### House of Representatives

**Monday, April 2, 1917.**

The House met at 12 o’clock noon.

This being the day fixed and proclaimed the President for the assembling of the first session of the Sixty-fifth Congress, the Clerk of the last House, Mr. South Trimble, called the House to order.

The Chaplain of the House of Representatives of the Sixty-fourth Congress, Rev. Henry N. Conden, D. D., offered the following prayer:

> God of the ages, Our fathers’ God and our God, whose holy influence has shaped and guided the destiny of our Republic from its inception, we wait upon that influence to guide us in the present crisis which has been thrust upon us. Diplomacy has failed; moral suasion has failed; every appeal to reason and justice has been swept aside. We abhor war and love peace. But if war has been or shall be forced upon us, we pray that the heart of every American citizen shall throb with patriotic zeal; that a united people may rally around our President to hold up his hands in every measure that shall be deemed necessary to protect American lives and safeguard our inherent rights. Let Thy blessing, we beseech Thee, attended the Congress now convened in extraordinary session under extraordinary conditions; may call for extraordinary thought, as we consult calmly and deliberate legislation; that its resolves and all its enactments may spring spontaneously from loyal and patriotic hearts; that our defenders on land and sea may be amply supplied with the things which make for strength and efficiency.

And, O God, our Heavenly Father, let Thy strong right arm uphold, sustain, and guide us in a just and righteous cause; for Thine is the kingdom and the power and the glory, forever. Amen.

**Proclamation of the President.**

The Clerk. The Clerk will cause to be read the proclamation of the President assembling the Sixty-fifth Congress in extraordinary session.

The proclamation of the President was read as follows:

**By the President of the United States of America—A Proclamation.**

Whereas public interests require that the Congress of the United States should now convene in extraordinary session at 12 o’clock noon on the 26th day of April, 1917, to receive a communication concerning grave matters of national policy which should be taken immediately under consideration:

Now, therefore I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States of America, do hereby proclaim and declare that an extraordinary session of Congress shall be convened in the city of Washington on the 26th day of April, 1917, at 12 o’clock noon, of which all persons who shall at that time be entitled to act as Members thereof are hereby required to take notice.

Given under my hand and the seal of the United States of America the 21st day of March, in the year of our Lord 1917, and of the Independence of the United States the one hundred and forty-seventh.

By the President:

**Robert Lansing,**

Secretary of State

**Call of States.**

The Clerk. The next business in order is the calling of the roll by States of Members elect of the House of Representatives to the Sixty-fifth Congress to ascertain if there be a quorum present.

The Clerk proceeded to call the roll, and the following Members elected answered to their names:

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**Delegations.**

| DELAWARE  | FLORIDA  | GEORGIA  | IDAHO  | ILLINOIS  | INDIANA  | IOWA  | KANSAS  | KENTUCKY  | LOUISIANA  | MASSACHUSETTS  | MICHIGAN  | MINNESOTA  | MISSOURI  |
|-----------|----------|----------|--------|----------|----------|--------|--------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|
Mr. SULLIVAN said: Mr. Speaker, I desire to make a statement for the information of the House on the subject of the tariff bill. Mr. Speaker, I desire to make a statement for the information of the House on the subject of the tariff bill.
father was a Republican and voted for and fought under Abraham Lincoln. I have always been a Republican and still am a Lincoln Republican, and I believe that the spirit of that greatest American, who died in defending the Constitution and Union of our Nation, upholding the hands of our President in this hour of trial.

I realize that my action to-day will be used to attempt my political death, for out of 43,000 votes in my district over 32,000 are Republican. But I am ready at any time to give of myself whatever my country can use. With my sightless eyes I would be of little service on the field of battle, but in the position I hold I can to-day, with the light that God gives me, vote right and let the consequences to me be what they may. [Applause.] The responsibility of Congress, I believe, should be with the President to the extent of rallying the Republican Party about the President in an effort to carry on the great work. Leading Republicans from Roosevelt and Taft, and Elihu Root and uu

In conclusion, you gentlemen upon that side of the House will probably organize to-day. [Applause on the Democratic side.] And we upon this side will have performed our duty, our patriotic duty, because we believe what Republicans are as you upon nonpartisan questions. But if you organize, notwithstanding any partisanship that may be displayed by you, I say now that In the days to come there will be no partisanship on the Republican side upon these matters. [Applause.]

The Clerk. Are there any further nominations? If not, the Clerk will call the roll. The Chair will appoint as tellers to count the vote the gentleman from Massachusetts, Mr. Tanguy, the gentleman from California, Mr. Latta, the gentleman from Minnesota, Mr. Miller, and the gentleman from New Jersey, Mr. Browning, who will please take their places at the desk. The Clerk will call the roll and Members will designate whom they desire to elect as Speaker.

The tellers having taken their places, the House proceeded to vote viva voce for Speaker. The following is the vote in detail:

**FOR MR. CHAMP CLARK—217.**

Adamson...Doughman
Almon...Kelly, Pa.
Ashbrook...Dunfee
Aswell...Inman
Ayres...Jude
Banks...Ippe
Barnhardt...Evans
Bartlett...Nees
Bell...Flint
Black...Floyd
Blanton...Fisher
Blount...Gafford
Bluestone...Gandy
Broache...Gard
Branscomb...Grafton
Brunbaugh...Garrett, Tenn.
Buchanan...Garrett, Tex.
Burnett...Glass
Byrnes, N. C. and Texas...Godwin, N. C.
Campbell, Pa., and Iowa...Goodwin, Ark.
Carr...Goodwin, Ill.
Carr...Gray, Ala.
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FOR MR. JAMES B. MANN—205.

Anderson, E. - Boston, Mass. Lews, Little, Sanders, N. Y.
Bacharach, A. - Boston, Mass. Freeman, Hamden, Scott, Iowa.
Browning, C. R. - Boston, Mass. McKinley, Strong, N. Y.
Butler, F. - Boston, Mass. Goodall, Temple, Templeton.
Church, C. A. - Illinois, A. Harris, Vt., Templeton.
Diller, Geo. - New York, A. Hay, York, Templeton.
FOR MR. FREDERICK H. GILLETTE—2.

Ballinger, C. A. - Dallinger, Gray, N. J.
Bell, W. N. - Dallinger, Gray, N. J.

ANSWERED "PRESENT"—2.

Haskell, J. - James

At the conclusion of the roll, The Clerk said: The result of the ballot as agreed to by the tellers is as follows: Mr. CHAMP CLARK, of Missouri, received 217 votes; Mr. JAMES B. MANN, of Illinois, received 205 votes; Mr. FREDERICK H. GILLETTE, of Massachusetts, received 2 votes; Mr. IRVINE L. LINGROOT, of Wisconsin, received 2 votes: answering "present"—2. Total number of votes cast, 428. Mr. CLARK having received 217 votes, a majority of all the votes cast, and a quorum present, the Clerk announced the election of the Speaker of the House of Representatives of the Sixty-fifth Congress. [Applause.] The Clerk appoints as a committee to notify Mr. CLARK of his election and to escort him to the chair Mr. JAMES MANN, of Illinois, Mr. IRVINE of New York, and Mr. SHERRIS OF KANSAS. The committee appointed to conduct the Speaker elect to the chair having returned with him.

Mr. MANN said: Members of the House of Representatives, I present to you your chosen Speaker, the genial, able, impartial, patriotic statesman of Missouri and the Nation, Hon. CHAMP CLARK. [Applause.]

ADDRESS OF THE SPEAKER.

The SPEAKER elect, on taking the chair, said: Gentlemen of the House of Representatives, I am profoundly grateful to the House for my fourth election to the Speakership. Also to the distinguished gentleman from Illinois, my close personal friend, Brother MANN, for the cordial, generous, and cordial manner in which he introduced me. [Applause.] The delicate situation in which we find ourselves justifies a few words more. I fully appreciate the fact that it will be exceedingly difficult to discharge the duties of the Speakership in this House. It will be almost impossible for me to do without the hearty cooperation of the Members without regard to party affiliations. I will use my utmost endeavor to be absolutely fair, and I implore all of you Members in doing my work to keep the membership on patriotism. We are all patriots, as are the people who elected us. We are all Americans, whether natives or foreign born, as our constituents. On many questions we are "distinct the bills that pass, as they pass," when the honor and safety of the Republic are involved. [Applause.] Politicians finds no place in this House when the general welfare and the common defense of the Nation are at stake. Let all the ends we aim at be our country's, and in the accomplishment of these ends may the God of our fathers be with us and guide us in the way which will redound to the honor and perpetuation of the great Republic that ever existed in all the flood of time. [Applause.]

I am now ready to take the oath of office and will ask that the gentleman from Maryland [Mr. TALBOTT] administer it.

The oath of office was administered by Mr. TALBOTT.

SWearing IN OF MEMBERS.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will now call the Members by States, and they will assemble in front of the Speaker's desk and take the oath of office.

The Members presented themselves as their States were called and took the oath of office provided by law.

Mr. GREELEY and MR. BUTLER affirmed.

ELECTION OF CLERK AND OTHER OFFICERS.

MR. SAUNDERS OF VIRGINIA. Mr. Speaker, I send to the desk the following resolution, which I ask to have read.

The Clerk read as follows:

House resolution 1.

Resolved, That Hon. South Trimble, of the State of Kentucky, be, and he is hereby, chosen Clerk of the House of Representatives;

That Hon. Robert G. Gordon, of the State of Ohio, be, and he is hereby, chosen Sergeant at Arms of the House of Representatives;

That Joseph J. Sinnott, of the State of Virginia, be, and he he is hereby, chosen Doorkeeper of the House of Representatives;

That William M. Dunbar, of the State of Georgia, be, and he is hereby, chosen Postmaster of the House of Representatives; and

That Henry N. Condon, of the State of Michigan, be, and he is hereby, chosen Chaplain of the House of Representatives.

The SPEAKER. Are there any other nominations?

MR. GREELEY OF MASSACHUSETTS. Mr. Speaker, for the resolution just reported, I offer the following and ask the Clerk to report the same.

The Clerk read as follows:

By MR. GREELEY OF MASSACHUSETTS: I move to amend the resolution by striking out—

"That South Trimble, of the State of Kentucky, be, and he is hereby, chosen Clerk of the House of Representatives;" And inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"That William Tyler Page, of the State of Maryland, be, and he is hereby, chosen Clerk of the House of Representatives;" And by striking out—

"That Robert G. Gordon, of the State of Ohio, be, and he is hereby, chosen Sergeant at Arms of the House of Representatives;" And inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"That Joseph G. Rogers, of the State of Pennsylvania, be, and he is hereby, chosen Sergeant at Arms of the House of Representatives;" And by striking out—

"That Joseph J. Sinnott, of the State of Virginia, be, and he is hereby, chosen Doorkeeper of the House of Representatives;" And inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"That Albert W. Kennedy, of the State of Michigan, be, and he is hereby, chosen Doorkeeper of the House of Representatives;" And by striking out—

"That William M. Dunbar, of the State of Georgia, be, and he is hereby, chosen Postmaster of the House of Representatives;" And inserting in lieu thereof the following:

"That Lawrence Lyons, of the State of Indiana, be, and he is hereby, chosen Postmaster of the House of Representatives."

The SPEAKER. The question is on agreeing to the amendment.

MR. MANN. Mr. Speaker, on that amendment I demand a division of the question, so as to cover each of the officers.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Illinois demands a division of the question, and the vote will be taken first upon that part of the amendment which substitutes the name of Tyler Page for that of South Trimble as Clerk of the House.

MR. MANN. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yea and nays.

Mr. GARRETT of Tennessee. Mr. Speaker, I would like to ask if it would not be possible to have an agreement whereby Members might vote for the nominees of the respective parties?

MR. MANN. I am quite willing to have that done.

Mr. GARRETT of Tennessee. Then, Mr. Speaker. I ask unanimous consent that in taking the vote on the Clerk of the House, Mr. MANN. Make it on all of them.
Mr. GARRETT of Tennessee. On all of them, if we have a separate vote on each—that we shall vote the names of those for whom we desire to vote for the respective officers.

The SPEAKER. Is the gentleman asking for a vote upon all five of these officials at once?

Mr. GARRETT of Tennessee. No. The SPEAKER. Then, the understanding is that upon the vote of the Clerkship the Member in casting his vote shall vote for Mr. Page or Mr. Trimble Page.

Mr. MANN. Mr. Speaker, will the gentleman yield? Mr. GARRETT of Tennessee. Yes. Mr. GARRETT. If the gentleman from Illinois could agree, and if we could do it by unanimous consent, one roll call would settle the entire matter.

Mr. MANN. Oh, no. The reason for offering the amendment in the form in which it is for the purpose of having a separate vote.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Illinois demands the yeas and nays. The yeas and nays were ordered. Mr. MANN. Mr. Speaker, what was done with the request of the gentleman from Tennessee [Mr. GARRETT] that in voting upon these different officers, where there is a contest, we shall vote for the name of our respective candidates?

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Tennessee asks unanimous consent that the vote shall be for either South Trimble or Tyler Page, by name.

Mr. MANN. I want it to apply to all the offices except that of Chaplain.

Mr. GARRETT of Tennessee. That is my request, that it shall apply to all these offices except that of Clerk.

Mr. MANN. The request of the gentleman from Tennessee is for unanimous consent to vote for the names of the men who are candidates instead of going through the motion of voting for the substitute. Is there objection? [After a pause.] The Chair hears none. The Clerk will call the roll on the Clerkship and the vote will be for South Trimble or William Tyler Page.

ELECTION OF CLERK.

The question was taken; and there were—voting for South Trimble 217, for William Tyler Page 213, as follows:

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The SPEAKER. The Clerk will call my name. The name of Mr. Clark of Missouri was called, and he voted for South Trimble.

