

PETITIONS, ETC.

Under clause 1 of Rule XXII, petitions and papers were laid on the Clerk's desk and referred as follows:

By Mr. ASHBROOK: Petitions of Wright, Lybarger & Funk, of Warsaw, and L. Neiswander, of Holmesville, Ohio—to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. AUSTIN: Petition of many residents of Tennessee, favoring reduction of duty on raw and refined sugars—to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Also, petitions of Knoxville (Tenn.) Lodge, No. 160, and Morristown (Tenn.) Lodge, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, favoring the preservation of the American elk—to the Committee on the Public Lands.

Also, petition of Clinton Council, No. 83, Junior Order United American Mechanics, for legislation to more effectually restrict immigration—to the Committee on Immigration and Naturalization.

Also, petition of Manufacturers and Producers' Association of Knoxville, Tenn., favoring a higher tariff on tannic acid—to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. CALDER: Petition of Oronogo (Mo.) Circle Mining Company, for a duty on zinc ore—to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Also, petition of National Association of Box Manufacturers, favoring increase of duty on lumber—to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Also, petition of International Brotherhood of Paper Makers, against reduction of tariff on print paper—to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Also, petition of New York members of the American Paper and Pulp Association, against removal of duty from wood pulp—to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. COOK: Petition of employees of Harry C. Aberle & Co., of Philadelphia, Pa., for retention and adoption of the proposed rates of duty on hosiery—to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Also, petition of Frank A. Schimpf and others, favoring a higher rate of duty on lithographic products—to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. DAWSON: Petitions of J. H. P. Peterson, of Maquoketa; L. M. Stahle, of North Liberty; and Theo Martin, of Bellevue, all in the State of Iowa, favoring reduction of duty on raw and refined sugars—to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. FOCHT: Petition of Waynesboro (Pa.) Lodge, No. 731, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, favoring a reserve for the American elk—to the Committee on the Public Lands.

By Mr. FULLER: Petition of Marblehead Lime Company, of Chicago, Ill., for an investigation by the United States Geological Survey on the subject of lime—to the Committee on Agriculture.

Also, petition of Paul Taylor Brown Company, of New York, against a proposed tariff on fruit with sugar added—to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Also, petition of the New England Dry Goods Association, against the proposed tariff on hosiery and gloves—to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Also, petition of Chicago Mill and Lumber Company, of Chicago, Ill., against reduction on lumber and its products—to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. GARDNER of Massachusetts: Petition of job printers of Salem, Mass., against practice of Post-Office Department printing return envelopes free of charge—to the Committee on the Post-Office and Post-Roads.

Also, petition of residents of Danvers and Groveland, Mass., against a duty on coffee and tea—to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Also, petition of Paul N. Chaput, of Salem, Mass., favoring repeal of duty on raw and refined sugars—to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. HAYES: Petition of Los Angeles (Cal.) Chamber of Commerce, against elimination of the countervailing duty on petroleum—to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Also, petition of Los Angeles (Cal.) Chamber of Commerce, favoring establishment of a line of steamers by the National Government touching all points on the Pacific coast and connecting at Panama with the Panama Railway—to the Committee on the Merchant Marine and Fisheries.

Also, petitions of citizens of San Jose and numerous citizens of San Francisco and Redwood City, all in the State of California, protesting against a duty on tea and coffee—to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. HINSHAW: Paper to accompany bill for relief of S. P. Ulch (H. R. 1964)—to the Committee on Invalid Pensions.

By Mr. HOWELL of Utah: Petition of W. H. Wright & Sons and other merchants and citizens of Ogden, Utah, against an increase of tariff on gloves—to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. KÜSTERMANN: Petition of employees of Green Bay (Wis.) Paper and Fibre Company, against reduction of duty on plain paper—to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. LINDBERGH: Petition of citizens of Brandon, Minn., against a duty on teas and coffees—to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. MANN: Petition of the Hardwood Manufacturers' Association of the United States, against any reduction of tariff on lumber—to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. NORRIS: Petition of certain residents of Culbertson, Nebr., against parcels-post and postal savings bank legislation—to the Committee on the Post-Office and Post-Roads.

By Mr. STURGISS: Petitions of Andrew Corrothers, S. J. Walter, William Held, J. T. Boyce, and J. M. Cost, all of Grafton, W. Va., favoring repeal of duty on raw and refined sugars—to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. SULZER: Petition of Leggerman Brothers, New York, against increase of duty on chicory—to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. WANGER: Protest of the Lumbermen's Exchange of Philadelphia, Pa., against any reduction in the rates of duty upon articles in the lumber schedule of the Dingley tariff act—to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. WEISSE: Petition of Martin Jancer, against reduction of the duty on barley, wheat, and other farm products—to the Committee on Ways and Means.

By Mr. WOODYARD: Petition of William Chenoueth and other citizens of Gassaway, Burnsville, and Sutton, all in the State of West Virginia, against parcels-post and postal savings bank laws—to the Committee on the Post-Office and Post-Roads.

SENATE.

THURSDAY, *March 25, 1909.*

Prayer by the Chaplain, Rev. Edward E. Hale.

Mr. CLARENCE D. CLARK, a Senator from the State of Wyoming, appeared in his seat to-day.

The Journal of the proceedings of Monday last was read and approved.

DISPOSITION OF USELESS PAPERS.

The VICE-PRESIDENT. The Chair lays before the Senate a communication from the Secretary of the Interior transmitting, pursuant to law, a schedule of useless papers, books, and so forth, on the files of the Department of the Interior, which are not needed in the transaction of public business and are of no permanent value or historical interest. The communication and accompanying papers will be referred to the Joint Select Committee on the Disposition of Useless Papers in the Executive Departments.

The Chair appoints the Senator from North Carolina [Mr. SIMMONS] and the Senator from New Hampshire [Mr. GALLINGER] members of the joint select committee on the part of the Senate, as provided for in the act of February 16, 1889. The Secretary will notify the House of Representatives of the appointment of the committee on the part of the Senate.

FINDINGS OF THE COURT OF CLAIMS.

The VICE-PRESIDENT laid before the Senate a communication from the assistant clerk of the Court of Claims, transmitting a certified copy of the findings of fact and two opinions in the cause of John T. Ayres, executor, and the Chickasaw Nation v. United States (S. Doc. No. 2) which, with the accompanying papers, was referred to the Committee on Claims and ordered to be printed.

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE.

A message from the House of Representatives, by Mr. W. J. Browning, its Chief Clerk, announced that the House had passed a concurrent resolution (H. C. Res. 12) authorizing an additional number of copies of the daily RECORD to be furnished to Senators and Members of the House of Representatives, etc., in which it requested the concurrence of the Senate.

ADJOURNMENT TO MONDAY.

Mr. HALE. I move that when the Senate adjourns to-day it be to meet on Monday next.

The motion was agreed to.

PETITIONS AND MEMORIALS.

The VICE-PRESIDENT presented a petition of the Casein Manufacturing Company, of New York City, N. Y., praying for a protective duty on casein and lactarene, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

He also presented a petition of the Chamber of Commerce of Porto Rico, praying that a duty of at least 5 cents per pound be imposed on all foreign coffee, etc., which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

He also presented a petition from the olive importers' committee, of Philadelphia, Pa., praying for a reduction of the duty on olives, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. NELSON presented a joint resolution of the legislature of Minnesota, which was referred to the Committee on Commerce and ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

Whereas for the transportation development of the great industrial interior of the continent of North America nature has provided, on the one hand, the Great Lakes chain, which is the greatest inland sea in the world, and, on the other hand, the Mississippi River and tributaries, which have no equal as natural transportation channels for a great internal commerce;

Whereas the freight tonnage shipped from the port of Duluth-Superior exceeds that of New York or any other American port, while the net tonnage passing from Lake Superior through the Soo Canal is three times that which passes through the Suez Canal in the trade between Europe and the Orient, and the Great Lakes fleet is the greatest merchant fleet which floats the American flag;

Whereas Minnesota produces and ships to eastern furnaces annually close upon 30,000,000 tons of iron ore, which exceeds one-half of the iron-ore product of America and one-fourth that of the world, and whereas this iron ore should be converted into iron and steel by Minnesota labor on Minnesota soil for distribution throughout the Mississippi Valley and westward, and a great industrial plant for such purpose is now being established at Duluth;

Whereas Minnesota and the near-by upper Mississippi Valley States of Wisconsin, Iowa, Nebraska, and North and South Dakota annually produce about 300,000,000 bushels of wheat and 900,000,000 bushels of corn, oats, and other coarse grains, besides a vast tonnage of flour, lumber, live stock, and dairy products, much of which seeks transportation to the markets of the world; and

Whereas the Great Lakes system, which connects with the Atlantic seaboard, and the Mississippi River, which flows to the Gulf of Mexico, have their common source in Minnesota, the tributaries of the upper Mississippi extending within 50 miles of Lake Superior, and the union of the Great Lakes and Mississippi watersheds by canalization would make the greatest internal waterway of the world: Therefore be it

Resolved by the house of representatives (the senate concurring), That it is the sense of the legislature of Minnesota that the commerce of this great lake and river should be connected by a national waterway canal;

Resolved, That such waterway is of the greatest importance to this State and Nation, and we hereby pledge the cooperation of the Commonwealth of Minnesota with our Federal Government in the construction of such canal and in canalizing the upper Mississippi River;

Resolved further, That our delegation in Congress be, and is hereby, urged to impress upon Congress the necessity for immediate action in constructing such canal, and that a copy of these resolutions be sent to each Senator and Representative from this State.

Adopted by the house of representatives March 11, 1909.

ARCHIBALD H. VERNON, *Chief Clerk.*

Adopted by the senate March 16, 1909.

GEO. W. PEACHEY, *Secretary of Senate.*

Mr. NELSON presented a joint resolution of the legislature of Minnesota, which was referred to the Committee on Commerce and ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

Joint resolution.

Whereas fallen trees and tree tops and sand bars and other obstructions which have gathered and formed around and about the same at many and various places in the channel of the lower Minnesota River seriously clog the channel thereof, and seriously impede and practically make impossible the natural navigation thereof, and operate to destroy navigation thereof and the natural commerce thereon, and, moreover, in the seasons of the high waters thereof necessarily cause numerous destructive overflows of said river, at many and various places and in many and various localities in the valley thereof, destroying, annually, hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of the cultivated crops of the valley thereof; and

Whereas it is supremely necessary and of paramount importance that said obstructions be early and effectively removed from the channel of said river in order to promote the natural and profitable navigation thereof and develop the natural commerce thereon, and in order to prevent—and such removal is necessary to prevent—the annual, frequent, and destructive overflows thereof, as aforesaid, and in order to prevent the great annual loss and damage inflicted upon the settlers along said river valley resulting from the overflows of the said river, and which are caused by the obstructions above referred to; and

Whereas the said river and the channel thereof and the care thereof, are under the jurisdiction of the United States Government, said river being classed as navigable: Therefore be it

Resolved by the house of representatives (the senate concurring), That our Representatives in Congress be, and they hereby are, requested and urged to forthwith use their influence and utmost endeavor without delay to secure from the Congress of the United States authority for the use of, and appropriation necessary for the early use of, government dredges and snag boats sufficient and adequate for the purpose of the early and complete removal from the channel of the said river of all sand bars and other obstructions therein materially obstructing or impeding or preventing or making impracticable the natural navigation thereof, or materially injurious to the natural commerce thereon, or which necessarily cause the destructive overflows thereof: And be it further

Resolved, That an authenticated copy hereof be mailed to each of our said Representatives.

ADOLPH O. EBERHART,
Lieutenant-Governor.
A. J. ROCKNE, *Speaker.*

Adopted by the house of representatives February 17, 1909.
ARCHIBALD H. VERNON, *Chief Clerk.*

Adopted by the senate February 18, 1909.
GEO. W. PEACHEY, *Secretary.*

Mr. NELSON presented a memorial of sundry granite producers of St. Cloud, Minn., remonstrating against a lower rate of duty on rough or finished granite, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

He also presented petitions of sundry citizens of Minnesota, praying for the imposition of a higher duty on lithographic products, which were referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. GALLINGER. I present a brief resolution adopted by the Board of Trade of Manchester, N. H., which I ask shall be printed in the RECORD and referred to the Committee on Interstate Commerce.

There being no objection, the resolution was referred to the Committee on Interstate Commerce and ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

Resolution of Manchester (N. H.) Board of Trade.

The Manchester (N. H.) Board of Trade on March 16, 1909, unanimously adopted the following resolution expressing the attitude of that body toward railroad legislation:

"Whereas the manufacturing establishments of New Hampshire employed at the census of 1905 nearly 70,000 persons, receiving about \$30,000,000 annually in salaries and wages; and

"Whereas these establishments, in competition with rivals nearer the source of raw material and the centers of purchasing population, are largely dependent upon swift and regular freight service; and

"Whereas there is a widespread apprehension that public hostility to railroads will imperil their borrowing capacity and impair their confidence in the wisdom of extensive improvements: Therefore be it

Resolved, That the Manchester Board of Trade urges the New Hampshire Senators and Representatives in Congress to use their influence in favor of conservatism as to enactments and decrees affecting railroads."

