



ANNUAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 1983

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Balboa, Republic of Panama OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATOR

FROM THE ADMINISTRATOR

It is a pleasure to submit the fourth annual report of the Panama Canal Commission covering Canal operations for fiscal year 1983.

Fiscal year 1983 marked another successful year for the Panama Canal in terms of fulfilling its mission to provide safe, efficient transit service to international shipping. Noteworthy among the Commission's accomplishments were the acceleration of key maintenance projects, technological improvements to locks overhaul programs, the initiation of a second generation marine traffic control system designed to improve the surveillance and control of vessel traffic, and the implementation of a transit booking system allowing vessels to reserve a slot in the transit schedule. Additionally, a series of cost reduction measures, aimed at keeping operating costs down and minimizing the requirement for future toll rate increases, were implemented.

The actions represent significant achievements during a year in which worldwide recession in the maritime industry and the diversion of the Alaska North Slope oil trade to a trans-Panama pipeline resulted in a decline in vessel traffic and Canal operating revenues. Through effective austerity measures and the efforts of our dedicated and well-trained work force, operating expenditures were controlled without adverse impact on the waterway and the Canal continued to serve world commerce well, while covering all costs from its revenues.

The Canal improvement programs are producing results as evidenced by the virtual elimination of ship delays and the lowering of Canal Waters Time to about 20 hours on average, compared to the 33 hours registered in fiscal year 1982. This reduction in the time vessels spend in Canal waters was achieved even while transits by the largest vessels the Canal can accommodate—those of 100-foot beam and over—reached a record setting 20% of total oceangoing transits. Improved Canal service is also reflected in our safety record which showed a marked reduction in vessel accidents.

The accomplishments during the past year attest to the extraordinary contributions made by the men and women who work to keep the waterway operating efficiently. To retain these strengths in the challenging years ahead, training programs have been developed or expanded with emphasis on increased participation by qualified Panamanians. Panamanians now constitute over 75% of our work force and much of the increase has been in senior and supervisory positions. A number of collective bargaining agreements also were concluded during the year, establishing a positive and constructive relationship between the Commission and its employees.

Many challenges remain. Canal traffic levels have not yet returned to a pattern of sustained growth; however, we are confident that the Canal's future will be bright. Traffic levels are expected to turn upward in the years ahead and major projects important for the long term viability of the waterway will continue to be accomplished. The Panama Canal Commission remains fully committed to serving world trade with the standards of excellence that have been the tradition of the Panama Canal.

D. P. MCAULIFFE, Manual Administrator

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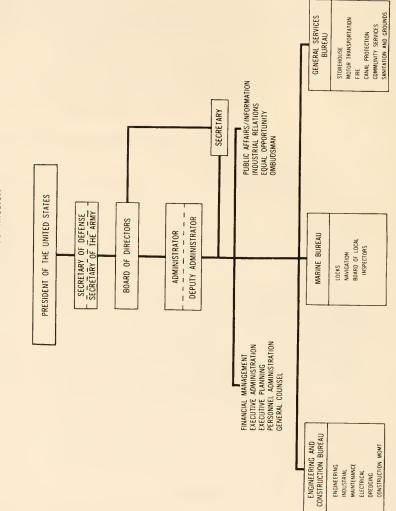
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August 1983

INTRODUCTION

ORGANIZATION

The Panama Canal Commission is an agency of the Executive Branch of the United States Government, provided for by the Panama Canal Treaty of 1977, and established by the Panama Canal Act of 1979 (93 Stat. 452; 22 U.S.C. 3601 et seq.), enacted September 27, 1979. The authority of the President of the United States with respect to the Commission is exercised through the Secretary of Defense and the Secretary of the Army. The Commission is supervised by a nine-member Board. Five members are nationals of the United States and four are Panamanians. Board members who are U.S. nationals are appointed by the President with the advice and consent of the Senate.

The Commission was established to carry out the responsibilities of the United States with respect to the Panama Canal under the Panama Canal Treaty of 1977. In fulfilling these obligations, the Commission manages, operates, and maintains the Canal, its complementary works, installations, and equipment, and provides for the orderly transit of vessels through the Canal. The Commission will perform these functions until the Treaty terminates on December 31, 1999, when the Republic of Panama will assume full responsibility for the Canal.

The Commission is expected to recover, through tolls and other revenues, all costs of operating and maintaining the Canal, including interest, depreciation, capital for plant replacement, expansion and improvements, and payments to the Republic of Panama for public services and annuities, in accordance with paragraph 5 of Article III and paragraphs 4(a) and (b) of Article XIII, respectively, of the Panama Canal Treaty of 1977. Revenues from tolls and all other sources are deposited in the U.S. Treasury in an account known as the Panama Canal Commission Fund. Appropriations for operating expenses and capital improvements are enacted annually by the Congress and are limited to the sum of the estimated receipts for the year, plus any unexpended balances in the Panama Canal Commission Fund.

THE CANAL

The Panama Canal is a lock-type canal approximately 51 miles long from deep water to deep water. The minimum width of the navigable channel is 500 feet. Navigable channel depth varies according to the amount of water available in Canal storage areas. The normal range of permissible transit draft is from 38 feet to 39 feet 6 inches tropical fresh water.

INTRODUCTION

Vessels transiting the Canal are raised in three steps to the level of Gatun Lake, the principal source of Canal water, then lowered to sea level again in three steps. The three sets of Canal locks are paired so as to permit simultaneous lockage of two vessels in the same direction or in opposite directions.

Since August 15, 1914, the official date of its opening, the Panama Canal has served world trade virtually without interruption. Through this fiscal year, a total of 625,510 vessels of all types have transited with 523,339 or 83.7 percent of the total being of the oceangoing commercial class.

TOLLS RATES

Panama Canal tolls rates were increased approximately 9.8 percent on March 12, 1983. Toll rates are: (a) On merchant vessels, Army and Navy transports, tankers, hospital ships, supply ships, and yachts, when carrying passengers or cargo: \$1.83 per net vessel ton of 100 cubic feet of actual earning capacity. Such tonnage is determined in accordance with the "Rules of Measurement of Vessels for the Panama Canal;" (b) on such vessels in ballast, without passengers or cargo: \$1.46 per net vessel ton; and (c) on other floating craft: \$1.02 per ton of displacement.

By treaty, the United States continues to provide to Colombia free transit through the Canal of its troops, materials of war, and ships of war.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS Beginning Fiscal Year 1983

Honorable WILLIAM R. GIANELLI, Chairman Assistant Secretary of the Army (Civil Works) Washington, D.C.

Honorable JOHN A. BUSHNELL Deputy Chief of Mission U.S. Embassy Buenos Aires, Argentina

Honorable PHILLIP DEAN BUTCHER B. (Member-designate) Vice President, Inter-American Regional Organization of Workers (ORIT) Panama, Republic of Panama

Honorable EDWIN FABREGA V. Director General Institute of Hydraulic Resources and Electrification (IRHE) Panama, Republic of Panama

Executive Committee Honorable WILLIAM R. GIANELLI, Chairman

Other members to be determined.

Honorable ANDREW E. GIBSON President, Delta Steamship Lines, Inc. Short Hills, New Jersey

Honorable TOMAS PAREDES R. Executive Director Executive Bureau for Panama Canal Treaty Affairs Panama, Republic of Panama

Honorable RICARDO A. RODRIGUEZ Panama, Republic of Panama

Honorable WILLIAM SIDELL Poway, California

Honorable WILLIAM W. WATKIN, Jr. Beaufort, South Carolina

OFFICIALS IN THE REPUBLIC OF PANAMA

OFFICIALS IN WASHINGTON, D.C.

Secretary MICHAEL RHODE, Jr.

INTRODUCTION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS Ending Fiscal Year 1983

Honorable WILLIAM R. GIANELLI, Chairman Assistant Secretary of the Army (Civil Works) Washington, D.C.

Honorable LUIS A. ANDERSON Vice Minister of Labor and Social Welfare Panama, Republic of Panama

Honorable JOHN A. BUSHNELL Deputy Chief of Mission U.S. Embassy Buenos Aires, Argentina

Honorable FERNANDO CARDOZE Panama, Republic of Panama Honorable ANDREW E. GIBSON Short Hills, New Jersey

Honorable OYDEN ORTEGA Minister of Foreign Relations Panama, Republic of Panama

Honorable CARLOS OZORES Ambassador to the United Nations Panama, Republic of Panama

Honorable WILLIAM SIDELL Poway, California

Honorable WILLIAM W. WATKIN, Jr. Beaufort, South Carolina

Executive Committee

Honorable WILLIAM R. GIANELLI, Chairman Honorable FERNANDO CARDOZE Honorable OYDEN ORTEGA Honorable WILLIAM SIDELL Honorable WILLIAM W. WATKIN, Jr.

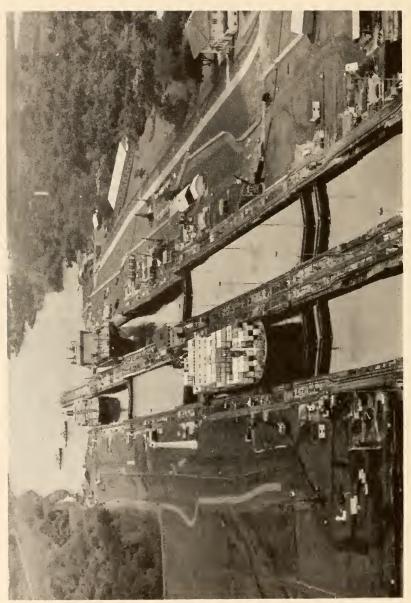
Cut Widening Feasibility Committee

Honorable FERNANDO CARDOZE, Chairman Honorable Andrew Gibson Honorable Oyden Ortega Honorable William W. Watkin, Jr.

OFFICIALS IN THE REPUBLIC OF PANAMA

OFFICIALS IN WASHINGTON, D.C.

Secretary MICHAEL RHODE, Jr.



Chapter I

CANAL TRAFFIC

TRAFFIC

Canal traffic and tolls revenue declined substantially during fiscal year 1983 as a result of the loss of the Alaska North Slope (ANS) oil trade to the trans-Panama pipeline system and the worldwide shipping recession. The oil pipeline started operations early in October 1982.

Total oceangoing transits in fiscal year 1983 dropped 16.2 percent to 11,846 or 32.5 vessels daily from 14,142 or 38.7 daily during the prior year. Vessels owned or operated by the U.S. Government and free Colombian and small Panamanian Government vessels (e.g., health or police) made 139 transits during the year compared to 133 transits in fiscal year 1982.

Despite the loss of the large ANS tankers, the trend toward larger vessels was evident in the percentage of vessels having beams of 100 feet and over. Transits by vessels in that category, which totaled 2,371, accounted for 20.0 percent of total oceangoing transits compared to 2,681 or 19.0 percent in 1982. Transits by vessels having beams of 80 feet and over accounted for 5,869 or 49.5 percent of total oceangoing transits in the prior year. In terms of Panama Canal net tonnage, the average size of oceangoing commercial transits remained about the same. Oceangoing commercial vessels averaged 14,485 Panama Canal net tons compared to 14,488 tons in 1982.

Total Panama Canal net tonnage declined to 170.7 million tons in fiscal year 1983 from 204.0 million tons in the prior year. Correspondingly, tolls revenue also declined, despite the toll rate increase of 9.8 percent put into effect on March 12, 1983. Total tolls revenue reached \$287.8 million (\$14.1 million of which was due to the toll rate increase) compared to \$325.6 million during fiscal year 1982. Oceangoing commercial tolls accounted for \$286.1 million of total tolls in 1983 and U.S. Government tolls accounted for \$1.7 million. Other transit-related revenues, such as tug, launch, harbor pilotage, and other services, reached \$55.4 million in the prior fiscal year.

A two-year summary of the principal elements of Canal traffic and tolls revenue is shown in the following table:

	Fiscal year				
	1983	1982			
Oceangoing transits: Commercial	11,707	14.000			
U.S. Government	125	14,009 110			
Free	14	23			
Total	11,846	14,142			
Daily average	32.5	38.7			
Small transits: Commercial U.S. Government Free Total	810 242 56 1,108	830 241 58 1,129			
Total cargo: Commercial U.S. Government Free Total	145,591,428 354,878 2,512 145,948,818	185,453,260 285,451 70 185,738,781			
Total Panama Canal net tons and reconstructed displace- ment tonnage	170,655,341	203,999,771			
Transit revenue: Commercial tolls U.S. Government tolls Tolls revenue	\$286,057,692 	\$324,031,594 			
Harbor pilotage, tug, launch, and other services Total transit revenue	<u>55,381,005</u> <u>\$343,172,028</u>	<u>59,466,095</u> <u>\$385,055,192</u>			

COMPARATIVE HIGHLIGHTS OF OPERATIONS

COMMODITIES AND TRADE ROUTES

Twelve key commodity groups have maintained relatively stable levels of importance to Canal traffic in recent years. The groups, shown on the chart on page 11, accounted for 88.4 percent of total oceangoing commercial cargo, near the proportion observed for these commodity groups in 1982 when they registered 90.3 percent.

The most significant development in Canal traffic during fiscal year 1983 was the loss of the Alaska North Slope (ANS) oil trade. Shipments during the year dropped to an average of 86 thousand barrels daily from 636 thousand barrels per day in 1982. This volume of trade generated 199 transits and \$6.5 million in tolls revenue compared to 1,551 transits and \$50.8 million in tolls revenue during fiscal year 1982.

As a result of the loss of the ANS oil trade, grain, although declining slightly to 36.5 million long tons from 37.6 million long tons in 1982, regained its position as the major commodity group shipped through the

waterway. Grain shipments accounted for 25.0 percent of total oceangoing commercial cargo in 1983. The strength of this commodity group was primarily due to an increase in corn shipments, which reached a record 21.6 million long tons, rising 59.5 percent from 13.6 million long tons in 1982. This increase offset nearly all of the drop sustained in wheat shipments which declined 60.3 percent to 5.6 million long tons from 14.0 million long tons the prior year. The downturn in the wheat movement was due to a decrease in U.S. wheat purchases by China. With the exception of soybeans, which increased by 8.9 percent to 7.0 million long tons from 6.5 million tons the prior year, the remaining products in the group showed declines, dropping 37.4 percent to 2.2 million long tons from 3.6 million long tons in 1982. Grain shipments from the United States to Asia constituted 84.4 percent of the total movement of this commodity group, with Japan, Mainland China, and South Korea being the principal destinations.

Petroleum and petroleum products, the second major commodity group shipped through the Canal, dropped by 42.5 percent from 59.0 million long tons in 1982 to 33.9 million long tons, reflecting the loss of the ANS oil trade. Crude oil movements totaled 18.7 million long tons, representing 55 percent of the total commodity group. Twenty-four percent, or 4.4 million long tons, of the crude shipments originated from the Alaska North Slope.

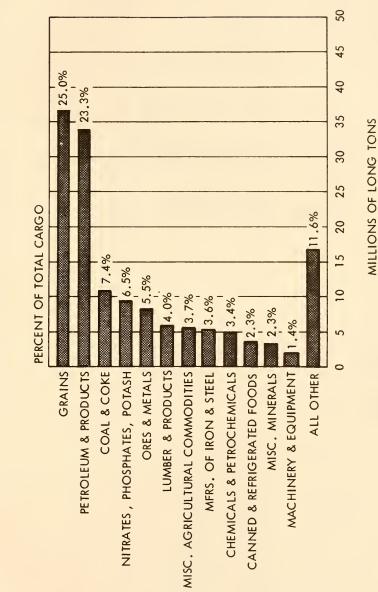
Shipments of coal and coke decreased 52.4 percent during fiscal year 1983 to 10.7 million long tons, accounting for 7.4 percent of all cargo shipments. A major factor in the sharp drop in coal shipments through the Canal was the slump in the Japanese steel industry which led to a reduction of metallurgical coal imports by the Japanese. Coal to Japan accounted for 7.0 million long tons or 65.5 percent of the trade, and shipments to Taiwan totaled 1.4 million long tons or 12.6 percent of the coal and coke commodity group. Coal shipments may have also been affected by a relative increase in bypass movements around the Cape of Good Hope. The proportion of U.S. East Coast shipments to the Far East taking the Cape route compared to the Canal route increased from 24.0 percent the prior year to 40.0 percent.

Among those commodity groups registering increases were nitrates, phosphates, and potash, which rose by 11.4 percent to 9.4 million long tons; ores and metals, which increased by 1.6 percent to 8.0 million long tons; lumber and products, which were up by 11.8 percent to 5.9 million long tons; and chemicals and petrochemicals, which rose 1.9 percent to 5.0 million long tons.

Other Canal commodities showing declines included manufactures of iron and steel, which were down by 26.6 percent to 5.2 million long tons; miscellaneous agricultural commodities, which dropped by 1.0 percent to 5.4 million long tons; canned and refrigerated foods, which decreased by 11.2 percent to 3.4 million long tons; miscellaneous minerals, which declined 18.8 percent to 3.3 million long tons; and machinery and equipment, which dropped 11.2 percent to 2.0 million long tons.

Commodity shipments continued to show concentration to specific areas and countries of the world. Trade between East Coast United States and Asia continued to dominate Canal traffic with 41.4 percent of total Canal cargo moving over this route in fiscal year 1983. This proportion is higher than the 38.7 percent observed in 1982. Cargo movements on this trade route, however, dropped 16.0 percent to 60.3 million long tons in 1983 from 71.8 million long tons in 1982.

The following chart and table show the principal commodity groups moving in commercial vessels in 1983 and a comparison of the major trade routes in fiscal years 1983 and 1982. PRINCIPAL COMMODITY GROUPS TRANSITING THE CANAL OCEANGOING COMMERCIAL CARGO FY 1983



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Fiscal year [In thousands of tons] Percent increase	1983 1982 (decrease)	-	rons rons (Cargo Tons (60,322 71,682 71,789 (7.3)	15,506 11,701 12.1	12,425 13,585 13,876 (1.8)	32,731 31,532 (74.5)	5,247 9,482 6,020 (15.5)	4,764 6,650 6,000 (15.3)	4,239 4,337 3,235 27.1		3,178 3,190 2,546 13.3	3,260 2,271 2,313 58.1	3,590 3,246 3,336 2.5		142,961 123,319 171.208 159,056 (16.5) (22.5)	26,543 22,272 31,676 26,396 (16.2)	145,591 202,884	o from Puerto Armuelles, Panama, if the vessel's vovage originated th
			Trade Route	East Coast United States-Asia	East Coast United States-West Coast South America	Europe-West Coast United States/Canada	East Coast United States—West Coast Central America ¹	Europe-West Coast South America	U.S. Intercoastal (including Alaska and Hawaii)	East Coast Canada—Asia	East Coast United States/Canada-Oceania	West Indies-West Coast South America	Central American Intercoastal	South American Intercoastal	Europe-Occania	Subtotal	All other routes	Total	¹ In Canal trade route statistics, North Slope oil originating in Alaska is shown as transshipped cargo from Puerto Armuelles, Panama, if the vessel's voyage originated there.





Chapter II

CANAL OPERATIONS

Canal operations are comprised of Transit Operations and Maintenance and Other Canal Projects. The various functions are divided among a number of operating bureaus within the Canal agency.

TRANSIT OPERATIONS

Daily average transits by oceangoing vessels decreased from the 38.7 per day during fiscal year 1982 to 32.5 per day during fiscal year 1983. Average time in Canal waters decreased from 33.0 hours in fiscal year 1982 to 20.1 hours in fiscal year 1983.

Fiscal year	Vessels of 600-foot length and over	Percent of total oceangoing transits	Vessels of 80-foot beam and over	Percent of total oceangoing transits
1983	4,157	35.1	5,869	49.5
1982	5,534	39.1	7,226	51.1
1981	4,855	34.7	6,364	45.5
1980	4,598	33.8	6,089	44.7
1979	4,089	31.3	5,503	42.1

The number of vessels transiting at more than 36-foot drafts decreased 31.9 percent during FY 1983 with 1,715 vessels transiting the Canal compared to 2,517 last year. The maximum allowable draft varied between 36 feet and 39 feet 6 inches during the six-month period of February-August of this fiscal year.

Total jobs performed by Commission tugs decreased from 45,687 in fiscal year 1982 to 35,454 in fiscal year 1983.

	Fisca	
	1983	1982
Oceangoing transits	11,846	14,142
Tug jobs:		
	, ,	30,879
Cristobal		14,808
Tug operating hours	57,249	71,126



MAINTENANCE AND RELATED CANAL PROJECTS

Canal dredging activity was intensified this year in Gaillard Cut. The Mamei Curve widening project, which was initiated in fiscal year 1977 and which required the removal of approximately 2.7 million cubic yards of material, was completed. When completed in early 1985, the channel deepening project will lower the channel an additional three feet below current levels, thus providing additional water necessary to meet requirements during dry years while ensuring, with a high degree of certainty, a year-round maximum draft of 39.5 feet.

During the \$4.0 million overhaul at Miraflores Locks, this fiscal year, miter gates 116, 117, 118, and 119 were overhauled. Commission employees renewed miter and quoin bearing plates, pintle and jaw bushings, bottom seals, strut arms, and anchor castings, and accomplished miscellaneous repairs to walkways, and cathodic protection systems. Five towing locomotives were overhauled this year. Ten are planned for next year. The 240- to 480-voltage conversion project continues. Conversions at Miraflores and Pedro Miguel Locks have been completed, and the Gatun conversion is in progress. With the completion of the High Mast Lighting project at Pedro Miguel Locks this year, pilots can handle wide-beamed vessels for a few more hours per day at all locks. Repair of locks locomotive tow track systems continued during fiscal year 1983.

A \$3.7 million contract was awarded to a private contractor for construction of a Tug/Miter Gate Repair Facility at the Commission's Industrial Division at Mount Hope. The contract was for assembly and the Civil Works part of a \$6 million project which consists of constructing a marine lifting table with a net effective lifting capacity of 750 tons, hoisting equipment, two finger piers, and a 400-foot-long work area; and of providing appurtenant specialized equipment. The 72-foot by 160-foot lifting table is suspended from the finger piers by ten electrically operated hoists. This installation will replace the Industrial División's old and undersized Marine Railway No. 2, and will permit work to be done on vessels "in the dry" without occupying the limited capacity of the drydock. After completion, all Commission floating equipment, except the Dredge *Christensen*, Floating Crane *Hercules*, and the two floating caissons will be maintained at Mount Hope with considerable personnel support cost savings.

Progress continued on construction of the vessel tie-up station one mile north of Pedro Miguel Locks. However, due to contractor-labor problems, the project is approximately one year behind the original schedule.

The southeast and southwest lower wing wall knuckles at Miraflores Locks had 100-inch pneumatic tire fenders installed on vertical shafts. Because of extreme tidal range, a set of three tires with vertical spacing was used. Work is in progress to install similar fenders on the upper wing walls at Gatun where a set of two tires is used. The fenders turn and recede upon impact, the vertical shaft ends slide on phenolic surfaces. Reduction of ship and lock-wall damage is the purpose of this improvement. In fiscal year 1983, \$1,284,859 was spent on knuckle fender installation.

Following two-step formal advertising procedures, a \$1.1 million contract was awarded to a contractor to replace the electric power system's obsolete Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) system with a modern computerized system. The new system will monitor 332 telemetry points as well as the status of 904 electrical devices and alarms. It will control 580 devices, including generators, circuit breakers, and transformer under load tap-changers at 20 remote terminal sites. This \$1.5 million project is scheduled for completion in fiscal year 1985. The new system will provide the power system dispatcher with improved emergency reaction capability, as well as with real-time information for more efficient operation of the entire electric power generating and transmission system.

The Mount Hope gas turbine was overhauled to improve its reliability to generate peaking power as needed, and the third hydroelectric generator at the Madden Dam Power Plant was rewound and uprated to increase its capacity from 8,000 KW to 12,000 KW. Completion of this project at Madden Plant uprates the capacity of the entire station from 24,000 KW to 36,000 KW of hydroelectric power, thereby reducing total power generating costs and increasing base generating capacity during years when rainfall permits.

Flood control, severe weather monitoring, and reservoir management capabilities were enhanced with the installation of an S-Band Radar, part of a contract to install an improved weather serveillance system. The radar was installed in May 1983 and has been operational since early June. With the radar in its present operational status, the Meteorological and Hydrographic Branch has altered its flood control procedures to operationally accept an increase of 1/2-foot in Gatun Lake level without endangering the locks. The impact of the higher lake levels will result in decreasing the potential of draft restrictions during dry season and, possibly, in allowing more hydroelectric power generation at Gatun Dam.

By early 1983, severe drought conditions required the Commission to restrict vessel draft, and to curtail the production of hydroelectric power. Panama's Institute of Hydraulic Resources and Electrification (IRHE) also felt the impact of the drought and had to impose brown-outs in many areas of the Republic. In an effort to mitigate the drought condition, the Commission, with participation by IRHE, entered into an interagency agreement with the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation for emergency cloud seeding for a 90-day period. Although the effects of the cloud seeding were not scientifically quantifiable, the project did contribute positively toward increasing the allowable ships' draft from $38^{1}/_{2}$ feet to 39 feet about three weeks sooner, and a return to the normal maximum draft of $39^{1}/_{2}$ feet about 10 days sooner than if the Commission had not undertaken the project. Commission Marine Traffic Controllers are being provided with a closed circuit television (CCTV) system in order to improve their vessel surveillance along the critical sections of the Canal. Ten of eighteen cameras have been installed and ten of thirteen towers have been erected at selected sites along the Canal. At the Marine Traffic Control Center, six of eight large video monitors have been installed. This project is scheduled for completion in mid-1984.



Chapter III

SUPPORTING OPERATIONS

Supporting operations of the Panama Canal Commission provided essential support services to the operation and maintenance of the waterway and the agency's facilities, as well as to other U.S. agencies on the Isthmus and to employees and their dependents. These operations included logistical services, employee services, sanitation and grounds management, transportation facilities, public utilities, fire protection, Canal protection, health and safety, and library services.

LOGISTICAL SERVICES

The Storehouse Division provided centralized procurement, inventory management, warehousing, distribution, contract administration, supply and property disposal support to Canal operations. Major contracting activities included approximately \$27.8 million in Bunker "C" fuel purchases for thermoelectric generation, \$6.5 million for light diesel, purchase of the fourth *Alianza* Class towboat for \$2.1 million, \$1.5 million purchase of a split hull dump scow for dredging operations, \$1.6 million for renewal of hydro-turbine runners, \$1.1 million electrical power system Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) System, and a \$760,000 marine lifting table for the Tug/Miter Gate Repair Facility at Mount Hope.

The Storehouse Division's excess disposal activities included transfers to other U.S. Government agencies of equipment having an original acquisition value of approximately \$828,000, while property sold to the Government of Panama at fair market value amounted to approximately \$54,863.

The Commission continues to participate under the Military Sealift Command's contract out of the gulf port of New Orleans, LA. Approximately 14,500 measurement tons of containerized and breakbulk cargo were shipped to the Port of Balboa under the contract.

COMMUNITY SERVICES

During fiscal year 1983, the Commission managed housing, other Commission-owned buildings, and recreational facilities for the agency, its employees and their dependents. The housing livability program, which permits limited improvements with rental payback to housing retained for use by Commission employees, was continued, as were programs for enhancing quarters security, quarters energy conservation and preventive maintenance.

The Commission initiated a multiyear housing management plan to concentrate its housing requirements in selected housing areas. Implementation of the plan will enable the Commission to utilize housing and related maintenance resources in the most cost-effective manner while at the same time allow the Commission to preserve optimum housing accommodations for its eligible employees and to meet its responsibilities in accordance with the Panama Canal Treaty and related agreements.