The SPEAKER. On this vote South Trimble received 217 votes, William Tyler Page 213, and South Trimble is elected Clerk for the next two years. [Applause.]

ELECTION OF SERGEANT AT ARMS.

The SPEAKER. The next vote will be taken on the Sergeant at Arms. The nominees are Robert C. Gordon, by the Democrats, and Joseph B. Rodgers, by the Republicans, and when the roll is called the Members will name their candidate.

Mr. GARRETT of Tennessee. Mr. Speaker, I would ask the gentleman from Illinois [Mr. MANN] if it would be agreeable to make an arrangement whereby we might vote on the three remaining clerical offices?

Mr. MANN. I am sorry to say I can not do that. The SPEAKER. The Clerk will call the roll.

The roll was called; and there were voting—for Mr. Gordon 248, for Mr. Rodgers 202, as follows:

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LV—8
The SPEAKER. The Clerk will call my name.

The name of Mr. CRAMTON of Massachusetts, who is now in the Chair, will call my name.

The SPEAKER. The next vote is on the Amendment of Mr. GARRETT of Texas, that the Committee on Rules be instructed to report back the bill on which the amendments were offered.

The vote was taken, and the Amendments of Mr. GARRETT of Texas were agreed to, and the bill was sent back to the Committee on Rules.

The SPEAKER. The next vote is on the Amendment of Mr. MILLER of Virginia, that the Committee on Rules be instructed to report back the bill on which the amendments were offered.

The vote was taken, and the Amendments of Mr. MILLER of Virginia were agreed to, and the bill was sent back to the Committee on Rules.

The SPEAKER. The next vote is on the Amendment of Mr. WARD of New York, that the Committee on Rules be instructed to report back the bill on which the amendments were offered.

The vote was taken, and the Amendments of Mr. WARD of New York were agreed to, and the bill was sent back to the Committee on Rules.

The SPEAKER. The next vote is on the Amendment of Mr. STEWART of Texas, that the Committee on Rules be instructed to report back the bill on which the amendments were offered.

The vote was taken, and the Amendments of Mr. STEWART of Texas were agreed to, and the bill was sent back to the Committee on Rules.

The SPEAKER. The next vote is on the Amendment of Mr. BOWERS of Ohio, that the Committee on Rules be instructed to report back the bill on which the amendments were offered.

The vote was taken, and the Amendments of Mr. BOWERS of Ohio were agreed to, and the bill was sent back to the Committee on Rules.

The SPEAKER. The next vote is on the Amendment of Mr. CLARK of New York, that the Committee on Rules be instructed to report back the bill on which the amendments were offered.

The vote was taken, and the Amendments of Mr. CLARK of New York were agreed to, and the bill was sent back to the Committee on Rules.

The SPEAKER. The next vote is on the Amendment of Mr. CAMPBELL of California, that the Committee on Rules be instructed to report back the bill on which the amendments were offered.

The vote was taken, and the Amendments of Mr. CAMPBELL of California were agreed to, and the bill was sent back to the Committee on Rules.

The SPEAKER. The next vote is on the Amendment of Mr. DILLON of Illinois, that the Committee on Rules be instructed to report back the bill on which the amendments were offered.

The vote was taken, and the Amendments of Mr. DILLON of Illinois were agreed to, and the bill was sent back to the Committee on Rules.

The SPEAKER. The next vote is on the Amendment of Mr. DOUGLAS of Texas, that the Committee on Rules be instructed to report back the bill on which the amendments were offered.

The vote was taken, and the Amendments of Mr. DOUGLAS of Texas were agreed to, and the bill was sent back to the Committee on Rules.

The SPEAKER. The next vote is on the Amendment of Mr. EDWARDS of Alabama, that the Committee on Rules be instructed to report back the bill on which the amendments were offered.

The vote was taken, and the Amendments of Mr. EDWARDS of Alabama were agreed to, and the bill was sent back to the Committee on Rules.

The SPEAKER. The next vote is on the Amendment of Mr. ERDMAN of Iowa, that the Committee on Rules be instructed to report back the bill on which the amendments were offered.

The vote was taken, and the Amendments of Mr. ERDMAN of Iowa were agreed to, and the bill was sent back to the Committee on Rules.

The SPEAKER. The next vote is on the Amendment of Mr. FARR of Illinois, that the Committee on Rules be instructed to report back the bill on which the amendments were offered.

The vote was taken, and the Amendments of Mr. FARR of Illinois were agreed to, and the bill was sent back to the Committee on Rules.

The SPEAKER. The next vote is on the Amendment of Mr. FAULKNER of Mississippi, that the Committee on Rules be instructed to report back the bill on which the amendments were offered.

The vote was taken, and the Amendments of Mr. FAULKNER of Mississippi were agreed to, and the bill was sent back to the Committee on Rules.

The SPEAKER. The next vote is on the Amendment of Mr. FISHER of Texas, that the Committee on Rules be instructed to report back the bill on which the amendments were offered.

The vote was taken, and the Amendments of Mr. FISHER of Texas were agreed to, and the bill was sent back to the Committee on Rules.

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The vote was taken, and the Amendments of Mr. FISHER of Texas were agreed to, and the bill was sent back to the Committee on Rules.
Mr. CRISP. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent to make the statement that Mr. Lee of Georgia, and Mr. MEEKER, of Missouri, have been present and voting, and both are sick and both have left the Hall, and I ask unanimous consent that a pair may be announced for them for the remainder of the day.

The SPEAKER. There will not be any trouble about that. The Clerk will announce the pair.

The Clerk announced the following pair:

For the remainder of the day:

Mr. Lee of Georgia with Mr. MEEKER.

The SPEAKER. On this vote Mr. Dunbar has 217 votes, Mr. Lyons 206, and Mr. Dunbar is elected Postmaster. [Applause.]

ELECTION OF CHAPLAIN.

Mr. TALBOT. Mr. Speaker, I move that the Rev. Henry N. Couden, D. D., Chaplain of the House in the last Congress, be elected by acclamation, Chaplain of the House.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from Maryland moves that the Chaplain of the last House, Rev. Henry N. Couden, D. D., be elected Chaplain by acclamation.

The motion was agreed to.

The SPEAKER. The vote recurs on the motion of the gentleman from Massachusetts [Mr. Greene] as a substitute for the main resolution.

Mr. MANN. Mr. Speaker, while the form in which the matter was presented to the House was that of a resolution to which there was an amendment offered—that is what the Speaker has reference to, is it not?

The SPEAKER. Yes. Mr. MANN. Still, by unanimous consent, the House voted directly upon the names, and the Speaker announced in each case that the person receiving the majority was elected. I would be glad to have some gentleman on the other side ask unanimous consent that the person considered as disposed of and the several gentlemen be declared elected.

Mr. GARRIOTT of Tennessee, Mr. Speaker, it was contemplated in the request which I made—whether or not it was expressed fully enough to cover the situation I do not now recall—but in order that there may be no question about it I ask unanimous consent that these several gentlemen be declared elected.

Mr. MANN. That the action taken be considered as the final election in each case.

Mr. GARRIOTT of Tennessee. That they be considered as elected in each case.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman asks unanimous consent that the action taken in voting on these gentlemen separately be taken as final, and that they be elected. Is there objection? There was no objection.

SWARING IN OF OFFICERS OF THE HOUSE.

The SPEAKER. If the gentlemen who have been elected will present themselves, the Chair will administer the oath of office to them.

Mr. Speaker, the gentlemen from North Carolina offers a resolution which the Clerk will report.

The Clerk reads as follows:

"Resolution 3. Resolved, That the rules of the House of Representatives of the Sixty-fifth Congress be, and they are hereby, adopted as the rules of the House of Representatives of the Sixty-fifth Congress: Provided, That the Committee on Ways and Means shall consist of 23 members, and the Committee on Rules of 12 members: Provided further, That any motion or resolution to elect the members or any portion of the members of the standing committees of the House and the joint standing committees shall not be divisive.

The SPEAKER. The question is on the resolution.

Mr. MANN. Mr. Speaker—Mr. POE. Mr. Speaker, I have not yielded the floor.

Mr. MANN. The gentleman cannot stand on the floor and keep still.

Mr. POE. If the gentleman desires I will be glad to yield to him.

Mr. MANN. I am not asking any favors of the gentleman at this time. He must either do something or yield the floor.

Mr. Speaker, then, Mr. Speaker, I move the previous question. I have not yielded the floor.

Mr. MANN. The Speaker was putting the question.

Mr. KELLY of Pennsylvania. Will the gentleman from North Carolina yield for a question? Mr. POE. I will.

Mr. KELLY of Pennsylvania. Mr. Speaker, this resolution contains three separate provisions of the most important of which provides for adopting the rules of the Sixty-fifth Congress as
the rules of the Sixty-fifth Congress. I had prepared a number of
changes in the rules that I would have liked to have conso-
dered but it was too much to consider them at this time because
of vital matters which demand instant action. As the
gentleman from North Carolina [Mr. Poul] is the ranking
member of the Rules Committee, I would like to have an assurance
from him that the Rules Committee will propose any
changes which may be offered and afford the House an opportu-
nity to vote upon them.
Mr. POU. I will say to the gentleman from Pennsylvania
that it is more fortunate for me to be a member of the Rules
Committee on Rules I think I am in a position to assure the gentleman
that any proposition to change the rules will receive very earn-
est and early consideration.
Mr. NORTON. Will the gentleman yield?
Mr. POUL. Yes.
Mr. NORTON. We had an assurance in the Sixty-third
Congress and also in the Sixty-fourth Congress to the same
effect. Is it not a fact that the suggestions for amendments of the rules
have not been considered?
Mr. POUL. I will say to the gentleman from North Dakota
that all that has passed into history, and I am not in a position
and do not attempt to speak of what has occurred in the past.
All I can say is that, so far as I am concerned, so far as the
majority of the Rules Committee is concerned, the several
proposals for a change, and particularly for liberalizing the rules,
will receive early and serious consideration. There is no dis-
position to put it off, and any gentleman who desires to make
any changes in the rules will have a cordial invitation to appear
before the committees and make them.
Mr. NORTON. Will the gentleman yield further?
Mr. POUL. Yes.
Mr. NORTON. Will that consideration be such as will bring
the suggestions before the House for a vote and not bury the
suggestions in the Committee on Rules?
Mr. POUL. I can not undertake to say what will be the action
of the Rules Committee.
Mr. KELLY of Pennsylvania. A fair proposition would be to
assure us that action will be taken on the suggestions by the
committee. I would not be disposed to vote for the motion
presented unless that assurance is given, and I feel that since
it is given fairly we may accept it without impeachment.
Mr. LENROOT. Mr. Speaker, in reference to the suggestion
made by the gentleman from Pennsylvania, the gentleman from
Pennsylvania will understand that if the Committee on Rules
does not see fit to act affirmatively on any suggestion for a
change by any Member, if this resolution is adopted, the House
will never have an opportunity to vote in the Sixty-fifth Con-
gress on those questions.
Mr. POUL. Mr. Speaker, I demand the previous question.
The question was taken, and Mr. Lenroot asked for a divi-
sion.
Mr. MANN. Mr. Speaker, I ask for the yeas and nays.
The yeas and nays were ordered.
The question was taken; and there were—yeas 216, nays 206,
not voting 11, as follows:

YEAS—216.

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Mr. MANN. The yeas and nays were ordered.

NOT VOTING—11.

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Mr. MANN. The previous question was ordered.

The Clerk announced the following pair:

Mr. MEKKER, for Mr. Lee of Georgia, on this vote.

Mr. MANN. Mr. Speaker, I offer the motion technically
called a motion to reconsider with instructions, which I send to
the Clerk's desk and ask to have read.

The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. MANN moves to commit the resolution to a select committee
to be appointed by the Speaker, to be composed of seven members, with
instructions to that committee to report back to the House forthwith
the following amendment to the resolution:

Strike out all after the word "Resolved" and insert in lieu of the
par.

"That the rules of the House of Representatives of the Sixty-fourth
Congress shall be the rules of the House of Representatives of the
Sixty-fifth Congress unless otherwise changed; that the Committee
shall be further instructed to consider the subject matter of
this resolution and report to the House on or before December 10, 1917,
with their recommendations for the adoption of rules of the Sixty-
fifth Congress; and that the Clerk be directed to print the
comprehensive report and transmittals of reports, and to make
arrangements for the publication of this, and all other bills
and resolutions of the Sixty-fifth Congress for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1918, and for deficiency
appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917, and prior years.

Mr. POUL. Mr. Speaker, I move the previous question on the
motion to reconsider.

The previous question was ordered.
The SPEAKER. The question is on the motion to recommit. Mr. MANN. Mr. Speaker, on that I demand the yeas and nays.

The yeas and nays were ordered.

The question was taken; and the resolution was agreed to.

The yeas and nays were ordered. Mr. KITCHIN. Mr. Speaker, I move the adoption of the resolution which I send to the Clerk's desk.

The Speaker. The Clerk will report the resolution.

The Clerk reads as follows:

Resolved, That the following-named gentlemen be, and they are hereby, elected members of the standing committees of the House and the joint standing committees, as follows:

**ELECTIONS NO. 1.**

1. Riley J. Wilson (chairman), of Louisiana.
3. Albert F. Polk, of Delaware.
5. Benjamin F. Wade, of Ohio.
6. Fred H. Dominick, of South Carolina.

**ELECTIONS NO. 2.**

1. James A. Hamill (chairman), of New Jersey.
5. J. W. Overstreet, of Georgia.
6. J. Y. Sanders, of Louisiana.

**ELECTIONS NO. 3.**

1. Walter A. Watson (chairman), of Virginia.
3. William J. Sears, of Wisconsin.
5. Tom Connally, of Texas.
6. Harvey Kellett, of Indiana.

WAYS AND MEANS.

