



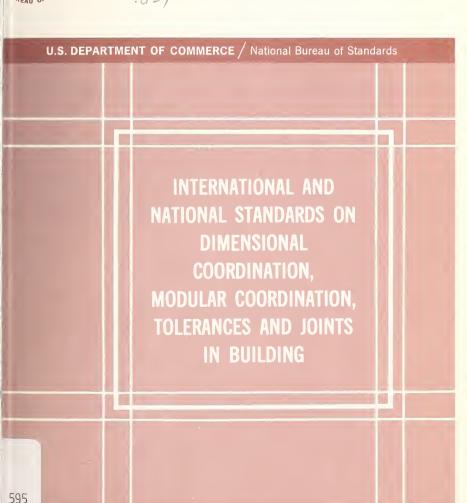
A11103 07324A 191092

ureau of Standards E-01 Admin. Bldg.

CT 1 1981

100 .457

NBS SPECIAL PUBLICATION 595



#### NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS

The National Bureau of Standards¹ was established by an act of Congress on March 3, 1901. The Bureau's overall goal is to strengthen and advance the Nation's science and technology and facilitate their effective application for public benefit. To this end, the Bureau conducts research and provides: (1) a basis for the Nation's physical measurement system, (2) scientific and technological services for industry and government, (3) a technical basis for equity in trade, and (4) technical services to promote public safety. The Bureau's technical work is performed by the National Measurement Laboratory, the National Engineering Laboratory, and the Institute for Computer Sciences and Technology.

THE NATIONAL MEASUREMENT LABORATORY provides the national system of physical and chemical and materials measurement; coordinates the system with measurement systems of other nations and furnishes essential services leading to accurate and uniform physical and chemical measurement throughout the Nation's scientific community, industry, and commerce; conducts materials research leading to improved methods of measurement, standards, and data on the properties of materials needed by industry, commerce, educational institutions, and Government; provides advisory and research services to other Government agencies; develops, produces, and distributes Standard Reference Materials; and provides calibration services. The Laboratory consists of the following centers:

Absolute Physical Quantities<sup>2</sup> — Radiation Research — Thermodynamics and Molecular Science — Analytical Chemistry — Materials Science.

THE NATIONAL ENGINEERING LABORATORY provides technology and technical services to the public and private sectors to address national needs and to solve national problems; conducts research in engineering and applied science in support of these efforts; builds and maintains competence in the necessary disciplines required to carry out this research and technical service; develops engineering data and measurement capabilities; provides engineering measurement traceability services; develops test methods and proposes engineering standards and code changes; develops and proposes new engineering practices; and develops and improves mechanisms to transfer results of its research to the ultimate user. The Laboratory consists of the following centers:

Applied Mathematics — Electronics and Electrical Engineering<sup>2</sup> — Mechanical Engineering and Process Technology<sup>2</sup> — Building Technology — Fire Research — Consumer Product Technology — Field Methods.

THE INSTITUTE FOR COMPUTER SCIENCES AND TECHNOLOGY conducts research and provides scientific and technical services to aid Federal agencies in the selection, acquisition, application, and use of computer technology to improve effectiveness and economy in Government operations in accordance with Public Law 89-306 (40 U.S.C. 759), relevant Executive Orders, and other directives; carries out this mission by managing the Federal Information Processing Standards Program, developing Federal ADP standards guidelines, and managing Federal participation in ADP voluntary standardization activities; provides scientific and technological advisory services and assistance to Federal agencies; and provides the technical foundation for computer-related policies of the Federal Government. The Institute consists of the following centers:

Programming Science and Technology - Computer Systems Engineering.

Headquarters and Laboratories at Gaithersburg, MD, unless otherwise noted; mailing address Washington, DC 20234.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Some divisions within the center are located at Boulder, CO 80303.

International and National Standards on Dimensional Coordination, Modular Coordination, Tolerances and Joints in Building

Mational Bureau of Standards Ulbrary, E-01 Admin. Bldg. OCT 2.9 1980

> nd acc - un Octoo US 7

2,2

Hans J. Milton

Building Economics and Regulatory Technology Division Center for Building Technology National Engineering Laboratory National Bureau of Standards Washington, DC 20234

With the support of:

Energy, Building Technology and Standards Research Division Office of Policy Development and Research Department of Housing and Urban Development Washington, DC 20410



Special publication

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, Philip M. Klutznick, Secretary

Luther H. Hodges, Jr., Deputy Secretary

Jordan J. Baruch, Assistant Secretary for Productivity, Technology and Innovation NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS, Ernest Ambler, Director

Issued October 1980

Library of Congress Catalog Card Number: 80-600147

National Bureau of Standards Special Publication 595
Nat. Bur. Stand. (U.S.), Spec. Publ. 595, 154 pages (Oct. 1980)
CODEN: XNBSAV

Supersedes NBSIR 79-1791

U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE WASHINGTON: 1980

#### **ABSTRACT**

This publication lists international, multi-national [regional], and national standards from over 50 countries dealing with the principles and application of dimensional or modular coordination in building, including joints and tolerances. It is based on an NBS Interim Report with the same title which was sent to national and multi-national standards organizations for review and comment.

The document shows the widespread adoption of the international building module of 100 mm (also designated as M) as a basis for dimensional rationalization in building design, production, and construction. The listing includes international (ISO) standards, multi-national (COPANT, ICAITI, CMEA) standards, and national standards from all major countries. Brief summaries of contents have been included where available, as well as titles in English for documents published in other languages. Appendixes illustrate international cooperation on the subject, a multi-lingual vocabulary of 20 key terms, and review comments received.

The main purpose of this publication is to assist the U.S. construction community by providing information on international precedent and, thus, to facilitate decisionmaking relative to new standards for dimensional [modular] coordination in building, especially those to be developed in metric (SI) units. Key findings have been summarized. The document may also assist exporters of building products and/or services.

Additional information, revisions, or other changes will be included in future supplements.

Key words: Building module; dimensional coordination; metric design and construction; modular coordination; standards.

#### SUPPORT IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS PUBLICATION

This NBS Special Publication 595 supersedes Interim Report NBSIR 79-1791, which had the same title and is referenced as a source document. The Interim Report was issued in limited quantity in August 1979, and this Special Publication contains additional information, amendments, and other data received as a result of international review and comment from 39 standards organizations. For availability, refer to Note on page v.

This NBS Special Publication was prepared with the support of the Energy, Building Technology and Standards Research Division, Office of Policy Development and Research, U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development. The Australian Government has supported the preparation of this report by making available the services of the author, Hans J. Milton, B.Arch., M. Bdg.Sc., M.B.A, FRAIA, Assistant Secretary, Technology Division, Department of Housing and Construction.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

Contributions to this publication have come from many different organizations and individuals, and appropriate acknowledgements have been given throughout the document.

The principal information sources were:

- Replies from multi-national and national standards organizations in response to a request for verification, modification, or supplementation of interim data presented in NBSIR 79-1791
  - a. from or on behalf of: COPANT, ICAITI, and CMEA (Part 2)
  - b. from or on behalf of the national standards bodies of: Argentina, Australia, Austria, Belgium, Republic of China, Colombia, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Denmark, Egypt, Finland, Federal Republic of Germany, Democratic Republic of Germany, Greece, Hungary, India, Republic of Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Mexico, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Peru, Philippines, Poland, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland, Thailand, Turkey, and the United Kingdom (Parts 3 - 7)
  - c. from standards bodies of countries that do not have standards on modular coordination at present:
    - Ethiopia, Malawi.
- Publications of the International Organization for Standardization [ISO], including:
  - a. ISO MEMENTO 1980 Information on member bodies of ISO, including titles and scope of work of relevant Technical Divisions, Technical Committees, Subcommittees and Working Groups.
  - b. ISO CATALOGUE 1980 and Supplement 1 [April 1980] Listing of ISO standards and recommendations, including titles, designations, and number of pages.

- c. ISO TECHNICAL PROGRAMME [January 1980] Listing of draft international standards and draft proposals, their status, and expected target date for publication.
- d. PARTICIPATION IN ISO COMMITTEES [January 1980]

  Tabular listing of national membership and type of participation in ISO Technical Divisions and Technical Committees.
- e. ISO BULLETINS Relevant information on ISO activities and changes in membership.
- 3. Standards Catalogs, Yearbooks, or Lists issued by foreign national standards organizations. Where such documents have contributed information presented in this publication, they are referenced appropriately.
- 4. The National Bureau of Standards [NBS] Collection of Standards

  The collection of over 250,000 standards, specifications, test methods, codes, and recommended practices issued by U.S., foreign national, and international standardizing organizations is maintained by the Standards Information Services, Office of Engineering Standards, National Engineering Laboratory, NBS.
  - The majority of the standards listed in this document have been accessed and examined directly in the NBS Collection of Standards.
- 5. Some useful comparative information on the worldwide status, in 1972, of modular coordination standards issued by international organizations and 34 national standards bodies, is contained in a document entitled: "Modulordnung, Toleranzen, Fugen und Verbindungen: Teil III-Weltweite Liste der Normen" [Modular co-ordination, tolerances, joints and jointing: Part III Worldwide listing of standards]; Hochschule für Angewandte Kunst, Wien [Vienna], 1972; 14 pages.

The document was part of a series of three publications dealing with published information on modular coordination in building—a project sponsored by the Bundesministerium für Raumordnung, Bauwesen und Städtebau, Bonn, Bundesrepublik Deutschland [Federal Ministry of Housing, Building and Planning, Bonn, Federal Republic of Germany]. The report was compiled by Dr. Heidrun Bauer and Dipl. Ing. Heiner Fürst, Wien, and coordinated by the Fachnormenausschuß Bauwesen, Deutsches Institut für Normung [DIN] e.V., Berlin.

# Note on Availability

NBS Special Publication 595 will be available through the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402, by quoting the appropriate stock number, and through the National Technical Information Service [NTIS], Springfield, Virginia 22161. Due to its preliminary nature, Interim Report NBSIR 79-1791 with the same title as NBS SP 595, was distributed for review and comment only, mainly to national standards bodies and dimensional coordination experts. (See Appendix 5 for review request).

#### PREFACE

The need for an agreed system of dimensional coordination in building has been recognized in all countries where the technical development of the building industry has reached a certain level of mechanization, irrespective of the country's economic, social, or technical policies in other fields. The systematic selection of coordinating dimensions, derived from a basic module, becomes the foundation for the coordination of prefabricated components and site-produced elements and, simultaneously, the rationalization of design, production and construction.

As greater industrialization is introduced into the building process, some aspects of modern building technology show international convergence, for example, preferences in building dimensions and product sizes. Therefore, much could be gained by reaching international agreements on common approaches to dimensional coordination, based on the choice of the same module, as well as selected multiples thereof. During the past 30 years there has been significant international and multi-national collaboration in the development of concepts and standards for modular and dimensional coordination.

The basic module of 100 mm, which in international standards and many national standards is also represented by the symbol "M", has emerged as the universally preferred basic unit of size. It has been given greater weight by general acceptance during the conversion to metric units in English-speaking countries. In nearly all instances, these countries combined their change to metric units with a simultaneous program of metric dimensional coordination in the expectation of significant economic and other benefits.

The ideas that have led to "modular and dimensional coordination in building" were pioneered in the United States. However, national standards were based on the 4-inch module which is slightly larger than the 100 mm module. The impending change to SI in the U.S. offers the construction community the great opportunity to combine the dimensional coordination experience at the national and international level with the conversion process. The fact that the U.S. is the last major nation to adopt metric measurement gives it a unique chance to develop up-to-date, simple, and internationally compatible standards for the coordination of dimensions in building.

As a preparatory step in this process, the National Bureau of Standards prepared an Interim Report entitled "International and National Standards on Dimensional Coordination, Modular Coordination, Tolerances and Joints in Building." That document, issued in limited quantities due to its preliminary nature, provided a basic listing of all known standards on dimensional/modular coordination, derived product standards using modular coordinating sizes, and ancillary standards on the application and communication of modular concepts. The Interim Report was sent out for review and comment to all member bodies of the International Organization for Standardization (ISO), a select number of other organizations, and to individual members of the CIB Working Commission W-24, Dimensional and Modular Coordination (also known as the International Modular Group-IMG). This Special Publication 595 is the outcome of many, thoughtful replies.

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

Abstract
Support in the Preparation of this Publication i
Acknowledgements
Preface
Table of Contents
Background
Purpose of Publication
Presentation of Information
Structure of the Document
Summary of Findings
Part 1 - International Standards [ISO]
Part 2 - Multi-national [Regional] Standards
2.1 Pan American Standards [COPANT]
2.2 Central American Standards [ICAITI]
2.3 Council of Mutual Economic Aid Standards [CMEA] 2
Part 3 - National Standards Issued in English
3.1 Australia
3.2 Canada
3.3 Cyprus
3.4 India
3.5 Republic of Ireland [Eire]
3.6 Jamaica
3.7 Malaysia
3.8 New Zealand
3.9 Nigeria
3.10 Philippines
3.11 Singapore
3.12 South Africa
3.13 Sri Lanka
3.14 United Kingdom [Great Britain]
3.15 Zambia
3.16 Zimbabwe
Part 4 - Central and South American Standards
4.1 Argentina
4.2 Brazil
4.3 Chile
4.4 Colombia
4.5 Mexico
4.6 Peru
4.7 Uruguay
4.8 Venezuela
Part 5 - Western European Standards Issued in Languages Other than English
5.1 Austria [Österreich]
5.2 Belgium
5.3 Denmark
5.4 Finland
5.5 France
5.6 Federal Republic of Germany
5.7 Greece
5.8 Italy
5.9 The Netherlands
5.10 Norway
5.11 Portugal
5.12 Spain
5.13 Sweden
5.14 Switzerland
5.15 Turkey

# TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

Part 6 -	Eastern European Standards	
6.1	Bulgaria	
6.2	Czechoslovakia	
6.3	German Democratic Republic	
6.4	Hungary	
6.5	Poland	
6.6 6.7	Romania	
6.8	Yugoslavia	
Part 7 -	Standards of Other Countries	
7.1	Arab Republic of Egypt	119
7.2	Iraq	120
7.3	Israel	
7.4	Japan	
7.5 7.6	Republic of Korea	
7.7	Thailand	
	Standards Issued in the U.S.A	
	The Relationship of National Standards to International (ISO) Standards	131
9.1	Voting on ISO Standards	133
9.2	Adoption of ISO Standards and Recommendations, or Concurrence	
9.3	Referencing of ISO Standards in National Standards	
9.4	Revision of ISO Standards	135
Part 10 -	Vocabulary of Modular Coordination Terms	137
Appendixe		
Appendix	1: Technical Committee [TC] 59, Building Construction, of ISO Scope, Subcommittees [SC], Working Groups [WG], and Secretariats	141
Appendix	2: Participation by Member Nations in ISO Work Relating to Building	
	Technical Division 3, Building, and Technical Committee 59, Building	
	Construction	142
Appendix	3: Languages in Which International, Multi-National, and National Standards are Issued	1/2
Appendix		143
Appendix	Standards for Modular Coordination in Building, Including	
	Joints and Tolerances	145
Appendix		
	Sent to National Standards Organizations Affiliated with ISO and Selected Others	149

#### BACKGROUND

This special publication shows that standards on dimensional or modular coordination  $^1$  in building, based on the internationally agreed 100 mm module  $^2$ , form an integral part of the technical data bank for construction in most countries. In some nations, the application of such standards is mandated in the national building regulations.

International standards and recommendations dealing with dimensional and modular coordination in building have been developed under the auspices of the International Organization for Standardization [ISO], and have been published since 1969. The work in ISO falls under the jurisdiction of Technical Committee [TC] 59, Building Construction, and various of its Subcommittees [SC] and Working Groups [WG]. At present, TC 59 comprises 55 member nations, 32 of which are listed as active participants in the work. Many member nations have adopted the ISO standards or recommendations on dimensional or modular coordination in part or in full, or are generally in accord with the content of ISO standards, and/or include references to ISO standards. In addition to ISO, there are a number of regional or sub-regional standards groups working on unified recommendations for dimensional or modular coordination among their member nations.

Dimensional coordination in building also has been the subject of a number of studies and reports sponsored by the United Nations, and it forms part of the policy statement of the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe [UN/ECE] project on the harmonization of building regulations among the 34 member governments. Most of the developmental work on international standards in this subject area is now carried out within Working Commission W-24, Dimensional and Modular Coordination, of the International Council for Building Research Studies and Documentation [CIB], which is also known as the International Modular Group [IMG].

Whereas individual nations have chosen particular approaches and preferences to suit their building technology and national building needs, the general principles and basis of dimensional coordination founded on the 100 mm building module have gained universal acceptance.

<sup>1</sup> In recent years, the distinction between "dimensional" and "modular" coordination has become obscured. In general, dimensional coordination can be interpreted as a comprehensive approach to the coordination of building geometry and building products through a set of dimensional preferences, including tolerances and guidelines for joints. "Modular coordination" has been defined in ISO Standard 1791 - 1973 as "dimensional coordination based on the 100 mm module."

<sup>2</sup> The standards of some countries show the basic module as 10 cm or 1 dm, and/or associate it with the symbol "M". The use of millimeters (mm) generally eliminates the need for decimal or modular fractions.

<sup>3</sup> ISO standards, draft standards, and draft proposals dealing with modular coordination in building are listed and abstracted in Part 1 of this publication.

<sup>4</sup> A complete list of Subcommittees and Working Groups in ISO TC 59 is shown in Appendix 1.

<sup>5</sup> A complete list of participating nations is shown in Appendix 2.

<sup>6</sup> A matrix showing voting on ISO standards by national standards bodies, and their adoption or referencing in national standards is included as Figure 9.1 in Part 9 of this publication.

<sup>7</sup> The policy states, inter alia: "to promote the uniform adoption and use of a fully developed system of dimensional coordination."

#### PURPOSE OF THIS PUBLICATION

The principal purpose of NBS Special Publication 595 is to provide a comprehensive and up-to-date listing of international, multi-national, and national standards in the subject area of dimensional and/or modular co-ordination, and the related application of preferred sizes of components and assemblies in dimensionally coordinated building construction.

This publication replaces Interim Report NBSIR 79-1791, with the same title, which was submitted to multi-national and national standards organizations in September 1979 for review. With the benefit of this review and comment, the revised listing shows extensive adoption of the principles of dimensional/modular coordination in building standards all over the world and points to greater harmonization in this subject area. But, for historical or technical reasons, some nations have developed special approaches to coordination of building and building product dimensions or have used special sets of preferred dimensions and sizes to suit their particular industrial environment. Where such divergences are extensive, comments have been included to provide explanations.

A major purpose of this publication is to assist the U.S. building community by providing data relevant to the development of national standards for dimensional coordination in building, based on the international building module of 100 mm, which has already received general endorsement by major groups concerned with metric planning and metric standards development. An awareness of the nature and content of international and foreign national standards in this subject area should make it possible to develop U.S. standards that can be in general harmony with worldwide precedent and, therefore, further opportunities for the exchange of technical information and the use of metric U.S. building products, equipment, and design or construction services in other countries.

The document may also be useful to CIB WG-24/IMG in the development of technical material on dimensional and modular coordination in building and to ISO TC 59 in the technical review and periodic revision of existing ISO standards, and the development of additional standards. At the national standards level, the information in this publication may assist national standards organizations in the review and updating of standards on dimensional/modular coordination dating from the pre-ISO-standards era, as well as the development of new standards in harmony with international precedent.

Additional information, revisions, and/or corrections will be received with interest.

The following groups are targeted as users of this publication: standards writers and standardization committees; design professionals, contractors, and building materials manufacturers with international work projects; research and development groups concerned with dimensional aspects in building; and lecturers or instructors in dimensionally coordinated building technology.

#### PRESENTATION OF INFORMATION

#### Standards Organizations and Committees

For each national or multi-national organization, the postal address is given as shown in ISO Memento 1980. Where a particular standards group or sub-organization is responsible for building standards, this is also indicated.

Where available, the technical committee(s) dealing with dimensional or modular coordination, tolerances, or joints in building are identified, as well as the technical secretariat. This information should make it possible for users of this document to address specific requests for information directly to the body concerned.

#### Listing of Standards

Standards have been listed in very general categories, as any further subdivision into specific subject areas was beyond the scope of the project. An attempt has been made to separate standards into groups dealing with principles, component or assembly sizes, and tolerances and joints; however, some problems have been encountered in maintaining this pattern in all foreign language standards.

#### Titles and Translations of Titles

Titles of national or international standards issued in English have been underlined. Where a formal English translation is included on the actual standard, or was provided by the issuing organization in reply to NBSIR 79-1791, the title in the national language is underlined and the English translation is given below, in brackets []. Additional translations of standards titles will be received with interest.

# Paper Sizes and Number of Pages

Where available, both paper size and number of pages of text have been included to facilitate reference and to provide an approximation of the extent of the subject matter covered. In addition, the size of the document can be related to postage costs.

In general, the international A4 paper size [210 x 297 mm] predominates.

# Spelling Used in This Document

In general, standards titles have been listed as shown by the respective national standards bodies. In the descriptive information, American spelling has been used. Examples of different spelling occur in the following words: coordination vs. co-ordination; story vs. storey; fiber vs. fibre; aluminum vs. aluminium; and, meter vs. metre.

# Terms and Meanings

For some building terms, different words are used in American English and English; for example, elevator vs. lift; board vs. sheet, etc. Where necessary for the interpretation of data, the American term has been shown in brackets [] behind the English version used in standards titles.

#### STRUCTURE OF THE DOCUMENT

This publication has been divided into 10 parts and 6 appendixes.

Part 1 contains a listing and abstracts of international standards, draft international standards, and draft proposals dealing with modular coordination and associated subjects. These standards are predominantly under the jurisdiction of Technical Committee [TC] 59, Building Construction, although a number of standards issued by TC 162, Doors and Windows, and TC 178, Lifts, Escalators, and Moving Machinery—both formerly part of TC 59—have been referenced.

ISO Standards are issued in English and French.

Part 2 contains a listing of <u>multi-national standards</u> dealing with modular coordination in building and associated subjects, issued at the regional level by cooperative standards organizations, such as:

- 2.1 COPANT (Comisión Panamericana de Normas Técnicas)
- 2.2 ICAITI (Instituto Centro Americano de Investigación y Technología Industrial)
- 2.3 CMEA (Council for Mutual Economic Aid)

In addition, cooperative efforts in the preparation of standards dealing with modular coordination have been made by the Scandinavian countries Denmark, Finland, Norway, and Sweden, which has resulted in the publication of a number of standards with harmonized technical content.

A number of national standards acknowledge that some material has been derived from national standards of other countries, which is indicative of the commonality of the technical subject matter.

 $\frac{\text{Part }3}{\text{with dimensional standards issued in the English language}}$ , dealing with dimensional/modular coordination in building and associated subjects. Where available, abstracts of the technical content have been included. Standards from the following countries are listed:

- 3.1 AUSTRALIA (Standards Association of Australia)
- 3.2 CANADA (Standards Council of Canada)
- 3.3 CYPRUS (Cyprus Organization for Standards and Control of Quality)
- 3.4 INDIA (Indian Standards Institution)
- 3.5 Republic of IRELAND (Institute for Industrial Research & Standards)
- 3.6 JAMAICA (Jamaican Bureau of Standards)
- 3.7 MALAYSIA (Standards and Industrial Research Institute of Malaysia)
- 3.8 NEW ZEALAND (Standards Association of New Zealand)
- 3.9 NIGERIA (Nigerian Standards Organization)
- 3.10 PHILIPPINES (Philippines Bureau of Standards)
- 3.11 SINGAPORE (Singapore Institute of Standards & Industrial Research)
- 3.12 SOUTH AFRICA (South African Bureau of Standards)
- 3.13 SRI LANKA (Bureau of Ceylon Standards)
- 3.14 UNITED KINGDOM (British Standards Institution)
- 3.15 ZAMBIA (Zambian Standards Institute)
- 3.16 ZIMBABWE (Standards Association of Central Africa)

Incomplete information or no information was available from: Bangladesh, Ghana, Hong Kong, Ivory Coast, Kenya, and Pakistan.

Part 4 contains a listing of <u>national standards from Latin American</u> countries, dealing with modular coordination in building, and issued in Spanish or Portuguese. Some of the standards listed are direct duplicates of COPANT standards, prepared at the regional level [2.1]. Standards from the following countries are included:

- 4.1 ARGENTINA (Instituto Argentino de Racionalización de Materiales)
- 4.2 BRAZIL (Associação Brasileira de Normas Técnicas)
- 4.3 CHILE (Instituto Nacional de Normalización)
- 4.4 COLOMBIA (Instituto Colombiano de Normas Técnicas)
- 4.5 MEXICO (Dirección General de Normas)
- 4.6 PERU (Instituto de Investigación Técnologia Industrial y de Normas Técnicas)
- 4.7 URUGUAY (Instituto Uruguayo de Normas Técnicas)
- 4.8 VENEZUELA (Comisión Venezolana de Normas Industriales)

No information or incomplete information was available from: Bolivia, Cuba, Ecuador, and Paraguay.