SANITATION AND GROUNDS MANAGEMENT

Fiscal year 1983 was an unusual year in regard to the Commission's responsibility to control vectors of disease. The *Aedes aegypti* mosquito, a dangerous carrier of both yellow fever and dengue fever, which was last found in the Canal area in 1974, returned to reinfest housing areas near the shipping piers. Intensive control measures, coordinated with Government of Panama vector control officials, promptly eradicated this infestation.

After 25 years of moving northward through the South American continent following an accidental release in Brazil, Africanized honeybees reached the Panama Canal in March 1982. Thus, fiscal year 1983 was the second year of efforts to control this aggresive insect for protection of employees and local residents from risk of serious stinging incidents. Over 500 African bee swarms and nests were destroyed during the year in the interest of public health, as well as to prevent the bees from being accidentally transported by Canal shipping to uninfested world ports.

In the grounds care and vegetation control activity, a significant portion of the utility line maintenance workload was accomplished by contract forces for the first time in several years. A study of other grounds care program elements was begun to determine if the remaining workload could successfully be accomplished by contract.

Approximately 70,000 tons of refuse was received for disposal at the two sanitary landfill sites operated by the Commission. Efforts to solve a problem of trespassers and concomitant health hazards were continued.

TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES

The Motor Transportation Division operated and maintained a consolidated motor pool of 836 vehicles designed to meet the vehicular transportation requirements of the Commission. The vehicle fleet in fiscal year 1983 included 636 trucks of various types, 186 passenger-carrying vehicles, and 14 special-purpose vehicles. Vehicle mileage decreased slightly from 7,961,000 miles in fiscal year 1982 to 7,501,000 miles in fiscal year 1983. Fully equipped shops, including a tire retreading plant and heavy duty repair shops, provide facilities for overhauls, maintenance and repairs to the Motor Transportation Division fleet and equipment of other Commission units. In addition, some services were contracted out where they were available in required quantity and quality in Panama. The vehicle inspection facilities located within the Motor Transportation Division areas were used by the Government of Panama to conduct inspections of privately-owned vehicles and by the Motor Transportation Division to perform Commission vehicle inspections.

PUBLIC UTILITIES AND ENERGY

Panama Canal Commission facilities include electric power generation and distribution systems, communication systems, water purification and distribution systems, and a central chilled water air-conditioning system for certain public buildings on the Pacific side.

Total Canal area energy demand during fiscal year 1983 was 567 gigawatt hours, a 1.6 percent increase from the 558 gigawatt hours used last year. The peak hourly demand of 91 megawatts reached on April 4, 1983, was 2.2 percent above the peak of 89 megawatts in the prior year. Agencywide energy consumption in fiscal year 1983 for electrical power and fuel, calculated together in Btu's, was reduced a total of 25.6 percent in relation to the fiscal year 1975 baseline established by the Federal Energy Management Program. Electrical power consumption by the Commission, 70.9 gigawatt hours, was 4.7 percent below the usage levels recorded for comparable operations in fiscal year 1975; fuel consumption excluding fuel for power generation, 4.4 million gallons, was 42.6 percent below the corresponding fiscal year 1975 baselines.

The water treatment and distribution systems operated by the Commission provide potable water for the Canal area and areas of the Republic of Panama. The Pacific side system serves the Canal area, Panama City, and suburban areas; and the separate Atlantic side system serves the Canal area, the city of Colon, and suburban areas. During fiscal year 1983, the two systems supplied 3,190 million cubic feet of potable water to consumers, an increase of about 3.8 percent over the previous year.

Water Consumption by Areas

(Millions of cubic feet)

	Fiscal	vear
	1983	1982
Canal Area		
Panama City and suburbs		
Colon and suburbs		
Total	3,190	3,074

The water provided to Panama City and suburbs in fiscal year 1983 was 2.7 percent above fiscal year 1982 consumption and averaged 33.9 million gallons per day throughout fiscal year 1983.

FIRE PROTECTION

The Panama Canal Commission Fire Division, in coordination with the Panama Fire Corps, is responsible for fire protection, firefighting, and rescue operations in Canal operating areas, defense sites, civilian and military areas of coordination, and shipboard firefighting on all vessels in Canal Area waters.

During fiscal year 1983, there were 971 fires (excluding ships), causing a loss of \$233,262 as compared to 726 fires in fiscal year 1982 which resulted in a loss of \$390,455. There were 14 ship fires during this fiscal year versus 11 in the previous fiscal year. Ship fire losses in fiscal year 1983 were \$17,670 as compared to \$2,813,155 the year before.

CANAL PROTECTION

The Canal Protection Division provides a minimum essential level of physical security for important installations and facilities of the Panama Canal Commission through the prevention and detection of theft, pilferage, and sabotage; and the prevention of unauthorized use of Government property, equipment and facilities. Division personnel are also responsible for the Commission physical environmental protection function. During fiscal year 1983, security system improvements (personnel, equipment, and procedures) were planned for Commission installations. Training of security personnel, a continuous function, was intensified.

HEALTH AND SAFETY

During fiscal year 1983, the Panama Canal Commission's health and safety organization underwent significant changes as a means of achieving greater operating efficiency and cost effectiveness. In December 1982, the Office of Health and Safety was eliminated and the Occupational Health, Safety and Veterinary Divisions were transferred to the Office of Personnel Administration. Concurrently, the Personnel Director was appointed as the Designated Agency Safety and Health Official. The Personnel Director also assumed responsibility for overseeing and establishing policy for the agency's environmental sanitation program. The

Veterinary Division was disestablished at the end of December and responsibility for food-inspection services was transferred to the Sanitation and Grounds Management Division of the General Services Bureau, while responsibility for zoonotic disease control and related inspections of transiting vessels was assumed by the Government of Panama.

In its expanded role, the Office of Personnel Administration is responsible for the agency's occupational health, industrial hygiene, and safety programs. The office maintains close liaison with the U.S. Army Medical Department Activity (MEDDAC), Panama on all matters pertaining to the health care provided to Commission employees, their dependents and others sponsored by the agency. The office also maintains liaison with components of the Department of Defense, other elements of the U.S. Government, and appropriate officials and organizations of the Government of Panama relative to health matters.

Work-place safety, employee safety training, and accident prevention continued to receive management emphasis at all levels in the organization. During fiscal year 1983, the Commission experienced 761 performance of duty accidents in which the injured employee required medical attention beyond first aid, as compared to 817 such accidents in fiscal year 1982. There were no fatal accidents in fiscal year 1983 compared to four the previous fiscal year.

LIBRARY SERVICES

The Library Services Branch of Community Services Division is responsible for providing mission-support information and research to the Panama Canal Commission, maintaining a special collection of library and three-dimensional materials relating to the history of the Panama Canal, and providing limited general library service to Commission employees and their dependents, U.S. Forces and their dependents, and to the extent possible, other Isthmian residents.

The circulation index decreased from 1,942.9 in fiscal year 1982 to 1,016.6 in fiscal year 1983. The reference index decreased from 9.4 in fiscal year 1982 to 8.6 in fiscal year 1983. Total items in the library decreased from 246,700 to 239,900.



Chapter IV

ADMINISTRATION AND STAFF

PERSONNEL FORCE EMPLOYED AND RATES OF PAY

At the end of fiscal year 1983, the total Isthmian force of the Commission was 8,344 compared to 8,363 employees in fiscal year 1982. Of the total in 1983, 7,745 were full-time permanent and 599 were part-time and temporary. In addition, there was one military officer assigned to the Commission on the Isthmus. Thirteen persons, all U.S. citizens, were employed by the Commission in New Orleans and Washington, D.C.

Approximately 77 percent of the total Isthmian force was comprised of Panamanians; 3 percent of third country nationals; and the remaining 20 percent of U.S. citizens. Rates of pay were based on a Canal Area Wage Base for occupational categories normally filled by recruitment on the Isthmus prior to the treaty effective date of October 1, 1979, and on a U.S. Wage Base for positions normally filled by recruitment from the United States prior to that date. The New Wage System for employees hired locally, on or after October 1, 1979, was revised April 3, 1983, increasing the rates for non-manual grade 9 and manual grades 10 and above to U.S. Wage Base rates. On that same date, the Critical Skills Wage Base for employees hired into critical skill occupations after October 1, 1979 was eliminated. The following table shows the Commission civilian permanent full-time Isthmian work force by citizenship and wage base.

		Non-	
Fiscal Year 1983	U.S.	U.S.	Total
Canal Area Wage Base	98	3,258	3,356
U.S. Wage Base	1,435	1,915	3,350
New Wage Base	65	974	1,039
Total	1,598	6,147	7,745

The total Commission payroll was \$170.4 million in fiscal year 1983 compared to \$176.7 million in fiscal year 1982. Of the total Commission fiscal year 1983 payroll, \$101.8 million was paid to non-U.S.-citizen employees and \$68.6 million to U.S.-citizen employees.

EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY PROGRAM

Between fiscal years 1982 and 1983, the total number of EEO complaints filed remained essentially unchanged. A minor increase in the number of U.S. complaints and a minor decrease in the number of Non-U.S. complaints were noted as follows:

	Fiscal year	
	1983	1982
United States	4	3
Non-United States	10	12
Total	14	15

Generally, employees alleged disparate treatment in appointment and promotion actions.

On September 16, 1983, the Assistant Secretary of Army for Civil Works approved a collective bargaining agreement between the Commission and the Maritime/Metal Trades Council (AFL-CIO). This agreement covers employees in the nonprofessional bargaining unit (approximately 7,400 employees). The agreement permits members of the bargaining unit to raise allegations of discrimination through the grievance procedure in the agreement. For non-U.S. citizens, the formal administrative appeal procedure is replaced by an abbreviated investigative procedure intended to mesh with the time limits established in the negotiated grievance procedure. For U.S. citizens in the unit, the statutory appeals procedure is an option in lieu of the negotiated grievance procedure. U.S.- and non-U.S.-citizen employees not covered by negotiated agreements and applicants for employment may continue to file EEO complaints under the statutory procedure or the Agency's administrative procedure, respectively.

Between fiscal year's 1982 and 1983, there were negligible variations in the Isthmian permanent work force composition on the basis of sex as follows:

	Fiscal year 1983		Fisca	Fiscal year 1982	
Female		(10.1%) (89.9%)		(10.1%) (89.9%)	

The continued trend in the increasing number of Panamanians in the work force was noted as follows:

	Fiscal year 1983		Fiscal year 1982	
United States Panama Third Country Nationals	5,966	(21.0%) (76.0%) (3.0%)	5,876	(22.0%) (75.0%) (3.0%)

Employment statistics for the fiscal year 1983 reflected continued compliance by the Commission with Treaty mandates.

PUBLIC AFFAIRS

During fiscal year 1983, the Office of Public Affairs continued to expand and improve agency communications with the local and international media. Strong emphasis was placed on creating close relations with local news media (press, television, radio, and publications) and in participating in exhibits, symposiums, and seminars in the Republic of Panama and abroad. The Office of Public Affairs also continued to expand its contacts with the world maritime industry and dedicated considerable effort towards increasing Panama Canal Commission participation in international conferences and shipping exhibitions. Two new presentations were created this year and put into use in internationally-based forums in London, England and Rio de Janeiro, Brazil. Both emphasized the Canal's efforts to provide its customers with safe, efficient transit service, while at the same time striving to maintain and improve the waterway to ensure its maximum operational effectiveness.

During the year, the office handled 288,435 visitors at Miraflores and Gatun Locks and conducted 809 tours of the locks facilities. Among the visitors were numerous representatives of the international press, and representatives of television and the motion picture industry involved in making documentaries about the Canal.

OMBUDSMAN

The Office of the Ombudsman, established by the Implementing Legislation for the Panama Canal Treaty of 1977, continued to respond to employee and dependent complaints, grievances, and requests for information. Generally, complaints required the Ombudsman to investigate administrative problems, inefficiencies, omissions, and policy conflicts caused within the Panama Canal Commission and other U.S. Government agencies on the Isthmus as a result of the treaty. However, the widest latitude possible was applied to consideration of problems affecting employee morale and quality of life.

During fiscal year 1983, over 3,043 requests for information and/or assistance were recorded by the Ombudsman. As in the previous year, the majority of the Ombudsman's work concerned Commission employees and those employees who were transferred with their functions from the Panama Canal Company/ Canal Zone Government to the Department of Defense.

INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

On October 20, 1981, the Federal Labor Relations Authority (FLRA), Region VI, certified the unions which had won the self-determination election held earlier in the year. The unions certified by the FLRA to represent Commission bargaining units were as follows: the Maritime/Metal Trades Council, AFL-CIO (a union coalition consisting of the National Maritime Union of America, the International Organization of Masters, Mates and Pilots, and the Metal Trades Council) representing both a professional and non-professional bargaining unit; the Marine Engineers Beneficial Association, District No. 1—Pacific Coast District representing a licensed marine engineer unit; and the International Association of Fire Fighters, Local 13, representing a firefighting unit. These four bargaining units, together with the Panama Canal pilot unit, which is represented by the International Organization of Masters, Mates and Pilots, comprise the total organized labor structure of the Panama Canal Commission pursuant to Federal Service Labor-Management Relations Statute, 5 U.S.C. Chapter 71. Based upon May 1983 data (including temporary employees), approximately 95 percent of the work force were represented by labor unions.

Bargaining commenced on the non-professional contract on January 21, 1982 and culminated in an agreement which became effective on September 16, 1983. Negotiations on the licensed marine engineer contract, which began on April 6, 1982, produced an agreement which became effective on October 6, 1982. Bargaining on the firefighter contract started on September 20, 1982; that agreement became effective on April 7, 1983. Negotiations on the professional unit contract commenced on March 9, 1982, but were suspended on May 12, 1983 due to the filing of a decertification petition by a member of the bargaining unit. A new labor organization, the National Federation of Professional Employees (Panama), intervened, and the Federal Labor Relations Authority is scheduled to conduct an election early in fiscal year 1984.

Chapter V

FINANCIAL REPORT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 1983

The Panama Canal Commission is an appropriated fund agency of the Executive Branch of the United States Government provided for by the Panama Canal Treaty of 1977, and established by the Panama Canal Act of 1979 (Public Law No. 96-70). The Commission is expected to recover, through tolls and other revenues, all costs of operating and maintaining the Canal, including interest, depreciation, capital for plant replacement, expansion and improvements, and payments to the Republic of Panama for public services and annuities pursuant to paragraph 5 of Article III and paragraphs 4(a) and (b) of Article XIII, respectively, of the Panama Canal Treaty of 1977. Revenues from tolls and all other sources are deposited in the United States Treasury in an account known as the Panama Canal Commission Fund. Appropriations for operating expenses and capital improvements are enacted annually by the Congress and are limited to the sum of the estimated receipts for the year, plus any unexpended balances in the Panama Canal Commission Fund. The Commission's accounts are kept on an accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, while the status of appropriated funds is determined on a funded (obligation-incurred) basis.

The financial statements of the Panama Canal Commission, appearing as Tables 1 through 6, with accompanying notes, present the financial position of the Commission at September 30, 1983, and the results of its operations for the fiscal year then ended.

The accounts and statements of the Panama Canal Commission have been examined by the General Auditor of the Commission and are subject to examination by the United States General Accounting Office. Detailed audit reports of the United States General Accounting Office are directed to the Congress and are presented as Congressional documents. Summary information concerning operating results and capital expenditures follows:

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Net loss from operations amounted to \$4.1 million. This amount will be recovered from subsequent revenues as required by section 1602(b) of the Panama Canal Act of 1979 (Public Law No. 96-70).

CAPITAL EXPENDITURES

Accrued capital expenditures for fiscal year 1983 amounted to \$21.7 million. The principal expenditures were \$3.3 million for replacement of dump scows, \$2.3 million for navigational improvements, \$1.4 million for replacement of launches and launch engines, \$1.3 million for improvements of the wingwall knuckle fendering systems, \$1.3 million for construction of a ship tie-up station, and \$0.9 million for marine railway replacement project.

FINANCIAL REPORT

Table 1.-Balance Sheet

Assets	1983	1982
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT: At cost (Note 1c) Less accumulated depreciation and valuation allow-	\$869,818,221	\$853,314,309
ances (Notes le, 2 and 3)	402,676,579	<u>386,676,308</u> 466,638,001
CURRENT ASSETS: Cash and fund balances (Notes 4 and 5): Deposit funds and undeposited receipts: Postal fund Trust fund Cash receipts for deposit into U.S. Treasury	158,657 1,132,860 282,793 1,574,310	167,723 1,015,983 <u>576,536</u> 1,760,242
Unexpended appropriated funds: Operating funds Capital funds Emergency fund	45,222,217 28,517,883 10,000,000 83,740,100 85,314,410	74,440,013 21,424,115 10,000,000 105,864,128 107,624,370
Accounts receivable, less allowance for doubtful accounts of \$50,612, for fiscal year 1982 (Note 1f) Other receivables (Note 7)	11,043,545 826,867 11,870,412	9,987,875 826,867 10,814,742
Inventories, less allowance for obsolete and excess stock of \$750,154 and \$800,000, respectively (Note 1g)	42,010,283	34,580,616
Other current assets	<u>354,383</u> 139,549,488	<u>203,737</u> 153,223,465
OTHER ASSETS: Deferred charges:		
Cost of early retirement benefits (Note 1h) Retirement benefits to certain former employees of	312,960,000 10,776,000	332,520,000
predecessor agencies (Note 1h) Other	<u>612,319</u> <u>324,348,319</u>	<u>816,426</u> <u>345,276,426</u>
Unrecovered costs due from subsequent revenues (Notes 1b and 8)	4,132,804 328,481,123	345,276,426
Total Assets	<u>\$935,172,253</u>	<u>\$965,137,892</u>

September 30, 1983 and 1982

Liabilities	1983	1982
INVESTMENT OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT: Invested capital:		
Interest-bearing (9.885% and 9.178%, respectively) (Note 9) Non-interest-bearing	\$108,905,590 268,748,245 377,653,835	\$89,763,345 258,511,310 348,274,655
Current budgetary accounts (Note 4): Obligated operating funds Obligated capital funds Unobligated capital funds Unobligated emergency fund	45,222,217 18,031,685 10,486,198 10,000,000 83,740,100	74,440,013 15,705,670 5,718,445 10,000,000 105,864,128
	461,393,935	454,138,783
CURRENT LIABILITIES: Accounts payable: U.S. Government agencies (Note 10)	3,914,323	22,808,314
Government of Panama	6,205,923 4,708,282	7,090,498
Accrued liabilities:	14,828,528	36,096,655
Salaries and wages Cost of early retirement benefits (Note Ih)	38,075,806 6,124,362 19,560,000	36,427,154 5,624,977 19,560,000
Retirement benefits to certain former employees of predecessor agencies (Note 1h) Employees' repatriation	1,364,000	1,483,000
Ship accident claims (Notes 7 and 11) Net revenue payable to Government of Panama (Note 12)	9,818,560	11,032,030
Other	2,432,361 78,832,089	2,027,612
Other current liabilities: Unfunded ship accident claims (Notes 7 and 11).	17,890,038	20,553,489
Advances for capital-unexpended (Notes Id and 13) Other	13,231,035	11,379,967 916,418
	32,235,161	32,849,874
Deferred Credit:	125,895,778	147,222,937
Advances for capital being amortized (Notes 1d, 6d and 13)	14,437,009	11,956,238
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES AND RESERVES: Cost of early retirement benefits (Note 1h) Retirement benefits to certain former employees of	293,400,000	312,960,000
predecessor agencies (Note 1h)	9,412,000 10,200,000	10,457,000
Lock overhauls (Note 1i)	7,607,574	10,998,000 8,294,198
Casualty losses (Notes 1j and 14)	12,825,957	9,110,736
	333,445,531	351,819,934
Total Liabilities	<u>\$935,172,253</u>	<u>\$965,137,892</u>



Table 2.—Statement of Operations and Non-Interest-Bearing Investment Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 1983 and 1982

	1983	1982
OPERATING REVENUES:	COOT TO 1 000	£335 500 007
Tolls (Note 1b)	\$287,791,023	\$325,589,097
Advances for capital (Note 1d)	(4,078,000)	(681,000)
Net tolls revenue	283,713,023	324,908,097
Other	111,417,549	112,946,382
Advances for capital (Note 13)	(1,173,549)	(5,870,015)
Net other revenue	110,244,000	107,076,367
Total operating revenue	393,957,023	431,984,464
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Payments to the Government of Panama (Note 12):		
Public services	10,000,000	10,000,000
Fixed annuity	10,000,000	10,000,000
Tonnage	51,190,136	61,193,887
	71,190,136	81,193,887
Maintenance of channels and harbors	35,970,930	45,203,812
Navigation service and control	72,452,357	79,067,472
Locks operation	45,641,090	45,998,340
General repair, storehouse, engineering and mainte-		, , , , ,
nance services	9,625,198	11,305,378
Transportation and utilities	42,104,531	36,403,300
Housing operations	8,871,031	8,136,555
General and administrative (Note 15)	69,126,899	72,226,412
Interest on interest-bearing investment (Note 9)	9,943,192	9,123,826
Other	33,164,463	42,029,589
Total operating expenses	398,089,827	430,688,571
NET OPERATING REVENUE (LOSS) (Notes 1b, 8 and 12)	(4,132,804)	1,295,893
INVESTED CAPITAL—NON-INTEREST-BEARING:		
Unrecovered costs (recovered) deferred		
(Notes 1b and 8)	4,132,804	(917,258)
Net revenue payable to Government of Panama	.,,	(),,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
(Note 12)		(378,635)
Investment at beginning of fiscal year	258,511,310	249,101,935
Miscellaneous receipts deposited into the U.S.		,,
Treasury	576,536	368,145
Due U.S. Treasury for undeposited receipts	(282,793)	(576,536)
Plant reactivations	(_0_,,,,))	493,940
Interest on interest-bearing investment (Note 9)	9,943,192	9,123,826
INVESTED CAPITAL—NON-INTEREST-BEARING AT END OF		
FISCAL YEAR	\$268,748,245	\$258,511,310
The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.		

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	101al \$454,138,783 434,402,634	888,541,417	576,536 (28,200,421)	9,943,192 3,356 4,132,804	(13,544,533)	10,520,462 398,461,068 282,793 141,303 64,519 4,132,804	413,602,949	\$461,393,935
Capital	Funds \$21,424,115 29,024,000	50,448,115	(21,930,232)		(21,930,232)			\$28,517,883
Operating	runas \$74,440,013 405,378,634	479,818,647	(395,875,547)	(28,200,421)	(424,075,968)	10,520,462	10,520,462	\$45,222,217
Emergency	\$10,000,000	10,000,000						\$10,000,000
Invested Capital st- Non-Interest-	\$258,511,310	258,511,310	576,536	9,943,192	14,652,532	282.793	4,415,597	\$268,748,245
Invested Interest-	\$89,763,345	89,763,345	21,930,232 395,875,547 (28,200,421)	28,200,421 3,356	417,809,135	398,461,068 141,303 64,519	398,666,890	\$108,905,590 (Note 9)
	INVESTMENT AT OCTOBER 1, 1982 Appropriation by the Congress for fiscal year 1983		INCREASES IN INVESTMENT: Plant reactivations	repayment on the Cost resard of the Poor appropriation lapsed (Note 9)		DECREASES IN INVESTMENT: Funds to be covered into the U.S. Treasury Receipts deposited into the U.S. Treasury Due U.S. Treasury for undeposited receipts Property transferred to the Government of Panama Net loss (Notes Ib, 8 and 12)		INVESTMENT AT SEPTEMBER 30, 1983

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

PANAMA CANAL COMMISSION

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Table 4.—Statement of Changes in Financial Position Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 1983 and 1982

	1983	1982
Source of Funds:		
From Operations: Revenue	\$393,957,023	\$431,984,464
Less operating expenses: Interest on interest-bearing investment Payments to the Government of Panama	9,943,192	9,123,826
(Note 12) Other expenses	71,190,136 316,956,499	81,193,887 340,370,858
Other expenses Total operating expenses	398,089,827	430,688,571
Net operating revenue (loss) (Notes 1b, 8 and 12)	(4,132,804)	1,295,893
Unrecovered costs for fiscal year 1981 (recovered) deferred (Notes 1b and 8) Net revenue payable to Government of Panama (Notes 1b, 8 and 12) Unrecovered costs for fiscal year 1983 deferred (Notes 1b 8 and 12)		(917,258)
(Notes 1b, 8 and 12)		(378,635)
Unrecovered costs for fiscal year 1983 deterred (Notes 1b, 8 and 12)	4,132,804	
	· ·	
Add transactions not requiring outlay of funds: Depreciation (Note le) Provision for lock overhauls (Note [i])	18,514,996	18,754,070
Provision for lock overhauls (Note 1) Provision for casualty losses (Note 1j)	4,354,000 3,117,088	3,544,000
Other	1,970,819	6,454,007 40,952,077
	27,956,903	40,932,077
Change in investment of the U.S. Government: Interest on interest-bearing investment Receipts deposited into U.S. Treasury	9,943,192	9,123,826
Receipts deposited into U.S. Treasury	(398,461,068) 446,006,200	(440,139,216) 403,774,533
Disbursements from appropriated funds Repayment to the U.S. Treasury of the fiscal	(28,200,421)	
Net property transfers	(202,466) 293,744	(2,291,082)
Other	29,379,181	(29,246,391)
Amortization of advances for capital	919,711	
Advances for capital being amortized (Notes Id.		
6d and 13)	2,480,771	11,956,238
Total source of funds	60,736,566	23,661,924
Application of Funds:	5,040,623	3 214 853
Lock overhauls expenditures Casualty losses	4,214,134 21,704,598	3,214,853 12,288,023
Casualty losses. Accrued capital expenditures.		24,903,322
Total application of funds	30,959,355	40,406,198
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN WORKING CAPITAL	\$29,777,211	\$(16,744,274)
ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN WORKING CAPITAL:		
Increase (decrease) in current assets: Cash	\$ (185,931)	\$ 26,439
Receivables Inventories	1,055,670 7,429,667	(1,665,437) (5,703,715)
Other	150,646	(156,336) (7,499,049)
Decreace (increace) in current lighilities	8,450,052	(7,499,049)
Decrease (increase) in current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	21,268,127	(4,658,980) (3,587,824)
Accrued liabilities	(555,681) 614,713	(998,421)
	21,327,159	(9,245,225)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN WORKING CAPITAL	\$ 29,777,211	\$(16,744,274)

Table 5.—Statement of Status of Appropriations Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 1983 and 1982

Source of Appropriations:	1983	1982
Operating funds: Current year operating appropriation	\$405,378,634	\$400,754,000
Obligated operating funds brought forward:		
Fiscal year 1980 Fiscal year 1981 Fiscal year 1982	23,684,912 5,623,556 45,131,545	27,699,623 31,733,726
	74,440,013	59,533,349
	479,818,647	460,187,349
Capital funds:	20.024.000	10 7// 000
Current year capital appropriation (no year)	29,024,000	19,766,000
Obligated capital funds brought forward:		
Fiscal year 1980	358,549 4,618,448 10,728,673	4,162,768 13,208,244
	15,705,670	17,371,012
Unobligated capital funds (no year) brought forward:	500 057	1 200 200
Fiscal year 1980 Fiscal year 1981	599,957 845,934	1,288,708 6,815,438
Fiscal year 1982	4,272,554	<u></u>
	5,718,445	8,104,146
	50,448,115	45,241,158
Emergency fund (no year)	10,000,000	10,000,000
TOTAL SOURCE OF APPROPRIATIONS	\$540,266,762	\$515,428,507

Table 5.-Statement of Status of Appropriations Fiscal Years Ended September 30, 1983 and 1982