2. T. Van Derwater, of Kentucky.
4. Thomas H. Jackson, of Mississippi.
5. William P. Borland, of Missouri.
7. William Shelby Howard, of Georgia.
10. James F. Buchanan, of Texas.
11. James A. Gunnall, of Massachusetts.
12. James F. Byrnes, of South Carolina.

**THE JUDICIARY.**

2. Charles M. Carlin, of Virginia.
5. Warren G. Morey, of Nebraska.
6. Richard S. Whiteley, of South Carolina.
8. M. M. Neely, of West Virginia.
11. Hatton W. Summers, of Texas.

**BANKING AND CURRENCY.**

4. Otis Wingo, of Arkansas.
5. Joseph V. Cannon, of South Carolina.
1. Thomas M. Bell, of Georgia.
2. William E. Cox, of Indiana.
3. Ellsworth R. Bathrick, of California.
4. Walter L. Hensley, of Missouri.
5. Thomas L. Rubey, of Missouri.
6. Dudley Doolittle, of Kansas.
7. Henderson M. Jac1>way, of Mississippi.
8. J. W. Overstreet, of Kansas.

COINAGE, WEIGHTS, AND MEASURES.

1. William A. Ashbrook (chairman), of Ohio.
2. Theodor W. Sias, of Tennessee.
3. Frank E. Doxey, of Michigan.
4. Dan Y. Stephens, of Nebraska.
5. Alben W. Barkley, of Kentucky.
6. Sam Rayburn, of Texas.
7. Andrew J. McDonough, of Virginia.
8. Peri D. Decker, of Missouri.
10. Arthur G. Dewalt, of Pennsylvania.

RIVERS AND HARBORS.

2. Charles F. Booz, of Missouri.
3. Thomas Gallagher, of Illinois.
5. William Ketner, of California.
9. Carl V. Van Dyke, of Minnesota.
10. David H. Kincheloe, of Kentucky.
11. Clarence E. Lea, of California.

AGRICULTURE.

1. Ashbury F. Lever (chairman), of South Carolina.
2. David L. Lee, of Missouri.
3. Elwood S. Candler, Jr., of Mississippi.
5. Thomas A. Rutley, of Missouri.
6. James Young, of Texas.
7. Henderson M. Jackson, of Arkansas.
10. Arthur W. Overmyer, of Ohio.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

1. Henry D. Flood (chairman), of Virginia.
2. James D. Lithicum, of Maryland.
5. Pat Harrison, of Mississippi.
6. Charles Smith, of Missouri.
7. Dorsey W. Schackelford, of Missouri.
9. Willard Ragsdale, of South Carolina.
10. George Huddleston, of Alabama.
11. Tom Connally, of Texas.

MILITARY AFFAIRS.

1. S. Hubert Dent, Jr. (chairman), of Alabama.
2. William J. Fields, of Kentucky.
3. Percy E. Quin, of Mississippi.
5. A. C. Shallenberger, of Nebraska.
7. James W. Wise, of Georgia.
10. T. W. Harrison, of Virginia.

NAVAL AFFAIRS.

1. Lemuel P. Pughett (chairman), of Tennessee.
3. Albert E. Gordan, of Louisiana.
5. Walter L. Hensley, of New York.
6. John R. Connally, of Texas.
7. William H. Oliver, of Alabama.
8. William V. Venable, of Mississippi.
9. Carl Vinson, of Georgia.
10. Adam H. Littenage, of West Virginia.
11. Ellsworth B. Bathrick, of Ohio.
12. James G. Wilson, of Texas.

THE POST OFFICE AND POST ROADS.

1. John A. Moon (chairman), of Tennessee.
2. Thomas M. Bell, of Georgia.
3. William E. Cox, of Indiana.

INLAND AFFAIRS.

2. Carl Hayden, of Arizona.
4. Charles M. Ball, of Alabama.
5. Dewey S. Church, of California.
7. James H. Mays, of Utah.
9. Harry L. Gandy, of South Dakota.
12. W. B. Walton, of New Mexico.

THE TERRITORIES.

1. William C. Houston (chairman), of Tennessee.
3. Scott Ferris, of Ohio.
4. Walter A. Watson, of Virginia.
5. Clement Brumbaugh, of Ohio.
7. John E. Patterson, of Texas.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS.

1. William A. Jones (chairman), of Virginia.
2. Flavio J. Garrett, of Tennessee.
3. Harvey Holm, of Kentucky.
5. Clement Brumbaugh, of Ohio.
11. Marvin Jones, of Texas.
12. Fred H. Domnick, of South Carolina.

RAILWAYS AND CANALS.

2. Clement Brumbaugh, of Ohio.
3. J. C. Harrell, of Alabama.
5. C. C. Dill, of Washington.
7. Harry L. Gandy, of South Dakota.
10. William H. Walton, of New Mexico.
11. Zeb Weaver, of North Carolina.

INSULAR AFFAIRS.

1. William A. Jones (chairman), of Virgin Islands.
2. Flavio J. Garrett, of Virgin Islands.
3. Harvey Holm, of Kentucky.
5. Clement Brumbaugh, of Ohio.
11. Marvin Jones, of Texas.
12. Fred H. Domnick, of South Carolina.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND GROUNDS.

1. William A. Jones (chairman), of Florida.
2. Benjamin C. Hilliard, of Ohio.
5. Clement Brumbaugh, of Ohio.
11. Marvin Jones, of Texas.
12. Fred H. Domnick, of South Carolina.

EDUCATION.

1. William J. Seers (chairman), of Florida.
2. Benjamin C. Hilliard, of Ohio.
3. Charles E. Talbott, of Missouri.
5. Edward J. Ryan, of California.
6. John A. Moon (chairman), of Texas.
7. Thomas L. Blanton, of Texas.

LABOR.

2. Walter A. Watson, of Virginia.
4. Edward J. Ryan, of California.
5. Carle C. Van Dyke, of Minnesota.
7. Jeff: McLeomore, of Texas.
8. Guy E. Campbell, of Georgia.
The question was taken; and there were—yeas 212, nays 198, answered "present" 2; not voting 20; as follows:

YEAS—212.

1. Benjamin G. Humphreys (chairman), of Mississippi.
2. Finis J. Garrett, of Tennessee.
3. Martin D. Foster, of Illinois.
5. Riley J. Wilson, of Louisiana.
6. D. J. Madison, of Texas.

The Speaker. The gentleman from Illinois demands consideration on the motion offered by the gentleman from North Carolina. The question is on agreeing to the resolution.

Mr. MANN. Mr. Speaker, I ask for the yeas and nays.

The Speaker. The gentleman demands the yeas and nays. Evidently a sufficient number have arisen, and the Clerk will call the roll.

The question was taken; and there were—yeas 212, nays 198, answered "present" 2; not voting 20, as follows:

YEAS—212.

1. Benjamin G. Humphreys (chairman), of Mississippi.
2. Finis J. Garrett, of Tennessee.
3. Martin D. Foster, of Illinois.
5. Riley J. Wilson, of Louisiana.
6. D. J. Madison, of Texas.

The Speaker. The gentleman from Illinois demands consideration. The question is whether the House at this time will consider this resolution.

Mr. MANN. And on that I ask for the yeas and nays.
Now, is the majority to be opposed by a solid minority in naming a Speaker.

Mr. MANN. I deny that you are a majority until you settle it by a roll call.

Mr. FITZGERALD. How many roll calls does it take to determine that?

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will call the roll.

The question was taken; and there were-yeas 211, nays 197, answering "present" 2, not voting 24, as follows:

YEAS-211.

Yeas-211.

The resolution was agreed to.

The resolution was recorded. The resolution was passed. The resolution was recorded.

MESSAGE FROM THE SENATE.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. Waldorf, its enrolling clerk, announced that the Senate had passed the following resolution:

Resolved, That a committee consisting of two Senators be appointed, to join such committee as may be appointed by the House of Representatives, to wait upon the President of the United States and inform him that a quorum of each House is assembled, and that Congress is ready to receive any communication he may be pleased to make.

And in compliance with the foregoing resolution this House appointed Mr. Martin and Mr. Gallinger to be a committee to join the Senate. The message was also announced that the Senate had passed the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Senate instruct the House of Representatives to join with a committee of Senators to inform the House of Representatives that a quorum of the Senate is assembled and that the Senate is ready to proceed to business.

NOTIFICATION TO THE SENATE.

Mr. FLOOD. Mr. Speaker, I offer a resolution, which I send to the Clerk's desk and ask to have passed.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will report it.

The Clerk read as follows:

House resolution 15.

Resolved, That a message be sent to the Senate to inform them that the House of Represenatives is assembled; that CHAPL, Speaker, as a Representative from the State of Missouri, will report the resolution.

And in compliance with the foregoing resolution the Vice President has appointed Mr. PETER, Speaker of the Senate, and Mr. GALLINGER, a committee of five to join with a committee of the House of Representatives.

Mr. BURKHARDT. The Speaker is on the question of agreeing to the resolution.

So the resolution was agreed to.

The resolution was received. The resolution was agreed to.

Mr. FITZGERALD. Mr. Speaker, I offer the following resolution:

The resolution was read as follows:

Resolved, That the Speaker be instructed to inform the President of the United States that the House of Representatives has elected CHAPL, Speaker, a Representative from the State of Missouri, as Speaker, and that Trimble, a citizen of the State of Kentucky, as Clerk of the House of Representatives of the Fifty-first Congress.

The Speaker reads the resolution. The Speaker reads the resolution. The Speaker reads the resolution.

The question is on agreeing to the resolution.

So the resolution was agreed to.

The resolution was put to the questioning. The resolution was put to the question. The resolution was put to the question.

The Speaker is on the question of agreeing to the resolution.

The Speaker is on the question of agreeing to the resolution. The Speaker is on the question of agreeing to the resolution.
The SPEAKER appointed Mr. KITCHIN, Mr. FITZGERALD, and Mr. MANN as the members of the committee on the part of the House.

DAILY HOUR OF MEETING.

Mr. GARRETT of Tennessee. Mr. Speaker, I offer the following resolution.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk will report it.

The Clerk read as follows:

House resolution 18.

Resolved, That, until otherwise ordered, the daily hour of meeting of the House of Representatives shall be 12 o'clock meridian.

The SPEAKER. The question is on agreeing to the resolution.

The resolution was agreed to.

RECESS.

Mr. KITCHIN. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the House stand in recess until 8.15 o'clock.

Mr. MANN. I suggest that the gentleman had better make it 8.20 o'clock. We cannot get back before that.

Mr. KITCHIN. Well, say 8.20.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from North Carolina asks unanimous consent that the House stand in recess until 8.20 o'clock. Without objection.

There was no objection; accordingly (at 7 o'clock and 47 minutes p. m.) the House stood in recess until 8 o'clock and 20 minutes p. m.

The recess having expired, the House (at 8 o'clock and 20 minutes p. m.) resumed its session.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE TO NOTIFY THE PRESIDENT.

Mr. KITCHIN, Mr. FITZGERALD, and Mr. MANN, the committee appointed to notify the President, appeared at the bar of the House.

Mr. KITCHIN. Mr. Speaker, your committee appointed to wait upon the President and inform him that the House is organized and ready to receive any communication he may make, have, in company with a like committee on the part of the Senate, performed that duty. The President wishes to inform the House that he will be pleased to deliver in person a message to the President of the United States, because the House had no weapons with which to repel the enemy, and that the House had no means of communication with the Senate.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk read as follows:

Mr. CROCKETT, J. J. SHINGRITT, and Mr. MANNO, the committee appointed to notify the President, appeared at the bar of the House.

Mr. CROCKETT. Mr. Speaker, your committee appointed to wait upon the President and inform him that the House was organized and ready to receive any communication he may make, have, in company with a like committee on the part of the Senate, performed that duty. The President wishes to inform the House that he will be pleased to deliver in person a message to the President of the United States, because the House had no weapons with which to repel the enemy, and that the House had no means of communication with the Senate.

The SPEAKER. The Clerk read as follows:

House concurrent resolution 2.

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That the two Houses of Congress assemble in joint session, the Hall of the House of Representatives on Monday, the 2d day of April, 1917, at 8 o'clock and 20 minutes p. m. Without objection.

There was no objection; accordingly (at 7 o'clock and 47 minutes p. m.) the House stood in recess until 8 o'clock and 20 minutes p. m.

The recess having expired, the House (at 8 o'clock and 20 minutes p. m.) resumed its session.

REPORT OF COMMITTEE TO NOTIFY THE PRESIDENT.

A message from the Senate, by Mr. CROCKETT, one of its clerks, was read and referred to the Clerk of the House, that the Senate had agreed to House concurrent resolution 2.

JOINT MEETING OF THE SENATE AND HOUSE.

At 8 o'clock and 30 minutes p. m. the Doorkeeper, J. J. SHINGRITT, announced the Vice President of the United States and the Members of the United States Senate.

The Members of the House rose.

The House, preceded by the Vice President and by their Secretary and Sergeant at Arms, entered the Chamber.

The Vice President took the seat at the right of the Speaker and the Members of the Senate took the seats reserved for them.

The SPEAKER. On the part of the House the Chair appoints Messrs. KITCHIN, FITZGERALD, FLOOD, SHERRILL, MANN, COOVER, of Wisconsin, and GREESEY of Vermont a committee to wait on the President in conjunction with the Senate committee which the Vice President will announce.

The VICE PRESIDENT. On behalf of the Senate the Chair appoints Senators MARTIN, T. C., SAULSBURY, SIMMONS, NORRIS, LEE, and CURE.

At 8 o'clock and 37 minutes p. m. the President of the United States, escorted by the committee of Senators and Representatives, entered the Hall of the House and stood at the Clerk's desk amid prolonged applause.

The SPEAKER. Gentlemen of the Sixty-Fifth Congress, I present the President of the United States. [Applause.]