Mr. GALLINGER presented a petition of Local Lodge No. 97, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, of Portsmouth, N. H., praying for the enactment of legislation to create a national reserve in the State of Wyoming for the care and maintenance of the American elk, which was referred to the Committee on Forest Reservations and the Protection of Game.

Mr. CULLOM presented a resolution of the legislature of Illinois, which was referred to the Committee on Finance and ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

House resolution 40. Offered by Mr. Lederer, March 17, 1909.

Whereas there has been recently organized in this country a gigantic trade combination and monopoly in connection with the manufacture and sale of moving-picture films, machines, and the apparatus used therewith; and

Whereas such combination is intended to destroy competition and to secure a monopoly in this line of business to the parties to such combination: Be it

Resolved, That the Senators and Representatives of the State of Illinois in Congress are hereby requested to oppose any increase of duty on imported manufactured moving-picture films and all other legislation which may tend to aggrandize such monopoly: Be it further

Resolved, That the Senators and Representatives of the State of Illinois in Congress are hereby requested to aid in procuring an investigation of such monopoly to be made by federal intervention and in instituting proceedings and passing laws to suppress such combination and monopoly: Be it further

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the Senators and Representatives of the State of Illinois in Congress by the clerk of this house.

Mr. BROWN presented a petition of the Union Veteran Republican Club of Lincoln, Nebr., praying for the enactment of legislation granting a pension of \$1 per day to soldiers of the Mexican and civil wars, which was referred to the Committee on Pensions.

He also presented a petition of Local Lodge No. 739, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, of Plattsmouth, Nebr., praying for the enactment of legislation to create a national reserve in the State of Wyoming for the care and maintenance of the American elk, which was referred to the Committee on Forest Reservations and the Protection of Game.

Mr. BOURNE presented a joint memorial of the legislature of Oregon, which was referred to the Committee on Inter-oceanic Canals and ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, STATE OF OREGON,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE.

I, F. W. Benson, secretary of state of the State of Oregon and custodian of the seal of said State, do hereby certify that I have carefully compared the annexed copy of senate joint memorial No. 1, petitioning Congress to favor the extension of the service now established and in operation from New York to Colon to all Pacific coast points, etc., with the original thereof, together with the indorsements thereon, filed in the office of the secretary of state of the State of Oregon on the

16th day of March, 1909, and that it is a full, true, and complete transcript therefrom and of the whole thereof.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed hereto the seal of the State of Oregon.

Done at the capitol, at Salem, Oreg., this 17th day of March, A. D. 1909.

[SEAL.]

F. W. BENSON,
Secretary of State.

Senate joint memorial 1.

To the honorable Senate and House of Representatives
of the United States of America in Congress assembled:

Your memorialists, the legislative assembly of the State of Oregon, respectfully represent that—

Whereas there is great need of transportation competition on the Pacific coast via the Isthmus of Panama for the use and benefit of the producers and consumers of the entire Pacific coast; and

Whereas the Government of the United States has established and is maintaining from points on the Atlantic coast to the city of Colon, on the Isthmus of Panama, a line of steamships operated in connection with the Panama Railroad; and

Whereas because of recent advances in transcontinental railroad freight rates the freight tolls into and out of the State of Oregon and into and out of other Pacific coast States have been advanced so that several millions of dollars per annum will be exacted from the producers and consumers of this section by reason of said advance, and that this action on the part of the railroads results not only in the levy of an enormous additional tax, but also necessarily restricts the output of our fisheries and manufactures and the sales of the products of the farm and orchard: Therefore be it

Resolved, First, That your memorialists favor the extension, at as early date as possible, of the service now established and in operation from New York to Colon to all Pacific coast points in order that relief both in rates and in additional facilities may be afforded to the manufacturers, merchants, and producers of the Pacific coast.

Second, That we favor the passage of the bill introduced in Congress by Representative MCLACHLAN, of California, having for its purpose the establishing and operating of a through line of steamers in conjunction with the Panama Railroad from all Atlantic coast ports to all Pacific coast ports.

Third, That in the event this is found impracticable or that there will be unusual delay, we favor the establishment of an American-owned and American-manned line of steamships between all Atlantic ports, said line to be assisted in its establishment and maintenance by the department of the General Government in all lawful ways.

Fourth, That this memorial be forwarded to our Senators and Representatives in Congress, with the request that they present the same and that they exert all possible efforts to have the wishes of this State as contained in this memorial carried out, and that they be further requested to present a copy of these resolutions to the President of these United States and to the Secretary of War.

Passed the House March 15, 1909.

C. N. McARTHUR,
Speaker of the House.

Passed the senate March 15, 1909.

JAY BOWERMAN,
President of the Senate.

Indorsements: Senate joint memorial No. 1. William H. Barry, chief clerk. Executive department, State of Oregon. Received March 16, 1909. Filed March 16, 1909. F. W. Benson, secretary of state.

Mr. BOURNE presented a petition of the Chamber of Commerce of Seattle, Wash., and a petition of the Chamber of Commerce of San Francisco, Cal., praying for the establishment of a line of steamships from the Pacific coast ports to Panama, which were referred to the Committee on Inter-oceanic Canals.

Mr. KEAN presented the petition of S. Wegner, of Bound Brook, N. J., praying for the repeal of the duty on lumber, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

He also presented a petition of the Board of Trade of Summit, N. J., praying for the appointment of a permanent tariff commission, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

He also presented a memorial of Local Division No. 688, Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, of Elizabeth, N. J., remonstrating against the appointment of a permanent tariff commission, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. NIXON presented a petition of sundry citizens of Nevada, praying for the imposition of a protective duty on zinc ores, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. JONES presented a joint memorial of the legislature of Washington, which was referred to the Committee on Forest Reservations and the Protection of Game and ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

House joint memorial 6.

To the honorable Senate and
House of Representatives in Congress assembled:

Whereas state road No. 5 has been located in the State of Washington, which road, when completed, will afford communication between Chehalis, in Lewis County, and North Yakima, in Yakima County, in said State; and

Whereas in Yakima County said road has been completed to the east line of the forest reserve, and a large portion of said road has been built in Lewis County, west of said reserve; and

Whereas said road as laid out and constructed passes through the Rainier Forest Reserve, as follows:

Beginning on the east boundary of the Rainier Forest Reserve on the west boundary of township 12 north, range 7 east, Willamette meridian, Washington, near the bank of the Cowlitz River, and running thence up the Cowlitz River and its tributaries to the Carlton Pass, in the summit of the Cascade Mountains; thence down Bumping River and the Natchez River to the east boundary of said forest reserve on the east boundary

of township 16 north, range 14 east, Willamette meridian, Washington; and

Whereas said road so passing through said reserve will be of great benefit and convenience in the inspection and preservation of the forests, and will also relieve the Government from the expense of constructing roads or trails through said reserve;

Therefore, your memorialists, the members of the eleventh legislative session assembled of the State of Washington, hereby most respectfully urge that said road be constructed through said forest reserve at the expense of the Government of the United States.

And your memorialists will ever pray.

Yours, truly,

J. E. LEONARD.

Mr. JONES presented a memorial of the Merchants' Protective Association, of Elma, Wash., remonstrating against the imposition of a duty on coffee, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

He also presented a memorial of sundry citizens of Washington, remonstrating against the removal of the duty on coal, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. BURTON presented a petition of sundry citizens of Ohio, praying for a reduction of the duty on wool, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. JOHNSON of North Dakota. I present a memorial of the legislature of North Dakota, which I ask may be printed in the RECORD and referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. CULBERSON. I suggest that a memorial from the legislature of a State ought to be read and not merely printed in the RECORD.

Mr. JOHNSON of North Dakota. I should be glad to have the memorial read.

The VICE-PRESIDENT. Without objection, the memorial will be read. No objection is heard.

The memorial was read and referred to the Committee on Finance, as follows:

Concurrent resolution.

Whereas the present tariff system has created conditions in the United States which need to be remedied, especially in such cases where it has brought a number of necessities of life under the absolute control of a small number of unprincipled trust magnates, we believe in a wise and adequate reduction; but

Whereas the tariff rates now existing for the protection of farm products have proven to be highly beneficial to all agricultural States: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the senate of the State of North Dakota (the house of representatives concurring), That our congressional delegation be respectfully requested to use all honorable means to have the present tariff rates on all farm products retained.

I hereby certify that the above resolution originated in the senate and was concurred in by the house of representatives of the eleventh legislative assembly of the State of North Dakota.

JAMES W. FOLEY, Secretary.

Mr. CRAWFORD. I present a joint resolution of the legislature of South Dakota.

Mr. CULBERSON. I ask that the joint resolution be read. I desire to say in explanation of my insistence that these resolutions be read that, without reference to the merits of the resolutions themselves, we owe a certain respect to the legislatures of the States of the Union in having them read and entered at length in the RECORD. I insist that such resolutions shall be read.

There being no objection, the joint resolution was read and referred to the Committee on Finance, as follows:

STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA,
DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, State of South Dakota:

I, Samuel C. Polley, secretary of state of South Dakota, and keeper of the great seal thereof, do hereby certify that the attached instrument of writing is a true and correct copy of house joint resolution No. 17, as passed by the legislature of 1909 of the State of South Dakota, with all the indorsements thereon and of the whole thereof, and has been compared with the original now on file in this office.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the great seal of the State of South Dakota. Done at the city of Pierre this 25th day of February, 1909.

[SEAL.]

SAMUEL C. POLLEY,
Secretary of State.

House joint resolution.

A joint resolution memorializing Congress to maintain and increase the tariff upon wool.

Be it resolved by the house of representatives of the State of South Dakota (the senate concurring):

Whereas foreign competition in the wool market is so strong that the price of wool in the United States is frequently reduced below the price of production and a great and profitable industry is crippled thereby; and

Whereas it is with proper protection perfectly possible for the farmers of the United States to not only supply the entire American demand for wool, but to, as well, produce large quantities for exportation: Therefore,

Resolved, That the legislature of the State of South Dakota hereby petitions the Congress of the United States to maintain the tariff upon wool in the revision of the tariff schedules now in contemplation.

Mr. CRAWFORD. I present a joint resolution of the legislature of South Dakota, which I ask may be read and referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

There being no objection, the joint resolution was read and referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs, as follows:

STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA,
DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, *State of South Dakota*:

I, Samuel C. Polley, secretary of state of South Dakota, and keeper of the great seal thereof, do hereby certify that the attached instrument of writing is a true and correct copy of house joint resolution No. 8 as passed by the legislature of 1909, and of the whole thereof, and has been compared with the original now on file in this office.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the great seal of the State of South Dakota. Done at the city of Pierre this 2d day of February, 1909.

[SEAL.]

SAMUEL C. POLLEY,
Secretary of State.

A joint resolution memorializing Congress to open Indian reservations in South Dakota.

Be it resolved by the house of representatives (the senate concurring): Whereas over 10,000,000 acres of fine agricultural land in the west half of the State is Indian reservation, unimproved and undeveloped, and so situated as to retard greatly the development of territory already opened to settlement in the west half of the State; and

Whereas the opening of the land would benefit the Indians, would be the home of thousands of settlers, and would materially add to the revenues of the State:

We therefore submit to our United States Senators and Members of Congress the advisability of causing such treaties to be made with the Indians on each of the reservations within this State, and the enactment of such laws as will open all, or as much as possible, of the territory embraced in these reservations with the utmost dispatch.

Mr. CRAWFORD. I present a joint resolution of the legislature of South Dakota, which I ask may be read and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

There being no objection, the joint resolution was read and referred to the Committee on Military Affairs, as follows:

STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA,
DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, *State of South Dakota*:

I, Samuel C. Polley, secretary of state of South Dakota and keeper of the great seal thereof, do hereby certify that the attached instrument of writing is a true and correct copy of house joint resolution No. 12 as passed by the legislature of 1909, together with all indorsements thereon and of the whole thereof, and has been compared with the original now on file in this office.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the great seal of the State of South Dakota. Done at the city of Pierre this 9th day of February, 1909.

[SEAL.]

SAMUEL C. POLLEY,
Secretary of State.

House joint resolution.

A joint resolution and memorial requesting the Congress of the United States to make Fort Meade, S. Dak., a brigade post, with permanent brick or stone barracks, officers' quarters, and other buildings.