The Central American countries of Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, and Nicaragua, use standards issued by ICAITI [2.2].

<u>Part 5</u> contains a listing of <u>national standards from Western European countries</u>, dealing with modular coordination in building and associated subjects, and issued in languages other than English. However, in most instances, the standards have English subtitles and, in some cases, are available as English translations.

Standards from the following countries are included:

- 5.1 AUSTRIA (Österreichisches Normungsinstitut)
- 5.2 BELGIUM (Institut Belge de Normalisation)
- 5.3 DENMARK (Dansk Standardiseringsraad)
- 5.4 FINLAND (Suomen Standardisoimisliitto r.y.)
- 5.5 FRANCE (Association Française de Normalisation)
- 5.6 Federal Republic of GERMANY (Deutsches Institut für Normung)
- 5.7 GREECE (Hellenic Organization for Standardization)
- 5.8 ITALY (Ente Nazionale Italiano di Unificazione)
  5.9 NETHERLANDS (Nederlands Normalisatie-Instituut)
- 5.9 NETHERLANDS (Nederlands Normalisatie-Insti 5.10 NORWAY (Norges Standardiseringsforbund)
- 5.11 PORTUGAL (Direcção-Geral de Qualidade)
- 5.12 SPAIN (Instituto Nacional de Racionalización y Normalización)
- 5.13 SWEDEN (Standardiseringskommissionen i Sverige)
- 5.14 SWITZERLAND (Schweizerische Normen-Vereinigung)
- 5.15 TURKEY (Türk Standardlari Enstitüsü)

Part 6 contains a listing of <u>national standards from Eastern European countries</u>, dealing with modular coordination in building and associated subjects. There has been some collaboration on these standards through the Permanent Commission on Building of the Council for Mutual Economic Aid (CMEA). [CMEA standards are shown in 2.3]. Where available, translations of standards titles have been provided.

Replies to the request for review of information shown in NBSIR 79-1791 were received from the national standards organizations of Czechoslovakia, German Democratic Republic, Hungary, and Poland.

Standards from the following countries are included:

- 6.1 BULGARIA (State Committee for Standardization)
- 6.2 CZECHOSLOVAKIA (Úřad pro normalizaci a měření)
- 6.3 GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC (Ministerrat der DDR, Amt für Standardisierung, Meβwesen und Warenprüfung)
- 6.4 HUNGARY (Magyar Szabvànyügyi Hivatal)
- 6.5 POLAND (Polski Komitet Normalizacji, Miar i Jakości)
- 6.6 ROMANIA (Institutul Român de Standardizare)
- 6.7 U.S.S.R. (Gosudarstvennyj Komitet SSSR)
- 6.8 YUGOSLAVIA (Jugoslavenski zavod za Standardizaciju)

In the absence of English translations or subtitles, the listings for some countries in this Part may be incomplete. No information was available for Albania.

Part 7 contains a listing of national standards from countries not shown under Parts 3 to 6. In general, the standards issued in these countries are printed in alphabets or characters other than Roman, Cyrillic or Greek letters. However, English translations are available for many of the standards listed, as indicated in the text.\* Some countries also show subtitles in English.

Standards from the following countries are included:

- 7.1 Arab Republic of EGYPT (Egyptian Organization for Standardization)
- 7.2 IRAQ (Iraqui Organization for Standards)
- 7.3 ISRAEL (Standards Institution of Israel)\*
- 7.4 JAPAN (Japanese Industrial Standards Committee)\*
- 7.5 Republic of KOREA (Korean Bureau of Standards)\*
- 7.6 TAIWAN [Republic of China] (National Bureau of Standards)
- 7.7 THAILAND (Thai Industrial Standards Institute)

No information, or incomplete information was available from the other countries affiliated with the International Organization for Standardization [ISO], including: Algeria, Peoples Republic of China, Indonesia, Iran, Democratic Peoples Republic of Korea, Lebanon, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Morocco, Saudi Arabia, Sudan, and the Socialist Republic of Vietnam.

An acknowledgment of NBSIR 79-1791 was received from Ethiopia, with the information that no standards on modular coordination in building exist at this point in time.

Part 8 contains a listing and explanatory information dealing with national standards on dimensional coordination in building issued in the United States. This listing has been included for reference purposes only, as dimensions generally relate to U.S. customary units, using the 4-inch [101.6 mm] module. However, ANSI/ASTM E577-76, "Standard for Dimensional Coordination of Rectilinear Building Parts and Systems," acknowledges the 100 mm module, and introduces a concept of a basic incremental dimension (U) in lieu of the building module (M), with a footnote: "For dimensional coordination in SI units, the basic incremental dimension, U, shall have the value of 100 mm; for dimensional coordination in U.S. customary units, the basic incremental dimension, U, shall have the value of 4 in."

Part 9 provides information on the extent of acceptance of ISO standards and recommendations dealing with modular coordination in building, tolerances and joints, in national standards.

A matrix has been developed to show, for 15 key ISO standards, the voting by national standards organizations in terms of approval (a) or disapproval on technical grounds (d), the extent of concurrence with the ISO recommendations in standards issued subsequently (A, B, C, D, and E), and the referencing of ISO standards in national standards (R).

Responses were provided by 20 national standards bodies, based upon an earlier matrix included in the NBS Interim Report NBSIR 79-1791.

<u>Part 10</u> deals with vocabularies (glossaries of terms) for modular coordination in building and associated subjects, and provides information on multi-lingual standards or vocabularies issued by various countries.

This comparison has been extended in Appendix 4, a multi-lingual vocabulary of 20 key terms from ISO standards 1791-1973 and 1803-1973.

 $\frac{\text{Appendix 1}}{\text{In Technical Committee}}$  shows the scope and technical committee structure of ISO TC 59, the Technical Committee on Building Construction, created in 1947.

 $\frac{\text{Appendix 2}}{\text{ISO Technical Division 3, Building, and ISO Technical Committee 59,}} \\ \text{Building Construction.}$ 

 $\frac{\text{Appendix 3}}{\text{national}}$  provides a listing of languages in which international, multinational and national standards are issued.

Appendix 4 provides a multi-lingual vocabulary of the principal terms used in modular coordination in building, including tolerances and joints.

 $\frac{\text{Appendix 5}}{\text{79-1791 sent to national and multi-national standards organizations, and a copy of the review questionnaire.}$ 

#### SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

During the detailed examination of international, multi-national, and a large number of national standards dealing with modular or dimensional coordination in building (including joints and tolerances), and as a result of replies from foreign national standards organizations to NBS Interim Report NBSIR 79-1791, a number of findings were made. These findings should provide useful guidelines for the development of future U.S. national standards and reference documents on dimensional/modular coordination in metric (SI) units.

The key findings have been summarized below:

# 1. Historical Background and Development

The concepts of modular or dimensional coordination are not new to the U.S. building community, having first been proposed in the 1920's and 1930's. The most significant pioneering work was carried out by Albert Farwell Bemis (1870 - 1936), whose heirs established a foundation to advance the industry-wide development of coordinated and preferred dimensions in building, based on a 4-inch module. Although a committee on the coordination of dimensions in building was formed in 1939 [ASA Committee A 62], the first national standard was not issued until 1945 (A 62.1, Basis for the Coordination of Dimensions of Building Materials and Equipment).

Meanwhile, the first national standard on modular coordination based on the 100 mm (10 cm) module was published in France in September 1942 (NF P 01-001, "Dimensions des constructions - Modulation"). In 1946, Lennart Bergvall and Erik Dahlberg of Sweden authored a "Report on Modular Coordination," based on extensive studies of the subject. The proposals endorsed the 100 mm building module, but the principles for coordination were in general agreement with U.S. work. Between 1948 and 1952, eight European countries issued standards for modular coordination using the 100 mm module: Belgium (1948), Finland (1948), Italy (1949), Poland (1950), Bulgaria (1951), Norway (1951), and Sweden (1952).

From 1955 to 1960, modular coordination concepts were advanced by a cooperative program of the European Productivity Agency (EPA). After 1960, developmental work was continued by the International Modular Group (IMG), which has become Working Commission W-24 of the International Council for Building Research Studies and Documentation (CIB). Multi-national efforts on modular coordination started in Eastern European countries in 1959, within the Permanent Commission on Building of the Council of Mutual Economic Aid (CMEA), and in the Latin American countries in 1963, within the Pan American Standards Commission (COPANT). The most significant work is now carried out within the International Organization for Standardization (ISO).

Two studies on modular/dimensional coordination were sponsored by the United Nations. They are described in the following reports: "Modular Co-ordination in Building - Asia, Europe and the Americas;" U.N., New York, 1966; and, "Dimensional Co-ordination in Building - Current Trends and Policies in ECE Countries;" U.N., New York, 1974.

#### SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - (Continued)

#### 2. International Recommendations and Standards

Within the International Organization for Standardization (ISO), the subject area of modular coordination in building has been studied from the early 1960's onwards, and a number of Subcommittees (SC) or Technical Committee (TC) 59, Building Construction, were formed to prepare standards on specific aspects. The first ISO Recommendations dealing with modular coordination were issued in 1969, and, since 1973, a range of ISO Standards have provided an international basis for modular coordination in building. ISO Standards, Recommendations, Draft International Standards (DIS), and Draft Proposals (DP), are shown in Part 1.

Nowadays, over fifty nations participate in the work of TC 59, and 44 member nations have recorded votes on one or more of the ISO Standards or Recommendations for modular coordination and associated subjects.

Even though the technical content of ISO Standards is not always endorsed unanimously in the voting of member bodies, there is strong evidence of partial or near complete adoption of material from ISO Standards in many national standards on modular or dimensional coordination, particularly in the standards of developing nations. This indicates a greater worldwide convergence in dimensional factors relating to building and construction technology.

This trend is likely to continue. In addition, national standards issued prior to their ISO counterparts will come up for their regular review, and it is quite likely that ISO standards will be looked to for any amendments or revisions intended to take account of worldwide developments, or, at least, be cross-referenced in such documents.

# 3. The International Building Module and National Standards

With the exception of the United States, which still uses the 4-inch (101.6 mm) building module, the international 100 mm module can be found in the national standards of over fifty countries for which data were provided or are available. A number of other countries are now in the process of determining their standards needs in the field of modular coordination.

In many foreign national standards, earlier references to a building module of 10 centimeters (cm), or 1 decimeter (dm), have been replaced during recent revisions with references to a 100 mm module. The use of millimeters permits a single measurement unit for all applications in design, production and construction, from small dimensions and tolerances right through to large element and building dimensions. Any modular dimension is immediately visible by a value with two zeros (00) at the end; in addition, the integer multiplier is visible, so that one can immediately see whether a value is preferred or not.

In early modular coordination standards, the building module was represented by the symbol M, and multiples were indicated by the

#### SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - (Continued)

appropriate multiplier as prefix; for example 6M to represent 600 mm, or 48M to represent 4800 mm. Recent national standards exhibit a drift away from the use of the symbol M, and a preference for direct dimensional statements in millimeters.

#### 4. Modular vs. Dimensional Coordination

The distinctions between the terms "modular coordination" and "dimensional coordination" in building have become obscured and, in some respects, now cover the same subject area with the acceptance of the international building module of 100 mm as basis for coordination.

In English-speaking countries, there has been widespread use of the terms "dimensional coordination," "coordination of dimensions," or "coordinated preferred dimensions," in lieu of modular coordination, although the latter term is widely used. At the international level and in the great majority of national standards, however, the term "modular coordination" has been preferred in standards titles.

Both modular and dimensional coordination are designed to achieve "dimensional rationalization" of buildings and building components through sensible limitation of sizes, and in order to obtain economic and functional benefits in design, production, and construction.

Traditionally, modular coordination has been associated with the use of a modular grid, or multimodular grids, to provide dimensional guidance and control. By contrast, dimensional coordination has placed the emphasis on specific planes or lines for coordination and control, based on functional considerations, and generally—though not necessarily—coincident with a modular grid. Dimensional coordination is understood by some to represent a fully comprehensive approach to building and product geometry, including coordinating dimensions for buildings and spaces; controlling sizes for building products and elements, including limits of size, fit, and tolerances; joint design; and, positioning and assembly in construction.

The primary field of application for both modular and dimensional coordination is in rectilinear building forms, elements, systems, and components.

# 5. <u>Subject Areas Covered</u>

This document has concentrated on standards which specifically deal with modular or dimensional coordination, and has provided supplementary listings of standards in which modular dimensions, sizes, or practices are mentioned. A more detailed subdivision was not feasible due to the differences of approach in different national standards and the varying extent of information covered, with some degree of overlap between individual subject areas. For some nations, standards on modular coordination have been listed in their numerical order, or sequence of issue.

# SUMMARY OF FINDINGS - (Continued)

However, five broad subject areas can be distinguished and might be used in any subsequent listing of standards:

- a. fundamental principles including definitions, aims and objectives, basic module and derived modules (multimodules, submodules), space reference concepts (grids, planes, lines), and interchangeability;
- b. guidelines for pre-coordination in design including horizontal and vertical controlling dimensions, space standards, functional spans and sizes, dimensional variations, and joint design;
- c. recommendations for production including sizes of prefabricated elements, assemblies, and components (coordinating and work sizes), limits of size and tolerances, and junctions of components;
- d. recommendations for construction including laying out, positioning, limits and fits, and jointing; and,
- e. communication including symbols and drawing practice.

Even this division has some areas of overlap; for example, the joint and its detailing represent an important aspect of modular coordination, with different implications in each activity phase of building.

# 6. Divergence in National Standards

While there is broad agreement on the basic principles and intentions that underlie modular coordination in building design and its application in production and construction, individual national standards show a degree of divergence in dimensional preferences. Some of the differences are due to historical factors and preferences, others have functional or technological overtones.

In design-related standards, the greatest divergence can be found in preferences for vertical controlling dimensions, such as floor-to-floor (story) heights and floor-to-ceiling (room) heights. While 100 mm increments offer too wide a range of choices, a restriction to multiples of 300 mm will not necessarily offer economic choices. The use of multiples of 200 mm, traditional in some countries, will only result in coincidence of dimensions every 600 mm; for example, at 2400 mm, 3000 mm, 3600 mm, etc. This issue has not been resolved at the international level. A proposed ISO Standard (2849), "Multimodules for vertical coordinating dimensions," reached print proof stage in 1973, but was never issued. Three countries expressed disapproval on technical grounds, and the U.S. did not register a vote to indicate its own preferences which, traditionally, have had a stronger link with the 200 mm increment for vertical dimensions than the 300 mm increment (8 inches and 12 inches, respectively).

In production and construction related standards, other considerations such as national building regulations, national building programs, and industry practices play a major role, and divergences can be found, for example, in the preferences for sizes of building boards (sheets). Here, however, an ISO Standard (ISO 2777-1974) provides guidance for future harmonization.

#### 7. Special Approaches

Some national standards on modular or dimensional coordination exemplify special approaches and/or modifications of ISO recommendations that are noteworthy.

Germany, for example had developed its building dimensions and sizes around an octametric module of 125 mm, laid down in DIN 4172 of 1955. However, in line with international trends, it is now transferring to the 100 mm building module, and has prepared a series of standards on modular coordination in building using the 100 mm module since 1976.

The United Kingdom, on the other hand, has based its building dimensions and sizes on a first preference of 300 mm, rather than 100 mm which has been shown as a second preference. Until recently, the term "modular coordination" was avoided, but has now been used in British Standard BS 5578:Part 3:1978, "Modular coordination: Specification for coordinating dimensions for stairs and stair openings," which agrees in full with ISO 3881. There have been repeated moves in Britain to move towards the 100 mm module as fundamental unit, and to use 300 mm as preferred multimodule. However, it has been argued that the adoption of a larger first preference has helped to limit the variety of sizes and dimensions that might otherwise have been obtained.

The Netherlands have taken a novel and quite different approach to coordination by suggesting that position coordination is a key factor in building design and construction. Netherlands Standard NEN 2880-1977 illustrates a coordinating system based on modular tartan grids (band grids) for the rigorous and predetermined positioning of element groups in building. By providing "rights of way," the band grid reduces conflicts between structural elements and services. The merits of this specific approach to modular planning remain to be seen.

# 8. Comprehensive National Standards on Modular/Dimensional Coordination

The most comprehensive application of modular concepts is evident in the building standards of Scandinavian countries, where modular dimensions have become an integral part of the geometry of buildings and building products.

Sweden leads the field with a total of 90 national standards issued mainly in the past 10 years, which deal with the principles and practical application of modular coordination and modular dimensions.

The United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland (Eire), similarly, have prepared a large number of standards and associated guidelines for modular/dimensional coordination, partly in response to information needs and changes in dimensions and sizes caused by the change to metric (SI) units in building.

#### SUMMARY OF FINDINGS -

# 9. Mandatory Application of Modular Coordination Standards

In a number of countries, national standards for modular/dimensional coordination in building are emphasized further by way of reference in national building regulations or codes, thereby ensuring that the concepts are considered in building design and construction.

Additionally, some countries have made modular coordination mandatory in governmental building projects, or building projects funded with public funds. In general, this approach has been taken to increase the productivity in building and/or to conserve scarce resources.

In practical terms, a building designed and built on the basis of modular coordination cannot be distinguished visually from a similar building without dimensional rationalization.

# 10. Metric Conversion and Modular/Dimensional Coordination

In all English-speaking nations that have changed from a measurement system based on feet, inches, and fractions to metric (SI) units, the conversion in the construction industries has been combined with a move to modular or dimensional coordination based on the international building module of 100 mm. In general, this has meant a 1.6 percent reduction in linear dimensions from 4 inches (101.6 mm) and its whole multiples, to 100 mm and whole multiples. The exception was the United Kingdom, where a first preference dimension of 300 mm was chosen as basic size.

Modular/dimensional coordination in metric units has been more auspicious for the following reasons:

- a. any modular dimension is directly visible; for example, 3200 mm
   is 32 modules, and is more visible than 10'-8", which represents
   32 modules of 4";
- b. the square module for area considerations bears a direct relationship to the unit for area, the square meter  $(m^2)$ , by a decimal factor of 0.01. This facilitates calculations and estimating;
- c. the cubic module for volume considerations is exactly equal to 1 liter (L), thus simplifying many calculations, and represents a decimal factor of 0.001 of the cubic meter  $(m^3)$ ;
- d. tolerances, limits of fit, clearances and joints can be shown in whole numbers in millimeters, without having to resort to common fractions; and,
- e. scale ratios up to 1:100 represent the module as a whole number in millimeters, thus simplifying drawings and their interpretation.

Because of the similarities in building technology, Canada provides the most useful precedent in its approach to metric dimensional coordination. Excellent guidance is contained in the Canadian Series of Standards for "Metric Dimensional Coordination in Building," issued as CAN3-A.31.M in 1975.



# Part 1 INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS (ISO)

International Organization for Standardization [ISO] Central Secretariat

1, rue de Varembé Case postale 56 CH-1221 <u>Genève</u> 20 Switzerland/Suisse

Technical Committees: ISO TC 59, Building Construction [Created 1947]
Secretariat: AFNOR (Association française de

normalisation)

For complete details on the scope of TC 59, its Subcommittees (SC) and Working Groups (WG), and Secretariats, see Appendix 1.

SC 1, Dimensional co-ordination

WG 1, Preferred sizes

WG 2, Multimodules

WG 5, "Intermodular" dimensions

WG 6, Modular coordination of services and drainage

WG 7, Modular coordination of joints

SC 2, Terminology, symbols and unification of language  $% \left\{ 1,2,\ldots ,2,3,\ldots \right\}$ 

SC 3, Functional/user requirements and performance in building construction

SC 4, Limits and fits in building construction

SC 5, Joints

SC 6, Structure, external envelope, internal subdivision

SC 7, Equipment, services and drainage

SC 8, Jointing products

SC 11, Kitchen equipment

A number of former Subcommittees have become separate Technical Committees.

Information Sources:

ISO Memento 1980;

ISO Catalogue 1980, and Supplements;

ISO Technical Programme, January 1980; and,

NBS Collection of ISO Standards.

International [ISO] standards are published in English and French.

ISO Standards on Modular Coordination in Building:

ISO 1006-1973 Modular co-ordination - Basic module (2 pages A4)

Fixes the definitions, symbol and value of the basic module for use in the construction of buildings of all types built according to the principles of modular co-ordination.

The basic module has the internationally standardized value of  $100\ \mathrm{mm}$ , and may be represented by the symbol M.

# Part 1 INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS (ISO) (Continued)

ISO/R 1790-

- ISO 1040-1973 Modular co-ordination Multimodules for horizontal co-ordinating dimensions (1 page A4)

  Fixes the values of several multimodules for horizontal co-ordinating dimensions used in modular co-ordination. The values of the multimodules are: 3M (300 mm); 6M (600 mm); 12M (1200 mm); (15M (1500 mm)); 30M (3000 mm); and, 60M (6000 mm). The multimodules 3M and 6M are intended mainly for housing, and 15M signifies a size of limited applicability which will appear only in specific national standards.
- ISO 1789-1973 Modular co-ordination Storey heights and room heights for residential buildings (1 page A4)

  Fixes sizes for modular heights of storeys (floor-to-floor heights) and room heights (floor-to-ceiling heights) for residential buildings. Recommended controlling dimensions for storey heights are: 26M (2600 mm); 27M (2700 mm); 28M (2800 mm); and, 30M (3000 mm). Recommended controlling dimensions for room heights are: 23M (2300 mm); 24M (2400 mm); 25M (2500 mm); 26M (2600 mm); 27M (2700 mm); and, 28M (2800 mm). Additional controlling dimensions for cellars, basements, and corridors are 20M (2000 mm); 21M (2100 mm); and 22M (2200 mm).
- 1970 lines of horizontal controlling co-ordinating dimensions (1 page A4)

  Fixes the position of reference lines of horizontal controlling co-ordinating dimensions between boundary planes and axial planes.

[ISO Recommendation] Modular co-ordination - Reference

- ISO 1971-1973 Modular co-ordination Vocabulary [Bilingual edition]
  (4 pages A4)
  Gives the definitions of terms necessary for the planning,
  design and construction of buildings in accordance with
  the principles of modular coordination, and for the design
  and manufacture of components for use in such buildings.
  See also Appendixes 4.1 to 4.3.
- ISO 2776-1974 Modular co-ordination Co-ordinating sizes for doorsets:

  External and internal (1 page A4)

  Specifies the co-ordinating sizes for doorsets of all materials to be used in buildings, and to fill co-ordinating spaces in dimensionally co-ordinated buildings of all types. The coordinating sizes for external and internal doorsets are:

  Width (external): n x 3M from 9M to 24M

  Width (internal): n x 1M from 7M to 10M; n x 3M from

Height (both): n x 3M from 21M to 30M; where n x stands for "increments of."

# Part 1 INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS (ISO) - (Continued)

- ISO 2777-1974 Modular co-ordination Co-ordinating sizes for rigid flat sheet boards used in building (1 page)

  Specifies co-ordinating sizes for the length and width dimensions of rigid flat sheet boards used in buildings of all types.

  Length: n x 3M (300 mm) from 18M (1800 mm) to 30M (3000 mm)

  Width: 6M (600 mm); 9M (900 mm); 12M (1200 mm).
- ISO 2848-1974 Modular co-ordination Principles and rules (4 pages A4)

  Specifies the aims of modular co-ordination and states
  the general principles and rules to be applied in determining the sizes of building components and equipment,
  and of assemblies and buildings themselves.
- ISO 3055-1974 Kitchen Equipment Co-ordinating sizes (2 pages A4)

  Defines co-ordinating sizes of spaces for components of kitchen equipment (for example, storage units, work tops, sink units and appliances) in dwellings. Includes minimum dimensions and preferred heights or length in some cases.
- ISO 3571/1Passenger lift installations Part 1: Residential buildings Definitions, functional dimensions and modular co-ordination dimensions (7 pages A4)

  Fixes the necessary dimensions to permit the accommodation of passenger lift installations (elevators) in residential buildings, as well as the resultant modular co-ordination dimensions. Also fixes the dimensions of lift cars appropriate for these buildings. The standard is the first in a series which may eventually be consolidated into one document. It adopts the principle of modular co-ordination between boundary planes rather than axial planes. This document will be partly replaced with the issue of ISO 4190/1, "Passenger lift installations Lifts of classes I. II, and III."
- ISO 3881-1977 Building construction Modular co-ordination Stairs and stair openings co-ordinating dimensions (2 pages A4)

  Gives general principles for coordinating dimensions of stairs and stair openings in building construction of buildings of all types. Horizontal distances between co-ordinating planes shall be multiples of 3M (300 mm) as a first preference, and multiples of 1M (100 mm) as a second preference. The co-ordinating planes for location of floors shall be related to the finished floor levels.
- ISO 5731-1978 Kitchen equipment Limit of size (2 pages A4)

  Specifies the limit (minimum or maximum) of size to ensure co-ordination and interchangeability of the components of kitchen equipment in ISO 3055-1974. Covers only certain sizes having special importance for the assembly.

