

*Assistant Director, Resource Management*<sup>a</sup>

Gerald M. Kerr, May 1961 to May 1962.  
Eugene V. Zumwalt, June 1962 to present.

*State director, California State office*<sup>b</sup>

Raymond Best, September 1955 to May 1961.

Neal D. Nelson, May 1961 to January 1966.  
J. Russell Penney, January 1966 to present.

*State director, Oregon State office*<sup>b</sup>

Virgil Heath, May 1955 to August 1959.  
Russell E. Getty, August 1959 to June 1966.  
James F. Doyle, June 1966 to present.

## NATIONAL PARK SERVICE

*Director*

Conrad L. Wirth, December 1951 to January 1964.

George B. Hartzog, Jr., January 1964 to present.

*Associate Director*

Elvino T. Scoyen, January 1956 to January 1962.

George B. Hartzog, Jr., February 1963 to January 1964.

A. Clark Stratton, January 1964 to present.

*Regional director, western regional office*

Lawrence C. Merriam, November 1950 to July 1963.

Edward A. Hummel, July 1963 to present.

## RECESS

Mr. ELLENDER. Mr. President, in accordance with the order previously entered, I move that the Senate recess until Monday noon.

The motion was agreed to; and (at 4 o'clock and 35 minutes p.m.), in accordance with the order of Wednesday, September 14, 1966, the Senate recessed until Monday, September 19, 1966, at 12 o'clock meridian.

## NOMINATION

Executive nomination received by the Senate September 16 (legislative day of September 7), 1966:

## ASSISTANT ATTORNEY GENERAL

Harold Barefoot Sanders, Jr., of Texas, to be an Assistant Attorney General, vice John W. Douglas, resigned.

## CONFIRMATIONS

Executive nominations confirmed by the Senate September 16 (legislative day of September 7), 1966:

## UNITED NATIONS

Arthur J. Goldberg, of Illinois, to be representative of the United States of America to the 21st session of the General Assembly of the United Nations.

FRANK CHURCH, U.S. Senator from the State of Idaho, to be representative of the United States of America to the 21st session of the General Assembly of the United Nations.

CLIFFORD P. CASE, U.S. Senator from the State of New Jersey, to be representative of the United States of America to the 21st session of the General Assembly of the United Nations.

James M. Nabrit, Jr., of the District of Columbia, to be representative of the United States of America to the 21st session of the General Assembly of the United Nations.

William C. Foster, of the District of Columbia, to be representative of the United States of America to the 21st session of the General Assembly of the United Nations.

James Roosevelt, of California, to be alternate representative of the United States of America to the 21st session of the General Assembly of the United Nations.

Mrs. Eugenie Anderson, of Minnesota, to be alternate representative of the United States

of America to the 21st session of the General Assembly of the United Nations.

Mrs. Patricia Roberts Harris, of the District of Columbia, to be alternate representative of the United States of America to the 21st session of the General Assembly of the United Nations.

George L. Killion, of California, to be alternate representative of the United States of America to the 21st session of the General Assembly of the United Nations.

Harding F. Bancroft, of New York, to be alternate representative of the United States of America to the 21st session of the General Assembly of the United Nations.

## INTER-AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK

W. True Davis, Jr., of Missouri, to be Executive director of the Inter-American Development Bank for a term of 3 years and until his successor has been appointed.

## U.S. REPRESENTATIVE TO THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES

J. Robert Schaezel, of Illinois, to be the representative of the United States of America to the European Communities, with the rank and status of Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary.

## DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Reynold E. Carlson, of Tennessee, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to Colombia.

Robinson McIlvaine, of Pennsylvania, a Foreign Service officer of class 1, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to the Republic of Guinea.

Glenn W. Ferguson, of Maryland, to be Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to the Republic of Kenya.

John M. McSweeney, of Nebraska, a Foreign Service officer of class 1, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States of America to Bulgaria.

## EXTENSIONS OF REMARKS

**C. & O.-B. & O. Railroad YMCA's System Council Holds Annual Meeting in Baltimore; Senator Randolph, of West Virginia, Says Parents Need To Discipline Selves and Children**

## EXTENSION OF REMARKS

OF

## HON. JENNINGS RANDOLPH

OF WEST VIRGINIA

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Friday, September 16, 1966

Mr. RANDOLPH. Mr. President, on September 13, in Baltimore, Md., the Chesapeake & Ohio-Baltimore & Ohio Railroad YMCA's System Council met in sessions presided over by T. W. Grose, chairman of the council. It was my privilege to have been the speaker for the luncheon session. Mr. E. T. Rucker, assistant vice president for operations of the C. & O.-B. & O. system, was generous in his introduction.

