th Street, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$2,500. E. (9) \$310.

A. Douglas R. Gordon, 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Retail Federation.

A. Donald E. Graham, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Council of Farmer Cooperatives, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Hoyt S. Haddock, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. AFL-CIO Maritime Committee, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$600. E. (9) \$226.65.

A. Wilfred H. Hall, 1701 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Oil Jobbers Council, 1701 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Carlton B. Hamm, 1900 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Oceanography Association, 1900 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Robert N. Hampton, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Council of Farmer Cooperatives, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$4,549.98. E. (9) \$461.49.

A. L. James Harmanson, Jr., 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Council of Farmer Cooperatives, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$6,874.98. E. (9) \$143.25.

A. Lou Ann Harral, 1133 20th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Cannery Association, 1133 20th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$150. E. (9) \$50.

A. Herbert E. Harris II, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 1000 Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$1,670.83. E. (9) \$21.33.

A. Anthony Haswell, 333 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

B. National Association of Railroad Passengers, 333 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

A. Kit H. Haynes, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 1000 Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$1,625. E. (9) \$40.43.

A. Phil D. Helmig, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Atlantic Richfield Co., 717 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$150. E. (9) \$150.

A. Home Manufacturers Association, 1625 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$30.

A. Harold A. Hosier, 2240 Bell Court, Denver, Colo.

B. International Mailers Union, 2240 Bell Court, Denver, Colo.

A. Harold K. Howe, 400 Walker Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Automatic Merchandising Association, 400 Walker Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Harold K. Howe, 400 Walker Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Outdoor Power Equipment Institute, 400 Walker Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Philip A. Hutchinson, Jr., 1735 New York Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The American Institute of Architects, 1735 New York Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$1,000. E. (9) \$2,530.

A. Institute of Scrap Iron & Steel, Inc., 1729 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$300. E. (9) \$1.50.

A. International Brotherhood of Teamsters, 25 Louisiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$13,637.04.

A. International Mailers Union, 2240 Bell Court, Denver, Colo.

A. Raymond M. Jacobson, 1815 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Society of Consulting Planners, 1815 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$2,250.

A. Ralph K. James, 1155 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Committee of American Steamship Lines, 1155 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$440. E. (9) \$37.69.

A. Gene Johnson, 814 Fleming Building, Des Moines, Iowa.

B. International Mailers Union, 2240 Bell Court, Denver, Colo.

A. Ned Johnston, 1105 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

B. International Association of Ice Cream Manufacturers & Milk Industry Foundation, 1105 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Francis M. Judge, 1615 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Chamber of Commerce of the U.S.A.

A. Eugene Adams Keeney, 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Retail Federation.

A. James J. Kennedy, Jr., 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Brotherhood of Railway, Airline & Steamship Clerks, 1015 Vine Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

D. (6) \$3,213.22. E. (9) \$1,208.32.

A. Edward F. Kenney, 225 South Meramec, St. Louis, Mo.

B. Mississippi Valley Association, 1130 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Franklin E. Kepner, Berwick Bank Building, Berwick, Pa.

B. Associated Railroads of Pennsylvania, 1022 Transportation Center, Philadelphia, Pa.

A. J. Don Kerlin, 1108 Stuart Road, Herndon, Va.

B. Time, Inc., Rockefeller Center, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$100. E. (7) \$50.

A. Robert E. Kline, Jr., 409 LaSalle Building, 1028 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Bowling Proprietors' Association of America, Inc., West Higgins Road, Hoffman Estates, Ill.

D. (6) \$1,250. E. (9) \$46.18.

A. Keith R. Knoblock, 1100 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

B. American Mining Congress, Ring Building, Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$300.00.

A. George W. Koch, 205 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

B. Grocery Manufacturers of America, Inc., 205 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Robert M. Koch, 702 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Limestone Institute, Inc., 702 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$23.50.

A. Ronald J. Kolodziej, 887 Wentworth Avenue, Calumet City, Ill.

B. The Related Organization, 887 Wentworth Avenue, Calumet City, Ill.

A. Donald Lerch, Jr. & Co., Inc., 1522 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Japan Chemical Fibres Association, 3, 3-Chome, Muromachi, Nihonbashi, Chuo-Ku Tokyo, Japan.

A. Donald Lerch, Jr. & Co., Inc., 1522 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Shell Chemical Co., 110 West 31st Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Lindsay, Nahstoll, Hart, Dafoe & Krause, Ninth Floor, Loyalty Building, Portland, Ore.

B. Master Contracting Stevedore Association of the Pacific Coast, Inc., San Francisco, Calif.

D. (6) \$7,250. E. (9) \$700.72.

A. Lindsay, Nahstoll, Hart, Dafoe & Krause, Ninth Floor, Loyalty Building, Portland, Ore.

B. National Maritime Compensation Committee, Ninth Floor, Loyalty Building, Portland, Ore.

D. (6) \$1,348.94. E. (9) \$651.06.

A. Don F. Lobb, 1619 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Southern Pine Industry Committee.

E. (9) \$110.94.

A. John M. Lumley, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Education Association, Legislation and Federal Relations, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$4,437. E. (9) \$355.79.

A. John C. Lynn, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 1000 Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$2,900. E. (9) \$22.33.

A. Joseph J. McDonald, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. United Steelworkers of America, 1500 Commonwealth Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

D. (6) \$3,635. E. (9) \$577.80.

A. Stanley J. McFarland, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Education Association, Legislation and Federal Relations, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,842.51. E. (9) \$90.03.

- A. F. Howard McGuigan, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. American Federation of Labor and Congress of Industrial Organizations, Federation of Trades and Labor Unions, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$4,732. E. (9) \$303.10.
- A. Marvin L. McLain, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 1000 Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.  
 D. (6) \$2,495.83. E. (9) 15.78.
- A. John S. McLees, 1615 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. Chamber of Commerce of the U.S.A.
- A. William H. McLin, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. National Education Association, Legislation and Federal Relations, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$2,700. E. (9) \$133.21.
- A. William F. McManus, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. General Electric Co., 570 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
 D. (6) \$525. E. (9) \$135.30.
- A. George E. MacKinnon, 800 Investors Building, Minneapolis, Minn.  
 B. Investors Mutual, Inc., Investors Stock Fund, Inc., Investors Variable Payment Fund, Inc.  
 E. (9) \$256.29.
- A. Jos. R. MacLaren, 4 Linden Drive, Hudson Falls, N.Y.  
 B. Potlatch Forests Inc., Post Office Box 3591, San Francisco, Calif.
- A. Don Mahon, 1028 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
 E. (9) \$1,064.32.
- A. Ben J. Man, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. AFL-CIO Maritime Committee, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$1,427.19. E. (9) \$477.45.
- A. Edwin E. Marsh, 600 Crandall Building, Salt Lake City, Utah.  
 B. National Wool Growers Association, 600 Crandall Building, Salt Lake City, Utah.  
 D. (6) \$3,588.63. E. (9) \$596.83.
- A. Michael Marsh, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. Railway Labor Executives' Association, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$503.96.
- A. Albert E. May, 1155 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. Committee of American Steamship Lines, 1155 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$436. E. (9) \$46.38.
- A. Arnold Mayer, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen of North America (AFL-CIO), 2800 North Sheridan Road, Chicago, Ill.  
 D. (6) \$4,700. E. (9) \$180.
- A. Medical-Surgical Manufacturers Association, 342 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
 B. Medical-Surgical Manufacturers Association, 342 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
 D. (6) \$3,000. E. (9) \$1,371.63.
- A. Kenneth A. Meiklejohn, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. American Federation of Labor and Congress of Industrial Organizations, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$4,732. E. (9) \$171.71.
- A. Ellis E. Meredith, 2000 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. American Apparel Manufacturers Association, Inc., 2000 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 E. (9) \$1,700.
- A. Hermon I. Miller, 5116 Moorland Lane, Bethesda, Md.  
 B. National Turkey Federation, Mount Morris, Ill.
- A. Clarence Mitchell, 422 First Street SE., Washington, D.C.  
 B. National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, 1790 Broadway, New York, N.Y.
- A. Mobile Housing Association of America, 39 S. LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.  
 E. (9) \$2,500.11.
- A. Joseph E. Moody, 1000 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$625.00.
- A. Carlos Moore, 25 Louisiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. International Brotherhood of Teamsters, 25 Louisiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$5,004.
- A. Jo V. Morgan, Jr., 815 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. American Humane Association, Post Office Box 1266, Denver, Colo.  
 D. (6) \$1,500.
- A. John J. Murphy, Jr., 815 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. Bricklayers, Masons & Plasterers International Union of America, 815 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$2,925. E. (9) \$359.80.
- A. Kenneth D. Naden, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. National Council of Farmer Cooperatives, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$8,625. E. (9) \$493.01.
- A. Micah H. Naftalin, 1510 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. The Ethyl Corp., 611 Madison Office Building, Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$750.
- A. National Associated Businessmen, 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$1,001.40. E. (9) \$1,677.95.
- A. National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, 1790 Broadway, New York, N.Y.
- A. National Association of Home Builders of the United States, 1625 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$22,484.18. E. (9) \$17,771.19.
- A. National Association of Insurance Agents, Inc., 96 Fulton Street, New York, N.Y.  
 E. (9) \$648.64.
- A. National Association of Railroad Passengers, 333 N. Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.  
 D. (6) \$5,852.60. E. (9) \$4,702.08.
- A. National Association of Real Estate Boards, 1300 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.  
 E. (9) \$10,142.66.
- A. National Association of Social Workers, Inc., 2 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y., 1346 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. National Audio-Visual Association, Inc., 3150 Spring Street, Fairfax, Va.  
 E. (9) \$776.99.
- A. National Automobile Dealers Association, 2000 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$3,619.22. E. (9) \$3,619.22.
- A. National Campaign for Agricultural Democracy, 110 Maryland Avenue NE., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$6,711.50. E. (9) \$7,594.17.
- A. National Coal Policy Conference, Inc., 1000 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 E. (9) \$1,553.07.
- A. The National Committee for the Recording Arts, 9300 Wilshire Boulevard, Beverly Hills, Calif.  
 D. (6) \$87,642.92. E. (9) \$25,949.80.
- A. National Committee for Research in Neurological Disorders, care of Dr. A. B. Baker, Division of Neurology, University of Minnesota Hospital, Minneapolis, Minn.  
 E. (9) \$4,000.
- A. National Congress of Parents and Teachers, 700 North Rush Street, Chicago, Ill.
- A. National Council of Farmer Cooperatives, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$20,062.84. E. (9) \$17,047.
- A. National Council, Junior Order United American Mechanics, 3027 N. Broad Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
- A. National Counsel Associates, 421 New Jersey Avenue SE., Washington, D.C.  
 B. Cenco Instruments Corp., 2600 S. Kostner Avenue, Chicago, Ill.  
 D. (6) \$900. E. (9) \$126.83.
- A. National Counsel Associates, 421 New Jersey Avenue SE., Washington, D.C.  
 B. Committee for the Study of Revenue Bond Financing, 55 Liberty Street, New York, N.Y.  
 D. (6) \$1,666.65. E. (9) \$89.56.
- A. National Counsel Associates, 421 New Jersey Avenue SE., Washington, D.C.  
 B. National Association of Railroad Passengers, 333 N. Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.  
 D. (6) \$3,750. E. (9) \$347.24.
- A. National Cystic Fibrosis Research Foundation, 202 E. 44th Street, New York, N.Y.  
 E. (9) \$2,000.
- National Education Association, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 E. (9) \$20,556.37.
- A. National Farmers Organization, 720 Davis Avenue, Corning, Iowa.  
 E. (9) \$1,493.84.
- A. National Federation of Business and Professional Women's Clubs, Inc., 2012 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$65,312. E. (9) 6,243.71.
- A. National Limestone Institute, Inc., 702 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$1,452.90. E. (9) \$1,452.90.
- A. National Livestock Feeders Association, Inc., 309 Livestock Exchange Building, Omaha, Nebr.  
 D. (6) \$1,943. E. (9) \$1,943.
- A. National Multiple Sclerosis Society, 257 Park Avenue South, New York, N.Y.  
 E. (9) \$2,013.09.
- A. National Oil Jobbers Council, 1701 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. National Reclamation Association, 897 National Press Building, Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$7,275.78. E. (9) \$7,597.74.

- A. National Rehabilitation Association, 1522 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$13,836.25. E. (9) \$1,078.50.
- A. National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$1,514.80.
- A. National Tax Equality Association, Inc., 1000 Connecticut Avenue Building, Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$7,323.80. E. (9) \$746.21.
- A. National Turkey Federation, Mount Morris, Ill.
- A. National Wool Growers Association, 600 Crandall Building, Salt Lake City, Utah.  
D. (6) \$29,429. E. (9) \$4,558.39.
- A. Ivan A. Nestinger, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. CUNA International, Inc., 1617 Sherman Avenue, Madison, Wis.  
D. (6) \$300. E. (9) \$947.90.
- A. John A. Nevius, 1000 Vermont Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Association of Mutual Fund Plan Sponsors, Inc., 50 East 42 Street, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$5,415.48. E. (9) \$1,424.30.
- A. Robert H. North, 1105 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.  
B. International Association of Ice Cream Manufacturers and Milk Industry Foundation, 1105 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.
- A. Richard T. O'Connell, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Council of Farmer Cooperatives, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$4,899.96. E. (9) \$279.86.
- A. O'Connor, Green, Thomas, Walters & Kelly, 1750 Pennsylvania Ave. NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Investors Diversified Services, Inc., Investors Building, Minneapolis, Minn.  
D. (6) \$2,600. E. (9) \$362.
- A. Samuel Omasta, 702 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Limestone Institute, Inc., 702 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$13.50.
- A. Order of Railway Conductors and Brakemen, O.R.C. & B. Building, Cedar Rapids, Iowa.  
E. (9) \$6,465.32.
- A. John A. Overholt, 10400 Connecticut Avenue, Kensington, Md.; 1106 Munsey Building, Washington, D.C.  
B. National Association of Retired Civil Employees, 1909 Q Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$2,125.
- A. J. Allen Overton, Jr., 1100 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.  
B. American Mining Congress, Ring Building, Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$1,200.
- A. Lew M. Paramore, Post Office Box 1310, Kansas City, Kans.  
B. Mississippi Valley Association, 1130 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Michael L. Parker, 1910 Russ Building, San Francisco, Calif.  
B. Kaiser Foundation Health Plan, 300 Lakeside Drive, Oakland, Calif.  
D. (6) \$3,085.48. E. (9) \$1,895.48.
- A. J. Francis Pohlhaus, 422 First Street SE., Washington, D.C.
- B. National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, 1790 Broadway, New York, N.Y.
- A. Ragan & Mason, 900 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. The Department of Tourism and Trade Development, Hamilton, Bermuda.  
D. (6) \$1,666.
- A. Ragan & Mason, 900 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Sea-Land Service, Inc., Post Office Box 1050, Elizabeth, N.J.  
D. (6) \$900.
- A. Ragan & Mason, 900 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. South Atlantic & Caribbean Line, Inc., 250 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$200.
- A. Ragan & Mason, 900 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Stimson Lumber Co., Post Office Box 68, Forest Grove, Ore.  
D. (6) \$1,000.
- A. Sidney C. Reagan, 6815 Prestonshire, Dallas, Tex.  
B. Southwestern Peanut Shellers Association, 6815 Prestonshire, Dallas, Tex.  
D. (6) \$150.
- A. Recreational Vehicle Institute Inc., 2720 Des Plaines Avenue., Des Plaines, Ill.  
E. (9) \$1,230.61.
- A. Robert E. Redding, 1101 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Transportation Association of America, 1101 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. The Related Organization, 887 Wentworth Avenue, Calumet City, Ill.
- A. Retired Officers Tax Credit Committee, Post Office Box 1965, Annapolis, Md.  
E. (9) \$250.90.
- A. Harry H. Richardson, 335 Austin Street, Bogalusa, La.  
B. Louisiana Railroads.
- A. Mark Richardson, 342 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
B. National Footwear Manufacturers Association, Inc., 342 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$250. E. (9) \$250.
- A. Richard N. Rigby, Jr., 1900 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Wilson E. Hamilton & Associates, Inc., 1900 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. John Riley, 1625 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Association of Home Builders of the United States, 1625 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$628. E. (9) \$28.62.
- A. Carl Roberts, 1225 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Association of Retired Persons, National Retired Teachers Association.  
E. (9) \$750.
- A. Stephen Philip Robin, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. International Public Relations Co., Ltd. (N.Y.), d/b/a Japan Steel Information Center, 230 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y.
- A. James A. Rock, 423 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Farm Bureau Foundation, 1000 Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$164.58. E. (9) \$3.91.
- A. Nathaniel H. Rogg, 1625 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Association of Home Builders of the United States, 1625 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$1,500. E. (9) \$117.90.
- A. Michael J. Romig, 1730 Rhode Island Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. CUNA International, Inc., 1617 Sherman Avenue, Madison, Wis.  
D. (6) \$543.46. E. (9) \$66.75.
- A. James S. Rublin, 1225 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Association of Retired Persons, National Retired Teachers Association.  
E. (9) \$932.21.
- A. William H. Scheick, 1735 New York Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. The American Institute of Architects, 1735 New York Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$50.
- A. Stanley W. Schroeder, 1100 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.  
B. American Mining Congress, Ring Building, Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$300.
- A. Clayton A. Seeber, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Education Association, Legislation & Federal Relations, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$2,700. E. (9) \$94.29.
- A. Theodore A. Serrill, 491 National Press Building, Washington, D.C.  
B. National Newspaper Association, 491 Press Building, Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$117.39.
- A. John J. Sheehan, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. United Steelworkers of America, 1500 Commonwealth Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.  
D. (6) \$4,300. E. (9) \$2,846.20.
- A. Laurence P. Sherfy, 1100 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.  
B. American Mining Congress, Ring Building, Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$575.
- A. Robert L. Shortle, 1147 International Trade Mart Tower, New Orleans, La.  
B. Mississippi Valley Association, 1130 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Single Persons Tax Reform Lobby, 1692A Green Street, San Francisco, Calif.  
D. (6) \$18.73. E. (9) \$134.
- A. Jonathan W. Sloat, 1632 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Grocery Manufacturers of America, 205 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.
- A. Irvin A. Smith, 418 East Rosser Avenue, Box 938, Bismarck, N. Dak.  
E. (9) \$24.35.
- A. James E. Smith, 815 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. The American Bankers Association, 90 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$2,000. E. (9) \$500.
- A. Marvin J. Sonosky, 1225 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. W. Byron Sorrell, 1140 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Mobile Housing Association of America, 39 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$2,025. E. (9) \$475.11.
- A. W. Byron Sorrell, 1140 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Recreational Vehicle Institute, 2720 Des  
Plaines Avenue, Des Plaines, Ill.  
D. (6) \$1,500. E. (9) \$230.61.

A. Southern Pine Industry Committee, 520  
National Bank of Commerce Building, New  
Orleans, La.  
D. (6) \$600. E. (9) \$297.12.

A. Southwestern Peanut Shellers Associa-  
tion, 6815 Prestonshire, Dallas, Tex.  
D. (6) \$150. E. (9) \$150.

A. John F. Speer, Jr., 1105 Barr Building,  
Washington, D.C.

B. International Association of Ice Cream  
Manufacturers and Milk Industry Founda-  
tion, 1105 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Roy H. Stanton, 1625 L Street NW.,  
Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Home Builders  
of the United States, 1625 L Street NW.,  
Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$2,250. E. (9) \$123.44.

A. Mrs. Annalee Stewart, 120 Maryland  
Avenue NE., Washington, D.C.

B. Women's International League for Peace  
and Freedom, 120 Maryland Avenue NE.,  
Washington, D.C.

A. Philip W. Stroupe, 1100 Ring Building,  
Washington, D.C.

B. American Mining Congress, Ring Build-  
ing, Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$450.

A. Frank L. Sundstrom, 1290 Avenue of  
the Americas, New York, N.Y.

B. Schenley Industries, Inc., 1290 Avenue  
of the Americas, New York, N.Y.

A. Sutherland, Asbill & Brennan, 1200  
Farragut Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Retail Credit Co., Post Office Box 4081,  
Atlanta, Ga.

A. Monroe Sweetland, 1705 Murchison  
Drive, Burlingame, Calif.

B. National Education Association, 1201  
16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$335. E. (9) \$50.

A. Russell D. Tall, 1200 17th Street NW.,  
Washington, D.C.

B. National Council of Farmer Coopera-  
tives, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Evert S. Thomas, Jr., 1730 Rhode Island  
Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. CUNA International, Inc., 1617 Sherman  
Avenue, Madison, Wis.  
D. (6) \$2,703.83. E. (9) \$744.86.