# Part 1 INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS (ISO) - (Continued)

ISO 5732-1978

Kitchen equipment - Sizes of openings for built-in appliances (3 pages A4)

Specifies the sizes of openings for refrigerators, freezers, ovens, dishwashing machines and other household appliances, with the exception of cookers or built-in kitchen cupboards, already referred to in ISO 3055-1974.

Also specifies the sizes of openings for drop-in cooking tables (drop-in hobs) in worktops.

#### ISO Standards on Joints, Tolerances, and Measurement:

- ISO 1803-1973 Tolerances for building Vocabulary [Bilingual edition]
  (8 pages A4)

  See also Appendix 4.4.
- ISO 2444-1974 <u>Joints in building Vocabulary</u> [Bilingual edition] (8 pages A4)
- ISO 3443/11979

  Tolerances for building Part 1: Basic principles for evaluation and specification (2 pages A4)

  Describes the nature of dimensional variability in building, and defines the factors to be taken into account in the evaluation, specification and verification of tolerances for the manufacture of building components and for site work. Applies to components and buildings generally, including those designed in accordance with the principles of modular co-ordination.
- ISO 3443/21979
  Tolerances for building Part 2: Statistical basis for predicting fit between components having a normal distribution of sizes (5 pages A4)

  Describes the fundamental characteristics of dimensional variability in building, and sets out the need to relate dimensional variability to the limits imposed on joint widths for satisfactory performance.
- ISO 4463-1979 Measurement methods for building Setting out and measurement Permissible measuring deviations

# Other ISO Standards Which Mention Modular Co-ordination:

ISO 1804-1972 Doors - Terminology [Bilingual edition]
(8 pages A4)

Note: This subject was transferred from TC 59 to TC 162,

Doors and windows.

ISO 3880/1- Building construction - Stairs - Vocabulary - Part 1
1977 [Bilingual edition] (4 pages A4)

# Part 1 INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS (ISO) - (Continued)

#### ISO Draft Proposals [DP] and Draft International Standards [DIS]

A number of draft proposals and draft International Standards dealing with the application of modular coordination, tolerances and joints in building are listed in ISO Technical Programme 1980, published January 1980. Relevant documents are listed below, giving their reference number and the expected target date for publication in parentheses.

Draft International Standards [DIS] and Draft Proposals [DP] dealing with modular coordination:

with modular	Cooldination:
DIS 2786.3	Modular co-ordination - Internal single-leaf non-rebated wood door sets - Principal dimensions [TC 162] (September 1980)
DIS 3414	Modular co-ordination - Co-ordinating sizes for windows [TC 59] (No target date)
DIS 3445	Modular co-ordination - Preferred sizes for horizontal controlling dimensions [TC 59] (No target date)
DIS 3446	Modular co-ordination - Preferred sizes for vertical controlling dimensions [TC 59] (No target date)
DIS 3990	Modular co-ordination - Sizes for co-ordinating lengths and widths of openings in the horizontal plane [TC 59]
DIS 3991	Modular co-ordination - Sizes for co-ordinating heights of openings in the vertical plane [TC 59] (No target date)
DIS 4190/1	Passenger lift installations - Lifts of classes I, II, and III (May 1980) Transferred from TC 59 to TC 178.
DP 6268/1	Sanitary appliances - Basic spaces and utilization areas - Part 1: Housing [TC 59] (No target date)
DP 6339/1	Building construction - Stairs - Part 1: Sizes for stairs in buildings [TC 59] (No target date)
DIS 6510	Building construction - Modular coordination - Reference planes for horizontal controlling dimensions (August 1980) - Revision of ISO R1790-1970.
DIS 6511	Building construction - Modular coordination - Reference planes for vertical controlling dimensions [TC 59] (August 1980)
DIS 6512	Building construction - Modular coordination - Storey heights and other sizes for vertical coordinating dimensions [TC 59] (August 1980)
DIS 6513	Building construction - Modular coordination - Series of preferred multimodular sizes for horizontal dimensions

[TC 59] (August 1980)

# Part 1 INTERNATIONAL STANDARDS (ISO) - (Continued) DIS 6514 Building construction - Modular coordination - Infra-modular increments [TC 59] (August 1980)

DIS 6515 Building construction - Dimensional coordination - Small basic sizes [TC 59] (August 1980)

	<u>basic sizes</u> [10 37] (August 1700)			
Draft International Standards [DIS] and Draft Proposals [DP] dealing with tolerances and measurement in building:				
DP 1803	Revision of ISO 1803-1973: Tolerances for building - <u>Vocabulary</u> [TC 59] (February 1981)			
DP 3443/4	Tolerances for building - Part IV: Series of values to be used for specification of tolerances [TC 59] (June 1980)			
DIS 4464	Tolerances for building - Identification of tolerances for specification [TC 59] (No target date)			
DP 6284	Building and civil engineering drawings - Indication of tolerances [TC 59] (September 1980)			
DIS 7077	Measuring methods for building - General principles and procedures for dimensional control measurement [TC 59] (July 1982)			
DIS 7078	Building construction - Measurement - Setting out and surveying - Vocabulary [TC 59] (No target date)			

## Part 2.1 PAN AMERICAN STANDARDS -- COPANT

Comisión Panamericana de Normas Técnicas [COPANT]

(Pan American Standards Commission)

General Secretariat

Lima 629

Codigo 1073 - Buenos Aires

República Argentina

Member Nations and Standards Organizations represented:

Argentina [IRAM]; Bolivia [DGNT]; Brazil [ABNT]; Chile [INN]; Colombia [ICONTEC]; Ecuador [LNEN]; ICAITI (Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras, Nicaragua); Mexico [DGN]; Paraguay [INTN]; Peru [ITINTEC]; Uruguay [UNIT]; and, Trinidad & Tobago [TTBS].

Technical Committee: COPANT C3:11, Coordinación Modular

Secretariat: IRAM (Argentina)

Information Sources: Reply from General Secretary, COPANT;

Reply from Technical Secretariat of COPANT C3:11; Catalogue of Copant Pan American Standards and Recommendations (English), July 1977; NBS Collection of National/International Standards.

Pan American Standards [Norma Panamericana] are issued in Spanish.

Pan American Standards on Modular Coordination in Building:

## Recomendación COPANT (up to 1971)

R 121 - 1968 Coordinación modular de la construcción: Bases, definiciones y condiciones generales (8 pages A4)
[Modular coordination in building: Bases, definitions and general conditions]

# Norma Panamericana COPANT (from 1972)

- 369 1972 Coordinación modular de la construcción: Serie modular normal de medidas (3 pages A4)
  [Modular coordination in building: Basic sizes]
- 370 1972 Coordinación modular de la construcción: Bloques modulares huecos de hormigón (concreto) (3 pages A4)
  [Modular coordination in building: Modular hollow concrete blocks]
- 371 1972 Coordinación modular de la construcción: Albañilería modular (5 pages A4)
  [Modular coordination in building: Modular masonry]
- 372 1972 Coordinación modular de la construcción: Módulos de proyecto
  (2 pages A4)
  [Modular coordination in building: Design modules]

# Part 2.1 PAN AMERICAN STANDARDS -- COPANT (Continued)

#### Norma Panamericana COPANT

- 373 1972 Coordinación modular de la construcción: Vanos modulares y

  sus cerramientos (4 pages A4)

  [Modular coordination in building: Modular openings and closures]
- 374 1972 Coordinación modular de la construcción: Posición de los componentes de la construcción con respecto a la cuadrícula modular de referencia (6 pages A4)

  [Modular coordination in building: Position of building components in relation to the modular reference grid]

Draft Proposals for COPANT Standards approved by Committee 3:11 at the meeting in Lima, February 1977:

Draft Proposal 1A COPANT 3:11-008 Floor to floor and room modular heights
Draft Proposal 1A COPANT 3:11-009 Modular sanitary rooms
Draft Proposal 1A COPANT 3:11-010 Mezzanine floor modular heights
Draft Proposal 1A COPANT 3:11-011 Modular vertical partitions
Draft Proposal 1A COPANT 3:11-012 Stairway cases (modular)
Draft Proposal 1A COPANT 3:11-013 Modular components for ceramic and concrete forgings

## Part 2.2 CENTRAL AMERICAN STANDARDS -- ICAITI

Instituto Centroamericano de Investigación y Tecnología Industrial

[ICAITI]

(Central American Research Institute for Industry)

Avenida La Reforma 4-47

Zona 10

Guatemala C.A.

Member Nations and Standards Organizations represented:

Costa Rica; El Salvador; Guatemala; Honduras; and, Nicaragua.

Technical Committee: ICAITI - 41

Secretariat: ICAITI

Information Sources: Reply from Head, Standards Division, ICAITI;

NBS Collection of National/International Standards.

Central American Standards [Norma Centroamericana] are issued in Spanish.

Standards Dealing With Modular Coordination in Building:

ICAITI 41 012 [1967] Coordinación modular de la construcción: Bases,

definiciones y condiciones generales (4 pages A4) [Modular coordination in building: Bases, defini-

tions and general conditions]

ICAITI 41 013 [1967] Coordinación modular de la construcción: Selección

de múltiplos preferidos (6 pages A4)

[Modular coordination in building: Selection of

preferred multiples]

## Part 2.3 MULTI-NATIONAL STANDARDS -- CMEA

Council of Mutual Economic Aid [CMEA]
Scretariat CMEA
Prospekt Kalinin 56
Moskva
IISSR

Member Nations of the Council of Mutual Economic Aid:

Bulgaria, Cuba, Czechoslowakia, German Democratic Republic, Hungary, Mongolia, Poland, Romania, U.S.S.R.

Technical Committee: Permanent Commission on Building

Information Source: Bauakademie der Deutschen Demokratischen Republik
Institut für Projektierung und Standardisierung

1125 Berlin Plauener Straße

ST - RGW 1001 - 78 Maßordnung im Bauwesen - Grundbestimmungen

[Modular coordination in building; Principles]

ST - RGW 1404 - 78 Gebäude von Industriebetrieben - Geometrische

Parameter

[Industrial buildings; Dimensions]

ST - RGW 1405 - 78 Wohn- und Gesellschaftsbauten - Geometrische

Parameter

[Residential and community buildings; Dimensions]

ST - RGW 1408 - 78 Landwirtschaftgebäude - Geometrische Parameter

[Agricultural buildings; Dimensions]

### Part 3.1 AUSTRALIA

Standards Association of Australia [SAA]
Standards House
80 Arthur Street
[P.O. Box 458]

North Sydney N.S.W. 2060

Australia

Technical Committees: BD/51 - Dimensional Coordination

Secretariat: SAA

BD/-/3 - Preferred Sizes of Building Components

Secretariat: SAA

BD/53 - Spaces for Domestic Equipment

Secretariat: SAA

Information Sources: Reply from Group Manager, Building and Civil

Engineering, SAA; Australian Standards 1979; and, NBS Collection of National/International Standards

The following Australian Standards [AS] deal with dimensional coordination in building:

AS 1224 - 1972 Preferred sizes of building components (12 pages A4)

Gives preferred coordinating dimensions for certain

building components and assemblies which are dimensionally

critical; including masonry and precast units, sheet

materials, ceramic (or similar) tiles, doorsets, windows,

roofing and cladding, roof lights, ceiling panels,

flooring and paving slabs. Recommendations for sizes of

masonry panels, spacing of timber studs, and spacing of

ceiling suspension rods are also given. Dimensions are

consistent with recommendations for coordinated preferred

dimensions in building given in AS 1234, in which the

basic module of 100 mm is used.

AS 1233 - 1972\* Glossary of terms for dimensional coordination, and
AS 1234 - 1972\* Recommendations for coordinated preferred dimensions in building

\*(Bound together under the title "Preferred dimensions in building [Metric units]") (16 pages A4)

The combined standards deal with dimensional coordination in the building industry, using metric units as the basis. AS 1233 gives definitions and illustrates many of the terms. AS 1234 identifies the key reference planes in a building and gives various series of practical coordinated dimensions between them, based on the international building module of 100 mm and certain selected multiples. Although predating ISO standards, AS 1234 is in general agreement with international recommendations. An appendix with discursive information explains the basic principles and how these are applied in practice.

#### Part 3.1 AUSTRALIA - (Continued)

AS 1351
Part 1 - 1974
Part 1 - Kitchens (4 pages A4)
Specifies the preferred coordinating dimensions for spaces for kitchen fitments, work surfaces and appliances

in dwellings when designed in accordance with the principles of coordinated preferred dimensions in building.

Selected Australian Standards showing dimensionally coordinated products

in general conformance with AS 1224-1972, "Preferred sizes of building components:"

AS 1346 - 1973 Concrete building bricks [Metric units] (21 pages A5)

AS 1500 - 1974 Concrete building blocks (23 pages A5)

AS 1684 and Supplements SAA Light timber framing code [Metric units]

and 22 Supplements (A4 size) with light timber framing span tables for various groups and stress grades

Spacings of members are in preferred metric dimensions.

AS 1889 - 1976 Vinyl asbestos floor tiles (20 pages A4)

AS 1908 and 1909 - 1976 Specification for timber doorsets [1908] and Code of practice for installation of timber doorsets [1909] (44 pages A5)

AS 2055 - 1977 Flexible PVC floor-covering (20 pages A5)

Other SAA information:

SAA MH1 - 1972 Metric handbook: Metric conversion in building and construction (96 pages A4)

Section 11: Coordination of dimensions in building Section 12: Metric building materials

SAA MH2 - 1975 Metric handbook: Metric data for building designers (140 pages A4)

Section 3: Drawing practice

Section 5: Internal spaces and circulation

Section 6: Ramps, slopes and stairs

Section 7: External circulation

Section 8: Design guidance (on dimensional coordination)

### Part 3.2 CANADA

There are a number of recognized standards writing organizations in Canada. The Standards Council of Canada was formed as a national coordinating body with criteria and procedures for the approval of standards issued by various organizations as National Standards of Canada. National Standards of Canada are identified by the prefix CAN.

Standards Council of Canada 350 Sparks Street Ottawa, Ontario Canada KIR 788

Standards relating to building are issued by the following organizations:

Canadian Standards Association [CSA]
178 Rexdale Boulevard
Rexdale, Ontario
Canada M9W 1R3

CSA Standards approved as National Standards of Canada have the prefix CAN3 before the alpha-numerical CSA identification code. Standards issued in metric (SI) units are identified by the suffix M.

Technical Committee: CSA Steering Committee on Building Materials and Products

Canadian Government Specifications Board [CGSB]
Supply and Services Canada
Hull, Québec
Canada K1A 0S5

CGSB Standards approved as National Standards of Canada have the prefix CAN2 before the CGSB standards number. Standards issued in metric (SI) units are identified by the suffix  ${\tt M.}$ 

Information Sources: CSA Standards Catalogue 1980;

Catalogue of CGSB Standards 1979;

NBS Collection of National/International Standards.

Canadian National Standards dealing with dimensional coordination in building:

CAN3-A31.M-75 Series of standards for metric dimensional co-ordination in building (5 parts - 37 pages 215 mm x 280 mm)

[Also available in the French language]

Will supersede A31-1959 (Revised 1971) when metric conversion in Canada is completed.

Part 1: CAN3
A31.1M-75

Glossary of terms for metric dimensional co-ordination in building (Illustrated)

Defines the terms to be used in metric dimensional co-

Defines the terms to be used in metric dimensional coordination in building.

#### Part 3.2 CANADA - (Continued)

- CAN3-A31,M-75 Series of standards for metric dimensional co-ordination in building
- Part 2: CAN3A31.2M-75

  Buildings
  Specifies the aim of modular co-ordination and states the general principles and rules to be applied in the determination of the dimensions of all building components and their assembly and to be applied to buildings as a whole.
- Part 3: CAN3A31.3M-75

  Gives recommendations for co-ordinating controlling dimensions in building, for spacing of columns, positioning of walls, floors and ceilings and for the heights of door and window heads and sills. Controlling dimensions are key dimensions which must be established in relation to functional and user requirements. These dimensions are taken between planes in the controlling reference system.
- Part 4: CAN3A31.4M-75

  Recommended metric co-ordinating dimensions for the sizing of building components
  Gives recommendations for preferred sizes to be applied to key building materials and components. Dimensions shown are co-ordinating dimensions or those of the theoretical space occupied by the component, including such allowances as required for tolerances and jointing.

  Appendixes show: Examples of the use of preferred dimensions; examples of the sizing of modular components; and, the combination of sizes. (The Appendixes are not a mandatory part of the standard.)
- Part 5: CAN3A guide to the establishment of tolerances for metric
  dimensional co-ordination in building
  Covers definitions of terms used in the study and application of tolerances to metric dimensional co-ordination in building.

Other Canadian standards showing dimensionally co-ordinated product sizes in general conformance with CAN3-A31.M-75:

Issued by CGSB:

- CAN2-75.1-M 77 Tile, Ceramic (9 pages 215 x 280 mm)

  Table 2 shows nominal dimensions for metric modular tiles.
- CAN2-92.1-M 77 Acoustical units; Prefabricated (9 pages 215 x 280 mm)

  Including lightweight tile, board, panel or linear type
  prefabricated units providing acoustical treatment and
  interior finish. Includes metric modular sizes.
- CAN2-34.16-M 77 Sheets; Asbestos cement--Flat; Fully Compressed
  Standard commercial sizes are modular metric.

#### Part 3.2 CANADA - (Continued)

Issued by Canadian Standards Association [CSA]:

- A165-M 1977 CSA Series of standards on concrete masonry units [Metric] (66 pages 152 x 229 mm)
  - Part 1: Concrete masonry units
- A165.1-M 1977 Table 2 shows dimensions for standard units conforming to CAN3-A31.M-75.
  - Part 2: Concrete brick masonry units
- A165.2-M 1977 Table 2 shows dimensions for standard units conforming to CAN3-A31.M-75.
- 0132.1-M 1977 Wood windows (30 pages 152 x 229 mm)

  Appendix A shows preferred modular window sizes (Not a mandatory part of the standard).
- 0151-M 1978 <u>Canadian softwood plywood</u> (38 pages 152 x 229 mm) Article 3.6 includes metric modular panel sizes.

### Drawing Practice:

CAN3-B78.3-M77

Building drawings (48 pages 215 x 280 mm)

Applies to the preparation and reproduction of (metric) building drawings. Includes recommendations for a general classification of types of drawings and establishes a general context for detailed recommendations on drawing-office practice. Contains a set of drawings for a hypothetical building to illustrate procedures and show symbols used in building drawings. Utilizes metric preferred dimensions in plans and details. References CAN3-A31.M and refers to work in ISO/TC10/SC8 on a proposed ISO standard on building drawings.

#### Part 3.3 CYPRUS

Cyprus Organization for Standards and Control of Quality [CYS]
Ministry of Commerce and Industry
Nicosia
Cyprus

Technical Committee: CYS/TC 20; Secretariat: CYS

Information Sources: Reply from Cyprus Organization for Standards and Control of Quality;

NBS Collection of National/International Standards

The following Cyprus Standards [CYS] have been issued:

CYS 51: 1978 Modular co-ordination--Basic module (5 pages A4)

Fixes the definition and symbol of the module used as a basis for the standardized modular co-ordination of buildings, of their constituent parts and of the components used in their construction; and fixes the value of the basic module.

Corresponds to ISO 1006-1973, "Modular co-ordination--

Corresponds to ISO 1006-1973, "Modular co-ordination--Basic module."

CYS 52: 1978 Modular co-ordination--Principles and rules (6 pages A4)

Specifies the aims of modular co-ordination and states
the general principles and rules to be applied in determining the sizes of building components and equipment,
and of assemblies and buildings themselves.

Identical to ISO 2848-1974, "Modular co-ordination-Principles and rules," except that the words "International standard" are to be interpreted as "Cyprus standard."

### Part 3.4 INDIA

Indian Standards Institution [ISI]

Manak Bhayan

9 Bahadur Shah Zafar Marg

New Delhi 110002

India

Modular Co-ordination Sectional Committee, BDC 10 Technical Committee:

Civil Engineering Division, ISI

Indian Standards Institution Secretariat:

Reply from Joint Director (Designs), Government of Information Sources:

India, National Buildings Organization & U.N.

Regional Housing Centre;

Sectional List of Indian Standards - Civil Engi-

neering:

NBS Collection of National/International Standards.

### Indian Standards Dealing With Modular Co-ordination in Building:

IS:1233 - 1969 Recommendations for Modular Co-ordination of Dimensions [Issued in in the Building Industry [First Revision] (12 pages A5)

April 1970] Defines the basic principles to be adopted for dimensional co-ordination in the building industry, and deals with its application in building design and manufacture of building materials and components. Lists objectives of modular co-ordination and adopts a basic module of

10 cm (100 mm).

IS:4993 - 1973 Glossary of Terms Relating to Modular Co-ordination

[First Revision] (10 pages A5) [Issued in

Gives definitions of terms used in modular co-ordination March 19741 for study, planning and construction of buildings designed in accordance with the principles of modular coordination, and for the study and manufacture of the components used in such buildings. Revised to align

closely with ISO 1791 and 1803.

IS:6408 - 1971 Recommendations for Modular Co-ordination - Application of Tolerances in Building Industry (14 pages A5) [Issued in

Lays down the basis for uniform application of tolerances May 1972]

in the building industry.

IS:6772 - 1972 Recommendations for Dimensional Co-ordination for Industrialized Buildings - Preferred Increments [Issued in

(6 pages A5) March 1973]

Gives recommendations for preferred increments for building components and spaces, and the method of application of the preferred increments to vertical and horizontal dimensions. The recommendations are specifically related to the dimensional requirements of housing. Covers the provisions of IS:2375 - 1963, which has been withdrawn.

# Part 3.4 INDIA (Continued)

IS:6820 - 1972 [Issued in June 1973]	Recommendations for Modular Co-ordination Rules for Modular Planning (14 pages A5) Lays down basic principles for modular layout of buildings through the use of modular and multimodular grids and fixes the interrelationship of building dimensions in planning and execution of building to aid fabrication of building components.
IS:7564	Recommendations for Co-ordination of Dimensions in Buildings - Arrangement of Building Components and Assemblies
Part 1 - 1974 [Issued in July 1975]	Functional Group 1 - Structure (12 pages A5) Lays down recommendations for co-ordinating dimensions of building components and assemblies in functional group 1structurewhich comprises the following elements of construction: foundation, floors, roofs, floor and roof beams, roof trusses and arches, load bearing walls, staircases, ramps, and raker beams.
Part 2 - 1974 [Issued in June 1975]	Functional Group 2 - External Envelope (10 pages A5) Lays down recommendations for co-ordinating dimensions of building components and assemblies in functional group 2external envelopewhich comprises the following ele- ments of construction: walls, wall openings, roofs, and roof openings.
Part 3 - 1974 [Issued in August 1975]	Functional Group 3 - Internal Subdivision (8 pages A5) Lays down recommendations for co-ordinating dimensions of building components and assemblies in functional group 3internal subdivisionwhich comprises the following elements of construction: partitions, floors, ceilings, and staircases.
Part 4 - 1975 [Issued in April 1976]	Functional Group 4 - Services and Drainage (14 pages A5) Lays down recommendations for co-ordinating dimensions of building components and assemblies in functional group 4services and drainagewhich comprises the following: heating, water, fire fighting, ventilations and air dis- tribution, electrical, drainage, refuse collection and disposal, transportation, and miscellaneous equipment and services.
Part 5 - 1974 [Issued in July 1975]	Functional Group 5 - Fixtures, Furniture and Equipment Lays down recommendations for co-ordinating dimensions of building components for functional group 5fixtures, furniture, and equipmentwhich comprises the following functional activities: domestic living, commercial and community servicing, teaching, learning and research, production, farming, manufacture, distribution-retailing, and communication. (20 pages A5) Assistance in the development of IS:7564 was derived from PD 6432:Parts 1 and 2: 1969, published by the British Standards Institution.

## Part 3.4 INDIA (Continued)

IS:7921 - 1975 [Issued in May 1976] Recommendation for Modular Co-ordination - Multimodules and Preferred Sizes for Horizontal Co-ordinating and Controlling Dimensions (8 pages A5)

Specifies values of multimodules for horizontal co-ordinating dimensions and ranges of preferred sizes for horizontal controlling dimensions, that is, widths of building components like doors, windows, built-in furniture and fixtures, widths and spacings of controlling zones for columns, and load-bearing walls. Applies to the construction of buildings of all types.

Covers the provisions of IS:7184-1973, which has been withdrawn.

IS:7922 - 1975 [Issued in May 1976] Recommendation for Modular Co-ordination - Multimodules and Preferred Sizes for Vertical Co-ordinating and Controlling Dimensions (8 pages A5)

Specifies values of multimodules for vertical co-ordinating dimensions and ranges of preferred sizes for vertical controlling dimensions, that is, heights of building components like doors, windows, built-in furniture and fixtures, heights of controlling zones, storey heights and room heights. Applies to the construction of buildings of all types, but the application of certain sizes is limited to particular types of buildings. Covers the provisions of IS:2718 - 1964, which has been withdrawn.