Be it resolved by the house of representatives of the State of South Dakota (the senate concurring):

Whereas Fort Meade is centrally located with reference to all the Indian reservations in North and South Dakota, Montana, and Wyoming, upon which there are quartered about 40,000 uncivilized Indians; and

Whereas Fort Meade is the only military post in South Dakota, and the only post in the whole Northwest possessing the required strategic advantages to exercise surveillance over the Indians and afford proper protection to the property and people of this rich and rapidly developing country; and

Whereas the lines of railroad now in operation offer transportation facilities over four lines in four different directions, forming a basis for military movements, enabling troops to quickly reach any point of trouble; and

Whereas Fort Meade has a large timber reservation with the Black Hills Forest Reserve, upon which there is pine timber and an abundant supply of pure mountain spring water, and also a military reservation, 2 miles by 6 miles in area, with all available adjoining land needed for the requirements of a brigade post, which collectively would include the level and rolling prairie, open and wooded streams of water, bluffs and brakes, bare hills and timbered mountains, offering all practicable varieties of country for maneuvers; and

Whereas the hospital records show that the pure, malaria-free, bracing climate renders Fort Meade the healthiest post garrisoned in America; and

Whereas Fort Meade is in process of rebuilding as a two-squadron cavalry post, there having been built in the past six years brick and stone barracks for eight troops, hospital, post exchange, line and field officers' quarters, noncommissioned officers' quarters, bakery, powder magazine, stables, fire station, water system and concrete reservoir, sewer system and stable drain, macadamized roads and cement walks, electric-light wiring, and other permanent improvements, modern and up-to-date and costing over \$600,000: Therefore be it

Resolved, That we favor, and earnestly urge the Congress of the United States by proper enactment to designate, Fort Meade as a brigade post and provide for the erection of additional barracks, quarters, and other structures ample and suitable for the proper garrison thereof: And be it further

Resolved, That we request our Senators and Representatives in Congress to employ their best efforts to compass this end.

Mr. SHIVELY presented petitions of Local Lodge No. 1077, of Greencastle; of Local Lodge No. 560, of Frankfort; of Local Lodge No. 368, of Elwood; of Local Lodge No. 981, of East Chicago; of Local Lodge No. 270, of New Albany; of Local Lodge No. 155, of Fort Wayne; and of Local Lodge No. 235, of South Bend, all of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, in the State of Indiana, praying for the enactment of legislation to create a national reserve in the State of Wyoming for the care and maintenance of the American elk, which were

referred to the Committee on Forest Reservations and the Protection of Game.

He also presented petitions of the Tell City Improvement Association, of Tell City; the Commercial Club of Lawrenceburg; the Commercial Club of Michigan City; and the Coal Exchange of Jeffersonville, all in the State of Indiana, praying that an appropriation of \$50,000,000 be made for the improvement of the inland waterways of the country, which were referred to the Committee on Commerce.

Mr. CLAPP. I present a joint resolution of the legislature of the State of Minnesota for reading and reference.

There being no objection, the joint resolution was read and referred to the Committee on Commerce, as follows:

Joint resolution.

Whereas fallen trees and tree tops and sand bars and other obstructions which have gathered and formed around and about the same at many and various places in the channel of the lower Minnesota River seriously clog the channel thereof, and seriously impede and practically make impossible the natural navigation thereof, and operate to destroy navigation thereof and the natural commerce thereon, and, moreover, in the seasons of the high waters thereof necessarily cause numerous destructive overflows of said river, at many and various places and in many and various localities in the valley thereof, destroying annually hundreds of thousands of dollars' worth of the cultivated crops of the valley thereof; and

Whereas it is supremely necessary and of paramount importance that said obstructions be early and effectively removed from the channel of said river in order to promote the natural and profitable navigation thereof and develop the natural commerce thereon and in order to prevent, and such removal is necessary to prevent, the annual, frequent, and destructive overflows thereof, as aforesaid, and in order to prevent the great annual loss and damage inflicted upon the settlers along said river valley resulting from the overflows of the said river and which are caused by the obstructions above referred to; and

Whereas the said river and the channel thereof, and the care thereof, are under the jurisdiction of the United States Government, said river being classed as navigable: Therefore be it

Resolved by the house of representatives (the senate concurring), That our Representatives in Congress be, and they hereby are, requested and urged to forthwith use their influence and utmost endeavor, without delay, to secure from the Congress of the United States authority for the use of, and appropriation necessary for the early use of government dredges and snag boats sufficient and adequate for the purpose of the early and complete removal from the channel of the said river of all sand bars and other obstructions therein materially obstructing or impeding or preventing or making impracticable the natural navigation thereof or materially injurious to the natural commerce thereon or which necessarily cause the destructive overflows: And be it further

Resolved, That an authenticated copy hereof be mailed to each of our said Representatives.

ADOLPH O. EBERHARD,
Lieutenant-Governor.

A. J. ROCKNE, *Speaker.*

Adopted by the house of representatives February 17, 1909.

ARCHIBALD H. VERNON,
Chief Clerk.

Adopted by the senate February 18, 1909.

GEO. W. PEACHEY, *Secretary.*

Mr. CLAPP. I present a joint resolution, of the legislature of Minnesota, which I ask may be read and referred to the Committee on Commerce.

There being no objection, the joint resolution was read and referred to the Committee on Commerce, as follows:

Whereas for the transportation development of the great industrial interior of the continent of North America, nature has provided, on the one hand, the Great Lakes chain, which is the greatest inland sea in the world, and, on the other hand, the Mississippi River and tributaries, which have no equal as natural transportation channels, for a great internal commerce;

Whereas the freight tonnage shipped from the port of Duluth-Superior exceeds that of New York, or any other American port, while the net tonnage passing from Lake Superior through the Soo Canal is three times that which passes through the Suez Canal in the trade between Europe and the Orient, and the Great Lakes fleet is the greatest merchant fleet which floats the American flag;

Whereas Minnesota produces and ships to eastern furnaces annually, close upon 30,000,000 tons of iron ore, which exceeds one-half of the iron-ore product of America and one-fourth that of the world, and whereas this iron ore should be converted into iron and steel by Minnesota labor on Minnesota soil for distribution throughout the Mississippi Valley and westward, and a great industrial plant for such purpose is now being established at Duluth;

Whereas Minnesota and the near-by upper Mississippi Valley States of Wisconsin, Iowa, Nebraska, North and South Dakota annually produce about 300,000,000 bushels of wheat and 900,000,000 bushels of corn, oats, and other coarse grains, besides a vast tonnage of flour, lumber, live stock, and dairy products, much of which seeks transportation to the markets of the world; and

Whereas the Great Lakes system, which connects with the Atlantic seaboard, and the Mississippi River, which flows to the Gulf of Mexico, have their common source in Minnesota, the tributaries of the upper Mississippi extending within 50 miles of Lake Superior, and the union of the Great Lakes and Mississippi watersheds by canalization would make the greatest internal waterway of the world: Therefore be it

Resolved by the house of representatives (the senate concurring), That it is the sense of the legislature of Minnesota that the commerce of this great lake and river should be connected by a national waterway canal;

Resolved, That such waterway is of the greatest importance to this State and Nation, and we hereby pledge the cooperation of the Commonwealth of Minnesota with our Federal Government in the construction of such canal and in canalizing the upper Mississippi River;

Resolved further, That our delegation in Congress be, and is hereby, urged to impress upon Congress the necessity for immediate action in

constructing such canal, and that a copy of these resolutions be sent to each Senator and Representative from this State.

Adopted by the house of representatives March 11, 1909.

ARCHIBALD H. VERNON,
Chief Clerk.

Adopted by the senate March 16, 1909.

GEO. W. PEACHEY,
Secretary of Senate.

Mr. CLAPP presented a memorial of granite companies of St. Cloud, Rockville, Granite City, and East St. Cloud, all in the State of Minnesota, remonstrating against a reduction of the duty on granite and granite products, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. WETMORE. I present a resolution of the legislature of Rhode Island, which I ask may be read and referred to the Committee on Commerce.

There being no objection, the resolution was read and referred to the Committee on Commerce, as follows:

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND, IN GENERAL ASSEMBLY,
January Session, A. D. 1909.

Resolution requesting the Senators and Representatives in Congress to urge Congress to make an appropriation of \$40,000 to reimburse the State of Rhode Island and the town of New Shoreham for expenditures in opening, keeping, and protecting the breachway at Great Salt Pond, Block Island.

Whereas the town of New Shoreham has expended the sum of \$40,000 in causing the breachway or channel existing between the Great Salt Pond, in said town, and the sea to be opened and in keeping and protecting such breachway so opened in accordance with the provisions of chapter 1289 of the public laws, entitled "An act to encourage and protect the fishing industries of the State," passed by the general assembly at its January session, A. D. 1894, and chapter 1435 of the public laws, entitled "An act to complete and protect the breachway at Great Salt Pond, Block Island," passed by the general assembly at its January session, A. D. 1895; and

Whereas the sum of \$40,000 so expended by said town was borrowed by said town of New Shoreham from the State of Rhode Island upon the promissory notes of said town for the aggregate sum of \$40,000; and

Whereas the State of Rhode Island, by the resolution passed by the general assembly at its January session, A. D. 1908, canceled the indebtedness represented by notes for the sum of \$15,000 then past due and caused said notes for said sum of \$15,000 to be canceled and surrendered up to the town treasurer of the town of New Shoreham; and

Whereas by reason of the opening of said breachway or channel and the maintenance and protection of said breachway said Great Salt Pond has become an important national harbor of refuge for vessels engaged in the coasting trade and in the fishing industries of New England, and the expenditures made by the town of New Shoreham as aforesaid have inured to the advantage of the coastwise commerce of the United States; Therefore, be it

Resolved, That this general assembly requests the Senators and Representatives from this State in the Congress of the United States to urge the appropriation by Congress of the sum of \$25,000 to reimburse the town of New Shoreham for the expenditures made by it in opening, keeping, and protecting said breachway, and the further sum of \$15,000 to reimburse the State of Rhode Island for the amount loaned upon the notes of the town of New Shoreham canceled by the State as aforesaid.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND,
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE,
Providence, March 16, 1909.

I hereby certify the foregoing to be a true copy of the original resolution passed by the general assembly of the State of Rhode Island on the 16th day of March, A. D. 1909.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the seal of the State aforesaid the date first above written.

[SEAL.]

CHARLES P. BENNETT,
Secretary of State.

Mr. GAMBLE presented a petition of "Local Lodge 7089, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, of Mitchell, S. Dak., praying for the enactment of legislation to create a national reserve in the State of Wyoming for the care and maintenance of the American elk, which was referred to the Committee on Forest Reservations and the Protection of Game.

Mr. CARTER. I present senate joint memorial No. 5 of the legislature of Montana, favoring the donation of 150,000 acres of public land to the state penitentiary of Montana, 150,000 acres in aid and on account of the state insane asylum, and 150,000 acres of public land in aid and on account of the state orphans' home. I ask that the joint memorial be printed in the RECORD and referred to the Committee on Territories.

There being no objection, the joint memorial was referred to the Committee on Territories and ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

Senate joint memorial 5.

To the honorable Senate and House of Representatives
of the United States in Congress assembled:

Whereas it was the manifest intention of Congress when the Territory of Montana was admitted into the Union as a State to set aside and donate public lands to aid in the establishment of all public institutions, following a long-established precedent; and

Whereas through oversight and inadvertence no donation was made on account of the state penitentiary, the state asylum for the insane, nor the orphans' home, as was the case in other States: Now therefore be it

Resolved, That we, your memorialists, petition and earnestly urge that there be set aside and donated out of and from the unappropriated lands of the United States lying and being within the borders of the State of Montana 150,000 acres in aid and on account of the state penitentiary of Montana, 150,000 acres in aid and on account of the

asylum for the insane, and 150,000 in aid and on account of the orphans' home: Be it further

Resolved, That the secretary of state be, and is hereby, instructed to forthwith transmit copies of this memorial, properly authenticated, to the Secretary of the Interior and to our Senators and Representatives in Congress.

W. R. ALLEN,
President of the Senate.
W. W. McDOWELL,
Speaker of the House.

Approved March 10, 1909.

EDWIN L. NORRIS, Governor.

Filed March 10, 1909, at 2 o'clock p. m.

A. N. YODER,
Secretary of State.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, State of Montana, ss:

I, A. N. Yoder, secretary of state of the State of Montana, do hereby certify that the above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of the senate joint memorial No. 5, enacted by the eleventh session of the legislative assembly of the State of Montana and approved by Edwin L. Norris on the 10th day of March, 1909.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the great seal of said State. Done at the city of Helena, the capital of said State, this 18th day of March, A. D. 1909.

[SEAL.]

A. N. YODER,
Secretary of State.

Mr. CARTER. I present senate concurrent resolution No. 1 of the legislature of Montana, praying for the improvement of the Missouri River, the Yellowstone River, or the Red River of the North.

I ask that the concurrent resolution be printed in the RECORD and referred to the Committee on Commerce.

There being no objection, the concurrent resolution was referred to the Committee on Commerce and ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

Senate concurrent resolution 1.