	1983	1982
Application of Appropriations:		
Operating funds: Expenditures from operating appropriations: Repayment to the U.S. Treasury of the fiscal year 1980 appropriation lapsed Fiscal year 1980 Fiscal year 1981. Fiscal year 1982.	\$28,200,421 21,121,981 2,830,821 38,274,112	\$ 4,927,818 26,279,322 348,750,350
Fiscal year 1983	333,648,633	<u></u>
	424,075,968	379,957,490
Obligated operating funds: Fiscal year 1980 Fiscal year 1981 Fiscal year 1982 Fiscal year 1983	2,543,398 3,424,423 4,717,168 34,537,228	23,684,912 5,623,556 45,131,545
	45,222,217	74,440,013
Unbligated operating funds lapsed	10,520,462	5,789,846
	479,818,647	460,187,349
Capital funds: Expenditures from capital appropriations: Fiscal year 1980 Fiscal year 1981 Fiscal year 1982 Fiscal year 1983	483,026 3,088,345 11,799,504 6,559,357 21,930,232	4,492,971 14,559,299 4,764,773
Obligated capital funds: Fiscal year 1980 Fiscal year 1981 Fiscal year 1982 Fiscal year 1983	273,632 2,058,558 924,503 14,774,992	358,549 4,618,448 10,728,673
Unbligated capital funds (no year): Fiscal year 1980 Fiscal year 1981 Fiscal year 1982	<u>18,031,685</u> 201,848 317,480 2,277,219	<u> </u>
Fiscal year 1983	7,689,651	<u></u>
	10,486,198	5,718,445
	50,448,115	45,241,158
Unobligated emergency fund (no year)	10,000,000	10,000,000
TOTAL APPLICATION OF APPROPRIATIONS	\$540,266,762	\$515,428,507

Equipment	
ty, Plant and Equil	and 1982
of Property,	r 30, 1983
Table 6Statement of	September

	61	1983	1982	32
	Cast	Depreciation and valuation allowances	Cost	Depreciation and valuation allowances
Titles and treaty rights	\$14,728,889	\$3,774,278	\$14,728,889	\$3,406,056
Interest during construction	50,892,311	50,892,311	50,892,311	50,892,311
Canal excavation, fills and embankments	347,536,452	88,974,673	336,893,372	74,355,710
Canal structures and equipment	223,188,786	107,678,797	226,696,154	109,506,598
Supporting and general facilities	159,531,771	98,621,330	157,669,770	95,231,887
Minor items of plant and equipment	10,081,037	10,081,037	10,629,593	10,629,593
Facilities held for future use	3,166,947	2,508,355	3,166,947	2,508,355
Plant additions in progress	20,546,230	• • • • • • • • • •	12,491,475	
Suspended construction projects	40,145,798	40,145,798	40,145,798	40,145,798
Тотас	\$869,818,221	\$402,676,579	\$853,314,309	\$386,676,308

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

The Comptroller General of the United States approved the Accounting Principles and Standards Statement of the Panama Canal Commission in his letter dated September 14, 1982. A summary of significant accounting policies follows:

a. Accounting and reporting. As required by section 1311(a) of the Panama Canal Act of 1979, hereinafter referred to as the Act, the accounts of the Commission are maintained pursuant to the Accounting and Auditing Act of 1950. This requires that the principles, standards and related requirements for accounting be met, as prescribed by the Comptroller General of the United States, after consulting with the Secretary of the Treasury and the Director of the Office of Management and Budget concerning their accounting, financial reporting and budgetary needs. The Accounting and Auditing Act of 1950 also requires that the accounts be maintained on an accrual basis.

b. Cost recovery. As required in section 1341(e)(1) of the Act, the application of generally accepted accounting principles to the Panama Canal Commission, a United States Government agency comparable to a rate-regulated public utility, determines the manner in which costs are recognized. The basis for tolls rates is prescribed in section 1602(b) of the Act. This section of the Act, known as the "statutory tolls formula," provides that:

"Tolls shall be prescribed at rates calculated to produce revenues to cover as nearly as practicable all costs of maintaining and operating the Panama Canal, together with the facilities and appurtenances related thereto, including unrecovered costs incurred on or after the effective date of this Act, interest, depreciation, payments to the Republic of Panama pursuant to paragraph 5 of Article III and paragraph 4(a) and (b) of Article XIII of the Panama Canal Treaty of 1977, and capital for plant replacement, expansion, and improvements. Tolls shall not be prescribed at rates calculated to produce revenues sufficient to cover payments to the Republic of Panama pursuant to paragraph 4(c) of Article XIII of the Panama Canal Treaty of 1977."

Under this statutory tolls formula, any unrecovered costs are to be recovered from subsequent revenues. The amount for recovery from subsequent revenues is transferred from Invested Capital to an account within the Other Assets classification. Unrecovered costs are charged back to Invested Capital to the extent subsequent annual revenues exceed annual costs. c. Property, plant and equipment. Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, if acquired from another Government agency, at the value determined by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget. Administrative and other related general expenses are recovered currently and therefore not capitalized. The cost of minor items of property, plant and equipment is charged to expense as incurred.

d. Advances for capital. A portion of tolls in excess of depreciation recoveries may be programmed annually by the Board of Directors for plant replacement, expansion, or improvements. Such funds are considered capital advances from Canal users. Upon utilization, these advances are amortized through an offset to depreciation expense in an amount calculated to approximate the depreciation on assets acquired with such advances.

e. Depreciation. Property, plant and equipment are depreciated over their estimated service lives at rates computed using a straight-line method with additional annual depreciation, identified as composite, to provide for premature plant retirements.

f. Accounts receivable. Uncollectible accounts receivable of the Panama Canal Commission are recognized as a reduction in revenue when written off. Any subsequent collections of Commission accounts receivable previously written off are recorded as revenue. The allowance for doubtful accounts which appeared on the Commission books at September 30, 1982, was applicable only to the receivables of predecessor agencies.

g. Inventories. Operating materials and supplies are stated at average cost, plus cost of transportation to the ultimate destination on the Isthmus of Panama. An allowance has been established to reflect the estimated cost of obsolete and excess stock.

h. Retirement benefits. Employer payments to the contributory United States Civil Service Retirement System and to the Republic of Panama Social Security System are charged to expense. The Commission has no liability for future payments to employees under these systems.

Non-United States citizen employees who retired from predecessor agencies prior to October 5, 1958, are not covered by the United States Civil Service Retirement System but do receive benefits under a separate annuity plan. Payments made under this annuity plan are recorded as a current year expense. The liability of the Commission for future annuity payments to these former employees or their eligible widows is reflected in the balance sheet as "Retirement Benefits to Certain Former Employees of Predecessor Agencies" and an equal amount is recorded as a Deferred Charge.

As required by the Act, the Panama Canal Commission is liable for the increase in the unfunded liability of the Unites States Civil Service Retirement Fund which is attributable to benefits payable from that fund to, or on behalf of, employees and their survivors under the early retirement provisions of the Act. The annual installment to liquidate the increased liability is determined by the Office of Personnel Management.

i. *Reserve for lock overhauls*. A reserve is provided through an annual charge to expense to cover the estimated cost of periodic lock overhauls.

j. Reserve for casualty losses. A reserve is provided through an annual charge to expense to cover the estimated cost of marine accidents and other casualty losses.

k. Housing use rights. No monetary value is assigned to the rights granted to the United States Government by the Republic of Panama to use Canal Area housing transferred to the Republic of Panama under the terms of the Panama Canal Treaty of 1977. The cost to manage, maintain and provide livability improvements to these quarters is charged to expense. Rental income is included in other revenues.

2. Plant Valuation Allowances.

At July 1, 1951, certain valuation allowances for property, plant and equipment transferred from the Panama Canal (agency) to the Panama Canal Company and the Canal Zone Government were established, to reduce to usable value the costs of the assets transferred. At October 1, 1979, such valuation allowances as were applicable to the assets transferred from the Panama Canal Company and the Canal Zone Government to the Panama Canal Commission were carried forward. At September 30, 1983 and at September 30, 1982, these valuation allowances amounted to \$99.3 million comprised of: (a) \$5.6 million to reduce to usable value the cost of property, plant and equipment transferred; (b) \$50.9 million to offset interest costs imputed for the original Canal construction period; and (c) \$42.8 million to offset the cost of defense facilities and suspended construction projects, the latter being principally the partial construction of a third set of locks abandoned in the early part of World War II.

Property, plant and equipment offset by valuation allowances, when fully or partially reactivated, are reinstated by a reduction in the valuation allowance and by an increase to the non-interest-bearing investment of the United States Government in proportion to the value to the Commission of the reactivated asset.

3. Depreciation as a Percentage of Average Cost of Plant.

The provision for depreciation, expressed as a percentage of average cost of depreciable plant exclusive of valuation allowances, was 2.55% for fiscal year 1983 and 2.49% for fiscal year 1982.

4. Cash and Fund Balances.

As of September 30, 1983, the cash and fund balances of \$85,314,410 are made up of \$80,721,975 on deposit in the United States Treasury, \$1,647,360 on deposit in commercial banks, and \$2,945,075 on hand. Of the total, \$83,740,100 is comprised of current budgetary accounts which include appropriated funds for operations, capital and the emergency fund.

As of September 30, 1982, the cash and fund balances of \$107,624,370 were made up of \$104,375,796 on deposit in the United States Treasury, \$2,021,770 on deposit in commercial banks, and \$1,226,804 on hand. Of the total, \$105,864,128 was comprised of current budgetary accounts which included appropriated funds for operations, capital and the emergency fund.

The emergency fund represents the amount on deposit in the United States Treasury which is to be used "... to defray emergency expenditures and to insure the continuous efficient and safe operation of the Panama Canal when funds appropriated for the operation and maintenance of the Canal prove insufficient for such purposes..."

The postal fund consists of outstanding money orders, postal savings and interest accrued thereon. This fund will remain available until liquidated. The trust fund primarily includes deposits made by customers for future tolls, and other service payments.

5. Panama Canal Commission Fund.

The Panama Canal Commission Fund, as established by the Panama Canal Act of 1979 (Public Law No. 96-70), is made up of receipts deposited in the United States Treasury less appropriation warrants issued during the fiscal year. The balance in this account, \$146.3 million as of September 30, 1983, and \$143.9 million as of September 30, 1982, is available for future appropriations.

Section 1302 of the Panama Canal Act of 1979 (Public Law No. 96-70) provides that all appropriations necessary to operate the Panama Canal shall be issued from the Panama Canal Commission Fund. The appropriations for fiscal year 1980 were issued to the Commission from the General Fund of the United States Treasury. The status of the amount still owed to the General Fund of the United States Treasury for fiscal year 1980 is as follows:

	Millions of	of Dollars
Operating Appropriation Capital Appropriation	\$427.2 36.6	\$463.8
Repaid to General Fund (07/81) Repaid to General Fund (12/82)	(350.0) (28.2)	(378.2)
Amount owed General Fund of U.S. Treasury as of September 30, 1983		\$ 85.6

6. Accounting Changes.

a. "Unobligated operating funds to be returned to the U.S. Treasury" was deleted in fiscal year 1982. This change has no impact on the financial position or operating results of the Commission.

b. The cost of early retirement provisions of the Panama Canal Act of 1979 was added to the balance sheet in fiscal year 1982 as a liability of the Commission for future payments to the United States Civil Service Retirement Fund and an equal amount was recorded as a Deferred Charge. This change has no impact on the financial position or operating results of the Commission.

c. Effective with fiscal year 1982, there was a change in the method of applying the accounting policy for dredging costs. The effect of this change was to increase expense and reduce the capital advance requirement. The precise dollar magnitude of this change cannot be measured since these amounts were not isolated in the Commission's operating accounts. However, the change did not have any impact on net operating revenue. The recurring costs of dredging the waterway are charged to expense. Nonrecurring dredging costs for substantial improvements and betterments to the waterway are considered additions to plant and are capitalized and depreciated over their estimated service lives.

d. Amortization of Advances for Capital (see Note 1d) was implemented in fiscal year 1983 based on the following procedure: At the beginning of each fiscal year, an amount equivalent to any capital advance funds disbursed for plant replacement, expansion, or improvement during the previous fiscal year is reclassified and amortized over the average accounting life of assets acquired in the fiscal year in which the funds were expended.

e. The intent of the lock overhauls reserve policy is to normalize costs directly related to the periodic repair and maintenance of the locks. Repair and maintenance costs of caissons, which are used exclusively for lock overhauls, have increased dramatically in recent years. To minimize significant fluctuations in results of operations, these costs are now charged to the reserve. In fiscal year 1983, \$754,136 for repair and maintenance of caissons was charged to the reserve for lock overhauls.

7. Other Receivables.

Other receivables represent services provided in connection with ship accidents for which the vessel is considered to be responsible awaiting final settlement. This amount is also included in the computation of estimated liabilities established for ship accident claims.

8. Unrecovered Costs Due from Subsequent Revenues.

Pursuant to the provisions of section 1602(b) of the Panama Canal Act of 1979 (Public Law No. 96-70), the fiscal year 1983 net loss from operations of \$4.1 million was deferred as an unearned cost to be recovered from subsequent revenues. Also, in accordance with section 1341(e) of that Act such unearned costs must be deducted from any future net operating revenues due the Government of Panama.

Pursuant to the provisions of section 1341(e) and section 1602(b) of the Panama Canal Act of 1979 (Public Law No. 96-70), the net loss of \$0.9 million from fiscal year 1981 operations was recovered from fiscal year 1982 operating revenue and the net amount of \$0.4 million was paid to the Government of Panama in fiscal year 1983.

9. Interest-Bearing Investment of the United States Government.

The interest-bearing investment of the United States Government in the Panama Canal is determined based on section 1603(a) of the Panama Canal Act of 1979. The interest-bearing investment of the United States Government at September 30, 1983 and September 30, 1982, was determined as follows:

	Millions of a	Dollars
Investment at September 30, 1981 Fiscal year 1982 transactions:		\$128.4
Disbursements	\$403.8	
Receipts	(440.1)	
Net property transfers	(2.3)	
Net change		(38.6)
Investment at September 30, 1982		\$ 89.8
Fiscal year 1983 transactions: Disbursements	\$446.0	
Receipts	(398.5)	
Repayment to United States Treasury of fiscal year 1980 lapsed funds	(28.2)	
Net property transfers	(0.2)	
Net change		
Investment at September 30, 1983		\$108.9

10. Accounts Payable-United States Government Agencies.

Included in the accounts payable to United States Government agencies are ship accident and other claims in the amount of \$19.1 million for fiscal year 1982 that were forwarded to the Department of Justice in Washington, D.C. after reaching a settlement or receiving a judgment for approval for payment.

11. Ship Accident Claims.

Liabilities arising from ship accident claims are divided into fund and nonfund categories. The fund category is made up of the following:

a. Accidents which occurred prior to October 1, 1979.

b. Accidents which occurred within the locks after September 30, 1979.

c. Accidents which occurred outside the locks after September 30, 1979, for which the claim or estimated liability is \$120,000 or less per ship per accident.

Settlement of liabilities for ship accidents which occurred outside the locks where the claim exceeds \$120,000 requires specific Congressional approval. Until Congressional action is completed, liabilities for these accidents are booked as non-fund.

12. Payments to the Government of Panama.

Based on Article III and Article XIII of the Treaty, the Government of Panama has received payment for public services, fixed annuity and thirty

cents per Panama Canal net ton. In addition to these payments, an amount of \$0.4 million was paid to the Government of Panama during fiscal year 1983 in accordance with paragraph 4(c) of Article XIII, which states that an annual amount of up to \$10 million will be paid out of operating revenues to the extent that such revenues exceed expenditures of the Commission. This amount is subject to the limitations set forth in section 1341(e) of the Panama Canal Act of 1979 (Public Law No. 96-70).

13. Advances for Capital-Transit Booking System Fees.

During fiscal year 1982, with approval of the Board of Directors, the Commission tested a system whereby shippers, for a fee, could make an advance reservation for vessel transit. The test continued for approximately four months generating funds of \$5.9 million. The system was activated in fiscal year 1983 and generated funds of \$1.2 million. Such funds are considered capital advances from Canal users. By direction of the Board of Directors, these fees are set aside for capital improvements.

14. Reserve for Casualty Losses.

The reserve for casualty losses at September 30, 1983 of \$12.8 million includes \$12.5 million for marine accidents and \$0.3 million for other casualty losses. As a result of a management analysis of accident frequency and severity, the regular monthly accrual of \$0.8 million was adjusted downward to recognize in the reserve account balance the decreased loss trend for larger vessels and the reduced potential loss exposure resulting from the significant drop in overall transit levels. Accordingly, the reserve for marine accidents was adjusted during the fiscal year to maintain a balance of \$12.5 million in the account.

The reserve for casualty losses at September 30, 1982 of \$9.1 million included \$8.8 million for marine accidents and \$0.3 million for other casualty losses. The monthly accrual for the reserve for marine accidents in fiscal year 1982 was \$1.0 million per month for a total of \$12.0 million.

15. Extraordinary Retirement.

During fiscal year 1982, the retirement of SIP-7 Emergency Gates and Miter Gate Latching Devices was approved at the March 1982 meeting of the Board of Directors. The retirement of these systems was recommended by the United States Army Corps of Engineers and reviewed by selected specialists of the Panamanian Society of Engineers and Architects at the request of the Panamanian Board members. The specialists also recommended the elimination of these systems. The net amount charged to operations was \$2.6 million.

16. Contingent Liabilities and Commitments.

In addition to recorded liabilities, the estimated maximum contingent liability which could result from pending claims and lawsuits was \$9.8 million at September 30, 1983 and \$10.9 million at September 30, 1982. In

the opinion of management and Commission counsel, these pending claims and lawsuits will be resolved with no material adverse effect on the financial condition of the agency.

Commitments under uncompleted construction contracts and unfilled purchase orders amounted to \$30.8 million at September 30, 1983, and \$36.4 million at September 30, 1982. Of this amount, \$0.2 million in unfilled purchase orders were prepaid as of September 30, 1983, and \$0.1 million as of September 30, 1982. In addition, the Panama Canal Commission is liable for an indeterminable amount with respect to death and disability payments under the Federal Employees' Compensation Act.

Cash and negotiable securities of a kind acceptable by the United States Government in the amount of \$6.5 million were held by United States depositories designated by the Panama Canal Commission at September 30, 1983 and \$7.0 million at September 30, 1982 to guarantee payment by third parties of their obligations.

The Panama Canal Treaty of 1977, Article XIII, paragraph 4(c), provides that an annual amount of up to \$10 million per year be paid to the Government of Panama out of operating revenues to the extent that such revenues exceed expenditures. Payment to the Government of Panama is subject to the limitations set forth in section 1341(e) of the Panama Canal Act of 1979 (Public Law No. 96-70). In the event operating revenues in any year do not produce a surplus sufficient to cover this payment, the unpaid balance shall be paid from operating surpluses in future years up to the amount available from these surpluses. As of September 30, 1983, the balance contingently payable to the Government of Panama amounts to \$36.9 million. As of September 30, 1982, the balance contingently payable to the Government of Panama amounted to \$26.9 million.

17. Treaty Impact.

On September 7, 1977, the United States of America and the Government of Panama signed the Panama Canal Treaty of 1977. The Treaty provided for the establishment of the Panama Canal Commission on October 1, 1979, to assume certain operational responsibilities for the Canal until December 31, 1999. When the Treaty terminates on December 31, 1999, the Government of Panama shall assume total responsibility for the management, operation, and maintenance of the Panama Canal, which shall be turned over in operating condition and free of liens and debts, except as the two Parties may otherwise agree. The effects of these long-range requirements are not considered in the financial statements.

Chapter VI

STATISTICAL TABLES

Shipping Statistics

		Total traffic			assessed tolls onnage basis	Traffic assessed tolls on displacement tonnage basis		
Fiscal	Number of		Long tons of	Number of	Panama Canal net	Number of	Displace- ment	
year	transits	Tolls	cargo	transits	tonnage	t rans its	tonnage	
	Oc	eangoing Co	OMMERCIAL	TRAFFIC	21			
1974		\$119,422,568	147,906,914	13,984	135,715,628	49 44	200,376	
1975	13,609 12,157	141,898,218 134,204,402	140,101,459	13,565 12,123	135,053,680 127,778,919	44 34	131,258	
1976 *TO	3,037	35,272,300	30,888,300		33,686,757	6	23,205	
1977	11,896	163,826,571	122,978,785	11,868	133,353,132	28	108,642	
1978	12,677	194,773,111 208,376,741	142,518,288	12,647 12,902	156,907,260	30 33	109,798 136,600	
1979 1980	12,935	208,378,741	167,214,935		182.063.175	31	137.593	
1981	13,884	301,762,600	171,221,762	13,847	188,656,491	37	111,418	
1982	14,009	323,958,366	185,452,332		202,884,207	33	129,684	
1983	11,707	285,983,805	145,590,759	11,668	169,503,918	39	132,431	
	OCEA	ngoing U.S.	Governme	ent Traf	FICI			
1974	248	\$1,831,535	1,748,963		2,021,966	30	142,807	
1975	170 85	1,376,797 727,983	526,497 177,508		1,287,777 641,137	22 17	122,953 87,728	
1976 *TO	18	166,779	55,383		118,300	5	65.025	
1977	88	805,983	212,677	59	577,483	29	165,148	
1978	103	889,093	291,115		589,085	33 31	214,145 207,640	
1979 1980	111 101	1,054,169	357,482 396,481		726,755 844,748	28	217,055	
1981	89	1,241,442	301,776		705,936	21	143,121	
1982	110	1,546,746	285,451		794,282	43	309,206	
1983	125	1,721,925	354,873	77	812,840	48	350,699	
		FREE OCEAN	GOING TRA	AFFIC ^{1 2}				
1974	23	•••••		11	56,364	12	27,244	
1975 1976	7 38			2	694 22.854	5 21	10,400 41,655	
*TQ	4			3	1,474	1	1,800	
1977	13		380		21,252	5	10,380	
1978	5 10	•••••		4	3,789 4,527	1	1,100 2,194	
1979 1980	6			3	1,686	3	4,810	
1981	11			4	2,248	7	8,544	
1982	23	•••••		9 19	5,010 9,119	14	21,903 5,986	
1983	14	•••••	2,504	, ,	9,119	5	5,980	
		TOTAL OCE	angoing Ti	RAFFIC ¹				
1974		\$121,254,103	149,655,877		137,793,958	91	370,427	
1975	13,786	143,275,015	140,627,956		136,342,151 128,442,910	71 72	304,359 260,641	
1976 *TQ	12,280 3.059	134,932,385 35,439,079	117,395,409		33,806,531	12	90,030	
1977	11,997	164,632,554	123,191,842	2 11,935	133,951,867	62	284,170	
1978	12,785	195,662,204	142,809,403		157,500,134		325,043	
1979 1980	13,056	209,430,910 293,353,916	154,468,349		168,201,883		346,434 359,458	
1980	13,984	303,004,042	171,523,538		189,364,675	65	263,083	
1982	14,142	325,505,112	185,737,783	3 14,052	203,683,499		460,793	
1983	11,846	287,705,730	145,948,130	5 11,754	170,325,877	92	489,116	

Table 1.—Panama Canal Traffic—Fiscal Years 1974 Through 1983

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		Total traffic		Traffic a	onnage basis	Traffic assessed tolls on displacement tonnage basis					
Final	Number Number		Long tons	Number	Panama	Number	Displace-				
Fiscal year	transits	Tolls	cargo	of transits	Canal nei ionnage	of transits	ment tonnage				
	Small Commercial Traffic ³										
1974	826	\$62,376	23,496	823	77,722	3	611				
1975	804	52,684	7,939	798	54,174	6	1,120				
1976	745 204	49,314 24,785	6,866 1,236	737 204	50,281 15,389	8	1,229				
*TQ 1977	759	39,960	2,820	751	48,717		1,108				
1978	792	63,526	6,962	785	57,827	7	1,040				
1979	936	76,591	7,718	934	69,229	2	94				
1980 1981	788 791	74,898 65,604	787	787 788	52,052 44,962	1	57 279				
1982	830	73,228	928	826	50.399	4	315				
1983	810	73,887	669	810	48,033						
	Sм	ALL U.S. GO	VERNMENT	TRAFFIC	3						
1974	110	\$3,312		30	905	80	5,088				
1975	110	4,729	1	27	1,023	83	6,382				
1976 *TQ	136 36	6,168 1,613	23	18 4	1,159 481	118 32	8,019 2,144				
1977	277	12,851		22	953	255	16.769				
1978	187	9,504	8	25	1,446	162	10,742				
1979	315	14,375	9	48	2,865	267	15,519				
1980 1981	276 225	15,129 10,712	2	29 16	1,357	247 209	14,313 10,431				
1982	241	10,757		12	415	229	10,973				
1983	242	11,406	5	12	332	230	11,177				
		Small Fi	REE TRAFFI	C ^{2 3}							
1974	29	••••		18	663	11	917				
1975	35	•••••	31	30	1,518	5	185				
1976 *TQ	40 14	•••••	50	31 14	1,484 944	9	701				
1977	54		10	50	2,840	4	466				
1978		•••••	20	42	2,986	2	72				
1979	55	•••••	3	47	2,160	8	632				
1980 1981	47 50	•••••	•••••	41 41	2,317 2,613	6	560 1.012				
1982	58		70	40	2,803	18	1,172				
1983	56	•••••	8	39	2,321	17	2,010				
	т	OTAL PANAM	1A CANAL 7	RAFFIC							
1974		\$121,319,791	149,679,373	15,084	137,873,248	185	377,043				
1975	14,735	143,332,428	140,635,927	14,570	136,398,866	165	312,046				
1976 *TQ	13,201 3,313	134,987,867 35,465,477	117,402,325 30,944,942	12,994 3,269	128,495,834 33,823,345	207 44	270,590 92,174				
1977	13,087	164,685,365	123,194,672	12,758	134,004,377	329	302,513				
1978	13,808	195,735,234	142,816,393	13,573	157,562,393	235	336,897				
1979	14,362	209,521,876	154,476,079	14,019 14,409	168,276,137 182,965,335	343 316	362,679 374,388				
1980 1981	14,725 15,050	293,443,943 303,080,358	167,612,203	14,409	189,413,001	286	274,388				
1982	15,271	325,589,097	185,738,781	14,930	203,737,116	341	473,253				
1983	12,954	287,791,023	145,948,818	12,615	170,376,563	339	502,303				

Table 1.-Panama Canal Traffic-Fiscal Years 1974 Through 1983 (Continued)

¹Oceangoing traffic includes ships of 300 net tons and over, Panama Canal measurement, or of 500 displacement tons and over on vessels paying tolls on displacement basis (dredges, warships, etc.).

²Free traffic includes ships of the Colombian and Panamanian Governments and ships transiting for repair by the Commission.

Includes vessels under 300 net tons, Panama Canal measurement (or under 500 displacement tons for vessels assessed on displacement tonnage).

•Effective 10-1-76 the fiscal year for all U.S. Government agencies was changed from July I through June 30, to October 1 through September 30. For continuity purposes, July, August, and September 1976 were designated the Transition Quarter.

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	1981-82	26.637.319	25.613.161	26.430.646	24.517.551	25.433.447	29.704.319	27.476.077	28.360.999	28.242.150	27.967.133	27.923.726	25,651,838	323,958,366	\$26,996,530	
Tolls	1982-83												22,497,834	285,983,805 \$3	\$23,831,984 \$	
of Cargo	1981-82	15.546.844											14,555,565	185,452,332 \$	15,454,361	
Long Tons of Cargo	1982-83	14,529,313						11,845,294						145,590,759	12,132,563	
Net Tonnage	1981-82	16,591,293	15,932,467	16,460,847	15,317,488	15,928,473	18,698,264	17,234,149	17,845,384	17,717,961	17,513,133	17,569,244	16,075,504	202,884,207	16,907,017	
Panama Canal Net Tonnage	1982-83	16,748,651	14,437,271	15,159,478	14,281,604	13,006,067	14,616,188	14,448,846	13,618,472	13,729,177	13,257,916	13,456,699	12,743,549	169,503,918	14,125,326	
Vumber of Transits	1981-82	1,180	1,136	1,163	1,075	1,094	1,288	1,235	1,226	1,187	1,173	1,167	1,085	14,009	1,167	
Number of	1982-83	1,123	976	1,038	994	901	1,044	666	955	953	926	923	875	11,707	976	
		October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	Total	Average per month	

NOTE: The above includes only commercial vessels of 300 net tons and over. Panama Canal measurement, or of 500 displacement tons and over on vessels paying tolls on a displacement tonnage basis. Statistics on these vessels, except as relates to displacement tonnage, have been included in the table above.