A. Julia C. Thompson, 1030 15th Street  
NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Nurses' Association, Inc., 10  
Columbus Circle, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$3,243.18.

A. E. Linwood Tipton, 1105 Barr Build-  
ing, Washington, D.C.

B. International Association of Ice Cream  
Manufacturers and Milk Industry Founda-  
tion, 1105 Barr Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Dwight D. Townsend, 1012 14th Street  
NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Cooperative League of USA, 59 East Van  
Buren Street, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$7,000. E. (9) \$8,780.

A. Matt Triggs, 425 13th Street NW., Wash-  
ington, D.C.

B. American Farm Bureau Federation,  
1000 Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$2,164.58. E. (9) \$28.03.

A. Paul T. Truitt, 1700 K Street NW.,  
Washington, D.C.

B. National Plant Food Institute, 1700 K  
Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Trustees for Conservation, 251 Kearny  
Street, San Francisco, Calif.

D. (6) \$346.50. E. (9) \$132.87.

A. W. Lloyd Tupling, 235 Massachusetts  
Avenue NE., Washington, D.C.

B. Trustees for Conservation, 251 Kearny  
Street, San Francisco, Calif.  
E. (9) \$198.

\* A. United Cerebral Palsy Associations, Inc.,  
66 East 34th Street, New York, N.Y.

E. (9) \$1,355.15.

A. The Urban Coalition Action Council,  
1819 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$43.80.

A. Charles R. Van Horn, 17th and H  
Streets NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Co. and  
Chesapeake & Ohio Railway Co., Charles and  
Baltimore Streets, Baltimore, Md.

A. Reno F. Walker, 425 13th Street NW.,  
Washington, D.C.

B. American Farm Bureau Federation,  
1000 Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$1,125. E. (9) \$12.38.

A. Thomas G. Walters, 1909 Q Street NW.,  
Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Retired Civil  
Employees, 1909 Q Street NW., Washington,  
D.C.

D. (6) \$3,365.60. E. (9) \$3,900.25.

A. Merrill A. Watson, 342 Madison Avenue,  
New York, N.Y.

B. National Footwear Manufacturers Asso-  
ciation, Inc., 342 Madison Avenue, New York,  
N.Y.  
D. (6) \$250. E. (9) \$250.

A. E. E. Webster, 4533 Decoursey Avenue,  
Covington, Ky.

B. Brotherhood Maintenance of Way Em-  
ployees, 12050 Woodward Avenue, Detroit,  
Mich.

A. Robert L. Weneck, 9121 West 73d Street,  
Shawnee Mission, Kans.

B. Weneck International Marketers, Inc.,  
2 East Gregory, Kansas City, Mo.

A. Edwin M. Wheeler, 1700 K Street NW.,  
Washington, D.C.

B. National Plant Food Institute, 1700 K  
Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Donald F. White, 1616 H Street NW.,  
Washington, D.C.

B. American Retail Federation.

A. Robert P. Will, 201 Massachusetts Ave-  
nue NE., Washington, D.C.

B. The Metropolitan Water District of  
Southern California, 1111 Sunset Boulevard,  
Los Angeles, Calif.

D. (6) \$3,600. E. (9) \$1,056.66.

A. Kenneth Young, 815 16th Street NW.,  
Washington, D.C.

B. American Federation of Labor and Con-  
gress of Industrial Organizations, 815 16th  
Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$4,732. E. (9) \$355.15.

QUARTERLY REPORTS

The following quarterly reports were submitted for the first calendar quarter 1969:

(NOTE.—The form used for registration is reproduced below. In the interest of economy in the RECORD, questions are not repeated, only the essential answers are printed, and are indicated by their respective letter and number.)

FILE ONE COPY WITH THE SECRETARY OF THE SENATE AND FILE TWO COPIES WITH THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:

This page (page 1) is designed to supply identifying data; and page 2 (on the back of this page) deals with financial data.

PLACE AN "X" BELOW THE APPROPRIATE LETTER OR FIGURE IN THE BOX AT THE RIGHT OF THE "REPORT" HEADING BELOW:

"PRELIMINARY" REPORT ("Registration"): To "register," place an "X" below the letter "P" and fill out page 1 only.

"QUARTERLY" REPORT: To indicate which one of the four calendar quarters is covered by this Report, place an "X" below the appropriate figure. Fill out both page 1 and page 2 and as many additional pages as may be required. The first additional page should be numbered as page "3," and the rest of such pages should be "4," "5," "6," etc. Preparation and filing in accordance with instructions will accomplish compliance with all quarterly reporting requirements of the Act.

Year: 19..... ←

REPORT

PURSUANT TO FEDERAL REGULATION OF LOBBYING ACT

P	QUARTER			
	1st	2d	3d	4th
(Mark one square only)				

NOTE ON ITEM "A"—(a) IN GENERAL. This "Report" form may be used by either an organization or an individual, as follows:

- (i) "Employee".—To file as an "employee", state (in Item "B") the name, address, and nature of business of the "employer". (If the "employee" is a firm [such as a law firm or public relations firm], partners and salaried staff members of such firm may join in filing a Report as an "employee".)
- (ii) "Employer".—To file as an "employer", write "None" in answer to Item "B".
- (b) SEPARATE REPORTS. An agent or employee should not attempt to combine his Report with the employer's Report:
  - (i) Employers subject to the Act must file separate Reports and are not relieved of this requirement merely because Reports are filed by their agents or employees.
  - (ii) Employees subject to the Act must file separate Reports and are not relieved of this requirement merely because Reports are filed by their employers.

A. ORGANIZATION OR INDIVIDUAL FILING:

- 1. State name, address, and nature of business.
- 2. If this Report is for an Employer, list names of agents or employees who will file Reports for this Quarter.

NOTE ON ITEM "B".—Reports by Agents or Employees. An employee is to file, each quarter, as many Reports as he has employers, except that: (a) If a particular undertaking is jointly financed by a group of employers, the group is to be considered as one employer, but all members of the group are to be named, and the contribution of each member is to be specified; (b) If the work is done in the interest of one person but payment therefor is made by another, a single Report—naming both persons as "employers"—is to be filed each quarter.

B. EMPLOYER.—State name, address, and nature of business. If there is no employer, write "None."

NOTE ON ITEM "C".—(a) The expression "in connection with legislative interests," as used in this Report, means "in connection with attempting, directly or indirectly, to influence the passage or defeat of legislation." "The term 'legislation' means bills, resolutions, amendments, nominations, and other matters pending or proposed in either House of Congress, and includes any other matter which may be the subject of action by either House"—§ 302(e).

(b) Before undertaking any activities in connection with legislative interests, organizations and individuals subject to the Lobbying Act are required to file a "Preliminary" Report (Registration).

(c) After beginning such activities, they must file a "Quarterly" Report at the end of each calendar quarter in which they have either received or expended anything of value in connection with legislative interests.

C. LEGISLATIVE INTERESTS, AND PUBLICATIONS in connection therewith:

- 1. State approximately how long legislative interests are to continue. If receipts and expenditures in connection with legislative interests have terminated, place an "X" in the box at the left, so that this Office will no longer expect to receive Reports.
- 2. State the general legislative interests of the person filing and set forth the *specific* legislative interests by reciting: (a) Short titles of statutes and bills; (b) House and Senate numbers of bills, where known; (c) citations of statutes, where known; (d) whether for or against such statutes and bills.
- 3. In the case of those publications which the person filing has caused to be issued or distributed in connection with legislative interests, set forth: (a) Description, (b) quantity distributed; (c) date of distribution, (d) name of printer or publisher (if publications were paid for by person filing) or name of donor (if publications were received as a gift).

(Answer items 1, 2, and 3 in the space below. Attach additional pages if more space is needed)

4. If this is a "Preliminary" Report (Registration) rather than a "Quarterly" Report, state below what the nature and amount of anticipated expenses will be; and if for an agent or employee, state also what the daily, monthly, or annual rate of compensation is to be. If this is a "Quarterly" Report, disregard this item "C4" and fill out item "D" and "E" on the back of this page. Do not attempt to combine a "Preliminary" Report (Registration) with a "Quarterly" Report. ←

AFFIDAVIT

[Omitted in printing]

**NOTE ON ITEM "D."**—(a) *In General.* The term "contribution" includes anything of value. When an organization or individual uses printed or duplicated matter in a campaign attempting to influence legislation, money received by such organization or individual—for such printed or duplicated matter—is a "contribution." "The term 'contribution' includes a gift, subscription, loan, advance, or deposit of money, or anything of value, and includes a contract, promise, or agreement, whether or not legally enforceable, to make a contribution"—Section 302(a) of the Lobbying Act.

(b) **IF THIS REPORT IS FOR AN EMPLOYER.**—(1) *In General.* Item "D" is designed for the reporting of all receipts from which expenditures are made, or will be made, in accordance with legislative interests.

(ii) *Receipts of Business Firms and Individuals.*—A business firm (or individual) which is subject to the Lobbying Act by reason of expenditures which it makes in attempting to influence legislation—but which has no funds to expend except those which are available in the ordinary course of operating a business not connected in any way with the influencing of legislation—will have no receipts to report, even though it does have expenditures to report.

(iii) *Receipts of Multipurpose Organizations.*—Some organizations do not receive any funds which are to be expended solely for the purpose of attempting to influence legislation. Such organizations make such expenditures out of a general fund raised by dues, assessments, or other contributions. The percentage of the general fund which is used for such expenditures indicates the percentage of dues, assessments, or other contributions which may be considered to have been paid for that purpose. Therefore, in reporting receipts, such organizations may specify what that percentage is, and report their dues, assessments, and other contributions on that basis. However, each contributor of \$500 or more is to be listed, regardless of whether the contribution was made solely for legislative purposes.

(c) **IF THIS REPORT IS FOR AN AGENT OR EMPLOYEE.**—(1) *In General.* In the case of many employees, all receipts will come under Items "D 5" (received for services) and "D 12" (expense money and reimbursements). In the absence of a clear statement to the contrary, it will be presumed that your employer is to reimburse you for all expenditures which you make in connection with legislative interests.

(ii) *Employer as Contributor of \$500 or More.*—When your contribution from your employer (in the form of salary, fee, etc.) amounts to \$500 or more, it is not necessary to report such contribution under "D 13" and "D 14," since the amount has already been reported under "D 5," and the name of the "employer" has been given under Item "B" on page 1 of this report.

**D. RECEIPTS (INCLUDING CONTRIBUTIONS AND LOANS):**

Fill in every blank. If the answer to any numbered item is "None," write "None" in the space following the number.

**Receipts (other than loans)**

1. \$.....Dues and assessments
2. \$.....Gifts of money or anything of value
3. \$.....Printed or duplicated matter received as a gift
4. \$.....Receipts from sale of printed or duplicated matter
5. \$.....Received for services (e.g., salary, fee, etc.)
6. \$.....TOTAL for this Quarter (Add items "1" through "5")
7. \$.....Received during previous Quarters of calendar year
8. \$.....TOTAL from Jan. 1 through this Quarter (Add "6" and "7")

**Loans Received**

"The term 'contribution' includes a . . . loan . . ."—Sec. 302(a).

9. \$.....TOTAL now owed to others on account of loans
10. \$.....Borrowed from others during this Quarter
11. \$.....Repaid to others during this Quarter
12. \$....."Expense money" and Reimbursements received this Quarter

**Contributors of \$500 or more (from Jan. 1 through this Quarter)**

13. Have there been such contributors?

Please answer "yes" or "no": .....

14. In the case of each contributor whose contributions (including loans) during the "period" from January 1 through the last days of this Quarter total \$500 or more:

Attach hereto plain sheets of paper, approximately the size of this page, tabulate data under the headings "Amount" and "Name and Address of Contributor"; and indicate whether the last day of the period is March 31, June 30, September 30, or December 31. Prepare such tabulation in accordance with the following example:

Amount	Name and Address of Contributor
	("Period" from Jan. 1 through ....., 19....)
\$1,500.00	John Doe, 1621 Blank Bldg., New York, N.Y.
\$1,785.00	The Roe Corporation, 2511 Doe Bldg., Chicago, Ill.
\$3,285.00	TOTAL

**NOTE ON ITEM "E."**—(a) *In General.* "The term 'expenditure' includes a payment, distribution, loan, advance, deposit, or gift of money or anything of value, and includes a contract, promise, or agreement, whether or not legally enforceable, to make an expenditure"—Section 302(b) of the Lobbying Act.

(b) **IF THIS REPORT IS FOR AN AGENT OR EMPLOYEE.** In the case of many employees, all expenditures will come under telephone and telegraph (Item "E 6") and travel, food, lodging, and entertainment (Item "E 7").

**E. EXPENDITURES (INCLUDING LOANS) in connection with legislative interests:**

Fill in every blank. If the answer to any numbered item is "None," write "None" in the spaces following the number.

**Expenditures (other than loans)**

1. \$.....Public relations and advertising services
2. \$.....Wages, salaries, fees, commissions (other than item "1")
3. \$.....Gifts or contributions made during Quarter
4. \$.....Printed or duplicated matter, including distribution cost
5. \$.....Office overhead (rent, supplies, utilities, etc.)
6. \$.....Telephone and telegraph
7. \$.....Travel, food, lodging, and entertainment
8. \$.....All other expenditures
9. \$.....TOTAL for this Quarter (Add "1" through "8")
10. \$.....Expended during previous Quarters of calendar year
11. \$.....TOTAL from January 1 through this Quarter (Add "9" and "10")

**Loans Made to Others**

"The term 'expenditure' includes a . . . loan . . ."—Sec. 302(b).

12. \$.....TOTAL now owed to person filing
13. \$.....Lent to others during this Quarter
14. \$.....Repayment received during this Quarter

**15. Recipients of Expenditures of \$10 or More**

In the case of expenditures made during this Quarter by, or on behalf of the person filing: Attach plain sheets of paper approximately the size of this page and tabulate data as to expenditures under the following heading: "Amount," "Date or Dates," "Name and Address of Recipient," "Purpose." Prepare such tabulation in accordance with the following example:

Amount	Date or Dates	Name and Address of Recipient	Purpose
\$1,750.00	7-11:	Roe Printing Co., 3214 Blank Ave., St. Louis, Mo.	Printing and mailing circulars on the "Marshbanks Bill."
\$2,400.00	7-15, 8-15, 9-15:	Britten & Blaten, 3127 Gremlin Bldg., Washington, D.C.	Public relations service at \$800.00 per month.
\$4,150.00		TOTAL	

- A. Charles D. Ablard, 1629 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Magazine Publishers Association, Inc., 575 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$2,500. E. (9) \$329.58.
- A. Clarence G. Adamy, 1725 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Association of Food Chains, 1725 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$160.
- A. S. Allan Adelman, 1660 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Gas Association, Inc., 605 Third Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$735. E. (9) \$80.
- A. Aerospace Industries Association of America, Inc., 1725 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$6,290.70. E. (9) \$6,290.70.
- A. Air Traffic Control Association, Inc., 409 Arba Building, Washington, D.C.
- A. Air Transport Association of America, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$2,584.71. E. (9) \$2,584.71.
- A. Aircraft Owners & Pilots Association, Post Office Box 5800, Washington, D.C.
- A. John R. Ale, 1701 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Life Convention, 211 East Chicago Avenue, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$224.60.
- A. Herbert F. Alfrey, 1750 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Rural Letter Carriers' Association, 1750 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$415. E. (9) \$27.
- A. Mrs. Donna Allen, 3306 Ross Place NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Committee to Abolish HUAC/HISC, 555 North Western Avenue, Los Angeles, Calif.
- A. Frederick N. Allen, 952 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.  
B. National Water Company Conference, 952 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.
- A. Kenneth D. Allen, 1701 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Health Insurance Association of America, 1701 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$46.75. E. (9) \$8.14.
- A. Nicholas E. Allen and Merrill Armour, 444 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.  
B. Music Operators of America, Inc., 228 North La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill.  
E. (9) \$160.33.
- A. Amalgamated Transit Union, AFL-CIO, 5025 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Amalgamated Transit Union, National Capital Division 689, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. American Automobile Association, 1712 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. American Cancer Society, 219 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.  
E. (9) \$7,743.40.
- A. The American College of Radiology, 20 North Wacker Drive, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$1,770.94. E. (9) \$1,770.94.
- A. American Committee for Flags of Necessity, 25 Broadway, New York, N.Y.
- A. American Farm Bureau Federation, Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill., 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$32,541. E. (9) \$32,541.
- A. American Federation of Labor and Congress of Industrial Organizations, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$45,832.85.
- A. American Gas Association, Inc., 605 Third Avenue, New York, N.Y.
- A. American Hospital Association, 840 North Lake Shore Drive, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$15,274.76. E. (9) \$15,274.76.
- A. American Hotel & Motel Association, 221 West 57th Street, New York, N.Y.
- A. American Industrial Bankers Association, 1629 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$1,650. E. (9) \$1,650.
- A. American Israel Public Affairs Committee, 1341 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$5,194.78. E. (9) \$3,180.79.
- A. American Justice Association, Defense Highway, Gambrills, Md.  
D. (6) \$2. E. (9) \$2.
- A. American Landowners Association, Route 1, Box 294, Harpers Ferry, W. Va.  
D. (6) \$231.43.
- A. American Life Convention, 211 East Chicago Avenue, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$751.10. E. (9) \$15.60.
- A. American Maritime Association, 17 Battery Place, New York, N.Y.; 1612 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$207.57.
- A. American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.  
E. (9) \$20,521.31.
- A. American Mutual Insurance Alliance, 20 North Wacker Drive, Chicago, Ill.  
E. (9) \$547.50.
- A. American Nurses' Association, Inc., 10 Columbus Circle, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$8,629.39. E. (9) \$8,629.39.
- A. American Optometric Association, care of J. C. Tumblyn, O.D., 4836 Broadway NE., Knoxville, Tenn.  
D. (6) \$25,275. E. (9) \$8,863.
- A. American Paper Institute, Inc., 260 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.
- A. American Petroleum Institute, 1271 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$25,275. E. (9) \$8,863.
- A. American Podiatry Association, 20 Chevy Chase Circle, Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$574.
- A. American Pulpwood Association, 605 Third Avenue, New York, N.Y.
- A. The American Short Line Railroad Association, 2000 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$1,011.96. E. (9) \$1,011.96.
- A. American Society of Travel Agents, Inc., 360 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.
- A. American Stock Yards Association, 1712 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$1,350. E. (9) \$900.
- A. American Taxpayers Association, 326 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.
- A. American Textile Machinery Association, 224 Ellington Road, Longmeadow, Mass.  
D. (6) \$338.90.
- A. American Textile Manufacturers Institute, Inc., 1501 Johnston Building, Charlotte, N.C.  
D. (6) \$13,193.53. E. (9) \$13,193.53.
- A. American Trucking Associations, Inc., 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$10,290.06. E. (9) \$14,496.81.
- A. American Veterinary Medical Association, 1522 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$76.
- A. The American Waterways Operators, Inc., 1250 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$3,762.26. E. (9) \$3,762.26.
- A. Cyrus T. Anderson, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. The National Football League, 410 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y.
- A. Cyrus T. Anderson, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Spiegel, Inc., 2511 West 23d Street, Chicago, Ill.
- A. Edward T. Anderson, 245 Second Street NE, Washington, D.C.  
B. Friends Committee on National Legislation, 245 Second Street NE., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$1,111.
- A. Walter M. Anderson, Jr., Montgomery, Ala.  
B. Alabama Railroad Association, 1002 First National Bank Building, Montgomery, Ala.
- A. George W. Apperson, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Amalgamated Transit Union, National Capital Division 689, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Arkansas Railroad Association, 1100 Boyle Building, Little Rock, Ark.  
B. Class No. 1 railroads operating in and through the State of Arkansas.
- A. Carl F. Arnold, 1101 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Petroleum Institute, 1271 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$3,208.32. E. (9) \$1,053.20.
- A. Arnold & Porter, 1229 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Record Industry Association of America, Inc., 1 East 57th Street, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$12,500. E. (9) \$949.88.
- A. The Associated General Contractors, Inc., 1957 E Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Associated Railroads of New Jersey, Pennsylvania Station, Newark, N.J.
- A. Associated Third Class Mail Users, 1725 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Association of American Physicians and Surgeons, Inc., 230 North Michigan Avenue, Suite 1000, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$500. E. (9) \$500.
- A. Association of American Railroads, American Railroads Building, 1920 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$2,070.91. E. (9) \$2,070.91.
- A. Association on Broadcasting Standards, Inc., 1741 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.