ADDRESS BY THE PRESIDENT (H. Doc. No. 1.)

The PRESIDENT. Gentlemen of the Congress, I have called the Congress into extraordinary session because there are serious, very serious, choices of policy to be made, and made immediately, which is neither right nor constitutionally permissible that I should assume the responsibility of making.

On the third of February last I officially laid before you the extraordinary announcement of the Imperial German Government that on and after the first day of February it was its purpose to put all law or of property and use its submarines to sink every vessel that sought to approach either the ports of Great Britain and Ireland or the western coasts of Europe or any of the ports controlled by the Governments of Germany within the Mediterranean that had seemed to be the object of the German submarine warfare earlier in the war, but since April of last year the Imperial Government had somewhat restrained the commanders of its fleet in conformity with its promise to the government of the United States, we were led to believe that the submarines would not be used against neutral vessels, and we were led to believe that the German Government would not seek to use its submarines to sink neutral vessels belonging to neutrals of the western coasts of Europe or any of the ports controlled by the Governments of Germany within the Mediterranean that had seemed to be the object of the German submarine warfare earlier in the war, but since April of last year the Imperial Government had somewhat restrained the commanders of its fleet in conformity with its promise to the government of the United States, we were led to believe that the submarines would not be used against neutral vessels, and we were led to believe that the German Government would not seek to use its submarines to sink neutral vessels belonging to neutrals.

The present German submarine warfare against commerce is a warfare against mankind.

It is a warfare against all nations. American ships have sunk, American lives taken, in ways which it has stirred us very deeply to learn of, but the ships and people of other neutral and friendly nations have been sunk and overwhelmed in the waters in the same way. There has been no discrimination.

The challenge is to all mankind. Each nation must decide for itself how it will meet it. The choice we make for ourselves must be made with a moderation of counsel and a temperateness of judgment befitting our character and our motives as a nation.

We must put excited feeling away. Our motive will not be revenge or the victorious assertion of the physical might of the nation, but only the vindication of right, of human right, of which we are only a single champion.

When I addressed the Congress on the twenty-sixth of February last I thought that it would suffice to assert our neutral rights and our arms, our right to use, our right to keep our people safe against unlawful violence. But armed neutrality, it now appears, is impracticable. Because submarines are in effect outlaws when used as an instrument of submarine warfare the enforcement of our constitution and our laws and our public rights and our common safety must be maintained. The German submarine warfare is an act of war.

It is a warfare against all nations. American ships have sunk, American lives taken, in ways which it has stirred us very deeply to learn of, but the ships and people of other neutral and friendly nations have been sunk and overwhelmed in the waters in the same way. There has been no discrimination.

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When I addressed the Congress on the twenty-sixth of February last I thought that it would suffice to assert our neutral rights and our arms, our right to use, our right to keep our people safe against unlawful violence. But armed neutrality, it now appears, is impracticable. Because submarines are in effect outlaws when used as an instrument of submarine warfare the enforcement of our constitution and our laws and our public rights and our common safety must be maintained. The German submarine warfare is an act of war.
the areas of the sea which it has proscribed, even in the defense of rights which no modern publicist has ever before questioned their right to defend. The intention is conveyed that the armed commerce free and armed commerce which has not the character of a belligerent shall be treated as beyond the pale of law and subject to be dealt with as pirates would be. Armed neutrality is ineffectual enough at best; in such circumstances and in the face of such pretensions it is worse than ineffectual: it is likely only to produce what it was meant to prevent; it is practically certain to draw us into the war without either the rights or the effectiveness of belligerence. That is why we cannot make any choice we are unworthy of making: we will not choose the path of submission [applause] and suffer the most sacred rights of our nation and our people to be ignored or violated. The wrongs against which we array ourselves are no common wrongs; they cut at the very roots of human life.

With a profound sense of the solemn and even tragic character of the step I am taking and of the grave responsibilities which it involves, but in unhesitating obedience to what I deem my constitutional duty, I advise that the Congress declare the recent course of the Imperial German Government to be in fact nothing less than war against the government and people of the United States [applause]; that it formally accepts the status of belligerent which has thus been thrust upon it; and that it take immediate steps not only to put the country in a more thorough state of defense but also to exert all its power and employ all its resources to bring to an end the devastation which it involves, with the utmost dispatch of all means which the national interest may require.

What this will involve is clear. It will involve the utmost practicable cooperation in counsel and action with the governments of all nations which are in the right against them. Such despatch is necessary under the circumstances. It will involve the immediate addition to the armed forces of the United States, in the wisdom and strength of the national interest. It will involve the temporary suspension of our treaty relationship with all governments in that part of the world, and the taking of such other measures as may be necessary to put the country in a more thorough state of defense and make ready for the execution of the laws for the preservation of the nation. It will involve the extension to those governments of the most liberal financial credits [applause], in order that our resources may so far as possible be added to theirs. It will involve the organization of the national resources of the United States for the prosecution of the war against the government and people of the Imperial German Government.

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I say sustained so far as may be equitable by taxation because it seems to me that it would be most unwise to base the credits which will be necessary on the necessity to raise revenue to meet the expenses of war. In the strict sense of the word, in the sense of a war debt, there is, as a matter of fact, no war.

In carrying out the measures by which these things are to be accomplished, we must keep constantly in mind the wisdom of interfering as little as possible in our own preparation and in the equipment of our own military forces with the duty— for it will be a very practical duty, of supplying the nations already at war with Germany with the materials which they can obtain only from us or by our assistance. They are in the field and we should help them in every way to be effective there.

I shall take the liberty of suggesting, through the several executive departments of the Government, for the consideration of your committees, measures for the accomplishment of the several objects I have mentioned. I hope that it will be your pleasure to deal with them as having been framed after very careful thought by the branch of the Government upon which the responsibility of conducting the war and safeguarding the nation will most directly fall.

While we are doing these things, these deeply momentous things, let us be very clear, and make very clear to all the world what our motives and our objects are. My own thought has not been driven from its habitual and normal course by the unhappy events which have agitated the world in the last week. The thought of the nation has been altered or clouded by them. I have exactly the same things in mind now that I had in mind when I addressed the Senate on the twenty-second of January last; the object of the German even our officials of government and in the matter of the treaty which was concluded on the third of February and on the twenty-second of Feb-
selfish designs of a Government that did what it pleased and told its people nothing. But they have played their part in serving to convince us at last that Government entails no real friendship for us and means to act against our peace and security and the freedom of our own governments. For the pretences against us at our very doors the intercepted note to the German Minister at Mexico City is eloquent evidence.

We are accepting this challenge of hostile purpose because we must fight in such a government for our lives and our fortunes, and for the liberties of all small nations, for a universal dominion of right by such a concert of free peoples as shall bring peace and safety to all nations and make the world itself at last free. To such a task we can devote our lives and our fortunes, everything that we are and everything that we have, with the pride of those who know that the day has come when America is privileged to spend her blood and her life for the principles that gave her birth and have made her free. God helping her, she can do no other. [Applause.]

At 9 o'clock and 11 minutes p.m. the President retired from the Hall of the House:

Whereupon the Vice President and the Members of the Senate returned to their Chamber.

CONSIDERATION OF APPROPRIATION BILLS.

Mr. FITZGERALD. Mr. Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the following resolution.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from New York moves to suspend the rules and pass the resolution which the Clerk will report.

The Clerk reads as follows:

WASHINGTON, April 2, 1898.

To the House of Representatives:

Resolved, That at any time within 10 days after the adoption of this resolution it shall be in order to move to pass and pass the following bills:

H. R. 11, making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917, and for other purposes;

H. R. 12, making appropriations to supply deficiencies in appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917, and prior years, and for other purposes;

H. R. 13, making appropriations for the support of the Army for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917, and for other purposes;

H. R. 14, making appropriations for the support of the Military Academy for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917, and for other purposes.

The SPEAKER. Is a second demanded?

Mr. MANN. I demand a second.

Mr. FITZGERALD. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that a second may be considered as ordered. Is there objection?

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER. The gentleman from New York [Mr. Fitzgerald] has 20 minutes and the gentleman from Illinois [Mr. Mann] 20 minutes.

Mr. FITZGERALD. Mr. Speaker, the purpose of this resolution is to enable the House within the next 10 days to pass, under suspension of the rules, the four appropriation bills mentioned—the sundry civil, general deficiency bill, the Military Academy bill, and the Army bill—which passed the House in the last session but failed to become laws.

These bills have been introduced in the form in which the last Congress passed them, and the purpose is to ask the House to pass them under suspension of the rules in the form in which they passed that House.

Mr. AUSTIN. May I ask the gentleman from New York a question?

Mr. FITZGERALD. I yield to the gentleman from Tennessee.

Mr. AUSTIN. Why does not the gentleman include the river and harbor bill?

Mr. FITZGERALD. It is not a general supply bill. It is a bill that is essential for the support of the Government. It can be brought in as a privileged bill and taken up and passed. The purpose of including these four appropriation bills, however, is to enable the House to pass them in the identical form in which they passed the last House. This follows the practice adopted four years ago, in the first session of the Sixty-third Congress, when the bills that failed at the end of the Sixty-second Congress were passed under practically a similar resolution, although only a majority vote was required to pass them.

Mr. AUSTIN. The river and harbor appropriations are absolutely necessary after the war?

Mr. FITZGERALD. It may be that conditions will be such that some changes may be proposed. The House may wish to consider those changes.

Mr. MADDEN. Will the gentleman yield for a question?

Mr. FITZGERALD. I yield to the gentleman from Illinois.

Mr. MADDEN. I wish to ask the gentleman from New York whether these bills are passed under suspension of the rules and are sent to the Senate and are amended by the Senate very materially, as I presume they will be, it is the intention to consider the additions made by the Senate in the Com-
Mr. FITZGERALD. Mr. Speaker, so far as the two bills which were reported from the Committee on Appropriations are concerned, I wish to say to the gentleman that if the Senate should act on them in any manner, I respect the House to have an opportunity to consider such amendments.

Mr. FITZGERALD. If there should be amendments of any importance, the desire will be to have the House consider them before action is taken. I reserve the balance of my time.

Mr. MANN. Mr. Speaker, I did not listen to the reading of the resolution or the motion offered by the gentleman from New York. I just glanced at it. It is not, as I understand, the same motion of which the gentleman submitted a draft to me some time ago. I do not wish to suspend the rules and pass the various appropriation bills. The proposition now before the House is identical to the same as that which the Republican party offered Saturday night.

Mr. MANN. Mr. Speaker, I do not wish to give the right to suspend the rules for 10 days to pass these four appropriation bills which belong to the last Congress. A motion to the right of the resolution which two-thirds consider that it shall prevail; so that by agreeing to this resolution this side of the House will not give to the other side of the House any partisan advantage of passing a bill by a majority vote.

Mr. MANN. Mr. Speaker, I do not wish to appear critical, but I think at least one or two observations ought to be made on this resolution. Primarily, it is a matter of the economic and commercial interests of the country will understand that that bill is of sufficient importance to deserve the consideration of this House at these times.

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other purposes,” approved August 24, 1912, relating to publications admitted to the second class of mail matter; to the Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads.

Also, a bill (H. R. 10) to provide Federal aid in caring for indigent tuberculous persons, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

By Mr. FITZGERALD: A bill (H. R. 11) making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1918, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also, a bill (H. R. 12) making appropriations to supply deficiencies in appropriations for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1917, and prior fiscal years, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DENT: A bill (H. R. 13) making appropriations for the support of the Army for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1918, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 14) making appropriations for the support of the Military Academy for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1918, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. RAKER: A bill (H. R. 15) authorizing and directing the Public Printer to provide a pulp and paper mill or mills for the manufacture of print paper for the Government, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Printing.

Also, a bill (H. R. 16) to provide for the retirement of employees in the classified civil service, and for other benefits and purposes; to the Committee on the Public Works.

Also, a bill (H. R. 17) to include certain lands in the counties of Modoc and Siskiyou, Cal., in the Modoc National Forest, Calif., and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 18) to encourage the reclamation of certain arid lands in the State of California, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Public Works.

By Mr. CALDWELL: A bill (H. R. 19) to provide for the military and naval training and service of citizens of the United States; to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 21) to increase the pensions of those who have lost limbs or have been totally disabled in the same in the military or naval service of the United States; to the Committee on Pensions.

By Mr. MONDELL: A bill (H. R. 22) to provide for the reorganization of the General Land Office; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 23) to amend the regulations relative to safety appliances under the so-called seamen’s act so as to include life-preserver suits among the safety appliances provided for; to the Committee on the Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

Also, a bill (H. R. 24) for the inclusion of certain lands in the Wyoming National Forest, Wyo.; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 25) for an equestrian statue of William Frederick Cody, “Buffalo Bill”; to the Committee on the Library.

Also, a bill (H. R. 26) authorizing the Northern Arapahoe Tribe of Indians to submit claims to the Court of Claims; to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 27) to provide for the erection of a public building in the city of Wheatland, in the State of Wyoming; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 28) to provide for the erection of a public building at Newcastle, in the State of Wyoming; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 29) for the inclusion of certain lands in the Green River, in the State of Wyoming; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 30) for granting certain lands to Converse County, Wyo., for a public park; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 31) for the construction of a system of trails and bridle paths in the Yellowstone National Park, Wyo.; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

By Mr. ROUSE: A bill (H. R. 32) to provide for the erection of a public building in the city of Falmouth, Ky.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 33) for the purpose of expending the unexpended balances and surplus postal revenues on rural post roads; to the Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads.

Also, a bill (H. R. 34) to provide for the benefit of the Kentucky draft men; to the Committee on War Claims.

Also, a bill (H. R. 35) to provide for the retirement of employees in the Postal Service, and for other benefits and purposes; to the Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads.