Whereas the National Rivers and Harbors Congress has asked that provision be made for \$500,000,000 to be expended for the development of the navigable waterways of the United States; and

Whereas it has been publicly announced by a high and well-informed official of the United States that a sum of about \$275,000,000 has already been appropriated and authorized to be expended upon works now undertaken and to be hereafter completed on the rivers and harbors of the United States; and

Whereas none of said \$275,000,000 is being expended on the 1,600 miles of the navigable Missouri River above Sioux City; and

Whereas the report of the Board of Engineers for Rivers and Harbors recommends the improvement of the Missouri River below Sioux City (which is concurred in by the United States engineers), and its estimate provides for the general improvement of the Missouri River below Sioux City, Iowa, of which sum \$2,000,000 is to be expended annually upon the Missouri River from Kansas City to St. Louis; and

Whereas no estimates have been made for the general improvement of the Missouri River above Sioux City, Iowa, or the Yellowstone River or the Red River of the North; and

Whereas no money is being expended nor has provision been made to expend any part of the aforementioned \$42,500,000 within the States of North Dakota, South Dakota, and Montana; and

Whereas the United States engineers' estimate, submitted to the Chief of Engineers and through him submitted to the present Congress, makes practically no provision for any expenditure for the improvement or snagging of the upper Missouri River above Sioux City or the Yellowstone River in North Dakota and Montana; and

Whereas commerce carried on these streams during the year 1908 in the localities mentioned exceeds that of the Missouri River below Sioux City: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved by the senate (the house of representatives concurring), That our Senators and Representative in Congress be requested to immediately obtain proper estimates through the War Department of the requirements for the permanent general improvement of the Missouri River between Sioux City, Iowa, and Fort Benton, Mont., and the Yellowstone River between its mouth and Terry, Mont., and on the Red River of the North between Fargo, N. Dak., and the international boundary line, and for the specific improvement and the rement of the river banks at several points, namely, in the vicinity of Judith, Frazier, and Mondak, Mont., and other places where caving banks menace river craft and destroy the channel; and that they be requested to obtain suitable appropriations from the present Congress wherewith to make these specific improvements promptly, and, in the event of there being no river and harbor bill, they be requested to secure adequate appropriations for these specific improvements through some other measure, so as to maintain the channel of these rivers for the purpose of protecting and providing for the present and continually increasing commerce thereon.

Resolved, That a certified copy of this resolution be sent to our Senators and Representative in Congress.

W. R. ALLEN,
President of the Senate.
W. W. McDOWELL,
Speaker of the House.

Approved March 6, 1909.

EDWIN L. NORRIS, Governor.

Filed March 6, 1909, at 3.30 o'clock p. m.

A. N. YODER, Secretary of State.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, State of Montana, ss:

I, A. N. Yoder, secretary of state of the State of Montana, do hereby certify that the above is a true and correct copy of senate concurrent resolution No. 1, enacted by the eleventh session of the legislative assembly of the State of Montana and approved by Edwin L. Norris, governor of said State, on the 6th day of March, A. D. 1909.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the great seal of said State. Done at the city of Helena, the capital of said State, this 18th day of March, A. D. 1909.

[SEAL.]

A. N. YODER,
Secretary of State.

Mr. CARTER. I present senate joint resolution No. 6 of the legislature of Montana, praying for the establishment of a new division of the Railway Mail Service, to include the States of Oregon, Washington, Idaho, and Montana and the Territory of Alaska, to be known as "division No. 13." I ask that the joint resolution be printed in the RECORD and referred to the Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads.

There being no objection, the joint resolution was referred to the Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads and ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

Senate joint resolution 6.

Whereas the present postal divisions of the Railway Mail Service now established in the Northwest are of that size that proper and convenient consideration can not be given to all of the territory, the same being composed of part of the eighth and part of the tenth Railway Mail Service divisions, the headquarters of the former being at San Francisco, Cal., and the latter at St. Paul, Minn.; and

Whereas it appears from all of the evidence at hand that it would be extremely desirable that a third division be formed of portions of the said two divisions, to wit, Alaska, Oregon, Idaho, Washington, and Montana, the same to constitute Railway Mail Service Division No. 13: Therefore

We, the senate (the house concurring), most earnestly and respectfully pray that an act of Congress be passed creating a new division of the Railway Mail Service, consisting of the States of Oregon, Washington, Idaho, and Montana and the Territory of Alaska; and

The secretary of state of Montana is hereby directed to send a copy of this petition to the Congress of the United States.

W. R. ALLEN,
President of the Senate.
W. W. McDOWELL,
Speaker of the House.

Approved March 6, 1909.

EDWIN L. NORRIS, Governor.

Filed March 6, 1909, at 3.30 o'clock p. m.

A. N. YODER, Secretary of State.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, State of Montana, ss:

I, A. N. Yoder, secretary of state of the State of Montana, do hereby certify that the above is a true and correct copy of senate joint resolution No. 6, enacted by the eleventh session of the legislative assembly of the State of Montana, and approved by Edwin L. Norris, governor of said State, on the 6th day of March, 1909.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the great seal of said State.

Done at the city of Helena, the capital of said State, this 19th day of March, A. D. 1909.

[SEAL.]

A. N. YODER, Secretary of State.

Mr. CARTER. I present a senate substitute for house concurrent resolution No. 6, of the legislature of Montana, relating to the classification of the mineral lands within the land grant of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company. I ask that the concurrent resolution be printed in the RECORD and referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

There being no objection, the concurrent resolution was referred to the Committee on Public Lands and ordered to be printed in the RECORD, as follows:

Senate substitute for house concurrent resolution 6.

To the honorable Senate and House of Representatives in Congress assembled:

Whereas a bill was passed by Congress providing for the classification of the mineral lands in the Northern Pacific land grant, and where a classification was pretended to be made by certain officials known as "mineral-land commissioners;" and

Whereas investigation of the work of such mineral-land commissioners by special field officials of the Interior Department discloses the fact that said former so-called "mineral-land classification" was unscientific, worthless, and made without full knowledge of the lands within the Northern Pacific land grant, and to the detriment of the Government and public; and

Whereas such investigation has shown such pretended classification to be inaccurate and devoid of merit; and

Whereas as a result of an investigation by the Interior Department of less than 50 per cent of the complaints so far made nearly 20,000 acres of mineral land has been restored to the Government; and

Whereas a proper and just classification of the mineral land of Montana is of vital interest to the miners and prospectors of the State, and involves mineral lands of untold millions of value: Now therefore be it

Resolved by the legislative assembly of the State of Montana (the senate concurring), That we humbly petition and request of the National Congress that it pass an act providing for a just, honest, and thorough mineral reclassification of all lands of the State of Montana within the Northern Pacific land grant.

W. R. ALLEN,
President of the Senate.
W. W. McDOWELL,
Speaker of the House.

Approved March 4, 1909.

EDWIN L. NORRIS, Governor.

Filed March 4, 1909, at 11.05 o'clock p. m.

A. N. YODER, Secretary of State.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, State of Montana, ss:

I, A. N. Yoder, secretary of state of the State of Montana, do hereby certify that the above is a true and correct copy of senate substitute for house concurrent resolution No. 6, enacted by the eleventh session of the legislative assembly of the State of Montana, and approved by Edwin L. Norris, governor of said State, on the 4th day of March, 1909.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the great seal of said State.

Done at the city of Helena, the capital of said State, this 18th day of March, A. D. 1909.

[SEAL.]

A. N. YODER, Secretary of State.

Mr. BRIGGS presented a petition of the Verona Chemical Company, of Newark, N. J., praying for an increase in the proposed duty on saccharine, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

He also presented a petition of the Verona Chemical Company, of Newark, N. J., praying for an increase of the duty on vanillin, and that cloves be placed on the free list, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

He also presented a petition of Campbell, Morrell & Co., of Passaic, N. J., praying that gypsum be placed on the free list, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

He also presented a petition of the J. & S. S. Thompson Company, of Elizabeth, N. J., praying for the repeal of the tariff on crude gypsum rock, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

He also presented a petition of Stengel & Rothschild, of Newark, N. J., praying that raw hides be placed on the free list, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

He also presented a petition of the Robertson Art Tile Company, of Trenton, N. J., praying for the retention of paragraph 83 of the proposed tariff law, relating to the duty on tiles, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

He also presented a petition of J. C. Mahlan, of Ridgewood, N. J., praying for the adoption of certain changes in Schedule G of the present tariff law relating to the duty on currants, dates, citron, almonds, etc., which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

He also presented a memorial of Richard Meyer, of New Durham, N. J., remonstrating against the proposed reduction of the duty on leather used in the manufacture of pianofortes, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

He also presented a memorial of Local Lodge No. 340, International Association of Machinists, of Newark, N. J., remonstrating against the reduction of the duty on iron and steel, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

He also presented the memorial of John H. Stoddart, general manager of the New York Underwriters' Agency, of New York City, N. Y., remonstrating against the adoption of a federal inheritance tax, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. BURKETT presented a petition of sundry lithographers of Omaha, Nebr., praying for an increase of the import duty on lithographic products, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. DEPEW presented a memorial of the Chamber of Commerce of Gouverneur, N. Y., remonstrating against any reduction being made in the duty on paper, wood pulp, sulphite, and lumber, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

He also presented a petition of the Chamber of Commerce of Utica, N. Y., praying for the enactment of legislation providing for the improvement of the rivers and harbors of the country, which was referred to the Committee on Commerce.

He also presented a petition of the Adirondack Lumber Manufacturers and Shippers' Association, of Utica, N. Y., praying for the enactment of legislation to insure the conservation of the Adirondack forest, which was referred to the Committee on Conservation of National Resources.

He also presented petition of sundry citizens of New York, praying for the imposition of a higher import duty on lithographic products, which were referred to the Committee on Finance.

Mr. STEPHENSON presented a memorial of the Menasha Paper Company, of Menasha; of the Grand Rapids Pulp and Paper Company; of the Nekoosa Edwards Paper Company, of Port Edwards; of the Nekoosa Edwards Paper Company, of Nekoosa; and of the Union Bag and Paper Company, of Kaukauna, all in the State of Wisconsin, remonstrating against the repeal of the duty on print paper, wood pulp, etc., which were referred to the Committee on Finance.

He also presented a petition of Local Lodge No. 665, Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, of Marshfield, Wis., praying for the enactment of legislation to create a national reserve in the State of Wyoming for the care and maintenance of the American elk, which was referred to the Committee on Forest Reservations and the Protection of Game.

He also presented a petition of sundry lithographers of Wisconsin, praying for the imposition of a higher import duty on lithographic products, which was referred to the Committee on Finance.

He also presented a petition of sundry citizens of Prairie du Chien, Wis., praying that an appropriation be made for the improvement and regulation of the Mississippi River in the vicinity of Prairie du Chien, which was referred to the Committee on Commerce.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Bills and joint resolutions were introduced, read the first and second times by unanimous consent, and referred as follows:

By Mr. CULLOM:

A bill (S. 496) to amend an act approved January 5, 1905, entitled "An act to incorporate the American National Red Cross;" to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

A bill (S. 497) to renew and extend certain letters patent; and

A bill (S. 498) to renew and extend certain letters patent; to the Committee on Patents.

A bill (S. 499) making appropriation for expenses incurred under the treaty of Washington;

A bill (S. 500) for the relief of George Q. Allen; and

A bill (S. 501) for the relief of Lucy L. Bane; to the Committee on Claims.

A bill (S. 502) to create in the War and Navy departments, respectively, a roll to be known as the "civil war officers' annuity honor roll," to authorize placing thereon, with pay, certain surviving officers who served in the Volunteer or Regular Army, Navy, or Marine Corps of the United States in the civil war and who are not now on the retired list of the Regular Army, Navy, or Marine Corps, and for other purposes;

A bill (S. 503) to remove the charge of desertion from the military record of Edward Callan;

A bill (S. 504) authorizing the President to transfer First Lieut. George G. Craig, Medical Reserve Corps, United States Army, to the Medical Corps, United States Army, and place him on the retired list; and

A bill (S. 505) to correct the military record of Andrew Edgar; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

A bill (S. 506) for the relief of William Boldenweck, assistant treasurer of the United States at Chicago; to the Committee on Finance.

A bill (S. 507) granting an increase of pension to Benjamin E. Boyd;

A bill (S. 508) granting an increase of pension to George W. Clayton;

A bill (S. 509) granting an increase of pension to Asher M. Castle;

A bill (S. 510) granting an increase of pension to Marion Campbell;

A bill (S. 511) granting an increase of pension to Benjamin V. Carey;

A bill (S. 512) granting an increase of pension to James Clark;

A bill (S. 513) granting a pension to Charles Ames;

A bill (S. 514) granting an increase of pension to Nelson Arsnall;

A bill (S. 515) granting an increase of pension to Thomas Ashton;

A bill (S. 516) granting an increase of pension to Ira Bacon;

A bill (S. 517) granting an increase of pension to Laban S. Babbitt;

A bill (S. 518) granting an increase of pension to Joseph H. Bayles;

A bill (S. 519) granting an increase of pension to Ira Bell;

A bill (S. 520) granting an increase of pension to William T. Coleman;

A bill (S. 521) granting an increase of pension to Isaac B. Doolittle;

A bill (S. 522) granting an increase of pension to William Donegan;

A bill (S. 523) granting a pension to John Donnelly; and

A bill (S. 524) granting an increase of pension to Aaron V. Davis; to the Committee on Pensions.

By Mr. GALLINGER:

A bill (S. 525) to amend the act of March 3, 1891, entitled "An act to provide for ocean mail service between the United States and foreign ports and to promote commerce;" to the Committee on Commerce.