- A. Association on Japanese Textile Imports, Inc., 551 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
E. (9) \$1,000.
- A. Association of Mutual Fund Plan Sponsors, Inc., 50 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$15,567.90. E. (9) \$18,876.67.
- A. Association of Oil Pipe Lines, 1725 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$240.
- A. The Association of Western Railways, 224 Union Station Building, Chicago, Ill.
- A. Atlanta Committee for Democratic Republican Independent Voter Education, 2540 Lakewood Avenue SW., Atlanta, Ga.  
D. (6) \$7,945. E. (9) \$6,887.31.
- A. Atlantic Richfield Co., 717 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
E. (9) \$300.
- A. Robert L. Augenblick, 61 Broadway, New York, N.Y.  
B. Investment Company Institute, 61 Broadway, New York, N.Y.  
E. (9) \$36.
- A. Richard W. Averill, 1026 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Optometric Association, care of J. C. Tumblin, O.D., 4836 Broadway NE., Knoxville, Tenn.  
D. (6) \$800. E. (9) \$301.
- A. Michael H. Bader, 1730 M Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Association on Broadcasting Standards, Inc., 1741 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Harry S. Baer, 1725 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National AeroSpace Services Association, 1725 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$240.
- A. John C. Bagwell, 723 Investment Building, Washington, D.C.  
B. Hawaiian Sugar Planters' Association, Honolulu, Hawaii.
- A. Ernest L. Barcella, Washington, D.C.  
B. General Motors Corp., 3044 West Grand Boulevard, Detroit, Mich.
- A. John Barnard, Jr., 61 Broadway, New York, N.Y.  
B. Investment Company Institute, 61 Broadway, New York, N.Y.
- A. Robert C. Barnard, 1250 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Cleary, Gottlieb, Steen & Hamilton, 1250 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Arthur R. Barnett, 1140 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Association of Electric Companies, 1140 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$695.63. E. (9) \$11.81.
- A. David S. Barrows, 214 Century Building, Portland, Ore.  
B. Association of Oregon and California Land Grant Counties, Douglas County Courthouse, Roseburg, Ore.  
D. (6) \$750. E. (9) \$86.50.
- A. A. Wesley Barthelmes, 2133 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Insurance Company of North America; Life Insurance Company of North America, 1600 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.  
D. (6) \$432.40. E. (9) \$297.50.
- A. Eugene T. Bartkowiak, 3829 W Street SE., Washington, D.C.
- B. The National Association of Polish Americans, Inc., 3829 W Street SE., Washington, D.C.
- A. James P. Bass, 1101 17th St. NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Airlines, Inc., 1101 17th St. NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Ross Bass Associates, 1120 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Record Industry Association of America, 1 East 57th Street, New York, N.Y.
- A. Lucius D. Battle.  
B. Communications Satellite Corporation, 950 L'Enfant Plaza South SW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Mrs. Dita Davis Beard, 1707 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. International Telephone & Telegraph Corp., 1707 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$3,800. E. (9) \$5,510.
- A. John H. Beldier, 1000 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Committee for Community Affairs, 1000 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$2,969.54. E. (9) \$333.18.
- A. James F. Bell, 1100 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Association of Supervisors of State Banks, 1101 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$937.50. E. (9) \$8.45.
- A. Ernest H. Benson, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employees, 12050 Woodward Avenue, Detroit, Mich.  
D. (6) \$6,000.
- A. Reed A. Benson, 1028 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. The John Birch Society, Inc. 395 Concord Avenue, Belmont, Mass.
- A. Berlack, Israels & Liberman, 26 Broadway, New York, N.Y.  
B. General Public Utilities Corp., 80 Pine Street, New York, N.Y.  
E. (9) \$88.80.
- A. Andrew J. Biemiller, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Federation of Labor and Congress of Industrial Organizations, Federation of Trades and Labor Unions, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$7,561. E. (9) \$351.20.
- A. Walter J. Bierwagen, 5025 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Amalgamated Transit Union, AFL-CIO, 5025 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. S. G. Bishop, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Transportation-Communication Division, Brotherhood of Railway & Airline Clerks, 3860 Lindell Blvd., St. Louis, Mo.
- A. Sidney W. Bishop, American Insurance Association, 85 John Street, New York, N.Y.  
B. American Insurance Association, 85 John Street, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$2,500. E. (9) \$58.72.
- A. John H. Bivins, 1101 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Petroleum Institute, 1101 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$760.
- A. Robert W. Blair.  
B. New Process Co., Warren, Pa.  
E. (9) \$184.
- A. Thomas D. Blake, 1108 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. James R. Sharp, 1108 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Wm. Rhea Blake, 1918 North Parkway, Memphis, Tenn.  
B. National Cotton Council of America, Post Office Box 12285, Memphis, Tenn.
- A. William Blum, Jr., 1815 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Committee for the Study of Revenue Bond Financing, 55 Liberty Street, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$1,960. E. (9) \$519.23.
- A. Eugene F. Boygan, 1000 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Investment Company Institute, 61 Broadway, New York, N.Y.
- A. Book Manufacturers Institute, Inc., 181 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.
- A. Lyle H. Boren, Seminole, Okla.  
B. The Association of Western Railways, 224 Union Station Building, Chicago, Ill.
- A. Robert T. Borth, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. General Electric Co., 570 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$1,000. E. (9) \$333.35.
- A. G. Stewart Boswell, 1120 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Textile Manufacturers Institute, 1501 Johnston Bldg., Charlotte, N.C.  
D. (6) \$575. E. (9) \$12.30.
- A. Eugene L. Boutiller, 110 Maryland Avenue NE., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Campaign for Agricultural Democracy, 110 Maryland Avenue NE., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$4,039.50. E. (9) \$414.36.
- A. Melvin J. Boyle, 1200 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, AFL-CIO-CLC, 1200 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$5,000.
- A. Samuel E. Boyle, 428 South Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.  
B. The Christian Amendment Movement, 804 Penn Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.  
D. (6) \$1,950. E. (9) \$409.15.
- A. Wayne Bradley, 1 Farragut Square South, Washington, D.C.  
B. American Medical Association, 535 N. Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$1,875. E. (9) \$550.39.
- A. Charles N. Brady, 1712 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Automobile Association, 1712 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Joseph E. Brady, Sheraton Gibson Hotel, Cincinnati, Ohio.  
B. National Coordinating Committee of the Beverage Industry.
- A. Parke C. Brinkley, 1155 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Agricultural Chemicals Association.
- A. Wally Briscoe.  
B. National Cable Television Association, Inc., 1634 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$135. E. (9) \$16.50.
- A. Florence I. Broadwell, 1737 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Federation of Federal Employees, 1737 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$4,175.20.

A. David A. Brody, 1640 Rhode Island Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Anti-Defamation League of B'nai B'rith, 815 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) app. \$250.

A. W. S. Bromley, 605 Third Avenue, New York, N.Y.

B. American Pulpwood Association, 605 Third Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. Joseph P. Brosnan, 9160 Springhill Lane, Greenbelt, Md.

B. Air Force Sergeants Association, 1501 Pennsylvania Avenue SE., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$100.

A. Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators & Paperhangers of America, 217 N. Sixth Street, Lafayette, Ind.  
E. (9) \$1,825.

A. Brotherhood of Railway, Airline & Steamship Clerks, 1015 Vine Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

D. (6) \$20,804.83. E. (9) \$20,804.83.

A. J. D. Brown, 2600 Virginia Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Public Power Association, 2600 Virginia Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$300.

A. Brown, Lund & Levin, 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Ebasco Industries Inc., 2 Rector Street, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$882.50.

A. Brown, Lund & Levin, 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. General Public Utilities Corp., 80 Pine Street, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$300.

A. Lyman L. Bryan, 2000 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Institute of CPA's, 666 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. George S. Buck, Jr., Post Office Box 12285, Memphis, Tenn.

B. National Cotton Council of America, Post Office Box 12285, Memphis, Tenn.

A. George S. Bullen.

B. National Federation of Independent Business, 15th Street and New York Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. George J. Burger, 250 West 57th Street, New York, N.Y.

B. Burger Tire Consultant Service, 250 West 57th Street, New York, N.Y.

A. George J. Burger, 921 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Federation of Independent Business, 921 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.

A. J. J. Burke, Jr., 40 East Broadway, Butte, Mont.

B. The Montana Power Co., Butte, Mont.  
E. (9) \$47.25.

A. Burley & Dark Leaf Tobacco Export Association, P.O. Box 860, Lexington, Ky.

D. (6) \$7,025.96. E. (9) \$843.77.

A. Mrs. Margot Burman, 100 7th Street NE., Washington, D.C.

B. National Committee To Abolish HUAC/HISC, 555 North Western Avenue, Los Angeles, Calif.

E. (9) \$226.40.

A. George Burnham 4th, 1625 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. United States Steel Corp., 525 William Penn Place, Pittsburgh, Pa.

D. (6) \$518. E. (9) \$397.29.

A. George B. Burnham, 120 C Street NE., Washington, D.C.

B. Numerous stockholders of the Burnham Chemical Co., 120 C Street NE., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$370. E. (9) \$370.

A. David Burpee, Fordhook Farms, Doylestown, Pa.

E. (9) \$99.79.

A. Herbert H. Butler, 438 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.

B. United States Independent Telephone Association, 438 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$210.

A. Monroe Butler, 1801 Avenue of the Stars, Los Angeles, Calif.

B. The Superior Oil Co., 1801 Avenue of the Stars, Los Angeles, Calif.

A. Robert B. Byrnes, 2514 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Railroad Pension Forum, Inc., 2403 East 75th Street, Chicago, Ill.  
E. (9) \$48.96.

A. Gordon L. Calvert, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Investment Bankers Association of America, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,000. E. (9) \$2,300.

A. Carl C. Campbell, 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Cotton Council of America, P.O. Box 12285, Memphis, Tenn.  
D. (6) \$267.19.

A. Marvin Caplan.

B. Industrial Union Department, AFL-CIO, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$2,117.95. E. (9) \$184.40.

A. Ronald A. Capone, Farragut Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Committee of European Shipowners, 30-32 St. Mary Axe, London E.C.3, England; CENSA/CES Joint Container Committee, 30-32 St. Mary Axe, London E.C.3, England.  
D. (6) \$5,625. E. (9) \$361.89.

A. Michael H. Cardozo, Washington, D.C.

B. Association of American Law Schools, 1521 New Hampshire Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Philip Carlip, 650 Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn, N.Y.

B. District 2, National Marine Engineers Beneficial Association.  
D. (6) \$1,000. E. (9) \$158.70.

A. Philip Carlip, 675 Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn, N.Y.

B. Seafarers International Union.  
D. (6) \$2,500. E. (9) \$1,478.50.

A. Carr, Bonner, O'Connell, Kaplan & Scott; John P. Dluguid, Philip A. Gorelick, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Association of Federal Investigators, 815 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$111.50.

A. Braxton B. Carr, 1250 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

B. The American Waterways Operators, Inc., 1250 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$3,066.66. E. (9) \$217.80.

A. Blue A. Carstenson.

B. The Farmers' Educational and Co-operative Union of America (National Farmers Union), 1575 Sherman Street, Denver, Colo.; 1012 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Eugene C. Carusi, 1629 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Committee for Flags of Necessity, 25 Broadway, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$100.

A. Ralph E. Casey, 1120 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Institute of Merchant Shipping, 1120 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$700. E. (9) \$130.32.

A. E. Michael Cassidy, 1130 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Mississippi Valley Association, 1130 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Michael J. Cefalo, 4880 MacArthur Boulevard NW., Washington, D.C.

B. International Union of District 50, UMW, 4880 MacArthur Boulevard NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$3,376.41.

A. Chamber of Commerce of the United States of America, 1615 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Chapman, DiSalle & Friedman, 932 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.

B. International Association of Game, Fish, and Conservation Commissioners, 5757 Blake Road, Minneapolis, Minn.

D. (6) \$900. E. (9) \$417.38.

A. Chapman, DiSalle & Friedman, 932 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.

B. The National Committee for the Recording Arts, 9300 Wilshire Boulevard, Beverly Hills, Calif.

D. (6) \$16,666.67. E. (9) \$237.

A. Chapman, DiSalle & Friedman, 932 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Newspaper Committee for a Free and Competitive Press, 33 N. Dearborn Street, Room 920, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$1,000. E. (9) \$12.70.

A. Chapman, DiSalle & Friedman, 932 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Strohmeier & Arpe Co., 260 West Broadway, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$175. E. (9) \$44.30.

A. James W. Chapman, 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Retired Officers Association, 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$1,700.

A. Leslie Cheek 3d, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Insurance Association, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$1,500. E. (9) \$250.

A. A. H. Chesser, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. United Transportation Union.  
E. (9) \$200.

A. The Christian Amendment Movement, 804 Pennsylvania Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

D. (6) \$1,628.36. E. (9) \$5,745.90.

A. Edwin Christianson.

B. The Farmers' Educational and Co-operative Union of America (National Farmers Union), 1575 Sherman Street, Denver, Colo.; 1012 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

- A. Lowell T. Christison, 1026 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. American Optometric Association, care of J. C. Tumblin, O.D., 4836 Broadway NE., Knoxville, Tenn.  
 D. (6) \$429. E. (9) \$258.05.
- A. Citizens Committee on Natural Resources, 1346 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$9,363.50. E. (9) \$7,363.50.
- A. Allen C. K. Clark, 1730 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. Shipbuilders Council of America, 1730 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Earl W. Clark.  
 B. Labor-Management Maritime Committee, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$1,400. E. (9) \$36.32.
- A. James E. Clark, Jr., 1303 New Hampshire Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. Fleet Reserve Association, 1303 New Hampshire Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Robert M. Clark, 1100 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway Co., 80 East Jackson Boulevard, Chicago, Ill.
- A. Clay Pipe Industry Depletion Committee, Post Office Box 13125, Kansas City, Mo.  
 D. (6) \$181.65.
- A. Cleary, Gottlieb, Steen & Hamilton, 1250 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. Houston Chemical Co., 1 Gateway Center, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Ethyl Corp., 451 Florida, Baton Rouge, La.; E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co., Inc., Wilmington, Del.  
 E. (9) \$10.30.
- A. Earle C. Clements, 1735 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. The American Tobacco Co.
- A. Earle C. Clements, 1735 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. Brown & Williamson Tobacco Corp.
- A. Earle C. Clements, 1735 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. Liggett & Myers, Inc.
- A. Earle C. Clements, 1735 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. Philip Morris, Inc.
- A. Earle C. Clements, 1735 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co.
- A. Earle C. Clements, 1735 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. The Tobacco Institute, Inc.
- A. David Cohen, 1000 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. Committee for Community Affairs, 1000 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$2,386.35. E. (9) \$479.04.
- A. Coles & Goertner, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. Committee of American Tanker Owners, Inc., 1 Chase Manhattan Plaza, New York, N.Y.
- A. William J. Colley, 1 Farragut Square South, Washington, D.C.  
 B. American Medical Association, 535 N. Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.  
 D. (6) \$1,875. E. (9) \$625.60.
- A. Collier, Shannon & Rill, 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- B. National Broiler Council, 1155 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$100.
- A. Collier, Shannon & Rill, 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. Tool and Stainless Steel Industry Committee, care of Carpenter Technology Corp., Reading, Pa.  
 D. (6) \$1,250. E. (9) \$450.
- A. James F. Collins, 1000 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. American Iron and Steel Institute, 150 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.  
 D. (6) \$500. E. (9) \$125.
- A. Colorado Railroad Association, 702 Majestic Building, Denver, Colo.
- A. Harrison Combs, Jr., 1427 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. United Mine Workers of America, 900 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$3,290.
- A. The Committee for Broadening Commercial Bank Participation in Public Financing, 50 S. LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.  
 D. (6) \$175.
- A. Committee for Community Affairs, 1000 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$10,176.02. E. (9) \$10,176.02.
- A. Committee for Study of Revenue Bond Financing, 55 Liberty Street, New York, N.Y.  
 D. (6) \$9,450. E. (9) \$5,620.97.
- A. Raymond F. Conkling, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. Texaco, Inc., 135 E. 42d Street, New York, N.Y.  
 D. (6) \$260. E. (9) \$247.57.
- A. Howard M. Conner, 1725 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. Pacific Gas & Electric Co., 245 Market Street, San Francisco, Calif.  
 D. (6) \$1,092. E. (9) \$1,476.09.
- A. John D. Conner, 1625 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. Book Manufacturers Institute, Inc., 161 E. 42d Street, New York, N.Y.
- A. Robert J. Conner, Jr., 1100 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.  
 B. Chrysler Corp., 341 Massachusetts Avenue, Detroit, Mich.  
 D. (6) \$280. E. (9) \$165.
- A. Paul R. Conrad, 491 National Press Building, Washington, D.C.  
 B. National Newspaper Association, 491 National Press Building, Washington, D.C.  
 E. (9) \$159.25.
- A. Elleen D. Cooke, 200 C Street SE., Washington, D.C.  
 B. American Library Association, 50 East Huron Street, Chicago, Ill.  
 D. (6) \$72.48.
- A. Edward Cooper.  
 B. Motion Picture Association of America, Inc., 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Joshua W. Cooper, 626 South Lee Street, Alexandria, Va.  
 B. Portsmouth-Kittery Armed Services Committee, Inc., Post Office Box 1123, Portsmouth, N.H.  
 D. (6) \$3,750. E. (9) \$1,083.72.
- A. Mitchell J. Cooper, 1001 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.  
 B. Council of Forest Industries, 1477 West Pender Street, Vancouver, B.C., Canada.  
 D. (6) \$3,000. E. (9) \$18.80.
- A. Mitchell J. Cooper, 1001 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.  
 B. Footwear Division, Rubber Manufacturers Association, Inc., 444 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
 D. (6) \$6,000. E. (9) \$83.85.
- A. Darrell Coover, 1 Farragut Square South, Washington, D.C.  
 B. American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.  
 D. (6) \$2,100. E. (9) \$859.62.
- A. Corcoran, Foley, Youngman & Rowe, 1511 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. The Committee for Broadening Commercial Bank Participation in Public Financing, in care of P. W. K. Sweet, 50 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.
- A. Owen M. Connell, Jr., 1825 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. Del Monte Corp., 215 Fremont Street, San Francisco, Calif.  
 D. (6) \$500. E. (9) \$50.
- A. Emmet P. Corrigan, 922 24th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. United Association of Journeymen & Apprentices of the Plumbing and Pipe Fitting Industry of the United States and Canada, 901 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Allan D. Cors, 1629 K Street NW., Washington, DC.  
 B. Corning Glass Works, Corning, N.Y.  
 D. (6) \$125.
- A. Council for a Livable World, 1346 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$44,922.24. E. (9) \$22,567.80.
- A. Council of Mutual Savings Institutions, 60 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.  
 E. (9) \$145.76.
- A. Council of State Chambers of Commerce, 1028 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$1,016.92. E. (9) \$1,016.92.
- A. Donald M. Counihan, 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.  
 B. American Corn Millers Federation, 1030 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Donald M. Counihan, 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.  
 B. Classroom Periodical Publishers Association, 38 West Fifth Street, Dayton, Ohio.
- A. Counihan, Casey & Loomis, 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.  
 B. Linen Supply Association of America, 975 Arthur Godfrey Road, Miami, Fla.
- A. Covington & Burling, 701 Union Trust Building, Washington, D.C.  
 B. American Machine Tool Distributors' Association, 1500 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Covington & Burling, 701 Union Trust Building, Washington, D.C.  
 B. A. P. Moller, 8 Kongens Nytorv, Copenhagen, Denmark.
- A. Covington & Burling, 701 Union Trust Building, Washington, D.C.  
 B. Electronic Industries Association, 2001 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Covington & Burling, 701 Union Trust Building, Washington, D.C.  
 B. National Machine Tool Builders' Association, 2139 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Covington & Burling, 701 Union Trust Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Ready-Mixed Concrete Association, 900 Spring Street, Silver Spring, Md.  
D. (6) \$250.

A. Covington & Burling, 701 Union Trust Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Tool, Die & Precision Machining Association, 1411 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Covington & Burling, 701 Union Trust Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Truck Mixer Manufacturers Bureau, 900 Spring Street, Silver Spring, Md.  
D. (6) \$250.

A. Covington & Burling, 701 Union Trust Building, Washington, D.C.

B. The Wisconsin Corp., Route 3, Box 3747, Bainbridge Island, Wash.  
D. (6) \$1,000.

A. Cox, Langford & Brown, 1521 New Hampshire Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The National Collegiate Athletic Association, Midland Building, Kansas City, Mo.