Table 3.-Canal Traffic1 by Flag of Vessel-Fiscal Year 1983

		Measured	tonnage		
	Number	Panama	1		Long
Flag	of transits	Canal net	Registered gross ²	Tolls	ions of
0	11 4115113	ner	gross-	\$3,295	cargo
Argentina	15	380,957	460,882	660,562	211,718
Austria	2	45,554	53,688	79.720	36,523
Bahamas Belgium	20 51	255,501 1,084,038	303,233 1,281,913	444,940 1,848,925	329,685 1,316,523
Bermuda	10	110,521	108,357	165,970	9,743
Bolivia	10	85,110	106,700	148,942	61.070
Pulgaria	32 16	253,354 97,459	323,074 121,343	432,765 165,831	112,049 78,768
Canada	16	131,700	158,667	225,001	120,327
Cayman Islands	5	10,716 1,282,436	11,856 1,408,953	19,344 2,196,417	14,832 1,508,319
Colombia Costa Rica	141	1,924,545	2,148,547	3,287,920	1,309,372
Costa Rica	3 153	2,841	2,976	4,252	591
Cuba Cyprus	71	901,481 564,397	1,063,467 634,399	1,536,804 948,214	702,175 537,850
Czechoslovakia	i	16,610	20,596	27,739	27,299
Denmark.	254 2	4,546,296 2,784	5,863,577 2,380	7,829,863 4,580	3,209,756 589
East Germany	เป็	58,918	68,959	89,328	[1.545
Dominican Republic East Germany Ecuador. Egypt	358	2,997,876	3,541,583	5,031,222	2,528,540
Egypt Finland	21	18,762 212,150	22,606 268,171	31,333 360,894	31,096 237,412
France	84	1,496,272	1,420,859	2,634,354	1,058,455
Ghana Greece	2 888	19,682	26,008	32,377	8.056
Greece	2	13,617,830 7,008	15,768,158 8,256	22,853,694 11,703	15,588,888 8,688
Honduras	47	276,234	344,957	462,940	98,574
Hong Kong India	5 25	80,531 419,780	95,332 510,672	144,884 688,553	114,364 417,307
Indonesia	18	241,636	292,548	421,535	255,086
Iraq Ireland	2	11,828	13,952	18,688	3,948
IrelandIsrael	70	56,739 1,413,719	68,056 1,857,746	99,295 2,483,997	87,383 928,884
Jialy	110	1,294,145	1,591,775	2,238,082	877,832
Japan Kuwait	1,165	21,049,780 48,289	18,494,869 62,257	35,093,265 80,046	11,674,473
Liberia	1.555	28,673,392	29,731,447	47,896,173	30,199 28,160,094
Malavsia	15	279,173	315,464	480,548	443,472
Malta Mexico	8 70	[18,953 1,248,997	140,821	187,546 2,029,990	72,638 1,078,764
Morocco	3	18,755	23,432	34,241	19,568
Netherlands	239	2,355,427 108,735	2,645,123	4,042,106	1,387,142
New Zealand Nicaragua	4 5	42,505	48,000	189,758 75,064	36,623 29,989
Norway	413	7,621,610	8,368,058	13,014,280	7,086,846
Panama	1.697 104	20,310,756 1,939,476	20,586,091 2,241,344	34,185,992 3,226,307	18,385,482 1,881,661
Panama People's Republic of China Peru Philippines	272	2,705,136	3,283,154	4,628,169	2,930,110
Philippines Poland	155 62	2,035,462 406,069	2,209,170 460,200	3,522,025	2,605,550
Poland	3	406,069	3,770	708,018 5,184	259,889 836
Portugal Republic of China (Taiwan) Rumania Saudi Arabia	122	2,491,328	3,186,114	4,326,065	1,445,579
Rumania	27	9,650 43,696	12,506 42,336	15,874 71,180	2,145 8,075
Singapore	219	4,477,634	4,234,306	7,474,962	3,372,335
South AfricaSouth Korea	4 220	23,080 3,662,743	26,692 4,439,018	40,578 6,311,106	17,423
Spain	137	845,012	898,669	1,479,093	4,331,706 622,210
Sri Lanka	1	29,301	32,758	53.621	46,640
Sweden Switzerland	150 69	3,070,948 694,445	2,528,601 823,754	5,352,258 1,184,547	1,257,727 275,470
Turkey	9	75,729	99,250	129,173	81,645
United Arab Emirates United Kingdom	4 623	33,930 10,395,070	41,588 12,759,429	50,488 17,739,449	262 9,994,217
United States	1,022	14,080,186	15,931,190	23,205,995	9,994,217
U.S.S.R.	458	2,976,473	3 245 376	5 083 914	1,493,228
Vanuatu Venezuela	4 37	9,176 66,091	11,996	15,095	5,162 24,876
West Germany	193	2,722,146	3,182,083	4,756,054	1,911,687
Yugoslavia	87 2	897,143	1,047,410 18,878	1,523,385 27,258	770,320
Total	11,707	16,322	182,906,697	\$285,983,805	17,976
	11,707	.07,505,718	102,700,07/	9203,703,003	145,590,759

Includes only commercial vessels of 300 net tons and over, Panama Canal measurement, or of 500 displacement tons and over on vessels paying tolls on displacement basis (dredges, warships, etc.). ²Includes 16 transits where no registered tonnage was reported.

Table 3.-Canal Traffic1 by Flag of Vessel-Fiscal Year 1983-Continued

NOTE.—In Canal traffic statistics, foreign naval vessels such as transports, supply ships, tankers, etc., with a measurement of 300 net tons (Panama Canal measurement) and over, and vessels of war, dredges, etc., with a displacement of 500 tons and over, are classified as occangoing commercial vessels. Statistics on these vessels, except as related to displacement tonnage, have been included in the table above. As displacement tonnage cannot be combined with net tonnage, the following table shows statistics covering 39 vessels which transited the Canal during fiscal year 1983 and paid tolls on displacement tonnage.

Flag	Type	Number of transits	Displace- men! tonnage	Tolls
Argentina	Naval	1	3,543	\$3,295
Ecuador	do	5	4,683	4,718
France	do	4	24,227	22,660
Japan	do	2	8,615	8,787
Mexico	do	1	1,750	1,628
New Zealand	do	1	2,550	2,372
Netherlands	Dredge	2	15,877	16,194
People's Republic of China	do	1	19,487	18,123
Peru	Naval	7	13,374	13,416
Portugal	do	1	1,840	1,877
Republic of China (Taiwan)	do	1	2,850	2,907
Spain	do	2	6,983	6,802
Spain	Floating Drydock	1	5,162	5,265
Turkey	Naval	1	3,002	2,792
United Kingdom	do	3	8,353	8,261
United States	do	2	3,060	2,845
United States	Dredge	2	4,535	4,626
Venezuela	Naval	2	2,540	2,591
Total		39	132,431	\$129,159

		Grand Total	4,062 83,101 \$139,425 81,383	1,657 28,472 \$49,868 16,055	1,922 14,016 \$24,299 10,011	149 2,134 \$3,673 82	1,466 7,761 \$12,869 2,273	1.965 31,965 \$52,242 34,788
		Total	771 17,920 \$24,990	28 418 \$580	183 969 \$1,352	1 9 \$14	414 2,207 \$3,094	661 10,938 \$15,267
	Ballast	Pacific to Atlantic	424 8,106 \$11,230	14 151 \$206	115 526 \$734		55 238 \$328	355 4,606 \$6,463
ar 1983		Atlantic to Pacific	347 9,814 \$13,760	14 267 \$374	68 443 \$618	1 9 \$14	359 1,969 \$2,766	306 6,332 \$8,804
Fiscal Ye		Total	3,291 65,181 \$114,435 81,383	1,629 28,054 \$49,288 16,055	1,739 13,047 \$22,947 10,011	148 2,125 \$3,659 82	1,052 5,554 \$9,775 2,273	1,304 21,027 \$36,975 34,788
f Vessel-	Laden	Pacific to Atlantic	1.365 26.640 \$46.870 22.988	846 14.735 \$25.872 8.737	811 6,320 \$11,118 5,002	75 1,006 \$1,741 82	651 3.571 \$6.303 1.777	601 10,833 \$18,992 18,701
by Type o		Atlantic 10 Pacific	1,926 38,541 \$67,565 58,395	783 13,319 \$23,416 7,318	928 6.727 \$11,829 5,009	73 1,119 \$1,918	401 1,983 \$3,472 496	703 10,194 \$17,983 16,087
Table 4.—Classification of Canal Traffic ¹ by Type of Vessel—Fiscal Year 1983		Type of Vessel Cargo and Cargo Passenger Ships:	Dumber of transits	Container Cargo Surps. Number of transits. Panama Canal net tonnage (thousands) Tolls (thousands of dollars)	Underail Cargo Sups. Number of transits. Panama Canal net tonnage (thousands) Tolls (thousands of dollars)	Prasenger Damps- Number of transits	Kerrgerated Cargo Surps: Number of transits. Panama Canal net tonnage (thousands) Tolls (thousands of dollars)	Tank Surps: Number of transits

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STATISTICAL TABLES

33 87 \$85	453 2,055 45 \$3,523 999	11,221 167,449 \$282,376 144,592	486 2,055 132 \$3,608 \$999	11.707 169,504 132 \$285,984 145,591
33 87 \$85	116 389 45 \$587	2,058 32,461 \$45,297	149 389 132 \$672	2,207 32,850 132 \$45,969
15 36 \$36	46 176 27 \$273	963 13,627 \$18,961	61 176 63 \$309	1,024 13,803 63 \$19,270
18 51 \$49	70 213 18 \$314	1,095 18,834 \$26,336	88 213 69 \$363	1,183 19,047 69 \$26,699
	337 1,666 	9,163 134,988 \$237,079 144,592	337 1,666 	9,500 136,654 \$240,015 145,591
	167 737 \$1,292 475	4,349 63,105 \$110,896 57,287	167 737 \$1.292 475	4.516 63,842 \$112,188 57,762
	170 929 \$1,644 524	4,814 71,883 \$126,183 87,305	170 929 \$1,644 524	4,984 72,812 \$127,827 87,829
OTHER TYPE SHIPS: Naval Vessels: Number of transits	Barges, Dredges, Drydocks, Lugs, etc Number of transits Panama Canal net tonnage (thousands) Displacement tonnage (thousands) Tolls (thousands of dollars) Cargo (thousands of long tons)	Total Cargo and Cargo/Passenger Ships: Total Cargo and Cargo/Passenger Ships: Number of transits Panama Canal net tonnage (thousands) Tolls (thousands of dollars)	Number of transits	Number of transits

¹Includes only commercial vessels of 300 net tons and over (Panama Canal measurement) for vessels paying tolls on net tonnage basis, or of 500 displacement tons and over for vessels paying on displacement tonnage. ²Vessels certificated for more than 12 passengers.

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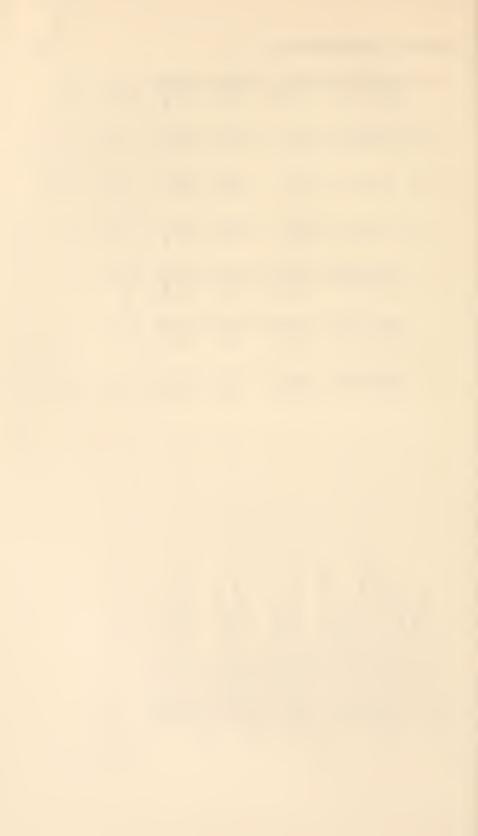


Table 5.-Laden and Ballast Traffic by Flag of Vessel Fiscal Year 1983

		Laden			Ballast	
	Num-		1	Num-		1
	ber	Panama		ber	Panama	
Flee	of transits	Canal net tonnage	Tolls	of t ran sits	Canal net tonnage	Tolls
Flag	110/13/13	380,957	\$660,562		-	10113
Australia	2	45,554	79,720		•••••	••••
Bahamas	18	241,216	424,930	2	14,285	\$20,010
Belgium	46	946,743	1,657,890	5	137,295	191,035
Bermuda Bolivia	5 10	39,214 85,110	68,601 148,942	5	71,307	97,369
Brazil	28	232,378	404,867	4	20,976	27,898
Bulgaria	13	79,614	140,716	3	17,845	25,114
Canada Cayman Islands	10	94,107	170,115	6	37,593	54,886
Cayman Islands	4 96	9,995 1,153,839	18,291 2,014,805	16	721 128,597	1,053 181,612
Chile Colombia Costa Rica	126	1,690,531	2,972,889	15	234,014	315,031
Costa Rica	1	947	1,733	2	1,894	2,519
Cube	131	789,742	1.384.277	22	111,739	152,527
Cyprus Czechoslovakia	61	448,735 16,610	788,393 27,739	10	115,662	159,821
	220	4,070,045	7,155,150	34	476,251	674,712
Dominican Republic	1	1,392	2,547	I	1,392	2,032
East Germany	6	32,257 2,252,808	53,869 3,974,860	5 90	26,661	35,459
Ecuador	263	18,762	31,333	90	745,068	1,051,643
Denmark Dominican Republic East Germany Ecuador Egypt Finland	18	183,584	321,098	3	28,566	39,796
	73	1,426,303	2,512,349	7	69,969	99,345
Ghana Greece	1 694	9,841 10,476,183	18,009 18,447,991	194	9,841 3,141,647	14,368 4,405,703
Guatemala	2	7,008	11,703		3,141,047	4,403,703
Honduras	31	189,790	339,561	16	86,444	123,380
Hong Kong	5	80,531 280,221	144,884 492,680	·····;	139,559	106 974
India	18	241,636	421.535		139,339	195,874
lrag	1	5,914	10,823	1	5,914	7,866
	4	56,739	99,295	•••••	• • • • • • • • • •	•••••
Israel	70 102	1,413,719 1,226,294	2,483,997 2,144,227		67,851	93,855
Japan	920	15,492,296	27,276,983	243	5,557,484	7,807,495
Kuwait	3	36,195	62,389	1	12,094	17,657
Liberia Malaysia	1,207	21,739,615 250,961	38,225,919 443,026	348	6,933,777	9,670,253
Malta	5	61,741	108,255	3	28,212 57,212	37,522 79,292
Mexico	38	744,843	1,314,093	31	504,154	714,269
Morocco	3 190	18,755	34,241			
Netherlands New Zealand	190	1,986,629 108,735	3,500,417 187,387	4/	368,798	525,494
Nicaragua	5	42,505	75,064			
Norway	345	6,558,578	11.520.013	68	1,063,032	1,494,266
Panama People's Republic of China Peru	1,364 81	16,272,688 1,540,413	28,571,641 2,668,095	333 22	4,038,068 399,063	5,614,351 540,089
Peru	232	2,334,855	4,095,361	33	370,281	519,391
Philippines	141	1,846,152	3,257,594	14	189,310	264,431
Philippines Poland	59	391,662	686,984	3	14,407	21,034
Portugal Republic of China (Taiwan) Saudi Arabia Singapore South Africa	2	1,890 2,359,175	3,308 4,135,013		132.153	188,145
Rumania	ĩ	4,825	8,830	ĭ	4,825	7,044
Saudi Arabia	4	25,057	43,967	3	18,639	27,213
Singapore	173	3,371,127 20,568	5,918,777 37,238	46	1,106,507 2,512	1,556,185 3,341
	199	3.295.649	5,806,991	2	367,094	504,116
Spain	128	812,531	1,420,613	6	32,481	46,413
Sri Lanka Sweden	138	29,301 2,931,825	53,621 5,155,714		139,123	106 644
Switzerland	65	630,056	1,096,582	4	64,389	196,544 87,964
Turkey	5	48,821	87.176	3	26,908	39,205
United Arab Emirates	1	8,509	15,571	3	25,421	34,916
United Kingdom United States	527 782	8,954,832 10,551,573	15,738,539 18,352,265	93 236	1,440,238 3,528,613	1,992,649 4,846,258
U.S.S.R	375	2,499,598	4,408,235	83	476,875	675,680
Vanuatu	2	4,588	8,396	2	4,588	6,698
Venezuela	24 175	52,562 2,628,409	89,739 4,624,537	11 18	13,529 93,737	18,708 131,517
Yugoslavia	75	750,727	1,323,709	12	146,416	199,676
Zaire	2	16,322	27,258	<u></u>	<u></u>	
Total	9,500	136,652,887	\$240,013,922	2,168	32,851,031	\$45,840,724

Above table involves only commercial vessels of 300 net tons or over, Panama Canal measurement.

Average gross tonnage per vessel	30,725 26,844 15,162 25,136	10.670 10.670 10.096 7.584	9,917 2,371 12,580 15,238 992	6.951 8.935 20.596 23.085 1.190	6,269 10.023 22,606 12,770 17,741 13,004	4,128 7,340 19,066 20,427 16,253 6,976 6,976 17,014 17,014 17,014 15,930 15,930 15,930	21,031
Registered gross tomage	460,882 53,688 303,233 1 281 013	108.357 108.357 106.700 323.074 121.343	158,667 11,856 1,408,953 2,148,547 2,976	1.063.467 634.399 20.596 5.863.577 2.380	68.959 3.537.961 22,606 268.171 1,419.309 26.008 26.008 15.768.158	8.256 344.957 95.332 592.548 13.952 68.056 1.857.746 1.857.746 1.891.775 18.494.869 18.494.869 18.494.869 18.494.869 18.494.869 1.557 1.557 1.557 1.557 1.557 1.557 1.557 1.556 1.556 1.557 1.557 1.556 1.557 1.556 1.557 1.556 1.556 1.556 1.556 1.556 1.557 1.5566 1.556 1.556 1.556 1.5566 1.	315,464
Total ²	15 20 20 20	22222	9 14 15 2 14 15 2 17 2 17 2 17 2 17 2 17 2 17 2 17 2	254 254 254	11 353 21 80 888 888	225 255 264 1.1611	15
40.000 and over	5			2	23		
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2.000 10 3.999			4000	°		2 ⁻	: :
Under 2,000			-01 .01	35	2 6 2 22	135 135	, .
Flag	Australia	Bermuda Bolivia Brazil Bulgaria	Canada Cayman Islands Chie Colombia Costa Rica	Cuba Czechoslovakia Denmark Dominican Republic			Malaysia

Table 6.-Segregation of Transits1 by Registered Gross Tonnage-Fiscal Year 1983

17,603 23,356	7,811	42.276	20.262	12,138	21,622	12,345	7.423	1.127	26.332	6 048	19.335	6,673	20,177	6,669	32,758	10,857	16 547	10.397	20,600	15,780	7,086	666'7	1.755	12,030	9,439	15,692
140,821 1,564,824	23,432	126,828	48,000 8.368.058	20,586,091	2,227,016	3.271.510	460,200	2,254	3,186,114	42 336	4,234,306	26,692	4,439,018	893,680	32,758	109.826.2	056.06	41,588	12,751,114	15,938,157	3,245,376	066,11	61,412	3,182,083 1 047 410	18,878	182,848,559
																										11,652
		£		13	61				•		5			:		7			33	20	••••••			_		166 1.4
																										1,402 12.0
																										1,838
																										2,081 17.9
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77	57		<u>ہ</u> ر	173	÷	22	Ξ		7		33		8	36		0		-	22	26	117		• •	- 4	2	1,254 10.8
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	37			218		с -	2	~ ~	7		_		6	10					21	155	16		0° -	-		794 6.8
Malta		New Zealand	Nicaragua		•		Poland		Republic of China (Talwan) Rumania		Singapore	South Africa	South Korea	Spain	Sri Lanka	Sweden		mirates			U.S.S.R.	Vanuatu		West Germany		Total

Includes only commercial vessels of 300 net tons and over, Panama Canal measurement. ²Excludes 39 vessels paying tolls on displacement tonnage basis and 16 transits where no registered tonnage was reported.

 Years
Fiscal
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e.
Shipped Throug
Commodities
'Principal
Table 7.

ic	1981 3,324	186	63	84	∞	31	3,138	1,124	824	449	121	588	676	9	539	131	1,680	1 163	9	-	165	•••••	3 156	136	5,616	3,072	116	1,494
North Pacific to Atlantic	1982 3,262	211	52	80	38	41	150,5	972	161	418	156	069	984	46	870	68	1,280	763	2	•••••	315	4 -	2 984	160	4,806	2,358	664	257
Pac	1983 2,889	171	43	62	58	38.2	2,/18	888	202	461	73	684	846	65	671	011	1,556	200	-	-	210		1.084	70	5,335	2,738	186	205
[Thousands of long lons]	Commodity Canned and Refrigerated Foods	Canned Foods	Fish	Fruit.	Milk	Other and unclassified	Keirigerated Foods	Bananas Dairy Products	Fish	Fruit, excluding bananas	Meat	Other and unclassified	Chemicals and Petroleum Chemicals	Caustic soda	Chemicals, unclassified	Petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous	Coal and Coke (excluding petroleum coke)	Barlev	Corn	Oats	kice	Sorgan Sorgan Stream Stre	Wheat	Other and unclassified	Lumber and Products	Boards and planks	Plywood, veneers, composition board	Other and unclassified
jfic	1983 518	74	e	9	57	× ;	443	- 4	131	8	10	195	4,121	674	2,474	973	34 785	118	21,625	27	51 .	7 020	4.478	78	529	6 8	07 20	25
South Atlantic to Pacific	1982 574	29	4	9	40	14			147	Ξ	~	230	3,892	513	2,429	950	21,249	34	13,557	22	62	2,013	0,400	180	439	=:	12	41
Ath	1981 568																											

1,603 1,393 1,393 62 62 45 45 45	644 61 1.107 1.805 1.035 3.392	23 537 23 23 23 23 23 180 180 	1,270 50 678 23 23 149 149 4288	532 532 112 598 598 110 101 101 101 101 101 101
1,538 1,343 1,343 56 45 24 5,178	514 96 1.145 1.842 299 1.282 3.831	4426 10585 231 2.575	1,553 89 989 989 70 198 80 80 4,136	180 50 730 730 68 68 68 43 555 2,099
$\begin{array}{r} 1,475\\ 16\\ 1,305\\ 33\\ 33\\ 19\\ 3,563\\ 3,563\end{array}$	403 70 1,277 896 803 3,070	391 391 577 149 149	1,467 26 823 823 143 142 142 56 2937	107 107 54 54 88 88 31 640
Machinery and Equipment			Nitrates, Phosphates, and Potash	
225 59 104 48 48 69 1.632	123 10 10 10 123 123 161 161 161 228	20 20 122 61 61	750 379 1 27 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 12	375 375 69 18 18 133 133 97
				366 366 23 23 35 184 184 63
				252 19 252 19 252 252 146

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	ic	1981	1,443	61	952	15	62	4	43	139	167	3,695	68	47	498	48	93	560	124	67	11	4	2,040	45	37,995	S	31,259	808	3,560	04/	65	7 4	152	1,276
North	Pacific to Atlantic	1982	1,540	64	944	100	96	e	29	209	95	3,471	56	60	451	6	66	878	58	42	40	ŝ	1,752	77	45,324	•	40,118	519	2,316	504	4	0 0	149	1,404
	Pac	1983	1,640	57	1,162	60	129	2	21	129	80	3,491	42	31	467	14	123	827	64	36	61	ς Γ	1,803	20, 20	20,191	9	14,123	99C	2,800	34/	ĥ		114	1,624
	[Thousands of long tons]	Commodity	Metals	Aluminum	Соррег	Iron	Lead	Scrap	Tin, including tinplate	Zinc	Other and unclassified	Other Agricultural Commodities	Beans, edible	Cocoa and cacao beans	Coffee, raw and processed	Copra and coconuts	Cotton, raw	Molasses	Oilseeds	Peas, dry	Kubber, raw	Skins and hides	Sugar	wool, raw	Petroleum and Products	Asphalt	Crude oil	Diesel oil	Fuel oil, residual	Casoline	Jet 14et.			Petroleum čoke
	ific	1983	2,641	397	42	238	14	1,846	15	13	76	1,953	56	ς Γ	61		28	ς, μ	16	51			1,701		13,727	6	4,547	1,2/1	3,318	205,1	170	700	524	712
South	antic to Pac												41																					
	ALI												e																					

241	7,357	18	30	10	Ξ	17	112	49	68	6	-	202	67	189	610	13	80	44	29	S	2	57	-	13	5,792	81,903
485	7,760	18	80	7	6	13	35	15	47	9	-	108	176	230	537	9	7	32	22	8	14	43	Ę	9	6,337	88,895
571	7,627	S	-	7	28	17	54	Π	37	s	-	16	87	108	514	ę	9	49	Ę		39	41	ę	ę	6,514	57,762
Other and unclassified	Miscellaneous	Bricks and tile	Carbon black	Cement	Clay, fire and china	Fibers, plant	Flour, wheat	Glass and glassware	Groceries, miscellaneous	Liquors and wines	Marble and stone	Oil, coconut	Oil, fish	Oil, vegetable	Paper and paper products	Porcelainware	Resin	Rubber, manufactured	Seeds, excluding oilseeds	Slag, clinkers, and dross	Tallow	Textiles	Tobacco and manufactures	Wax, paraffin	All other and unclassified	Total
436	9,309	21	4	64	380	21	242	20	29	31	25	4	œ	245	702	-	210	29	34	15	67	48	46	13	7,050	87,829
727	9,430	46	9	60	445	47	252	50	46	36	21	m		311	6969	2	347	24	-	61	57	142	59	∞	6,752	96,557
																										89,319

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Table 8Origin and Destination of Commercial Cargo Through the Panama Canal From Atlantic to Pacific During Fiscal Year 1983	Segregated by Countries in Principal Trade Areas

	-	0 m 0 + 01 -	2	00 10 10 mlm	v) es m + L+0	
	Total	232,759 43,403 94,969 2.653,934 68,606 3,093,671	57.852	3,350,718 56,336 965 184 3,408,203	54.025 97.338 788.543 939.906	56.677 5.927 5.927 467,312 18,353 71.201 619,470
	Balboa. R.P.2	52,650 8,153 8,153 11,342 366,692 62,217 501,054		206 55,837 	3.251 74.728 77.979	89 238.885 14.714 43.743 297,431
	Central America (other)	16.548 16.548 15.609 4.984 37,141	3.190	1.382 715 2.097	38	6.036 23.369 3.015 23.098 55.518
	America Pan- ama	1.495 9.736 34.792 1.250 47.273	2.679	499 176 675	803 4.442 5,245	984 14,354 300 15,638
	ası Central Nica- ragua	10,832 153,063 163,895	18,993	495.771 	1,838 96 57,327 59,261	38,283 45,566 49 83,898
	10 West Coast Central America Nica- Pan- Mexico ragua ama	29,335 68,094 .567,612 13	25,273	2.268.881	52.187 79,409 131,596	11,285 34,248 45,533
	Guate- mala	17.371 4.813 22.184		252,112 2	315,117	90.666
	El Sal- vador	121,076 240 15,533 326,187 142 142	3.674	311.291 250 311.541	13.756 306,680 320,436	19,329 19,329
	Costa Rica	8.726 8.726 185,166	4,043	21.075 21.075 21.075	23 30,211 30,234	5,927 895 575 11,457
[Long tons] To_W.C.	Canada	2.028 234,945 358,958	360		26,860 5,642 32,502	3.975
_	Total	294,625 63,566 1.135,419 1.688,989	11,495	27,480 5.868 13,600 46,948	327,299 51,298 467,855 23,958 870,410	191,544 510,501 42,642 373,651 1,118,338
	10 West Coast United States Main- I Hawaii land T	273,493 59.121 1.135,339 1.68.523 1.636,476	11,495	27.480 5.868 13.600 46.948	327.299 51.298 467.855 23.958 870.410	191.544 392,469 42,642 104,780 731,435
1	Hawaii	21,132 4,445 26,856 52,433				85,354 85,354 237,733 323,087
1	10 Alaska	80				32.678 31.138 63.816
	T of Color North Autority	Cast Coust 1 YUKTH AMERICA. United States: North Atlantic ports South Atlantic ports Grat Lakes ports United States (other) ¹ Total United States	EAST COAST CANADA	EAST COAST CENTRAL AMERICA: Mexico	EAST COAST SOUTH AMERICA: Brazil Colombia Veneruela South America (other) ¹ Total South America	WEST INDIES: Cuba

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STATISTICAL TABLES

EUROPE														
Belgium			265,645	265,645	37,420	38	65,848		11,807	15,108	62	809	394	93.865
France			130,015	130,015	19,310	730	4,409		77,732	32,020	184	01		115.085
Italy			89,125	89,125	9,812	43	17,303		7,837	6,148		145		31.476
Netherlands		292	303,597	303,889	35,467	6,949	11,719		14.621	33,624	2,491	195		66.599
Norway			143,668	143.668	3,591							6.894		6.894
Spain-Portugal			88,993	88.993	6,998	1,353	27,984		22,084	4,400		74	533	56.428
Sweden			128,420	128.420	5,064				472	10.053	01			10.535
United Kingdom		5,663	106.085	111.748	13,144	444	2,901		7.171	1,370				11.886
U.S.S.R.			16.027	16,027	970		9.365		418	87,787			75	97.645
West Germany	9,418	516	377.270	387,204	39,244	11,510	15,305		2,775	15,184	4.365	849	10	49.998
Europe (other) ¹			494,119	494,119	90.544	649	56,182		29,949	26,752	1.476	7,107	12	122,127
Total Europe	9.418	6.471	2,142,964	2,158,853	261,564	21,716	211,016		174.866	232,446	8.588	15,882	1.024	665,538
ASIA (MIDDLE EAST)			61,252	61.252	01									
AFRICA		:	280,783	280,783	10,601		1,083		19,714	11,703			0	32,510
Grand total	73,314	381,991	5,781,763	6,237,068	904,943	282,417	1,330,257	680.079	4.330.917	1.065.975	80.098	113,866	933,541	8,817,150
Percent of Pacific-Bound Cargo	. 0.1		6.6	7,1	1.0	0.3	1.5	0.8	4.9	1.2	0.1	0.1	Ξ	10.0

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See footnotes at end of table.