# Part 3.5 Republic of IRELAND (EIRE)

Institute for Industrial Research and Standards [IIRS]
Ballymun Road
Dublin 9
Ireland

Technical Development: The National Institute for Physical Planning and

Construction Research (An Foras Forbatha)

St. Martin's House Waterloo Road Dublin 4 Ireland

Information Sources: Reply from Standards Division, Institute for

Industrial Research and Standards; Reply from Construction Division, Institute for Physical Planning and Construction Research; Irish

Standards Handbook 1977; and,

NBS Collection of National/International Standards

Irish standards are published in English; some standards are available in the Irish language. The following Irish Standards and Provisional Standards deal with dimensionally coordinated products:

Irish Standard Specifications:

I.S. 20 - 1974 Concrete building blocks (48 pages A5)

Includes Appendix (For information only): Notes to UsersConcrete blocks in the context of modular co-ordination.

I.S. 91 - 1974 Clay bricks and blocks (72 pages A5)

Includes Appendix (For information only): Notes to UsersBricks and blocks in the context of modular co-ordination.

I.S. 189 - 1974 Concrete building bricks (36 pages A5)

Includes Appendix (For information only): Notes to UsersBricks in the context of modular co-ordination.

I.S. 190 - 1974 Calcium silicate building blocks (36 pages A5)

Includes Appendix (For information only): Notes to UsersBlocks in the context of modular co-ordination.

I.S. 41 - 1975 <u>Gypsum plasterboard</u> (12 pages A5) <u>Includes modular sizes in Table 1.</u>

Part 1 - 1976 Wood windows and wood surrounds for metal windows—Dimensions (20 pages A5)
Shows metric co-ordinating sizes in Table 1.

I.S. 132 Stainless steel sinks for domestic purposes (12 pages A5)
Part 1 - 1975 Includes metric-modular sizes in Table 3 and refers to
ISO 3055.

# Part 3.5 Republic of IRELAND (EIRE) - (Continued)

- I.S. 196 Wood doorsets--Dimensions (32 pages A5)
- Part 1 1977 Shows metric co-ordinating sizes for internal and external doorsets in Table 1.
- I.S. 197 Metal windows--Dimensions (20 pages A5)
- Part 1 1977 Shows metric co-ordinating sizes in Table 1.
- I.S. 198 Metal doorsets--Dimensions (20 pages A5)
  Part 1 1977 Shows metric co-ordinating sizes in Table 1.

#### Provisional Standards:

- I.S. 193P: 1978 Timber trussed rafters for roofs (22 pages A4)

  Includes Appendix: Modularly co-ordinated roof trusses.
- I.S. 210P: 1979 Modular rigid flat sheet materials—Dimensions
  (2 pages A4)

  Covers dimensions of modular rigid flat sheet materials
  for use in dimensionally co-ordinated buildings. Based
  on Modular Components 3, 'Rigid flat sheet materials',
  published by An Foras Forbatha. References ISO 2777.
- I.S. 211P:1979 Modular sanitary fittings--Dimensions (2 pages A4)

  Covers the co-ordinating sizes for sanitary fittings; i.e.

  baths, shower trays, shower cubicles and stainless steel

  sinks. Based on Modular Components 4, 'Sanitary fittings,'

  published by An Foras Forbatha.
- I.S. 212P: 1979 Modular kitchen fitments—Dimensions (2 pages A4)

  Covers the co-ordinating sizes of kitchen fitments.

  Based on Modular Components 8, 'Kitchen fitments,'

  published by An Foras Forbatha, and ISO 3055, 'Kitchen
  equipment—Co-ordinating sizes.'
- I.S. 213P: 1979 Modular rooflights—Dimensions (2 pages A4)

  Covers the co-ordinating sizes for rooflights complete with kerbs, or rooflights suitable for fixing to kerbs formed in-situ with the roof construction. Based on Modular Components 11, 'Rooflights,' published by An Foras Forbatha.
- Note: The principal reference on modular co-ordination referred to in explanatory material of Irish Standards is "Modular Guidelines," (105 pages A4), issued by An Foras Forbatha (The National Institute of Physical Planning and Construction Research) in October 1972. An Foras Forbatha was given specific responsibility for metrication and modular co-ordination by the Irish Government, and has prepared a range of reference publications on Modular Components, Modular Design Aids, and Modular Frameworks for Buildings.

### Part 3.6 JAMAICA

Jamaican Bureau of Standards [JBS] 6 Winchester Road P.O. Box 113 Kingston 10 Jamaica

Technical Committee: Building & Associated Materials

Secretariat: Jamaican Bureau of Standards

Information Sources: Reply from The Jamaican Bureau of Standards

NBS Collection of National/International Standards

The following Jamaican Standards contain references to metric preferred [modular] dimensions:

JS 35:1975 Jamaican standard specification for standard hollow concrete blocks (imperial and metric sizes) (20 pages A4)

Became a compulsory standard in June 1978, and was amended in 1978 to emphasize metric units over imperial units; e.g. dimensions are shown as 100 mm (4"), 150 mm (6"), and 200 mm (8").

JS 50:1977 <u>Jamaican standard specification for concrete and terrazzo</u> flooring tiles (25 pages A4)

#### Part 3.7 MALAYSIA

Standards and Industrial Research Institute of Malaysia [SIRIM]
Lot 10810, Phase 3, Federal Highway
P.O. Box 35, Shah Alam
Selangor
Malaysia

Information Source: NBS Collection of National/International Standards

The following Malaysian Standards [MS] include preferred (modular) dimensions of building products:

- MS 7.2:1971 Specification for precast concrete blocks (62 pages A5)

  Includes traditional sizes expressed in metric units.

  Subject to review.
- MS 7.6:1973 Specification for bricks and blocks of fired brick-earth clay or shale Part 2: Metric Units

#### Part 3.8 NEW ZEALAND

Standards Association of New Zealand [SANZ] Sixth Floor, World Trade Center 15-23 Sturdee Street, Wellington 1 New Zealand

Postal Address: Private Bag, Wellington

Technical Committee: Building & Civil Engineering Sectional Committee Secretariat: SANZ

Information Sources: Reply from Standards Association of New Zealand; Index 1979 [of New Zealand Standards]-MP 100:1979; NBS Collection of National/International Standards.

The following New Zealand Standards [NZS] deal with dimensional coordination and preferred dimensions:

NZS 4201P:1973 Code of practice for modular coordination in building [Provisional New Zealand Standard] (20 pages A4) Covers the selection of dimensions for buildings, building components, and equipment so that a general concordance is obtained between all their co-ordinating dimensions and so that components may be used together on the building site without modification. Contains sections on Interpretation (definitions), Modules, Component and Fitting Sizes, and Controlling Dimensions.

Recommendations for space provision for fitments, NZS 4101:1974 appliances, and storage in domestic kitchens [Metric] (12 pages A4) Gives recommendations for preferred metric dimensions in coordinated sizes of the spaces required for fitments, appliances, storage and work in domestic kitchens.

NZS 4207:1975 Preferred co-ordinating sizes for rigid flat sheet materials used in building Based on ISO 2777-1974 (Modular co-ordination--Co-ordinating sizes for rigid flat sheet boards used in building).

Building drawing practice NZS 5902

General and architectural (84 pages A4) Part 1:1976 Part 2:1976 Structural--Concrete, steel and timber (50 pages A4) Part 3:1976 Services--Mechanical and sanitary (78 pages A4) Part 4:1976 Services--Electrical (52 pages A4)

> The series is bound in a folder. The standards contain some references to dimensionally co-ordinated drawings.

#### Part 3.9 NIGERIA

Nigerian Standards Organization [NSO]
Federal Ministry of Industries
11 Kofo Abayomi Road
Victoria Island
Lagos

Information Source: NBS Collection of National/International Standards

The following Nigerian Standards [NIS] include preferred dimensions for building products based on multiples of 100 mm:

NIS 23:1973 Specification for flexible PVC flooring (Metric) (25 pages A5)

NIS 35:1974 Specification for PVC (vinyl) asbestos floor tiles (Metric) (14 pages A5)

NIS 74:1976 Specification for burnt clay building units

NIS 86:1977 Specification for sandcrete blocks

### Part 3.10 PHILIPPINES

Philippines Bureau of Standards [PS]
TML Building
100 Quezon Avenue
Quezon City, Metro Manila
P.O. Box 3719, Manila
Republic of the Philippines

Technical Committees: SC 1 Dimensional Coordination

Secretariat: Philippines Bureau of Standards

SC 4 Limits and Fits on Building Construction Secretariat: Philippines Bureau of Standards

SC 5 Joints

Secretariat: Philippines Bureau of Standards

Information Sources: Reply from Director, Philippines Bureau of

Standards.

Philippine Standards are issued in English. The following Philippine Standards deal with preferred dimensions and tolerances for building products:

PS 15-2: 1979 Specification for concrete hollow blocks (First Revision) (17 pages A4)

PS 22 : 1968 Specification for glazed ceramic tiles and tile fittings (14 pages A4)

PS 147-1:1977 Specification for galvanized iron and/or steel sheets and coils (21 pages A4)

## Part 3.11 SINGAPORE

Singapore Institute of Standards and Industrial Research [SISIR] 179, River Valley Road Maxwell P.O. Box 2611 Singapore 6

Information Sources: Singapore Standards Yearbook 1977 and Supplement 1;
NBS Collection of National/International Standards.

Singapore Standards [S.S.] are issued in English. The following standards contain preferred (modular) product sizes:

- S.S. 58-1972 Asbestos cement flat and corrugated sheets

  Includes 400 x 200 mm roofing slates.
- S.S. 76M-1975 Precast concrete blocks (Metric) (17 pages A4)
  Gives metric preferred (modular-coordinated) sizes.
- S.S. 103M-1975 Burnt clay and shale bricks (20 pages A4)
  Uses the British standard metric brick format.
- S.S. 116-1975 PVC (viny1) asbestos floor tiles (25 pages A4)
- S.S. 118-1975 Steel windows and doors for domestic and similar purposes
  (36 pages A4)
  Gives co-ordinating sizes, work sizes, tolerances and deviations for side-hung, top-hung and horizontally pivoted steel windows and doors. Includes materials and complete design range, with details, sections and fixings.

#### Part 3.12 SOUTH AFRICA

South African Bureau of Standards [SABS]
1 Dr Lategan Road
Groenkloof
Private Bag X191
Pretoria, 0001
Republic of South Africa

Technical Committees: Modular Rationalization in Building Program
A number of project committees under the
chairmanship of the Head of the Division of
Architecture and Building Co-ordination.

Information Sources: Reply from South African Bureau of Standards,
Division of Architecture and Building Co-ordina-

tion; SABS Tearbook

NBS Collection of National/International Standards.

South African Standards are published in English and Afrikaans. The following standards deal with dimensional co-ordination in building and co-ordinating sizes of building products:

SABS 993-1972 Specification for modular co-ordination in building [Metric Units] (32 pages A4 each English and Afrikaans) Contains definitions of the terms used in modular co-ordination and covers the dimensions of the basic module and derived modules. Provides guidance on the selection of dimensions for buildings, building components, and building equipment so that a general concordance is obtained between all their co-ordinating dimensions and so that components may be used together on the building site without modification. Appendix A provides recommendations for the use of modular co-ordination in building, including work sizes, tolerances, boundary conventions and joints for modular building components and assemblies.

SABS 1201-1978 Prefabricated concrete components (7 pages A4)

Lays down co-ordinating dimensions for prefabricated concrete components for floors, roofs, walls, beams, columns and staircases. (Project 631:5007)

SABS 1202-1978

Aluminium windows and sliding doors for glazing
(Domestic range) (12 pages A4)

Lays down co-ordinating dimensions for the domestic range of aluminium windows and sliding doors, and is intended to fill co-ordinating spaces in dimensionally co-ordinated buildings. (Project 631:5008)

#### Part 3.12 SOUTH AFRICA - (Continued)

SABS 1203-1978

Kitchen furniture and fittings (Domestic range)
(7 pages A4 each English and Afrikaans)

Lays down co-ordinating dimensions for the domestic

range of kitchen furniture and fittings, including floor
and wall mounted cupboards, sink units, stoves, refrigerators, deep-freeze units, and washing machines, intended
to fill co-ordinating spaces in dimensionally co-ordinated buildings. (Project 631:5010)

SABS projects leading to further standards containing co-ordinating dimensions, to be published in the near future:

Project 631:5004 Steel framed windows and steel framed doors for glazing (Domestic range)

Project 631:5005 Internal and external doorsets (Door frame and leaf)

Project 631:5006 Sanitaryware

Project 631:5009 Wooden window frames

Project 631:5011 Rigid flat sheet materials
(To be published as SABS 1204)

Project 631:5014 Ceiling panels and strips fitted on suspension systems

Project 631:5015 Glazed rooflights (Domed, circular and barrel types)

Project 631:5016 Masonry units

Project 631:5017 Steel formwork for concrete elements to achieve finished cast sizes

Project 631:5018 Non-load-bearing partitions

Project 631:5019 Glazed ceramic wall tiles and mosaic tile sheets

Project 631:5020 Flooring slabs and tiles

Project 631:5021 Roof trusses

Other publications published by the South African Bureau of Standards:

June 1970 Recommended Practice for Building Drawing (80 pages A4)

Prepared by the Metrication Department of SABS Recommendations cover the production of architectural and building construction drawings in metric units and include examples of drawing practice for modular coordination.

A Note states that it is the intention of SABS to publish at a later date a standard code of practice based on this document.

### Part 3.13 SRI LANKA

Bureau of Ceylon Standards [BCS] 53, Dharmapala Mawatha Colombo 3 Sri Lanka

Information Sources: Price List of Sri Lanka Standards, 1978; and,

NBS Collection of National/International Standards

Sri Lanka (Ceylon) standards [C.S.] are issued in English.

The following standards deal with modular coordination in building:

- C.S. 130: 1972 Ceylon Standard Specification for horizontal multimodules
  to be used in the building industry (7 pages A5)
  Recommends the values of multimodules to be used in
  designing of the overall structure of all buildings,
  based on the recommendations of ISO 1040 and Danish
  Standard Recommendation DS/R 1075.
- C.S. 132: 1972 Ceylon Standard Specification for classification of building components for dimensional co-ordination (9 pages A5)

  Grades components in five functional groups and in three categories of decreasing order of priority for dimensional co-ordination. Assistance in preparation was derived from British Standards Institution PD 6432.
- C.S. 365: Standard Recommendations for modular co-ordination Application of tolerances in the building industry

## Part 3.14 UNITED KINGDOM (BRITAIN)

British Standards Institution [BSI]
British Standards House
2 Park Street
London WIA 2BS
England

Technical Committees: BDB/4 Building Design Processes; Secretariat: BSI

BDB/57 Joints and Jointing in Building

Secretariat: BSI

Information Sources: Reply from British Standards Institution;

British Standards Yearbook 1980; and,

NBS Collection of National/International Standards

The following British Standards [BS], Published Documents [PD], and Drafts for Development [DD] deal with dimensional coordination (modular coordination), tolerances and joints in building:

BS 2900:1970 Recommendations for the co-ordination of dimensions in building: Glossary of terms (12 pages A4)

Defines the terms used in modular and dimensional co-ordination, and the related subject of tolerances.

(\*\*T ISO 1791, 1803)\*\*

BS 4011:1966

Recommendations for the co-ordination of dimensions in building: Co-ordinating sizes for building components and assemblies (8 pages A4) Amendment AMD 1775, July 1975.

Recommendations for the derivation of the basic sizes for the co-ordinating dimensions of building components and assemblies for all types of buildings and all forms of construction. Lists four preferences (300 mm; 100 mm; 50 mm-up to 300 mm; and, 25 mm - up to 300 mm) from which BSI committees should select ranges of component sizes.

(± ISO 1006)\*

BS 4330:1968 Recommendations for the co-ordination of dimensions in building: Controlling dimensions (20 pages A4)

Provides a framework of controlling dimensions for use in the design of buildings and for assistance in the derivation of basic sizes of dimensionally coordinated components, i.e. floor-to-floor and floor-to-roof heights; floor-to-ceiling heights; changes in level; horizontal spacing between load-bearing walls and columns; and, heights for door and window sills. Appendix A gives sources of information by common building types. Appendix B shows the relation of controlling lines to grids. Appendix C gives Imperial equivalents to metric sizes.

The standard includes the requirements of BS 4176:1967, Floor-to-floor heights (withdrawn). (\* ISO 1040, 1789, 1790)\*

- BS 4606:1970

  Recommendations for the co-ordination of dimensions in building: Co-ordinating sizes for rigid flat sheet materials used in building (12 pages A5)

  Recommends a range of co-ordinating sizes for the length and width dimensions of rigid flat sheet and board materials used in building. The range is limited to those sizes that it is anticipated will be most frequently required, in alternative materials, for application in buildings designed in accordance with BS 4330.

  (± ISO 2777)\*
- BS 4643:1970 Glossary of terms relating to joints and jointing in building (12 pages A5)

  Defines terms for jointing products, joint dimensions, and joint functions.

  (\*\*ISO 2444-1974)\*\*
- BS 5578 Building construction Stairs
  Part 1:1978 Vocabulary (4 Pages A4)

  Identical to ISO 3880/1-1977.
- Part 3:1978 Modular coordination: Specification for coordinating dimensions for stairs and stair openings (4 pages A4)

  States general principles for coordinating dimensions for stairs and stair openings. Identical to ISO 3881-1977.
- BS 5606:1978 Code of practice for accuracy in buildings (60 pages A4)

  Gives the results of a survey of building accuracy and explains how to specify permissible deviations, giving values for common items of construction. Outlines features of the building process that affect accuracy and recommends methods for design, setting out and construction to achieve acceptable results. The code is intended to be applied to building rather than civil engineering works.

  Supersedes PD 6440:Parts 1 and 2.
- PD 6432 Recommendations for the co-ordination of dimensions in building. Arrangement of building components and assemblies within functional groups
- Part 1:1969 Functional Groups 1, 2, 3, and 4 (44 pages A4)

  Lists building components and assemblies within functional groups 1 (structure), 2 (external envelope), 3 (internal subdivision), and 4 (services and drainage), with a series of gradings to indicate their relative importance for the purposes of dimensional coordination. The co-ordinating dimensions of components and assemblies are also identified, and a general grouping of the materials of construction is included to cover all components.

(± ISO 2848) \*

PD 6444

DD 22:1972

- PD 6432 Recommendations for the co-ordination of dimensions in building. Arrangement of building components and assemblies within functional groups
  - Part 2:1969 Functional Group 5 (20 pages A4)

    Lists components of functional group 5 (fixtures, furniture and equipment) according to their functional activity, with a series of gradings to indicate their relative importance for the purposes of dimensional coordination.

Recommendations for the co-ordination of dimensions in

- Part 1:1969 building. Basic spaces for structure, external envelope and internal subdivision (Functional Groups 1, 2, and 3) (128 pages A4)
  Gives data and guidance in the selection of limited ranges of modular building components in functional groups 1, 2, and 3, by indicating the application of BS 4330 at a detailed level. The document contains three sections and six appendixes.
- Part 2:1971 Recommendations for the co-ordination of dimensions in building. Co-ordinating sizes of fixtures, furniture and equipment (Functional Group 5) (48 pages A4)

  Supplement No. 1 to PD 64/4:Part 2:1971 Agricultural

The documents give data and guidance in the selection of limited ranges of fixtures, furniture and equipment, by indicating the application of BS 4330 at a detailed level. (± ISO 2848)\*

- PD 6446:1970

  Recommendations for the co-ordination of dimensions in building. Combinations of sizes (28 pages A4)

  Provides further guidance on the selection of limited ranges of co-ordinating sizes for additive building components, by an introduction to the use of combinations of numbers, or sizes.
- tion of work sizes and joint clearances for building components (52 pages A4)

  Describes the dimensional and positional deviations in
  building, and the way these affect components and their
  joints. Introduces statistically based methods of calculation for the determination of "work sizes" for components
  and for the assessment of joint clearances in building
  design. Gives recommendations for the specification of
  component sizes and tolerances, and includes worked
  examples.

The document supersedes BS 3626:1963 and PD 6445:1969.

Recommendations for the co-ordination of dimensions in building. Tolerances and fits for building. The calcula-

DD 51:(1977) Guidance on dimensional co-ordination in building
(Complete document has A4 cover and 42 pages loose leaf;
may also be purchased in eight separate sections indicated below:)

Section 0 Introduction (2 pages A4)

Section 1 Basis of dimensional co-ordination (4 pages A4)

Section 2 Sizes and location of components (4 pages A4)

Section 3 Detailed design for fit (8 pages A4)

Section 4 Communication (4 pages A4)

Section 5 Dimensionally co-ordinated products in British Standards (8 pages A4)

Section 6 A selected bibliography (8 pages)

Section 7 Summary (4 pages A4)

DD51 is a comprehensive and up-to-date statement on dimensional co-ordination in building, issued in a loose-leaf format to permit purchase of individual documents and to facilitate updating.

It offers guidance to designers and manufacturers on the application of the theory of dimensional co-ordination in the design of building projects and the manufacture of components, taking into account a selection of British Standards and other publications of similar standing.

\*Note: Since most British Standards on dimensional co-ordination predate ISO standards, their technical content may differ somewhat even though the general objectives are similar. The relationship of British Standards to technical information in ISO standards is coded in the British Standards Yearbook as follows:

BS # ISO: technically equivalent; BS ± ISO: related subject

BS  $\neq$  ISO: technically equivalent; BS  $\pm$  ISO: related subject matter; and, BS = ISO: identical.

Selected British Standards showing dimensionally co-ordinated products in general conformance with BS 4011:1966, Recommendations for the co-ordination of dimensions in building: Co-ordinating sizes for building components and assemblies:

BS 187:1978 Specification for calcium silicate (sandlime and flintlime)
bricks (12 pages A4)

BS 690 Asbestos-cement slates and sheets

Part 2:1971 Flat sheets, semi and fully compressed (12 pages A5)

BS 990 Steel windows generally for domestic and similar buildings
Part 2:1972 Metric Units (40 pages A4)

BS 1105:1972 Woodwool slabs up to 102 mm thick (10 pages A4)

BS 1180:1972 Concrete bricks and fixing bricks (20 pages A4)

Part 3.14 UNITED KINGDOM (BRITAIN) - (Continued)		
BS 1188:1974	Ceramic wash basins and pedestals (8 pages A4)	
BS 1189:1972	Cast iron baths for domestic purposes (20 pages A5)	
BS 1195 Part 2:1972	Kitchen fitments and equipment [Metric units] (36 pages A5)	
BS 1197 Part 2:1973	Concrete flooring tiles and fittings [Metric units] (8 pages A4)	
BS 1230:1970	Gypsum plasterboard (12 pages A5)	
BS 1244 Part 2:1972	Metal sinks for domestic purposes [Metric units] (8 pages A4)	
BS 1281:1974	Glazed ceramic tiles and tile fittings for internal walls (24 pages A4)	
BS 1286:1974	Clay tiles for flooring (28 pages A4)	
BS 1390:1972	Sheet steel baths for domestic purposes (20 pages A5)	
BS 2028, 1364 1968	Precast concrete blocksAmendment No.1 (January 1970), Metric preferred dimensions (3 pages A5)	
BS 2592:1973	Thermoplastic flooring tiles (8 pages A4)	
BS 3260:1969	PVC (viny1) asbestos floor tiles (24 pages A5)	
BS 3261: Part 1:1973	Unbacked flexible PVC flooring, Part 1: Homogeneous flooring (16 pages A4)	
BS 3705:1972	Recommendations for provision of space for domestic kitchen equipment (12 pages A5)	
BS 3921:1974	Clay bricks and blocks (32 pages A4)	
BS 4022:1970	Prefabricated gypsum wallboard panels (12 pages A5)	
BS 4046: Part 2:1971	Compressed straw building slabs [Metric Units] (12 pages A5)	
BS 4131:1973	Terrazzo tiles (16 pages A4)	
BS 4305:1972	Baths for domestic purposes made from cast acrylic sheet (36 pages A5)	
BS 4680:1971	Clothes lockers	
BS 4787: Part 1:1972	Internal and external wood doorsets, door leaves and frames, Part 1: Dimensional requirements (16 pages A4)	
BS 4873:1972	Aluminium alloy windows (16 pages A4)	
BS 4943:1973	Co-ordinating sizes for corrugated sheet materials used in building (4 pages A4)	
BS 5395:1977	Code of practice for stairs (32 pages A4)	

DD 34:1974 Clay bricks with modular dimensions (36 pages A4)

DD 59:1978 Calcium silicate bricks with modular dimensions [To be used in conjunction with BS 187:1978] (4 pages A4)

#### Drawing Practice

BS 1192:1969 Recommendations for building drawing practice (72 pages A4)

Includes sections on reference grids, dimensions (modular dimensions), and drawn examples of dimensionally co-ordinated buildings and building details.