A. W. J. Crawford, Post Office Box 2180, Houston, Tex.

B. Humble Oil & Refining Co. (A Delaware Corp.), Post Office Box 2180, Houston, Tex.  
E. (9) \$20.

A. H. C. Crotty, 12050 Woodward Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

A. J. A. Crowder, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Wool Manufacturers, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$1,500.

A. Michael B. Crossen, 1132 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Distilled Spirits Institute, 1132 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.

A. J. Steele Culbertson, 1225 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Fish Meal & Oil Association, 1225 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$150. E. (9) \$118.40.

A. John T. Curran, 905 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Laborers' International Union of North America, 905 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$6,000. E. (9) \$2,886.83.

A. John R. Dalton, 1508 Merchants Bank Building, Indianapolis, Ind.

B. Associated Railways of Indiana, 1508 Merchants Bank Building, Indianapolis, Ind.

A. F. Gibson Darrison, Jr., 2000 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Penn Central Co., 230 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. John C. Datt, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 1000 Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$1,125. E. (9) \$39.46.

A. Phillip J. Daugherty.

B. Industrial Union Department, AFL-CIO, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$588. E. (9) \$18.85.

A. John Davenport, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$165.

A. Aled P. Davies, 59 East Van Buren Street, Chicago, Ill.

B. American Meat Institute, 59 East Van Buren Street, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$1,000. E. (9) \$233.58.

A. Charles W. Davis, 1 North LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.

B. Inland Steel Co., 30 West Monroe Street, Chicago, Ill.

A. Charles W. Davis, 1 North LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.

B. Northwest Industries, Inc., 400 West Madison Street, Chicago, Ill.

A. Charles W. Davis, 1 North LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.

B. Sears, Roebuck & Co., 925 South Homan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$14,212.50. E. (9) \$255.36.

A. Charles W. Day, 815 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Ford Motor Co., Dearborn, Mich.  
D. (6) \$118. E. (9) \$122.

A. Michael B. Deane, 611 National Press Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Meat Importers Council of America, Inc., 25 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

A. Tony T. Dechant.

B. The Farmers' Educational and Cooperative Union of America (National Farmers Union), 1575 Sherman Street, Denver, Colo.; and 1012 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$1,875. E. (9) \$207.05.

A. L. E. Deilke, 163-165 Center Street, Winona, Minn.

B. National Association of Direct Selling Companies, 163-165 Center Street, Winona, Minn.  
D. (6) \$4,500.

A. Richard A. Dell, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$150.

A. Vincent A. Demo, 25 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

B. New York Committee of International Committee of Passenger Lines, 25 Broadway, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$6,250.

A. Ray Denison, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Federation of Labor and Congress of Industrial Organizations, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$4,547.10. E. (9) \$552.05.

A. Max A. Denney, 1629 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Industrial Bankers Association, 1629 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$900.

A. Leslie E. Dennis, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Brotherhood of Railway, Airline & Steamship Clerks, 1015 Vine Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.  
D. (6) \$2,625. E. (9) \$1,485.24.

A. Lloyd J. Derrickson, 888 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

A. Russell C. Derrickson, 4000 Cathedral Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Responsive Environments Corp., 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$1,000. E. (9) \$200.

A. William H. DeVaney, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 1000 Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$1,458.32.

A. George S. Dietrich, 1741 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Association on Broadcasting Standards, Inc., 1741 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Timothy V. A. Dillon, 1001 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Department of Water Resources, State of California, Post Office Box 388, Sacramento, Calif.  
D. (6) \$1,506.72. E. (9) \$156.72.

A. Timothy V. A. Dillon, 1001 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Sacramento Municipal Utility District, Post Office Box 15830, Sacramento, Calif.  
D. (6) \$1,647.44. E. (9) \$97.44.

A. Timothy V. A. Dillon, 1001 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Yuba County Water Agency, Marysville, Calif.  
D. (6) \$1,208.33. E. (9) \$8.33.

A. Disabled American Veterans, National Service Headquarters, 1221 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Disabled American Veterans, 3725 Alexandria Pike, Cold Spring, Ky.  
D. (6) \$14,500. E. (9) \$3,657.42.

A. Robert N. Distelhorst, Jr., 812 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.

B. U.S. Savings and Loan League, 221 North LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$600.

A. William H. Dodds, 1126 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. International Union, United Automobile, Aerospace & Agricultural Implement Workers of America (UAW), 8000 East Jefferson Avenue, Detroit, Mich.  
D. (6) \$954.50. E. (9) \$122.20.

A. Paul R. M. Donelan, 1 Farragut Square South, Washington, DC.

B. American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

A. C. L. Dorson, 501 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Retirement Federation of Civil Service Employees of the U.S. Government, 1128 Warner Building, Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$2,591.12.

A. F. Raymond Downs, 1730 E Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The Procter & Gamble Manufacturing Co., 301 East 6th Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

A. Robert H. Doyle, 2029 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Society of Professional Engineers.  
D. (6) \$3,000.

A. Franklin B. Dryden, 1735 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The Tobacco Institute, Inc.

A. Evelyn Dubrow, 1710 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

B. International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, 1710 Broadway, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$2,845.44. E. (9) \$1,115.90.

A. William DuChessi, 1126 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Textile Workers Union of America, AFL-CIO, 99 University Place, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$975.15. E. (9) \$100.

A. William E. Dunn, 1937 E Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The Associated General Contractors of America, Inc., 1957 E Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. J. D. Durand, 1725 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$240.

A. Robert G. Dwyer, 1511 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The Anaconda Co., 25 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$250.

A. Roy W. Easley, 1735 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Macon T. Edwards, 1918 N. Parkway, Memphis, Tenn.

B. National Cotton Council of America, Post Office Box 12285, Memphis, Tenn.

A. John Doyle Elliott, 5500 Quincy Street, Hyattsville, Md.

D. (6) \$3,175.44. E. (9) \$3,090.19.

A. John M. Elliott, 5025 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Amalgamated Transit Union, AFL-CIO, 5025 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. D. A. Ellsworth, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Brotherhood of Railway, Airline & Steamship Clerks, 1015 Vine Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

D. (6) \$3,285.24. E. (9) \$611.72.

A. Perry R. Ellsworth, 1025 Vermont Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Retail Jewelers of America, Inc., 1025 Vermont Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Ely & Duncan, 1200 Tower Building, Washington, D.C.

B. American Public Power Association, 2600 Virginia Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,100.

A. Ely & Duncan, 1200 Tower Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Coachella Valley County Water District, Coachella, Calif.

D. (6) \$1,200.

A. Ely & Duncan, 1200 Tower Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Department of Water and Power of the city of Los Angeles, Calif., 111 North Hope Street, Los Angeles, Calif.

D. (6) \$3,200.

A. Ely & Duncan, 1200 Tower Building, Washington, D.C.

B. East Bay Municipal Utility District, 2130 Adeline Street, Oakland, Calif.

D. (6) \$1,200.

A. Ely & Duncan, 1200 Tower Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Imperial Irrigation District, El Centro, Calif.

D. (6) \$2,100.

A. Ely & Duncan, 1200 Tower Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Six Agency Committee, 909 South Broadway, Los Angeles, Calif.

D. (6) \$3,000.

A. James C. England, 1317 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Retail Merchants Association, 100 West 31st Street, New York, N.Y.

E. (9) \$116.92.

A. Grover W. Ensley, 200 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y.

B. National Association of Mutual Savings Banks, 200 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$883.20. E. (9) \$84.60.

A. John D. Fagan, 200 Maryland Avenue NE., Washington, D.C.

B. Veterans of Foreign Wars of the United States.

D. (6) \$2,375. E. (9) \$24.50.

A. Clinton M. Fair, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Federation of Labor and Congress of Industrial Organizations, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$4,693.90.

A. The Farmers' Educational and Cooperative Union of America (National Farmers Union), 1575 Sherman Street, Denver, Colo.; 1012 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$58,989.22. E. (9) \$18,999.23.

A. Arthur S. Fefferman, 1701 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Life Convention, 211 East Chicago Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

A. Herbert A. Fierst, 607 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Council of Forest Industries of British Columbia, 1477 West Pender Street, Vancouver, Canada.

D. (6) \$7,500. E. (9) \$165.

A. Herbert A. Fierst, 607 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Joint Committee of Printing and Publishing Industries of Canada, 117 Eglinton Avenue East, Toronto, Canada.

D. (6) \$2,250. E. (9) \$30.75.

A. Francis S. Filbey, 817 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. United Federation of Postal Clerks, 817 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$3,750.

A. Firearms Lobby of America, 415 Second Street NE., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,966. E. (9) \$3,215.32.

A. William J. Flaherty, 1221 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Disabled American Veterans, 3725 Alexandria Pike, Cold Spring, Ky.

D. (6) \$4,500.

A. Roger Fleming, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 1000 Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$1,550. E. (9) \$28.14.

A. Frank U. Fletcher, 1225 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of FM Broadcasters, 665 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. Fletcher, Heald, Rowell, Kenehan & Hildreth, 1225 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of FM Broadcasters, 665 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. Floyd O. Flom, 260 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.

B. American Paper Institute, Inc., 260 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. Gene Fondren, Post Office Box 192, Taylor, Tex.

B. Texas Railroad.

D. (6) \$3,406.53. E. (9) \$1,092.

A. Gordon Forbes, 207 Union Depot Building, St. Paul, Minn.

D. (6) \$500.

A. Frederick W. Ford.

B. National Cable Television Association, Inc., 1634 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$417. E. (9) \$18.

A. James W. Forstel, 1 Farragut Square South, Washington, D.C.

B. American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$1,950. E. (9) \$239.60.

A. Ronald J. Foulis, 2000 L Street NW., Washington, D.C., and 195 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

B. American Telephone & Telegraph Co., 195 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$725.

A. John G. Fox, 2000 L Street NW., Washington, D.C., and 195 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

B. American Telephone & Telegraph Co., 195 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$291.70.

A. Morley F. Fox, 300 New Jersey Avenue SE., Washington, D.C.

B. Central Arizona Project Association, 1124 Arizona Title Building, Phoenix, Ariz.

E. (9) \$39.15.

A. Walter L. Frankland, Jr., 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Silver Users Association, 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$500.01. E. (9) \$139.62.

A. R. Frank Frazier, 1155 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Broiler Council, 1155 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$150.

A. Robert M. Frederick, 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The National Grange, 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$3,750.

A. James O. Freeman, 812 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.

B. United States Savings & Loan League, 221 North LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$1,625. E. (9) \$74.25.

A. James H. French, 1625 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Book Manufacturers Institute, Inc., 161 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Joseph Freni, Jr., 1629 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Industrial Bankers Association, 1629 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$750.

A. Phillip P. Friedlander, Jr., 1343 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Tire Dealers & Retreaders Association, Inc., 1343 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$35. E. (9) \$15.

A. Friends Committee on National Legislation, 245 Second Street NE., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$23,565. E. (9) \$10,170.

A. Frank W. Frisk, Jr., 2600 Virginia Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Public Power Association, 2600 Virginia Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$225.

A. Gadsby & Hannah, 1700 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Anchor et al.

D. (6) \$500. E. (9) \$89.72.

A. Gadsby & Hannah, 1700 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

- B. Royal Crown Cola Co., Columbus, Ga.  
E. (9) \$10.
- A. Henry E. Gardiner, 1511 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. The Anaconda Co., 25 Broadway, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$525. E. (9) \$270.58.
- A. William B. Gardiner, 1221 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Disabled American Veterans, 3725 Alexander Pike, Cold Spring, Ky.  
D. (6) \$3,750. E. (9) \$159.75.
- A. Marion R. Garstang, 30 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Milk Producers Federation, 30 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$200. E. (9) \$1.35.
- A. Gas Appliance Manufacturers Association, 2000 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Gas Supply Committee, 1725 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$13,000.
- A. General Public Utilities Corp., 80 Pine Street, New York, N.Y.  
E. (9) \$331.25.
- A. Arthur P. Gildea, 2347 Vine Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.  
B. International Union of United Brewery, Flour, Cereal, Soft Drink & Distillery Workers of America, 2347 Vine Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.
- A. Joseph S. Gill, 16 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio.  
B. The Ohio Railroad Association, 16 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio.
- A. Dave Givens, 916 Nashville Trust Building, Nashville, Tenn.  
B. Class I Railroads in Tennessee.
- A. Glassie, Pewett, Bebbe & Shanks, 1819 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Eastern Meat Packers Association, Inc., 1820 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$5. E. (9) \$4.20.
- A. Glassie, Pewett, Beebe & Shanks, 1819 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. The National Independent Meat Packers Association, 1820 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$150. E. (9) \$19.65.
- A. Glenn F. Glezen, 1303 New Hampshire Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Fleet Reserve Association, 1303 New Hampshire Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Vance V. Goodfellow, 828 Midland Bank Building, Minneapolis, Minn.  
B. Crop Quality Council, 828 Midland Bank Building, Minneapolis, Minn.  
D. (6) \$4,500.
- A. W. S. Gokin, 112 North Central Avenue, Phoenix, Ariz.
- A. John A. Gosnell, 1225 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$1,833.34.
- A. Edward Gottlieb & Associates, Ltd., 485 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
B. Florists' Transworld Delivery Association, 900 West Lafayette Boulevard, Detroit, Mich.
- A. Government Employes Council, AFL-CIO, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$11,798.86 E. (9) 5,063.33.
- A. Donald E. Graham, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Council of Farmer Cooperatives, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Grain & Feed Dealers National Association, 500 Folger Building, Washington, D.C.
- A. George Grant, 1619 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Forest Products Association, 1619 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$1,100.
- A. Cornelius R. Gray, 1712 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Automobile Association, 1712 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. George O. Gray, 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$4,031.41.
- A. James A. Gray, 2139 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Machine Tool Builders' Association, 2139 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Robert G. Gray, 1735 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Hill & Knowlton, Inc., 150 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.
- A. Mrs. Virginia M. Gray, 3501 Williamsburg Lane NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Citizens Committee for UNICEF, 20 E Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$62.50. E. (9) \$16.86.
- A. Samuel A. Grayson, 611 Idaho Building, Boise, Idaho.  
B. Union Pacific Railroad Co., 1416 Dodge Street, Omaha, Nebr.
- A. Clifford P. Greck, 1826 Jefferson Place NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Educational Publishers Institute, 432 Park Avenue South, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$250.
- A. Dale Greenwood, 302 Hoge Building, Seattle, Wash.  
B. Washington Railroad Association, 302 Hoge Building, Seattle, Wash.
- A. William G. Greif, 1155 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Bristol-Myers Co., 630 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.
- A. John F. Griner, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Federal of Government Employees, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$8,072.40. E. (9) \$2,440.90.
- A. Ben H. Guill, 2000 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Automobile Dealers Association and American Zinc.  
D. (6) \$4,100. E. (9) \$1,850.
- A. Jerome R. Gulan.  
B. National Federation of Independent Business, 921 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.
- A. Hoyt S. Haddock.  
B. Labor-Management Maritime Committee, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$1,400. E. (9) \$58.21.
- A. John R. Halre, 61 Broadway, New York, N.Y.  
B. Investment Company Institute, 61 Broadway, New York, N.Y.
- A. Matthew Hale, 815 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. The American Bankers Association, 815 Connecticut Avenue NW., and 90 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$50. E. (9) \$60.
- A. J. G. Hall, Detroit, Mich.  
B. General Motors Corp., 3044 West Grand Boulevard, Detroit, Mich.
- A. Keith Halliday, 1725 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Associated Third-Class Mail Users, 1725 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$300.
- A. Norman S. Halliday, 1140 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.  
B. National Association of Electrical Companies, 1140 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$302.50. E. (9) \$207.74.
- A. Thomas A. Halsted, 1346 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.  
B. Council for a Livable World, 1346 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$5,000.
- A. Hamel, Morgan, Park & Saunders, 888 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National School Supply & Equipment Association, 79 West Monroe Street, Chicago, Ill.
- A. Hamel, Morgan, Park & Saunders, 888 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. United Student Aid Funds, Inc., 845 Third Avenue, New York, N.Y.
- A. Harold F. Hammond, 1101 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Transportation Association of America, 1101 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$60. E. (9) \$40.
- A. Robert N. Hampton, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Council of Farmer Cooperatives, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$5,016.66. E. (9) \$170.55.
- A. Edward F. Harding, 140 New Montgomery Street, San Francisco, Calif.  
B. The Pacific Telephone & Telegraph Co., 140 New Montgomery Street, San Francisco, Calif.  
D. (6) \$408. E. (9) \$355.
- A. William E. Hardman, 1411 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Tool, Die & Precision Machining Association, 1411 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Mrs. Mildred B. Harman, 640 Warner Bldg., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Woman's Christian Temperance Union, 1730 Chicago Avenue, Evanston, Ill.  
D. (6) \$862.50.
- A. William B. Harman, Jr., 211 East Chicago Avenue, Chicago, Ill.  
B. American Life Convention, 211 East Chicago Avenue, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$276.
- A. L. James Harmanson, Jr., 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Council of Farmer Cooperatives, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Lou Ann Harral, 1133 20th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Canners Association, 1133 20th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$150. E. (9) \$50.

A. Herbert E. Harris 2d, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 1000 Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$1,712.50. E. (9) \$18.40.

A. F. Donald Hart, 805 Third Avenue, New York, N.Y.

B. American Gas Association, Inc., 605 Third Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. David Hartsough, 243 Second Street NE., Washington, D.C.

B. Friends Committee on National Legislation, 245 Second Street NE., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$667.

A. Clifford J. Harvison, 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Tank Truck Carriers, Inc., 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Paul M. Hawkins, 1701 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Health Insurance Association of America, 1701 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Kit H. Haynes, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 1000 Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$1,687.50. E. (9) \$103.23.

A. Hays & Hays, Warner Bldg., Washington, D.C.

B. Motor Commerce Association, Inc., 4004 Versailles Road, Lexington, Ky.  
D. (6) \$300.

A. John C. Hazen, 1317 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Retail Merchants Association, 100 West 31st Street, New York, N.Y.  
E. (9) \$45.10.

A. Health Insurance Association of America, 1701 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$160.53. E. (9) \$160.53.

A. Patrick B. Healy, 30 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Milk Producers Federation, 30 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$300. E. (9) \$90.29.

A. Robert B. Heiney, 1133 20th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Canners Assn., 1133 20th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$1,202.88.

A. Kenneth G. Heisler, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National League of Insured Savings Associations, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$300.

A. Phil D. Helmig, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The Atlantic Richfield Co., 717 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$150. E. (9) \$150.

A. Edmund P. Hennelly, 150 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

B. Mobil Oil Corp., 150 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$1125. E. (9) \$1470.77.

A. John K. Herbert, 575 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.

B. Magazine Publishers Association, 575 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$191.57.

A. Maurice G. Herndon, 1223 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Insurance Agents, 96 Fulton Street, New York, N.Y., and 1223 Pennsylvania Bldg., Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$648.64.

A. Clinton M. Hester, 432 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Football League, 1 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$10,000.

A. Clinton M. Hester, 432 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Savage Arms, Westfield, Mass; Redfield Gun Sight Co., Denver, Colo.; and Browning Arms Co., Morgan, Utah.  
D. (6) \$6,416.50. E. (9) \$92.12.

A. Hester & Stone, 432 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.

B. United States Brewers Association, 535 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$5,000. E. (9) \$68.95.

A. George T. Higgins, 1100 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

B. Chrysler Corp., 341 Massachusetts Avenue, Detroit, Mich.  
D. (6) \$400. E. (9) \$125.

A. John W. Hight, 1028 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Legislative Committee of the Committee for a National Trade Policy, Inc., 1028 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$100.

A. J. Eldred Hill, Jr., 720 Hotel Washington, Washington, D.C.

B. Unemployment Benefit Advisors, Inc.  
D. (6) \$2,000.

A. James J. Hill, 5025 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Amalgamated Transit Union, AFL-CIO, 5025 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Harry R. Hinton, 1 Farragut Square South, Washington, D.C.

B. American Medical Association, 535 N. Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$2,100. E. (9) \$563.21.

A. Lawrence S. Hobart, 2600 Virginia Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Public Power Association, 2600 Virginia Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$290.

A. Claude E. Hobbs, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Westinghouse Electric Corp., 3 Gateway Center, Pittsburgh, Pa.  
D. (6) \$900. E. (9) \$195.

A. Ralph D. Hodges, Jr., 1619 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$123.10.

A. Irvin A. Hoff, 1001 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

B. United States Cane Sugar Refiners' Association, 1001 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

A. Bryce P. Holcombe, 1925 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Brotherhood of Painters, Decorators & Paperhangers of America, AFL-CIO, 217-19 North Sixth Street, Lafayette, Ind.  
D. (6) \$1,825.