PANAMA CANAL COMMISSION

and Destination of Commercial Cargo Through the Panama Canal From Atlantic to Pacific During Fiscal Year 1983	Segregated by Countries in Principal Trade Areas-Continued
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Table 80	
Tabl	

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[Long tons]

		To 4	To West Coast South America	outh Amer	ca			1	To Oceania	9	
East Coast North America:	Chile	Colom- bia	Ecuador	Peru	South America (other) ¹	Total	Australia	French Oceania	New Zealand	Oceania (other) ¹	Total
Uniced States Uniced States North Atlantic ports	281,982	15,882	24.879	135,386	3.474	461,603	110,933	17,788	34.575	99,589	262,885
South Atlantic ports	38,130 1.450 1.245,341	12,066 3,352 622,397	02,194 3.715 924,293	23,015 21,923 1,363,809	2.730 5.590 81.063	138,130 36,030 4,236,903	90.631 	49,250	228.654	36,936	233,843
United States (other) ¹	97.391	22.102 675.799	48,403	75,141	8,707	251,744 5,124,435	79,701	67,038	417,864	76,848 240,284	200,883 2,308,893
East Coast Canada	3,433	37,171	38,510	41.088	13.071	133.273	39,509	:	15,043	45,119	99,671
EAST COAST CENTRAL AMERICA: Mexico	5,616	2.214 5 2.010 4.229	15.910 1.318 612 17.840	27.099 2.282 2.282	7,615 373 373	58.454 3.978 2.010 612 65.054	1,400 304 1,704		2,415	271 301 301	4,086 304 304 4,420
EAST COAST SOUTH AMERICA: Brazil Colombia Venezuel South America Total South America	1,910 1,072,848 52.721 1,127,479	35,963 35,963 233,841 29,824 17,071 316,699	235,817 2,542 69,876 2,90 308,525	12.551 1.085 43.540 4.710 61.886	3,224 2,101 31,121 4,499 40,945	287.555 241.479 1.247.209 79.291 1.855.534	17.676 6,909 24.585		47,616	09 09	17.676 54.585 72.261
WEST INDIES: Cuba	606,776 606,776 5,856 46.055 658,687	2 179,970	7.547 7.547 2.860 10.407	22.728 30 66.185 22.619 8.715 120.277	44.267 6 43.701 2.718 1.359 92.051	66.997 36 904.179 31.193 58.989 1.061.394		12,450 40,284 236 52,970	34 75,474 75,528 75,528	17,869 17,869	279 279 87,956 57,867 471 146,573

STATISTICAL TABLES

EUROPE:											
Belgium	60.324	11.022		40.521		168,561	6.650	10,498		13.198	45,174
France	32.886	11.160		46.060		102,795	986	143.447		15,443	159.880
Italy	19.814	2.747		5.422		46.358	315	5.859		1,269	9.346
Netherlands	41.206	6,009		17.680		85,707	39.854	5.071		26.973	132.034
Norway	1,645	466		2.567		5.089					457
Spain-Portugal	23.938	7.546		15.690		62,078	2,662	897		2.933	6.552
Sweden	12.611	2.004		8.233		58,568		100			1.310
United Kingdom	24.815	5,340		19.172		60.373	12.718	580		74.432	160,841
U.S.S.R.				909		96,416					16.072
West Germany	46.558	11,426	67,633	65,959		205.100	6.863	7.850		23.976	62.570
Europe (other) ¹	77.064	53,005	56.478	63.396		301.088	26,988	50,795		51,015	171,661
Total Europe	340,861	110,725	213,656	285,306	241,585	1,192,133	97.036	225.097	234.525	209.239	765.897
ASIA (MIDDLE EAST)	1.592	•		:	:	1,592					
Africa	1.459	1,054	2.466		5,960	10,939		:		:	
Grand total	3.803.441	1,325,649	1,654,888	2,157,212	503,164	9.444.354	1,746,747	345,105	792,991		3.397.715
Percent of Pacific-Bound Cargo		1.5	1.9	2.5	0.6	10.8	2.0	0.4	0.9	0.6	3.9

See footnotes at end of table.

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Table 8Origin and Destination of Commercial Cargo Through the Panama Canal From Atlantic to Pacific During Fiscal Year 1983	Segregated by Countries in Principal Trade Areas-Continued

[Long tons]

Percent of total	Pacific- bound cargo		2.5	0.4	58.6 2.8	75.0	2.1	4.1	0.1	0.1	4.3	1.0	0.5	4.5 0.2	6.2	1	0.2	2.5	0.3	5.6
	Grand total		9.413,837	308.922	51,466,177 2,441,690	65,860,729	1,871,370	3,635,591	66,182	46.235 827 .	3.748.835	885,513	4 011 282	146,689	5.453,470	01 401 410	296.329	2,152,988	216,794 766,217	4.925.767
	Total		1.516.191	177,923	41,469,681 1,725,078	53.048,810	1.568.719	194,853		29.356 1	224.210	189,774	1.791	43,440	1.682.857	227 021 1	98.543	179,065	66.739 261.905	1.976.017
	Asia (other) ¹		298,600		657,831 292,347	1,376,007	248,800	34,573		3.409	37,982	134		5,625	5.774	142 871	9.028	13,918	4.343	170,160
	U.S.S.R.	1	41.141		152,592	200.339	:						:	3.314	3,314	178 \$12				128,512
	Thai- land		24.0/3	:		176,450	:	5.054			5.054			202.01	15,202			4,834		4,834
	South Korea		83.662 .	68,174	5,609,403 119,303	6,741,213	130,303	15,877			15,877	13.538	17 47	209	47,421	:	901	65,635	5.913	71,654
ia	Singa- pore	000 01	48.U98 24.067		194,953 88,483	355,601	1,321						:					28,579		28,579
To Asia	Philip- pine Islands		1.227	5,817	586,857 23,114	640,132	89	3,706	:		3,706				4			3,192		3,192
	Japan		844.749	87,982	24.710.970 513.556	31,352,653	773,213	131,628		188,22	154,510	156.327	1 340 003	27.250	1,526,361	270.641	87,713	7.561	210,917	643,507
	Indo- nesia		32,886		196,934 17,062	258,462	8,590						:							
	Hong Kong		89.544		72,427 216,938	526,943	50,293	24		2,994	3,018		356		255		1,423	55,346	8	56,833
	China (Taiwan)		040,720		4,955,185 351,368	6.061.511	45,183	3,991		7/	4,063	14,881	11 771	25	58,179		273		10,313	10,586
	China (Main- land)		204.594	15,950	4,180,752 102,907	5,359,499	310,927		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			4,894	ATA A1	7.017	26.347	827 741			30,419	858,160
	;	EAST COAST NORTH AMERICA: United States:	North Atlantic ports	Great Lakes ports	Gulf ports United States (other) ¹	Total United States	EAST COAST CANADA	EAST COAST CENTRAL AMERICA: Mexico	Panama	Central America (other) ¹ Cristobal, R.P. ²	Total Central America	EAST COAST SOUTH AMERICA: Brazil	Colombia	South America (other) ¹	Total South America	West Indies:		Netherlands West Indies	I rinidad / I obago	Total West Indics

STATISTICAL TABLES

0.7	0.6	0.2	1.0	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.9	1.4	6.3	0.1	0.4		100.0
611,693	557,537	188,834	878,342	160,182	242,566	224,894	397,979	246,456	766,660	1,230,894	5,506,037	66,003	396,298	87,828,509	100.
1.028	30,452	2,717	251,646	483	21,517	20,997	39,987	19,326		51,355	462,052	3,149	61,465	59.027.279	•
1.028	1,342	726	64,378		178	1.000	15.872			21,238	105,762	3.056	5.340	1,952,881	2.2
		230						19,326			19.556	:	273	351,994	
			2.595								2,595			204,135	0.2
	192	8	23,337		996					563	25,076			7.031,544	8.0
			14,138				5,515			586	20,239	:		405,740	
	15,861		402							3.439	19,702	:	4,779	671,604	0.8
	10,871	1,743	78,861	483	16,412	19,603	8,814		16,571	7.677	161,035	59	51,073	34,662,411	39.5
							6,994				6,994	:		274,046	0.3
	122		10,406		363					12.288	23.179	:		660,521	0.7
	2,064		54.485		3.598		2,792			5,564	68,503	34		6,248,059	7.1
			3,044			394			5,973		9.411			6,564,344	7.5 7.1 0.7
EUROPE: Belgium	France	Italy	Netherlands	Norway	Spain-Portugal	Sweden	United Kingdom	U.S.S.R.	West Germany	Europe (other) ¹	Total Europe	ASIA (MIDDLE EAST)	AFRICA	Grand total	Percent of Pacific-Bound Cargo

¹ Includes cargo not routed to permit segregation between definite countries. ² Includes both local and transshipped cargo.

PANAMA CANAL COMMISSION

		Total		107 990	107.990	3,390		4 251			164.066	15	1,539	32	C00'7	21/*00		24,035	828.221	25.746	1.988	891.800	105 00			1 784	104,904
	erica		:	31 568 10		24				:	103 16	15	::	32	ין גן			965	224 82	752 2		2,192 89	\$23	:		505 205	
	To East Coast Central America	ral Cristo rica bal	:	20.025		:		4				:				•		_	2.383	-		23,176 2	3 145	÷		:	3,145
	Coast Co	Central America a (ather)		•	1	:		:		:		:	39	:	1				:		-1-			:	•	: :	. ·:
	To East	Panama		120	51.268			•••••		•••••			4			Ŧ		666	825,589			826.669					
		Mevica		5.1.29	5.129	3,366					163,963	:			000.1	C04.C01		1.870	25	24.912	1,146	39,763	86 975			12.462	100.666
	To E.C. Canada	Canada	1.886	12, 177	34,263	28.634							737			101		84.571	82	64,463	274	188.407	121 120	16.000		23.122	350,129
		Total	4,107,761	3.056.999	7.380.040	1.630.686		134 407	128,025	16.972	184.952	56.008	255.955	30.914	10000	474'NIA		723.627	3.671,689	2.278.719	62,808	7,638,220	1105211	61.768	9,149	216.712	1.650.202
	Si	United States (other)		15.235	165,732	605,608		24,519	31,235	4,106	1,443		23,228		002 011	112./00		317,716	129.169	354,407	8,830	839,914	152 584	13,250	16	50.172	253.541
tons]	To East Coast United States	Gulf ports	3.603.434	175.346	6.151.756	350.820		42,098	44.772	8.814	86,136	46,008	116.823	30.914	100011	C10'70+		464,529 87 540	2,872,290	708,442	39.857	4,172.667	553.407	24,376		27.441	666.063
[Long tons]	ast Coast	Great Lakes ports				:		: :			:	:		:									3.278		:		3.228
	To 1	South Atlantic Ports		10 51.784	51.794	127.972		12.509	6.900	4.052		5,000	3,786			147.70		103.184 2636	66.277	24,162	3.047	201,295	46.536			20.8/8	94,275
		l North Atlantic Ports	504.327	24.689 481.742	1.010.758	546,286		51,504	45,118		97.373	5.000	112.118		101 101	+00.000		468,138	603,953	1,191,708	11.074	2,424,344	349.456	24,142	9.058	155,19	633.095
		WEST COAST NORTH AMERICA:	Alaska	Hawaii. Mainland	Total United States	West Coast Canada	WEST COAST CENTRAL AMERICA:	Costa Rica	Guatemala	Honduras	Mexico	Nicaragua	Panama	Central America (other) ¹		101al Central America	WEST COAST SOUTH AMERICA:	Chile	Ecuador	Peru	South America (other) ¹	Total South America	OCEANIA: Australia	British Occania	French Oceania	New Zealand	Total Oceania

Table 9.-Origin and Destination of Commercial Cargo Through the Panama Canal From Pacific to Atlantic During Fiscal Year 1983 Segregated by Countries in Principal Trade Areas

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57.321	11.176	2 669		103.675	22.046	1.912	8.217	102		67,065	274,183	550 070		7.7	
	8.240	2.604		20.905	1.566	1.912	6.017	102			105.027	-		0.3	
	836	65		13.596	480		2,200			2.854	20.031	68 781		0.1	
										420	420	878 976		<u>.</u>	
57.321	2.100			69.174	20,000					110	148.705	463.092	0	0.0	
7.545	31,630	29,044		170,588	1,762	01	3.744	304		76.070	320,697	922.867		0.1	
941,043	768.588	380,480	275.075	4.667.851	439.210	185,828	822.525	65,193		1,501,385	10.047.178	29.257.250	2.0.2	0.00	
23,609	353,687	146,048	128.946	921.448	220,551	85.474	223,390	36,477		396,174	2,535,804	4.513.307	10	0*/	
829,573	60,152	51,662	55,314	1,398,107	97,651	17,419	354,134	21,378		112.041	2,997,431	14.741.352) y yc	C.C4	
				132,605	:	:					132,605	135.833		7.0	
9.534	93,909	34,863	31,268	565.629	12.371	13,232	86.443	986		260,436	1,108.674	1.616.257	3 6	0.4	
78,327	260.840	147.907	59.547	1.650,062	108,637	69,703	158,558	6.349		732,734	3.272.664	8,250,501	14 2	2	
ASIA: China (Mainland)	China (Taiwan)	Hong Kong	Indonesia	Japan	Philippine Islands	Singapore	South Korea	Thailand	U.S.S.R.	Asia (other) ¹	Total Asia	Grand total	Descent of Atlantic-Bound Caroo		See footnotes at end of table.

ble 9.—Origin and Destination of Commercial Cargo Through the Panama Canal From Pacific to Atlantic During Fiscal Year 1982 Seprepated by Countries in Principal Trade Areas—Continued	
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[Long tons]

	۲ 885 73	531	3,396 9,245 9,245 2,131 13,725 32,047 59,331 1045 68,918	516 598 681 817	7,695 4.328 14,972 58,143 85,138
	Total 821.496 9.862 580.173	1.411.531	3,396 3,396 47,398 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 2,131 59,331 59,331 168,918	50,516 15,598 15,59290 1,539,290 537,681 67,732 2,210,817	2, 7, 58, 58, 58, 58, 58, 58, 58, 58, 58, 58
	West Indies (other) ¹ 556.688 9,862 9,862	576,412	2,165 2,165 2,006 2,006 2,006 2,006 2,006 2,006 2,006 2,006 2,006 2,006 2,006 2,006 2,006 2,007 2,000 2,007 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,0000	491 129.852 52.101 182.444	2.663 3.356 4.595 10.614
	Trini- dad/ Tobago \$07	507	48 33,967 33,667 456	184,599	3,789 3,301 4,880 11,970
I Indies	Puerto Rico 264.301 99,431	363,732	3.677 3.677 27.666 23.328 54.671	20.992 1.285 672.430 261.938 10.727 967.372	4.328 36.744 41.072
To West Indies	Nether- lands West Indies	441,336	1,183 26	491 476,847 130,343 607,681	154 154 150 150 575
	Jamaica 2,741	2,741	9.845 9.845 9.845 10.425	3.754	1.089 1.963 1.963 2.845 5.897
	Haiti/ Domini- can Republic		3.417 3.417 1.626	24.959 350 35.506	6.202
	Cuba 26.803	26,803	4.331 13.725 1.419 35.992 55.467	3.583 14,313 75,562 89,195 46,808 229,461	8,808
	Total 228,202	228,202	64 200 29,286 1,135 2,025 2,104 5,800 40,614	86.598 857.391 676.066 75.816 5.953 1.701.824	10.175 10.175 11.579 143 21.897
America	South America (other) ¹ 22,161	22,161	953 9,129 9,129	3.369 1.086 4.455	
To East Coast South America	Vene- zuela 121.530	121.530	64 23,880 850 886 500 26,180	81,401 3,306 53,941 573 139,221	10,175 11,579 143 21,897
To East C	Colom- bia 11,734	11,734	3.002 3.1114 1.114 5 4.121	5,197 857,391 504,503 13,320 4,263 1,384,674	
	Brazil 72,777	72.777	200 200 21 21 21 21 1,184	168.257 5.186 3.186 173.474	
	WEST COAST NORTH AMERICA: United States: Alasta Hawaii	Total United States	WEST COAST CENTRAL AMERICA: Costa Rica El Salvador Guatemala Mentoras Nicaragua Central America (other) ¹ Total Central America	WEST COAST SOUTH AMERICA: Chile Colombia Ecuador Feru South America (other) ¹ Total South America	OCEANIA: Australia: French Oceania French Oceania New Zealand Total Oceania

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China (Mainland)			15.522		15,522	123.273		163					123.436
China (Taiwan)	312	107	6,844	1.463	8,726	2.644	3,382	11,135	96	4.916	19.106	6.305	47.584
Hong Kong	310	714	4.421	1.265	6,710	2	1.112	8.298	152	596	868	1.388	12.416
Indonesia										1.574			1.574
Japan	27.831	143,342	145,551	45,054	361,778	38.561	21.045	26.508	10.996	79.673	52,831	61.077	290.691
Philippine Islands			5,415	244	5.659	1.072	411	321	269	2.849	3.545	1,462	9.929
Singapore	279	435	5,572	3,234	9.520						660	49	709
South Korea	157	463	7.567	377	8.564	8.029	9.471	1.854	21	1.319	6,123	11.555	38,372
Thailand	59		87		146	57,307							57,307
U.S.S.R.						158.585							158.585
Asia (other) ¹	13.530	27,380	52,842	23,227	116,979	60.134	23,672	14.070	3.939	25.009	41.359	45,491	213.674
Total Asia	42,478	172,441	243,821	74.864	533.604	449,607	59,093	62.349	15.473	115.936	124,492	127.327	954.277
Grand total	459,069	1.594.977	598.421	131,236	2,783,703	841.305	106,154	137.260	1.066.274	1.569.862	358,696	956.048	5.035.599
Percent of Atlantic-Bound Cargo	0.8	2.8	1.0	0.2	4.8	1.5	0.2	0.2	1.8	2.7	0.6	1.7	8.7
See footnotes at end of table.													

ASIA:

Table 9.—Origin and Destination of Commercial Cargo Through the Panama Canal From Pacific to Atlantic During Fiscal Year 1983 Segregated by Countries in Principal Trade Areas—Continued

[Long tons]

							To L	Europe						
WEST COAST NORTH AMERICA:		Den-	C 1 1	r		Nether-	Spain/		United		Yugo-	West	Europe	
United States:	Belgium	mark	Finland	France	Italy	lands	Portugal	Sweden	Kingdom	U.S.S.R.	slavia	Germany	(other)1	Total
Alaska					• • • • • • • • •				• • • • • • • • •			4,426		4.426
Hawaii					•••••				22,544				24,605	47,149
Mainland	561,974	2,906	86	303,181	271,506	1.676.101	386,524	126,318	182,154	21.060	5,451	251,923	947.271	4,736,455
Total United States	561,974	2,906	86	303,181	271,506	1,676,101	386,524	126,318	204,698	21,060	5,451	256,349	971.876	4,788,030
West Coast Canada	386,148	194.116	187,430	197.489	384,786	562.611	34.823	54,536	615.107	469,142	7,036	696,159	1.420.776	5,210,159
WEST COAST CENTRAL AMERICA:														
Costa Rica	543	800		1,481	34,908	5,370	1.083	918	3,662	2.518		9,751	10.498	71,532
El Salvador				4,350	2,796	3.067	9,400		1,385			60,798	9,759	92,452
Guatemala				5.064	6,760	10.003			10,772	2,281		3.282	6.755	44,917
Honduras					505		9,133			2,201		504		
Mexico	3,101			921	4,309	1,348	69,735	436	1,878	11.505	998		3,301	13,443
Nicaragua	758	1,700			4,426							119,391	38,449	252,071
		-	39	11,549		32,168		•••••	2,203	14,413	•••••	42,947	54,898	165,217
Panama		• • • • • • • • •	•••••		51,998	1.083	401	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	1,748		• • • • • • • •	17,191	72,421
Central America (other) ¹	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	531	4,303	•••••	2,034	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	8,224	595	1,715	6,388	23,790
Balboa, R.P. ²		<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u>•••••••</u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>		
Total Central America	5,244	2,500	39	23.896	110.005	53.039	91,902	1,354	19,900	40.744	1,593	238.388	147,239	735,843
West Coast South America:														
Chile	170,357	863	31,790	82,987	176,747	248,530	75,451	51,501	119,129	27,218	30,263	446,172	303,773	1,764,781
Colombia	14,402	1	23.810	683	148	25,959	13.640	12	13,116	34,919		115,812	56,225	298,727
Ecuador	46,853	9	49	4,589	52,560	8,703	2,747	17	2,138	38,461	6,296	49,781	116,401	328,604
Peru	190,225	2,186	78,246	56,642	101,729	81,944	23,101	15,118	132,987	34,317	67,643	71,933	200,668	1.056.739
South America (other) ¹	19,596			39,615	16,233	58,310	16,254		9,869	318,799	6,980	35,130	46,468	567,254
Total South America	441,433	3,059	133.895	184,516	347.417	423,446	131,193	66,648	277,239	453,714	111,182	718,828	723,535	4,016,105
Oceania:														
	1.530		15,253	3,999	262	6.326			7.001			68,264	5.872	108,50
Australia											•••••			
British Oceania			• • • • • • • • •	34,256	19,282	•••••	1,650	•••••	137,512		•••••	• • • • • • • • •		192,700
French Oceania	23.780	•••••		62,350	10,750		20		18,100		•••••		15,630	130.630
New Zealand	21,630		• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	110	6.606	•••••	6,758	85,610	10,302	• • • • • • • • •	8,220	55,288	194.524
Oceania (other) ¹	14,412	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	549	6,802			143,584	8,503	<u></u>	12,236	75,011	261.091
Total Oceania	61,352		15,253	100,605	30,953	19,734	1,670	6,758	391,807	18,805		88,720	151,801	887,458
Asia:														
China (Mainland)														
China (Taiwan)				620	9								2,342	3.114
Hong Kong				1,435	130							• • • • • • • • •	452	2,106
Indonesia										• • • • • • • • •	•••••	• • • • • • • • •		
Japan			• • • • • • • • •							•••••	•••••		22,800	22,800
	33,009	428	• • • • • • • • •	3,166	48	33,828	592	747	6,397	•••••		704	1,014	79,93
Philippine Islands	•••••	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • •	47	846	9,853				• • • • • • • • •	•••••	8,833	47	21,640
Singapore						• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •				• • • • • • • •		168	168
South Korea						1,880	277							2,15
Thailand														
U.S.S.R.										18,271				18.27
Asia (other) ¹				5,634	165		20						4,549	10,368
Total Asia	33,009	428		10,902	1,198	45,561	3,141	747	6,397	18,271		9,537	31,372	160,563
Grand total	1,489,160	203.009	336,703	820,589	1,145,865	2,780,492	649.253	256,361	1.515,148	1,021,736	125,262	2.007.981	3,446,599	15,798,158
		200,007												
Percent of Atlantic-Bound Cargo	2.6		0.6		2.0	4.8		0.4	2.6	1.8	0.2	3.5	6.0	27.4

See footnotes at end of table.



cific to Atlantic During Fiscal Year	nued
al Cargo Through the Panama Canal From Pa	by Countries in Principal Trade Areas-Conti
Table 9Origin and Destination of Commerci	1983 Segregated

[Long tons] To Asia

	To Asia (Middle East)				To Africa					Percent of total
WEST COAST NORTH AMERICA: United States:	Asia (Middle Eası)	Algeria	Egypt	Morocco	South Africa	Tunisia	Africa (other) ¹	Total	Grand Total	Atlantic- bound cargo
Alaska							4.014	4.014	4,939,583	8.6
Hawaii	31.455	26.573	532.709	91.714		62.812	7.204	721.012	272.291 9.494.663	0.5 16.4
Total United States	31,455	26.573	532.709	91,714		62,812	11,218	725,026	14,706,537	25.5
WEST COAST CANADA	124.652	319,538	62,636	367,834	142,468	335.171	8,214	1,235,861	8.695,862	15.0
WEST COAST CENTRAL AMERICA: Costa Rica	3,182			-	-	-		-	179.711	0.3
El Salvador	1.202		5.050			• • • • • • •		5.050	233,362	0.4
Guatemala							3.656	3.677	81,490	0.1
	15.200	70,609					133	70,742	718.448	1.3
Nicaragua	12,451	20,304					••••••	20,304	268,855	0.5
	23.995 85	2 0 6 1			757		568	368	389.287	0.7
Balboa R P ²									11.808	
Total Central America	56,115	93,866	5.050		773		4.357	104.046	2,185,909	3.8
West Coast South America:	2 666				CFT.CC	6.505	3.404	32.641	3.401.435	5.9
Colombia						11.811	-	11.812	1.503.732	2.6
	12.142	•••••		••••••	5 5 5 Y	916 4	117 01	71 087	7.056.094	12.2
South America (other) ¹	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·····				17,989	17,989	723,998	5 E.I
Total South America	14.808		150		29.620	22,532	34.127	86.429	16.748.410	29,0
OCEANIA:									(30 [73]	
Australia									270.468	0.5
									144.107	0.3
New Zealand	•	5,999		•	••••••	•		5,999	479,438	0.8
Occania (other) ¹				•••••					031.102	