## Part 3.15 ZAMBIA

Zambian Standards Institute [ZSI] P.O. Box RW 259 Lusaka Zambia

Information Source: NBS Collection of National/International Standards

Zambian Standards [ZS] are issued in English. There are no standards dealing with modular co-ordination in building; however, the following product standards contain sizes that are preferred multiples of the 100 mm module:

- ZS 006:1973 Asbestos-cement Flat sheets and slates Semi and fully compressed (7 pages A4)
  Section 2.4 contains modular co-ordinating sizes.
- ZS 007:1973 Precast concrete and sand-cement blocks (15 pages A4)
  Section 5, Table 1, and Figure 1 show modular dimensions.
- ZS 009:1973 Asbestos cement insulating board (6 pages A4)
  Section 5 contains information on modular sizes and tolerances.

### Part 3.16 ZIMBABWE

Standards Association of Central Africa 17 Coventry Road Salisbury Zimbabwe

Information Source: 1978 Catalogue of Central African Standards;
NBS Collection of National/International Standards.

Central African Standards are issued in English. The following standards include information on preferred dimensions of building products:

CAS No. 103:1974 Glazed ceramic wall tiles and fittings (32 pages A5)

Endorsement of BS 1281:1966.

CAS No. 119:1974 Precast concrete masonry blocks (17 pages A4)
(First Revision of CAS No. A9:1960)

Includes metric modular concrete masonry blocks.

#### Part 4.1 ARGENTINA

Instituto Argentino de Racionalización de Materiales [IRAM]
Chile 1192
1098 Buenos Aires
República Argentina

Technical Committee: Coordinación Modular de la Construcción

Secretariat: IRAM

Information Sources: Reply from Director General of Instituto Argentino

de Racionalización de Materiales; Catalogo de Normas IRAM 1978; and,

NBS Collection of National/International Standards

Argentine Standards [Normas IRAM] are issued in Spanish. English translations of titles have been provided by IRAM. The following Argentine Standards deal with modular coordination in building:

- 11 608/65 Coordinación modular de la construcción: Definiciones y condiciones generales [Revisada-Act. 10/67] (31 pages)
  [Modular coordination in building: Definitions and general conditions--Revised]
- 11 609/65 Coordinación modular de la construcción: Medidas y tolerancias
  [Act. 10/67. En folleto c/ll 608]
  [Modular coordination in building: Sizes and tolerances]\*
- 11 610/65 Coordinación modular de la construcción: Elementos modulares [Act. 10/67. En folleto c/11 608] [Modular coordination in building: Modular elements]\*
- 11 611/67 Coordinación modular de la construcción: Serie de medidas preferibles [En folleto c/11 608]
  [Modular coordination in building: Series of preferred sizes]\*
- 11 612/68 Bloques huecos modulares de hormigón de cemento pórtland (10 pages)
  [Modular hollow concrete blocks]
- 11 613/70 Coordinación modular de la construcción: Albañilería modular (11 pages)
  [Modular coordination in building: Modular masonry]
- 11 614/69 Coordinación modular de la construcción: Módulos de proyecto (5 pages)
  [Modular coordination in building: Design modules]
- 11 615/70 Coordinación modular de la construcción: Vanos modulares y sus cerramientos (71 pages)
  [Modular coordination in building: Modular openings and closures]

<sup>\*</sup> Normas IRAM 11 609, 11 610, and 11 611 are bound with 11 608/67.

### Part 4.1 ARGENTINA - (Continued)

- 11 616/71 Coordinación modular de la construcción: Posición de los componentes de la construcción con respecto a la cuadrícula modular de referencia (11 pages)

  [Modular coordination in building: Position of building components in relation to the modular reference grid]
- 11 617/73 Coordinación modular de la construcción: Alturas modulares de locales y de piso a piso (5 pages)
  [Modular coordination in building: Room and floor-to-floor modular heights]
- 11 618/72 Coordinación modular de la construcción: Locales e instalaciones sanitarias modulares (8 pages)
  [Modular coordination in building: Rooms and modular sanitary
  fittings]
- 11 619/73 Coordinación modular de la construcción: Alturas modulares
  para entreprisos (4 pages)
  [Modular coordination in building: Mezzanine floor modular
  heights]
- 11 620/73 Coordinación modular de la construcción: Paneles modulares
  (4 pages)
  [Modular coordination in building: Vertical modular partitions]
- 11 621/73 Coordinación modular de la construcción: Espacios modulares para escaleras (4 pages)
  [Modular coordination in building: Modular stairway spaces]
- 11 622/72 Coordinación modular de la construcción: Componentes modulares cerámicos, de hormigón y mixtos, para forjados (13 pages)
  [Modular coordination in building: Modular components for ceramic, concrete, and mixed forgings]
- 11 623/74 Coordinación modular de la construcción: Juntas para componentes modulares (6 pages)
  [Modular coordination in building: Joints for modular components]
- 11 624/74 Coordinación modular de la construcción: Método de cálculo los espesores de junta y de las medidas nominales y tolerancias para componentes modulares (11 pages)
  [Modular coordination in building: Method for calculating joint thickness and nominal sizes and tolerances for modular components]

#### Part 4.2 BRAZIL

Associação Brasileira de Normas Técnicas [ABNT] Av. 13 de Mayo, nº 13-28° andar

Caixa Postal 1680

CEP: 20.003 - Rio de Janeiro - RJ

Brazil/Brasilia

Information Sources: Catálogo de Normas Técnicas Brasileiras 1978; and,
NBS Collection of National/International Standards.

Brazilian Standards [NB = Normas Brasileiras] are issued in Portuguese.

The following standards deal with modular coordination in building [Coordenação modular da construção]:

- NB 25/69 Coordenação modular da construção Bases, definições e condições gerais
  [Modular co-ordination in building Bases, definitions and general conditions]

  This standard is the lead standard to which other standards on modular co-ordination in building refer.
- NB 302/73 Coordenação modular da construção Posição dos componentes da construção em reloção à quadrícula modular de referência (3 pages A4)
- NB 303/73 Coordenação modular da construção Vãos modulares e seus fechamentos (2 pages A4)
- NB 304/73 Coordenação modular da construção Multimódulos (1 page A4)
- NB 305/73 Coordenação modular da construção Alturas modulares de piso a piso, de compartimento e estrutural (2 pages A4)
- NB 306/73 Coordenação modular da construção Tijolos modulares de barro cozido (2 pages A4)
- NB 307/73 Coordenação modular da construção Blocos vazados modulares de concreto (3 pages A4)
- NB 331/73 Coordenação modular da construção Alturas modulares de teto-piso (entre pavimentos consecutivos) ( pages A4)
- NB 332/73 Coordenação modular da construção Painéis modulares verticais (2 pages A4)
- NB 337/73 Coordenação modular da construção Locais e instalções sanitárias modulares (2 pages A4)

# Part 4.2 BRAZIL - (Continued)

NB - 338 73	Coordenação modular da construção - Componentes de cerâmic de concreto ou de outro material, utilizado em lajes mista na construção coordenada modularmente (2 pages A4)
NB - 339/73	Coordenação modular da construção - Espaços modulares para escadas (1 page A4)
NB - 340/73	Coordenação modular da construção - Alvenaria modular (3 pages A4)
NB - 343/73	Coordenação modular da construção - Revestimentos (1 page A4)
NB - 344/73	Coordenação modular da construção - Coberturas (1 page A4
NB - 345/73	Coordenação modular da construção - Divisória modular vertical interna (2 pages A4)
NB - 346/73	Coordenação modular da construção - Esquadrias modulares (5 pages A4)
NB - 372/74	Forro modular horizontal de acabamento (placas, chapas, ou similares (2 pages A4)
NB - 373/74	Tacos modulares de madeira para soalhos na construcão coordenada modularmente (3 pages A4)
NB - 417/74	Coordenação modular da construção - Ajustes modulares e tolerâncias (3 pages A4)
NB - 420/74	Coordenação modular da construção - Série modular de medidas (4 pages A4)
NB - 422/74	Equipamento para complemento de habitação na construção coordenada modularmente
NB - 423/74	Coordenação modular da construção - Detalhes modulares de esquadrías
	Princípios fundamentais para a elaboração dos projetos coordenados modularmente
SB - 62/74	Coordenação modular da construção - Simbologia
TB - 202/74	Coordenação modular da construção - Terminologia

# Part 4.3 CHILE

Instituto Nacional de Normalización [INN]
Matias Cousino 64 - 6° piso
Casilla 995 - Correo 1
Santiago
Chile

Information Source: Catalogo De Normas Chilenas 1975

Chilean standards [Normas Chilenas] are published in Spanish. The following Chilean standards deal with modular coordination in building:

TOTTOWING	Chilean Standards deal with modular coordination in building:
N°346	Arquitectura y construcción - Coordinación modular - Módulo normal
N°447	Carpintería - Modulación de ventanas y puertas
N°641	Arquitectura y construcción - Coordinación modular - Vanos y cerramientos
N°684	Arquitectura y construcción - Coordinación modular - Terminología y representación gráfica
N°685	Arquitectura y construcción - Coordinación modular - Serie normal de dimensiones
N°710	Arquitectura y construcción - Coordinación modular - Alturas libres interiores y espesores de entrepriso en viviendas
N°741	Arquitectura y construcción - Coordinación modular de la construcción - Albañilerías modulares
N°742	Arquitectura y construcción - Coordinación modular de la construcción - Bloques modulares huecos de hormigón
N°743	Arquitectura y construcción - Coordinación modular de la construcción - Módulos de proyectos
N°744	Arquitectura y construcción - Coordinación modular de la construcción - Posición de los componentes de la construcción con respecto a la red modular de referencia
N°771	Arquitectura y construcción - Coordinación modular - Ladrillos cerámicos - Dimensiones modulares
N°831	Coordinación modular en albañilería de ladrillos cerámicos - Terminología y requisitos

# Part 4.3 CHILE - (Continued) N°886 Arquitectura y construcción - Coordinación modular en elementos para entreprisos N°887 Arquitectura y construcción - Coordinación modular - Paneles verticales - Serie de dimensiones N°984 Arquitectura y construcción - Coordinación modular - Componentes de pavimentos - Dimensiones

#### Part 4.4 COLOMBIA

927

1 316

Instituto Colombiano de Normas Técnicas [ICONTEC] Carrera 37 No. 52-95 P.O. Box 14237 Bogotá Colombia Technical Committee: C4.10 Coordinación Modular Information Sources: Reply from Instituto Colombiano de Normas Técnicas; Catálogo de Normas Técnicas Colombianas. Colombian Standards are issued only in Spanish. The following standards deal with modular coordination in building: 45 Coordinación modular. Bases, definiciones y condiciones generales [la. Revisión] [Modular coordination - Bases, definitions and general conditionsl 249 (1971) Dimensiones modulares de bloques huecos de hormigón (concreto) [Modular dimensions of hollow concrete blocks] 296 (1971) Dimensiones modulares de ladrillos cerámicos 455 Dimensiones modulares de vanos para ventanas 503 Dimensiones modulares de puertas de madera y puertas metálicas 651 Alturas modulares de piso a piso y de locales

Medidas modulares de paneles verticales

Dimensiones modulares y submodulares

#### Part 4.5 MEXICO

Dirección General de Normas [DGN]
Tuxpan No. 2
México 7, D.F.
MEXICO

Information Sources: Reply from the Director General of the Dirección
General de Normas, Secretaria de Patrimonio y
Fomento Industrial, Estados Unidos Mexicanos; and,
NBS Collection of National/International Standards

Mexican Standards [NOM] are issued in Spanish. The following Mexican Standards deal with modular coordination in building:

NO	M C-46-1973	Reglas generales de la coordinación modular de la construcción.
NO	M C-47-1973	Medidas en la coordinación modular de la construcción y su clasificación.
NO	M C-48-1978	Coordinación modularDefinición de las partes que constituyen una edificación.
NO	M C-78-1976	Dimensiones modulares de vanos para ventanas.
NO	M C-79-1976	Dimensiones modulares de vanos para puertas interiores.
NO	M C-86-1974	Medidas modulares verticales preferentes para la construcción.
NO	M C-167-1977	Coordinación modularEspacios modulares para escaleras
NO	M C-204-1977	Coordinación modularLocales sanitarios modulares.
NO	M C-225-1973	Principios generales de la coordinación modular de la construcción.

#### Part 4.6 PERU

# Instituto de Investigación Tecnólogia Industrial

y de Normas Técnicas [ITINTEC]

Jr. Morelli 2a. Cda Esquina Av. De Las Artes

(Altura Cda. 21 Av. Javier Prado-Este)

San Borja - Surquillo

Lima 34

27:01-012

27:01-013

Peru

Information Sources: Reply from Director de Normalización, ITINTEC; Catalogo 79 de Normas Técnicas.

The standards referenced below are issued in Spanish; no English translations or subtitles are available.

400.003	Coordinación Modular de la Construcción. Definiciones.
400.004	Coordinación Modular de la Construcción. Serie Modular Normal de Medidas.
400.005	Coordinación Modular de la Construcción. Unidad de Mampostería Modular.
400.006	Coordinación Modular de la Construcción. Bloques Huecos de Concreto para Muros y Tabiques. Medidas Modulares.
400.007 (PR 27:01-0	Coordinación Modular de la Construcción. Modulo de Proyecto.
400.008	Coordinación Modular de la Construcción. Medidas Modulares Preferidas para Puertas y Ventanas Modulares.
400.009	Coordinación Modular de la Construcción. Ubicación de los Componentes Constructivos en relación a la Cuadrícula Modular de Referencia.
400.025	Coordinación Modular de la Construcción. Módulos para Componentes.
400.026	Coordinación Modular de la Construcción. Altura Modular Preferida de Recipto.
400.028	Coordinación Modular de la Construcción. Recintos Sanitarios Modulares.
27:01-007	Coordinación Modular de la Construcción. Espacios Modulares para Escaleras.
27:01-010	Coordinación Modular de la Construcción. Equipamiento de Cocina.
27:01-011	Coordinación Modular de la Construcción. Alturas Modulares

Coordinación Modular de la Construcción. Paneles Modulares

Coordinación Modular de la Construcción. Medidas Modulares Preferidas para Componentes de la Construcción. Normas

Preferidas para Entrepisos.

Generales.

para Cerramientos Verticales.

#### Part 4.7 URUGUAY

Instituto Uruguayo de Normas Técnicas [UNIT] Agraciada 1464 P.9, Ap.92 Montevideo Uruguay

[Note: Uruguay is a member nation of COPANT, but not of ISO]

Information Source: Catalogo 1976 - Instituto Uruguayo de Normas Técnicas;

The following Uruguayan standards deal with modular coordination in building:

- UNIT 365 [1974] Coordinación modular de la construcción Bases,
  definiciones y condiciones generales (10 pages)
  [Modular coordination in building Bases, definitions and general conditions]
  Corresponds completely to COPANT R121-1968.
- UNIT 366 [1974] Coordinación modular de la construcción Serie modular normal de medidas (5 pages)
  [Modular coordination in building Basic sizes]

  Corresponds completely to COPANT 369-1972.
- UNIT 367 [1974] Coordinación modular de la construcción Módulos de proyectos (4 pages)
  [Modular coordination in building Design modules]

  Corresponds completely to COPANT 372-1972.
- UNIT 368 [1974]

  Coordinación modular de la construcción Vanos modulares e sus cerramientos (6 pages)

  [Modular coordination in building Modular openings and closures]

  Corresponds completely to COPANT 373-1972.
- UNIT 369 [1974] Coordinación modular de la construcción Posición de los componentes de la construcción con respecto a la quadrícula modular de referencia (8 pages)
  [Modular coordination in building Position of building components in relation to the modular reference grid]

  Corresponds completely to COPANT 374-1972.
- UNIT 428 [1975] Medidas de vanos de puertas y puertas no expuestas a la intemperie (8 pages)

# Part 4.8 VENEZUELA

Comisión Venezolana de Normas Industriales [COVENIN]
Av. Boyacà (Cota Mil)
Edf. Fundación La Salle, 5°piso
Caracas 105
Venezuela

Information Source: Catalogo de Normas Venezolanas Covenin 1975]

Venzuelan Standards are issued in Spanish.

The following standard deals with modular coordination in building:

COVENIN 220 Coordinación modular - Base, definiciones y condiciones



# Part 5.1 AUSTRIA (Österreich)

Osterreichisches Normungsinstitut [ON] Leopoldgasse 4

Postfach 130

A - 1021 Wien/Vienna 2

Austria

Technical Committee: 008 Modularkoordination im Bauwesen

Secretariat: Österreichisches Normungsinstitut

Information Sources: ÖNORMEN Verzeichnis 1979; Reply from the

Österreichisches Normungsinstitut; and,

NBS Collection of National/International Standards

Austrian Standards (ÖNORM) are issued in German with English subtitles. The following standards and draft standards deal with dimensional and modular coordination in building:

ÖNORM B 1010 [1973] Maßordnung im Bauwesen; Modulordnung; Grundlagen (11 pages A4)

[Dimensional co-ordination in building; Modular

coordination; Principles

ÖNORM B 1010 Teil 1 Maßordnung im Bauwesen; Modulordnung; Terminologie [Draft 1979] (6 pages A4)

[Part 1: Dimensional co-ordination in building;

Modular co-ordination; Terminology]

ÖNORM B 1010 Teil 2 Maßordnung im Bauwesen; Modulordnung; Grundlagen

[Draft 1979] (13 pages A4)

[Part 2: Dimensional co-ordination in building;

Principles)

ÖNORM B 1011 Teil 1 Maβordnung im Bauwesen; Modulordnung; Planungs-[Draft 1979]

regeln für Materialzonen von Gebäuden (16 pages A4) [Part 1: Dimensional co-ordination in building: Modular co-ordination: Planning rules for material

zones of buildings l

ÖNORM B 1011 Teil 2 Maßordnung im Bauwesen; Modulordnung; Planungs-

regeln für Öffnungen und Einbauten in Wandzonen [Draft 1979] von Gebäuden (Türen und Fenster) (20 pages A4) [Part 2: Dimensional co-ordination in building;

Modular co-ordination; Planning rules for openings and fixtures in wall zones of buildings (doors and

windows)]

ÖNORM B 1011 Teil 3 Maßordnung im Bauwesen; Modulordnung; Planungs-

regeln für Öffnungen und Einbauten in Deckenzonen [Draft 1979] von Gebäuden (Stiegen und Aufzüge) (12 pages A4) [Part 3: Dimensional co-ordination in building; Modular co-ordination; Planning rules for openings and fixtures in floor zones of buildings (stairs and lifts)]

# Part 5.1 AUSTRIA (Österreich) - (Continued)

	011 Tei1 4 Draft 1979]	Maβordnung im Bauwesen; Modulordnung; Planungs- regeln für Einbauten in Freizonen von Gebäuden (5 pages A4) [Part 4: Dimensional co-ordination in building; Modular co-ordination; Planning rules for fixtures in free zones of buildings]
	011 Teil 5 Draft 1979]	Maßordnung im Bauwesen; Technisches Zeichnen im Bauwesen; Modulordnung; Symbole (4 pages A4)  [Part 5: Dimensional co-ordination in building; Technical drawing in building; Modular co-ordination; Symbols]
ÖNORM B 1	100 [1979]	Maβordnung im Bauwesen; Maβtoleranzen; Grundsätze und Terminologie (8 pages A4) [Dimensional co-ordination in building; Dimensional tolerances; Principles and terminology]
Standards dimension		the basic building module and coordinating product
ÖNORM B 1	201 [1977]	Kleinkipptore mit Federzugausgleich; Einbaumaβe und Baurichtlinien (7 pages A4) [Spring balanced overhead doors; Dimensions for installation and specifications for construction]
ÖNORM B 3	258 [1977]	Vorgefertigte Betonerzeugnisse zur Befestigung von Verkehrsflächen (7 pages A4) [Prefabricated concrete products for the pavement of traffic areas]
ÖNORM B 3	410 [1976]	Gipskartonplatten; Arten, Anforderungen, Prüfungen (10 pages A4) [Gypsum plasterboards; Types, requirements, testing]
ÖNORM B 5		Fenster; Einbaumaβe (9 pages A4) [Windows; Dimensions for installation]

#### Part 5.2 BELGIUM

Institut Belge de Normalisation [IBN] Belgish Instituut voor Normalisatie

Av. de la Brabançonne, 29

B-1040 Bruxelles

Belgium/Belgique

Information Sources: Reply from Directeur général adjoint, IBN:

NBN Catalogue 1979-1980 and Complement; and, NBS Collection of National/International Standards.

Belgian Standards [NBN] are bilingual, issued in French and Netherlandish.

The following standards deal with dimensional coordination in building:

NBN 180-1948 Coordination des dimensions des constructions - Système du module - Directives fondamentales

Onderlinge aanpassing van de afmetingen der constructies -

Modulstelsel - Grondrichtlijnen (10 pages A4 - bilingual)

NBN 180 is currently subject to extensive review.

NBN 208-1950 Coordination des dimensions des constructions - Système du module - Baies et châssis de fenêtres

Onderlinge aanpassing van de afmetingen der constructies -

Modulstelsel - Vensteropeningen en -ramen

(10 pages A4 - bilingual)

NBN 217-1949 Coordination des dimensions des constructions - Système du module - Hauteurs d'étages

Onderlinge aanpassing van de afmetingen der constructies -

Modulstelsel - Verdiepingshoogten

(4 pages A4 - bilingual)

The following standards contain references to products with modular dimensions:

NBN 118-1949 Briques en terre cuite - Briques pleines pour maçonnerie ordinaire

Bakstenen - Volle bakstenen voor gewoon metselwerk

(15 pages A4 each - bilingual)

Section NBN 118.01 Dimensions et tolérances/Afmetingen en toleranties refers to NBN 180 and 181 (withdrawn).

NBN 476-1960 Briques perforées ou creuses en terre cuite Geperforeerde of holle baksteenen

(30 pages A4 - bilingual)

References to modular dimensions in Section 4.2

# Part 5.2 BELGIUM - (Continued)

NBN 538-1962

Blocs en béton pour maçonnerie ordinaire

Betonblokken voor gewoon metselwerk

(62 pages A4 - bilingual)

[Concrete blocks for ordinary masonry]

References to modular dimensions in Section 3.1

#### Part 5.3 DENMARK

Dansk Standardiseringsraad [DS]
[Danish Standards Association]

Aurehøjvey 12 Postbox 77

DK-2900 Hellerup

Denmark

Technical Committee: Technical Division: Building

Secretariat: Danish Standards Association

Information Sources: Reply from Danish Standards Association;

Dansk Standards Katalog 79; and

NBS Collection of National/International Standards.

Danish Standards [DS] and Recommendations [DS/R] are issued in Danish with English subtitles. English editions are published for the documents marked with an asterisk (\*).

The following Danish Standards deal with modular co-ordination in building and the application of modular principles to component sizing:

DS 1000 - 1968	Etageboligbyggeri - H $\phi$ jdemål i normaletager
	3rd Edition (4 pages A4)
	[Vertical dimensions in multi-storey housing]
DC 1002 1072	TI: 1 TI 191 0 1 TI 1: 1 (0

- DS 1003 1973 Vinduer Hulmål 2nd Edition (2 pages A4)
  [Windows Wall openings]
- DS 1010.1 1975 Modulkoordinering for byggeriet Terminologi
  (7 pages A4)
  [Modular co-ordination in building Vocabulary]
  Based on ISO 1791, with some terms deleted. ISO 1791
  is attached in its entirety as an appendix.
- DS 1010.2 1975 Modulkoordinering for byggeriet Principper og regler
  (5 pages A4)
  [Modular co-ordination in building Principles and rules]
  The standard accords generally with ISO 2848. The main sections from ISO 1006 and parts of ISO 1040 have been
- DS 1011.3 1958 Modulregler for byggeriet Dimensionering af modulelementer (2 pages A4)

  [Modular rules Dimensioning of modular components]
- DS 1012 1974 Målafstætning på byggepladsen 2nd Edition (4 pages A4)
  [Marking out of measurements on the site]

added.