A. Lee B. Holmes, 829 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.

B. American Mutual Insurance Alliance, 20 North Wacker Drive, Chicago, Ill.  
E. (9) \$248.25.

A. John W. Holton, 815 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The American Bankers Association, 90 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$1,500.

A. Frances I. Holway, Box 47, Rye, N.H.

B. Animal Welfare, Inc., 910 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$424.61.

A. Edwin M. Hood, 1730 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Shipbuilders Council of America, 1730 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Thomas B. House.

B. National Association of Frozen Food Packers, 919 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$100.

A. Joe L. Howell, 1225 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Allstate Enterprises, Inc., Allstate Plaza, Northbrook, Ill.

A. Joe L. Howell, 1225 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Allstate Insurance Companies, Allstate Plaza, Northbrook, Ill.

A. Charles L. Huber, 1221 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Disabled American Veterans, 3725 Alexandria Pike, Cold Springs, Ky.  
D. (6) \$6,250. E. (9) \$3,197.15.

A. William J. Hull, 1660 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Ashland Oil & Refining Co., 1409 Winchester Avenue, Ashland, Ky.

A. William J. Hull, 1660 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Ohio Valley Improvement Association, Inc.

A. Edward W. Hummers, Jr., 1225 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of FM Broadcasters, 665 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. Robert R. Humphreys, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Air Transport Association, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$320. E. (9) \$94.25.

A. James L. Huntley, 1741 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Retail Clerks International Association, AFL-CIO, 1741 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$4,875. E. (9) \$1,817.55.

A. Elmer P. Hutter, Post Office Box 2255, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$5.

A. Elmer P. Hutter, Post Office Box 2255, Washington, D.C.

B. William R. Smith, Washington, D.C., et al.  
D. (6) \$1. E. (9) \$357.

A. Frank N. Ikard, 1271 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N.Y.

B. American Petroleum Institute, 1271 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N.Y.

A. Bernard J. Imming, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. United Fresh Fruit & Vegetable Association, 777 14th St. NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Independent Natural Gas Association of America, 1660 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,300.

A. Industrial Union Department, AFL-CIO, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$3,259.20. E. (9) \$3,259.20.

A. Institute of Scrap Iron & Steel, Inc., 1729 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$300. E. (9) \$38.50.

A. Insurance Company of North America, 1600 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

A. International Association of Machinists & Aerospace Workers, 1300 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$5,372.42.

A. International Economic Policy Association, 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$4,031.41.

A. International Union of District 50, UMWA, 4880 MacArthur Boulevard NW., Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$3,376.41.

A. Investment Company Institute, 61 Broadway, New York, N.Y.  
E. (9) \$1,590.12.

A. Iron Ore Lessors Association, Inc., 1500 First National Bank Building, Saint Paul, Minn.  
D. (6) \$19,757.55. E. (9) \$7,053.83.

A. Chas. E. Jackson, 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Robert C. Jackson, 1120 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Textile Manufacturers Institute, 1501 Johnston Building, Charlotte, N.C.  
D. (6) \$2,750,000. E. (9) \$186.08.

A. Walter K. Jaenicke,  
B. National Forest Products Association, 1619 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$700. E. (9) \$150.

A. Japanese American Citizens League, 1634 Post Street, San Francisco, Calif.  
E. (9) \$200.

A. Daniel Jaspán, Post Office Box 1924, Washington, D.C.  
B. National Association of Postal Supervisors, Post Office Box 1924, Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$6,143.01. E. (9) 62.18.

A. Chas. B. Jennings, 1712 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Stock Yards Association, 1712 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$400.

A. Hugo E. Johnson, 600 Bulkeley Building, Cleveland, Ohio.  
B. American Iron Ore Association, 600 Bulkeley Building, Cleveland, Ohio.

A. Reuben L. Johnson.  
B. The Farmers' Educational and Co-Operative Union of America (National Farmers Union), 1575 Sherman Street, Denver, Colo.; 1012 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$3,600. E. (9) \$178.79.

A. Spencer A. Johnson, 1025 Vermont Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Retail Furniture Association, 1150 Merchandise Mart, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$300.

A. Geo. Bliss Jones, Montgomery, Ala.  
B. Alabama Railroad Association, 1002 First National Bank Building, Montgomery, Ala.

A. L. Dan Jones, 1110 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.  
B. Independent Petroleum Association of America, 1110 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$60.

A. Oliver H. Jones, 1707 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Mortgage Bankers Association of America, 1707 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$11,450. E. (9) \$4,136.

A. Mrs. Fritz R. Kahn, 9202 Ponce Place, Fairfax, Va.  
B. National Congress of Parents and Teachers, 700 N. Rush Street, Chicago, Ill.  
E. (9) \$15.25.

A. Karelsen, Karelsen, Lawrence & Nathan, 230 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
E. (9) \$10.36.

A. William J. Keating, 500 Folger Building, Washington, D.C.  
B. Grain & Feed Dealers National Association, 500 Folger Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Howard B. Keck, 1801 Avenue of the Stars, Los Angeles, Calif.  
B. The Superior Oil Co., 1801 Avenue of the Stars, Los Angeles, Calif.  
E. (9) \$300.

A. W. M. Keck, Jr., 1801 Avenue of the Stars, Los Angeles, Calif.  
E. (9) \$275.

A. Charles C. Keeble, Post Office Box 2180, Houston, Tex.  
B. Humble Oil & Refining Co., Post Office Box 2180, Houston, Tex.  
E. (9) \$16.30.

A. Daniel C. Kellick, 1317 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Retail Merchants Association, 100 West 81st Street, New York, N.Y.  
E. (9) \$46.95.

A. Harold V. Kelly, 720 Hotel Washington, Washington, D.C.  
B. Unemployment Benefit Advisors, Inc.  
D. (6) \$1,000.

A. John T. Kelly, 1155 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Pharmaceutical Manufacturers Association.

A. Edward F. Kenehan, 1225 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Association of FM Broadcasters, 665 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. I. L. Kenen, 1341 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Israel Public Affairs Committee, 1341 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Harold L. Kennedy, 420 Cafritz Building, Washington, D.C.  
B. Marathon Oil Co., Findlay, Ohio.  
E. (9) \$95.05.

A. James J. Kennedy, Jr., 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Brotherhood of Railway, Airline & Steamship Clerks, 1015 Vine Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.  
D. (6) \$3,277.49. E. (9) \$1,652.77.

A. Edward F. Kenney, 225 South Meramec, St. Louis, Mo.  
B. Mississippi Valley Association, 1130 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. William F. Kenney, New York, N.Y.  
B. Shell Oil Co., 50 West 50th Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Kenyon & Kenyon, 59 Maiden Lane, New York, N.Y.  
E. (9) \$150.

A. Thomas P. Kerester, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Gulf Oil Corp., Pittsburgh, Pa.  
D. (6) \$750. E. (9) \$150.

A. J. Don Kerlin, 1108 Stuart Road, Herndon, Va.  
B. Time, Inc., Rockefeller Center, New York, N.Y.

A. Joseph T. King, 1028 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Associated Equipment Distributors and Sprinkler Irrigation Association.  
E. (9) \$1,202.93.

A. T. Bert King, 812 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.  
B. U.S. Savings and Loan League, 221 North LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$825.

A. Mr. and Mrs. Harry L. Kingman, 535 San Luis Road, Berkeley, Calif.  
D. (6) \$2,075. E. (9) \$2,075.

A. John M. Kinnaird, 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Trucking Associations, Inc., 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$1,000. E. (9) \$854.50.

A. Kirkland, Ellis, Hodson, Chaffetz & Masters, 800 World Center Building, Washington, D.C.  
B. Grocery Manufacturers of America, Inc., 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N.Y.

A. Ernest A. Kistler, 901 Hamilton Street, Allentown, Pa.  
B. Pennsylvania Power & Light Co., 901 Hamilton Street, Allentown, Pa.  
D. (6) \$193.70. E. (9) \$336.17.

A. Ralph W. Kittle.  
B. International Paper Co., 220 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Robert E. Kline, Jr., 409 LaSalle Building, 1028 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Bowling Proprietors' Association of America, Inc., West Higgins Road, Hoffman Estates, Ill.  
D. (6) \$1,250. E. (9) \$49.29.

A. James F. Kmetz, 1427 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. United Mine Workers of America, 900 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$4,790.

A. George J. Knaly, 1200 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. International Brotherhood of Electrical Workers, AFL-CIO & CLC, 1200 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$5,000.06.

A. John D. Knodell, Jr., 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Humble Oil & Refining Co., Post Office Box 2180, Houston, Tex.  
E. (9) \$912.26.

A. George W. Koch, 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N.Y.  
B. Grocery Manufacturers of America, Inc., 1133 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N.Y.

A. Robert M. Koch, 702 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Limestone Institute, Inc., 702 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$35.

A. William L. Kohler, 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Trucking Associations, Inc., 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$1,200. E. (9) \$360.63.

A. Horace R. Kornegay, 1735 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. The Tobacco Institute, Inc.

A. Kenneth S. Kovack, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. United Steelworkers of America, 1500 Commonwealth Building, Pittsburgh, Pa.  
D. (6) \$3,450. E. (9) \$1,338.80.

A. June Kysliko Kraeft, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$81.

A. Germaine Krettek, 200 C Street SE., Washington, D.C.

B. American Library Association, 50 East Huron Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$560.30.

A. Herman C. Kruse, 245 Market Street, San Francisco, Calif.

B. Pacific Gas & Electric Co., 245 Market Street, San Francisco, Calif.

E. (9) \$2,330.48.

A. Lloyd R. Kuhn, 1725 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Aerospace Industries Association of America, Inc., 1725 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$5,472. E. (9) \$806.55.

A. Labor Bureau of Middle West, 1155 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.; 11 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.

A. Labor-Management Maritime Committee, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$9,873. E. (9) \$8,312.88.

A. Laborers' International Union of North America, AFL-CIO, 905 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$10,761.83.

A. Laborers' Political League, 905 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$9,623.19. E. (9) \$8,697.66.

A. A. M. Lampley, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$100.

A. Albert Lannon, Jr., 1341 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. International Longshoremen's & Warehousemen's Union, 150 Golden Gate Avenue, San Francisco, Calif.

D. (6) \$2,786.22. E. (9) \$601.78.

A. Glenn T. Lashley, 1712 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. District of Columbia Division, American Automobile Association, 1712 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Dillard B. Lasseter, 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Trucking Associations, Inc., 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,200. E. (9) \$525.

A. George H. Lawrence, 1660 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Gas Association, Inc., 605 Third Avenue, New York N.Y.

D. (6) \$425. E. (9) \$75.

A. John V. Lawrence, 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Trucking Associations, Inc., 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,200.

A. Robert F. Lederer, 835 Southern Building, Washington, D.C.

B. American Association of Nurserymen, Inc., 835 Southern Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$20. E. (9) \$267.84.

A. Legislation for Animal Welfare, Inc., 3045 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$825. E. (9) \$697.20.

A. Legislative Committee of the Committee for a National Trade Policy, Inc., 1028 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$500. E. (9) \$253.

A. Nils A. Lennartson, 1140 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Railway Progress Institute, 1140 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$9,999.96.

A. Leva, Hawes, Symington, Martin & Oppenheimer, 815 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The American Waterways Operators, Inc., 1250 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$8,765. E. (9) \$670.41.

A. J. Stanly Lewis, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Letter Carriers, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,812.00.

A. Liberty Lobby, Inc., 132 Third Street SE., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$30,670.29. E. (9) \$15,334.81.

A. Lester W. Lindow, 1735 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Lindsay, Nahstoll, Hart, Dafoe & Krause, ninth floor, Loyalty Building, Portland, Ore.

B. Master Contracting Stevedore Association of the Pacific Coast, Inc., San Francisco, Calif.

A. Lindsay, Nahstoll, Hart, Dafoe & Krause, ninth floor, Loyalty Building, Portland, Ore.

B. National Maritime Compensation Committee, ninth floor, Loyalty Building, Portland, Ore.

A. Charles B. Lipson, 1741 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Retail Clerks International Association, AFL-CIO, 1741 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$5,480.00. E. (9) \$1,367.99.

A. Robert G. Litschert, 1140 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Electric Companies, 1140 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$417.38. E. (9) \$147.52.

A. Harold O. Lovre, 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Trucking Associations, Inc., 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,200. E. (9) \$295.50.

A. Otto Lowe, Cape Charles, Va.

B. National Cannery Association, 1133 20th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,500.

A. Otto Lowe, Cape Charles, Va.

B. Norfolk & Western Railway Co., Roanoke, Va.

D. (6) \$600.

A. Milton F. Lunch, 2029 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Society of Professional Engineers.

A. John C. Lynn, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 1000 Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$3,000.

A. LeRoy E. Lyon, Jr., 11th and L Building, Sacramento, Calif.

B. California Railroad Association, 11th and L Building, Sacramento, Calif.

A. Breck P. McAllister, 25 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

B. American Committee for Flags of Necessity, 25 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

A. William C. McCamant, 1725 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$300 or less.

A. John A. McCart, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Government Employees Council, AFL-CIO, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,357.25.

A. Bruce E. McCarthy, 1730 Rhode Island Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Electrical Contractors Association, 1730 Rhode Island Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. McClure & Trotter, 1100 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The Coca-Cola Co., Post Office Drawer 1734, Atlanta, Ga.

A. McClure & Trotter, 1100 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Gulf & Western Industries, Inc., 437 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. McClure & Trotter, 1100 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. International Packers Ltd., 410 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

A. McClure & Trotter, 1100 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Mobil Oil Corp., 150 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

A. E. L. McCulloch, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers Building, Cleveland, Ohio.

D. (6) \$284.60. E. (9) \$81.50.

A. Albert L. McDermott, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Hotel & Motel Association, 221 West 57th Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$125.

A. Angus H. McDonald.

B. The Farmers' Educational and Cooperative Union of America (National Farmers Union), 1575 Sherman Street, Denver, Colo.; 1012 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$3,415.30. E. (9) \$176.01.

A. Marshall C. McGrath.

B. International Paper Co., 220 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$445. E. (9) \$170.16.

A. F. Howard McGuigan, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Federation of Labor & Congress of Industrial Organizations, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$4,702.70. E. (9) \$226.50.

A. Clarence M. McIntosh, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Brotherhood of Railway, Airline & Steamship Clerks, 1015 Vine Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

D. (6) \$2,770.74. E. (9) \$993.25.

A. William F. McKenna, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National League of Insured Savings Associations, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$85.

A. Marvin L. McLain, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 1000 Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$2,537.50. E. (9) \$60.49.

A. William F. McManus, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. General Electric Co., 570 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$725. E. (9) \$135.70.

A. Clarence M. McMillan, 1343 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Candy Wholesalers Association, Inc., 1343 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Robert L. McNeill, 815 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Ford Motor Co., Dearborn, Mich.; Emergency Committee for American Trade, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$32.35. E. (9) \$26.33.

A. Shane MacCarthy, 5223 River Road, Washington, D.C.

B. Printing Industries of America, 5223 River Road, Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$750. E. (9) \$1,125.

A. H. E. Mahlman, 1026 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Optometric Association, care of J. C. Tumblyn, O. D., 4836 Broadway NE., Knoxville, Tenn.  
D. (6) \$700. E. (9) \$27.35.

A. Robert L. Maier, 900 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Kaiser Industries Corp., 900 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Carter Manasco, 5032 Chesterbrook Road, McLean, Va.

B. National Coal Association, 1130 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$6,000. E. (9) \$137.65.

A. Manufacturing Chemists' Association, Inc., 1825 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$5,000. E. (9) \$3,000.

A. Mrs. Olya Margolin, 924 Dupont Circle Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Council of Jewish Women, Inc., 1 West 47th Street, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$2,250. E. (9) \$147.23.

A. James Mark, Jr., 1427 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. United Mine Workers of America, 900 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$4,790.

A. Rodney W. Markley, Jr., 815 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Ford Motor Co., Dearborn, Mich.

A. Winston W. Marsh, 1343 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Tire Dealers & Retreaders Association, Inc., Washington, D.C.

A. J. Paull Marshall, 300 New Jersey Avenue SE., Washington, D.C.

B. Association of American Railroads, American Railroads Building, Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$53.75.

A. Thomas A. Martin, 1625 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Mid-Continent Oil & Gas Association, 300 Tulsa Building, Tulsa, Okla.  
D. (6) \$500. E. (9) \$120.

A. Mike M. Masaoka, 919 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Mike M. Masaoka, 919 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Association on Japanese Textile Imports, Inc., 551 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$1,000.

A. Mike M. Masaoka, 919 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Japanese American Citizens League, 1634 Post Street, San Francisco, Calif.  
D. (6) \$200.

A. Mike M. Masaoka, 919 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. West Mexico Vegetable Distributors Association, Post Office Box 848, Nogales, Ariz.  
D. (6) \$500.

A. Alfred Maskin, 1612 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Maritime Association, 17 Battery Place, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$100. E. (9) \$57.74.

A. Walter J. Mason, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Building and Construction Trades Department, AFL-CIO, 815 16th Street, Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$5,499.91. E. (9) \$1,300.

A. Charles D. Matthews, 1140 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Electric Companies, 1140 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$423.50. E. (9) \$122.62.

A. P. H. Mathews, 300 New Jersey Avenue SE., Washington, D.C.

B. Association of American Railroads, American Railroads Building, Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$314.89. E. (9) \$422.

A. Charles E. Mattingly, 1608 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The American Legion, 700 North Pennsylvania Street, Indianapolis, Ind.  
D. (6) \$3,298.50. E. (9) \$142.50.

A. C. V. & R. V. Maudlin, 1111 E Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Georgia Power Co., 270 Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga.

A. Arnold Mayer, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., room 410, Washington, D.C.

B. Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen of North America, AFL-CIO, 2800 North Sheridan Road, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$4,750. E. (9) \$430.

A. Anthony Mazzocchi, 1126 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Oil, Chemical & Atomic Workers International Union, 1840 California Street Denver, Colo.  
D. (6) \$1,750. E. (9) \$227.50.

A. George G. Mead, 128 C Street NE., Washington, D.C.

B. American Society of Radiologic Technologists, 645 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$1,200. E. (9) \$721.71.

A. James E. Meals, Air Line Pilots Association, 1329 E Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Air Line Pilots Association, 1329 E Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Medical-Surgical Manufacturers Association, 342 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.

B. Medical-Surgical Manufacturers Association, 342 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$5,032.53. E. (9) \$1,224.92.

A. Carl J. Megel, 1012 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Federation of Teachers, AFL-CIO, 1012 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$9,950.

A. Kenneth A. Meiklejohn, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Federation of Labor and Congress of Industrial Organizations, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$4,702.70. E. (9) \$352.88.

A. Lawrence C. Merthan, 1735 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Hill & Knowlton, Inc., 150 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Metropolitan Washington Board of Trade, 1616 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. George F. Meyer, Jr., 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Retired Officers Association, 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$625.

A. Midland Cooperative Dairy Association, Shawano, Wis., and Box 128 Cazenovia, N.Y.

A. Capt. A. Stanley Miller, 1629 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Committee for Flags of Necessity, 25 Broadway, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$100.

A. Dale Miller, 377 Mayflower Hotel, Washington, D.C.

B. Dallas, Tex., Chamber of Commerce.  
D. (6) \$1,950.

A. Dale Miller, 377 Mayflower Hotel, Washington, D.C.

B. Gulf Intracoastal Canal Association, 2211 South Coast Building, Houston, Tex.  
D. (6) \$2,625.

A. Dale Miller, 377 Mayflower Hotel, Washington, D.C.

B. Texas Gulf Sulphur Co., Newgulf, Tex., and New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$2,250.

A. Edwin Reid Miller, 1815 Capitol Avenue, Omaha, Nebr.

B. Nebraska Railroads Legislative Committee, 1815 Capitol Avenue, Omaha, Nebr.  
D. (6) \$4,099.98.

A. Hermon I. Miller, 5116 Moorland Lane, Bethesda, Md.

B. National Turkey Federation, Mount Morris, Ill.

A. Joe D. Miller, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

B. American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$875.

A. Joseph L. Miller, 1612 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The Maytag Co., Northern Textile Association, National Parking Association.

A. Lester F. Miller, 1750 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Rural Letter Carriers' Association, 1750 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$415. E. (9) \$28.