By Mr. CALDWELL: A bill (H. R. 36) providing for the purchase of a site and the erection of a public building thereon at Long Island, N. Y.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 37) providing for the purchase of a site and the erection of a public building thereon at Fort Recesson, Long Island, N. Y.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

By Mr. MONTAGUE: A bill (H. R. 38) to provide that the heads of the executive departments may occupy seats on the floor of the Senate and the House of Representatives; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Also, a bill (H. R. 39) relating to the maintenance of actions for death on the high seas and other navigable waters; to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

By Mr. LOBECK: A bill (H. R. 40) for the reduction of the rate of postage chargeable on first-class mail matter for local post offices; to the Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads.

Also, a bill (H. R. 41) to amend section 51, chapter 4, of Thirty-sixth Statutes at Large, relating to venue in civil suits; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Also, a bill (H. R. 42) to increase the efficiency of the United States Military and the United States Naval Academies, and to increase the number of graduates therefrom by the immediate establishment of a one-year united service school near Fort Crook or Bellevue, Nebr.; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 43) to provide for paving with a proper material the Fort Crook Military Boulevard from Fort Crook Military Reservation to the south city limits of Omaha, Nebr., and to perfect a continuous paved highway from Fort Crook Military Reservation to Fort Omaha Military Reservation; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. KELLY of Pennsylvania: A bill (H. R. 44) to protect the public against false pretenses in merchandising, under trade-mark or special brand, of articles of standard quality; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

By Mr. TOWNELL: A bill (H. R. 45) to provide for the use of public-school buildings in the District of Columbia as community forums, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

By Mr. SWITZER: A bill (H. R. 46) to provide an exclusive remedy and compensation for accidental injuries, resulting in disability or death, to employees of common carriers by railroad, and of express companies, engaged in interstate or foreign commerce, or in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. MONDELL: A bill (H. R. 47) for beginning of construction of an irrigation system for the irrigation of the ceded and unceded Indian lands of the Shoshone and Wind River Reservations, Wyo.; to the Committee on Irrigation of Arid Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 48) providing for State selections in lieu of certain lands granted for educational purposes; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 49) providing for an investigation of the power possibilities and opportunities for the manufacture of nitrogen products on the Shoshone River in the vicinity of the Shoshone Dam and the Shoshone Reclamation Project and on the Platte River in the vicinity of the Pathfinder Dam of the North Platte Reclamation Project in the State of Wyoming; to the Committee on Irrigation of Arid Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 50) authorizing the State of Wyoming to select lands in lieu of lands herebefore selected by said State under various grants by the United States; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 51) prohibiting the importation of foreign meats which have not been inspected and passed in conformity with the provisions of the meat-inspection acts; to the Committee on Agriculture.

Also, a bill (H. R. 52) to establish a mining-experiment station at Lander, in the State of Wyoming; to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

Also, a bill (H. R. 53) to provide for appeals from decisions of the Secretary of the Interior to the district courts of the United States, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 36) to provide for the purchase of a site and the erection of a public building thereon at Fort Crook or Bellevue, Nebr.; to the Committee on Military Affairs.
Also, a bill (H. R. 54) for the restoration, under certain conditions, of lands included in power-site withdrawals; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 55) providing for the sale of grazing lands; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 56) granting locations and rights of way for purposes of irrigation and other beneficial use of water through the public lands and reservations of the United States; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 57) giving a new right of homestead entry to former homesteaders; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 58) dedicating 25 per cent of the proceeds of the sale of public lands to the improvement of public roads; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 59) providing for an appropriation for the preservation of the public domain by the termination of prairie dogs; to the Committee on Agriculture.

Also, a bill (H. R. 60) to provide for the building of roads on the Devils Tower National Monument, Wyo., and for other purposes; to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. GRIFFIN: A bill (H. R. 61) granting indefinite leave of absence to supernumerary employees of the Postal Service; to the Committee on Post Office and Post Roads.

Also, a bill (H. R. 62) providing for the payment to Fremont County, Wyo., in lieu of taxes, of certain sums received on coal leases; to the Committee on Claims.

Also, a bill (H. R. 63) providing for the payment to the State of Colorado of royalties collected from the Owl Creek Coal Co.; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 64) for marking the site of old Fort Phil Kearny and the Wagon Box Fight; to the Committee on the Library.

By Mr. GRIFFIN: A bill (H. R. 65) authorizing a survey of Bay Ridge Channel, New York Harbor; to the Committee on Rivers and Harbors.

By Mr. TUCKER: A bill (H. R. 66) to establish in the Department of Labor a division to be known as a woman's division; to the Committee on Labor.

By Mr. STEELE: A bill (H. R. 67) to amend section 290 of an act entitled "An act to revise, revise, and amend the laws relating to the judiciary," approved March 3, 1911; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. GRIFFIN: A bill (H. R. 68) to make October 12 of each and every year a legal public holiday in the District of Columbia, to be known as Columbus Day; to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

By Mr. LODECK: A bill (H. R. 69) to authorize the payment of indemnities to the Governments of Austria-Hungary, Greece, and Turkey for injuries inflicted on their nationals during riots occurring in South Omaha, Neb., February 21, 1909; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. MONDELL: A bill (H. R. 70) to provide for appeals from decisions of the Secretary of the Interior to the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

By Mr. KEATING: A bill (H. R. 71) to provide for the erection of a public building at Canon City, Colo.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

By Mr. HAYDEN: A bill (H. R. 72) providing for the payment of pensions monthly; to the Committee on Invalid Pensions.

By Mr. GRIST: A bill (H. R. 73) authorizing the Secretary of War to donate to the Grand Army post of Columbia, Pa., two bronze or brass cannon or field pieces; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. HEWITT: A bill (H. R. 74) for the establishment of a fish-cultural station in the State of Pennsylvania; to the Committee on the Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

By Mr. STEENHORSTER: A bill (H. R. 75) to provide for the examination and development of agricultural experiment station in Lancaster County, Pa.; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. GALLIVAN: A bill (H. R. 76) to restrict the franking privilege; to the Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads.

Also, a bill (H. R. 77) to establish an agricultural experiment station in Lancaster County, Pa.; to the Committee on Agriculture.

Also, a bill (H. R. 78) to provide for the enlargement, extension, and remodeling of the Federal building at Boston, Mass.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 79) for the sale of isolated tracts of the public domain in Minnesota; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

By Mr. GALLIVAN: A bill (H. R. 80) to provide for the enlargement, extension, and remodeling of the Federal building at Boston, Mass.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 81) providing for a site and public building for Federal purposes at Boston, Mass.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 82) for erecting a suitable memorial to John Patrick Holland; to the Library.

Also, a bill (H. R. 83) to purchase an oil painting entitled "Our Glory—the Battleship Oregon"; to the Committee on the Library.

Also, a bill (H. R. 84) to provide care and treatment for citizens of the United States afflicted with tuberculosis; to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. HULBERT: A bill (H. R. 85) to repeal the literacy test; to the Committee on Immigration and Naturalization.

Also, a bill (H. R. 86) to reimburse the city of New York for expenses incurred in the maintenance and support of a marine hospital and for other purposes; to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 87) granting two weeks' sick leave to letter carriers in the City Free Delivery Service and post-office clerks in first and second class post offices; to the Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads.

Also, a bill (H. R. 88) for the appointment of a commission to supervise the food supplied to the military forces of the United States; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 89) to prevent and punish the desecration of the United States flag; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Also, a bill (H. R. 90) to create two additional judges in the district court of the Wyoming for the southern district of New York; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Also, a bill (H. R. 91) to make the "Star-Spangled Banner" the national anthem of the United States of America; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. KAHN: A bill (H. R. 92) for providing a system of national defense based upon universal liability to military training and service, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. HULBERT: A bill (H. R. 93) to extend the pneumatic mail-tube service and improve the efficiency of the postal system in New York City; to the Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads.

Also, a bill (H. R. 94) to reduce the unnecessary amount of overtime required of letter carriers in the City Delivery Service and post-office clerks in first and second class post offices; to the Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads.

Also, a bill (H. R. 95) granting indefinite leave of absence to supernumerary employees of the Treasury Department; to the Committee on Reform in the Civil Service.

Also, a bill (H. R. 96) to improve the efficiency of the postal system in New York City; to the Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads.

Also, a bill (H. R. 97) for the purchase of certain lands in the District of Columbia for a public park; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 98) for the improvement of East Potomac Park as a public recreation ground; to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also, a bill (H. R. 99) to provide for the construction of an intracoastal waterway; to the Committee on Railways and Canals.

Also, a bill (H. R. 100) prohibiting construction of bridges and construction of additional tracks upon existing bridges over any navigable stream in the city of New York unless the elevation of said bridge or mean high water shall be sufficient to permit the free movement of vessels as are ordinarily operated upon such navigable stream; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Also, a bill (H. R. 101) to appropriate $310,000 for the improvement of Newton Creek, N. Y., including Dutch Kills, Mas­ peth Creek, and English Kills; to the Committee on the Rivers and Harbors.

Also, a bill (H. R. 102) authorizing a survey of Harlem River, New York City; to the Committee on Rivers and Harbors.

Also, a bill (H. R. 103) to appropriate $250,000 for the further improvement of Harlem River, N. Y., with a view to continuing improvement thereof; to the Committee on Rivers and Harbors.

Also, a bill (H. R. 104) for the improvement of the Harlem River, N. Y., with a view of straightening the channel at the curve near the Johnson Iron Works authorized by the river and harbor act of March 3, 1909; to the Committee on Rivers and Harbors.

Also, a bill (H. R. 105) to appropriate $500,000 for the improvement of New York Harbor, N. Y., with a view to securing additional width in Bay Ridge and Red Hook Channels; to the Committee on Rivers and Harbors.
Also, a bill (H. R. 106) to appropriate $250,000 for the improvement of New York Harbor, New York Upper Bay, with a view to improving channel opposite anchorage grounds; to the Committee on Rivers and Harbors.

Also, a bill (H. R. 107) to appropriate $50,000 for the improvement of New York Harbor N. Y., with a view to the removal of Craven Shoal; to the Committee on Rivers and Harbors.

Also, a bill (H. R. 108) to appropriate $700,000 for the improvement of New York Harbor, N. Y., with a view to securing a suitable depth of channel to the navy yard; to the Committee on Rivers and Harbors.

Also, a bill (H. R. 109) to appropriate $200,000 for the improvement of the North or Hudson River, N. Y., with a view to securing an increase of depth to 40 feet and suitable width in the Hudson River channel from deep water in the Upper Bay as far north as Spuyten Duyvil; to the Committee on Rivers and Harbors.

Also, a bill (H. R. 110) for the improvement of the harbor of New York City; to the Committee on Rivers and Harbors.

By Mr. EMERSON: A bill (H. R. 111) to provide universal military training for students; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. HEATON: A bill (H. R. 112) for the remodeling of the United States Federal building at Pottsville, Pa.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 113) to amend the public-building act approved March 3, 1875, authorizing the acquisition of a suitable site for a public building at Tamaqua, Pa.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

By Mr. NEELY: A bill (H. R. 114) for the purchase of a site for a public building at Chester, Hancock County, W. Va.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 115) granting pensions to certain enlisted men, soldiers, and officers who served in the Civil War; to the Committee on Invalid Pensions.

Also, a bill (H. R. 116) granting pensions to Army veterans of the Civil War; to the Committee on Invalid Pensions.

Also, a bill (H. R. 117) to extend aid to the several States in the building of public highways by authorizing the working of certain Federal convict labor or in the preparation of road materials; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Also, a bill (H. R. 118) to provide for the erection of a public building at Mannington, W. Va.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 119) to provide for the erection of a public building at New Martinsville, W. Va.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 120) giving the consent of the United States for the bringing of certain suits in the Supreme Court of the Confederate States, and for other purposes; to the Committee of the Judiciary.

Also, a bill (H. R. 121) providing for the appointment and reappointment of officers on the active list of the United States Military Reserve Corps who were formerly officers; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. FITZGERALD: A bill (H. R. 122) making appropriations for lending money, extending aid to the first session of the Sixty-fifth Congress, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. KEOATING: A bill (H. R. 123) to prohibit interstate and foreign commerce in certain products of female labor, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Labor.

Also, a bill (H. R. 124) to provide for a commission on relations between the United States and the Orient; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 125) authorizing the construction and equipment of munitions factories, the selection of sites, and making an appropriation therefor; to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also, a bill (H. R. 126) to grant the right of appeal to employees in the Federal classified civil service; to the Committee on Reform in the Civil Service.

Also, a bill (H. R. 127) to establish a fish-cultural station near Rye, Colo.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 128) to provide for the closing of barber shops in the District of Columbia on Sunday; to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

Also, a bill (H. R. 129) to provide for the establishment, operation, and management of a bureau, to be known as the fruit and vegetable laboratory, in the Department of Agriculture; to the Committee on Agriculture.

Also, a bill (H. R. 130) prescribing certain duties for carriers subject to the act to regulate commerce, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Also, a bill (H. R. 131) granting relief to persons who served in the Military Telegraph Corps of the Army during the Civil War; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. DRUKER: A bill (H. R. 132) to erect a post-office building in the city of Piscataway, N. J.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

By Mr. DYER: A bill (H. R. 133) to provide a commission to determine and fix the valuation of property confiscated, destroyed, and made useless by reason of prohibition and to report the result to Congress; to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also, a bill (H. R. 134) to establish a fish-cultural station on the north end of the Hudson River, N. Y., with a view to determining and fixing the valuation of property confiscated, destroyed, and made useless by reason of prohibition and to report the result to Congress; to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. DALE: A bill (H. R. 135) to regulate the payment of salaries of clerks in the sea-post service; to the Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads.

Also, a bill (H. R. 136) to pension widows and minor and helpless children of officers and enlisted men who served during the war with Spain or the Philippine Insurrection or in China between April 21, 1898, and July 4, 1902; to the Committee on Pensions.