A bill (S. 526) for the relief of the State of New Hampshire; to the Committee on Claims.

A bill (S. 527) for the erection of a statue to the memory of Gen. James Miller at Peterboro, N. H.; and

A bill (S. 528) for the erection of an equestrian statue of Maj. Gen. John Stark in the city of Manchester, N. H.; to the Committee on the Library.

A bill (S. 529) to provide for a term of the circuit and district courts at Keene, N. H.; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

A bill (S. 530) to amend an act entitled "An act donating public lands to the several States and Territories which may provide colleges for the benefit of agriculture and the mechanic arts," approved July 2, 1862, and the acts supplementary thereto,

so as to extend the benefits thereof to the District of Columbia; to the Committee on Agriculture and Forestry.

A bill (S. 531) to further protect the public health, and imposing additional duties upon the Public Health and Marine-Hospital Service; to the Committee on Public Health and National Quarantine.

A bill (S. 532) to correct the military record of Mirrick R. Burgess; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. STEPHENSON:

A bill (S. 533) for the erection of a public building at Milwaukee, Wis.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

A bill (S. 534) granting a pension to John Sherwood;

A bill (S. 535) granting a pension to Olive L. Thew;

A bill (S. 536) granting a pension to Rose A. Rowell; and

A bill (S. 537) granting an increase of pension to George W. Wait (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on Pensions.

By Mr. BOURNE:

A bill (S. 538) to amend sections 2586 and 2587 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, as amended by the acts of April 25, 1882, and August 23, 1890, relating to collection districts in Oregon; to the Committee on Commerce.

A bill (S. 539) to authorize the sale of certain lands belonging to the Indians on the Siletz Indian Reservation, in the State of Oregon; to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

A bill (S. 540) granting a pension to Susan E. Baker; and

A bill (S. 541) granting an increase of pension to William F. Hodges; to the Committee on Pensions.

By Mr. BROWN:

A bill (S. 542) creating an additional division of the Railway Mail Service, with headquarters at Omaha, Nebr., and providing the necessary officials therefor; to the Committee on Post-Offices and Post-Roads.

A bill (S. 543) to amend section 15 of an act to amend the national banking laws, approved May 30, 1908; to the Committee on Finance.

A bill (S. 544) for the relief of the heirs of David W. Dodson, deceased; to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

A bill (S. 545) to remove the charge of desertion from the military record of Jacob Byers; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

A bill (S. 546) to correct the naval record of William Lewis Holland; to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

A bill (S. 547) granting an increase of pension to William P. Snowden;

A bill (S. 548) granting an increase of pension to Osmund Mikesell;

A bill (S. 549) granting an increase of pension to James Thompson;

A bill (S. 550) granting an increase of pension to Michael Denyant;

A bill (S. 551) granting an increase of pension to Asa J. Clothier;

A bill (S. 552) granting an increase of pension to A. J. Snowden;

A bill (S. 553) granting a pension to Catherine Kelly;

A bill (S. 554) granting an increase of pension to Otis B. Smith;

A bill (S. 555) granting a pension to Catherine Mastick;

A bill (S. 556) granting an increase of pension to William Kelley;

A bill (S. 557) granting an increase of pension to John M. Bayley;

A bill (S. 558) granting an increase of pension to Milton H. Bates;

A bill (S. 559) granting an increase of pension to William H. Covert;

A bill (S. 560) granting an increase of pension to Samuel S. Peters;

A bill (S. 561) granting an increase of pension to Reubin P. McCutchen (with an accompanying paper);

A bill (S. 562) granting an increase of pension to Daniel B. Bailey (with accompanying papers);

A bill (S. 563) granting a pension to Elizabeth S. Reed (with an accompanying paper);

A bill (S. 564) granting a pension to Ida M. Smith; and

A bill (S. 565) granting an increase of pension to William C. Hudnall; to the Committee on Pensions.

By Mr. DILLINGHAM:

A bill (S. 566) providing for the purchase of a painting of Abraham Lincoln; to the Committee on the Library.

A bill (S. 567) increasing the pensions of army nurses; to the Committee on Pensions.

By Mr. CRANE:

A bill (S. 568) granting an increase of pension to Otis T. Simonds; to the Committee on Pensions.

A bill (S. 569) to pay Maj. Horace P. Williams amount found due him by Court of Claims; to the Committee on Claims.

By Mr. PILES:

A bill (S. 570) granting an increase of pension to Cassle Thompson (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on Pensions.

By Mr. PAYNTER:

A bill (S. 571) granting a pension to Emma Coleman;

A bill (S. 572) granting a pension to William G. Mandeville; and

A bill (S. 573) granting a pension to Anna C. Hutchinson; to the Committee on Pensions.

By Mr. STONE:

A bill (S. 574) to authorize J. W. Vance, L. L. Allen, C. F. Helwig, and H. V. Worley, of Pierce City, Mo.; A. B. Durnil, D. H. Kemp, Sig Soloman, J. J. Davis, S. A. Chappell, and W. M. West, of Monett, Mo.; M. L. Coleman, M. T. Davis, Jared R. Woodfill, jr., J. H. Jarrett, and William H. Standish, of Aurora, Lawrence County, Mo.; and L. S. Meyer, F. S. Heffernan, Robert A. Moore, William H. Johnson, J. P. McCammon, M. W. Colbaugh, and W. H. Schreiber, of Springfield, Greene County, Mo., to construct a dam across the James River, in Stone County, Mo., and to divert a portion of its waters through a tunnel into the said river again to create electric power; to the Committee on Commerce.

By Mr. CLAY:

A bill (S. 575) for the relief of Eugene J. O'Conner and J. B. Schweers; to the Committee on Claims.

By Mr. TAYLOR:

A bill (S. 576) granting an increase of pension to Caloway G. Tucker; and

A bill (S. 577) granting a pension to Will H. Mullins; to the Committee on Pensions.

A bill (S. 578) to erect a post-office building in the city of Morristown, Tenn.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

A bill (S. 579) to correct the lineal and relative rank of certain officers of the United States Army and to prevent the recurrence of like cases by amending the act approved October 1, 1890, entitled "An act to provide for the examination of certain officers of the army and to regulate promotion therein" (with an accompanying paper); to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. RAYNER:

A bill (S. 580) for the relief of Samuel H. Walker; and

A bill (S. 581) to pay Leopold Luchs moneys laid out and expended by him in the improvement of a tract of ground in the District of Columbia, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Claims.

By Mr. SHIVELY:

A bill (S. 582) granting an increase of pension to Thomas B. Hedges;

A bill (S. 583) granting an increase of pension to Hugh Berryman;

A bill (S. 584) granting an increase of pension to John A. Clemans; and

A bill (S. 585) granting an increase of pension to William Runyan; to the Committee on Pensions.

By Mr. JONES:

A bill (S. 586) granting a pension to William S. Davidson;

A bill (S. 587) granting an increase of pension to Snyder D. Freeland;

A bill (S. 588) granting an increase of pension to Charles T. Shepard;

A bill (S. 589) granting an increase of pension to Fidelana Whitehead;

A bill (S. 590) granting an increase of pension to David L. Smith;

A bill (S. 591) granting an increase of pension to Charles W. Sager;

A bill (S. 592) granting a pension to C. A. Bills; and

A bill (S. 593) granting a pension to Sarah A. Waite; to the Committee on Pensions.

By Mr. CULBERSON:

(By request) A bill (S. 594) for the relief of W. R. Trotter and others (with an accompanying paper); and

A bill (S. 595) for the relief of the estate of W. C. York; to the Committee on Claims.

By Mr. LA FOLLETTE:

A bill (S. 596) to amend an act entitled "An act to regulate commerce," approved February 4, 1887, and all acts amendatory

thereof, and to enlarge the powers of the Interstate Commerce Commission; to the Committee on Interstate Commerce.

A bill (S. 597) reserving from entry and sale the mineral rights to coal and other minerals mined for fuel, oil, gas, or asphalt upon or underlying the public lands of the United States, and providing for the entry of the surface of public lands underlain with or containing coal or other minerals mined for fuel, oil, gas, or asphalt, and providing for the leasing of the mineral rights in such lands; to the Committee on Public Lands.

A bill (S. 598) providing for the valuation of the segregated coal and asphalt lands and the surplus lands in the Choctaw and Chickasaw nations and of the surplus lands in the Creek Nation, in the State of Oklahoma, and for the sale of the surface and the disposition of the mineral rights therein; and

A bill (S. 599) providing for the valuation of the segregated coal and asphalt lands in the Choctaw and Chickasaw nations, in the State of Oklahoma, and for the sale of the surface and the disposition of the mineral rights therein; to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

By Mr. BRIGGS:

A bill (S. 600) appropriating \$10,000 to aid in the erection of a monument in memory of the late President James A. Garfield, at Long Branch, N. J.; to the Committee on the Library.

By Mr. CRAWFORD:

A bill (S. 601) to provide for the government of the Canal Zone, the construction of the Panama Canal, and for other purposes; to the Committee on Interoceanic Canals.

A bill (S. 602) granting an increase of pension to Joel N. Shelton (with accompanying papers);

A bill (S. 603) granting an increase of pension to Hiram Stata (with accompanying papers);

A bill (S. 604) granting an increase of pension to Monroe Masterson (with accompanying papers); and

A bill (S. 605) granting an increase of pension to Jacob Buchman (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on Pensions.

By Mr. SCOTT:

A bill (S. 606) granting an increase of pension to William H. Hall (with accompanying papers); and

A bill (S. 607) granting an increase of pension to Frederick Fouce; to the Committee on Pensions.

By Mr. LODGE:

A bill (S. 608) correcting the military records of Charles T. Gallagher and Samuel H. Proctor (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on Military Affairs.

A bill (S. 609) incorporating the National Institute of Arts and Letters; and

A bill (S. 610) incorporating the American Academy of Arts and Letters; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

A bill (S. 611) to restore to the active list of the United States Navy the name of Commodore Charles Plummer Perkins, United States Navy, retired; to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

By Mr. NELSON:

A bill (S. 614) to amend an act entitled "An act for the relief of Dewitt Eastman," approved January 8, 1909; and

A bill (S. 615) for the relief of Daniel Wells; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

A bill (S. 616) to amend section 8 of an act entitled "An act making appropriations for the legislative, executive, and judicial expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897, and for other purposes," approved May 28, 1896, relative to the expense allowance of United States attorneys and assistants while absent from their official residences on official business;

A bill (S. 617) to authorize the issuance of special bench warrants in certain criminal cases;

A bill (S. 618) to amend an act entitled "An act to establish a uniform system of bankruptcy throughout the United States," approved July 1, 1898, as amended by the act of February 5, 1903;

A bill (S. 619) to provide an additional circuit judge for the eighth circuit; and

A bill (S. 620) to regulate the judicial procedure of the courts of the United States; to the Committee on the Judiciary.

A bill (S. 621) to amend sections 2325 and 2326 of the Revised Statutes of the United States; to the Committee on Public Lands.

A bill (S. 622) to increase the limit of cost for the acquisition of additional land for the site of the new post-office and court-house at Duluth, Minn.; to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds.

A bill (S. 623) authorizing national banking associations to make loans on real-estate security in certain cases; to the Committee on Finance.

A bill (S. 624) to amend an act entitled "An act authorizing the construction of additional light-house districts," approved June 26, 1886; to the Committee on Commerce.

A bill (S. 625) to amend an act entitled "An act to define and punish crimes in the district of Alaska, and to provide a code of criminal procedure for said district," approved March 3, 1899; and

A bill (S. 626) to amend the act of Congress approved March 3, 1903, entitled "An act to amend section 1 of the act of Congress approved March 14, 1898, entitled 'An act extending the homestead laws and providing for a right of way for railroads in the district of Alaska;'" to the Committee on Territories.

A bill (S. 627) to establish a fish-cultural station in the State of Minnesota; to the Committee on Fisheries.

A bill (S. 628) granting an increase of pension to Josephine Barnard;

A bill (S. 629) granting an increase of pension to Laura M. Hoard;

A bill (S. 630) granting an increase of pension to Henry F. Sanford;

A bill (S. 631) to amend the pension laws of the United States;

A bill (S. 632) granting an increase of pension to Charles J. Decker;

A bill (S. 633) granting an increase of pension to Harrison Sloggy; and

A bill (S. 634) granting an increase of pension to Daniel W. Ingersoll; to the Committee on Pensions.

By Mr. CLARK of Wyoming:

A bill (S. 635) for the relief of J. Blair Schoenfelt, former United States Indian agent, Union Agency, Okla.; to the Committee on Claims.

By Mr. GORE:

A bill (S. 636) making appropriation to defray expenses of delegates to the constitutional convention of the State of Oklahoma; to the Committee on Territories.

A bill (S. 637) for the distribution of the funds of the Five Civilized Tribes; to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

A bill (S. 638) authorizing national banking associations to conform to state laws levying a tax or assessment to secure depositors; to the Committee on Finance.

A bill (S. 639) granting a pension to Noah E. Curtis; to the Committee on Pensions.