A. Luman C. Miller, 912 Falling Building, Portland, Ore.

B. Oregon Railroad Association, 912 Falling Building, Portland, Ore.

A. Jack Mills, 1735 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The Tobacco Institute.

- A. Marlon Daniel Minchew, 610 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.  
 B. National Cotton Council of America, Post Office Box 12285, Memphis, Tenn.  
 D. (6) \$206.25. E. (9) \$7.09.
- A. Thomas F. Mitchell, 1735 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. Georgia-Pacific Corp., Post Office Box 811, Portland, Oreg.  
 E. (9) \$87.
- A. Mobile Housing Association of America, 39 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.  
 E. (9) \$2,427.51.
- A. Carl A. Modecki, 1712 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. American Automobile Association, 1712 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Willis C. Moffatt, Post Office Lock Box 829, Boise, Idaho
- A. Michael Monroney  
 B. Communications Satellite Corporation, 950 L'Enfant Plaza South SW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$1,750.
- A. Joseph E. Moody, 1000 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$500.
- A. Robert E. Morin, 1311 Delaware Avenue SW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. National Association of Mutual Insurance Agents, 520 Investment Building, Washington, D.C.  
 E. (9) \$3,122.96.
- A. Morison, Murphy, Abrams & Haddock, Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D. C.  
 B. The Sperry & Hutchinson Co., 330 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.
- A. James G. Morton, 1825 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. Manufacturing Chemists' Association, Inc., 1825 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$2,500. E. (9) Under \$50.
- A. Lynn E. Mote, 1619 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. Automobile Manufacturers Association, Inc., 320 New Center Building, Detroit, Mich.  
 D. (6) \$1,000.
- A. Motor Commerce Association, Inc., 4004 Versailles Road, Lexington, Ky.  
 D. (6) \$500. E. (9) \$462.75.
- A. T. H. Mullen, 4301 Columbia Pike, Arlington, Va.  
 B. Union Camp Corp., 233 Broadway, New York, N.Y.
- A. John J. Murphy, Jr., 815 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. Bricklayers, Masons & Plasterers International Union of America, 815 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$2,925. E. (9) \$339.80.
- A. John J. Murphy, 33 Willeliner Drive, Edgewater, Md.  
 B. National Customs Service Association.
- A. William E. Murray, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Kenneth D. Naden, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. National Council of Farmer Cooperatives, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$9,208.32. E. (9) \$556.06.
- A. John J. Nangle, 215 Watergate Office Building, Washington, D.C.  
 B. National Association of Independent Insurers, 30 West Monroe Street, Chicago, Ill.
- A. Augustus Nasmith, Pennsylvania Station, Newark, N.J.  
 B. Associated Railroads of New Jersey, Pennsylvania Station, Newark, N.J.
- A. The Nationwide Committee on Import-Export Policy, 815 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$7,300. E. (9) \$7,576.16.
- A. National Agricultural Chemicals Association, 1155 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. National Association of Credit Management, 44 East 23d Street, New York, N.Y.
- A. National Association of Electric Companies, 1140 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$64,834.85. E. (9) \$9,097.12.
- A. National Association of Food Chains, 1725 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$100. E. (9) \$100.
- A. National Association of Frozen Food Packers, 919 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. National Association of Letter Carriers, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$709,397.07. E. (9) \$44,136.67.
- A. National Association of Mutual Savings Banks, 200 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
 D. (6) \$2,533.29. E. (9) \$2,533.29.
- A. The National Association of Polish Americans, Inc., 3829 W Street SE., Washington, D.C.
- A. National Association of Postal Supervisors, Post Office Box 1924, Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$35,000. E. (9) \$15,642.85.
- A. National Association of Travel Organizations, 1100 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$39,746.18. E. (9) \$682.50.
- A. National Automobile Dealers Association, 2000 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$2,119.57. E. (9) \$2,119.57.
- A. National Broker Council, 1155 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$250. E. (9) \$250.
- A. National Campaign for Agricultural Democracy, 110 Maryland Avenue NE., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$19,230. E. (9) \$8,049.21.
- A. National Canners Association, 1133 20th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$355,962.38. E. (9) \$5,273.24.
- A. National Coal Policy Conference, Inc., 1000 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 E. (9) \$6,433.69.
- A. National Committee to Abolish HUAC/HISC, 555 N. Western Avenue, Los Angeles, Calif.  
 D. (6) \$1,709.18. E. (9) \$1,709.18.
- A. National Committee for Research in Neurological Disorders, care of Dr. A. B. Baker, Division of Neurology, University of Minnesota Hospital, Minneapolis, Minn.  
 E. (9) \$5,000.
- A. National Conference of Non-Profit Shipping Associations, Inc., 2309 Fannin, Houston, Tex.
- A. National Cotton Council of America, Post Office Box 12285, Memphis, Tenn.  
 D. (6) \$2,899.08. E. (9) \$2,899.08.
- A. National Council of Farmer Cooperatives, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$19,348.36. E. (9) \$23,325.16.
- A. National Council, Junior Order United American Mechanics, 3027 N. Broad St., Philadelphia, Pa.
- A. National Council of Naval Air Stations Employee Organizations, 239 Beach Road, Alameda, Calif.
- A. National Council of Technical Service Industries, 888 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 B. National Council of Technical Service Industries, 888 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$765. E. (9) \$834.08.
- A. National Counsel Associates, 421 New Jersey Avenue SE., Washington, D.C.  
 B. Cenco Instruments Corporation, 2600 S. Kostner Avenue, Chicago, Ill.  
 D. (6) \$1,050. E. (9) \$173.17.
- A. National Counsel Associates, 421 New Jersey Avenue SE., Washington, D.C.  
 B. Committee for the Study of Revenue Bond Financing, 55 Liberty Street, New York, N.Y.  
 D. (6) \$1,500. E. (9) \$65.
- A. National Cystic Fibrosis Research Foundation, 202 East 44th Street, New York, N.Y.  
 E. (9) \$1,500.
- A. National Electrical Contractors Assn., Inc., 1730 Rhode Island Ave. NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. National Electrical Manufacturers Association, 155 East 44th Street, New York, N.Y.
- A. National Federation of Federal Employees, 1737 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$221,164.35. E. (9) \$13,039.51.
- A. National Federation of Independent Business, Inc., 920 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$25,762.86. E. (9) \$25,762.86.
- A. National Forest Products Assn., 1619 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$298.54. E. (9) \$337.82.
- A. The National Grange, 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 E. (9) \$9,350.
- A. National Housing Conference, Inc., 1250 Connecticut Ave. NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$64,289.61. E. (9) \$48,356.70.
- A. National League of Insured Savings Associations, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$420,447.47. E. (9) \$425.
- A. National Limestone Institute, Inc., 702 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$1,240. E. (9) \$1,240.
- A. National Livestock Feeders Association, Inc., 309 Livestock Exchange Building, Omaha, Nebr.  
 D. (6) \$7,367.16. E. (9) \$7,367.16.
- A. National Milk Producers Federation, 30 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
 D. (6) \$4,242.70. E. (9) \$4,242.70.
- A. National Multiple Sclerosis Society, 257 Park Avenue South, New York, N.Y.  
 E. (9) \$439.22.

A. National Parking Association, 1101 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$825.

A. National Reclamation Association, 897 National Press Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$5,464.05. E. (9) \$7,376.06.

A. National Rehabilitation Association, 1522 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$8,344.29. E. (9) \$1,221.75.

A. National Retail Furniture Association, 1150 Merchandise Mart, Chicago, Ill.

E. (9) \$383.35.

A. National Retail Merchants Association, 100 West 31 Street, New York, N.Y.

E. (9) \$5,717.

A. National Rural Letter Carriers' Association, 1750 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,818. E. (9) \$8,520.

A. National Small Business Association, 1225 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$5,000. E. (9) \$2,562.52.

A. National Society of Professional Engineers, 2029 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Society of Professional Engineers.

D. (6) \$325,000. E. (9) \$20,000.

A. National Tire Dealers & Retreaders Association, 1343 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$50. E. (9) \$50.

A. Alexander W. Neale, Jr., 1101 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Supervisors of State Banks, 1101 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,062.

A. Alan M. Nedry, 888 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Southern California Edison Co., Post Office Box 351, Los Angeles, Calif.

D. (6) \$2,500. E. (9) \$2,274.61.

A. Allen Neece, Jr., 537 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Small Business Investment Companies, 537 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$300.

A. Samuel E. Neel, 1200 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Mortgage Bankers Association of America, 1707 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$6,250. E. (9) \$871.

A. Frances E. Neely, 245 Second Street NE., Washington, D.C.

B. Friends Committee on National Legislation, 245 Second Street NE., Washington, D.C.

A. George R. Nelson, 1300 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. International Assoc. of Machinists and Aerospace Workers, 1300 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,250. E. (9) \$622.42.

A. William E. Neumeyer, 1120 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. GT&E Service Corp., 730 Third Avenue, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$20.25.

A. Louis H. Nevins, 1300 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Real Estate Boards, 155 E. Superior Street, Chicago, Ill. and 1300 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,334. E. (9) \$85.65.

A. John A. Nevius, 1000 Vermont Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Association of Mutual Fund Sponsors, Inc., 50 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$6,960. E. (9) \$372.07.

A. Sarah H. Newman, 1029 Vermont Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Consumers League, 1029 Vermont Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,650.

A. Patrick J. Nilan, 817 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. United Federation of Postal Clerks, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$6,712.30. E. (9) \$919.61.

A. James W. Nisbet, 280 Union Station Building, Chicago, Ill.

B. The Association of Western Railways, 224 Union Station Building, Chicago, Ill.

A. Robert W. Nolan, 1303 New Hampshire Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Fleet Reserve Association, 1303 New Hampshire Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$100.

A. Charles M. Noone, 1225 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Small Business Investment Companies, 537 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,500. E. (9) \$906.75.

A. Robert D. Nordstrom, 1133 20th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Canners Association, 1133 20th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$400. E. (9) \$225.

A. Graham T. Northup, 1707 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Mortgage Bankers Association of America, 1707 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$6,450. E. (9) \$11,368.

A. Michael J. Norton.

B. National Milk Producers Federation.

A. Ira H. Nunn, 1155 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Restaurant Association, 1155 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C., and 1530 North Lake Shore Drive, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$3,125. E. (9) \$250.

A. Seward P. Nyman, 20 Chevy Chase Circle, Washington, D.C.

B. American Podiatry Association, 20 Chevy Chase Circle, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$650.

A. Richard T. O'Connell, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Council of Farmer Cooperatives, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$5,183.32. E. (9) \$135.63.

A. O'Connor, Green, Thomas, Walters & Kelly, 1750 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Transit Association, 815 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$4,500. E. (9) \$207.

A. O'Connor, Green, Thomas, Walters & Kelly, 1750 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Upper Mississippi Towing Corporation, 7703 Normandale Road, Minneapolis, Minn.

D. (6) \$2,500. E. (9) \$123.

A. John B. O'Day, 11 East Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.

B. Insurance Economics Society of America, 11 East Adams Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$33,381.55.

A. John A. O'Donnell, 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Trucking Associations, Inc., 1616 P St., NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,200.

A. Jane O'Grady, 1000 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Committee for Community Affairs, 1000 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,142.75. E. (9) \$144.32.

A. Richard C. O'Hare, 1120 Investment Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Harness Tracks of America, 333 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

A. The Ohio Railroad Association, 16 East Broad Street, Columbus, Ohio.

A. Alvin E. Oliver, 500 Folger Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Grain & Feed Dealers National Association, 500 Folger Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Edward W. Oliver, 5025 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Amalgamated Transit Union, AFL-CIO, 5025 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Robert Oliver, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The Sperry & Hutchinson Co., 330 Madison Avenue, New York City.

A. Claude E. Olmstead, 1750 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Rural Letter Carriers' Association, 1750 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$415. E. (9) \$25.

A. Samuel Omasta, 702 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Limestone Institute, Inc., 702 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$10.

A. Jerry H. Opack, 815 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Sears, Roebuck & Co., 925 South Homan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

A. Franklin L. Orth, 1600 Rhode Island Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Rifle Association of America, 1600 Rhode Island Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$625.

A. Kermit Overby, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$185.

A. Raymond S. Page, Jr., Mill Creek Terrace, Gladwyne, Pa.

B. Campbell Soup Co., 375 Memorial Avenue, Camden, N.J.

A. Walter Page, Box 128, Cazenovia, N.Y.

A. Norman Paige, 1132 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Distilled Spirits Institute, 1132 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Lew M. Paramore, Post Office Box 1310, Kansas City, Kans.

B. Mississippi Valley Association, 1130 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. J. D. Parel, 300 New Jersey Avenue SE., Washington, D.C.

B. Association of American Railroads, American Railroads Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$18.91.

A. Michael L. Parker, 1910 Russ Building, San Francisco, Calif.

B. Kaiser Foundation Health Plan: Pre-paid Group Medical Care, 300 Lakeside Drive, Oakland, Calif.

D. (6) \$1,833.33. E. (9) \$1,464.18.

A. George F. Parrish, Post Office Box 7, Charleston, W. Va.

B. West Virginia Railroad Association.  
D. (6) \$6,000.

A. Robert D. Partridge, 2000 Florida Avenue, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$79.20.

A. Pennzoll United, Inc., 900 Southwest Tower, Houston, Tex.

E. (9) \$999.55.

A. D. V. Pensabene, 1700 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Standard Oil Co. of California, 1700 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$50. E. (9) \$25.

A. J. Carter Perkins, 1700 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Shell Oil Co., 50 West 50th Street, New York, N.Y.

A. A. J. Pessel, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,800.

A. A. Harold Peterson, 715 Cargill Building, Minneapolis, Minn.

B. National REA Telephone Association, 715 Cargill Building, Minneapolis, Minn.

D. (6) \$2,500. E. (9) \$1,397.43.

A. Michael Petresky, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employees, 12050 Woodward Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

D. (6) \$612.

A. Walter T. Phair, 900 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Kaiser Industries Corp., 900 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$350. E. (9) \$210.

A. Pharmaceutical Manufacturers Association, 1155 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. John P. Philbin, 1100 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

B. Mobil Oil Corp., 150 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$1,125. E. (9) \$124.82.

A. William G. Phillips, 1300 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Association of Schools of Public Health, Inc., Chapel Hill, N.C.

D. (6) \$1,800. E. (9) \$784.55.

A. James F. Pinkney, 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Trucking Associations, Inc., 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$1,000. E. (9) \$114.

A. James H. Pipkin, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Texaco, Inc., 135 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$700. E. (9) \$1,460.

A. S. Z. Placksin, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Transportation-Communication Division, Brotherhood of Railway & Airline Clerks, 3860 Lindell Boulevard, St. Louis, Mo.

A. Plains Cotton Growers, Inc., 1720 Avenue M, Lubbock, Tex.

D. (6) \$113,325.66. E. (9) \$1,350.

A. Joseph M. Pollard, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. County of Los Angeles, State of California, Hall of Administration, 500 West Temple Street, Los Angeles, Calif.

E. (9) \$1,050.

A. Frederick T. Poole, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 1000 Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$400. E. (9) \$4.81.

A. Robert R. Poston, 908 Colorado Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Mutual Savings Banks, 200 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$900. E. (9) \$139.65.

A. George G. Potts, 15 East Cliff Street, Alexandria, Va.

B. National Association of Mutual Insurance Agents, 520 Investment Building, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$45.

A. William J. Potts, Jr., 1730 M Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Association on Broadcasting Standards, Inc., 1741 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Richard M. Powell, 1210 Tower Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Refrigerated Warehouses, 1210 Tower Building, Washington, D.C.

A. William I. Powell, 1110 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Independent Petroleum Association of America, 1110 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$18.90.

A. Carlton H. Power, 1918 North Parkway, Post Office Box 12285, Memphis, Tenn.

B. National Cotton Council of America, Post Office Box 12285, Memphis, Tenn.

D. (6) \$540. E. (9) \$31.52.

A. William C. Prather, 221 North LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.

B. United States Savings & Loan League, 221 North LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$450. E. (9) \$291.35.

A. William H. Press, 1616 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Metropolitan Washington Board of Trade, 1616 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$7,800.

A. Jerry C. Pritchett, 59 Ivy Street SE., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Plumbing-Heating-Cooling Contractors, 1016 20th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$3,666. E. (9) \$3,666.

A. Earle W. Putnam, 5025 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Amalgamated Transit Union, AFL-CIO, 5025 Wisconsin Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Joseph E. Quin, 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The National Grange, 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$600.

A. Luke C. Quinn, Jr., 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Cancer Society, New York, N.Y., et al.

D. (6) \$13,449.98. E. (9) \$8,977.95.

A. Thomas H. Quinn, 1750 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Committee for Study of Revenue Bond Financing, 55 Liberty Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$1,420. E. (9) \$176.25.

A. James H. Rademacher, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Letter Carriers, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$3,375.

A. Alex Radin, 2600 Virginia Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Public Power Association, 2600 Virginia Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$297.66.

A. Edward F. Ragland, 6917 Marbury Road, Bethesda, Md.

B. The Tobacco Institute, Inc., 1735 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Railway Progress Institute, 1140 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Alan T. Rains, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. United Fresh Fruit & Vegetable Association, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. William A. Raleigh, Jr., 1000 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Coal Policy Conference, Inc., 1000 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$4,750.

A. Carl R. Ramsey, 239 Beach Road, Alameda, Calif.

B. National Council of Naval Air Stations Employee Organizations, 239 Beach Road, Alameda, Calif.

A. James A. Ransford, 1701 Pennsylvania Avenue, Washington, D.C.

B. Getty Oil Co.

A. Robert E. Redding, 1101 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Transportation Association of America, 1101 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. George L. Reid, Jr., 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Trucking Associations, Inc., 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$799.98.

A. Ronald E. Resh, 1300 Wyatt Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Wyatt & Saltzstein, 1300 Wyatt Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$416.66.

A. Retired Officers Association, 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,325.

A. Retired Officers Tax Credit Committee, Post Office Box 1965, Annapolis, Md.

D. (6) \$8,393.27. E. (9) \$422.66.

A. Retirement Federation of Civil Service Employees of the U.S. Government, 18th and E Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$4,956.85. E. (9) \$8,703.10.

A. Vincent P. Reusing, 1026 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Optometric Association, care of J. C. Tumblyn, O.C., 4836 Broadway NE., Knoxville, Tenn.

D. (6) \$107.50. E. (9) \$79.49.

A. William L. Reynolds, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National League of Insured Savings Associations, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$40.