DS 1028.1 - 1968 Indvendige, énfløjede døre - Hulmål (4 pages A4) [Single-leafed interior doors - Wall openings]

## Part 5.3 DENMARK - (Continued)

DS 1028.2 - 1968 Indvendige, enfløjede døre af træe - Karm- og dørplademål (2 pages A4) [Single-leafed interior doors of wood - Frame and door leaf dimensionsl DS 1028.3 - 1968 Indvendige, énfløjede døre af træ - Kvalitetsbestemmelser (2 pages A4) [Single-leafed interior doors of wood - Quality requirementsl DS/R 1038 - 1974 Dækkomponenter af beton - Bygge- og basismål (1 page A4) 2nd Edition [Concrete components for floor slabs - Co-ordinating and basic sizesl DS/R 1039 - 1974 Vægkomponenter af beton til bærende indvendige vægge -Bygge- og basismål (3 pages A4) 2nd Edition [Concrete components for interior load bearing walls -Co-ordinating and basic sizes] DS/R 1040 - 1968 Trapperum for to1/bstrapper (5 pages A4) 2nd Edition [Staircase for double-flight stairs] DS 1041 - 1968 Byggeblokke - Mål og forbandter (6 pages A4) [Modular dimensions of block components] Køkkenkomponenter (2 pages A4) DS 1043 - 1971 [Kitchen components] DS 1045 - 1965 Isoleringsruder - Hermetisk forseglede dobbeltruder -En-rammede vinduer (1 page A4) [Double pane sealed units] Gulvoverfladers højdeplacering (2 pages A4) 2nd Edition DS/R 1046 - 1974 [Level of floors] DS 1048 - 1966 Normalmurværk og modulprojektering (2 pages A4) [Normal brickwork and modular co-ordination] DS/R 1049 - 1966\* Bærende vægge og dæk - Placering af komponenter (6 pages A4 - 8 pages A4 English edition) [Structural wall and floors - Placing of components] DS/R 1050 - 1973 Tolerancer i byggeriet - Anvendelse af måltolerancer (37 pages A4) 2nd Edition [Application of dimensional tolerances in building] DS/R 1075 - 1969 Horisontale præferencemål for byggeri (2 pages A4) [Preferred horizontal dimensions for building] DS/R 1076 - 1970\* Vertikale præferencemål for byggeri (1 page A4) [Preferred vertical dimensions for building] DS/R 1077 - 1970 Halbyggeri - Horisontale præferencemål (4 pages A4) [Industrial buildings - Preferred horizontal dimensions]

#### DENMARK - (Continued) Part 5.3 Udvendige døre - Hulmål, karm- og dørplademål DS 1080 - 1969 (2 pages A4) [Exterior doors - Sizes of openings, frames and doorleaves l DS/R 1083 - 1974 Bærende tagkomponenter - Præferencemål, vederlag, mærkning (2 pages A4) Roofs - Loadbearing units - Preferred sizes, bearing, markingl DS/R 1086 - 1972 Plejehjem - Planlægningsmodul og præferencemål (2 pages A4) [Nursing homes - Planning module and preferred dimensions] DS/R 1087 - 1972 Kontorbygninger - Planlægningsmodul og præferencemål (2 pages A4) [Office buildings - Planning module and preferred dimensionsl DS/R 1100 - 1973 Tolerancer i byggeriet - Praeferencetal for tolerancer (2 pages A4) [Building tolerances - Preferred sizes] DS/R 1101 - 1974 Pladeformede bygningskomponenter til daek og til bærende og ikke-bærende indvendige vægge - Præferencemål (2 pages A4) [Large panels for load bearing and non-bearing interior walls - Preferred sizesl DS/ISO 3571/1\* Personelevatorer til boligbyggeri - Definitioner, [April 1978] dimensioner og modulmål (8 pages A4)

[Passenger lift (elevator) installations - Part 1: Residential buildings - Definitions, functional dimensions and modular co-ordination dimensions] Complete adoption of International Standard ISO 3571/1

as Danish Standard.

## Part 5.4 FINLAND

Suomen Standardisoimisliitto r.y. [SFS]
(Finnish Standards Association)

P.O. Box 205

SF - 00121 Helsinki 12

Finland/Suomi

Technical Committees: TK 30, Modular Co-ordination

Secretariat: Building Information Institute

TK 46, Tolerances

Secretariat: Building Information Institute

Information Sources: Reply from Finnish Standards Association (Building

Construction);

SFS-Luettelo [Catalogue] 1979 and Cumulative

Supplement 9/1979; and,

NBS Collection of National/International Standards.

Finnish Standards [SFS] are issued in the Finnish language with English subtitles. English translations are available for documents marked with an asterisk (\*).

The following Finnish standards deal with modular/dimensional co-ordination in building, tolerances and joints, shown in ascending numerical order:

SFS	2434	(1975)*	Asunto, hygieniatila, mi	toit	us (7 pages A4)
			[Dwelling - Hygiene space	es -	Dimensioning]

SFS 2437 (1974) Replaced by SFS 4389 (1979)

SFS 2438 (1975) Replaced by SFS 4389 (1979)

SFS 2440 (1975) Moduulijärjestely, rakennusten kerroskorkeudet
(2 pages A4)
[Modular co-ordination - Storey heights]

SFS 3216 (1975) Vesikaton pääkannate, moduuliset koot (4 pages A4)
[Roofs - Loadbearing units - Modular sizes]

SFS 3303 (1978) Ikkunan ja ikkunaoven moduuliset koot (3 pages A4)
[Modular sizes for windows and window doors]

SFS 3315 (1978)
Rakennusalan mittajärjestely, osamoduuli 0,5 M
(2 pages A4)
[Dimensional co-ordination in buildings - Submodule 0.5 M]

SFS 3317 (1978)\* Rakennusalan mittajärjestely, saumaosuuksien mitat
(2 pages A4)
[Dimensional co-ordination of buildings - Sizes of margins]

SFS 3501 (1975) Moduulijärjestely, käsitteistö, pohjoismainen
(4 pages A4)
[Modular co-ordination - Vocabulary - Nordic]

Pari	5.4	FINLANI	D - (Continued)
SFS	3502	(1975)	Moduulijärjestely, tavoitteet ja periaatteet (6 pages A4) [Modular co-ordination - Principles and rules]
SFS	3696	(1976)	Moduulijärjestely, lattian viitetaso (2 pages A4) [Modular co-ordination - Reference plane for vertical dimensions]
SFS	3697	(1976)	Asuinrakennuksen moduuliset kerros-, huone- ja välipohjakorkeudet (2 pages A4) [Modular co-ordination - Storey heights, room heights, and floor heights for residential buildings]
SFS	3743	(1976)	Moduulijärjestely, kantamoduuli ja kertomoduulit (2 pages A4) [Modular co-ordination - Basic module and multimodules]
SFS	4081	(1977)	Ovi, moduuliset koot (6 pages A4) [Doorset - Modular sizes]
SFS	4283	(1978)	Rakennusalan mittajärjestely, pienten ulottovuuksien perusmitat (1 page A4) [Dimensional co-ordination of buildings - Basic sizes for small dimensions]
SFS	4373	(1979)	Rakennusten mittajärjestely, pilarirunko (4 pages A4) [Dimensional co-ordination of buildings - Column frame]
SFS	4389	(1979)	Rakennusten mittajärjestely, kantavat seinät -runko (6 pages A4) [Dimensional co-ordination of buildings - Loadbearing wall frame] Replaces SFS 2437 (1974) and SFS 2438 (1975).
			nnish Standards deal with spaces, elements, or building lar dimensions:
SFS	2661	(1976)	Kotiltalouden sähköliesi, lieden mitat (2 pages A4) [Household electric cooker - Dimensions of cooking range
SFS	3316	(1978)	Puurristikkokannate, naulalevyillä koottu, saksiristikko (6 pages A4) [Trussed rafter, wooden - Nail plate joints - Scissor. truss]
SFS	3695	(1976)	Asunto, saunan pesuhuone, mitoitus (7 pages A4)

[Dwelling - Washroom of sauna - Dimensioning]

SFS 3744 (1976)

Asuintalohissit, konehuone kuilun yläpuolella, mitat
(8 pages A4)

Lifts (elevators) for residential buildings - Machine room above the well - Dimensions]

Part 5.4 FINLAND	-	(Continued)

SFS	3818	(1976)	Sähkövedenlämmittimet. Liittymismitat (3 pages A4) [Electric water heaters - Co-ordinating sizes]
SFS	3870	(1976)	Potilashissit, konehuone kuilun yläpuolella, mitat (7 pages A4) [Lifts (elevators) in hospitals - Machine room above the well (shaft) -Dimensions]
SFS	4079	(1977)	Muiden kuin asuinrakennusten hissit, konehuone kuilun yläpuolella, mitat (7 pages A4) [Lifts (elevators) in other than residential buildings - Machine room above the well (shaft) - Dimensions]
SFS	4183	(1978)	Puukehä, naulalevyillä koottu, matala tyyppi (4 pages A4) [Framed rafter with nail plate joints - Low type]
SFS	4184	(1978)	Puukehä, naulalevyillä koottu, korkea tyyppi (4 pages A4) [Framed rafter with nail plate joints - High type]
SFS	4314	(1979)	Puuristikkokannate, naulalevyillä koottu, harjaristikko (4 pages A4) [Trussed rafter, wooden - Nail plate joints - Pitched roof]
SFS	4374	(1979)	Betonipliarin poikkileikkausmittat (3 pages A4) [Cross dimensions for concrete columns]
SFS	4375	(1979)	Betonipalkin poikkileikkausmittat (3 pages A4) [Cross dimensions for concrete beams]
SFS	4376	(1979)	Betoniseinän paksuuden perusmitat (1 page A4) [Thickness for concrete walls]
SFS	4377	(1979)	Puuristiklokannate, naulalevyillä koottu, pulpettiris- tikko (7 pages A4) [Trussed rafter, wooden - Nail plate joints - Mono pitch truss]
SFS	4390	(1979)	Betonilaatan perusmitat (3 pages A4) [Basic sizes for concrete floor slabs]
Fini	ish St	andards	dealing with joints, tolerances, and deviations:
SFS	2490	(1971)	Mitat ja toleranssit rakennusalalla, käsitteitä (3 pages A4) [Measures and tolerances in building - Definitions of concepts]
SFS	3305	(1978)	Rakennusmittaus, pisteiden määrittäminen ja paikalleen- mittaaminen, menetelmät ja sallitut poikkeamat (4 pages A4) [Measurement methods for building - Setting out and measurement - Procedures and permissible measuring devia-

74

tions]

# Part 5.4 FINLAND - (Continued)

- SFS 3521 (1975) Rakennuksen saumat, nimistö (4 pages A4)

  [Joints in building Vocabulary]
- SFS 3874 (1977)

  Rakennusalan toleranssit, suositeltavat lukuarvot
  (1 page A4)

  [Tolerances for building Preferred sizes for tolerances]

Standards for activity spaces with dimensions given in multiples of 100 mm:

- SFS 2432 (1974)\* Asuminen, henkilökohtainen hygienia, toimintojen
  tilantarve (4 pages A4)
  [Activities in dwellings Space requirements for personal hygiene]
- SFS 2433 (1974)\* Asuminen, tekstiilien hoito, toimintojen tilantarve
  (8 pages A4)
  [Activities in dwellings Space requirements for textile care]
- SFS 2435 (1974)\* Asuminen, ruokatalous, toimintojen tilantarve
  (11 pages A4)

  [Activities in dwellings Space requirements for food storage and preparation]
- SFS 2436 (1974)\* Asuminen, ruokailu, toimintojen tilantarve (5 pages A4)

  [Activities in dwellings Space requirements for taking of meals]

## Part 5.5 FRANCE

Association Française de Normalisation [AFNOR]
Tour Europe
Cedex 7
92080 Paris La Defense
França

Information Sources: Catalogue Normes Françaises 1980; and,
NBS Collection of National/International Standards

French standards (NF [Normes Françaises]) are issued in French; recent standards have English subtitles.

The following French standards deal with modular coordination in building:

NF P 01-001 (July 1974)

Dimensions des constructions - Coordination

modulaire - Module de base (3 pages A4)

[Dimensions of structures - Modular coordination - Basic module]

Replaces NF P 01-001 (September 1942), titled

"Modulation;" the first national standard on

modular coordination in the world.

States the definitions and values for the basic

module (M = 100 mm) and has an illustration of
the relationship between modular and manufactur-

module (M = 100 mm) and has an illustration of the relationship between modular and manufacturing dimensions. References ISO 1006, and is in concurrence with it.

NF P 01-101 (July 1964)

Dimensions des constructions - Dimensions de coordination des ouvrages et des éléments de construction (19 pages 210 x 270 mm)

[Dimensions of structures - Coordinating dimensions of building works and building elements]

Replaces the following French standards of May 1944: P 01-002, P 01-003, P 01-008, and P 01-009.

The standard formulates the general rules for the determination of coordinating dimensions of buildings and of the different components and elements used in their realization and completion. Illustrated.

The following French standards include modular dimensions of building products:

modular sizes of concrete blocks.

# Part 5.5 FRANCE - (Continued)

NF P 61-302 (June 1970)

Carrelage - Carreaux de mosaique de marbre
(15 pages A4)

[Tiling - Mosaic tiles]

Gives coordinating (modular) dimensions for

mosaic tiles in Table 1, Section 3.111.

NF P 82-208 (Dec. 1977)

Installation d'ascenseurs dans les batiments a usage d'habitation - Definitions, dimensions fonctionelles (10 pages A4)

[Passenger lift (elevator) installations in residential buildings - Definitions, functional dimensions]

References and conforms to ISO 3571/1 throughout, but deletes modular dimensions between axes and uses functional dimensions between wall surfaces.

# Part 5.6 Federal Republic of GERMANY

Deutsches Institut für Normung e.V. [DIN]
Burggrafenstraβe 4-10
Postfach 1107
D-1000 Berlin 30
Germany/Deutschland

Technical Committee: Normenausschuß Bauwesen [NABau]

Information Sources: Reply from Head of Building Division of DIN;

DIN Katalog 1979

NBS Collection of International/National Standards

DIN standards [Deutsche Industrie Normen] are published in German with English and French subtitles. English translations are available for documents warked with an asterisk (\*).

# DIN Standards for Modular Coordination in Building

DIN 18 000 Part 1
[October 1979]

[Modular co-ordination in building; principles]

The determination of the standard are based on recommendations of ISO standards 1006-1973 and 1040-1973, with specific reference to the basic module M = 100 mm, and multimodules 3M (300 mm), 6M (600 mm), and 12M (1200 mm).

DIN 18 000 Part 2 Pre-Standard [December 1979]

Modulordnung im Bauwesen-Begriffe (3 pages A4)
[Modular co-ordination in building; Terms and definitions]

The standard sets out terms and definitions, based on ISO standard 1791, including a table of principal terms in German, English, and French.

DIN 18 000 Part 3 [March 1976]

Modulordnung im Bauwesen--Anwendungsregeln
[Modular co-ordination in building; Rules for application] (3 pages A4)
This standard references ISO standard 2848-1974.

DIN 18 000 Part 4 [March 1978] Modulordnung im Bauwesen--Vorzugsmaße
[Modular co-ordination in building; Preferred
dimensions]

DIN 18 000 Beiblatt (Supplement) [February 1977] Modulordnung im Bauwesen--Erläuterungen, Beispiel [Modular co-ordination in building; Explanations, example] (8 pages A4)

This supplement contains additional information and explanations related to Parts of DIN 18 000.

DIN 30 798 Part 1 [May 1978] Modulsysteme--Begriffe [Modular systems; Concepts]

DIN 30 798 Part 2 [February 1979] Modulsysteme--Grundsätze [Modular systems; Principles]

# Part 5.6 Federal Republic of GERMANY (Continued)

DIN 30 798 Part 3 Modulsysteme--Grundlagen für die Anwendung
Pre-Standard
[February 1979]

Modulsysteme--Grundlagen für die Anwendung
[Modular systems; Principles for application]

# DIN Standards for Building Products Which Reference Modular Coordination

DIN 18 155 Part 2
Pre-Standard
[March 1976]

Feinkeramische Fliesen--Formen, Maße, Kennzeichnung,
Bezeichnung (3 pages A4)
[Ceramic tiles; Designs, dimensions, marking, designation]

Includes reference to DIN 18 000 in explanations.

DIN 18 158
Pre-Standard
[December 1978]
Bodenklinkerplatten (5 pages A4)
[Clinker floor tiles]
Includes reference to DIN 18 000.

# DIN Standards Dealing With Tolerances in Building

DIN 18 201

[April 1976] Maßtoleranzen im Bauwesen-Begriffe, Grundsätze,

Anwendung, Prüfung (3 pages A4)

[Dimensional tolerances for building; Definitions,

principles, application, testing]

DIN 18 202 Part 1
[March 1969]

Maßtoleranzen im Hochbau--Zulässige Abmaße für die
Bauausführung--Wand- und Deckenöffnungen, Nischen,
Geschoß- und Podesthöhen (3 pages A4)
[Dimensional tolerances in building construction;
Permissible dimensional deviations of the structure;
Wall and floor openings, recesses, storey and
landing heights]

DIN 18 202 Part 4
[June 1974]

Maßtoleranzen im Hochbau--Abmaße für Bauwerksabmessungen (4 pages A4)
[Dimensional tolerances in building construction;
Dimensional deviations of dimensions in building]

DIN 18 202 Part 5
[October 1979]

Maßtoleranzen im Hochbau--Ebenheitstoleranzen für Flächen von Decken und Wänden (2 pages A4)
[Dimensional tolerances in building construction; planeness tolerances for surfaces of ceilings and walls]

Replaces DIN 18 202 Part 2 and 18 202 Part 3.

DIN 18 203 Part 1

[June 1974] Maβtoleranzen im Hochbau--Vorgefertigte Teile aus

Beton und Stahlbeton (2 pages A4)

[Dimensional tolerances in building construction;
Finished components of concrete and reinforced concrete]

# Part 5.6 Federal Republic of GERMANY (Continued)

DIN 18 203 Part 2\* Maßtoleranzen im Hochbau--Vorgefertigte Teile aus [May 1979] Stahl

[Dimensional tolerances in building construction; Finished components of steel]

## DIN Standard Not in Line with International Standards or Recommendations

DIN 4172 [3rd Ed.]\* Maβordnung im Hochbau
[July 1955] [Dimensional coordination in building]

This standard states preferred dimensions and preferred number series for use in building and is based on preferences derived from an "octametric" system which emphasizes multiples of 250 mm and 125 mm. Preferred numbers suggested for dimensions smaller than 25 mm are taken directly from the ISO R10 series.

Many DIN building product standards feature sizes derived from preferences in DIN 4172.

#### Part 5.7 GREECE

Hellenic Organization for Standardization [ELOT]

Didotou 15 Athens 144 Greece/ΕΛΛΑΣ

Technical Committee: ELOT TC 30, "Building Constructions"

Secretariat: ELOT

Information Sources: Reply from Hellenic Organization for Standardiza-

tion [ELOT];

NBS Collection of National/International Standards.

Greek standards [ENO] dealing with dimensional and modular coordination are now under revision by ELOT as they were published prior to the establishment of ELOT.

The following standards were issued in September 1959:

ΕΝΟ Ρ 01-001 (1959) ή συσχετισμένη τυποποίησις τῶν δομικῶν στοιχείων Αεξιλόγιον

(4 pages A4)

[Modular coordination in building - Glossary]

ΕΝΟ Ρ 01-002 (1959) "Η συσχετισμένη τυποποίησις των δομικών στοιχείων

OPONOFIA (3 pages A4)

[Modular coordination in building - Terminology]

## Part 5.8 ITALY

Ente Nazionale Italiano di Unificazione [UNI] Piazza Armando Diaz, 2 I 20123 Milano Italy/Italia

Technical Committee: Commissione Edilizia dell'UNI [Commission on

Building in UNI]

2ª Sottocommissione "Coordinazione dimensionale"

Gruppo di lavoro 1, "Sistema modulare"

Information Sources: Reply from Director General, UNI;

UNI Elenco delle Publicazzioni n.34, 1979; and, NBS Collection of National/International Standards.

UNI standards [Norme Italiane] are published in Italian with English subtitles.

# UNI Standards for Modular Coordination in Building

UNI 7861 (Nov. 1978) Edilizia - Coordinazione dimensionale e modulare - Terminologia (3 pages A4)

[Building - Dimensional and modular coordination - Terminology]

UNI 7862 (Nov. 1978) Edilizia - Coordinazione delle dimensioni
orizzontali - Terminologia (2 pages A4)
[Building - Coordination of horizontal dimensions -

[Building - Coordination of horizontal dimensions - Terminology]

UNI 7863 (Nov. 1978) Edilizia - Coordinazione delle dimensioni
verticali - Terminologia (2 pages A4)

[Building - Coordination of vertical dimensions -

[Building - Coordination of vertical dimensions - Terminology.

UNI 7864 (Nov. 1978) Edilizia - Coordinazione modulare - Sistema modulare di lunghezze (1 page A4)

[Building - Modular coordination - Modular system of lengths]

References ISO Standard 1006 and partial adoption.

UNI 7865 (Nov. 1978) Edilizia - Coordinazione modulare delle dimensioni verticali - Modello preferenziale di articolazione (2 pages A4)

[Building - Modular coordination of vertical dimensions - Preferred model of articulation]

UNI 7866 (Nov. 1978) Edilizia - Coordinazione modulare delle dimensioni verticali - Valori preferenziali per le altezze

(1 page A4)

[Building - Modular coordination of vertical dimen-

sions - Preferred sizes for heights]

# Part 5.8 ITALY (Continued)

UNI 7362 (Dec. 1974)

Mobili ed apparecchi di cucina - Dimensioni di coordinamento (2 pages A4)

[Kitchen equipment - Coordinating sizes]

References conformance to work in progress in ISO TC 59.

# Standards in Course of Publication

UNI	(CE 0041)	Edilizia - Coordinazione delle dimensioni orizzontali - Piani di riferimento [Building - Coordination of horizontal dimensions - Reference planes]
UNI	(CE 0020)	Edilizia - Coordinazione dimensionale e modulare - Schema della giustapposizione di componenti lungo una direzzione orizzontale e sistema di accoppiamento [Building - Dimensional and modular coordination - Components' juxtaposition scheme according to a horizontal direction and jointing system]
UNI	(CE 0021 Part 1)	Edilizia - Tolleranze dimensionali - Principi generali e terminologia fondamentale [Building - Dimensional tolerances - Principles and fundamental vocabulary] Replaces UNI 3115 (Feb. 1951)
UNI	(CE 0021 Part 2)	Edilizia - Tolleranze dimensionali - Terminologia specifica [Building - Dimensional tolerances - Specific vocabulary]
UNI	(CE 0022)	Edilizia - Tolleranze dimensionali - Identifica- zione delle tolleranze [Building - Dimensional tolerances - Identification of tolerances]
UNI	(CE 0024)	Edilizia - Tolleranze dimensionali - Riscontro degli errori [Building - Dimensional tolerances - Checking of errors]
UNI	(translation of ISO 5731)	Apparecchi da cucina - Dimensioni massime d'ingombro [Kitchen equipment - Limit of size]
UNI	(translation of ISO 5732)	Apparecchi da cucina - Dimensioni delle aperture degli apparecchi ad incasso  [Kitchen equipment - Sizes of openings for built-in appliances]

#### Part 5.9 THE NETHERLANDS

Nederlands Normalisatie-Instituut [NNI]

Polakweg 5 Postbus 5810

2280 HV Rijswijk (ZH)

Netherlands

Technical Committees: Modulaire coördinatie (Modular co-ordination)

Secretariat: NNT

Maattoleranties in de bouw (Dimensional tolerances

in building) Secretariat: NNI

Information Sources: Reply from Secretary, Building Division, NNI;

NNI Catalogus 1978 + Aanvulling 1 (to April 1979); NBS Collection of National/International Standards.

Netherlands Standards [NEN] are issued in Netherlandish (Dutch) with English subtitles.

The following standards and draft standards deal with modular coordination in building:

NEN 2880

(November 1977)

Modulaire coördinatie bij het bouwen - Begripsomschrijvingen en regels voor de plaats- en maatbepaling van modulaire elementen

(102 pages A4)

[Modular co-ordination in building - Terminology and rules for the determination of location and dimensions of modular elements]

(Supersedes NEN 5700 and NEN 5701)

The standard brings a novel and fundamentally different approach to modular coordination, which is the result of the development of proposals by the Foundation for Architectural Research (SAR), and their application in various housing projects

over a decade.

The concepts revolve around the use of (modular) tartan grids (called band grids), with specific rules for the positioning of element groups and

junctions between elements (joints).

The standard is well illustrated and it is stated to be in conformance with ISO 1006, 1040, R1790,

1791, and 2848.

Draft NEN 2881 (February 1979) Maattoleranties voor de bouw - Begripsomschrijvingen en algemene regels (32 pages A4)

[Dimensional tolerances for the building industry -

Terminology and general rules]

This Draft is a revision of NEN 5702 and will replace it after it has been wroked out as a definitive standard, expected during 1980.

#### Part 5.9 THE NETHERLANDS - (Continued)

NPR 2882 (Guideline) Modulaire coördinatie bij het bouwen - Voorbeelden van toepassing van NEN 2880

> [Modular co-ordination in building - Examples of application of NEN 28801

The publication of this Guideline is expected

during 1980.