By Mr. GAMBLE:

A bill (S. 640) authorizing the creation of a land district in the State of South Dakota to be known as the "Le Beau land district;" to the Committee on Public Lands.

A bill (S. 641) extending the provisions of existing pension laws to the officers and privates, their widows, children, and dependent parents, of the "Dakota Militia of 1862 and 1863;"

A bill (S. 642) to extend the benefits of the act of June 27, 1890, to the members of the company of Indian scouts under command of Brig. Gen. Alfred Sully in 1864 and 1865; and

A bill (S. 643) granting an increase of pension to Thomas E. Stanley; to the Committee on Pensions.

A bill (S. 644) to amend section 3 of an act entitled "An act to amend and further extend the benefits of the act approved February 8, 1887, entitled 'An act to provide for the allotment of land in severalty to Indians on the various reservations and to extend the protection of the laws of the United States over the Indians, and for other purposes;'" to the Committee on Indian Affairs.

By Mr. PERKINS:

A bill (S. 645) for the relief of Arthur G. Fisk (with an accompanying paper); and

A bill (S. 646) for the relief of the estate of Julius Jacobs (with an accompanying paper); to the Committee on Claims.

By Mr. HALE (by request):

A bill (S. 647) for the relief of Marion B. Patterson; to the Committee on Claims.

By Mr. CHAMBERLAIN:

A bill (S. 648) granting an increase of pension to George W. Peters;

A bill (S. 649) granting an increase of pension to George Pierce;

A bill (S. 650) granting a pension to Cook Gamble;

A bill (S. 651) granting an increase of pension to George W. Hayden; and

A bill (S. 652) granting increase of pensions to survivors of the Indian wars under the acts of July 27, 1892, and June 27, 1902; to the Committee on Pensions.

By Mr. CLAPP:

A bill (S. 653) to amend an act entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An act to regulate commerce,' approved February 4, 1887, and all acts amendatory thereof, to enlarge the powers

of the Interstate Commerce Commission, approved June 20, 1906;" to the Committee on Interstate Commerce.

A bill (S. 654) granting an increase of pension to Charles Richter;

A bill (S. 655) granting a pension to Alma C. Maxey;

A bill (S. 656) granting an increase of pension to Robert A. Hare;

A bill (S. 657) granting a pension to Emily A. Horsefield;

A bill (S. 658) granting an increase of pension to Joseph Robichaud;

A bill (S. 659) granting a pension to Regina Ebert;

A bill (S. 660) granting a pension to Julia Coolen;

A bill (S. 661) granting a pension to John Dillon;

A bill (S. 662) granting an increase of pension to Ezra R. Lathrop;

A bill (S. 663) granting an increase of pension to Merton Stancliff (with accompanying papers);

A bill (S. 664) granting an increase of pension to William Barlow (with accompanying papers);

A bill (S. 665) granting an increase of pension to Mitchell S. Barney (with accompanying papers);

A bill (S. 666) granting an increase of pension to Phillip Sutton (with accompanying papers);

A bill (S. 667) granting an increase of pension to William D. Lovelace (with accompanying papers); and

A bill (S. 668) granting an increase of pension to Charles H. Enos (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on Pensions.

By Mr. CURTIS:

A bill (S. 669) granting an increase of pension to Samuel Radcliff;

A bill (S. 670) granting an increase of pension to Ira T. Belden (with accompanying papers);

A bill (S. 671) granting an increase of pension to Parley S. McCracken;

A bill (S. 672) granting an increase of pension to Henry Mott;

A bill (S. 673) granting an increase of pension to William H. Jones (with an accompanying paper);

A bill (S. 674) granting an increase of pension to Joshua B. Shumate;

A bill (S. 675) granting an increase of pension to Young S. Slater;

A bill (S. 676) granting an increase of pension to Soloman Kindt (with accompanying papers);

A bill (S. 677) granting an increase of pension to George D. Anderson;

A bill (S. 678) granting an increase of pension to J. C. Milton (with accompanying papers);

A bill (S. 679) granting an increase of pension to Charles H. Golden (with accompanying papers);

A bill (S. 680) granting an increase of pension to Harrison L. McGinness;

A bill (S. 681) granting an increase of pension to Edward J. O'Donnell;

A bill (S. 682) granting an increase of pension to John W. McDaniels;

A bill (S. 683) granting an increase of pension to William H. Scott;

A bill (S. 684) granting an increase of pension to Jacob Martin;

A bill (S. 685) granting a pension to Annie E. Shout (with accompanying papers); and

A bill (S. 686) granting an increase of pension to Henry C. Suess.

A bill (S. 687) granting an increase of pension to Calvin Gibbons;

A bill (S. 688) granting an increase of pension to W. M. Nace;

A bill (S. 689) granting an increase of pension to Armstead Fletcher;

A bill (S. 690) granting an increase of pension to Eli Lewis;

A bill (S. 691) granting an increase of pension to Elol J. Hotton;

A bill (S. 692) granting an increase of pension to Hiram D. Brown;

A bill (S. 693) granting an increase of pension to Jonathan Emert;

A bill (S. 694) granting an increase of pension to Josiah C. Ury;

A bill (S. 695) granting an increase of pension to F. M. Ricards;

A bill (S. 696) granting a pension to Terressa Jane Hoyt (with an accompanying paper);

A bill (S. 697) granting an increase of pension to Simon B. Madden;

A bill (S. 698) granting an increase of pension to William E. Puett;
 A bill (S. 699) granting an increase of pension to Harry E. Wagner;
 A bill (S. 700) granting a pension to Catherine Madden;
 A bill (S. 701) granting an increase of pension to Lyman Aldrich;
 A bill (S. 702) granting an increase of pension to John L. Langdon;
 A bill (S. 703) granting a pension to Mrs. John S. Brannan;
 A bill (S. 704) granting a pension to A. C. Constant;
 A bill (S. 705) granting an increase of pension to H. Clay Harman;
 A bill (S. 706) granting a pension to Purdis Ludington;
 A bill (S. 707) granting an increase of pension to Benjamin McElroy;
 A bill (S. 708) granting an increase of pension to George E. Ray;
 A bill (S. 709) granting a pension to Eliza P. Tagart;
 A bill (S. 710) granting a pension to Alexander R. Banks;
 A bill (S. 711) granting an increase of pension to Richard Burnside;
 A bill (S. 712) granting an increase of pension to Richard H. Bartlett;
 A bill (S. 713) granting a pension to Nancy L. Flew;
 A bill (S. 714) granting an increase of pension to F. B. Fritz;
 A bill (S. 715) granting an increase of pension to Charles Dreyer;
 A bill (S. 716) granting an increase of pension to Josiah Wilcox;
 A bill (S. 717) granting an increase of pension to Thomas S. White;
 A bill (S. 718) granting an increase of pension to Charles Williams;
 A bill (S. 719) granting an increase of pension to Norman A. Rupe (with an accompanying paper);
 A bill (S. 720) granting an increase of pension to A. F. Wade;
 A bill (S. 721) granting an increase of pension to John W. Riffe;
 A bill (S. 722) granting an increase of pension to James M. Stanley;
 A bill (S. 723) granting an increase of pension to George W. James;
 A bill (S. 724) granting an increase of pension to Nat G. Buster;
 A bill (S. 725) granting a pension to Emilie J. Raff;
 A bill (S. 726) granting an increase of pension to John Brannan;
 A bill (S. 727) granting an increase of pension to Almon Sparling;
 A bill (S. 728) granting an increase of pension to Alfred Hemmant (with accompanying papers); and
 A bill (S. 729) granting an increase of pension to Jesse F. Snow (with accompanying papers); to the Committee on Pensions.
 By Mr. BURTON:
 A bill (S. 730) for the relief of the several States under the act of July 8, 1898, and acts amendatory thereto; and
 A bill (S. 731) for the relief of Mary Sherman McCallum; to the Committee on Claims.
 A bill (S. 732) granting an increase of pension to Elizabeth P. Boggis;
 A bill (S. 733) granting an increase of pension to A. H. Bash;
 A bill (S. 734) granting an increase of pension to Edmund B. Updegrave;
 A bill (S. 735) granting an increase of pension to Charles Reader;
 A bill (S. 736) granting an increase of pension to Daniel W. Graham;
 A bill (S. 737) granting a pension to Charles Keyerleber;
 A bill (S. 738) granting an increase of pension to William D. Parlin;
 A bill (S. 739) granting an increase of pension to John M. Fitzpatrick;
 A bill (S. 740) granting an increase of pension to Alexander Bradley;
 A bill (S. 741) granting an increase of pension to Charles Davis; and
 A bill (S. 742) granting an increase of pension to Thomas Mulhall; to the Committee on Pensions.
 By Mr. BURNHAM:
 A bill (S. 743) granting a pension to Verona Harriman;
 A bill (S. 744) granting an increase of pension to John B. Holt;

A bill (S. 745) granting an increase of pension to Augustus P. Horne;
 A bill (S. 746) granting an increase of pension to Merrill Johnson;
 A bill (S. 747) granting an increase of pension to John H. Johonnett;
 A bill (S. 748) granting an increase of pension to Dana H. McDuffee;
 A bill (S. 749) granting an increase of pension to Ransom Manning;
 A bill (S. 750) granting an increase of pension to Charles W. Mansfield;
 A bill (S. 751) granting an increase of pension to Hosea Q. Mason;
 A bill (S. 752) granting an increase of pension to Charles W. Perley; and
 A bill (S. 753) granting an increase of pension to Henry S. Perry; to the Committee on Pensions.
 By Mr. SUTHERLAND:
 A bill (S. 754) granting an increase of pension to Franklin Wilcox;
 A bill (S. 755) granting an increase of pension to Henry W. Charter;
 A bill (S. 756) granting an increase of pension to George W. Muncy;
 A bill (S. 757) granting an increase of pension to Edwin Kerns;
 A bill (S. 758) granting a pension to Samuel Garn;
 A bill (S. 759) granting a pension to Persis M. McKee; and
 A bill (S. 760) granting a pension to A. J. Staley; to the Committee on Pensions.
 By Mr. WARNER:
 A bill (S. 761) granting an increase of pension to John R. Wilson;
 A bill (S. 762) granting an increase of pension to John H. Bird;
 A bill (S. 763) granting an increase of pension to James M. Silvers;
 A bill (S. 764) granting an increase of pension to Dollie Taylor;
 A bill (S. 765) granting an increase of pension to Mary E. Wrigley;
 A bill (S. 766) granting an increase of pension to Allen Davis;
 A bill (S. 767) granting a pension to Catherine Wagener;
 A bill (S. 768) granting a pension to Jacob Scott;
 A bill (S. 769) granting a pension to George W. Morgan;
 A bill (S. 770) granting a pension to Thomas Seal;
 A bill (S. 771) granting a pension to James N. Snodgrass;
 A bill (S. 772) granting an increase of pension to George T. Hayes;
 A bill (S. 773) granting an increase of pension to William H. Howell;
 A bill (S. 774) granting an increase of pension to Andrew Douglas;
 A bill (S. 775) granting an increase of pension to Henry M. White;
 A bill (S. 776) granting an increase of pension to Charles Muhlbach;
 A bill (S. 777) granting an increase of pension to Austin Shinn;
 A bill (S. 778) granting an increase of pension to Alvin Mitchell;
 A bill (S. 779) granting an increase of pension to John H. Morrison;
 A bill (S. 780) granting an increase of pension to David F. Johnson;
 A bill (S. 781) granting an increase of pension to James Robinson;
 A bill (S. 782) granting an increase of pension to Albert Slates;
 A bill (S. 783) granting an increase of pension to John H. Poynter;
 A bill (S. 784) granting an increase of pension to James M. Beal;
 A bill (S. 785) granting an increase of pension to Collins South;
 A bill (S. 786) granting a pension to Mary E. Williams;
 A bill (S. 787) granting a pension to Mary Riffe;
 A bill (S. 788) granting an increase of pension to Simeon Lesley;
 A bill (S. 789) granting an increase of pension to Simeon K. Howe;
 A bill (S. 790) granting an increase of pension to William S. Woodford;

A bill (S. 791) granting an increase of pension to Jacob Yoachim;

A bill (S. 792) granting a pension to Robert F. Jones;

A bill (S. 793) granting a pension to Sudie Hopkins;

A bill (S. 794) granting a pension to James A. Church;

A bill (S. 795) granting an increase of pension to Jerome N. Gesnier;

A bill (S. 796) granting a pension to Michael Champlain;

A bill (S. 797) granting an increase of pension to George W. Wade;

A bill (S. 798) granting an increase of pension to Charles E. Collins;

A bill (S. 799) granting an increase of pension to Josiah U. Luyster;

A bill (S. 800) granting an increase of pension to Lee W. Putnam;

A bill (S. 801) granting an increase of pension to John Dixon;

A bill (S. 802) granting an increase of pension to Sylvester M. Johnson;

A bill (S. 803) granting an increase of pension to Gustavus Bishop;

A bill (S. 804) granting a pension to John F. Mitchell;

A bill (S. 805) granting a pension to Joseph B. Harriford;

A bill (S. 806) granting a pension to James P. Hopkins;

A bill (S. 807) granting a pension to Joseph K. Boone;

A bill (S. 808) granting an increase of pension to John P. Todhunter;

A bill (S. 809) granting a pension to William H. Thomas;

A bill (S. 810) granting a pension to John H. Priestley;

A bill (S. 811) granting a pension to Elizabeth P. Wethers;

A bill (S. 812) granting an increase of pension to Herman Schubert;

A bill (S. 813) granting a pension to Herman Ruch; and

A bill (S. 814) to amend section No. 3 of an act entitled "An act in amendment of sections 2 and 3 of an act entitled 'An act granting pensions to soldiers and sailors who are incapacitated for the performance of manual labor and providing for pensions to widows, minor children, and dependent parents,' approved June 27, 1890," approved May 9, 1900; to the Committee on Pensions.