- A. James W. Richards, 1000 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Standard Oil Co. (Indiana), 910 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$1,207.70. E. (9) \$11.33.
- A. Harry H. Richardson, 335 Austin Street, Bogalusa, La.  
B. Louisiana Railroads.  
D. (6) \$25.30. E. (9) \$97.30.
- A. William Neale Roach, 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Trucking Associations, Inc., 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$1,200.
- A. Paul H. Robbins, 2029 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Society of Professional Engineers, 2029 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$500.
- A. Roberts & Holland, 1301 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N.Y.  
B. John D. Rockefeller 3d, 30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, N.Y.  
E. (9) \$66.98.
- A. Roberts & Holland, 1301 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N.Y.  
B. Trustees of the Bernice P. Bishop Estate, 319 Halekauwila Street, Honolulu, Hawaii.
- A. Stephen Philip Robin, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. International Public Relations Co., Ltd. (N.Y.), Japan Steel Information Center, 230 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y.
- A. Charles A. Robinson, Jr., 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$185.
- A. John P. Roche, 150 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.  
B. American Iron & Steel Institute, 150 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$500. E. (9) \$210.
- A. James A. Rock, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 1000 Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$168.75. E. (9) \$4.79.
- A. Frank W. Rogers, 1700 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Western Oil & Gas Association, 609 South Grand Avenue, Los Angeles, Calif.  
D. (6) \$688.80.
- A. Walter E. Rogers, 1660 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Independent Natural Gas Association of America, 1660 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$1,000.
- A. William E. Rollow.  
B. National Capital Area Council of Sportsmen.
- A. William E. Rollow, 815 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. The National Skeet Shooting Association.
- A. Robert J. Routier, 1701 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Life Convention, 211 East Chicago Avenue, Chicago, Ill.
- A. Royall, Koegel & Wells, 200 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y., 1730 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Great Salt Lake Minerals & Chemical Corp., 579 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.
- A. James S. Rubin, 1225 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Association of Retired Persons and National Retired Teachers Association.  
E. (9) \$1,461.37.
- A. John Forney Rudy, 902 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.  
B. The Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co., Akron, Ohio.
- A. Harland J. Rue.  
B. New Process Co., Warren, Pa.  
E. (9) \$184.81.
- A. Albert R. Russell, 1918 N. Parkway, Memphis, Tenn.  
B. National Cotton Council of America, Post Office Box 12285, Memphis, Tenn.  
D. (6) \$382.50. E. (9) \$249.28.
- A. J. T. Rutherford & Associates, Inc., 1555 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. The American College of Radiology, 20 North Wacker Drive, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$750. E. (9) \$1,020.94.
- A. J. T. Rutherford, 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Trucking Associations, Inc., 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$1,200. E. (9) \$472.
- A. William H. Ryan, Machinists Building, Washington, D.C.  
B. International Association of Machinists and Aerospace Workers, Machinists Building, Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$2,006.25. E. (9) \$480.
- A. Francis J. Ryley, 519 Title & Trust Building, Phoenix, Ariz.  
B. Standard Oil Co. of California, San Francisco, et al.
- A. Carl K. Sadler, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Federation of Government Employees, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$3,521. E. (9) \$7,911.74.
- A. Robert A. Saltzstein, 1300 Wyatt Building, Washington, D.C.  
B. American Business Press, Inc., 205 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$4,000. E. (9) \$2,359.23.
- A. C. Herschel Schooley, 815 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Independent Bankers Association of America, Sauk Centre, Minn.  
D. (6) \$4,250. E. (9) \$2,762.07.
- A. John W. Scott, 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. The National Grange, 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$5,000.
- A. Durward Seals, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. United Fresh Fruit & Vegetable Association, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Ronald C. Seeley, 1357 Nicolet Place, Detroit, Mich.  
E. (9) \$241.49.
- A. W. O. Senter, 1725 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Gas Supply Committee, 1725 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Theodore A. Serrill, 491 National Press Building, Washington, D.C.  
B. National Newspaper Association, 491 National Press Building, Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$88.61.
- A. Leo Seybold, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Air Transport Association of America, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$1,125. E. (9) \$215.65.
- A. Robert L. Shafer, 1700 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Chas. Pfizer & Co., Inc., 235 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$700. E. (9) \$265.
- A. James R. Sharp, 1108 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Fur Merchants' Association, 224 West 30th Street, New York, N.Y.  
E. (9) \$250.
- A. Arnold F. Shaw, Esq., 503 D Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. The National Committee for the Recording Arts, 9300 Wilshire Boulevard, Beverly Hills, Calif.  
D. (6) \$8,333.33.
- A. Kenneth D. Shaw, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Brotherhood of Railway, Airline & Steamship Clerks, 1015 Vine Street, Cincinnati, Ohio  
D. (6) \$750.
- A. Shaw, Pittman, Potts, Trowbridge & Madden, Barr Building, Washington, D.C.  
B. Doubleday & Company, Inc., 277 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y.
- A. Ira Shesser, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Max Shine, 1126 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Federation of Technical Engineers, 1126 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$992.50. E. (9) \$20.
- A. Alvin V. Shoemaker, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Investment Bankers Association of America, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$1,000. E. (9) \$1,100.
- A. Robert L. Shortle, 1147 International Trade Mart Tower, New Orleans, La.  
B. Mississippi Valley Association, 1130 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Grant S. Shotwell, 1957 E Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. The Associated General Contractors of America, Inc., 1957 E Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Charles B. Shuman, Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.  
B. American Farm Bureau Federation, Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$1,000.
- A. Sidley & Austin, 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Associated Third Class Mail Users, 1725 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. David Silver, 61 Broadway, New York, N.Y.  
B. Investment Company Institute, 61 Broadway, New York, N.Y.
- A. Silver Users Association, 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$6,304. E. (9) \$3,779.74.
- A. Six Agency Committee, 909 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Calif.  
D. (6) \$21,855. E. (9) \$3,000.

A. Carstens Slack, 1625 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Phillips Petroleum Co., Bartlesville, Okla.

A. Stephens Slipper, 812 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.

B. United States Savings & Loan League, 221 North LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$3,125. E. (9) \$18.50.

A. Donald E. Smiley, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Humble Oil & Refining Co. (a Delaware corporation), Post Office Box 2180, Houston, Tex.

A. Gordon L. Smith, 1145 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Edward Gottlieb & Associates, Ltd., 435 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.

E. (9) \$73.26.

A. Irvin A. Smith, 418 East River Avenue, Box 938, Bismarck, N. Dak.

E. (9) \$45.40.

A. Milan D. Smith, 1133 20th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Canners Association, 1133 20th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Robert B. Smith, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Rural Electrical Cooperative Association, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$150.

A. Robert W. Smith, 815 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Ford Motor Co., Dearborn, Mich.

D. (6) \$440. E. (9) \$105.

A. Dr. Spencer M. Smith, Jr., 1709 N. Glebe Road, Arlington, Va.

B. Citizens Committee on Natural Resources, 1346 Connecticut Avenue NW., Dupont Circle Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,800.50. E. (9) \$2,924.25.

A. Wallace M. Smith, 829 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.

B. American Mutual Insurance Alliance, 20 North Wacker Drive, Chicago, Ill.

E. (9) \$299.25.

A. Wayne H. Smithey, 815 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Ford Motor Co., Dearborn, Mich.

D. (6) \$315. E. (9) \$278.85.

A. Lyle O. Snader, 300 New Jersey Avenue SE., Washington, D.C.

B. Association of American Railroads, American Railroad Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$100.94. E. (9) \$114.

A. Frank B. Snodgrass, 1726 M Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Burley & Dark Leaf Tobacco Export Association, Post Office Box 860, Lexington, Ky.

D. (6) \$425. E. (9) \$418.77.

A. Society for Animal Protective Legislation, Post Office Box 3719, Georgetown Station, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$6,501.83. E. (9) \$5,377.14.

A. Carl A. Soderblom, 1 East First Street, Reno, Nev.

B. Nevada Railroad Association, 1 East First Street, Reno, Nev.

A. W. Byron Sorrell, 1140 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Mobile Housing Association of America, 39 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$2,025. E. (9) \$402.51.

A. William W. Spear, 1000 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Standard Oil Co. (Indiana), 910 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$1,065.40. E. (9) \$3.56.

A. Frank J. Specht, 1725 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Schenley Industries, Inc., 1290 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N.Y.

A. Nicholas J. Spiezio, 1707 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Mortgage Bankers Association of America, 1707 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,625. E. (9) \$2,751.

A. Melvin L. Stark, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Insurance Association, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$3,000. E. (9) \$350.

A. Mrs. Nell May F. Stephens, Post Office Box 6234, Northwest Station, Washington, D.C.

A. Steptoe & Johnson, 1250 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. California Olive Association, Sheldon Building, Market and First Streets, San Francisco, Calif.; and Green Olive Trade Association, Inc., 80 Wall Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$500.

A. Steptoe & Johnson, 1250 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Teachers Insurance & Annuity Association of America, 730 Third Avenue, New York, N.Y.

E. (9) \$33.55.

A. B. H. Steuerwald, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Brotherhood of Railroad Signalmen, 2247 West Lawrence Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

A. Eugene L. Stewart, 1001 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

B. Trade Relations Council of the United States, 1001 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$200. E. (9) \$126.

A. Eugene L. Stewart, 1001 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

B. World Trade Committee of Parts Division, Electronic Industries Association, 2001 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$300. E. (9) \$130.

A. Stitt, Hemmendinger & Kennedy, 1000 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

B. Imported Footwear Group, American Importers Association, New York, N.Y.; Japan General Merchandise Exporters Association and Japan Rubber Footwear Manufacturers Association, Tokyo, Japan.

E. (9) \$100.

A. Stitt, Hemmendinger & Kennedy, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Japan Iron & Steel Exporters' Association, Tokyo, Japan.

D. (6) \$10. E. (9) \$10.

A. Sterling F. Stoudenmire, Jr., 61 St. Joseph Street, Mobile, Ala.

B. Waterman Steamship Corp., 61 St. Joseph Street, Mobile, Ala.

A. William M. Stover, 1825 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Manufacturing Chemists' Association, Inc., 1825 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$3,937.50. E. (9) \$63.75.

A. Herald E. Stringer, 1608 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The American Legion, 700 North Pennsylvania Street, Indianapolis, Ind.

D. (6) \$5,050.50. E. (9) \$451.68.

A. William A. Stringfellow, 6004 Roosevelt Street, Bethesda, Md.

B. National Association of Mutual Insurance Agents, 520 Investment Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Norman Strunk, 221 North LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.

B. United States Savings & Loan League, 221 North LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.

D. (6) \$1,875. E. (9) \$420.60.

A. Walter B. Stults, 537 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Small Business Investment Companies, 537 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$600.

A. Barry Sullivan, 536 Washington Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of River & Harbor Contractors, 3900 North Charles Street, Baltimore, Md.

D. (6) \$750.

A. John T. Sun, 1712 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Automobile Association, 1712 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Sutherland, Asbill & Brennan, 1200 Faragut Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Retail Credit Co., P.O. Box 4081, Atlanta, Ga.

D. (6) \$2,500. E. (9) \$333.13.

A. C. Austin Sutherland, 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Tank Truck Carriers, Inc., 1616 P Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Irving W. Swanson, 1155 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Pharmaceutical Manufacturers Association.

A. Noble J. Swearingen, 224 East Capitol Street, Washington, D.C.

B. National Tuberculosis & Respiratory Disease Association, 1740 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$950. E. (9) \$75.45.

A. John R. Sweeney, 1000 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Bethlehem Steel Corp., Bethlehem, Pa.

A. Russell A. Swindell, Post Office Box 2635, Raleigh, N.C.

A. Gary Tabak, 200 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Rural Electric Cooperative Association, 2000 Florida Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$150.

A. Charles P. Taft, 1028 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Legislative Committee, Committee for a National Trade Policy, Inc., 1028 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Russell D. Tall, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Council of Farmer Cooperatives, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Charles P. Taft, 1028 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Legislative Committee, Committee for a National Trade Policy, Inc., 1028 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Russell D. Tall, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Council of Farmer Cooperatives, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Rev. Charles C. Talley, 100 Angus Court, Charlottesville, Va.

B. National Congress of Parents & Teachers, 700 North Rush Street, Chicago, Ill.

A. L. D. Tharp, Jr., 1660 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Independent Natural Gas Association of America, 1660 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$300.

A. Wm. B. Thompson, Jr., 300 New Jersey Avenue SE., Washington, D.C.

B. Association of American Railroads, American Railroads Building, Washington, D.C.

A. William H. Tinney, 2000 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Penn Central Co., 230 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. Tobacco Associates, Inc., 1101 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$1,511.

A. H. Willis Tobler, 30 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Milk Producers Federation, 30 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$3,187.49. E. (9) \$346.47.

A. David R. Toll, 1140 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, DC.

B. National Association of Electric Companies, 1140 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$626.06. E. (9) \$650.34.

A. Dwight D. Townsend, 1012 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Cooperative League of U.S.A., 59 East Van Buren Street, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$1,750. E. (9) \$2,200.

A. F. Gerald Toye, 777 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. General Electric Co., 570 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$1,000. E. (9) \$89.15.

A. John P. Tracey, 1705 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Bar Association, 1705 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$400. E. (9) \$50.

A. Trade Relations Council of the United States, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$326.

A. Transportation Association of America, 1101 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$4.89.

A. Matt Triggs, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 1000 Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$2,218.75. E. (9) \$54.50.

A. Bernard H. Trimble, 1730 Rhode Island Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Electrical Contractors Association, 1730 Rhode Island Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Glenwood S. Troop, Jr., 812 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.

B. U.S. Savings & Loan League, 221 North LaSalle St., Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$5,000. E. (9) \$35.10.

A. Trustees for Conservation, 251 Kearny Street, San Francisco, Calif.

D. (6) \$436.95. E. (9) \$329.26.

A. Dick Tullis, 607 Maple Terrace, Dallas, Tex.

B. Superior Oil Co., Houston, Tex., and Los Angeles, Calif.  
D. (6) \$100. E. (9) \$100.

A. Richard F. Turney, 835 Southern Building, Washington, D.C.

B. American Association of Nurserymen, Inc., 835 Southern Building, Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$20. E. (9) \$287.84.

A. John D. Tyson.

B. International Paper Co., 220 E. 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$369.60. E. (9) \$134.80.

A. United Cerebral Palsy, Associations, Inc., 66 East 34th Street, New York, N.Y.

E. (9) \$1,398.68.

A. United Federation of Postal Clerks, 817 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$666,425.24. E. (9) \$48,002.97.

A. United States Cane Sugar Refiners' Association, 1001 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

E. (9) \$193.79.

A. U.S. Savings & Loan League, 221 North LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.

E. (9) \$34,138.23.

A. John A. Vance, 1725 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Pacific Gas & Electric Co., 245 Market Street, San Francisco, Calif.

D. (6) \$2,450. E. (9) \$3,131.62.

A. Theodore A. Vanderzyde, Machinists Building, Washington, D.C.

B. International Association of Machinists, and Aerospace Workers, AFL-CIO.

D. (6) \$2,006.25. E. (9) \$480.

A. Mrs. Lols W. Van Valkenburgh, 1673 Preston Road, Alexandria, Va.

B. Citizens Committee for UNICEF, 20 E Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. John Robert Vastine, Jr., 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Emergency Committee for American Trade, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$250. E. (9) \$200.

A. G. W. Vaughan, 233 Broadway, New York, N.Y.

A. Richard E. Vernor, 211 East Chicago Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

B. American Life Convention, 211 East Chicago Avenue, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$250.50. E. (9) \$15.60.

A. L. T. Vice, 1700 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Standard Oil Co. of California, 1700 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
E. (9) \$85.

A. Volume Footwear Retailers of America, Inc., 51 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

E. (9) \$582.85.

A. James H. Wadlow, Jr., 952 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.

B. National Water Company Conference, 952 Pennsylvania Building, Washington, D.C.

A. E. R. Wagner, 888 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Council of Technical Service Industries, 888 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$184.60. E. (9) \$50.52.

A. Richard B. Walbert, 888 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

A. Wald, Harkrader & Rockefeller, 1225 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Insurance Company of North America, 1600 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

A. Harold S. Walker, Jr., 605 3d Avenue, New York, N.Y.

B. American Gas Association, Inc., 605 3d Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. Reno F. Walker, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 1000 Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.

A. Franklin Wallick, 1126 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. International Union, United Automobile, Aerospace and Agricultural Implement Workers of America, Solidarity House, 8000 East Jefferson Avenue, Detroit, Mich.  
D. (6) \$3,851.52. E. (9) \$823.05.

A. Thomas G. Walters, 1909 Q Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Retired Civil Employees, 1909 Q Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$2,884.80. E. (9) \$3,314.84.

A. William A. Walton, 820 Quincy Street, Topeka, Kans.

B. Kansas Railroad Committee, 820 Quincy Street, Topeka, Kans.

A. Richard D. Warden, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Federation of Labor and Congress of Industrial Organizations, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$3,987.50. E. (9) \$96.

A. James A. Warren, 1101 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. REA Express, 219 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$600. E. (9) \$200.

A. Washington Consulting Service, 1435 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Occupational Therapy Association, 251 Park Avenue South, New York, N.Y.

D. (6) \$350. E. (9) \$285.

A. Washington Consulting Service, 1435 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Association of Schools of Allied Health Professions, 2011 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$600. E. (9) \$460.

A. Washington Consulting Service, 1435 G Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Rehabilitation Institute of Chicago, 401 East Ohio Street, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$900. E. (9) \$800.

A. Merrill A. Watson, 342 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.

B. National Footwear Manufacturers Association, Inc., 342 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$250. E. (9) \$250.

A. Charles A. Webb, 839 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Motor Bus Owners, 839 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. E. Jerome Webster, Jr.

B. National Association of Frozen Food Packers, 919 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

D. (6) \$100.

A. Dr. Frank J. Welch, 3724 Manor Road, Chevy Chase, Md.

B. The Tobacco Institute, Inc., 1735 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Joseph E. Welch, 1630 Locust Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

B. Wellington Management Co., 1630 Locust Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

A. West Mexico Vegetable Distributors Association, Post Office Box 848, Nogales, Ariz.  
E. (9) \$500.

A. John L. Wheeler, 815 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Sears, Roebuck & Co., 925 South Human Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

A. John C. White, Suite 700, 1317 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Private Truck Council of America, Inc., 1317 F Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Whitlock, Markey & Tait, 1032 Shoreham Building, Washington, D.C.  
B. American Institute of Laundering, Joliet, Ill., and National Institute of Drycleaning, 909 Burlington Avenue, Silver Spring, Md.  
D. (6) \$500.

A. Louis E. Whyte, 1660 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Independent Natural Gas Association of America, 1660 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. William E. Wickert, Jr., 1000 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Bethlehem Steel Corp., 701 East Third Street, Bethlehem, Pa.

A. Leonard M. Wickliffe, Eleventh and L Building, Sacramento, Calif.  
B. California Railroad Association, Eleventh and L Building, Sacramento, Calif.  
D. (6) \$2,799.99. E. (9) \$1,932.88.

A. Claude C. Wild, Jr., 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Gulf Oil Corp., Pittsburgh, Pa.  
D. (6) \$1,000. E. (9) \$250.

A. Billy Glen Wiley, 1000 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Standard Oil Co., (Indiana), 910 South Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.  
D. (6) \$692.30. E. (9) \$16.68.

A. Wilkinson, Cragun & Barker, 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Society of Travel Agents, Inc., 360 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
E. (9) \$38.46.

A. Wilkinson, Cragun & Barker, 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Arapahoe Indian Tribe, Fort Washakie, Wyo.

A. Wilkinson, Cragun & Barker, 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Confederated Salish and Kootenai Tribes of the Flathead Reservation, Mont.

A. Wilkinson, Cragun & Barker, 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Estate of Albert W. Small, in care of Mrs. Albert W. Small, 5803 Green Tree Road, Bethesda, Md.

A. Wilkinson, Cragun & Barker, 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. The Hoopa Valley Tribe, Post Office Box 817, Hoopa, Calif.

A. Wilkinson, Cragun & Barker, 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Congress of American Indians, 1346 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Wilkinson, Cragun & Barker, 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Quinaielt Tribe of Indians, Taholah, Wash.

A. Wilkinson, Cragun & Barker, 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. The Three Affiliated Tribes of the Fort Berthold Reservation, New Town, N. Dak.

A. John Willard, Box 1172, Helena, Mont.  
B. Montana Railroad Association, Box 1172, Helena, Mont.

A. Francis G. Williams.  
B. National Association of Frozen Food Packers, 919 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$100.

A. John C. Williamson, 1300 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Association of Real Estate Boards, 155 East Superior Street, Chicago, Ill., and 1300 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$5,000. E. (9) \$75.99.

A. Kenneth Williamson, One Farragut Square South, Washington, D.C.  
B. American Hospital Association, 840 North Lake Shore Drive, Chicago, Ill.  
E. (9) \$551.08.

A. E. Raymond Wilson, 245 Second Street NE., Washington, D.C.  
B. Friends Committee on National Legislation, 245 Second Street NE., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$1,470.

A. Earl Wilson, 400 First Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Brotherhood of Railway, Airline & Steamship Clerks, 1015 Vine Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.  
D. (6) \$2,770.74. E. (9) \$237.88.

A. Frank J. Wilson, 888 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

A. W. E. Wilson, 623 Ockley Drive, Shreveport, La.  
B. Pennzoil United, Inc., 900 Southwest Tower, Houston, Tex.  
D. (6) \$600. E. (9) \$399.55.

A. R. J. Winchester, 900 Southwest Tower, Houston, Tex.  
B. Pennzoil United, Inc., 900 Southwest Tower, Houston, Tex.  
D. (6) \$500. E. (9) \$322.

A. Richard F. Witherall, 702 Majestic Building, Denver, Colo.  
B. Colorado Railroad Association, 702 Majestic Building, Denver, Colo.

A. Peter L. Wolff, 1521 New Hampshire Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Association of American Law Schools, 1521 New Hampshire Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Nathan T. Wolkomir, 1737 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Federation of Federal Employees, 1737 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$5,729.60. E. (9) \$976.28.

A. James Woodside, 1126 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Federation of Technical Engineers, 1126 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$240. E. (9) \$20.

A. Albert Young Woodward, 815 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. The Flying Tiger Line Inc., Los Angeles International Airport, Los Angeles, Calif.

A. Albert Young Woodward, 815 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. The Signal Companies, Inc., 1010 Wilshire Boulevard, Los Angeles, Calif.

A. Perry W. Woolfer, 1101 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Petroleum Institute, 1271 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$1,541.66. E. (9) \$580.03.

A. Frank K. Woolley, 230 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.  
B. Association of American Physicians and Surgeons, Inc., 230 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

A. World Trade Committee of Parts Division, Electronic Industries Association, 2001 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$430. E. (9) \$430.

A. Jack Yelverton, 1303 New Hampshire Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Fleet Reserve Association, 1303 New Hampshire Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. John H. Yingling, 905 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. First National City Bank, 399 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
D. (6) \$100. E. (9) \$29.