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5.999 3.105.727

5.999

Total Oceania

China (Mainland)	•••••							1.144.867	2.0
China (Taiwan)	1,338							872,156	5.1
Hong Kong	127							433,552	0.8
Indonesia	87		***************************************					299,536	0.5
Japan	1.540		••••••	188		1.317	1,505	5,677,561	9.8
Philippine Islands	47		······ ··· ····· ······ ······ ·······					500.299	0.9
Singapore	106		······			•••••		198,253	0.3
South Korea	·····					59	59	883.638	1.5
Thailand	*******				12.401		12,401	135,453	0.2
	·····							176,856	0.3
	12,093							1.997,634	3.5
Total Asia	15.338		••••••	188	12.401	1.376	13,965	12,319,805	21.3
Grand total	242.368 445.976	5 600,545	459,548	173,049	432.916	59.292	2.171.326	57,762,250	
Percent of Atlantic-Bound Cargo	0.4 0.8		0.8	0.3	0.8	0.1	3.8		100.0
1Also includes cargo not routed to permit segregation between definite countries. 21ncludes both local and transshipped cargo.								,	

Table 10.—Important Commodity Shipments Over Principal Trade Routes Atlantic to Pacific

		Fiscal year	
EAST COAST UNITED STATES TO WEST COAST	1983	1982	1981
United States:			
Canned and refrigerated foods, miscellaneous	1	1	
Chemicals and petroleum chemicals	309	371	560
Caustic soda	127	154	210
Chemicals, unclassified Petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous	54 128	92 125	156 194
Machinery and equipment, miscellaneous	8		4
Manufactures of iron and steel	<u></u>	7	27
Plates, sheets, and coils		7	14
Other and unclassified Nitrates, phosphates, and potash		135	13 119
Ammonium compounds	49		10
Fertilizers, unclassified			55
Phosphates	27	135	54
Ores and metals		90	254
Ore, alumina/bauxite	30 800	90 1,450	254 1,461
Petroleum and products	000	<u> </u>	58
Fuel oil, residual	381	159	75
Gasoline	87	494	757
Jet fuel	45	160	108
Kerosene Lubricating oil	186	11 346	5 330
Other and unclassified	101	215	128
Miscellaneous	413	334	278
All other and unclassified	413	334	278
Total	1,637	2,388	2,703
Ever Cover Huger States to West Cover			
EAST COAST UNITED STATES TO WEST COAST CANADA:			
Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	569	601	844
Phosphates	569	601	844
Miscellaneous	27	<u></u>	32
Clay, fire and china		• • • • • •	29
All other and unclassified		<u></u>	
Total	596	601	876
EAST COAST UNITED STATES TO WEST COAST			
CENTRAL AMERICA:	20	12	14
Chemicals and petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous Coal	20 88	13 505	16 277
Grains	1,924	793	1,408
Corn	860	140	552
Sorghum	379	242	235
Soybeans	461 219	151 241	416 199
WheatOther and unclassified	5	19	6
Lumber and products, miscellaneous	2	5	3
Machinery and equipment, miscellaneous	3 5	3	8
Manufactures of iron and steel, miscellaneous Minerals, miscellaneous	5 	3 4	11
Borax	<u> </u>	<u>`</u>	
Soda and sodium compounds		4	5
Sulfur	• • • • • •		5

Table 10.—Important Commodity Shipments Over Principal Trade Routes Atlantic to Pacific—Continued

		Fiscal year	
EAST COAST UNITED STATES TO WEST COAST	1983	1982	1981
CENTRAL AMERICA—Continued			
Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	334	459	621
Fertilizers, unclassified	117 121	25 214	79 376
Phosphates	71	204	164
Potash Ores and metals	25	16	2
Metals, miscellaneous	·····	2	118
Ores, miscellaneous	•••••	2	3
Other agricultural commodities	77	164	136
Oilseeds Sugar	55 22	136 28	13
Petroleum and products	54	33	123 42
Diesel oil	2	22	
Gasoline Fuel oil, residual	2	1	1
Lubricating oil	45 5		18 23
Miscellaneous	85	83	61
Flour, wheat	2	3	11
Paper and paper products	30 10	18 4	27
All other and unclassified	43	58	23
Total	2,593	2,067	2,595
EAST COAST UNITED STATES TO WEST COAST SOUTH AMERICA:	20	16	20
Canned and refrigerated foods, miscellaneous Chemicals and petroleum chemicals	29 186	16 171	29 215
Caustic soda	45	33	64
Chemicals, unclassified Petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous	134 7	125 13	119 32
Coal and coke	227	100	347
Grains	3,100	3,231	2,723
Corn Oats	619 7	824 15	771
Rice.	20	7	21 128
Sorghum	122	75	11
Soybeans	162 2,165	146 2,156	55 1,730
Other and unclassified	5	8	7
Lumber and products	15	15	18
Pulpwood Other and unclassified	13 2	10 5	10 8
Machinery and equipment	67	139	253
Agricultural machinery and implements	19	29	45
Automobiles, trucks, accessories and parts Construction machinery and equipment	22 13	55 29	111 48
Electrical machinery and apparatus	6	13	23
Other and unclassified	7	13	26
Angles, shapes, and sections	<u>30</u> 9	<u> 104</u> 6	<u> 148</u> 20
Plates, sheets, and coils	4	8	20
Tubes, pipes, and fittings	7	16	23
Wire, bars, and rods Other and unclassified	8 2	61 13	67 27
	~	15	21

Table 10.—Important Commodity Shipments Over Principal Trade Routes Atlantic to Pacific—Continued

		Fiscal year	
EAST COAST UNITED STATES TO WEST COAST	1983	1982	1981
SOUTH AMERICA—Continued			
Minerals, miscellaneous	23	34	41
Soda and sodium compounds	18	27	33
Sulfur	2	1	
Other and unclassified	3	6	8
Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	282	236	432
Ammonium compounds Fertilizers, unclassified	8 150	17 109	34 167
Fishmeal.	150	109	5
Phosphates	111	96	184
Potash	13	14	42
Ores and metals	46	51	75
Ores, miscellaneous	7	14	17
Metals	39	37	58
Scrap	30	26	30
Tin, including tinplate	36	47	11
Other agricultural commodities	10	12	188
Oilseeds	5	10	17
Sugar	2		167
Other and unclassified	3	2	4
Petroleum and products	439	170	59
Diesel oil	130	53	1
Gasoline	134 12	14	1
Liquefied natural gas	54	20	• • • • • •
Lubricating oil	37	41	54
Residual fuel oil	29	40	· · · • • •
Other and unclassified	43	2	3
Miscellaneous	<u>670</u>		
Bricks and tile Carbon black	3	6	8 2
Clay, fire and china	10	12	15
Flour, wheat	59	56	39
Groceries, miscellaneous	7	15	14
Oil, coconut	4	2	1
Oil, vegetable	127 99	104 135	85 140
Paper and paper products	33	37	58
Rubber, manufactured	7	7	17
Tallow	49	34	37
Textiles	8	10	20
All other and unclassified	263	302	307
Total	5,124	5,000	<u> </u>
Com Cover Housen States to Balboa B B			
EAST COAST UNITED STATES TO BALBOA, R.P.: Canned and refrigerated foods, miscellaneous	8	8	4
Grains	93	9Ž	90
Corn	35	37	38
Wheat	48	55	51
Other and unclassified	10		1
Machinery and equipment, miscellaneous Ores and metals, miscellaneous	4	1	3
Petroleum and products	248	68	23
Diesel		35	20
Fuel oil, residual	237	28	3
Other and unclassified	11	5	3

[Thousands of long tons]

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Table 10.—Important Commodity Shipments Over Principal Trade Routes Atlantic to Pacific—Continued

		Fiscal year	
EAST COAST UNITED STATES TO BALBOA, R.PContinued	1983	1982	1981
Miscellaneous	144	128	101
Oil, vegetable	14	18	15
All other and unclassified	130	110	86
Total	501	303	232
EAST COAST UNITED STATES TO HAWAII:			
Petroleum and products	<u></u>	<u></u>	41
Jet fuel	• • • • • •	••••	29
Other and unclassified Miscellaneous	53	52	12 51
All other and unclassified	53	52	51
Total	53	52	92
EAST COAST UNITED STATES TO OCEANIA: Chemicals and petroleum chemicals	570	427	602
Caustic soda	390	274	458
Chemicals, unclassified	172	117	113
Petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous	8	36	31
Coal and cokeGrains	30 116	21 27	33 44
Rice			<u>·</u>
Soybeans	105	14	43
Other and unclassified	10	12	1
Lumber and products	<u></u>	<u> </u>	$\frac{2}{2}$
Pulpwood Machinery and equipment	12	22	13
Agricultural machinery and implements	2	10	4
Automobiles, trucks, accessories and parts	1	2	1
Construction machinery and equipment Electrical machinery and apparatus	6	7	6
Other and unclassified	2	2	2
Manufactures of iron and steel, miscellaneous	3	3	4
Minerals, miscellaneous Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	1 710	488	471
Ammonium compounds		21	21
Fertilizers, unclassified	184	104	<u>9</u> 1
Phosphates	513	358	323
Potash Ores and metals, miscellaneous	5	5	36
Petroleum and products	293	159	188
Liquefied gas	21	25	57
Lubricating oil Residual fuel oil	8 144	30	34
Petroleum coke	101	68	43
Other and unclassified	19	36	54
Miscellaneous	574	800	
Clay, fire and china	11	24 4	21 2
Oil, vegetable	3	39	21
Paper and paper products	35	25	8
Resin Rubber, manufactured	19	9 4	9 4
Textiles		1	1
All other and unclassified	503	694	706
Total	2,309	1,952	2,136

Table 10.-Important Commodity Shipments Over Principal Trade Routes Atlantic to Pacific-Continued

Fis	scal year	
EAST COAST UNITED STATES TO ASIA:	1982	1981
Canned and refrigerated foods	215	215
Canned foods, miscellaneous	7 208	4 211
Fruit	107	113
Meat 2 Other and unclassified 91		1 97
Chemicals and petroleum chemicals 2,257	2,212	1,708
Caustic soda	2	31
Chemicals, unclassified	1,498 712	1,219 458
	0,484	17,818
	<u>8,896</u>	24,851
Barley	2,515	9,320
Oats	50	3
Sorghum	1,650	329 2,044
	6,074 8,477	5,932 7,167
Other and unclassified 41	130	56
Lumber and products		292
Pulpwood258Other and unclassified23	174 22	229 63
Machinery and equipment	67	110
Agricultural machinery and implements 6 Automobiles, trucks, accessories and parts 7	11 8	13
Construction machinery and equipment	23	18 36
Electrical machinery and apparatus. 11 Other and unclassified 20	10 15	26 17
Manufactures of iron and steel	162	295
Angles, shapes, and sections	30	12
Plates, sheets, and coils 8 Tubes, pipes, and fittings 21	19 21	31 48
Wires, bars, and rods 4 Other and unclassified 30	16	44
Minerals, miscellaneous 1	76 1	160 1
	3,981	3,941
Ammonium compounds	40 232	5 399
Fishmeal		1
Potash	3,659 50	3,533 3
	1,015	1,171
Ores, miscellaneous	12	24
Aluminum	1,003	1,147
Iron	2	25 4
Scrap 1,654 Tin, including tinplate 3	964 11	1,089 22
Other and unclassified	26	7
Other agricultural commodities	201	185
Beans, edible	30 152	2 170
Other and unclassified	19	13

Table 10.—Important Commodity Shipments Over Principal Trade Routes Atlantic to Pacific—Continued

		Fiscal vear	
EAST COAST UNITED STATES TO ASIA—Continued	1983	1982	1981
Petroleum and products	1,234	709	230
Gasoline	18	31	
Liquefied gas	360	100	85
Lubricating oil Petroleum coke	58 590	66 61	57 58
Diesel	24	136	
Residual fuel oil	145	217	
Jet fuel Other and unclassified	29 10	31 67	
Miscellaneous	4,039	4,115	30 4,243
Bricks and tile	1	3	4
Carbon black		2	25
Clay, fire and china Fibers, plant	323 15	380 39	278 43
Flour, wheat	103	150	144
Groceries, miscellaneous	7	14	11
Marble and stone	11	12	11
Oil, vegetable Paper and paper products	47 243	115 208	93 540
Resin.	106	240	127
Rubber, manufactured	5	1	8
Tallow Textiles	6 17	17 113	4 241
Tobacco and manufactures	45	53	54
All other and unclassified	3,110	2,768	2,660
Total	53,049	62,254	55,060
EAST COAST CANADA TO WEST COAST UNITED STATES: Manufactures of iron and steel, miscellaneous Petroleum and products		26	7
Gasoline		26	
Miscellaneous	$\frac{11}{2}$	<u> </u>	6
Pulpwood All other and unclassified	2 9	5 7	6
Total	<u></u>	38	13
EAST COAST CANADA TO WEST COAST CENTRAL AMERICA: Manufactures of iron and steel, miscellaneous Miscellaneous	1 57	8 19	27 26
Paper and paper products	10	10	16
All other and unclassified	<u>47</u> 58	<u> </u>	
Total			53
Grains	8	7	8
Barley	5	· · · · · <u>·</u>	6
Other and unclassified	3 5	7 4	2 8
Manufactures of iron and steel, miscellaneous	17	20	44
Minerals, miscellaneous	13	13	45
Asbestos	13	13	18
Sulfur Ores and metals		3	27 4
Metals		3	4
Tin, including tinplate			
Other and unclassified		2	3

Table 10.—Important Commodity Shipments Over Principal Trade Routes Atlantic to Pacific—Continued

[Thousands of long tons]

[Thousands of forg (ons)			
		Fiscal year	
EAST COAST CANADA TO WEST COAST	1983	1982	1981
SOUTH AMERICA—Continued			
Miscellaneous	89	94	85
Paper and paper products	45	54	50
All other and unclassified	44	40	35
Total	133	141	194
EAST COAST CANADA TO OCEANIA:	100	10.4	200
Miscellaneous		184	
Paper and paper products	100	17 167	46 154
Total	100	184	200
Total		104	
East Coast Canada to Asia:			
Canned and refrigerated foods	49	60	71
Refrigerated foods	49	60	71
Fish	31	39	52
Other and unclassified	18	21	19
Chemicals and petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous	4	2	
Grains	88	145	439
Barley	••••	8	25
Corn Soybeans	45	20 60	14 218
Wheat	43	43	129
Other and unclassified		14	53
Lumber and products	146	120	184
Pulpwood	144	120	154
Other and unclassified	2	2	30 3
Machinery and equipment, miscellaneous Manufactures of iron and steel, miscellaneous	58	37	88
Minerals, miscellaneous	<u></u>		ĩ
Asbestos			1
Ores and metals	550	203	160
Ores, miscellaneous	108	74	82
Metals	442	129	78
Aluminum	142 87	119	2
Iron Scrap	160	10	13 37
Other and unclassified	53		26
Other agricultural commodities	<u></u>	<u></u>	35
Oilseeds			35
Petroleum and products	<u></u>	<u>••••</u>	13
Other and unclassified	674	650	13 586
Miscellaneous	105	89	107
Paper and paper productsResin	26	36	107
Slag	15	19	17
All other and unclassified	528	506	443
Total	1,569	1,219	1,580
EAST COAST CENTRAL AMERICA TO WEST COAST UNITED			
STATES: Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	28	29	
Amonium compounds	15	29	
Fertilizers, unclassified	13		

Table 10.—Important Commodity Shipments Over Principal Trade Routes Atlantic to Pacific—Continued

Fiscal year 1983 1982 1981 EAST COAST CENTRAL AMERICA TO WEST COAST UNITED STATES—Continued Petroleum and products 106 13 Liquefied gas 13 Residual fuel oil 106 Miscellaneous 19 18 <u>...</u>... All other and unclassified 19 18 Total 47 135 31 EAST COAST CENTRAL AMERICA TO WEST COAST CENTRAL AMERICA: Minerals, miscellaneous..... 5 <u>••</u>••• Sulfur 5 Nitrates, phosphates, and potash 102 101 31 Ammonium compounds 38 31 Phosphates..... 21 . . . 102 42 Petroleum and products 3,247 2,199 1.344 Crude oil 1,378 875 742 Diesel oil 139 159 1 Liquefied gas 198 5 41 Fuel oil, residual..... 1,396 908 496 Gasoline Δ 21 Other and unclassified 136 248 43 Miscellaneous 3 6 2 All other and unclassified 3 6 2 3,352 2,306 1.382 EAST COAST CENTRAL AMERICA TO WEST COAST SOUTH AMERICA Nitrates, phosphates, and potash 20 Fertilizers, miscellaneous..... 20 Other agricultural commodities 10 5 Sugar 10 5 Petroleum and products 5 17 41 Other and unclassified 5 17 41 Miscellaneous 39 42 45 7 All other and unclassified 39 42 38 Total 64 69 91 EAST COAST CENTRAL AMERICA TO BALBOA, R.P.: Petroleum and products 56 99 180 Diesel oil 33 62 59 Fuel, oil, residual 23 30 106 4 Other and unclassified 7 11 56 99 180 EAST COAST CENTRAL AMERICA TO OCEANIA: Miscellaneous 4 6 13 All other and unclassified 4 6 13 Total..... 4 6 13

Table 10.—Important Commodity Shipments Over Principal Trade Routes Atlantic to Pacific—Continued

[Thousands	of le	ong 1	ons]
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		Fiscal year	
	1983	1982	1981
EAST COAST CENTRAL AMERICA TO ASIA:	10	24	5.4
Chemicals and petroleum chemicals Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	10 10	24 7	54 18
Phosphates		2	2
Fertilizers, miscellaneous	10	5	16
Ores and metals, miscellaneous	61	73	94
Other agricultural commodities	11	10	7
Coffee	11	10	7
Petroleum and products	56	<u></u>	31
Crude petroleum	56		
Diesel oil			30
Other and unclassified			1
Miscellaneous	76	38	17
All other and unclassified	76	38	17
Total	224	152	221
EAST COAST SOUTH AMERICA TO WEST COAST UNITED			
STATES:	2		2
Canned and refrigerated foods, miscellaneous	2 90	3	2
Chemicals and petroleum chemicals Lumber and products, miscellaneous	24	2	16
Manufactures of iron and steel, miscellaneous	181	54	36
Ores and metals	44	19	44
Ores	44	19	44
Alumina/bauxite	24	19	17
Manganese	24		3
Other and unclassified	20		24
Other agricultural commodities	11	5	10
Cocoa and cacao beans	1	1	
Coffee	5	4	10
Sugar, raw	5		••••
Petroleum and products	480	295	162
Asphalt	56	64	40
Crude oil	258	48	64
Diesel oil	29 50		• • • • • •
Fuel oil, residual	87	48	
Jet fuel		90	58
Kerosene		45	
Miscellaneous	38	30	27
Paper and products	23	7	14
All other and unclassified	15	23	13
Total	870	408	297
EAST COAST SOUTH AMERICA TO WEST COAST CANADA:	33	20	11
Manufactures of iron and steel		17	10
Miscellaneous	<u></u>	17	10
All other and unclassified		37	21
Total	33		
EAST COAST SOUTH AMERICA TO WEST COAST CENTRAL			
AMERICA:			
Coal	79	79	53
Grains	<u></u>	62	<u></u>
Sorghum		38	
Soybeans		19	• • • • • •
Other and unclassified	• • • • • •	5	••••

Table 10.—Important Commodity Shipments Over Principal Trade Routes Atlantic to Pacific—Continued

		Fiscal year	
EAST COAST SOUTH AMERICA TO WEST COAST	1983	1982	1981
CENTRAL AMERICA—Continued			
Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	55	4	20
Fertilizers, miscellaneous	55 669	4 818	20 1,135
Petroleum and products Crude oil	667	754	1,116
Liquefied gas	2	3	19
Other and unclassified		61 28	
Other agricultural commodities Sugar	<u> </u>	$\frac{28}{28}$	50
Other and unclassified			1
Miscellaneous	7	23	14
All other and unclassified	7	23	14
Total	862	1,014	1,273
EAST COAST SOUTH AMERICA TO WEST COAST SOUTH AMERICA:			
Chemicals and petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous Grains	12	25	7
Oats		<u></u>	<u></u>
Minerals, miscellaneous	<u></u>	3	12
Salt		3	11
Soda and sodium compounds Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	62		1 10
Fertilizers, unclassified	62	22	10
Ores and metals	26	15	15
Ore, alumina/bauxite	14	9	5
Metals, miscellaneousOther agricultural commodities	12 18	6 10	10 13
Sugar	13		12
Other and unclassified	5	10	1
Petroleum and products	1,654	1,643	1,800
Crude oil Diesel oil	1,116	1,165 198	1,376 96
Fuel oil, residual	112	104	110
Gasoline	180 18	96	24 4
Jet fuel Liquefied gas	4	59	31
Lubricating oil	44	21	90
Other and unclassified	12 82		73 47
All other unclassified	82	127	47
Total	1,856	1,845	1,904
EAST COAST SOUTH AMERICA TO BALBOA, R.P.:			
Petroleum and products		46	134
Diesel oil Gasoline	19 8		44
Fuel oil, residual	47	30	69
Other and unclassified			21
Miscellaneous	4	1	6
Total		47	<u> </u>
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Table 10.-Important Commodity Shipments Over Principal Trade Routes Atlantic to Pacific-Continued

[Thousands of long tons]			
	1983	Fiscal year 1982	1981
EAST COAST SOUTH AMERICA TO HAWAII:	1983	1982	1981
Petroleum and products	<u></u>	27	25
Jet fuel	• • • • • •	27	25
Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	<u></u>		<u></u>
Fertilizers, unclassified	<u></u>		<u></u>
Total	<u></u>	38	25
EAST COAST SOUTH AMERICA TO OCEANIA:			
Petroleum and products	25		1
Miscellaneous	47	9	1
All other and unclassified	47	9	1
Total	72	9	2
EAST COAST SOUTH AMERICA TO ASIA:			
Canned and refrigerated foods, miscellaneous	19	15	17
Chemicals and petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous	38	153	113
Grains, miscellaneous		••••	76
Lumber and products, miscellaneous	29	11	16
Manufactures of iron and steel, miscellaneous	143 2	28 19	148 30
Nitrates, phosphates and potash Fertilizers, miscellaneous		19	30
Ores and metals	323	284	331
Ores	103	107	136
Alumina/bauxite	16	23	13
Copper		13	
Manganese	74	64	119
Other and unclassified	13 220	7	4 195
Metals, miscellaneous Other agricultural commodities	4	17	20
Cotton, raw	2	5	18
Sugar			
Other and unclassified	2	2	2
Petroleum and products	1,093	1,660	1,671
Crude oil	846	1,360 119	1,481
Diesel oil Gasoline	61 53	46	84 28
Jet fuel	30	87	59
Liquefied gas	8		
Residual fuel oil	48	38	
Other and unclassified	47 32	10 31	19 53
Miscellaneous Paper and products			16
All other and unclassified	32	31	37
Total	1,683	2,208	2,475
WEST INDIES TO WEST COAST UNITED STATES:			
Chemicals and petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous		24	
Minerals, miscellaneous	24		31

Chemicals and perforeum chemicals, misechaneous		24	
Minerals, miscellaneous	24	<u></u>	31
Salt	24		31
Ores and metals	284	159	218
Ore, alumina/bauxite	251	159	184
Metals, miscellaneous	33		34

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Table 10.—Important Commodity Shipments Over Principal Trade Routes Atlantic to Pacific—Continued

		Fiscal year	
WEST INDIES TO WEST COAST UNITED STATES-Continued	1983	1982	1981
Petroleum and products	487	568	379
Asphait	31	5	17
Diesel oil Fuel oil, residual	287		25
Gasoline	58	81 355	198
Jet fuel	64	122	136
Lubricating oil	47	5	3
Miscellaneous	<u>•••••</u>		19
All other and unclassified	705		19
Total		752	647
WEST INDIES TO WEST COAST CANADA:			
Machinery and equipment	<u>•••••</u>	0	<u></u>
Electrical machinery and apparatus Ores and metals	4	6	
Ore, alumina/bauxite	4	6	52
Petroleum and products			25
Jet fuel			25
Total	4	12	77
WEST INDIES TO WEST COAST CENTRAL AMERICA:			
Chemicals and petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous	1	2	3
Other agricultural commodities	ii	13	10
Sugar	11	13	10
Petroleum and products	265	675	254
Crude oil	34	43	83
Diesel oil Fuel oil, residual	97 7	267 189	61 22
Gasoline	78	140	37
Lubricating oil	4	4	7
Other and unclassified Miscellaneous	45 45	32	44
Cement	<u> </u>	<u>38</u> 18	<u>28</u> 15
All other and unclassified	39	20	13
Total	322	728	295
WEST INDIES TO WEST COAST SOUTH AMERICA:			
Chemicals and petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous	3	5	13
Other agricultural commodities	47		•••••
Minerals, miscellaneous	9	<u>•••••</u>	6
Sulfur Ores and metals			6 32
Ores, miscellaneous			32
Petroleum and products	975	1,453	1,052
Crude oil	45	52	
Diesel oil Fuel oil, residual	363	471	497
Gasoline	53 379	25 729	12 443
Jet fuel	28	36	13
Kerosene	26	40	25
Liquefied gas	7 56	8 77	5 41
Other and unclassified	18	15	41
Miscellaneous	27	20	14
All other and unclassified	27	20	14
Total	1,061	1,479	1,117
	-		

Table 10.—Important Commodity Shipments Over Principal Trade Routes Atlantic to Pacific—Continued

	Fiscal year		
West Indies to Balboa, R.P.:	1983	1982	1981
Petroleum and products	297	182	299
Crude oil	• • • • • •		84
Diesel oil	110	59	104
Fuel oil, residual	117 65	102 15	71 2
Gasoline Other and unclassified	5	6	38
Miscellaneous		13	40
All other and unclassified	<u></u>	13	40
Total	297	195	339
WEST INDIES TO HAWAII:			
Petroleum and products	323	388	253
Diesel oil	16		29
Jet fuel Residual fuel oil	297 10	388	224
Total	323	388	253
10tai			
WEST INDIES TO OCEANIA:	44	07	25
Minerals, miscellaneous	44	<u> </u>	$\frac{35}{35}$
Salt Other agricultural commodities		15	
Sugar		15	
Petroleum and products	99	69	53
Diesel oil	16	4	22
Gasoline	48	6	
Jet fuel	28	- 54	24 7
Lubricating oil Other and unclassified	7		
Miscellaneous	4	· <u>14</u>	7
All other and unclassified	4	14	7
Total	147	195	95
West Indies to Asia:			
Canned and refrigerated foods	14	21	8
Fish, refrigerated	7	21	4
Other and unclassified Chemicals and petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous	7 49		4
Ores and metals	46	48	42
Ores	39	43	37
Alumina/bauxite	39	36	32
Other and unclassified		7	5
Metals, miscellaneous	7	5	5
Other agricultural commodities	<u>1,394</u> 1,393	1,466	867
Sugar Other and unclassified	1,393	1,464	864
Petroleum and products	439	374	182
- Diesel oil		36	
Liquefied gas	86		777
Gasoline Jet fuel	78 71	246	102
Fuel oil, residual	138	58	
Lubricating oil	66	27	66
Miscellaneous	34	15	16
All other and unclassified	34	15	16
Total	1,976	1,941	<u> </u>