Also, a bill (H. R. 137) granting pensions to certain soldiers, sailors, and officers who served in the Civil War and the war with Mexico; to the Committee on Invalid Pensions.

Also, a bill (H. R. 138) to provide for the establishment, maintenance, and support of agricultural, mechanic, and mechanical colleges, according to the provisions of the acts of July 2, 1862, and July 23, 1862, and authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury, upon the recommendation of the Agriculture Department, to certify the number of acres available, and that there are not sufficient lands in the State of New York to comply with the provisions of this act, to pay to the State of Oklahoma the sum of $1,325 per acre for the number of acres due said State; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

By Mr. MCCLINTIC: A bill (H. R. 139) to grant $250,000 for the improvement of Harbors.

Also, a bill (H. R. 140) appropriating $10,000 to aid in the erection of a monument in memory of the late President James A. Garfield at Long Branch, N. J.; to the Library.

Also, a bill (H. R. 141) making provision for the construction of a canal across the State of New Jersey to connect the Delaware River with New York Harbor; to the Committees on Railways and Canals.

By Mr. MCCLINTIC: A bill (H. R. 142) to authorize the Secretary of War to donate condemned cannon and balls; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 143) providing for the purchase of a site and the erection of a public building thereon at Elko City, Okla.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 144) providing for the purchase of a site and the erection of a public building thereon at Clinton, Okla.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 145) to provide for the purchase of a site and the erection of a public building thereon at Mangum, Okla.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 146) to provide for the erection of a public building in the city of Fredericksburg Okla.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 147) to provide for the erection of a public building in the city of Hobart, Okla.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 148) to amend an act approved February 4, 1887, known as the interstate-commerce act; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

Also, a bill (H. R. 149) to provide revenue for the Government by increasing the duty on granite, freestone, etc., imported into the United States; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. RANDALL: A bill (H. R. 150) to exclude intoxicating liquors from public lands;

Also, a bill (H. R. 151) diverting intoxicating liquors of their interstate character; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. NOLAN: A bill (H. R. 152) to fix the compensation of certain employees of the United States; to the Committee on Labor.
Also, a bill (H. R. 153) to provide for the establishment of a national employment bureau in the Department of Labor; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

By Mr. HOWARD: A bill (H. R. 154) to establish postal savings banks, to enable the Government to borrow money directly from the people, and to market its bonds directly to the people in small and varying denominations through the medium of the postal fund; to the Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads.

By Mr. BLACKMOR: A bill (H. R. 155) to establish a fish-cultural station in the State of Alabama; to the Committee on the Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

By Mr. MILLER of Minnesota: A bill (H. R. 156) authorizing the Secretary of War to grant leases or licenses for the use of surplus war vessels, United States Government vessels at Lake Winnibigoshish and at Lake Pokegama, in the State of Minnesota; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 157) to regulate interstate and foreign commerce in cold-storage food products; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

Also, a bill (H. R. 158) providing for the payment of assessments on Indian allotments benefited by the construction of State rural highways in the State of Minnesota; to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 159) to create a bureau for the deaf and dumb in the Department of Labor, and prescribing the duties thereof; to the Committee on Education.

Also, a bill (H. R. 160) providing for taxation of and fixing the rate of taxation on inheritances, devises, bequests, legacies, and gifts in the District of Columbia, and providing for the manner of collecting the same as the manner of enforcing payment thereof; to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

Also, a bill (H. R. 161) to provide for the purchase of a site and erection thereon of a public building at Two Harbors, Minn., as the site of a cultural station in the State of Minnesota; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Also, a bill (H. R. 162) to amend paragraph A of section 4 of the act approved June 25, 1910; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Also, a bill (H. R. 163) to create a United States Naval Reserve; to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 164) authorizing the selection, under certain circumstances, of commissioned officers of the Philippine Scouts and the Philippine Constabulary to fill vacancies in the grade of second lieutenant in the United States Army; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 165) for the relief of the Pillager Bands of Chippewa Indians of Minnesota, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

By Mr. TIMBERLAKE: A bill (H. R. 166) to limit the area of land which may be acquired by any person under all the agricultural public law; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

By Mr. GRIFFIN: A bill (H. R. 167) providing that all persons employed by the United States Government or by the District of Columbia be citizens of the United States; to the Committee on Reform in the Civil Service.

By Mr. SIEGEL: A bill (H. R. 168) to declare Lincoln's birthday a legal holiday; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. TIMBERLAKE: A bill (H. R. 169) authorizing the Secretary of War, in his discretion, to deliver to the board of county commissioners, Logan County, Colo., four condemned bronze or brass cannon or field pieces, with their carriages and a suitable outfit of cannon balls; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 170) authorizing the Secretary of War, in his discretion, to deliver to the city of Longmont, Colo., two condemned bronze or brass cannon or field pieces, with their carriages and a suitable outfit of cannon balls; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 171) to repeal the last proviso of section 4 of an act entitled "An act to establish the Rocky Mountain National Park, in the State of Colorado, and for other purposes," approved January 26, 1915; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 172) to provide for the purchase of additional lands, and for the erection thereon of an addition to the post-office building at Boulder, Colo.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 173) to provide revenue for the Government and the prosecution of tungsten ore manufacture thereof in the United States; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Also, a bill (H. R. 174) to amend an act entitled "An act to increase the pensions of deceased soldiers and sailors of the late Civil War," approved September 8, 1894, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Invalid Pensions.

Also, a bill (H. R. 175) to amend an act entitled "An act making appropriations to supply deficiencies in appropriations for the fiscal year 1915 and for prior years for the national defense; and for other purposes," approved June 3, 1916; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 176) to provide for an authorization of money to be used in the construction of a public building at Salem, Oreg.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

By Mr. BORLAND: A bill (H. R. 177) to authorize the acquisition of a site and the erection of a Federal building thereon at Columbia, Mo.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 178) to amend an act entitled "An act for making further and more effectual provisions for the national defense, and for other purposes," approved June 8, 1916, to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. SIEGEL: A bill (H. R. 179) making the 12th day of October in each year a legal holiday; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. JOHNSON of Washington: A bill (H. R. 180) to continue the use of the Fahrenheit thermometer scale in government publications; to the Committee on Coinage, Weights, and Measures.

Also, a bill (H. R. 181) to establish a fish-cultural station in the State of Washington; to the Committee on the Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

By Mr. WALSH: A bill (H. R. 182) to pause espionage; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. SIEGEL: A bill (H. R. 183) for the establishment of a postal system in the District of Columbia; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Also, a bill (H. R. 184) making a crime the disclosure of grand jury proceedings by a grand jury; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Also, a bill (H. R. 185) making a crime the disclosure of the finding of an indictment previous to the accused person being taken into custody; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Also, a bill (H. R. 186) to authorize the Secretary of the Treasury to audit and adjust certain claims of the city of New York; to the Committee on Claims.

Also, a bill (H. R. 187) making a crime the disclosure of grand-jury minutes by a stenographer or any other person; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Also, a bill (H. R. 188) to amend an act to parole United States prisoners, and for other purposes, approved June 25, 1910, as amended in section 1 by the act of Congress approved January 23, 1913; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. KIESS of Pennsylvania: A bill (H. R. 189) to extend and reduce the post-office system in the State of Pennsylvania; to the Committee on Post Office and Post Roads.

By Mr. TIMBERLAKE: A bill (H. R. 190) permitting minors of the age of 18 years or over to make homestead entry of the public lands of the United States; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

By Mr. JOHNSON of Washington: A bill (H. R. 191) providing for the abandonment of the Washon Island Military Reservation, in the State of Washington, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 192) authorizing the Secretary of War to sell the timber on the Three Tree Point Military Reservation, in Wahkiakum County, in the State of Washington; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 193) authorizing the construction of a wagon bridge across the Molips River in Grays Harbor County, State of Washington, and appropriating $8,000 therefor; to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

By Mr. CARTELL of Utah: A bill (H. R. 194) to authorize certain changes in homestead allotments of the Choctaw and Chickasaw Nations, Okla.; to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 195) providing for the sale of the coal and asphalt deposits in the segregated mineral land in the Choctaw and Chickasaw Nations, Okla.; to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 196) to provide for the erection of a public building at Salem, N. J.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 197) amending section 1 of the act of May 11, 1862, relating to pension of Civil War soldiers and sailors; to the Committee on Invalid Pensions.
Also, a bill (H. R. 198) appropriating $39,770 for the improvement of Racoon Creek, N. J.; to the Committee on Rivers and Harbors.

Also, a bill (H. R. 199) providing for the improvement of the Delaware River at Camden, N. J.; to the Committee on Rivers and Harbors.

By Mr. FISHER: A bill (H. R. 200) to regulate promotions in the Army of the United States; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 201) authorizing the Secretary of War to deliver to the town of Bolivar, Tenn., two condemned bronze or brass cannon or fieldpieces and suitable outfit of cannon balls; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. SULLIVAN: A bill (H. R. 202) making the 12th day of October in each year a legal holiday; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. CURRY of California: A bill (H. R. 203) providing for the construction and equipment of an ammunition manufacturing plant at Benicia Arsenal, State of California; to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also, a bill (H. R. 204) to provide for the fitting up of quarters in the post-office building at the city of Sacramento, Cal., for the accommodation of the district court of the northern district of California and its officers, and making an appropriation therefor; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 205) providing for the construction and equipment of a storehouse at Benicia Arsenal, State of California; to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. WINGO: A bill (H. R. 206) authorizing the Secretary of War to donate to the city of Tecumseh, Ark., two cannon or fieldpieces, to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 207) for the reduction of the rate of postage chargeable on first-class mail matter for local delivery; to the Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads.

By Mr. BOSTON: A bill (H. R. 208) to provide Federal aid in caring for indigent tuberculous persons, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

By Mr. WINGO: A bill (H. R. 209) to provide for the erection of a monument at Van Arken, Ark.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 210) to fix Christmas Day a legal holiday for rural letter carriers of the United States; to the Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads.

By Mr. CRAVO: A bill (H. R. 211) to improve and maintain certain public roads and parts thereof included within the limits of the National park at Gettysburg, as defined by the act of Congress entitled "An act to establish a national military park at Gettysburg, Pa." approved February 11, 1866, and making an appropriation therefor; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. EPPIPHENS of Nebraska: A bill (H. R. 212) to protect the public against dishonest advertising and false pretenses in merchandising; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

By Mr. CLASS: A bill (H. R. 213) to amend the act approved December 23, 1913, known as the Federal reserve act, as amended by the acts of August 4, 1914, August 15, 1914, March 3, 1915, and September 7, 1916; to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

By Mr. CRAVO: A bill (H. R. 214) to authorize and direct the Secretary of War to acquire, by purchase, certain lands embraced within the battle field of Gettysburg, and making appropriation therefor; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. ROBERTS: A bill (H. R. 215) to encourage the reclamation of certain arid lands in the State of Nevada, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 216) legalizing certain conveyances heretofore made by the Central Pacific Railroad Co. and others within the State of Nevada; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 217) to authorize the acquisition of a site and the erection of a Federal building at Elko, Nev.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

By Mr. LANGLEY: A bill (H. R. 218) to provide for increasing the rates of pension of totally disabled, needy, and helpless soldiers, sailors, and marines of the Civil and Mexican Wars; to the Committee on Invalid Pensions.

Also, a bill (H. R. 219) to pension the survivors of the War with Spain and the Philippine insurrection; to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also, a bill (H. R. 220) to amend an act entitled "An act to amend an act entitled "An act to provide for the erection and the location of a monument at the battle field of Gettysburg," approved June 23, 1910, as amended by an act approved January 23, 1913; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Also, a bill (H. R. 221) to provide for the erection of a monument to the memory of the brave and loyal soldiers of the late Civil War, the War with Mexico, the various Indian wars, etc., and to grant a pension to certain widows of the deceased soldiers and sailors of the late Civil War," approved April 10, 1908, and for other purposes," approved September 8, 1910; to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Mr. BRITTEN: A bill (H. R. 222) for the conservation of alcohol in the manufacture of denatured fermented beverages; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. SULLIVAN: A bill (H. R. 223) for the purchase of a site and the erection thereon of a public building at Kansas City, Mo.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 224) to provide for the construction of certain sidewalks for pedestrians in the District of Columbia, and for their rental and sale, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

By Mr. JOHNSON of Washington: A bill (H. R. 225) authorizing the Cowitz Tribe of Indians residing in the State of Washington to submit claims to the Court of Claims; to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 226) to provide for the revenue of the Government and to protect and maintain the cedar shingle industry of the United States; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. RAKER: A bill (H. R. 227) to equip the United States penitentiaries at Atlanta, Ga.; Leavenworth, Kans.; and McNeil Island, Wash., for the manufacture of supplies for the use of the Government, and for the compensation of the prisoners for their labor, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Also, a bill (H. R. 228) for the establishment of a probation system in the United States courts except in the District of Columbia; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Also, a bill (H. R. 229) to amend an act entitled "An act to parole United States prisoners, and for other purposes," approved June 23, 1910, as amended by an act approved January 23, 1913; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Also, a bill (H. R. 230) making an appropriation for the investigation of underground currents and artistic wells in California; to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also, a bill (H. R. 231) to amend section 200 of the Judicial Code; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Also, a bill (H. R. 232) authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to make final and detailed survey of the lower Pit River and adjacent irrigable territory in Siskiyou County, Cal., to determine the feasibility and completed estimates of cost of the irrigation project thereon, known as the "Lower Pit River Project," and to make report for such surveys and estimates; to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also, a bill (H. R. 233) making appropriation to carry out the provisions of an act entitled "An act to create the California Delta Commission and Philippine harbor in the State of California," approved March 1, 1893; to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also, a bill (H. R. 234) making an appropriation to enforce the provisions of an act to regulate the sale of wines, spirits, intoxicating and analogous products and to regulate interstate traffic in said articles, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also, a bill (H. R. 235) making an appropriation directing and empowering the purchase, preparation, and disposition free of cost of anthracite coal to be used in the treatment of persons exposed to rabies, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also, a bill (H. R. 236) for the protection and improvement of the Lassen Volcanic National Park, Cal., and for other purposes; to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also, a bill (H. R. 237) making an appropriation for a series of thorough and elaborate investigations and experiments for the purpose of devising and perfecting a system of frost prevention in the citrus and deciduous fruit regions, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also, a bill (H. R. 238) to make accessible to all the people the valuable scientific and other research work conducted by the United States through establishment of a national school of agriculture; to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also, a bill (H. R. 239) to provide for a commission to codify and suggest amendments to the general mining laws; to the Committee on Mines and Mining.
Also, a bill (H. R. 249) to establish a standard box for apples, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Coinage, Weights, and Measures.