A. J. Banks Young, 610 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.  
B. National Cotton Council of America, Post Office Box 12285, Memphis, Tenn.  
D. (6) \$300.

A. Kenneth Young, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Federation of Labor & Congress of Industrial Organizations, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$4,702.70. E. (9) \$237.88.

A. M. William Youngblood, Jr., 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Eugene L. Stewart, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
D. (6) \$220. E. (9) \$20.65.

A. Robert C. Zimmer, 1250 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Cleary, Gottlieb, Steen & Hamilton, 1250 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Zimring, Gromfine and Sternstein, 1155 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C., and 11 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.

A. Albert H. Zinkand, 1701 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Getty Oil Co.



- A. S. Allan Adelman, 1660 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Gas Association, Inc., 605 Third Avenue, New York, N.Y.
- A. American Federation of Invention Associations, 1401 21st Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. The American Honey Producers Association, Inc., Minco, Okla.
- A. American Maritime Association, 17 Battery Place, New York, N.Y.
- A. Erma Angevine, 1012 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Consumer Federation of America, 1012 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Arnold & Porter, 1229 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Fairchild Camera and Instrument Corp., 464 Ellis Street, Mountain View, Calif.
- A. Associated Credit Bureaus, Inc., 6767 Southwest Freeway, Houston, Tex.
- A. Association of Federal Investigators, 815 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. John F. Banzhaf III, 500 N Street SW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Legislative Action on Smoking and Health, 2000 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Robert C. Barnard, 1250 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Cleary, Gottlieb, Steen & Hamilton, 1250 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Robert C. Barnard, 1250 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Cleary, Gottlieb, Steen & Hamilton, 1250 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. David S. Barrows, 214 Century Building, Portland, Oreg.  
B. Association of Oregon & California Land Grant Counties, Douglas County Courthouse, Roseburg, Oreg.
- A. Lowell R. Beck, 1819 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. The Urban Coalition Action Council, 1819 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Berlack, Israels & Liberman, 26 Broadway, New York, N.Y.  
B. General Public Utilities Corp., 80 Pine Street, New York, N.Y.
- A. Robert J. Bird, 918 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. The Paul Revere Corp., Worcester, Mass.
- A. Charles G. Botsford, 1225 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Fairchild Hiller Corp., Germantown, Md.
- A. Robert R. Brauer, 761 Ninth Avenue, North, St. Petersburg, Fla.  
B. Sr. Telesforo Diaz Portillo, Director, Ministry of Foreign Relations, Department of Information, 5ta. y G., Vedado, Havana, Cuba.
- A. Charles H. Brown, 1250 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Cleary, Gottlieb, Steen & Hamilton, 1250 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Anne Bryant, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Comac Co., 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. J. J. Burke, Jr., 40 East Broadway, Butte, Mont.  
B. The Montana Power Co.
- A. John H. Callahan, 1126 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. International Union of Electrical, Radio & Machine Workers, AFL-CIO, 1126 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Carr, Bonner, O'Connell, Kaplan & Scott, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Association of Federal Investigators, 815 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. James M. Cesnik, 1126 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Newspaper Guild, 1126 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Cleary, Gottlieb, Steen & Hamilton, 1250 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Houston Chemical Co., One Gateway Center, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Ethyl Corp., 451 Florida, Baton Rouge, La.; and E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co., Inc., Wilmington, Del.
- A. Cleary, Gottlieb, Steen & Hamilton, 1250 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. The Oil Shale Corp., 680 Fifth Avenue, New York, N.Y.
- A. Raymond W. Cocchi, 472 Bridge Street, Springfield, Mass.
- A. Comac Co., 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Committee on Metropolitan Washington Banking, care of C. Jackson Ritchie, Union Trust Building, Washington, D.C.
- A. Corcoran, Foley, Youngman & Rowe, 1511 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. The Committee for Broadening Commercial Bank Participation in Public Financing, care of P. W. K. Sweet, 50 South LaSalle Street, Chicago, Ill.
- A. Corcoran, Foley, Youngman & Rowe, 1511 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Committee on Metropolitan Washington Banking, care of C. Jackson Ritchie, 15th and H Streets NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Owen M. Cornell, Jr., 1825 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Del Monte Corp., 215 Fremont Street, San Francisco, Calif.
- A. Counihan, Casey & Loomis, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Corn Millers Federation, 1030 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Counihan, Casey & Loomis, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Classroom Periodical Publishers Association, 38 West Fifth Street, Dayton, Ohio.
- A. Carson W. Culp, 9116 Seven Locks Road, Bethesda, Md.  
B. Moramec Basin Association, 114 West Madison Avenue, Kirkwood, Mo.
- A. Philip J. Daugherty.  
B. Industrial Union Department, AFL-CIO, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. DeHart and Broide, Inc., 1150 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Record Industry Association of America, New York, N.Y.
- A. Claude J. Desautels & Associates, 1028 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. American Society of Composers, Authors & Publishers, 575 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.
- A. C. H. DeVaney, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 1000 Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.
- A. Francis S. Filbey, 817 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. United Federation of Postal Clerks, 817 14th Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Miss Bernice Friedlander, 950 25th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Legislative Action on Smoking & Health, 2000 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. General Public Utilities Corp., 80 Pine Street, New York, N.Y.
- A. Vance V. Goodfellow, 828 Midland Bank Building, Minneapolis, Minn.  
B. Crop Quality Council, 828 Midland Bank Building, Minneapolis, Minn.
- A. Lewis B. Hastings, 1619 Massachusetts Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Automobile Manufacturers Association Inc., 320 New Center Building, Detroit, Mich.
- A. Wm. Graham Hinkle, 2011 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Executives Consultants, Inc., 2011 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Wm. Graham Hinkle, 2011 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. National Association of Self-Employed Individuals, Inc., 2011 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Frances I. Holway, Box 47, Rye, N.H.  
B. Animal Welfare, Inc., 910 17th Street, Washington, D.C.
- A. James L. Huntley, 1741 DeSales Street, NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Retail Clerks International Association, AFL-CIO, 1741 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. INA Corp., 1600 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
- A. Harry A. Inman, 1200 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. The New York Botanical Garden, Bronx Park, New York, N.Y.
- A. Robert A. Jackson, 627 Allison Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Association for Children with Learning Disabilities, 627 Allison Street NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Robert L. James, 730 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Bank of America N.T. and S.A., 300 Montgomery Street, San Francisco, Calif.
- A. H. Bradley John, 1100 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.  
B. American Mining Congress, Ring Building, Washington, D.C.
- A. Charlie W. Jones, 815 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. Signal Companies, Inc., 1010 Wilshire Boulevard, Los Angeles, Calif.
- A. Kevin J. Kearney, 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C., and 1500 North Woodward Avenue, Birmingham, Mich.  
B. Comac Co., 1025 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.
- A. Stephen E. Kelly, 575 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.  
B. Magazine Publishers Association, 575 Lexington Avenue, New York, N.Y.
- A. Horace R. Kornegay, 1735 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.  
B. The Tobacco Institute, Inc., 1735 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Legislative Action on Smoking and Health, 2000 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Legislative Task Force, 700 Oglethorpe Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Bruce E. McCarthy, 1730 Rhode Island Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Electrical Contractors Association, 1730 Rhode Island Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. John F. McCarthy, 1700 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. United Utilities, Inc., 2330 Johnson Drive, Shawnee Mission, Kans.

A. McClure & Trotter, 1100 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Gulf & Western Industries, Inc., 437 Madison Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. John L. McConnell, 1660 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. New York Stock Exchange, 11 Wall Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Earl S. Mackey, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Investment Bankers Association of America, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Mike Manatos, 1730 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The Procter & Gamble Manufacturing Co., 301 East Sixth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

A. Mike M. Masaoka, 919 18th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. West Mexico Vegetable Distributors Association, Post Office Box 848, Nogales, Ariz.

A. Alfred Maskin, 1612 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Maritime Association, 17 Battery Place, New York, N.Y.

A. Joe D. Miller, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

B. American Medical Association, 535 North Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

A. Lloyd S. Miller, 1700 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. United Utilities, Inc., Post Office Box 11315, Plaza Station, Kansas City, Mo. and Natural Rubber Bureau, 1108 Sixteenth Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Michael Monroney.

B. Communications Satellite Corp., 950 L'Enfant Plaza South, SW., Washington, D.C.

A. Robert E. Morin, 1311 Delaware Avenue SW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Mutual Insurance Agents, 520 Investment Building, Washington, D.C.

A. National Association of Credit Management, 44 East 23d Street, New York, N.Y.

A. National Limestone Institute, Inc., 702 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Robert D. Nordstrom, 1133 20th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Canners Association, 1133 20th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Kenneth T. Peterson, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Aldens, Chicago, Ill.

A. Kenneth T. Peterson, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. D.C. Psychological Association, Washington, D.C.

A. Kenneth T. Peterson, 100 Indiana Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Hotel & Restaurant Employees & Bartenders International Union, 6 East Fourth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

A. William G. Phillips, 1300 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Association of Schools of Public Health, Inc., Chapel Hill, N.C.

A. Frederick T. Poole, 425 13th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Farm Bureau Federation, 1000 Merchandise Mart Plaza, Chicago, Ill.

A. George G. Potts, 15 East Cliff Street, Alexandria, Va.

B. National Association of Mutual Insurance Agents, 520 Investment Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Darrell G. Renstrom, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Education Association, Legislation and Federal Relations, 1201 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. James J. Reynolds, 1120 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Institute of Merchant Shipping, 1120 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Richard N. Rigby, Jr., 1900 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Oceanography Association, 1900 L Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Roberts & Holland, 1301 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N.Y.

B. John D. Rockefeller 3d, 30 Rockefeller Plaza, New York, N.Y.

A. Sharon, Pierson & Semmes, 1100 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Anchor Corp., et al.

A. Sharon, Pierson & Semmes, 1100 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Hershey Trust Co., trustee for Milton S. Hershey School, Chocolate Avenue, Hershey, Pa.

A. Shipley, Akerman & Pickett, National Press Building, Washington, D.C.

B. Independent Broker Dealers' Trade Association, 472 Bridge Street, Springfield, Mass.

A. Grant S. Shotwell, 1957 E Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The Associated General Contractors of America, 1957 E Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Raymond S. Smethurst, 5185 MacArthur Boulevard NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Engine & Boat Manufacturers, 537 Steamboat Road, Greenwich, Conn.

A. Frank J. Specht, 1725 DeSales Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Schenley Industries, Inc., 1290 Avenue of the Americas, New York, N.Y.

A. Allan J. Stanton, 405 Lubrs Building, Phoenix, Ariz.

B. The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway, 121 East Sixth Street, Los Angeles, Calif., and Southern Pacific Co., 65 Market Street, San Francisco, Calif.

A. Steptoe & Johnson, 1250 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. International Telephone & Telegraph Corp., 320 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. Steptoe & Johnson, 1250 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Teachers Insurance & Annuity Association of America, 730 Third Avenue, New York, N.Y.

A. Eugene L. Stewart, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Trade Relations Council of the United States, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Eugene L. Stewart, 1001 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. World Trade Committee of Parts Division, Electronic Industries Association, 2001 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. G. Don Sullivan, 1100 Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

B. American Mining Congress, Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Frank L. Sundstrom, 1735 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The Tobacco Institute, Inc., 1735 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Irving W. Swanson, 1155 15th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Pharmaceutical Manufacturers Association.

A. John B. Tacke, 1744 R Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Silver Committee, American Mining Congress, Ring Building, Washington, D.C.

A. Clarence M. Tarr, 1909 Q Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Association of Retired Civil Employees, 1909 Q Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Trade Relations Council of the United States, 1001 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

A. Bernard H. Trimble, 1730 Rhode Island Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Electrical Contractors Association, 1730 Rhode Island Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. The Urban Coalition Action Council, 1819 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Wald, Harkrader & Rockefeller, 1225 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. INA Corporation, 1600 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

A. Richard D. Warden, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. American Federation of Labor and Congress of Industrial Organizations, 815 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. James A. Warren, 1101 17th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. REA Express, 219 East 42d Street, New York, N.Y.

A. Terrell M. Wertz, 1608 K Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The American Legion, 700 North Pennsylvania Street, Indianapolis, Ind.

A. West Mexico Vegetable Distributors Association, P.O. Box 848, Nogales, Ariz.

A. Wilkinson, Cragun & Barker, 1616 H Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. The Hoopa Valley Tribe, P.O. Box 817, Hoopa, Calif.

A. Robert P. Will, 201 Massachusetts Avenue NE., Washington, D.C.

B. The Metropolitan Water District of Southern California, 1111 Sunset Boulevard, Los Angeles, Calif.

A. Jack Wisdom, Congressional Hotel, Washington, D.C.

B. H. L. Hunt, Dallas, Tex.

A. World Trade Committee of Parts Division, Electronic Industries Association, 2001 I Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. John H. Yingling, 905 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Association of Corporate Owners of One Bank, 905 16th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

A. M. William Youngblood, Jr., 1001 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

B. Eugene L. Stewart, 1001 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D.C.

A. Robert C. Zimmer, 1250 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Cleary, Gottlieb, Steen & Hamilton, 1250 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Albert H. Zinkand, 1701 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Getty Oil Co.

A. John L. Zorack, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

B. Air Transport Association of America, 1000 Connecticut Avenue NW., Washington, D.C.

A. Nicholas H. Zumas, 1225 19th Street NW., Washington, D.C.

B. National Music Publishers Association, 460 Park Avenue, New York, N.Y.

## EXTENSIONS OF REMARKS

### TO OUR FALLEN SON

#### HON. MARIO BIAGGI

OF NEW YORK

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Tuesday, May 20, 1969

Mr. BIAGGI. Mr. Speaker, recently I had the opportunity to read an article which appeared in the March 1969 issue of the Reader's Digest. It was a moving experience to read this wonderful tribute as written by Mr. Al Dewlen to his son, who died in Vietnam. I am pleased to include this article in the RECORD for all to read:

#### TO OUR FALLEN SON (By Al Dewlen)

This, my son, is how it was, and is.

It was Friday, 5:15 p.m., cloudy and still hot as I turned into our drive and continued on into the garage. I was standing over the littered workbench, debating which chore deserved first claim on the remaining daylight, when someone called my name. In the doorway I saw a preacher.

As I went to meet him, your mother came hurrying toward me from the house. Nothing about her looked right; there was the impression of calamitous change, entire and final. The minister reached for my arm. Then Jean took my hand, and I felt her trembling. My impulse was to shout at her, to demand that she restore the smile she had been wearing only an hour before. I asked, "What has happened?" She answered, "Mike has been killed."

How can I tell you how much like death life was at that instant? I pictured you as clearly as ever I have seen you, in all the ways I've ever seen you: as a fat baby drooling on my shoulder, as a Little Leaguer straining to throw down to second base, as a rugged softie sobbing from the sight of a starved dog, as the fiery captain of those good football teams. I saw you grown, a man blooming with pride in the Marine Corps uniform, so strong and tough and openly sentimental. And I thought: You, Mike, shot down in battle? Preposterous, a lie. That you could die at all was unthinkable; that you could have lain dead for days without our having known it, or sensed it, was not possible. But there was Jean, wavering before me as the wreckage a woman is when she has lost her only child, and I could lay hold of nothing to fend off belief.

The agony was utter, crippling. I was unable to speak to your mother or to take her in my arms. For a moment I saw you without life, cold and still, and out of my guts sprang an awful rancor against God. I wanted to summon Him down to be battered with this rage and pain, to force Him to account.

"It's Mike," Jean said. "They do mean Mike, and he is dead."

We went into the house. Lynn was waiting. Earlier, she had been talking about your first wedding anniversary, just three days away. A week ago, she had sent you a piece of your wedding cake, saved in the freezer as a surprise, and she had been much concerned

that the mails might mash it. Now she stood wide-eyed and lost. Beside her were two Marines. They met me with quiet expressions of regret and the gentle warning that there was no mistake, that we should not cling to hope.

Time passed before I could react enough to gather in our women, yours and mine. I held them like a pair of broken dolls.

Soon people came flooding into the house. Dishes of food and flowers appeared. It had begun, the terrible two weeks of wet pillows, of escapes to the closet for private grief, of alternating collapse and recomposure, while we waited the return of your body from Danang.

It is difficult to tell you about those weeks, even to separate one day from the other. Your mother dwindled by 15 pounds. She hardly slept, but would lie staring at the darkness, remembering the mother things, taking tearful inventory of the treasures she had been storing in her heart since the morning you were born. Through the days, Lynn made herself the angel of our consolation; nights, she lay crying in your bed. Sometimes exhaustion stunned me into periods of stupored rest, and they were hateful. For at each awakening the news struck me afresh, as if with every sunrise you died again, right before my eyes.

Everything prompted us to recollection. Your clothes hanging in the closet, your fishing and hunting gear piled about. On the kitchen doorframe were the pencil marks recording your growth. We heard you in our talk, through the ridiculous nicknames and lighthearted phrases you invented and installed so deeply in the family language that now, try as we might, we could not avoid them. Hundreds of people called to speak well of you. Still, because Lynn and your mother agreed I should, I got myself together amid all this to write your eulogy.

Remember the talk we had, the day before you shipped out? "I expect to be back," you told me. "But if I should buy the farm, I want to be buried as a Marine." Make it short and simple, you said, "and in my dress blues."

This was how we did it. You had Marines like gleaming statues as an honor guard, Marines as pallbearers. There was a rifle volley, and taps, at the cemetery. You would have been proud of your women: your mother, controlled, her head high; Lynn, wearing the dress you liked best and looking indescribably beautiful, with mute tears streaking her cheeks as she accepted the memorial flag off your coffin.

Much later, the details came to us. Your 70 Marines and six 105s stood vulnerable and isolated in a sea of elephant grass, on a hill near the Laotian border. The attack came after midnight, and it was massive. Besides the mortar fire and hail of grenades, a battalion of enemy infantry penetrated the position, creating havoc and confusion. You were in the command tent, armed only with a .45. You dashed downslope under fire, rallying the men as you went, wringing organization out of chaos. With five others, you jumped directly into the enemy and fought it out in darkness, hand-to-hand among the guns, through a desperate half hour. It was a burst from a Russian AK-47 automatic rifle that cut you down. They tell us your death was instant. Four of your party died with you. The fifth fell, severely wounded.

But you had won. Thereafter, the crews you had rallied brought the 105s into action, getting off point-blank more than 200 beehive rounds. A probable massacre was changed into an astounding triumph. You would like knowing that the battery has received special commendation; that its men declare you saved their lives; that they requested and held a memorial service for you; that they nominated you for your decoration. How splendid of you, my son, to have given yourself as you did; to have willed us this boundless piece of gallantry as your estate.

We pore over this final report card with vaulting pride. But it has not surprised us. Bravery was like you, from the time you took on the neighborhood bully, on through the bruises of a hundred football games, into those later hours when you stood firm in allegiance to standards abandoned to ridicule by others of your generation.

Thinking of you and your clear sense of honor and self-respect, I am compelled to the question that has twisted inside me like a dagger since the moment I knew you were gone. Did not we, your parents, point you toward this death? Didn't we, out of our own unqualified love of country and rigid definition of duty, actually rear you to die at war?

Perhaps we did. From the first we taught you reverence for America's flag, her laws, traditions and institutions. We trained you to the habit of everyday joy in your citizenship. We encouraged your development into an aggressive competitor for excellence in a free society. We saw to it that you would regard the defense of your homeland and the support of her commitments as a privilege. We deliberately cultured in you the presently unfashionable belief that a man is responsible for himself, the fabricator of his own consequences. You listened well. You accepted yourself as what you had to work with, granted yourself no excuse, adjusted your life to its seasons. You decided that the student's role was one of learning, not once misconstruing it as a franchise for the destruction of order or the dismantling of authority.

It was natural, then, that you should have considered Vietnam not debatable. That your country had pledged itself was sufficient. There was never a doubt that you would volunteer. Many of your contemporaries must have thought you a hopeless non-swing, a well-groomed heir to their arch-rival establishment, while we applauded you.

But on that terrible Friday, with the cost of our handcrafted patriotism there before us in the cemetery, we had to ask ourselves whether we had meant what we preached, whether we would continue meaning it through the years ahead. If granted a second chance, would we repeat the course? Or would we find ways to permit and justify, to retract and consent, knowing that the resultant irresponsibility might save your life?

To answer, we look about us at others of your age. We considered the man in our end of town who ducked into teaching, marriage and parenthood as part of an announced strategy for frustrating the draft. We regarded those fleeing to Canada or burning their draft cards under the rationale of a "love" cultism. We took into account the pot and LSD sets, the peaceniks and raceniks