Draft NEN 2883 Modulaire coördinatie bij het bouwen - Woningen (July 1978)

plus: Bijlage A and Bijlage B

(56 pages A4, plus: 52 pages A4 (A) and 200 pages

A4 (B) - Total 308 pages A4)

[Modular co-ordination in building - Dwellings] The Draft is a specification of NEN 2880 in the field of house building. It includes comprehensive illustrations of constructional aspects. The publication of NEN 2883 as a definitive

standard is expected during 1980.

NPR 2885 (Guideline) (see Draft NEN

Modulaire coordinatie voor de woningbouw -Uitwerking van materiaalplannen volgens NEN 2883 2883, July 1978) [Modular co-ordination for house building -Development (working-out) of plans for materials

according to NEN 28831 The publication of this Guideline is expected

after the publication of NEN 2883, during 1980.

NEN 5702 (August 1965) Modulaire coordinatie bij het bouwen - Tolerantiestelsel - Begripsbepalingen (4 pages A4) [Modular co-ordination in building - System of tolerances | Will be replaced by NEN 2881.

Netherlands standards and draft standards which include modular sizes of building products:

NEN 2489

Metselbaksteen (44 pages A4) [Brick of fired clay for masonry]

Discusses modular formats on page 24, including European formats.

(October 1976)

NEN 2637 (August 1972) Maten van binnedeuren (4 pages A4)

[Sizes of interior doors] Modular formats are shown on page 3.

Draft NEN 3267 (April 1977)

Keukens in woningen - Begripsomschrijvingen, modulaire maten en functionele regels voor de plaats en grbruiksruimte van keukenonderdelen [Kitchens in dwellings - Vocabulary, modular sizes and functional rules for positioning and utilization areas of kitchen components] Revision of existing NEN 3267, in which the sizes

#### Part 5.9 THE NETHERLANDS - (Continued)

NEN 3317 Functionele afmetingen van trappen voor gemeen-

(December 1967) schappelijke trappehuizen (2 pages A4)

[Functional dimensions of staircases for common

staircase halls (staircase wells)]

Draft NEN 3679 Meterkasten in woningen

(October 1976) [House electricity meter cupboards]

Sizes in the Draft are based on NEN 2883. The publication of a definitive standard is expected

during 1980.

The following standard includes an annex with rules for the determination of areas of buildings projected in accordance with NEN 2880:

NEN 2630 (May 1979) Oppervlakten en inhouden van gebouwden - Begrips-

omschrijvingen en wijze van bepaling

[Areas and volumes of buildings - Definitions and

calculations]

#### Part 5.10 NORWAY

Norges Standardiseringsforbund [NSF]

Haakon VII's gate 2

N - 0slo 1

Norway

Standards-writing body for building standards:

Norges Byggstandardiseringsråd [NBR]

Københavngt. 10

N - 0s1o 5

Norway

Information Sources: Reply from Norges Standardiseringsforbund;

Katalog over Norsk Standard 1980; and, NBS Collection of National/International Standards.

Norwegian Standards [NS] are issued in Norwegian with English subtitles.

The following Norwegian Standards deal with modular co-ordination in building:

- NS 1000 [60-11] Modulsamordning i bygningsindustrien Grunnleggende
  prinsipper (8 pages A4)
  [Modular co-ordination in the building industry Basic
  principles]
- NS 1001 [67-12] 3M-planmodul for horisontale mål i råbygg (2 pages A4) [3M-horizontal module for planning of buildings]
- NS 1003 [70-07] Målsamordning av mindre hus i en eller to etasjer
  (8 pages A4)
  [Modular co-ordination of smaller one and two storey buildings]
- NS 1456 [67-07] Mål på åpninger for innsetting av dører og vinduer (4 pages A4)

  [Dimensions of wall openings of doors and windows]
- NS 3033 [70-06] Kjøkkeninnredninger og garderobeskap Generelle
  bestemmelser og mål (2 pages A4)
  [Kitchen equipment and wardrobes General requirements
  and sizes]
- NS 3149 [76-03] Dører Størrelser (2 pages A4)

  [Doors Co-ordinating sizes]
- NS 3203 [74-11] Vinduer og vindusdører Størrelser (2 pages A4)

  [Windows and French doors Co-ordinating sizes]
- NS 3441 [74-06] Plateformede bygningskomponenter til dekker og til bærende og ikke-bærende innvendige vegger Preferansemål (1 page A4)

  [Large panels for floors and load-bearing and non-bearing interior walls Preferred sizes]

## Part 5.10 NORWAY - (Continued)

NS 3461 [74-08] Toleranser i bygningsindustrien - Grunnleggende begreper
og terminologi (Midlertidig) (12 pages A4)
[Tolerances in building - Basic terms and terminology
(Tentative)]

The following Norwegian Standards modular dimensions for building elements and components:

- NS 544 [64-09]

  Skallmurblokker av betong Normalblokker og endeblokker
  (5 pages A4)

  [Precast concrete blocks for light walls Normal and flat ended blocks]
- NS 781 [51-05]

  Innvendige rette trapper av brannfast materiale Hovedmål (2 pages A4)

  [Internal straight stairs of fireproof material Main dimensions]
- NS 790 [53-06]

  Innvendige trapper av tre 180° svingtrapp Etasjehøyde

  2800 mm og 2700 mm (1 page A4)

  [Internal winding wood staircase 180° Floor-to-floor height 2800 mm and 2700 mm]
- NS 791 [53-06]

  Innvendige trapper av tre 90° svingtrapp Etasjehøyde

  2700 mm og 2600 mm (1 page A4)

  [Internal winding wood staircase 90° Floor-to-floor height 2700 mm and 2600 mm]
- NS 792 [53-06]

  Innvendige trapper av tre 90°/90° svingtrapp Etasjehøyde 2700 mm og 2600 mm (1 page A4)

  [Internal winding wood staircase 90°/90° Floor-tofloor height 2700 mm and 2600 mm]
- NS 793 [53-06]

  Innvendige trapper av tre 90° repostrapp Etasjehøyde

  2700 mm og 2600 mm (1 page A4)

  [Internal wood staircase with quarterspace landing 90° 
  Floor-to-floor height 2700 mm and 2600 mm]
- NS 794 [53-06] Innvendige trapper av tre Dobbeltløpet rett repostrap 
  Etasjehøyde 2800 mm og 2700 mm (2 pages A4)

  [Internal wood staircase with halfspace landing Floorto floor height 2800 mm and 2700 mm]
- NS 835 [52-12]

  Personheiser Maskinrom på topp og motvekt bak kupe Hovedmål for sjakt, kupe og maskinrom (1 page A4)

  [Lifts (elevators) Machine room on top floor and counterweight behind lift car Main dimensions for shaft, car and machine room]
- NS 836 [52-12] Personheiser Maskinrom på topp og movekt på side av kupe (1 page A4)
  [Lifts (elevators) Machine room on top floor and counterweight on side of car]

Part 5.10 NORWA	$\frac{NY}{N}$ - (Continued)
NS 837 [52-12]	Vare- og personheiser - Alminnelige dimensjoneringsregler <u>for sjakter</u> (1 page A4) [Lifts (elevators) for goods and passengers - Main di- mensions of lift well]
NS 1130. Del 1 [67-02] (Part 1)	Innvendige dører av tre - Mål på glatte dører uten overfals (Midlertidig) (2 pages A4)  [Interior wooden doors - Dimensions for flush, non-rebated doos (Interim)]
NS 1130. Del 2 [68-01] (Part 2)	Innvendige dører av tre - Mål for baderomsdører (Midlertidig) (3 pages A4)  [Interior wooden doors - Dimensions for bathroom doors (Interim)]
NS 1458 [67-10]	Vinduer og vindusdører av tre - Utvendige karmmål UJF med fylling og utvendig panel (4 pages A4) [External dimensions for wooden windows and French door frames]
NS 3000 [67-06]	Teglstein (7 pages A4) [Clay bricks] Includes modular format.
NS 3012 [68-05]	Betonghullblokk (4 pages A4) [Hollow concrete blocks]
NS 3014 [68-05]	Fasadestein av betong (4 pages A4) [Facing concrete bricks]
NS 3015 [68-05]	Forskalingsblokk (4 pages A4) [Formwork concrete block]
NS 3016 [70-08]	Gassbetong (trykkherdet lettbetong) - Blokker for liming (7 pages A4) [Lightweight cellular concrete blocks (Autoclaved aerated concrete)]
NS 3017 [70-08]	Lettklinkerbetong - Blokk for muring (7 pages A4) [Lightweight aggregate concrete building blocks]
NS 3019 [70-10]	Tak- og gulvelelementer av gassbetong (trykkherdet lettbetong) (8 pages A4) [Roof and floor units - Lightweight cellular concrete]
NS 3020 [70-10]	Liggende veggelelementer av gassbetong (trykkherdet lettbetong) (3 pages A4) [Horizontal wall units - Lightweight cellular concrete]
NS 3021 [70-10]	Isolajonselementer av gassbetong (trykkherdet lettbetong) (3 pages A4) [Insulation units - Lightweight cellular concrete (Autoclaved aerated concrete)]

NS 3025 [69-07]

Treullcementplater (Midlertidig) (8 pages A4)
[Wood wool slabs (Interim)]

# Part 5. NORWAY - (Continued)

- NS 3061 [71-02] Servanter Dimensjoner og krav (3 pages A4)

  [Wash basins Dimensions and requirements]
- NS 3440 [74-10] <u>Takbærere Mål, merking</u> (4 pages A4) [Roofs Loadbearing units Dimensions]

# Drawing Practice:

NS 3035 [70-11] <u>Byggetegninger - Grumnregler</u> (23 pages A4) [Building drawings - Basic rules]

#### Part 5.11 PORTUGAL

Direcção-Geral de Qualidade [DGQ]
Serviço de Normalização
Rua José Estêvão, 83-A
1199 Lisboa
Portugal

Information Source: Catálogo das Normas Portuguesas 1975; Centro de Normalização Lista Numérica 1975-76 and 1977;

The following Portuguese Standard [NP] on modular coordination in building was issued in 1956 by the Repartição de Normalização [IGPAI], Lisboa, Portugal:

NP 88 - 1956 Modulação das construções - Directivas fundamentais

#### Part 5.12 SPAIN

Instituto Nacional de Racionalizacion y Normalización [IRANOR] Zurbano 46 Madrid 10 Spain/España

Information Source: IRANOR Catálogo Provisional de Normas UNE 1978;

NBS Collection of National/International Standards

There are no Spanish Standards (UNE - Una Norma Española) dealing directly with the principles or application of modular coordination in building, but a number of UNE standards include product dimensions which fit with preferences used in a modular building environment.

UNE	24	007	(3.51)	Azulejos para revestir paredes
UNE	24	017	(11.54)	Escaleras de madera de peldaños altos y tramos rectos, para viviendas
UNE	24	018	(11.54)	Escaleras de madera de peldaños bajos y tramos rectos, para viviendas
UNE	24	019	(11.54)	Escaleras de madera de tramos rectos y peldaños altos, con los últimos en abanico, para viviendas
UNE	24	020	(11.54)	Escaleras de madera de tramos rectos y peldaños bajos, con los últimos en abanico, para viviendas
UNE	24	021	(11.54)	Escaleras de madera de peldaños altos, con los superiores en abanico, para viviendas
UNE	24	022	(11.54)	Escaleras de madera de peldaños bajos, con los superiores en abanico, para viviendas
UNE	41	004	(7.55)	Calidades y medidas de los ladrillos de arcilla cocida
UNE	41	007	(10.52)	Calidades y medidas de las planchas lisas y onduladas de amianto-cemento
UNE	41	026	(1.55)	Pizarra para cubiertas
UNE	41	061	(7.55)	Ladrillos sílico-calcáreos

### Part 5.13 SWEDEN

Standardiseringskommissionen i Sverige [SIS]

Tegnérgatan 11

Box 3295

S-103 66 Stockholm Sweden/Sverige

Technical Committees: BST/RG 1 Modular Coordination

Secretariat: Byggstandardiseringen [BST] (The Building Division of SIS)

Information Sources:

Reply from Standardiseringskommissionen i Sverige (Swedish Standards Institution), prepared by BST: Register over Svensk Standard 1979 - SIS: and. NBS Collection of National/International Standards

Swedish standards are issued in Swedish with English subtitles. A number of Swedish standards are also translated into English, either as bilingual editions, or in separate editions. Some standards are also issued in French or German translations.

English translations are available for documents marked with an asterisk (\*); English/French translations with a double asterisk (\*\*).

Swedish standards issued since January 1978 use the prefix SS; earlier standards are prefixed SIS.

The following Swedish standards deal with modular co-ordination in building:

SIS 05 01 00 (1975)	Modulkoordinering - Terminologi (6 pages A4)
2nd Edition **	[Modular co-ordination - Vocabulary]

- SIS 05 01 01 (1975) Modulkoordinering - Principer och regler 3rd Edition (6 pages A4) [Modular co-ordination - Principles and rules]
- SIS 05 01 02 (1972) Modulsamordning - Regler för modulprojektering (5 pages A4) 2nd Edition \* [Modular co-ordination - Rules for modular planning]
- SIS 05 01 03 (1972) Modulsamordning - Våningshöjder (1 page A4) [Modular co-ordination - Storey heights] 1st Edition \*
- SIS 05 01 04 (1975) Modulkoordinering - Hallbyggnader - Horisontala stommått (3 pages A4) 2nd Edition [Modular co-ordination - Industrial buildings -Horizontal sizes for loadbearing structure]
- Modulkoordinering Hallbyggnader Vertikala mått SIS 05 01 05 (1975) 2nd Edition för ytterväggar (2 pages A4) [Modular co-ordination - Industrial buildings -Vertical sizes of external walls]

Part 5.13 SWE	FDFN - (	Continued)
SIS 05 01 16		Modulsamordning - Undertak - Horisontala mått (3 pages A4) [Modular co-ordination - Suspended ceilings - Horizontal dimensions]
SIS 05 01 17	(1973)	Modulsamordning - Inredning (3 pages A4) [Modular co-ordination - Fittings]
SIS 05 01 18	(1975)	Modulkoordinering - Installationer (4 pages A4) [Modular co-ordination - Services and Drainage]
The following	g Swedis	h standards deal with tolerances in building:
SIS 05 02 11	(1971)	Byggtoleranser - Toleransvidder (1 page A4) [Tolerances for building - Series of tolerance widths]
SIS 05 02 12	(1974)	Byggtoleranser - Toleranssystem (11 pages A4) [Tolerances for building - Tolerance system]
SIS 05 02 13	(1974)	Byggtoleranser - Samspel mellan toleranser (4 pages A4) [Tolerances for building - Interaction among tolerances]
SIS 05 02 14	(1974)	Byggtolersnser - Samspel mellan toleranser - Formler Anvisningar (29 pages A4)  [Tolerances for building - Interaction formulas]
SIS 05 02 15	(1974)*	Byggtoleranser - Terminologi (10 pages A4) [Blerances for building - Terminology] (The English edition has 7 pages A4)
SS 05 02 16	(1978)	Byggtoleranser - Krav och redovisning (5 pages A4) [Tolerances for building - Requirements and results]
SIS 05 05 01	(1973)	<u>Toleranser - Grundläggande terminologi</u> (5 pages A4) [Basic terminology on tolerances (general)]
		h standards deal with modular elements, assemblies, se in building:
SIS 05 03 10	(1975)	Måttsättningsprinciper för installationer i <u>byggnader</u> (4 pages A4) [Dimensioning - Services and drainage]
SIS 05 03 20	(1974)	Takbärare - Grundläggande mått (3 pages A4) [Roofs - Loadbearing components - Basic sizes]
SIS 22 01 10	(1972)	Mursten - Modulformat - Grundläggande mått (1 page A4) [Modular bricks - Basic sizes]

D = ==		10	CITIE	EDEN (	Cantinua 1)
rar	LJ	•T2	SWI	LDEN - (	Continued)
SIS	22	01	11	(1975)	Mursten - Generella fordringar - Provning (7 pages A4) [Bricks - General requirements - Testing] Includes nominal dimensions for modular and other brick sizes.
SIS			51 diti	(1976) Lon	Lättbetongprodukter - Lättklinkerblock for murning (3 pages A4) [Lightweight aggregate concrete - Building blocks]
SIS	23	42	05	(1973)	Plywoodskivor - Mått och form (3 pages A4) [Plywood - Sizes and form]
SIS	23	48	01	(1968)	<u>Spånskivor</u> (8 pages A4) [Particle boards]
SIS	23	51	11	(1975)	<u>Träfiberskivor - Fordringar</u> (4 pages A4) [Fibre building boards - Requirements]
SIS	27	11	10	(1972)	Skivor - Grundläggande mått (1 page A4) [Sheets (boards) - Basic sizes]
SIS	27	11	11	(1972)	Profilerade skivor - Delningar (1 page A4) [Profiled sheets (boards) - Pitch]
SS	76	35	01	(1979)	Hissar - Typer och storlekar (2 pages A4) [Lifts (elevators) - Types and sizes]
SIS	80	00	10	(1976)	Inredning för förskolor och fritidshem - Översikt (4 pages A4) [Furnishing and fittings for nursery schools - Summary]
SIS	80	00	20	(1976)	Inredning för sjukvårdsbyggnader - Översikt av standarder - Allmänna bestämmelser (10 pages A4) [Furnishing and fittings for hospitals - Summary of Swedish standards - General requirements]
SIS	81	20	07	(1973)	Lättbetongprodukter - Liggande väggelement - Grund- läggande mått (1 page A4) [Lightweight concrete - Horizontal wall components Basic sizes]
SIS	81	20	80	(1973)	Lättbetongprodukter - Takelement - Grundläggande mått (1 page A4) [Lightweight concrete - Roof components - Basic sizes]
SIS	81	20	09	(1973)	Lättbetongprodukter - Bjälklagselement - Grund- läggande mått (1 page A4) [Lightweight concrete - Floor components - Basic sizes]
SIS	81	20	50	(1975)	Bjälklags- och innerväggselement - Grundläggande mått (1 page A4) [Floor components and interior wall components - Basic sizes]

Part	5.13	SWEDEN	-	(Continued)
------	------	--------	---	-------------

SIS 81 21 01 (1971)	Sandwichelement av betong. Mått ( pages A4) [Concrete sandwich panels - Dimensions]
SIS 81 21 02 (1973)	Lättbetongprodukter - Liggande väggelement av porbetong - Mått (2 pages A4) [Autoclaved aerated concrete - Horizontal wall com- ponents - Sizes]
SIS 81 21 04 (1973)	Lättbetongprodukter - Stående, bärande väggelement av porbetong - Mått (3 pages A4) [Autoclaved aerated concrete - Vertical loadbearing wall components - Sizes]
SIS 81 22 01 (1975)	Lättbetongprodukter - Liggande väggelement av lätt- klinkerbetong - Mått (2 pages A4) [Lightweight aggregate concrete - Horizontal wall components - Sizes]
SIS 81 22 02 (1975)	Lättbetongprodukter - Takelement av lättklinker- betong - Mått (2 pages A4) [Lightweight aggregate concrete - Roof components - Sizes]
SIS 81 22 03 (1975)	Lättbetongprodukter - Bjälklagselement av lätt- klinkerbetong - Mått (2 pages A4) [Lightweight aggregate concrete - Floor components - Sizes]
SIS 81 24 01 (1972)	Bjälklagselement av betong - Grundläggande mått (1 page A4) [Concrete floor slabs - Basic sizes]
SIS 81 24 02 (1974) 2nd Edition	Bjälklagselement av betong med plan översida och undersida – Mått och form (4 pages A4)  [Concrete floor slabs with plane upper and lower surfaces – Dimensions and form]
SIS 81 24 03 (1974) 2nd Edition	Bjälklagselement av betong med TT-format tvärsnitt - Mått och form (3 pages A4) [Concrete double-T floor slabs - Dimensions and form]
SIS 81 24 07 (1973)	Lättbetong rodukter - Takelement av porbetong - Mått (2 pages A4) [Autoclaved aerated concrete - Roof components - Sizes]
SIS 81 24 08 (1973)	Lättbetongprodukter - Bjälklagselement av porbetong - Mått (2 pages A4) [Autoclaved aerated concrete - Floor components - Sizes]
SIS 81 26 01 (1970)	<u>Tvärmått för rektangulära betongpelare</u> (2 pages A4) [Cross-sectional dimensions of rectangular concrete columns]

Part 5.13 SWEDEN - (	Continued)
SIS 81 26 02 (1971)	Tvärmått för rektangulära betongbalkar (2 pages A4) [Cross-sectional dimensions of rectangular concrete beams]
SIS 81 26 03 (1973)	Flänsbalkar av betong - Tvärmått (2 pages A4) [Flanged concrete beams - Cross-sectional dimensions]
SIS 81 32 01 (1974) 2nd Edition	Trappor - Terminologi (3 pages A4) [Stairs - Terminology] Includes titles of terms in English.
SIS 81 32 21 (1967)	Trappor - Trappelement med bärande kupa för tvåloppstrappa - Mått (4 pages A4)  [Stairs - Prefabricated stair units carried by slabs, for one-landing floor-to-floor staircases - Dimensions]
SIS 81 32 22 (1967)	Trappor - Trappelement med bärande vangstycken för tvåloppstrappa - Mått (2 pages A4)  [Stairs - Prefabricated stair units carried by strings for one-landing floor-to-floor staircases - Dimensions]
SIS 81 34 05 (1973)	Balkongplan och loftgångsplan - Grundläggande mått (2 pages A4) [Balcony floors - Coordinating sizes]
SIS 81 34 06 (1973)	Betongelement för balkongplan och loftgångsplan - Tillverkningsmått och detaljer (4 pages A4) [Concrete balcony floor slabs - Work sizes and details]
SIS 81 61 01 (1973)	Lättbetongprodukter - Stående, icke bärande vägg- element av porbetong - Mått (2 pages A4) [Autoclaved aerated concrete - Vertical non-load- bearing wall components - Sizes]
SIS 81 70 51 (1972) 2nd Edition	Luckor av stål och metall - Sidhängda luckor - Grundläggande mått (1 page A4)  [Small stell and metal doors, hinged - Basic sizes]
SIS 81 70 52 (1971)	Dörrar - Sidhängda dörrar - Grundläggande mått (2 pages A4) [Hinged doors - Co-ordinating sizes]
SIS 81 70 54 (1974)	Garageportar - Grundläggande mått (2 pages A4) [Garage doors - Basic sizes]
SIS 81 70 55 (1974)	<u>Industriportar - Grundläggande mått</u> (2 pages A4) [Industrial doors - Basic sizes]
SIS 81 73 03 (1972)	<u>Dörrar - Lätta innerdörrar av trä - Mått</u> (4 pages A4) [Light wooden doorsets - Sizes]

Par	t 5.13	SI	WEDEN -	(Continued)
SIS	81 73	04	(1973)	Dörrar - Innerdörrar av trä med glasöppning - Mått (4 pages A4) [Wooden doorsets with glazed openings - Sizes]
SIS	81 73	05	(1973)	Dörrar - Innerdörrar av trä för särskilda funktionskrav - Mått (5 pages A4) [Wooden doorsets for special functional require- ments - Sizes]
SIS	81 73	07	(1974)	Dörrar - Karmar av trä för rumshöga dörrenheter (3 pages A4) [Wooden door frames for ceiling height sets]
SIS	81 73 2nd E		(1975) Lon	Ytterdörrar för lantbruksbyggnader (3 pages A4) [External doors for farm buildings]
SIS	81 73	24	(1977)	Dörrar - Dörrar för fredsanvändning i skyddsrum (5 pages A4) [Doors for shelters]
SIS	81 76 2nd E		(1972) Lon	Dörrar av stål och metall - Sidhängda dörrar och skjutdörrar - Mått (3 pages A4) [Steel and metal doors - Sizes]
SIS	81 76 2nd E		(1972) Lon	Luckor av stål och metall - Sidhängda luckor - Mått (2 pages A4) [Small steel and metal doors - Sizes]
SIS	81 76 2nd E		(1972) ion	Dörrar av stål och metall - Enkelslagdörrar för hisschakt - Mått - Hissfronter med enkelslagdörr - Mått (6 pages A4)  [Steel and metal doors for lift (elevator) wells - Sizes]
SIS	81 76	05	(1974)	Dörrar - Dörrkarmar av stål och metall (2 pages A4) [Steel and metal door frames]
SIS	81 80	50	(1969)	Fönstersnickerier - Fönster och fönsterdörrar med kopplade bågar - Grundläggande mått (3 pages A4) [Wooden window frames with coupled sashes - Basic sizes]
SIS	81 80	51	(1969)	Fönstersnickerier - Fönster och fönsterdörrar för isolerrutor - Grundläggande mått (2 pages A4) [Wooden window frames for sealed units - Basic sizes]
SIS	81 81	20	(1975)	Fönster för lantbruksbyggnader (1 page A4) [Windows for farm buildings]
SIS	81 82	10	(1972)	Släta beklädnadselement av armerad betong - Mått (3 pages A4) [Plane reinforced concrete cladding panels - Dimensions]