For many years, the transportation department of the national board of

<sup>a</sup> Prior to September 27, 1964, Resource Management was known as Range and Forestry Management.

<sup>b</sup> Designation changed from State Supervisor to State Director in May 1961.

YMCA's and the management of the Chesapeake & Ohio and Baltimore & Ohio railroad companies have been working partners in serving their employees through the Railroad Young Men's Christian Association.

Because of concern of management for employees and their interests, the officials of the C. & O. arranged for affiliation with the Railroad YMCA movement and a C. & O. YMCA System Council meets with YMCA secretaries and lay representatives to discuss and attempt to solve problems and plan for the future in their fields of mutual interest. The lay representation consists principally of C. & O.-B. & O. officials and employees. Of such nature was the meeting at Baltimore last Tuesday.

Mr. President, I ask unanimous consent to have printed in the CONGRESSIONAL RECORD excerpts from my remarks at the C. & O.-B. & O. Railroad YMCA's System Council luncheon.

There being no objection, the excerpts were ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

EXCERPTS FROM REMARKS BY SENATOR JENNINGS RANDOLPH, DEMOCRAT, OF WEST VIRGINIA, RAILROAD YMCA LUNCHEON, C. & O.-B. & O. SYSTEMS, LORD BALTIMORE HOTEL, BALTIMORE, MD., SEPTEMBER 13, 1966

In the strengthening of the Chesapeake and Ohio and the Baltimore and Ohio rail

system through merger and resultant reorganization and the infusion of more efficiency and economy, it is heartening to observe continuing emphasis on the Railroad Y.M.C.A.

This meeting is a positive indication of the attention accorded these splendid institutions of the system.

There is no greater need in America than for strengthening the home and the family. And of high priority, too, is the need to recognize and to enhance the values, the worth, and the effectiveness of such institutions as the Y.M.C.A., the Y.W.C.A., the U.S.O., Boy Scouts, Girl Scouts, and other related organizations—including, of course, the railroads' version of the Y.M.C.A.

I have been a consistent supporter of the principle that all citizens are entitled to equal treatment under the law, but even in the struggle for civil rights, I feel strongly that it is not a part of the struggle for those rights to hurl rocks or bottles at police or to throw fire bombs and bricks at stores. Sheer hoodlumism, vandalism, and looting must be treated for what it is—defiance of the law.

The news dispatches out of Grenada, Mississippi, demonstrate the other side of the coin of defiance of law. We must not countenance in this country the heinous condition described in these words in one dispatch: "A mob of angry whites wielding ax handles, pipes and chairs surrounded two schools that were integrated and attacked Negro children trying to leave when classes were over. At least 33 persons were beaten,

including a 12-year-old boy whose leg was broken."

Indeed, the wave of crime and rioting which has been sweeping across the United States is a repulsive condition. It must have more of our attention, even though apparently we would rather debate economic issues.

Fundamentally, the "public attitude" is blamed for causing crime to reach nearly out-of-control proportions. One report on an analysis of the problem noted that "a spirit of lawlessness" and "a contempt for law and order" seem to be growing among people in America.

There must be an awakening and a real striving for solutions to such a condition. The first corrective steps must be taken in the family, for it is here that the seeds of lawlessness too often are planted. Mobs which rove and plunder and destroy in the streets and chant "black power"—or others which behave in the fashion of the Nazis and the Ku Klux Klan—must be kept in check by law and order. And the despicable assembly of adults at schools for no purpose other than to molest, injure and intimidate children on a racial discriminatory basis demands corrective attention.

The place of correction primarily is in the homes. Families must be more closely knit. There must be more family life, more togetherness, and more and better counseling of children. Parents need to discipline their children—but they must first discipline themselves. When the heads of families engaged in mob violence in the streets or on school properties in defiance of the law, what can we expect of the children when such despicable examples of contempt for law and order are displayed? A high priority must be given now to realistic remedies to cope with this appalling condition.

## HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1966

The House met at 12 o'clock noon.