Also, a bill (H. R. 241) to amend an act entitled "An act to establish postal-savings depositories for depositing savings at interest, with the necessary of the reclamation thereof, and for other purposes," approved June 25, 1910; to the Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads.

Also, a bill (H. R. 242) to protect the rights of women citizens of the United States to register and vote for Senators of the United States and for Members of the House of Representatives; to the Committee on Election of President, Vice President, and Representatives in Congress.

Also, a bill (H. R. 243) to prohibit the coming of Asiatic laborers into the United States, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Immigration and Naturalization.

Also, a bill (H. R. 244) to create a bureau for the deaf and dumb in the Department of Labor, and prescribing the duties thereof; to the Committee on Education.

Also, a bill (H. R. 245) providing for the labeling, marking, and tagging of all fabrics and leather goods hereafter designated and providing for the fumigation of the same; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

Also, a bill (H. R. 246) making an appropriation to purchase land for homeless Indians in California, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 247) to make April 13 of each and every year a public holiday in the District of Columbia, to be known as Jefferson Day; to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

Also, a bill (H. R. 248) for Improvement of Sacramento River between Chico Landing and Red Bluff, Cal.; to the Committee on Rivers and Harbors.

Also, a bill (H. R. 249) to authorize the Secretary having jurisdiction of the same to set aside certain public lands to be used as national sanitary reservations by fraternal or benevolent organizations, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 250) to authorize entry of the public lands by school districts for schoolhouse site and ground; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 251) to provide for summer residence homesteads, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 252) authorizing and directing the Secretary of the Interior to investigate and settle certain accounts under the reclamation acts, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Irrigation of Arid Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 253) to authorize the construction of the Southern Lassen Reservoir in Nevada and California for impounding the waters of the Little Truckee River and Long Valley Creek and their tributaries, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Irrigation of Arid Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 254) to provide for the inspection of any parcel sent by mail which contains fruit, plants, trees, shrubs, nursery stock, grafts, scions, peach, plum, almond, or the pits of other fruits, cottonseed, or vegetables, at point of delivery in any public post office in the United States that requires such inspection and where the requisite inspectors are provided by the States to perform such service; to the Committee on Agriculture.

Also, a bill (H. R. 255) to establish, equip, and maintain an agricultural experiment station near the town of Dorris, Siskiyou County, Cal., and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture.

Also, a bill (H. R. 256) making an appropriation for the destruction of animals affected with rabies or other diseases dangerous to the health of human beings as well as domestic animals, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture.

Also, a bill (H. R. 257) making an appropriation for use in destroying coyotes, squirrels, and other animals injurious to agriculture and animal industry, for use in the destruction of gound squirrels in the national forests and the public domain in California, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture.

Also, a bill (H. R. 258) making an appropriation for the investigation, study, and testing of sagebrush and greasewood which may be used for producing rubber, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Agriculture.

Also, a bill (H. R. 259) to create in the War Department and the Navy Department, respectively, a "Civil War volunteer officers' retired list," to authorize placing thereon with retired pay certain surviving officers who served in the Army, Navy, or Marine Corps of the United States in the Civil War; and for other purposes; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 260) to acquire, construct, and maintain a military and national-defense highway and post road extending from San Francisco through Los Angeles, Los Angeles, and alturas, thence along the east base of the Sierra Nevada Mountains, through Lone Pine, Independence, Big Pine, Bishop, along the west side of Lake Mono, through Bridgeport, Markleville, Tulca, Shado, Tufalo, Trinity, Nevada, Reno, and Alturas; thence along the east side of Goose Lake, past the towns of Fairport and New Pine Creek, all in California, to Lakeview, Oregon; and from Alturas, Cal., down Pit River on water grades to the California Highway at Redding, Cal.; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 261) transferring the control and jurisdiction of Alcatraz Island and buildings, machinery, and improvements thereon from the Department of War to the Department of Labor; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. MARTIN of Louisiana: A bill (H. R. 262) to amend an act entitled "An act to reduce tariff duties and to provide revenue for the Government, and for other purposes," approved October 3, 1913; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Also, a bill (H. R. 263) to amend an act entitled "An act to reduce tariff duties and to provide revenue for the Government, and for other purposes," approved October 3, 1913; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. GOODWIN of Arkansas: A bill (H. R. 264) restoring the jurisdiction of the United States as officers or enlisted men of the United States to register and vote for Senators of the United States in the District of Columbia; to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

By Mr. MONTUILL: A bill (H. R. 265) to establish the National Chamber of Agriculture for the purpose of promoting the equitable distribution of farm products; to the Committee on Agriculture.

Also, a bill (H. R. 266) making an appropriation for the purchase of a site for the Navy Department, Washington, D.C.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 267) making an appropriation for the construction of a bridge across the Salt River on the Salt River Indian Reservation, Ariz.; to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 268) authorizing mining for metallic ores on Indian reservations; to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 269) to authorize the advancement of funds to survey, construct, and maintain roads, trails, and bridges within Indian reservations; to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 270) to authorize a report upon the necessity for the construction of a bridge across the Salt River on the Salt River Indian Reservation, Ariz.; to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 271) to authorize a report upon the necessity for the construction of a diversion dam with a bridge superstructure across the Gila River on the Gila Bend Indian Reservation, Ariz.; to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

Also, a bill (H. R. 272) making an appropriation for the sale of surplus power to be applied to the payment of construction or operation and maintenance charges on reclamation projects; to the Committee on Irrigation of Arid Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 273) to extend the time for cutting timber on the Coconino and Tusayan National Forests, Ariz.; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 274) to relieve the owners of mining claims who have been mustered into the service of the United States as officers or enlisted men of the Organized Militia or National Guard from performing assessment work during the term of such service; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 275) making an appropriation for the construction of roads within the Petrified Forest National Monument, Ariz.; to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also, a bill (H. R. 276) for the purchase of a site for a public building at Bisbee, Ariz.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 277) for the purchase of a site for a public building at Flagstaff, Ariz.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 278) for the purchase of a site for a public building at Kingman, Ariz.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.
Also, a bill (H. R. 280) to provide for the erection of a public building at Grand Canyon, Ariz.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 281) to increase the cost of the public building at Globe, Ariz.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 282) amending the public-building act approved March 4, 1913, providing for the purchase of a site for a public building at Nogales, Ariz.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 283) to establish a fish-breeding and fish-cultural station in the State of Arizona; to the Committee on the Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

Also, a bill (H. R. 284) to prohibit the issuance of licenses, permits, stamps, or receipts for special taxes authorizing, licensing, or permitting the sale ofspirituous, vinous, or malt liquors in certain cases; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Also, a bill (H. R. 285) to provide Federal aid in caring for indigent tuberculous persons, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

Also, a bill (H. R. 286) providing for an additional judge for the district of Arizona; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Also, a bill (H. R. 287) to prohibit the shipment of intoxicating liquors in interstate commerce; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. BUTLER: A bill (H. R. 288) making appropriation for expenses incurred under the treaty of Washington; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. FERRIS: A bill (H. R. 289) to provide for the acquisition, ownership, and operation by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia of all the street railroads located in the District of Columbia; to the Committee on the District of Columbia.

By Mr. MILLER of Minnesota: A bill (H. R. 290) for the survey and construction of a public highway through the Superior National Forest, Minn.; to the Committee on Agriculture.

By Mr. WALTERS: A bill (H. R. 291) to punish acts of interference with the foreign relations, the neutrality, and the foreign commerce of the United States, to punish espionage and better to enforce the criminal laws of the United States, and for other purposes; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. FOSTER: A bill (H. R. 292) to provide for the uniform selection and purchase of fuel to be used in the United States; to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

Also, a bill (H. R. 293) authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to collect and publish statistics on the production, manufacture, and marketing of crude petroleum; to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

By Mr. IGOE: A bill (H. R. 294) to provide for the appointment of an additional judge of the district court of the United States for the eastern district of Missouri; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. RAKER: A bill (H. R. 295) to amend the act entitled "An act to amend sections 2275 and 2276 of the Revised Statutes of the United States providing for the selection of lands for charitable purposes in lieu of those appropriated and to authorize an exchange of lands between the United States and the several States; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

By Mr. NORTON: A bill (H. R. 296) authorizing the Secretary of the Interior to make investigations of lignite coals to determine the practicability of their utilization in producing benzol and other commercial products; to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also, a bill (H. R. 297) giving the right to make homestead entries to persons who have made and perfected homestead entries; to the Committee on Public Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 298) granting 200,000 acres of land to the State of North Dakota for the use of the State normal school located at Dickinson, N. Dak., and for the use of the State normal school located at Minot, N. Dak.; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 299) providing for the purchase of a site and the erection of a public building thereon in the city of Crosby, State of North Dakota; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

By Mr. McKEOWN: A bill (H. R. 300) providing for the erection of a public building in the city of Ada, Okla.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 301) providing for the purchase of a public building in the city of Coalgate, Okla.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

By Mr. RANDALL: A bill (H. R. 302) to provide for the purchase of a site and the erection of a public building thereon at Duncan, Okla.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

Also, a bill (H. R. 303) to provide for the purchase of a site and the erection of a public building thereon at Waurika, Okla.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

By Mr. COOPER of Ohio: A bill (H. R. 304) to amend an act to incorporate the National McKinley Birthplace Memorial Association, approved March 4, 1911; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. FERRIS: A bill (H. R. 305) to provide for the purchase of a site and the erection of a building at Anadarko, State of Oklahoma; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

By Mr. DILL: A bill (H. R. 306) authorizing second homestead entries in certain cases; to the Committee on the Public Lands.

Also, a bill (H. R. 307) authorizing the Secretary of War to grant to John D. Sherwood, of Spokane, Wash., the right to overflow certain lands on the Fort George Wright Military Reservation, at Spokane, Wash., and to accept the conveyance to the United States of other lands to be designated by the Secretary of War and suitable for a rifle range in exchange for the land so overflowed; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. McKEOWN: A bill (H. R. 308) to provide for the erection of a public building in the city of Sapulpa, Okla.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

By Mr. STEVENS: A resolution (H. Res. 2) to amend Rule X of the House of Representatives; to the Committee on Rules.

By Mr. BOECK: Resolution (H. Res. 4) authorizing the printing as a House document the decision of Supreme Court on the Admi on eight-hour law; to the Committee on Printing.

By Mr. HULBERT: Resolution (H. Res. 5) directing the Secretary of the Treasury to report to Congress as to the advisability of establishing transshipment ports, etc.; to the Committee on Appropriations.

Also, resolution (H. Res. 6) directing the Secretary of the Treasury to report to Congress as to the advisability of establishing free ports, etc.; to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. FLOOD: Resolution (H. Res. 7) providing for the notification of the Senate that a quorum of the House of Representatives is assembled, has elected certain officers, and is ready for business; to the Committee on Rules.

By Mr. GALLIVAN: Resolution (H. Res. 8) expressing the sense of the American Congress that there can be no permanent peace except upon the principle that Governments derive their powers from the consent of the governed; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. GALLAGHER: Resolution (H. Res. 9) expressing the hope that the Austro-Hungarian Government will delay the execution of 16 Serbs; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. DALE of New York: Resolution (H. Res. 10) for the establishment of a bureau of information in the main corridor of the Capitol west wing for the use of Representative Accounts.

By Mr. BORLAND: Resolution (H. Res. 11) directing that there shall be printed as a House document 1,000 copies of the soil survey of Jackson County, Mo.; to the Committee on Printing.

By Mr. RAKER: Resolution (H. Res. 12) amending the rules of the House of Representatives; to the Committee on Rules.

By Mr. HAYDEN: Resolution (H. Res. 13) to create a committee on woman suffrage; to the Committee on Rules.