A bill (S. 815) for the relief of Sanger & Moody; to the Committee on Claims.

A bill (S. 816) to prevent the desecration of the American flag; to the Committee on the Judiciary;

A bill (S. 817) for the relief of Jacob John Locher;

A bill (S. 818) to empower the Secretary of War to allow burial of wives of deceased enlisted men in national cemeteries in the same graves as deceased soldiers; and

A bill (S. 819) to correct the military record of Rudolph Kraut; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. NELSON:

A joint resolution (S. J. R. 6) authorizing the Secretary of War to award the congressional medal of honor to Guy C. Pierce and Thomas H. Nolan; to the Committee on Military Affairs.

By Mr. GORE:

A joint resolution (S. J. R. 7) proposing an amendment to the Constitution providing that Senators shall be elected by the people of the several States; to the Committee on Privileges and Elections; and

A joint resolution (S. J. R. 8) proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States providing for the levy and collection of an income tax; to the Committee on Finance.

LODE CLAIMS IN ALASKA.

Mr. NELSON introduced a bill (S. 612) to modify the law pertaining to the acquisition and holding of lode claims in the district of Alaska, which was read twice by its title.

The VICE-PRESIDENT. The bill will be referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

Mr. KEAN. As I heard the title of the bill read it is in regard to Alaska, and it was referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining, whereas it ought to go to the Committee on Territories.

Mr. CLARK of Wyoming. I somewhat doubt the judgment of the Senator as to that. It seems that it is a bill in regard to mines, and it should go to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

Mr. KEAN. The Committee on Territories has entire charge of all business relating to Alaska.

Mr. CLARK of Wyoming. That does not make any difference. I can see no more reason why this bill should go to the Committee on Territories than one relating to mines in New Mexico.

Mr. KEAN. I will only say to the Senator that it has been the custom to send all such bills to the Committee on Territories. I ask that the bill be referred to the Committee on Territories.

The VICE-PRESIDENT. The Chair had referred the bill to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

Mr. KEAN. I ask that the reference be changed to the Committee on Territories.

The VICE-PRESIDENT. The Senator from New Jersey asks that the bill be referred to the Committee on Territories. Is there objection?

Mr. DICK. Mr. President, I desire to lodge an objection against the request.

The VICE-PRESIDENT. Objection is made; and the bill will be referred to the Committee on Mines and Mining.

CONSERVATION OF TIMBER RESOURCES.

Mr. NELSON introduced a bill (S. 613) relating to the conservation of the timber resources of the United States, which was read twice by its title and referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

Mr. DOLLIVER. The bill appears to have been referred, by request of the Senator from Minnesota, to the Committee on Public Lands, whereas it would seem by its title to belong to the Committee on Conservation of National Resources. At least it would seem that if such a bill does not belong to the Committee on Conservation of National Resources, that committee would look in vain for any tangible jurisdiction.

The VICE-PRESIDENT. At the request of the Senator from Minnesota the bill was referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

Mr. NELSON. Mr. President, the bill involves the disposition of public lands. It was before the Committee on Public Lands at the last session, and I think it should now go to that committee, as it relates to the method of disposing of our public lands.

Mr. DOLLIVER. Very well.

TAXATION OF REAL ESTATE IN THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Mr. SCOTT. I ask leave to withdraw the bill (S. 114) taxing real estate in the District of Columbia, which was introduced by me by mistake.

The VICE-PRESIDENT. No objection is heard, and the bill is withdrawn.

AMENDMENTS TO SUNDRY CIVIL APPROPRIATION BILL.

Mr. NELSON submitted an amendment proposing to appropriate \$80,000 for the purchase, condemnation, or otherwise of land desirable for a new site for the post-office and courthouse at Duluth, Minn., etc., intended to be proposed by him to the sundry civil appropriation bill, which was referred to the Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds and ordered to be printed.

He also submitted an amendment relative to furnishing meals and lodging for jurors in certain cases, etc., intended to be proposed by him to the sundry civil appropriation bill, which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary and ordered to be printed.

He also submitted an amendment providing that hereafter the judges of the district courts of the United States shall be allowed the sum of \$6 per day as expenses for traveling, etc., intended to be proposed by him to the sundry civil appropriation bill, which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary and ordered to be printed.

COFFEE TRADE WITH CUBA.

Mr. DEPEW. I submit a resolution and ask for its present consideration.

The resolution (S. Res. 8) was read, as follows:

Senate resolution 8.

Resolved, That the Secretary of State be requested to transmit to the Senate of the United States all papers and correspondence between the Department of State and the Republic of Cuba in connection with the question of recognizing coffee roasted in the United States and exported to the Republic of Cuba, as being a product of the industry of the United States, so far as consistent with the public interests.

The VICE-PRESIDENT. Is there objection to the present consideration of the resolution?

Mr. CULBERSON. I ask that the resolution be read again. It does not seem to be in accordance with the general practice.

Mr. DEPEW. I think it better that the resolution should go to the Committee on Cuban Relations.

The VICE-PRESIDENT. Without objection, the resolution will be referred to the Committee on Cuban Relations. No objection is heard.

MAJ. PIERRE CHARLES L'ENFANT.

Mr. RAYNER submitted the following concurrent resolution (S. C. Res. 2), which was referred to the Committee on Rules:

Senate concurrent resolution 2.

Resolved by the Senate (the House of Representatives concurring), That the Commissioners of the District of Columbia are hereby granted the use of the Rotunda of the Capitol on the occasion of the removal of the remains of Maj. Pierre Charles L'Enfant from the present resting place, the Digges farm, in Prince George County, Md., to Arlington

National Cemetery, where the remains will be reinterred; such use of the Rotunda to be for a part of one day, and to be on such day, and under such supervision as may be approved by the President of the Senate and the Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Mr. CRANE subsequently, from the Committee on Rules, to whom was referred the foregoing concurrent resolution, reported it without amendment, and it was considered by unanimous consent and agreed to.

EMPLOYMENT OF ASSISTANT CLERK.

Mr. GUGGENHEIM submitted the following resolution (S. Res. 7), which was referred to the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate:

Senate resolution 7.

Resolved, That the Committee on the University of the United States be, and is hereby, authorized to employ an assistant clerk, to be paid from the contingent fund of the Senate, at the rate of \$1,440 per annum.

HEARINGS BEFORE THE COMMITTEE ON THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Mr. GALLINGER submitted the following resolution (S. Res. 11), which was referred to the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate:

Senate resolution 11.

Resolved, That the Committee on the District of Columbia, or any subcommittee thereof, be authorized to send for persons and papers and to administer oaths, and to employ a stenographer to report such hearings as may be had in connection with any subject which may be pending before said committee; that the committee may sit during the sessions or recesses of the Senate; and that the expense thereof be paid out of the contingent fund of the Senate.

PRINTING FOR THE COMMITTEE ON THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Mr. GALLINGER. I submit the resolution which I send to the desk, and ask unanimous consent for its present consideration.

The resolution (S. Res. 9) was read, as follows:

Senate resolution 9.

Resolved, That authority is granted to print and bind, for the use of the Committee on the District of Columbia, such papers and documents as may be deemed necessary in connection with subjects heretofore considered or to be considered by said committee during the Sixty-first Congress.

The VICE-PRESIDENT. Is there objection to the present consideration of the resolution?

Mr. KEAN. What is the resolution?

Mr. GALLINGER. It is the usual printing resolution.

Mr. CULBERSON. I ask the Senator from New Hampshire if, under the rules, the resolution ought not to go to the Committee on Printing, to examine into the probable cost of the proposed printing?

Mr. GALLINGER. The cost could not possibly be ascertained. Similar resolutions have been passed during the last five Congresses. The Committee on the District of Columbia has hearings from time to time, and the committee wishes the privilege of printing those hearings. It is an inconsequential matter. The committee has been in the habit of doing it for a long time.

Mr. CULBERSON. It is the customary resolution?

Mr. GALLINGER. Yes; it is the customary resolution.

Mr. CULBERSON. Under the circumstances I shall not object, but I understand the rule to be that if the cost of printing exceeds \$500 the resolution must go to the Committee on Printing or to the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate.

Mr. GALLINGER. I will say to the Senator that the printing under the resolution will cost very much less than that; and in the very nature of things we could not anticipate the exact cost.

Mr. CULBERSON. The Senator is sure, however, that the cost of printing will be less than \$500?

Mr. GALLINGER. I certainly can give the Senator that assurance.

Mr. CULBERSON. Very well; then it is within the rule.

The resolution was considered by unanimous consent and agreed to.

EDWARD A. KEELER.

Mr. CULLOM submitted the following resolution (S. Res. 10), which was referred to the Committee to Audit and Control the Contingent Expenses of the Senate:

Senate resolution 10.

Resolved, That the Sergeant-at-Arms of the Senate is hereby directed to place the name of Edward A. Keeler on the employees' roll of the Senate, to date from and after the passage of this resolution, at the rate of \$1,440 per annum, to be paid out of the contingent fund of the Senate pending further provision by law, and that such employment be continued until otherwise ordered by the Senate.

THE CONGRESSIONAL RECORD.

The VICE-PRESIDENT laid before the Senate concurrent resolution 12 from the House of Representatives, which was referred to the Committee on Printing, as follows:

House concurrent resolution 12.

Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate concurring), That during the present session of Congress there shall be printed and allotted for distribution to each Member of the House of Representatives 40 copies and to each Senator 60 copies of the daily CONGRESSIONAL RECORD in addition to the number now provided by law, but no portion of said additional quota shall be reserved for binding.

EXECUTIVE SESSION.

Mr. CULLOM. I move that the Senate proceed to the consideration of executive business.

The motion was agreed to, and the Senate proceeded to the consideration of executive business. After fifteen minutes spent in executive session the doors were reopened, and (at 1 o'clock and 15 minutes p. m.) the Senate adjourned until Monday, March 29, 1909, at 12 o'clock meridian.

NOMINATIONS.

Executive nominations received by the Senate March 25, 1909.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF COMMERCE AND LABOR.

Ormsby McHarg, of North Dakota, to be Assistant Secretary of Commerce and Labor, vice William R. Wheeler, resigned.

COLLECTOR OF CUSTOMS.

Charles A. Judson, of Ohio, to be collector of customs for the district of Sandusky, in the State of Ohio. To fill an existing vacancy.

AMBASSADOR TO ITALY.

John G. A. Leishman, of Pennsylvania, now ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary to Turkey, to be ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the United States of America to Italy, vice Lloyd C. Griscom, resigned.

ENVOYS EXTRAORDINARY AND MINISTERS PLENIPOTENTIARY.

Henry Clay Ide, of Vermont, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States of America to Spain, vice William Miller Collier, resigned.

Charles H. Sherrill, of New York, to be envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary of the United States of America to the Argentine Republic, vice Huntington Wilson, appointed Assistant Secretary of State.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGES.

Thomas R. Lyons, of Alaska, to be United States district judge, first division, district of Alaska, vice Royal A. Gunnison, whose term expired December 11, 1908.

Charles P. Orr, of Pennsylvania, to be United States district judge, western district of Pennsylvania. An additional appointment, authorized by the act of Congress approved February 26, 1909.

UNITED STATES ATTORNEYS.

Cornelius D. Murane, of Alaska, to be United States attorney, third division, district of Alaska, commencing July 1, 1909, under the provisions of the act of Congress approved March 3, 1909 (Public, No. 322).

George B. Curtiss, of New York, to be United States attorney for the northern district of New York. A reappointment, his term having expired on June 4, 1908.

Henry A. Wise, of New York, to be United States attorney for the southern district of New York, vice Henry L. Stimson, resigned.

William G. Wheeler, of Wisconsin, to be United States attorney for the western district of Wisconsin. A reappointment, his term having expired January 22, 1909.

PROMOTIONS IN THE ARMY.

CAVALRY ARM.

Lieut. Col. Levi P. Hunt, Second Cavalry, to be colonel from March 23, 1909, vice Hickey, Fourteenth Cavalry, retired from active service.

Maj. Edwin P. Andrus, Third Cavalry, to be lieutenant-colonel from March 23, 1909, vice Hunt, Second Cavalry, promoted.