Table 10.-Important Commodity Shipments Over Principal Trade Routes Atlantic to Pacific-Continued

		Fiscal year	
Fundamente Water Course Human Course	1983	1982	1981
EUROPE TO WEST COAST UNITED STATES: Canned and refrigerated foods, miscellaneous	39	36	27
Chemicals and petroleum chemicals	24	15	82
Caustic soda	2	7	19
Chemicals, unclassified	22	8	63
Lumber and products, miscellaneous	17	15	15
Machinery and equipment	150	152	134
Automobiles, trucks, accessories and parts	138	148	130
Construction machinery and equipment	4	1	2
Electrical machinery and apparatus Other and unclassified	3	3	1
Manufactures of iron and steel	610	732	664
Angles, shapes, and sections	34	88	162
Plates, sheets, and coils	379	308	392
Tubes, pipes, and fittings	14	28	21
Wires, bars, and rods	41	104	34
Other and unclassified	142	204	55
Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	244	317	245
Ammonium compounds Fertilizers, unclassified	63 159	163 78	156
Nitrate of soda	22	76	64 24
Other and unclassified			1
Ores and metals	92	14	35
Ores, miscellaneous	20	1	5
Metals	72	13	30
Iron	63	1	23
Other and unclassified	9	12	7
Petroleum and products	23	94	7
Other and unclassified Miscellaneous	23	94	7
Bricks and tile	953	833	876
Cement	8 35	12	13 88
Glass and glassware	2	1	1
Liquors and wines	8	2	6
Marble and stone	2	6	6
Paper and paper products	57	42	40
Rubber, manufactured	841	1 769	721
Total	2,152	2,208	2,085
EUROPE TO WEST COAST CANADA:			
Canned and refrigerated foods, miscellaneous	5	5	5
Chemicals and petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous Machinery and equipment	14	9	15
Automobiles, trucks, accessories and parts	5		<u> </u>
Other and unclassified	9	0	9
Manufactures of iron and steel	68	209	277
Angles, shapes, and sections	7	38	30
Plates, sheets, and coils	27	84	170
Tubes, pipes, and fittings	2	19	25
Wire, bars, and rods	6	25	25
Other and unclassified Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	26 11	43	27 3
Fertilizers, unclassified			3
Petroleum and products	•••••	6	3
Asphalt		6	
		5	

Table 10.—Important Commodity Shipments Over Principal Trade Routes Atlantic to Pacific—Continued

	Fiscal year		
	1983	1982	1981
EUROPE TO WEST COAST CANADA—Continued Miscellaneous	164	174	182
Bricks and tile		2	2
Liquors and wines	3	3	4
All other and unclassified	161	169	176
Total	262	403	<u> </u>
EUROPE TO WEST COAST CENTRAL AMERICA:			
Canned and refrigerated foods, miscellaneous	1		1
Chemicals and petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous	38 33	6 48	2 15
Grains Corn		10	
Wheat	25	34	
Other and unclassified	7	4	15
Machinery and equipment	24		<u> 18</u> 2
Automobiles, trucks, accessories and parts	10 14	24	16
Other and unclassified Manufactures of iron and steel	64	55	52
Angles shapes and sections	11	3	1
Plates, sheets, and coils	21	26	6
Tubes, pipes and fittings		3 17	31 4
Wire, bars, and rods Other and unclassified	17	6	10
Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	267	225	291
Ammonium compounds	35	56	119
Fertilizers, unclassified	204 28	162 7	163
Potash Ores and metals	20 9	í	8
Metals miscellaneous	9	1	8
Other agricultural commodities	101	24	<u></u>
Sugar	101	24 100	
Miscellaneous	128	100	
Cement	·····	2	1
Paper and namer products	4	1	5
All other and unclassified	123	96	
Total	665	494	509
EUROPE TO WEST COAST SOUTH AMERICA:			
Canned and refrigerated foods	28	41	85
Canned foods	14	30	<u>62</u> 53
Milk	11	24 6	53
Other and unclassified Refrigerated foods	14	11	23
Dairy products	3	7	18
Other and unclassified	11	4	5
Chemicals and petroleum chemicals	584	<u></u>	105
Caustic soda Chemicals, unclassified	51	62	78
Petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous	3	7	9
Coal and coke	8		1
Grains	83	<u>28</u> 14	34
Barley Oats	16	2	43
Wheat	19	7	8
Rice	20 27	5	
Other and unclassified	21	J	19

Table 10.—Important Commodity Shipments Over Principal Trade Routes Atlantic to Pacific—Continued

		Fiscal year	
EUROPE TO WEST COAST SOUTH AMERICA—Continued	1983	1982	1981
Lumber and products		4	3
Pulpwood Other and unclassified		1	3
Machinery and equipment	109	183	216
Agricultural machinery and implements	20	29	29
Automobiles, trucks, accessories and parts	26	55	84
Construction machinery and equipment	35	54	59
Electrical machinery and apparatus	14 14	25 20	24 20
Manufactures of iron and steel	121	158	252
Angles, shapes, and sections	16	28	16
Plates, sheets, and coils	46	51	105
Tubes, pipes, and fittings	13 14	24 24	18 68
Wire, bars, and rods	32	24 31	45
Minerals, miscellaneous	37	38	39
Soda and sodium compounds	36	36	37
Other and unclassified	1	2	2
Nitrates, phosphates, and potash		158	150
Ammonium compounds	24	36	63
Fertilizers, unclassified	47 20	87 18	72 9
Phosphates Potash	19	17	9
Other and unclassified	í		5
Ores and metals	16	36	88
Ores, miscellaneous	1	11	33
Metals	15	25	55
Iron Tin, including tinplate	3 5	3 14	13 25
Other and unclassified	7	8	17
Other agricultural commodities	75	44	8
Sugar	69	34	7
Other and unclassified	6	10	1
Petroleum and products		<u>81</u>	58
Diesel oil Gasoline	53 23	26 5	21 20
Liquefied gas	27	17	7
Residual fuel oil	20	6	4
Other and unclassified	8 414	27	6 589
Miscellaneous	2	<u> </u>	4
Ammunition and explosivesBricks and tile	6	17	11
Cement	2	6	61
Flour, wheat	29	15	4
Glass and glassware	6	20 3	18
Liquors and wines	ź	12	20
Marble and stone		1	2
Oil, vegetable		2	2 44
Paper and paper productsResin	39 8	55 8	44
Rubber, manufactured	5	4	5
Slag			41
Textiles Wax, paraffin	5 4	8 5	11
All other and unclassified	292	305	348
Total	1,192	1,308	1,628

Table 10.—Important Commodity Shipments Over Principal Trade Routes Atlantic to Pacific—Continued

Thousa	inds of	long tons	1

		Fiscal year	
5	1983	1982	1981
EUROPE TO OCEANIA: Canned and refrigerated foods, miscellaneous	14	14	6
Chemicals and petroleum chemicals	- iii	117	119
Caustic soda	30	29	21
Chemicals, unclassified	67	79	93
Petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous	14	9	5
Lumber and products, miscellaneous	4 31	1 36	9 24
Agricultural machinery and implements	1	3	
Automobiles, trucks, accessories and parts	- ii	21	16
Construction machinery and equipment	12	8	3
Electrical machinery and apparatus Other and unclassified	3 4	2 2	1
Manufactures of iron and steel	29	37	31
Angles, shapes, and sections		5	6
Plates, sheets, and coils	5 7	8	n, n
Tubes, pipes, and fittings	3	7	9
Wire, bars, and rods	6	10	4
Other and unclassified Minerals, miscellaneous	8	7 6	1 5
Salt	<u>'</u> 6	5	4
Soda and sodium compounds	ĭ	ĭ	ī
Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	51	17	25
Ammonium compounds	1	2	9
Fertilizers, unclassified	32	15	16
Phosphates Potash	17	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •
Ores and metals, miscellaneous		1	
Other agricultural commodities, miscellaneous	9	9	10
Petroleum and products	5	10	20
Lubricating oil	2	8	14
Other and unclassified Miscellaneous	3 505	2 580	6 423
Bricks and tile		4	
Cement	16	30	42
Clay, fire and china			2
Flour, wheat	9	9	7
Glass and glasswareGroceries, miscellaneous	2 2	1	2
Liquors and wines	- 9	. 3	4
Oil, vegetable	16	11	6
Paper and paper products	6	7	7
Rubber, manufactured Textiles		1	1
All other and unclassified	442	507	347
Total	766	828	673
Europe to Asia:			
Canned and refrigerated foods	13	14	12
Refrigerated foods, miscellaneous	13	14	12
Chemicals and petroleum chemicals	283	182	141
Caustic soda	13	8	•••••
Chemicals, unclassified	234 36	151 23	110
Petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous	30	23 59	31
Grains, miscellaneous.			51
Lumber and products, miscellaneous	•••••	19	49

Table 10.—Important Commodity Shipments Over Principal Trade Routes Atlantic to Pacific—Continued

		Fiscal year	
E same Arres Castinged	1983	1982	1981
EUROPE TO ASIA—Continued Machinery and equipment	9	13	10
Automobiles, trucks, accessories and parts	9	13	10
Manufactures of iron and steel, miscellaneous	••••	• • • • • •	2 5
Nitrates, phosphates, and potash Ores and metals, miscellaneous	• • • • • • • • • • • • • •	13	25
Petroleum and products, miscellaneous	53	15	35
Miscellaneous	<u> </u>	31	48
Paper and paper products	87	31	48
Total	462	346	378
AFRICA TO WEST COAST UNITED STATES:			
Canned and refrigerated foods, miscellaneous		1	
Manufactures of iron and steel, miscellaneous	76 22	115 91	75 62
Ores and metals	11	6	2
Other and unclassified	11	6	2
Ores		85	60
Manganese ore	3	50 33	41 14
Lead ore Other and unclassified	0	2	5
Petroleum and products	177	181	148
Crude oil	147	47 27	148
Gasoline Other and unclassified	30	107	
Miscellaneous	6	11	10
All other and unclassified	6		10
Total	281	399	295
、 、			
AFRICA TO WEST COAST CANADA:			
Manufactures of iron and steel, miscellaneous Miscellaneous	4 7	40	56
Phosphates		29 2	3
All other and unclassified		71	59
Total	<u>_</u>		
AFRICA TO WEST COAST CENTRAL AMERICA:			
Canned and refrigerated foods Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	32	21	4
Fertilizer, miscellaneous	12 20	21	•••••
Phosphates Total	32	21	4
AFRICA TO WEST COAST SOUTH AMERICA:			
Manufactures of iron and steel, miscellaneous Miscellaneous	6 5	27 13	1 7
All other and unclassified	5	13	7
Total		40	8

STATISTICAL TABLES

Table 10.—Important Commodity Shipments Over Principal Trade Routes Atlantic to Pacific—Continued

[Thousands of long tons]

		Fiscal year	
Africa to Asia:	1983	1982	1981
Canned and refrigerated foods	61	59	51
Fish, refrigerated	59	52	51
Other and unclassified	2	7	
Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	<u>••••</u>	6	10
Phosphates	• • • • • • •	6	10
Miscellaneous	<u>•••••</u>	9	
All other and unclassified	<u></u>	9	21
Total	61	74	82
ASIA (MIDDLE EAST) TO WEST COAST UNITED STATES:			
Miscellaneous	61	13	22
Chemicals, miscellaneous	39		10
All other and unclassified	22	13	
Total	61		22
ASIA (MIDDLE EAST) TO WEST COAST SOUTH AMERICA:			
Miscellaneous	2	4	26
All other and unclassified	2	4	26
Total	2	4	26

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Table 11.—Important Commodity Shipments Over Principal Trade Routes Pacific to Atlantic

[Thousands of long tons]			
		Fiscal year	
	1983	1982	1981
WEST COAST UNITED STATES TO EAST COAST UNITED STATES:			
Canned and refrigerated foods, miscellaneous	8	1	2
Chemicals and petroleum chemicals	94	85	85
Chemicals, unclassified	78	78	57
Petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous	16	7	28
Lumber and products	34	5	• • • • • •
Minerals, miscellaneous	87	139	100
Soda and sodium compounds	87	139	100
Ores and metals, miscellaneous	••••••		21
Petroleum and products	6,663	32,369	24,791
Crude oil	5,923	31,249	22,424
Diesel oil	190	269	498
Fuel oil, residual	63	284	1,080
Gasoline	115	88	474
Lubricating oil	102	131	131
Other and unclassified	270	348	184
Miscellaneous	279	266	219
Glass and glassware		• • • • • •	37
All other and unclassified	279	266	182
Total	7,165	32,865	25,218
WEST COAST UNITED STATES TO EAST COAST SOUTH			
America:			
Canned and refrigerated foods	15	26	18
Canned foods, miscellaneous	5	14	5
Refrigerated foods	10	12	13
Fruit, excluding bananas	9	12	12
Other and unclassified	í		1
Chemicals and petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous	3	3	3
Coke, coal type		10	
Grains	21	42	2
Wheat	18	23	
Barley		17	
Other and unclassified	3	2	2
Lumber and products	35	41	39
Pulpwood	30	34	36
Other and unclassified	5	7	3
Machinery and equipment, miscellaneous	5	5	7
Manufactures of iron and steel, miscellaneous	2	1	3
Minerals, miscellaneous	83	112	114
Borax	5	7	12
Salt	20	15	17
Sulfur	· · · · · ·		20
Soda and sodium compounds	58	85	57
Other and unclassified	•••••	5	8
Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	7	<u>•••••</u>	46
Fertilizers, unclassified	1		23
Potash	6		23
Ores and metals		2	4
Metals, miscellaneous	1	2	4
Other agricultural commodities	9	23	11
Beans, edible	2	9	3
Peas. dry	7	14	8
Petroleum and products	1	21	84
Petroleum coke		21	83
Other and unclassified	1		1

		Fiscal year	
WEST COAST UNITED STATES TO EAST COAST SOUTH	1983	1982	1981
America-Continued			
Miscellaneous	46	52	104
Flour, wheat	• • • • • •		36
Oil, vegetable Paper and paper products	4	5 4	12
All other and unclassified	42	43	50
Total	228	338	435
WEST COAST UNITED STATES TO CRISTOBAL, R.P.:			
Petroleum and products	29	34	10
Diesel oil	29	34	10
Miscellaneous	3	4	2
All other and unclassified	3	4	2
Total	32	38	12
WEST COAST UNITED STATES TO WEST INDIES: Canned and refrigerated foods, miscellaneous	5	9	1
Grains	77	84	80
Rice	77	84	80
Petroleum and products	1,316	3,575	4,108
Crude oil	287	3,255	3,200
Diesel oil	100 28	• • • • • •	37
Residual fuel oil	800	320	871
Other and uncalssified	101		
Miscellaneous	4	8	8
All other and unclassified	4	8	8
Total	1,402	3,676	4,197
WEST COAST UNITED STATES TO EUROPE: Canned and refrigerated foods	123	104	132
Canned foods, miscellaneous	3		
Refrigerated foods	120	104	131
Fish	5	19	15
Fruit, excluding bananas	40	20	57
Other and unclassified Chemicals and petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous	75 95	65 72	59 28
Coal and coke	601	516	203
Grains	137	597	584
Barley		126	142
Rice Wheat	5 132	110 358	438
Other and unclassified		3	450
Lumber and products	636	553	575
Boards and planks	222	175	173
Plywood, veneers, composition board Pulpwood	134 257	76 272	122 261
Other and unclassified	23	30	19
Machinery and equipment, miscellaneous		2	5
Manufactures of iron and steel, miscellaneous Minerals, miscellaneous	408	6	510
Borax	385	418 386	<u> </u>
Salt		26	
Sulfur	23	6	
Other and unclassified	• • • • • •	•••••	4

Pacific to Atlantic-Continued [Thousands of long tons] Fiscal year WEST COAST UNITED STATES TO EUROPE-Continued Nitrates, phosphates, and potash Ammonium compounds Fertilizers, unclassified..... Fishmeal.... Ores and metals Ores Соррег Lead Other and unclassified Metals..... Copper Lead Tin, including tinplate Other agricultural commodities Beans, edible Cotton, raw Molasses..... Oilseeds Petroleum and products 1,884 1,841 1,360 Petroleum coke 1.512 1.198 1.089 Residual fuel oil Other and unclassified Miscellaneous Carbon black..... Clay, fire and china Flour, wheat Groceries, miscellaneous Oil, vegetable..... Paper and paper products Seeds, excluding oilseeds Slag..... All other and unclassified 4,741 5,045 4,411 WEST COAST UNITED STATES TO AFRICA: Chemicals and petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous Coke, coal type 1.673 1.967 1,673 1.967 Other and unclassified Lumber and products, miscellaneous Machinery and equipment, miscellaneous

Minerals, miscellaneous

Petroleum and products, miscellaneous

Miscellaneous

Sulfur

Other and unclassified

Flour, wheat

Oil, vegetable.....

All other and unclassified

Total

Table 11.—Important Commodity Shipments Over Principal Trade Routes

1,880

2,145

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		Fiscal year	
WEST COAST UNITED STATES TO ASIA (MIDDLE EAST):	1983	1982	1981
Coal			57
Grains		10	93
Barley	• • • • • • •		46
Rice Wheat			47
Lumber and products, miscellaneous		2	
Minerals, miscellaneous	<u>••••</u>	27	<u></u>
Borax		27 46	24
Miscellaneous	30	46	24
Total	31	85	174
10(a)			
WEST COAST CANADA TO EAST COAST UNITED STATES:			
Chemicals and petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous	154	149	116
Lumber and products	1,080	<u>686</u> 648	<u>902</u> 885
Boards and planks Other and unclassified	1,000	38	17
Minerals, miscellaneous	11	<u></u>	<u></u>
Sulfur	11		
Nitrates, phosphates, potash	133	77	<u></u>
Ammonium compounds	14		• • • • • •
Fertilizers, miscellaneousPotash	29 90		
Ores and metals	îĭ	7	<u></u>
Other and unclassified	11	7	
Petroleum and products	213	<u></u>	<u></u>
Crude oil	108		••••
Others and unclassified Miscellaneous	105 29		
All other and unclassified	29	13	
Total	1,631	932	1,018
West Coast Canada to East Coast Canada:			117
Coal Petroleum and products	29		77
Crude oil			50
Other and unclassified	29		27
Miscellaneous	<u></u>	25	<u></u>
All other and unclassified	<u></u>	25	<u></u>
Total	29	25	194
WEST COAST CANADA TO EAST COAST SOUTH AMERICA:			
Coal	30	80	292
Grains	21	21	·····
Barley	21 32	21 27	14
Lumber and products Pulpwood	29	27	14
Other and unclassified	3		
Minerals, miscellaneous	120	327	
Sulfur	120	326	298
Other and unclassified Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	20	115	3 100
Fertilizers, unclassified			
Potash	19	- 111	99
Other and unclassified		3	1

Table 11.—Important Commodity Shipments Over Principal Trade Routes Pacific to Atlantic—Continued

			Fiscal year	
		1983	1982	1981
	ST COAST CANADA TO EAST COAST SOUTH AMERICA-			
C	Continued			
	Ores and metals, miscellaneous	• • • • • •	14	6
	Miscellaneous	35	20	31
	Paper and paper products	22	10	22
	All other and unclassified	13	10	9
	Total	258	604	744
				/ 44
W/ E	st Coast Canada to West Indies:			
** E	Grains		14	
		<u>····</u>		•••••
	Barley		14	
	Chemicals and petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous	36		
	Lumber and products	29	29	69
	Boards and planks	29	29	51
	Other and unclassified			18
	Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	17		
	Minerals, miscellaneous	69	165	104
	Sulfur	69	165	104
	Petroleum and products	52	<u></u>	
	Other and unclassified	52	<u></u>	
	Miscellaneous	2	9	19
	Paper and paper products	2	6	19
	All other and unclassified	<u></u>	3	
	Total	205	217	192
WF	st Coast Canada to Europe:			
	Canned and refrigerated foods, miscellaneous	31	39	64
	Chemicals and petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous	173	62	7
	Coal and coke	766	520	861
	Grains	665	1,431	1,494
	Barley	272	557	975
	Wheat	361	751	397
	Other and unclassified	32	123	122
	Lumber and products	2,037	2,292	2,566
	Boards and planks	886	1,092	1,287
	Plywood, veneers, composition board	175	165	214
	Pulpwood	875	993	1,039
	Other and unclassified	101	41	26
	Machinery and equipment	3	1	
	Machinery and equipment, miscellaneous	3	1	
	Minerals, miscellaneous	677	794	793
	Asbestos	2	3	3
	Sulfur	675	791	790
	Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	18	25	
		10		28
	Fertilizers, unclassified		22	•••••
	Potash	14		16
	Fishmeal	4	3	7
	Other and unclassified			5
	Ores and metals	87	126	128
	Ores	30	72	87
	Copper	12	51	76
	Zinc	. 6	7	9
	Other and unclassified	12	14	2
	Metals	57	54	41
	Aluminum		2	4
	Copper		6	4
	Copper	1	0	9

[Thousands of long tons]			
		Fiscal year	
WEST COAST CANADA TO EUROPE—Continued	1983	1982	1981
Ores and metals—Continued			
Lead	37	18	13
Zinc	15	28	12
Other and unclassifiedOther agricultural commodities	4 57		3 94
	51	26	94
OilseedsOther and unclassified	6	4	74
Petroleum and products	86	115	27
Petroleum coke	84	115	27
Other and unclassified	2		
Miscellaneous	610	708	692
Paper and paper products	357	428	441
All other and unclassified	253	280	251
Total	5,210	6,143	6,754
WEST COAST CANADA TO AFRICA:			
Chemicals and petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous Coal and coke	26 50	••••	•••••
Grains	53	103	165
Wheat	53	103	165
Lumber and products	312	153	233
Boards and planks	265	94	196
Pulpwood	18	41	37
Other and unclassified	29	18	
Minerals, miscellaneous	<u>786</u> 786	1,045	1,010
Sulfur	780	1,045	1,010
Potash	7	<u>••••</u>	<u></u>
Miscellaneous	2	7	17
All other and unclassified	2	7	17
Total	1,236	1,308	1,425
WEST COAST CANADA TO ASIA (MIDDLE EAST):			
Grains		26	
Barley		26	
Lumber and products	2	4	
Other and unclassified	2	4	
Minerals, miscellaneous	123	153	92
Sulfur	123	153	92
Miscellaneous	<u>•••••</u>	3	<u>••••</u>
Other and unclassified		3	
Total	125	186	92
WEST COAST CENTRAL AMERICA TO EAST COAST UNITED			
STATES:			
Canned and refrigerated foods	162	98	188
Refrigerated foods	161	98	188
Bananas		98	179
Other and unclassified	1		9
Minerals, miscellaneous	150	272	152
Salt	150	272	152
Nitrates, phosphates, and potash		5	<u>— 11</u> 11
Fishmeal	9	3	11

Table 11.—Important Commodity Shipments Over Principal Trade Routes Pacific to Atlantic—Continued

		Fiscal year	
WEST COAST CENTRAL AMERICA TO EAST COAST UNITED	1983	1982	1981
STATES—Continued			
Ores and metals, miscellaneous	23 548	18 328	540
Other agricultural commodities Coffee	43	31	40
Molasses	189	69	200
Sugar	316	222 6	300
Other and unclassified Petroleum and products	5	26	75
Crude oil			65
Other and unclassified	5 12	26 21	10 9
Miscellaneous Oil, vegetable	7		
All other and unclassified	5	12	2
Total	909	768	975
West Coast Central America to East Coast Central America:			
Grains, miscellaneous	21	22	82
Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	143	<u>69</u>	22
Phosphates Petroleum and products	143	69 52	22 29
Crude oil		27	
Gasoline			29
Other and unclassified Miscellaneous	2	25 8	2
All other and unclassified	2	8	2
Total	166	151	135
WEST COAST CENTRAL AMERICA TO EAST COAST SOUTH			
America:		22	
Coke, coal type Lumber and products, miscellaneous	· · · · · · ·	15	8
Ores and metals, miscellaneous	24	34	25
Other agricultural commodities, miscellaneous Miscellaneous	2 9	3	1
All other and unclassified	9	9	6
Total	35	83	40
WEST COAST CENTRAL AMERICA TO WEST INDIES:			
Canned and refrigerated foods	63	79	71
Refrigerated foods, miscellaneous	63 41	79 33	71 25
Boards and planks	41	31	23
Other and unclassifiedOther agricultural commodities	43	2 4	2 9
Molasses Other and unclassified	29 14	4	9
Petroleum and products, miscellaneous		13	28
Miscellaneous	21	12	9
All other and unclassified	21	12	9
Total	168		142

		Fiscal year	
West Coast Central America to Europe:	1983	1982	1981
Canned and refrigerated foods	120	126	190
Refrigerated foods	120	126	190
Bananas	101	93	152
Other and unclassified	19	33	38
Chemicals and petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous	20		
Grains, miscellaneous		1	7
Lumber and products	16	15	11
Boards and planks	15	14	6
Other and unclassified	1	1	5
Manufactures of iron and steel, miscellaneous Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	15	35 11	48
Fertilizers, unclassified		9	24
Fishmeal		2	5
Other and unclassified		ĩ	19
Ores and metals, miscellaneous	183	172	263
Ores	153	151	222
Chrome			24
Copper	125	151	198
Other and unclassified	28		
Metals	30	21	41
Copper	25	21	40
Other and unclassified	5 257	421	1
Other agricultural commodities	<u> </u>	421	7
Beans, edible Coffee	77		7 83
Cotton, raw	45	47	41
Molasses	86	241	30
Oilseeds	6	24	13
Peas, dry	17	28	41
Sugar	22 124	5	140
Miscellaneous		<u> </u>	<u> 148</u> 11
Seeds, excluding oilseeds Textiles	5	1	11
Tobacco and manufactures	i	1	
All other and unclassified	118	115	137
Total	736	898	882
WEST COAST CENTRAL AMERICA TO AFRICA:		10	
Canned and refrigerated foods		10	14
Bananas	1	10	7 7
Other and unclassified	2	7	16
Manufactures of iron and steel	64	8	
Other agricultural commodities	35	14	15
Coffee	19	1	
Peas, dried	6		12
Sugar, raw			3
Other and unclassified	10	13	
All other and unclassified	2		
	104	50	46
Total			40

Table 11.—Important Commodity Shipments Over Principal Trade Routes Pacific to Atlantic—Continued

		Fiscal year	
WEST COAST CENTRAL AMERICA TO ASIA (MIDDLE EAST):	1983	1982	1981
Canned and refrigerated foods	16	18	15
Bananas	16	18	15
Manufactures of iron and steel	27	• • • • • •	• • • • • • •
Other agricultural commodities	$\frac{13}{12}$	<u></u>	<u></u>
Sugar Other and unclassified	12		• • • • • • •
Miscellaneous	<u></u>	<u></u>	1
All other and unclassified			1
Total	56	18	16
WEST COAST SOUTH AMERICA TO EAST COAST UNITED STATES:			
Canned and refrigerated foods	504	513	446
Canned foods, miscellaneous	10	21	14
Refrigerated foods	494	492	432
Bananas	315 23	354 18	326 17
Fish Fruit, excluding bananas	141	116	85
Refrigerated, miscellaneous	15	4	4
Chemicals and petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous	24	66	64
Lumber and products		23	
Boards and planks	8 11	8 15	20 10
Other and unclassified Manufactures of iron and steel, miscellaneous	3	5	4
Minerals, miscellaneous	382	198	140
Salt	377	197	119
Soda and sodium compounds	5		21
Other and unclassified Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	166	154	162
Fertilizer, miscellaneous			10
Fishmeal	42	44	9
Nitrate of soda	120	105	135
Potash Ores and metals	4 742	5 1,015	8 1,130
	319	727	852
Ores Copper	10	12	13
Iron		161	343
Lead	25	9	•••••
Tin	1	2 12	1
Zinc Other and unclassified	272	531	484
Metals	423	288	278
Copper	367	233	234
lron	20		4 2
Lead Zinc	33	14 29	24
Other and unclassified	3	12	14
Other agricultural commodities	596	441	569
Beans, edible	1	2	9
Cocoa and cacao beans	19 124	38 128	26 149
Coffee Cotton, raw	3	7	4
Molasses	301	146	152
Sugar	148	120	228
Other and unclassified	• • • • • •	• • • • • •	1