Also, a resolution (H. Res. 14) authorizing the codification of the laws relating to Indian Affairs; to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

By Mr. RAKER: Joint resolution (H. J. Res. 1) proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States extending the right of suffrage to women; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. RANDALL: Joint resolution (H. J. Res. 2) proposing an amendment to the Constitution for national prohibition; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Miss RANKIN: Joint resolution (H. J. Res. 3) proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States extending the right of suffrage to women; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. MONDELL: Joint resolution (H. J. Res. 4) proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States extending the right of suffrage to women; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Also, Joint resolution (H. J. Res. 5) authorizing and validat­
ging the exchange of the United States and the several States; to the Committee on the Public Lands.
By Mr. HULBERT: Joint resolution (H. J. Res. 8) authorizing
the erection on public grounds in the city of Washington,
D. C., of a memorial to Jeanné D'Arc; to the Committee on
the Library.
Also, a joint resolution (H. J. Res. 7) proposing an amendment
to section 7, Article I, of the Constitution of the United States,
relative to the Executive veto of separate items in bills passed
by Congress; to the Committee on the Judiciary.
By Mr. BROWN: Joint resolution (H. J. Res. 8) authorizing
the President to appoint a commission to inquire into the
causes of child poverty and suggest remedies therefor; to
the Committee on Military Affairs.
By Mr. QUINONES: Joint resolution (H. J. Res. 9) declaring
war between the German Empire and the United States
of America; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.
Also, a joint resolution (H. J. Res. 11) extending the right of
suffrage to women; to the Committee on the Judiciary.
By Mr. SCULLY: Joint resolution (H. J. Res. 12) authorizing
the purchase of Shadow Lawn, with all its furnishings complete,
for the purpose of presenting the same to the United States
Government; to the Committee on Public Buildings and
Grounds.
By Mr. McClintic: Joint resolution (H. J. Res. 13) proposing
an amendment to the Constitution providing that the
President and Vice President of the United States shall be
nominated by direct vote of the people of the seven States;
to the Committee on the Judiciary.
By Mr. BORLAND: Joint resolution (H. J. Res. 14) proposing
an amendment to the Constitution of the United States;
to the Committee on Election of President, Vice President,
and Representatives in Congress.
By Mr. SIEGEL: Joint resolution (H. J. Res. 15) authorizing
the printing of copies of the American and British Flags of Maritime Nations;
to the Committee on Printing.
Also, a joint resolution (H. J. Res. 16) asking the President
to designate June 14, 1917, being the one hundred and forth
birthday of the birth of our flag, as a day for the holding of
patriotic meetings throughout the country; to the Committee on the Judiciary.
By Mr. RAKER: Joint resolution (H. J. Res. 17) proposing
an amendment to the Constitution of the United States;
to the Committee on the Judiciary.
Also, a joint resolution (H. J. Res. 18) proposing an amendment
to Article XI of the Constitution of the United States;
to the Committee on the Judiciary.
By Mr. HAYDEN: Joint resolution (H. J. Res. 19) proposing
an amendment to the Constitution of the United States extending
the right of suffrage to women; to the Committee on the Judiciary.
Also, a joint resolution (H. J. Res. 20) proposing an amendment
to the Constitution of the United States prohibiting traffic in intoxicating liquors; to the Committee on the Judiciary.
Also, a joint resolution (H. J. Res. 21) directing the Secretary
of War to investigate the claims of American citizens for
damages suffered within American territory and growing out of
the insurrection in Mexico; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.
By Mr. CARY: Joint resolution (H. J. Res. 22) authorizing
the appointment of a committee to investigate the street railway
strike in the District of Columbia; to the Committee on the
District of Columbia.
By Mr. FOSTER: Joint resolution (H. J. Res. 23) authorizing
and directing the Secretary of the Interior to make an investiga-
tion and report upon the advisability of establishing and
maintaining Government fuel yard or yards in the District of
Columbia; to the Committee on Ways and Means.
By Mr. FLOOD: Joint resolution (H. J. Res. 24) declaring
that a state of war exists between the Imperial German Govern-
ment and the United States, and making provision to prosecute the same; to the Committee
on Foreign Affairs.
By Mr. GOODWIN of Arkansas: Concurrent resolution (H.
Con. Res. 1) congratulating the people of Russia on the establish-
ment of a popular Government; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.
By Mr. HAYDEN: Concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 3)
authorizing the printing of 5,000 copies of Handbook of Ameri-
can Indians, by the Committee on Printing.
By Mr. LONDON: Concurrent resolution (H. Con. Res. 4)
calling upon the President to initiate peace negotiations; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

PETITIONS, ETC.

Under clause 1 of Rule XXII, petitions and papers were laid
on the Clerk's desk and referred as follows:

Papers of Mrs. BRODRECK: Papers in support of a bill for relief to
Joseph W. Severance; to the Committee on Invalid Pensions.

Also, papers to accompany bill for relief of Barbara Boyer;
to the Committee on Invalid Pensions.

By Mr. BROWNING: Petition of 140 employees of the Key-
stone Co. of Camden, N. J., favoring compulsory military train-
ing; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Also, a memorial of Ladies' Auxiliary of the German-American
Alliance of Camden, N. J., protesting against the continuance of war with
Germany until all efforts to avoid hostilities have been ex-
hausted; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. COADY: Memorials of Independent Citizens' Union
of Maryland in favor of military training, and other purposes;
to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. CRAGO: Memorial of the Universal Service Com-
mittee of Veteran National Guard and Naval Militia of New
York, urging universal military training and service under
Federal control; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Also, memorial of National Guard Association of the
United States, favoring the organization of the National Guard as a
military force; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Also, memorial of the Southern Society of New York, favoring
universal training and service; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. DALE of New York: Petition of sundry citizens
authorizing various bills embodying prohibition legislation; to
the Committee on the Post Office and Post Roads.

Also, memorial of Steinway School, of Long Island City,
N. Y., favoring the migratory bird treaty act; to the
Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce.

Also, memorial of National Labor Council, of Brooklyn, and
the Brotherhood of Metal Workers of New York, favoring a
constitutional amendment to take away the veto power of the
Supreme Court; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Also, memorial of Aurora Benevolent Society, of Brooklyn,
N. Y., in re high cost of living; to the Committee on Ways and
Means.

Also, memorials of universal service committee of Veterans
Hamilton Club, of Chicago; the New Hampshire committee of
public safety; the Pennsylvania State College Association of
New York; the New York Southern Society; board of directors
of the American Institute of Mining Engineers; Tavern Club,
of Boston; the National Arts Club of New York in re foreign
situation and state of preparedness; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Also, memorial of the Bronx Board of Trade; Edwin P.
Gleasons Son, of New York; S. S. Blaud, of New York;
the City Club, of New York City; the Union Club, of Boston;
the Harvard Club, of Boston; and the Robert Emmet Memorial
Committee, of Buffalo, N. Y.; in re foreign situation and state of preparedness; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. FLYNN: Memorial of Tavern Club, of Boston,
and American Institute of Mining Engineers in re foreign
situation and state of preparedness; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Also, memorial of Ehenezer German Presbyterian Church,
of Brooklyn, N. Y., in re foreign situation; to the Committee
on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. CARY: Memorial of Hugh J. McGrath Camp No. 4,
of Milwaukee, Wis., pledging loyalty to the President; to the
Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. GRIFFIN: Memorial of Yale Club of New
York, pledging loyalty to the President in re foreign situation; to the
Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. GRIEST: Petition of citizens of Lancaster County,
Pa., favoring a referendum on peace or war; to the Committee
on Foreign Affairs.

Also, petition of citizens of Lancaster, Pa., protesting against
any action that involves the United States in war; to the
Committee on Foreign Affairs.

A memorial of the Pennsylvania State College Association of
New York, advocating universal military training and service
and pledging support to the President in measures bearing upon
the international situation; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Also, petition of John J. Evans and sundry citizens of Lan-
caster, Pa., urging action necessary to uphold the dignity of
the United States in the present crisis; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.
Also, petition of bishops of Lancaster (Pa.) Mennonite Conference, protesting against compulsory military training or service; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. HILL (by request): Petition of certain citizens of New York, favoring universal military training; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. KEATING: Petition of citizens of Florence, Colo., on Chamberlain bill; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. McFADDEN: Petition from residents of Carley Brook, Honesdale, Girldland, Torrey, and Smith Hill, Pa., favoring an amendment to the Constitution of the United States as shall suitably express our national acknowledgment of Almighty God as our source of all authority of civil government; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Jesus Christ as the Savior and Ruler of Nations, and of His revealed will as the supreme standard to decide moral issues in national life, and thus declare the Nation's allegiance to Jesus Christ and reliance upon His grace, and thereby place all the Christian laws, institutions, and usages of the Government on an undeniable legal basis in the fundamental law of the land; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

My Mr. MOUTT: Memorial of Tavern Club, of Boston, Mass., in support of President Wilson on the international situation; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Also, memorial of Union College Faculty, indorsing action of President on the international situation; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Also, memorial of National Arts Club, of New York, indorsing the President's stand on the international situation; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Also, memorial of Union Club, of Boston, Mass., indorsing the President's action on the international situation; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Also, memorial of Harvard Club, of Boston, Mass., indorsing stand of President Wilson on the foreign situation; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Also, memorial of South Rutland (N. Y.) Orange, indorsing action of President; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Also, memorial of American Institute of Mechanical Engineers, favoring compulsory military training; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Also, memorial of Merchants' Association of Watertown, N. Y., for support of President on foreign relations; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Also, memorial of Yale Club of New York, indorsing the President's stand on German situation; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Also, memorial of Jefferson County Automobile Club, of Watertown, N. Y., supporting the position of the President on foreign affairs; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. ROBERTS: Memorial of Thomas H. Barry Camp No. 7, United Spanish War Veterans, of Reno, Nev., favoring universal and compulsory military training under proper United States Army Control of Private Military Affairs.

By Mr. SCULLY: Memorial of Union Club of Boston in re foreign situation and state of preparedness; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Also, memorial of citizens' meeting of Englewood, N. J.; Board of Commissioners of the city of Trenton, N. J.; the New Hampshire Committee of Public Safety; American Institute of Mining Engineers; Local Federation of German Catholic Societies of New York; Tavern Club of Boston; and New York Southern Society in reference to international situation and state of preparedness; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. SMITH of Michigan: Protest of Louis Reitlinger and 11 citizens of Battle Creek against entering European war; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. SNYDER: Petition of various residents of Utica, N. Y., favoring the enactment of a compulsory military measure; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Also, memorial of East Schuylkill (N. Y.) Grange, indorsing the action of the President relative to the situation with Germany; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Also, petition of various church gatherings in the thirty-third district of New York, favoring the abdication of polygamy in the United States; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

By Mr. YOUNG of North Dakota: Petition of Ludwig Gunz and 12 citizens of Minnestota fighting against war with Germany; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Also, petition of Gottlieb Bonnutt and 74 citizens of Lincoln Valley, N. Dak., protesting against war; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Also, petition of 24 citizens of Cooperstown, N. Dak., urging referendum on question of war; to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

SENATE.

Tuesday, April 3, 1917.

Rev. J. L. Kibler, of the city of Washington, offered the following prayer:

O Thou God of all grace, we stretch forth our hands unto Thee. May our steps this day be ordered by the Lord. Grant, O Lord God, to lead us in a plain path this day. We have reached the serious point in our international relations which we have sought for so long and so earnestly, that with amazing patience sought to avert. We put our trust in Thy mighty arm.

Our fathers trusted Thee and rejoiced in Thy abounding mercies. Thou hast given us peace and freedom and prosperity. But left to us, through the perils of the past and preserved the unity of our great Republic. Thou hast been our refuge and portion through all the years. Leave us not, neither forsake us, O Thou God of our salvation. May we continue to realize the source whence cometh our strength, and lest we forget may we now humble ourselves under Thy mighty hand, and may we find our exaltation in Thy power and grace.

Through the critical stages of this day guide Thy servants in Congress. Lead them in the way that Thou shalt choose. May they hear the voice of Him who spaketh as never man spake, and at Thy bidding may they go forth to do Thy righteous will.

We pray that Thou wouldst strengthen the hands of our President in meeting the responsibilities that are laid upon him, and may he have the unlimited support of our great Nation.

O Thou God of nations, hear our prayer in this momentous hour, and grant that the issues of this day may have the seal of mediation and arbitration, and Thy mighty hand and power. In the name of Jesus Christ our Savior we make our plea. Amen.

Asle J. Gronna, a Senator from the State of North Dakota, and William Hughes, a Senator from the State of New Jersey, appeared in their seats today.

The Secretary proceeded to read the Journal of yesterday's proceedings, when, on request of Mr. Martin and by unanimous consent, the further reading was dispensed with and the Journal was approved.

MANUFACTURE OF PRISON-MADE GOODS.

The VICE PRESIDENT laid before the Senate a communication from the Secretary of the Treasury, transmitting, supplemental to a communication of January 8, 1917, a further report from the American consul at Cartagena, Colombia, relative to the extent to which prisoners, paupers, or detained persons are utilized in the production or manufacture of articles sold in the commerce of the various countries, which, with the accompanying paper, was referred to the Committee on Printing.

RIVER AND HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS (S. DOC. NO. 3).

The VICE PRESIDENT laid before the Senate a communication from the Secretary of War, transmitting, pursuant to law, a report on the estimates and plans for works of river and harbor improvements which will provide adequate facilities for operations of the fleet for defense of the harbors on the Atlantic, Gulf, and Pacific coasts, which, with the accompanying paper, was referred to the Committee on Naval Affairs and ordered to be printed.

FINDINGS OF THE COURT OF CLAIMS.

The VICE PRESIDENT laid before the Senate a communication from the chief clerk of the Court of Claims, transmitting a certified copy of the findings of fact and conclusion filed by the court in the case of Caroline L. King, widow of William T. King, deceased, v. The United States (S. Doc. No. 1), which, with the accompanying paper, was referred to the Committee on Claims and ordered to be printed.

He also laid before the Senate a communication from the chief clerk of the Court of Claims, transmitting a certified copy of the order of the court dismissing the suit of Jacob Harris, son of Samuel J. Harris, deceased, v. The United States (S. Doc. No. 2), which was referred to the Committee on Claims and ordered to be printed.

He also laid before the Senate a communication from the chief clerk of the Court of Claims, transmitting a certified copy of the order of the court dismissing the suit of cases dismissed by the court for want of sufficient evidence (S. Doc. No. 4), which was referred to the Committee on Claims and ordered to be printed.

DEATH OF ADMIRAL GEORGE DEWEY.

The VICE PRESIDENT. The Chair lays before the Senate a communication, which will be read.

The Secretary read the communication, as follows:

Hon. Thomas Riley Marshall, Vice President.

My Dear Mr. Vice President: Will you express to the Senate my profound thanks for the honor they did the memory of my husband,