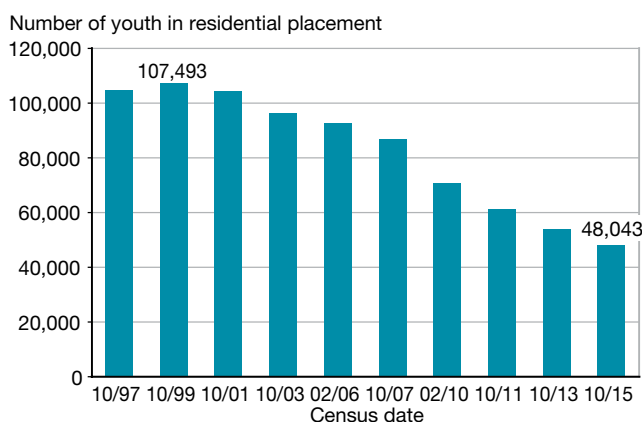


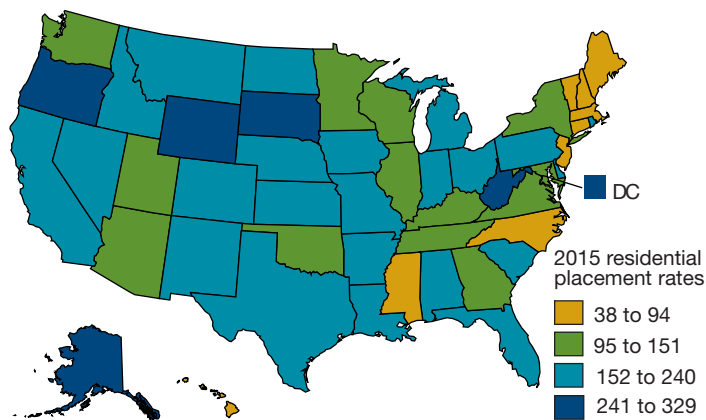
The Number of Juveniles in Residential Placement Reached a New Low in 2015

Placement rates decline for every race group but challenges remain to reduce racial and ethnic disparities

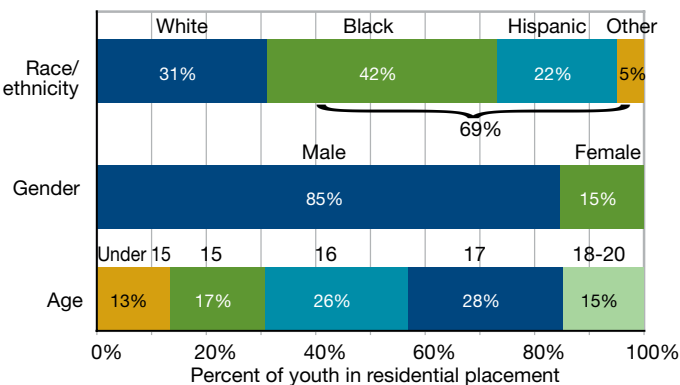
The number of juveniles in residential placement in 2015 was 55% less than the number in 1999



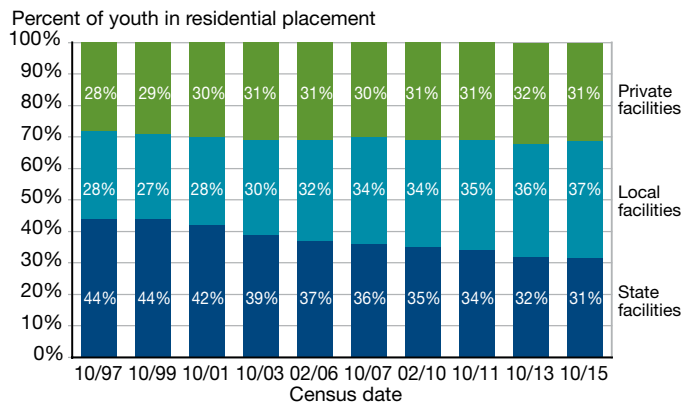
In 2015, the national placement rate was 152 per 100,000 youth; rates in 28 states and DC were greater



Minority youth accounted for 69% of youth in residential placement in 2015

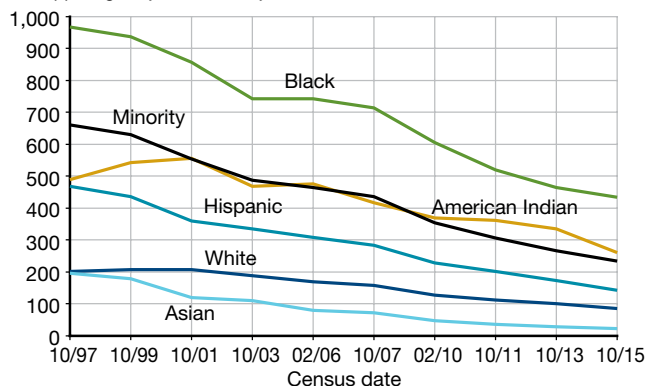


Since 2011, locally operated facilities have held the greatest proportion of youth in placement



Despite declines in placement rates for every race, the minority rate was still 2.7 times the white rate in 2015

Youth in placement per 100,000 youth ages 10–upper age of juvenile court jurisdiction



Statistical Briefing Book ojjdp.gov/ojstatbb

Access more information on juveniles in placement

- Review FAQs about juveniles in corrections
- Analyze data with Easy Access to the Census of Juveniles in Residential Placement
- View the glossary of terms, methods, and data collection questionnaires

Notes: This publication was prepared by Charles Puzzanchera and Sarah Hockenberry, National Center for Juvenile Justice, with funds provided by OJJDP through grant #2013-MU-FX-0005. July 2017.
Data source: Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention. *Census of Juveniles in Residential Placement* [machine-readable data files]. Washington, DC: U.S. Census Bureau (producer).