[Thousands of long tons]			
		Fiscal year	
WEST COAST SOUTH AMERICA TO EAST COAST UNITED	1983	1982	1981
STATES—Continued Petroleum and products	5,076	4,055	2,678
Crude oil	3,724	2,981	1,554
Fuel oil, residual	1,224	943	950
Gasoline	20 108	15 116	
Other and unclassified Miscellaneous	126	131	108
Fibers, plant	6		6
Groceries, miscellaneous	4	7	7
Oil, fish		18	
Textiles	10	9	10
All other and unclassified	106	89	85
Total	7,638	6,601	5,331
West Coast South America to East Coast Canada:			
Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	10	1	2
Nitrate of soda	10	1	2
Ores and metals, miscellaneous	52	61	62
Other agricultural commodities	40	<u></u>	<u>••••</u>
Sugar	39	• • • • • •	•••••
Other and unclassified	1 30		•••••
Minerals, miscellaneous	30	75	<u></u>
Salt Petroleum and products	55	·····	•••••
Crude oil	55		
Miscellaneous	1	14	6
All other and unclassified	1	14	6
Total	188	151	70
WEST COAST SOUTH AMERICA TO EAST COAST			
CENTRAL AMERICA:			7
Lumber and products	<u></u>	· · · · · · ·	
Pulpwood Other and unclassified			0
Manufactures of iron and steel, miscellaneous	21		
Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	<u></u>	11	27
Fishmeal			- 11
Nitrate of soda	• • • • • •	11	14
Other and unclassified Ores and metals	24		2 91
Metals, miscellaneous		22	25
Ores, miscellaneous	13	16	66
Other agricultural commodities	12	<u></u>	<u></u>
Sugar	12		
Petroleum and products	821	228	76
Crude oil Other and unclassified	821	228	75 1
Miscellaneous	12		21
Paper and paper products	2	2	5
All other and unclassified	10	16	16
Total	890	295	222

		Fiscal year	
West Coast South America to East Coast	1983	1982	1981
SOUTH AMERICA: Canned and refrigerated foods	5	9	8
Canned foods, miscellaneous			5
Fruit refrigerated, excluding bananas Other and unclassified	32	5	2
Lumber and products, miscellaneous	44	109	113
Manufactures of iron and steel, miscellaneous	1	•••••	2
Nitrates, phosphates, and potash Ores and metals, miscellaneous	54	1 84	5 128
Other agricultural commodities	27	122	41
Beans, edible Sugar	26	34 87	36
Other and unclassified	1	1	5
Petroleum and products	1,537	1,202	1,406
Crude oil Other and unclassified	1,528 9	1,074	1,261
Miscellaneous	34	128 100	145 104
Oil, fish			2
Oil, vegetable Paper and paper products	3	27 13	18
All other and unclassified	22	60	16 68
Total	1,702	1,627	1,807
WEST COAST SOUTH AMERICA TO WEST INDIES:			
Canned and refrigerated foods	56	44	73
Canned foods, miscellaneous Fish, refrigerated	55		2 71
Other and unclassified	1		
Grains, miscellaneous Lumber and products	12 27	13 21	5 12
Boards and planks	27	17	10
Other and unclassified		4	2
Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	$\frac{12}{12}$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Fishmeal Ores and metals		13	39
Ores, miscellaneous		11	35
Metals, miscellaneous Other agricultural commodities		2 15	23
Beans, edible		<u> </u>	3
Molasses	•••••	13	20
Sugar Other and unclassified	16	2	• • • • • •
Petroleum and products	2,059	1,062	2,680
Crude oil	1,650	948	2,367
Fuel oil, residual Other and unclassified	343 66	82 32	258 55
Miscellaneous	27	2	12
All other and unclassified	27	2	12
Total	2,211	1,194	2,879
West Court South August 5			
WEST COAST SOUTH AMERICA TO EUROPE: Canned and refrigerated foods	723	1,009	1,002
Canned foods, miscellaneous	25	27	31
Refrigerated foods	698	982	971

	_	Fiscal year	
WEST COAST SOUTH AMERICA TO EUROPE—Continued	1983	1982	1981
Canned and refrigerated foods-Continued			
Bananas	278	342	382
Fish, refrigerated	293	474	431
Fruit, excluding bananas	116	141	153
Other and unclassified	11	25	5
Chemicals and petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous	9	7	19
Coke, coal type Grains, miscellaneous	3 37	21 52	
Lumber and products	172	137	49 119
Boards and planks	7	7	34
Pulpwood	153	97	46
Other and unclassified	12	33	39
Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	895	964	660
Fertilizers, unclassified	11	17	8
Fishmeal.	737	861	542
Nitrate of soda Potash	147	82	108
Ores and metals	1.564	1 800	2
	1,564	1,890	1,412
Ores	730	1,043	694
Copper Iron	103	206	93
Lead	53 64	101 105	69 50
Tin	30	36	30 40
Zinc	448	525	376
Other and unclassified	32	70	66
Metals	834	847	718
Copper	667	585	603
LeadZinc	41	41	19
Other and unclassified	54 72	135 86	68 28
Other agricultural commodities	357	320	341
Cocoa and cacao beans	. 9	14	18
Coffee	189	204	212
Cotton, raw	• 30	27	28
Oilseeds	· · · 1	3	1
Peas, dry			26
Sugar	107 16	59 9	36
Other and unclassified	5	4	11
Petroleum and products	3		54
Fuel oil, residual			54
Other and unclassified	3		
Miscellaneous	253	292	195
Groceries, miscellaneous	6	15	15
Oil, fish	54	125	27
Paper and products Seeds, excluding oilseeds	5	8	20
Textiles	9	1 6	1 7
All other and unclassified	179	137	125
Tota1	4,016	4.692	3,851
West Coast South America to Africa:			
Canned and refrigerated foods	34	60	50
Canned foods, miscellaneous		00	504
Bananas			4
Fish, refrigerated	34	53	46

[Thousands of long tons]

Table 11.—Important Commodity Shipments Over Principal Trade Routes Pacific to Atlantic—Continued

		Fiscal year	
WEST COAST SOUTH AMERICA TO AFRICA—Continued	1983	1982	1981
Lumber and products, miscellaneous	33	54	54
Minerals, miscellaneous	<u></u>	21	<u></u>
Sulfur		21	
Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	7	21	i
Fishmeal	7	21	1
Ores and Metals	- <u></u>	7	<u></u>
Ores	<u></u>	2	<u>•••</u> ••••
Zinc	• • • • • •	2	
Metals	<u>••••</u>	5	<u>•••••</u>
Zinc Other agricultural commodities	•••••	5	• • • • • •
Miscellaneous	12	3 2	•••••
All other and unclassified	<u></u>	2	
Total	86		100
······································		168	106
WEST COAST SOUTH AMERICA TO ASIA (MIDDLE EAST):			
Canned and refrigerated foods	14	70	62
Refrigerated foods	14	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Bananas		48	63
Other and unclassified	3	48 24	61 2
Lumber and products, miscellaneous			7
Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	<u></u>	22	40
Fishmeal		22	4 <u>0</u>
Ores and metals, miscellaneous		• • • • • •	13
Miscellaneous		<u>••••</u>	<u></u>
All other and unclassified Total	1		
Total	15		123
HAWAII TO EAST COAST UNITED STATES:			
Other agricultural commodities	196	50	177
Sugar	196	50	177
Miscellaneous	19	7	40
All other and unclassified	19	7	40
Total	215	57	217
U.S. F			
HAWAII TO EUROPE:			
Other agricultural commodities	47	41	25
Molasses	47	41	25
Miscellaneous	<u>•••••</u>	58	27
All other and unclassified	<u>••••</u>	58	27
Total	47	99	52
OCEANIA TO EAST COAST UNITED STATES:			
Canned and refrigerated foods	378	405	408
Refrigerated foods	378	405	408
Dairy products	1	5	7
Fruit, refrigerated Meat	61 12	77	91
Other and unclassified	303	1 322	8 302
Chemicals and petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous	9	31	302
Manufactures of iron and steel, miscellaneous	62	40	25

		Fiscal year	
Opening to From Cover Human Strengton Continued	1983	1982	1981
OCEANIA TO EAST COAST UNITED STATES—Continued Ores and metals	418	497	796
Ores	376	481	747
Alumina/bauxite	31	66	272
Lead	· · · · · · ·	4	
Manganese	47 298	55 356	95 380
Other and unclassified	42	16	49
Aluminum metal	25		
Lead metal	ĪĪ	6	12
Zinc	1	1	1
Other and unclassifiedOther agricultural commodities	5 311	15 634	36 669
Molasses	101	233	101
Sugar	210	398	560
Wool, raw	• • • • • •	3	3
Other and unclassified	100		6 121
Petroleum and products Crude oil		36	61
Fuel oil, residual	100	115	60
Liquefied natural gas		9	
Petroleum coke		31	
Miscellaneous	372	352	338
All other and unclassified	372	352	338
Total	1,650	2,150	2,358
OCEANIA TO EAST COAST CANADA:			
Canned and refrigerated foods	55		37
Refrigerated foods	55	37	27
Meat Other and unclassified	1 55		3 34
Ores and metals	25	12	75
Ores, miscellaneous	25	12	75
Other agricultural commodities	216	303	213
Molasses	••••••		20
Sugar	216	303 49	193 42
Miscellaneous	<u> </u>	49	42
Total	350	401	367
OCEANIA TO EAST COAST CENTRAL AMERICA:	12	20	2
Canned and refrigerated foods, miscellaneous Ores and metals	86	20 46	2 60
Manganese ore	39		
Ores, miscellaneous	47	46	60
Miscellaneous	6	14	23
All other and unclassified	6	14	23
Total	104	80	85
OCEANIA TO EAST COAST SOUTH AMERICA:			
Canned and refrigerated foods, miscellaneous	14	16	3
Ores and metals	· · · · · · ·	24	<u>28</u> 28
Metals, miscellaneous Miscellaneous	8	24 17	28 17
All other and unclassified		17	17
Total	22	57	48

Table 11.—Important Commodity Shipments Over Principal Trade Routes Pacific to Atlantic—Continued

		Fiscal year	
Oceania to West Indies:	1983	1982	1981
Canned and refrigerated foods	74	32	63
Canned foods, miscellaneous	4	7	4
Refrigerated foods	<u>70</u> 5	1	<u> </u>
Dairy products Fish, regrigerated	50	9	40
Meat	8	14	5
Other and unclassified	7 11	1 32	12 22
All other and unclassified	11	32	22
Total	85	64	85
OCEANIA TO EUROPE:			
Canned and refrigerated foods	185	298	
Canned foods, miscellaneous Refrigerated foods	185	298	1 224
Dairy products	6	15	22
Fruit, excluding bananas	53	75 59	77 19
Other and unclassified	126	149	106
Ores and metals	155	277	273
Ores Alumina/bauxite	79	217	<u> </u>
	71	201	126
Other and unclassified	8	16	6
Metals Copper	<u> </u>	<u>60</u> 26	102
Zinc	15		
Other and unclassifiedOther agricultural commodities	26 251	34	102
Cocoa and cacao beans		232	<u> </u>
Coffee			3
Copra Molasses	11 69	9 90	43
Skins and hides	1	1	2
Sugar Wool, raw	166	123	200 29
Miscellaneous	296	335	136
Groceries, miscellaneous	1		1
Oil, coconut Oil, vegetable	5 24	44 23	7
Tallow	5	5	1
All other and unclassified	<u> </u>	$\frac{263}{1,142}$	<u> </u>
10tal		1,142	
ASIA TO EAST COAST UNITED STATES: Canned and refrigerated foods	205	149	180
Canned foods	64	79	86
Fruit	45	61	75
Vegetables Other and unclassified	6 13	9	5 6
Refrigerated foods	141		94
Fruit, refrigerated	78	15	45
Other and unclassified	63	55	49

		Fiscal year	
	1983	1982	1981
TA TO EAST COAST UNITED STATES—Continued Chemicals and petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous	108	118	200
Coal and coke		45	118
Lumber and products	641	414	598
Boards and planks	37	13	64
Plywood, veneers, composition board	585	357	499
Other and unclassified	19	44	35
Machinery and equipment	1,210	1,258	1,282
Agricultural machinery	11	10	5
Automobiles, trucks, accessories, and parts	1,131	1,164	1,214
Construction machinery and equipment	19	34	29
Electrical machinery and apparatus	13	21	18
Other and unclassified	36	29	16
Manufactures of iron and steel	_2,905	4,311	4,182
Angles, shapes, and sections	348	459	618
Nails, tacks, and spikes	59	84	53
Plates, sheets, and coils	1,035	896	806
Tubes, pipes, and fittings	564	1,438	1,557
Wire, bars, and rods	174 725	220 1,214	189 959
Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	2	2	2
Fertilizers, unclassified	2		2
Ores and metals	901	1,124	1,007
			959
Ores	835	1,059	
Alumina/bauxite	43	102	155
Chrome	11	38	86 5
Manganese Other and unclassified	780	908	713
Metals	66	65	48
Aluminum	29	32	19
Copper	7	5	13
Iron	i	20	
Zinc		1	2
Other and unclassified	29	7	14
Other agricultural commodities	323	411	427
Coffee	8	1	10
Copra	1	1	1
Rubber, raw	56	35	65
Sugar	251	373	357
Other and unclassified	7 141	1 375	210
Petroleum and products, miscellaneous Miscellaneous	3,611	3,283	210 3,192
			2
Bricks and tile	1	2	2
Clay, fire and china Fibers, plant	1	2	9
Glass and glassware	4	7	4
Groceries, miscellaneous	7	9	28
Oil, coconut	63	56	181
Oil, vegetable	32	93	114
Porcelainware	2	1	5
Rubber, manufactured	41	18	26
Textiles	2 452	2 086	12
All other and unclassified	3,452	3,086	2,810
Total	10,047	11,490	11,398

[Thousands of long tons]

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Table 11.-Important Commodity Shipments Over Principal Trade Routes Pacific to Atlantic-Continued

Fiscal year 1983 ASIA TO EAST COAST CANADA: 1982 1981

Canned and refrigerated foods, miscellaneous Machinery and equipment	1 6	1 2	3
Automobiles, trucks, accessories, and parts			
Other and unclassified	6 30	2 18	4 29
Plates, sheets, and coils	10	6	21
lubes, pipes, and fittings	9	9	5
Wire, bars, and rods	2	3	
Ores and metals, miscellaneous	9		3
Miscellaneous	284	262	261
All other and unclassified	284	262	261
Total	321	284	298
SIA TO EAST COAST CENTRAL AMERICA:			
Chemicals and petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous Machinery and equipment, miscellaneous	70	276	107
Manufactures of iron and steel, miscellaneous	14	4 71	133
Minerals, miscellaneous			19
Ores and metals, miscellaneous	58	43	21
Ores, miscellaneous Miscellaneous	58	43	21
All other and unclassified	27	24	15
Total	27	24	15
SIA TO EAST COAST SOUTH AMERICA:	169	418	302
Chemicals and petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous	4	4	5
Machinery and equipment	72	70	101
Automobiles, trucks, accessories, and parts	19	29	27
Construction machinery and equipment Electrical machinery and apparatus	32 11	6 13	1
Other and unclassified	10	22	46
Manufactures of iron and steel	230	522	412
Plates, sheets, and coils	91	141	219
Tubes, pipes, and fittings Other and unclassified	86 53	293	105
Nitrates, phosphates, and potash	4	88	88 3
Fertilizers, unclassified	4		3
Ores and metals	32	47	43
Ores	22	8	24
Chrome		8	2
Other and unclassified	22 10		22 19
Tin, including tinplate	3	4	15
Other and unclassified	7	35	4
Other agricultural commodities	4	4	3
Rubber, raw	4	4	3
Petroleum and products	2	2	18
Gasoline Other and unclassified	•••••	2	18
Miscellaneous	186	341	280
Glass and glassware	1		2
Resin	i	3	4
Rubber, manufactured Textiles	6 2	10	12
All other and unclassified	176	6 321	8 254
Total	534	990	865

		Fiscal year	
	1983	1982	1981
ASIA TO CRISTOBAL, R.P.: Machinery and equipment	4	7	6
Electrical machinery and apparatus	1	1	2
Other and unclassified	3	6	4
Manufactures of iron and steel, miscellaneous	20	21	16
Miscellaneous	2	103	$\frac{130}{3}$
Textiles	2 79	1 102	127
All other and unclassified	105	131	152
Total			
ASIA TO WEST INDIES:			
Canned and refrigerated foods	43	43	31
Canned foods, miscellaneous	30	27 16	20 11
Fish, refrigerated Chemicals and petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous	13	12	5
Coal	21	21	22
Grains	116	113	75
Corn		2	1
Rice	106	111	74
Soybeans	10 133	143	112
Lumber and products	96	97	70
Boards and planks Plywood veneers	19	23	23
Pulpwood	12	8	12
Other and unclassified	6	15	7
Machinery and equipment	158	<u> </u>	164
Automobiles, trucks, accessories, and parts	144	127	139
Electrical machinery and apparatus Other and unclassified	11	20	19
Manufactures of iron and steel	152	126	119
Plates, sheets, and coils	70	52	47
Tubes, pipes, and fittings	30	36	23
Other and unclassified	52	38	49 20
Ores and metals	8	$\frac{20}{13}$	
Metals, miscellaneous	4	7	6
Ores, miscellaneous Petroleum and products		5	36
Diesel oil		4	6
Other and unclassified		1	30
Miscellaneous	316	264	282
Bricks and tile	3 5	4	6
Glass and glassware Groceries, miscellaneous	í	2	2
Paper and paper products	16	5	15
Porcelainware	1	1	1
Resin	1	1	2 4
Rubber, manufactured	1	3 10	13
Textiles All other and unclassified	282	234	235
Total	954	898	866
ASIA TO EUROPE: Canned and refrigerated foods	15	6	6
Chemicals and petroleum chemicals, miscellaneous	3	12	11
Coke, coal type	32	46	
Machinery and equipment	3	10	
Automobiles, trucks, accessories, and parts	3	10	1

	Fiscal year		
ASIA TO EUROPE—Continued	1983	1982	1981
Ores and metals, miscellaneous Other agricultural commodities	23	29	27
Sugar raw	23	·····	·····
Petroleum and products, miscellaneous Miscellaneous		58 69	
Oil, coconut	19 31		4
Oil, fish Oil, vegetable.		8	2
All other and unclassified	<u> </u>	230	<u> </u>
Asia to Africa:			
Canned and refrigerated foods, miscellaneous Miscellaneous	1	11	·····
Sugar raw	12	<u>~</u>	
All other and unclassified	<u> </u>	2	4
I Utal	14	13	4

Table 12.-Principal Canal Commodities by Direction-Fiscal Year 1983

[Long tons]

	Atlantic	Pacific	
Commodity	to Pacific	to Atlantic	Total
Ammonium compounds	378,887	25,674	404,561
Asbestos	19,941	3,114	23,055
Asphalt	90,382	5,707	96,089
Automobiles, trucks, and accessories	242,553	1,304,753	1,547,306
Bananas	1,121	888,099	889,220
Barley	117,815	299,107	416,922
Beans, edible	56,038	42,408	98,446
Benzene	13,035 12,186	3,468 391,426	16,503 403,612
Borax Bricks and tile	21,339	4,827	26,166
Canned food products	74,454	170,697	245,151
Carbon black	4,096	666	4,762
Caustic soda	673,935	65,060	738,995
Cement	64,261	7,384	71,645
Chemicals, petroleum various	973,342	108,991	1,082,333
Chemicals, various	2,415,923	661,639	3,077,562
Clay, fire and china	380,467 9,160,558	27,670 1,556,411	408,137 10,716,969
Coal and coke (excluding petroleum coke) Cocoa and cacao beans	2,755	30,870	33,625
Coffee	18,524	467,310	485,834
Coke, petroleum	712,110	1,624,366	2,336,476
Copra and coconuts	350	13,560	13,910
Corn	21,624,781	894	21,625,675
Cotton, raw	27,936	123,204	151,140
Fertilizers, various	1,589,947	55,941	1,645,888
Fibers, plant	20,847 929	16,543 823,394	37,390
Fishmeal Flour, wheat	242,222	54,193	824,323 296,415
Gasoline	1,351,945	346,832	1,698,777
Glass and glassware	19,683	10,520	30,203
Grains, various	78,764	70,494	149,258
Groceries, various	28,537	36,835	65,372
Infusorial earth	1,782	4,636	6,418
Jet fuel	626,678	9,378	636,056
Kerosene	44,932 799,116	27,673	44,932 826,789
Liquefied gas	21,571	1,584	23,155
Lumber and products (excluding pulpwood)	53,780	3,923,333	3,977,113
Machinery, agricultural	58,601	16,273	74,874
Machinery, construction	104,055	64,759	168,814
Machinery, electrical	48,030	32,873	80,903
Machinery, various	71,626	56,440	128,066
Manufactures of iron and steel	1,632,455	3,563,363	5,195,818
Metal, aluminum	397,498 41,621	56,896 1,161,788	454,394 1,203,409
Metal, copper Metal, iron	238,236	60,006	298,242
Metal, scrap	1,846,349	1,553	1,847,902
Metals, various (including tinplate)	116,922	359,472	476,394
Molasses	3,328	826,537	829,865
Nitrate of soda	26,666	277,295	303,961
Oats	27,008	546	27,554
Oil, coconut	3,981 4,547,020	91,300 14,122,867	95,281 18,669,887
Oil, crude Oil, diesel	1,276,614	568,848	1,845,462
Oil, fish	8,310	87,226	95,536
Oil, lube	524,471	113,558	638,029
Oil, residual fuel	3,318,466	2,799,889	6,118,355
Oil, vegetable	245,253	107,643	352,896
Oilseeds	91,119	63,515	154,634
Ore, alumina/bauxite	375,336	107.265	482.601

Table 12.—Principal Canal Commodities by Direction—Fiscal Year 1983— Continued

[Long tons]			
	Atlantic	Pacific	
Commodity	to Pacific	to Atlantic	Total
Ore, copper	650	414,286	414,936
Ore, iron	69,215	53,549	122,764
Ores, various	305,286	2,362,125	2,667,411
Paper and paper products	701,793	514,433	1,216,226
Peas, dry	51,152	35,547	86,699
Petroleum and products, various	435,361	572,299	1,007,660
Phosphates	5,826,125	142,622	5,968,747
Potash	127,104	142,089	269,193
Pulpwood	474,778	1,411,371	1,886,149
Refrigerated food products			
(excluding bananas)	442,318	1,830,202	2,272,520
Resin	210,031	5,827	215.858
Rice	74,580	209,674	284,254
Rubber, manufactured	28,703	48,882	77,585
Rubber, raw	55	60,868	60.923
Salt	122,397	576,993	699.390
Seeds, excluding oilseeds	33,505	3,489	36.994
Slag, clinkers, and dross	15,257		15.257
Soda and sodium compounds	60,753	149,578	210,331
Sorghum	1,345,153		1,345,153
Soybeans	7,038,903	9,867	7,048,770
Sugar	1,700,541	1,803,803	3,504,344
Sulfur	11,070	1,944,642	1,955,712
Tallow	67,485	38,866	106,351
Textiles	47,584	41,327	88,911
Tobacco and manufactures	46,169	2,691	48,860
Toluene	44,958	6,392	51,350
Wax, paraffin	13,308	3,027	16,335
Wheat	4,478,345	1,084,214	5,562,559
Wool, raw	1,092	20,246	21,338
All other	7,084,351	6,524,768	13,609,119
Total	87,828,509	57,762,250	145,590,759

Other Statistics

	Fiscal year		Percent of usage fiscal year	
	1983	1982	1983	1982
MADDEN AND GATUN LAKE WATER SUPPLY:	(Acre	feet)		
Total runoff, Madden Lake Basin	1.334.650	1.794.445		
Evaporation from Madden Lake	36,993	39,146		
Municipal water use Madden Lake	80,028	79,606		
Available for Madden Lake usage	1,217,629	1,675,693		
Total runoff, Gatun Lake (area below Madden)	1,637,906	2,680,854		
Subtotal	2,855,535	4,356,547		
Evaporation from Gatun Lake	444,508	411,825		
Available for Gatun watershed usage	2,411,027	3,944,722		
Madden Lake Water Usage:				
Hydroelectric power	1,165,151	1,748,622	88	90
	14,479	14,479	1	1
Leakage	62,351	90,060	5	5
	80,028	79,606	6	4
Municipal				
Total Madden Lake usage	1,322,009	1,932,767	100	100
GATUN LAKE WATER USAGE:				
Hydroelectric power	425,023	1,097,865	18	27
Lockages, Gatun and Pedro Miguel	1,858,609	2,333,126	78	57
Municipal and other usages	94,654	90,237	4	2
Spillway discharge		587,282		14
Total Gatun Lake usage	2,378,286	4,108,510	100	100
Fotar Outan Lake usage	2,070,200	1,100,010		

Table 13.- Water Supply and Usage

Table 14.-Dredging Operations-Fiscal Year 1983

(Cubic yards)

	Earth	Rock	Total
Pacific District	548,452		548,452
Central District	1,480,552	367,950	1,848,502
Atlantic District	<u></u>		<u></u>
Grand Total	2,029,004	367,950	2,396,954

Table 15.-Electrical Power Generated

(Gigawatt hours) 1

	Fiscal vear	
	1983	1982
Generation: Gatun hydro station	27	68
Madden hydro station Thermal generating stations	440	183 309
Gross generated by Panama Canal Commission Less station service usage	581	560
Net total generated by Panama Canal Commission	$\frac{(16)}{565}$	$\frac{(12)}{548}$
Power Purchases: Through interconnect from Panama Net Energy charged for Wheeling	9	8 6
Power Sales: Through interconnect to Panama	(7)	(4)
Net power generated and purchases for Canal area only Other power generated by military for own use	567	558
Total Canal area requirements	567	558
Power distributed to Comission's customers Distribution losses Peak load (thousands of kilowatts) Date of peak load Canal area load factor ²	523 44 91 Apr. 4 71,4%	513 45 89 Mar. 26 71.6%

One gigawatt hour equal to 1 million kilowatt hours.
 ² Total Canal area requirements divided by number of hours per year times peak load.

Table 16.-Fire Statistics

	Fiscal Year 1983		Fiscal Year 1982	
	Num- ber of fires	Property loss	Num- ber of fires	Property loss
PCC	164	\$8,259	101	\$85,541
Armed Forces	474	43,710	367	25,700
Private (including ships)	82	189,768	80	3,087,869
R.P.*	265	9,195	189	4,500
Total	985	\$250,932	737	\$3,203,610
Value of Property involved in ship fires		\$46,626,2		\$22,023,051
Value of Property involved in other fires		100,950,4		147,372,940
Calls for emergency aid **			926	2,675
Total number of calls (all types) responded to	• • • • • • • •	4,	02	3,551

Statistics started as of October 1, 1979 due to the Treaty implementation.
 Includes Fire Apparatus and Ambulance.



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