Rabbi Emmet Allen Frank, Beth El Hebrew Congregation, Alexandria, Va., offered the following prayer:

*They shall sit every man under his vine and under his figtree; and none shall make them afraid, for the mouth of the Lord of Hosts hath spoken.—Micah 4: 4.*

Let us pray:

Our God is a God of love. He is a God of justice and a God of mercy. We praise His name from eventide to eventide. We thank Him for the noblest traditions which our Nation exemplifies and the blessings of freedom which we cherish. We pray that our Nation may be exalted in righteousness and represent the highest ideals of liberty. When injustice and wrong moisten the cheeks of men, let us turn unto Thee, the Fountainhead of charity, and from whom all goodness flows. Let our Nation be a tower of strength to the poor and the oppressed. May compassion for the suffering within our borders and abroad rule our hearts and make us steadfast to the principles of liberty and justice for all. May the time come speedily when all nations shall recognize that these United States stand as a light of hope—a ray of peace amidst the darkness of war. Let our Nation repudiate weapons that destroy and hasten the day when instead of bloodshed and death there will be a world of plenty and peace.

O God, bless our President, his advisers, and his counselors—you, the men and women entrusted with the fulfillment of our Nation's highest ideals. Let all come to know that ours is the Nation that has moved mankind to the time when every man shall sit under his vine and under his figtree and none shall make them afraid. Amen.

### THE JOURNAL

The Journal of the proceedings of Thursday, September 15, 1966, was read and approved.

### MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE

A message from the Senate by Mr. Arrington, one of its clerks, announced that the Senate had passed without

amendment bills of the House of the following titles:

H.R. 14026. An act to provide for the more flexible regulation of maximum rates of interest or dividends payable by banks and certain other financial institutions on deposits or share accounts, to authorize higher reserve requirements on time deposits at member banks, to authorize open market operations in agency issues by the Federal Reserve banks, and for other purposes; and

H.R. 16367. An act to extend the benefits of the war orphans' educational assistance program to the children of those veterans of the Philippine Commonwealth Army who died or have become permanently and totally disabled by reason of their service during World War II, and for other purposes.

The message also announced that the Senate had passed, with amendments in which the concurrence of the House requested, bills of the House of the following titles:

H.R. 483. An act to amend section 2056 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 relating to the effect of disclaimers on the allowance of the marital deduction for estate tax purposes;

H.R. 11216. An act relating to the tariff treatment of articles assembled abroad of products of the United States; and

H.R. 16330. An act to provide for extension and expansion of the program of grants-in-aid to the Republic of the Philippines for the hospitalization of certain veterans, and for other purposes.

The message also announced that the Senate had passed bills of the following titles, in which the concurrence of the House is requested:

S. 2918. An act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to consider a petition for reinstatement of an oil and gas lease (Wyoming 0310090);

S. 3500. An act to authorize the President to advance Maj. Gen. Robert Wesley Colglazier, Jr., to the grade of lieutenant general; and

S. 3809. An act to authorize the Public Printer to print for and deliver to the General Services Administration an additional copy of certain publications.

### THE TRAGIC DEATH OF VALERIE PERCY

Mr. GERALD R. FORD. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend my remarks.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Michigan?

There was no objection.

Mr. GERALD R. FORD. Mr. Speaker, every American is truly shocked by the tragic death of Valerie Percy. It is almost impossible to understand why anyone—and I emphasize anyone—should commit such a ghastly and dastardly crime.

Valerie was a charming, attractive, fine young lady. It has been my good fortune to know Chuck Percy and his fine family for a great many years. All of them in this tragic hour of grief deserve our deepest sympathy.

Mr. BOGGS. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield?

Mr. GERALD R. FORD. I yield to the gentleman from Louisiana.

Mr. BOGGS. Mr. Speaker, I should like to associate myself—and I am sure every Member of this Chamber would like to do the same—with the remarks made by the distinguished minority leader.

A crime of this magnitude, as dastardly as it was, is hard for anyone to realize.

Of course, I know words are very little consolation at a time such as this—for a man and his family when they lose such a lovely young woman at the beginning of her adult life. It is a tragic thing. I can only say I am sure that all of us join in deepest sympathy to this fine family in their grief and in prayers for this lovely child—the victim of a senseless and horrible crime.

### CONSENT CALENDAR

The SPEAKER. This is Consent Calendar day. The Clerk will call the first bill on the Consent Calendar.

### PAN AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF GEOGRAPHY AND HISTORY

The Clerk called the Senate joint resolution (S.J. Res. 108) to amend the joint resolution providing for membership of the United States in the Pan American Institute of Geography and History and to authorize appropriations therefor.

Mr. GROSS. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the bill be passed over without prejudice.

The SPEAKER. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Iowa? There was no objection.

### WOLF TRAP FARM PARK, FAIR-FAX COUNTY, VA.

The Clerk called the bill (S. 3423) to provide for the establishment of the Wolf