Capt. Daniel L. Tate, Third Cavalry, to be major from March 23, 1909, vice Andrus, Third Cavalry, promoted.

First Lieut. William H. Winters, Thirteenth Cavalry, to be captain from March 23, 1909, vice Tate, Third Cavalry, promoted.

INFANTRY ARM.

Capt. Walter H. Gordon, Eighteenth Infantry, to be major from March 23, 1909, vice Brownne, Second Infantry, deceased.

Second Lieut. John McE. Pruyn, Fourteenth Infantry, to be first lieutenant from December 2, 1908, vice Hawkins, Twenty-seventh Infantry, promoted.

Second Lieut. Henry W. Fleet, Second Infantry, to be first lieutenant from December 9, 1908, vice Hegeman, Nineteenth Infantry, promoted.

Second Lieut. Francis H. Burr, Third Infantry, to be first lieutenant from December 11, 1908, vice Tarlton, First Infantry, retired from active service.

Second Lieut. John C. Ashburn, Fifth Infantry, to be first lieutenant from December 24, 1908, vice Hadsell, Nineteenth Infantry, promoted.

Second Lieut. Robert T. Phinney, Twelfth Infantry, to be first lieutenant from February 28, 1909, vice Feeter, Seventh Infantry, promoted.

Second Lieut. Hugh M. Kelly, Twenty-sixth Infantry, to be first lieutenant from March 6, 1909, vice Rains, Twentieth Infantry, dropped for desertion.

PROMOTIONS IN THE NAVY.

Commander Richard T. Mulligan to be a captain in the navy from the 11th day of March, 1909, vice Capt. Albert F. Dixon, deceased.

Lieut. Commander William H. G. Bullard to be a commander in the navy from the 25th day of February, 1909, vice Commander Henry C. Gearing, retired.

Ensign Darrell P. Wickersham to be a lieutenant (junior grade) in the navy from the 2d day of February, 1909, upon the completion of three years' service in present grade.

Lieut. (Junior Grade) Darrell P. Wickersham to be a lieutenant in the navy from the 2d day of February, 1909, to fill a vacancy existing in that grade on that date.

CHIEF JUSTICE, SUPREME COURT OF PORTO RICO.

José Conrado Hernandez, of Porto Rico, to be chief justice of the supreme court of Porto Rico, vice José Severo Quinones, deceased.

ASSOCIATE JUSTICE, SUPREME COURT OF PORTO RICO.

Emilio Toro y Cuevas, of Porto Rico, to be associate justice of the supreme court of Porto Rico, vice José Conrado Hernandez, nominated to be chief justice.

REGISTER OF THE LAND OFFICE.

John W. Miller, of Wisconsin, to be register of the land office at Wausau, Wis., his term having expired. (Reappointment.)

RECEIVER OF PUBLIC MONEYS.

Minor S. Williams, of Minot, N. Dak., to be receiver of public moneys at Williston, N. Dak., vice Victor Chaffee, deceased, and John P. McDowell, temporary appointee.

POSTMASTERS.

ALABAMA.

Newman H. Freeman to be postmaster at Haleyville (late Haleysville), Ala. Office became presidential January 1, 1909, and to change name of office.

ILLINOIS.

William D. Hardy to be postmaster at Taylorville, Ill., in place of James R. Smith, resigned.

IOWA.

J. W. Jarnagin to be postmaster at Cedar Falls, Iowa, in place of Edward A. Snyder. Incumbent's commission expired December 14, 1907.

KANSAS.

Robert H. Montgomery to be postmaster at Oswego, Kans., in place of Jared C. Richcreek. Incumbent's commission expired December 14, 1908.

KENTUCKY.

Mike Hughes to be postmaster at Shelbyville, Ky., in place of Ludlow F. Petty, resigned.

MARYLAND.

William P. Miller to be postmaster at Forest Glen, Md. Office became presidential January 1, 1908.

MICHIGAN.

Cash B. Herman to be postmaster at Carleton, Mich. Office became presidential October 1, 1908.

MISSOURI.

Robert A. Booth to be postmaster at Buffalo, Mo., in place of Robert A. Booth. Incumbent's commission expired December 13, 1908.

Alexander T. Boothe to be postmaster at Pierce City, Mo., in place of Alexander T. Boothe. Incumbent's commission expired February 27, 1909.

James F. Rhea to be postmaster at Dixon, Mo. Office became presidential October 1, 1908.

NEBRASKA.

Lon Cone to be postmaster at McCook, Nebr., in place of Stuart B. McLean, deceased.

NEW JERSEY.

Herbert C. Farrand to be postmaster at Bloomfield, N. J., in place of George W. Heath, resigned.

NEW YORK.

Herbert B. Eaton to be postmaster at Youngstown, N. Y., in place of Herbert B. Eaton. Incumbent's commission expired January 6, 1909.

Archibald K. Fowler to be postmaster at Caledonia, N. Y., in place of Archibald K. Fowler. Incumbent's commission expired February 3, 1909.

Frederick S. Welch to be postmaster at Allegany, N. Y., in place of Henry E. Harms. Incumbent's commission expired January 18, 1908.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Jesse C. Randall to be postmaster at Bryson City, N. C. Office became presidential October 1, 1908.

OHIO.

Charles M. Trace to be postmaster at New Concord, Ohio, in place of George C. Watson. Incumbent's commission expired January 20, 1909.

OKLAHOMA.

John Coyle to be postmaster at Rush Springs, Okla. Office became presidential July 1, 1908.

G. L. Hamrick to be postmaster at Tuttle, Okla. Office became presidential January 1, 1909.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Thomas F. Bourke to be postmaster at Rossiter, Pa. Office became presidential July 1, 1908.

James Edward Butler to be postmaster at Ellwood City, Pa., in place of Robert A. Todd. Incumbent's commission expired January 30, 1909.

John B. Cox to be postmaster at Sheridanville, Pa., in place of Charles Wolfenden, resigned.

Joseph A. McClaran to be postmaster at Saltsburg, Pa., in place of Joseph A. McClaran. Incumbent's commission expired March 3, 1909.

David I. Stadden to be postmaster at Glen Campbell, Pa., in place of David I. Stadden. Incumbent's commission expired February 27, 1909.

James R. Underwood to be postmaster at Roscoe, Pa. Office became presidential October 1, 1908.

VIRGINIA.

Albert A. Evans to be postmaster at Mount Jackson, Va., in place of Albert A. Evans. Incumbent's commission expired March 17, 1909.

CONFIRMATIONS.

Executive nominations confirmed by the Senate March 25, 1909.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF COMMERCE AND LABOR.

Ormsby McHarg to be Assistant Secretary of Commerce and Labor.

RECEIVER OF PUBLIC MONEYS.

Minor S. Williams to be receiver of public moneys at Williston, N. Dak.

PROMOTIONS IN THE NAVY.

Lieut. Charles M. Tozer to be a lieutenant-commander.

Lieut. Leigh C. Palmer to be a lieutenant-commander.

The following-named lieutenant-commanders to be lieutenant-commanders:

Thomas D. Parker,

Jonas H. Holden,

Thomas T. Craven,

Daniel W. Wurtsbaugh,

Gatewood S. Lincoln,

Ivan C. Wettengel,

Wat T. Cluverius,

Albert W. Marshall,
Thomas A. Kearney,
Arthur MacArthur, jr., and
Frank E. Ridgely.

Lieut. Commander Robert E. Coontz to be a commander.
The following-named ensigns to be lieutenants (junior grade):

Andrew C. Pickens,
Paul P. Blackburn,
Forde A. Todd, and
Allen B. Reed.

The following-named lieutenants (junior grade) to be lieutenants:

Andrew C. Pickens,
Paul P. Blackburn,
Forde A. Todd, and
Allen B. Reed.

Midshipman Joseph S. Evans to be an ensign.

The following-named paymasters, with the rank of lieutenant, to be paymasters, with the rank of lieutenant-commander:

Timothy S. O'Leary,
George Brown, jr.,
Walter B. Izard,
David Potter,
Samuel Bryan,
Arthur F. Huntington,
Harry H. Balthis,
Charles Conrad,
William T. Gray,
George P. Dyer,
John W. Morse,
Robert H. Woods,
Robert H. Orr,
William A. Merritt,
John Irwin, jr.,
Webb V. H. Rose,
William H. Doherty,
Charles Morris, jr.,
Frederick K. Perkins, and
George C. Schafer.

The following-named assistant paymasters, with the rank of ensign, to be assistant paymasters, with the rank of lieutenant (junior grade):

Dallas B. Wainwright, jr.,
William H. Wilterdink,
George P. Shamer,
Harry H. Palmer,
Omar D. Conger,
John F. O'Mara,
Patrick T. M. Lathrop,
James P. Helm,
Byron D. Rogers,
Edward C. Little,
Frank H. Atkinson,
Frank Baldwin,
Manning H. Philbrick, and
Henry L. Beach.

Naval Constructor Richard H. Robinson, with the rank of lieutenant, to be a naval constructor with the rank of lieutenant-commander.

The following-named assistant naval constructors, with the rank of lieutenant (junior grade), to be assistant naval constructors with the rank of lieutenant:

Fred G. Coburn,
Waldo P. Druley,
John E. Otterson,
Charles A. Harrington,
Herbert S. Howard,
Robert B. Hilliard, and
Edwin O. Fitch, jr.

POSTMASTERS.

GEORGIA.

Alice B. Bussey at Cuthbert, Ga.

ILLINOIS.

William D. Hardy at Taylorville, Ill.

KANSAS.

Charles K. Ware at Downs, Kans.

NEW YORK.

Edward Sautter at Lyons, N. Y.

PENNSYLVANIA.

John Cuncannon at Kennett Square, Pa.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THURSDAY, *March 25, 1909.*

The House met at 11 o'clock a. m.

Prayer by the Chaplain, Rev. Henry N. Couden, D. D.

The Journal of the proceedings of yesterday was read and approved.

THE TARIFF.

Mr. PAYNE. I move that the House resolve itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of House bill 1438.

The motion was agreed to.

Accordingly the House resolved itself into the Committee of the Whole House on the state of the Union for the further consideration of the bill H. R. 1438, the tariff bill, with Mr. OLMSTED in the chair.

Mr. STEVENS of Minnesota. Mr. Chairman, I desire to be recognized concerning a matter which is somewhat of personal privilege, and yet is of a public nature.

The newspapers of the country have made many statements in the last two days that I was engaged in the preparation of a bill for an income tax to carry out the policy of the administration of President Taft and that the President had given his official indorsement to such a measure. That is entirely wrong; and if allowed to go without immediate correction, it might lead to some possible embarrassment, or at least misunderstanding, as to the President and to his administration. So, under the circumstances, I desire to place on record exactly what has occurred and the purpose of it, and to place upon myself the entire responsibility for any measure which may be presented, and for that reason will ask about five minutes of the time of this committee.

When the National River and Harbor Congress met in Washington last December and resolved in favor of a large bond issue of \$500,000,000 for internal improvements, it seemed to me, as to many other Members of this House, that such a resolution in favor of a bond issue for such purposes was extremely unwise and dangerous, would imperil the national credit, and thus weaken the Nation as against possible future emergencies, and at the same time lead to needless and untold waste and extravagance. At the same time I realized the necessity, as I think we all do, that these great internal improvements must be made and properly provided for in some way, and some adequate way, too, which will satisfy the reasonable demands of the people that the waterways of the country will be speedily and well provided for. I think most of us also realize that the time is rapidly approaching when this Federal Government can no longer expect to derive its full income to defray the vast expenses of carrying on its varied operations entirely from the consuming capacity of the people. There must be some other method of raising revenue to care for the present and increasing future for carrying on the great purposes of the Federal Government. That seems to be recognized, in part, by the measure now before us for consideration.

The decision of Pollock against The Trust Company as to the income tax in the revenue act of 1894 has never been thoroughly satisfactory to the country. In the first case, in the One hundred and fifty-seventh United States, there were five points as to this law considered by the court. I shall not attempt to elaborate, but just to state what has actually occurred. There were two points actually decided in the first case as reported. One was that the tax on incomes from real estate was a direct tax; second, that under the Constitution Congress has no right to levy on the sovereign power of the States and tax the securities of States and their creatures—the municipalities.

In that decision there were three points expressly left undecided by the Supreme Court: First, whether or not these were separable from the other clauses of that law; second, whether or not the tax on personalty was a direct tax; third, the question of uniformity.

Upon the rehearing of this case, as reported in the One hundred and fifty-eighth United States, the court decided the invalid could not be separated from the valid portions of the law, so that all must fail. It further held that taxes on incomes from both real estate and personalty were direct taxes and so were invalid in that act. The question of uniformity was left undecided. So the law was decided to be unconstitutional for the foregoing reasons, which have dried up the sources of revenue from the great mass of concentrated wealth of the Nation best able to contribute to its maintenance and advancement.

Now, assuming that we need a largely increased revenue for the purpose of internal improvements; and, second, that the Federal Government ought to have the power to levy on the income of the aggregate wealth of this Nation; and, third, that