Par	t 5	.13	SWE	EDEN - (	Continued)
SIS	82	21	08	(1971)	Badkar (2 pages A4) [Bath tubs]
SIS	82	21	09	(1971)	Duschkar (2 pages A4) [Shower bath tubs]
SS	82	30	41	(1979)	Inredning för bostäder - Diskbänkbeslag - Översikt och allmänna bestämmelser ( pages A4) [Furnishing and fittings for housing - Sinks - Summary and general requirements]
SIS	82	30	52	(1973)	Inredning för bostäder - Tvättbänksbeslag och tvättlådor - Storlekar (1 page A4)  [Furnishing and fittings for housing - Clothes washing sinks and bowls (tubs) - Overall sizes]
SIS	82	30	53	(1973)	Inredning för bostäder - Tvättbänksbeslag och tvättlådor - Mått och allmänna bestämmelser (3 pages A4) [Furnishing and fittings for housing - Clothes washing sinks and bowls (tubs) - Dimensions and general requirements]
SIS	82	30	56	(1976)	Inredning för förskolor och fritidshem - Diskbänks- beslag JM 18 (1 page A4) [Furnishing and fittings for nursery schools - Sink]
SIS	82	30	58	(1976)	Inredning för sjukvårdsbyggnader - Diskbänksbeslag - Sköljlåda (1 page A4) [Furnishing and fittings for hospitals - Sink]
SIS	82	30	59	(1976)	Inredning för sjukvårdsbyggnader - Diskbänksbeslag med en disklåda (1 page A4) [Furnishing and fittings for hospitals - Sink]
SIS	82	30	60	(1976)	Inredning för sjukvårdsbyggnader - Diskbänksbeslag med två dislådor (1 page A4) [Furnishing and fittings for hospitals - Double sink]
SIS			01 liti	(1972) Lon	<u>Luftdon - Ytterväggsgaller med fästram</u> (2 pages A4) [Framed external wall gratings]
SIS	82	71	02	(1972)	<u>Luftdon - Ytterväggsgaller utan fästram</u> (2 pages A4) [External wall gratings]
SIS	82	72	07	(1975)	Ventilationskanaler av plåt - Kanaldetaljer - Koordineringsmått (16 pages A4)  [Ventilating sheet metal ducts - Duct components - Co-ordinating sizes]
SIS	83	34	10	(1974)	Fönsterbänkar - Grundläggande mått (2 pages A4) [Window boards - Basic sizes]
SS	83	41	27	(1979)	Inredning för bostäder - Grundläggande mått (2 pages A4) [Furnishing and fittings for housing - Co-ordinating sizes]

rait J.13 SWEDEN - (	Olic Linaca)
SS 83 41 28 (1979)	Inredning för bostäder - Skåp - Översik och
	allmänna bestämmelser (8 pages A4)

Down F 12 SWEDEN (Continued)

[Furnishing and fittings for housing-Storage units-Summary and general requirements]

- SIS 91 11 00 (1976) Trappor Trappelement Inplaceringsregler
  (4 pages A4)
  [Stairs Rules for the location of stair components]
- SIS 91 11 01 (1976) Trappor Trappelement Grundläggande mått
  (3 pages A4)
  [Stairs Stair components Basic sizes]
- SS 94 21 01 (1978)

  2nd Edition

  Elinstallationer i bostadshus Uttag och andra
  anslutningspunkter för el och tele (6 pages A4)
  [Electrical installations in dwellings Socket
  outlets and other connection points for electrical
  supply and telecommunication]
- SIS 94 21 41 (1977)

  Ljusarmaturer Lysrörsarmaturer samordnade med undertak Grundläggande mått (3 pages A4)

  [Tubular fluorescent lamps co-ordinated with false ceilings Basic sizes]

### Part 5.14 SWITZERLAND

Schweizerische Normen-Vereinigung [SNV] Kirchenweg 4 CH-8032 Zürich Switzerland/Schweiz

Swiss standards, designated SN (Schweizerische Normen), are issued by a number of standards writing organizations which have united in SNV. The standards for the building and construction industry are prepared by:

CRB - Schweizerische Zentralstelle für Baurationalisierung Seefeldstrasse 214 CH-8008 Zürich

<u>SIA</u> - Schweizerischer Ingenieur- und Architekten-Verein Selnaustrasse 16 CH-8039 Zürich

Technical Committees: Modular Co-ordination (including Dimensional

Co-ordination
Secretariat: CRB
Tolerances and Joints
Secretariat: SIA

Information Sources: Reply from Swiss Centre for Building Rationaliza-

tion [CRB];

NBS Collection of National/International Standards.

CRB/SNI standards are issued in three-language editions: German, French, and Italian.

# Swiss Standards Dealing With Modular Coordination in Building:

SN 501 500 (1978)	Modulordnung im Hochbau - Begriffe (7 pages A4)
	[Modular co-ordination in building - Terms and
	Definitions

- SN 501 501 (1978) Modulordnung im Hochbau Grundlagen (15 pages A4)
  [Modular co-ordination in building Principles]
- SN 501 414 (1979)

  Masstoleranzen im Bauwesen Begriffe, Grundsätze,
  und Anwendungsregeln (16 pages A4)

  [Dimensional tolerances in building construction Terms, principles and rules for application]
- SN 502 500 (1978) Modulordnung im Hochbau Symbole (8 pages A4)
  [Modular co-ordination in building Symbols]
- SN 520 510 (1979) Modulordnung im Hochbau Horizontale Koordination
  (16 pages A4)
  [Modular co-ordination in building Horizontal co-ordination]

# Part 5.14 SWITZERLAND (Continued)

Sì	N 520	511	(1979)	Modulordnung im Bauwesen - Vertikale Koordination (12 pages A4) [Modular co-ordination in building construction - Vertical co-ordination]
Sì	V 521	611	(1979)	Modulordnung im Bauwesen - Sanitäranlagen im Wohnungsbau: Hygieneräume (19 pages A4) [Modular co-ordination in building construction - Rooms for hygiene and body care in dwellings]
Sì	V 521	614	(1979)	Modulordnung im Wohnungsbau - Reihensanitärräume (20 pages A4) [Modular co-ordination in housing construction - Sanitary facilities in rows for collective use]
Sì	544	500	(1970)	Abmessungen von keramischen Wandplatten (7 pages A4) [Dimensions of ceramic wall tiles]
Sì	545	600	(1979)	Modulordnung im Bauwesen - Türen: Begriffe (12 pages A4) [Modular co-ordination in building construction - Doors: Terms and definitions]
Sì	1 545	601	(1979)	Modulordnung im Bauwesen - Wandöffnungen für Türen (8 pages A4) [Modular co-ordination in building construction - Structural reveals (wall openings) for doors]
Sì	1 545	602	(1979)	Modulordnung im Bauwesen - Türrahmen und Türblätter (16 pages A4) [Modular co-ordination in building construction - Door frames and door leaves]

### Part 5.15 TURKEY

Turkish Standards Institution (Türk Standardlari Enstitüsü) [TSE]
Necatibey Caddesi 112
Bakanliklar
Ankara
Turkey

Technical Committee: Engineering Services Working Group of TSE

Information Sources: Reply from Turkish Standards Institution;
1978 Türk Standardlari Kataloğu;
NBS Collection of National/International Standards.

Turkish Standards are issued in the Turkish language, with subtitles in English.

### Turkish standards [TS] Dealing With Modular Co-ordination in Building:

- TS 2014:1975.04 Modüler Koordinasyon Temel Modül

  [Modular co-ordination Basic module]

  References ISO 1006-1973 and has same title.
- TS 2015:1975.04

  Modüler Koordinasyon Yatay Koordinasyon Boyutlari İçin
  "Büyük Modüller"

  [Modular co-ordination Multimodules for horizontal coordinating dimensions]

  References ISO 1040-1973 and has same title.
- TS 2016:1975.04 Modüler Koordinasyon Konutlar İçin Kat Yükseklileri ve Hacim Yükseklikleri
  [Modular co-ordination Storey heights and room heights for residential buildings]
  References ISO 1789-1973 and has same title.
- TS 2017:1975.04 Modüler Koordinasyon Terimler
  [Modular co-ordination Vocabulary]
  References ISO 1791-1973 and has same title.
- TS 2018:1975.04 Modüler Koordinasyon İç ve Diş Kapilar İçin Koordinasyon
  Boyutlari
  [Modular co-ordination Co-ordinating sizes for door
  sets External and internal]
  References ISO 2776-1974 and has same title.
- TS 2019:1975.04

  Modüler Koordinasyon Binalarda Kullanilan Düz, Rijid
  Levha ve Panolar İçin Koordinasyon Boyutlari
  [Modular co-ordination Co-ordinating sizes for
  rigid flat sheet boards used in building]
  References ISO 2777-1974 and has same title.
- TS 2020:1975.04 Modüler Koordinasyon İlkeler ve Kuraller
  [Modular co-ordination Principles and rules]
  References ISO 2848-1974 and has same title.

### Part 6.1 BULGARIA

State Committee for Standardization [DKC]

at the Council of Ministers

21, 6th September Str.

Sofia Bulgaria

Information Source: NBS collection of National/International Standards

Bulgarian Standards [BDS] are issued in the Bulgarian language and in the Cyrillic alphabet. They have subtitles in Russian and English.

The following standards deal with modular coordination in building:

БЛС 61-70 Ж02

Модулна координация на размерите в сградо-[BDS 61-70] строителството. Основни положения (заменя

БДС 61-64) (14 pages 204 x 288 mm)

Modulna koordinatsija na razmerite v sgrado-stroitelstvoto. Osnovni polozheniya (zamenya BDC 61-64) [Modular coordination of dimensions in building construction. General positions]

БИС 5943-66

[BDS 5943-66]

Параметри на оборудването, съгласувани с единната модулна система в строителството.

Терминология (2 pages 208 x 288 mm)

Parametri na oborudvaneto, s'glasuvani s edinnata modulna sistema v stroitelstvoto. Terminologiya. [Parameters of the equipment conciliated with the unified module (modular) system in the building]

БДС 8270-70 [BDS 8270-70]

Модулна координация на размерите в сградостроителството. Терминология.

Modulna koordinatsija na razmerite v sgrado-stroitelstvoto. Terminologiya.

(3 pages 144 x 209 mm)

[Modular coordination of the dimensions in the construction of buildings - Terminology]

# Part 6.2 CZECHOSLOWAKIA

<u>Úřad pro normalizaci a měření</u> [CSN] [Office for Standards and Measurements] Václavské náměsti 19 113 47 Praha 1 Czechoslowakia

Information Sources: Reply from Úřad pro normalizaci a měření (the Czechoslowak member body of ISO);

Seznam československých státních a oborových norem

a norem RVHP [1] & [2]; 1.1.1978

Czechoslovak Standards [ČSN] are issued in the Czech language. English translations have been provided by CSN. Standards marked (r) are at present under review.

- ČSN 73 0005 [1974] Modulová koordinace a unifikace rozměrů ve výstavbě [Modular coordination and unification of dimensions in building construction] (r)
- ČSN 73 0010 [1961] Úchylky a tolerance ve výstavbě

  \* a 8.71 (Amendment a--1971)

  [Deviations and tolerances in construction] (r)
- ČSN 73 0420 [1971] Vytyčovací odchylky stavebnictví--Základní ustanovení
  [Staking-out deviations in building--fundamental stipulations] (r)
- ČSN 73 0421 [1971] Vytyčovací odchylky stavebnich objektů s prostorovou skladbou
  [Staking-out deviations of buildings and structures with spatial composition] (r)
- ČSN 73 2105 [1978]

  Navrhování geometrické přesnosti stavebních soustav

  a budov (návrh)

  [Designing of geometrical precision of building systems and buildings (Draft ČSN)]

### Part 6.3 GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC

Ministerrat der Deutschen Demokratischen Republik Amt für Standardisierung, Meβwesen und Warenprüfung Berlin DDR

Responsible Organization: Bauakademie der Deutschen Demokratischen

Republik, Institut für Projektierung und

Standardisierung [BA/IPS]

1125 Berlin Plauener Straße

DDR

Information Sources: Reply from Bauakademie der Deutschen

Demokratischen Republik; TGL Verzeichnis

Staatlicher Standards der DDR.

DDR Standards are published in German.

### DDR Standards Dealing With Modular Coordination in Building:

TGL 8471 [12.67] Maβordnung im Bauwesen - Grundbestimmungen
[Modular coordination in building; Principles]

TGL 8472 [12.67] Gebäude - Systemlinien, Systemmaße, Baurichtmaße
[Buildings; Reference lines, reference dimensions; nominal dimensions]

# DDR Standards Dealing With Tolerances in Building:

TGL 7255/01

[10.60] Maβtoleranzen im Bauwesen - Begriffe, Grundtoleranzen,
Anwendung, Prüfung
[Dimensional tolerances in building; Definitions,
basic tolerances, application, testing]

TGL 7255/02

[10.60] Maßtoleranzen im Bauwesen - Zuordnung von Bauteilen,
und Fertigungsverfahren sowie Meßverfahren
[Dimensional tolerances in building; Relation of
components to production and measuring processes]

TGL 9239/01

[10.60] Maβtoleranzen im Bauwesen - Fenster- und Türöffnungen,
Treppenlöcher, Geschoβ- und Podesthöhen.

[Dimensional tolerances in building; Window and door openings, stair openings, storey and landing heights]

TGL 12864/01 Maβtoleranzen im Bauwesen - Baupassungen; Begriffe,
[04.63] Berechnung, Baupaβsystem.

[Dimensional tolerances in building; Fits; Definitions, calculation, system of fits]

TGL 12864/02 Maβtoleranzen im Bauwesen - Baupassungsauswahl-Tabellen
[04.63] [Dimensional tolerances in building; Selection tables
of fits]

# Part 6.3 GERMAN DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC (Continued)

- TGL 12873 [06.62] Maβtoleranzen im Bauwesen Fertigteile aus Beton und Stahlbeton [Dimensional tolerances in building; Precast concrete components]
- TGL 12875 [02.72] Maβtoleranzen im Bauwesen Fertigteile aus Gips und Anhydrit
  [Dimensional tolerances in building; Precast gypsum components]

### Part 6.4 HUNGARY

Magyar Szabvànyügyi Hivatal [MSZH] [Hungarian Office for Standardization] Postafiòk 24 1450 Budapest 9 Hungary/Magyarorszàg

Technical Committee: Technical Committee of MSZH--Source: CMEA

Information Sources: Reply from Director of International Relations

Department, Hungarian Office for Standardization;

MSZ Szabványjegyzék 1979.

Hungarian Standards [MSZ] are issued in the Hungarian language. English translations were provided by the Hungarian Office for Standardization.

The following Hungarian Standards deal with modular co-ordination in building:

MSZ 7651-74

Az épitési modul alapelvei (2 pages)

[Modular co-ordination. Principles of co-ordination]

MSZ 7652-74 <u>Az épitési modul terminològiàja</u> (6 pages) [Modular co-ordination. Terminology]

MSZ 7653-74 Az épitési modul alkalmazàsi elöiràsai (19 pages)
[Modular co-ordination. General rules of application]

MSZ 7654-74 Az épitési modul méretsorok (7 pages)
[Modular co-ordination. Series of modular sizes]

MSZ 7655-67

<u>Épitési modul. Üzemi technològiai berendezések méreteinek modulkoordinàlàsa. Alapfogalmak</u> (2 pages)

[Building module and the modular co-ordination of the dimensions of plant technology equipment. Fundamental definitions]

MSZ 7656-74

Nyllàszàrò szerkezetek modulméretei (4 pages)
[Modular co-ordination. Modular sizes of doors and windows]

MSZ 7658/1-65 Épitöipari mérettürések terminòlogiàja (5 pages)
[Terminology of tolerances in the building industry]

MSZ 7658/2-67 Épitöipari mérettürések alapelvei (5 pages)
[Principles of tolerances in the building industry]

MSZ 7659-65 Épitési modul. Ipari épületek fő méretei (10 pages)
[Modular co-ordination. Main dimensions of industrial buildings]

MSZ 7660-66 Épitési modul. Mezögazdasàgi épületek fő méretei (4 pages)
[Modular co-ordination. Main dimensions of agricultural buildings]

# Part 6.4 HUNGARY - (Continued)

- MSZ 7680/1-76

  Modulkoordinàciò az épitészetben, szerkezettervezés 
  A modulkoordinàciò àttekintése (3 pages)

  [Modular co-ordination in building, structural design.

  The survey of modular co-ordination]
- MSZ 7680/2-76

  Modulkoordinàciò az épitészetben, szerkezettervezés Szàmsorok, méretkombinàciòk (17 pages)

  [Modular co-ordination in building, structural design.
  Number series, dimension combination]
- MSZ 7680/3-76

  Modulkoordinàciò az épitészetben, szerkezettervezés Épületek szerkesztése modulkoordinàlt szerkezeti
  elemekből (14 pages)

  [Modular co-ordination in building, structural design.
  The construction of buildings with modular co-ordinated structural elements]
- MSZ 7680/4-76

  Modulkoordinàciò az épitészetben, szerkezettervezés 
  Szerkezeti teherhordò elemek kapcsolatai (14 pages)

  [Modular co-ordination in building, structural design.

  Junctions between load-bearing structural elements]
- MSZ 7680/5-77 Modulkoordinàciò az épitészetben, szerkezettervezés 
  Szerkezeti, nem teherhordò elemek kapcsolatai (12 pages)

  [Modular co-ordination in building, structural design.

  Joints of non load-bearing structural elements]
- MSZ 7681/1-79 Modulkoordinàciò az épitészetben, könnyüszerkezetes épités Alkalmazàsi irànyelvek (11 pages)
  [Modular co-ordination in building, light-weight construction, Rules of application]
- MSZ 15182-76

  Vendéglàtòipari modulméretü berendezések fő méretei
  (7 pages)

  [Modular equipment for catering trade. Main dimensions]

### Part 6.5 POLAND

Polski Komitet Nomalizacji, Miar i Jakości [PKNiM] (Polish Committee of Standardization and Measures) 00-139 Warszawa/Warsaw ul. Elektoralna 2 Poland

Technical Committees: Polski Komitet Normalizacji, Miar i Jakości

Zespół Budownictwa, 00-139 Warszawa, Poland

Centralny Ośrodek Badawczo - Projektowy Budownictwa

0gólnego

Samodzielny Zespół do Spraw Normalizacji, 00-094 Warszawa, ul. Wierzbowa 9/11, Poland

Information Sources: Reply from Director, Polish Committee of Standard-

ization and Measures; Members of CIB W24/IMG;

1979 Katalog Polskich Norm (Part VII)

Polish national standards are issued in the Polish language. Translations have been provided by PKNiM. Some of the standards listed are under review, and revised versions are likely to be published in 1980.

The following Polish standards deal with modular coordination in building:

Part VII: Building Industry and Building Materials

Grupa VII 02. Normy obliczania i projektowania [Group VII 02. Calculating and designing standards]

- B-02352 (62) Koordynacja wymiarowa w budownictwie. Nazwy i określenia.
  (obow. od 1.8.63 r.)
  [Dimensional coordination in building Terminology]
- B-02353 (62) Koordynacja wymiarowa w budownictwie. Wartosci modularne.
  (obow. od 1.8.63 r.)
  [Dimensional coordination in building Modular values]
- B-02354 (62) Koordynacja wymiarowa w budownictwie. Zasady koordynacji modularnej i wymiarowania. (obow. od 1.8.63 r.)
  [Dimensional coordination in building Principles of modular coordination and of dimensioning]
- B-02355 (62) Koordynacja wymiarowa w budownictwie. Tolerancje wymiarów elementów budowlanych. Określenia, klasy dokładności i metody sprawdzania przy odbiorze (obow 1.12.63 r.)

  [Dimensional coordination in building Tolerances of dimensions of prefabricates Definitions, classes of accuracy, and methods of acceptance control]
- B-02356°(62) Koordynacja wymiarowa w budownictwie. Tolerancje wymiarów elementów budowlanych z betonów. (obow. 1.12.63 r.)
  [Dimensional coordination in building Tolerances of dimensions of concrete building components]

### Part 6.5 POLAND - (Continued)

- B-02358 (62) Koordynacja wymiarowa w bodownictwie. Oznaczenia tolerancji wymiarów elementów i tolerancji polożenia elementów na rysunkach (projekt PN)

  [Dimensional coordination in building Tolerances of dimensions and location of components Designation on drawings]
- Grupa VII 30. Klasyfikacja, nomenklatura i normy ogólne [Group VII 30. Classification, terminology and general standards]
- B-91002 (66) Stolarka budowlana. Okna i drzwi balkonowe. Zasadi ustalania wymiarów skoordynowanych modularnie. (obow. 1.1.76 r.)
  [Joinery in building Balcony windows and door casements Principles for establishment of modular dimensions]
- B-91003 (67)

  Stolarka budowlana. Drzwi. Zasady ustalania wymiarów skoordynowanych modularnie. (obow. 1.1.76 r.)

  [Joinery in building Doors Principles for establishment of modular dimensions]
- B-91004 (67)

  Budownictwo. Meble do wbudowania. Zasady wymiarowania

  modularnego. (obow. 1.1.68 r.)

  [Building Built-in fitments Principles of modular
  dimensioning]

### Part 6.6 ROMANIA

Institutul Român de Standardizare [IRS] Căsuta Postală 63-87 Bucarest 1

Romania

Romanian Standards [STAS] are issued in the Romanian language, with subtitles in English, French, and Russian.

The following standards deal with modular coordination and tolerances in building (Coordinarea modulara si tolerante si constructii):

- 8530/1-70

  Coordenarea modulară în construcții Terminologie
  (5 pages A4) [Înlocuiește STAS 6538-62]
  [Modular co-ordination in building construction Terminology]
  (Replaces STAS 6538-62)
  The revision of the standard resulted as a consequence of international activity, and this "Terminology' corresponds to ISO 1791.
- 8530/2-76 Coordenarea modulară în construcții Principii și reguli de proiectare [înlocuiește STAS 8530/2-70, Modulul de bază]
  [Modular co-ordination in building construction Principles and rules of design]
- 8530/3-70 Coordenarea modulară în construcții Multimoduli și dimensiuni modulare (4 pages A4)
  [Modular co-ordination in building construction Multimodules and modular dimensions]

  Provisions of standard correspond to ISO 1040 and ISO 1790.
- 5721-76

  Spaţii minime pentru amplasarea mobilierului în clădiri de locuit Dimensiumi [înlocuiește STAS 5721-68]

  [Minimum spaces for the placement of furniture in buildings Dimensions]
- Coordenarea modulară în constructii Deschideri, travee și înălțimi pentru hale industriale (6 pages A4) [Înlocuiește STAS 1686-52]
  [Modular co-ordination in building constructions Openings, spans and heights for industrial buildings]
- 4582-70 Coordenarea modulară în construcții Goluri pentru uși și ferestre Condiții generale (4 pages A4) [înlocuiește STAS 4582 -56]
  [Modular co-ordination in building constructions Openings for doors and windows General requirements]

# Part 6.6 ROMANIA (Continued)

- 4670-74 Modularea construcțiilor - Goluri pentru ușile și ferestrele clădirilor de locuit și social-culturale (5 pages A4) [Înlocuiește STAS 4670-66] [Modular co-ordination in buildings - Openings for doors and windows of residential and social and cultural buildings] 4671-74 Modularea construcțiilor - Goluri pentru ușile și ferestrele clădirilor industriale (4 pages A4) [Înlocuiește STAS 4671-67 si STAS 1760-561 [Modular co-ordination in buildings - Openings for doors and windows of industrial buildings] Dimensions of openings correspond to ISO 1040 and ISO 2776. 8226-68 Modulare construcțiilor - Goluri pentru ușile, porțile și ferestrele clădirilor agrozootehnice (2 pages A4) 8381-69 Construcții agrozootehnice - Deschideri și travee - Dimensiuni (2 pages A4) [Agricultural constructions - Openings and spans - Dimensions] 10579-76 Rosturi la fațadele clădirilor executate cu panouri mari prefabricate - Terminologie și clasificare 7009-70 Construcții civile, industriale și agricole - Sistemul ISO de toleranțe în construcții - Terminologie (8 pages A4) [Înlocuiește STAS 7009-64]
- [Civil, industrial and farm constructions System of tolerances for building construction Vocabulary]

  Corresponds integrally to ISO 1803.

  8600-70 Tolerante în construcții Sistem de toleranțe dimensionale

  (5 pages A4)
- (5 pages A4)
  [Tolerances in constructions System of dimensional tolerances]

  Corresponds partially to CMEA Recommendation 255-66.
- 10265-75 <u>Toleranțe în construcții Calitatea suprafețelor finisate -</u>
  Termeni și noțiumi de bază
- 10265/1-76 Toleranțe în construcții Toleranțe la suprafețele din beton aparent

# Part 6.7 U.S.S.R. (Union of Soviet Socialist Republics)

USSR State Committee for Standards [GOST]
(Gosudarstvennyj Komitet SSSR)
Leninsky Prospekt 9
Moskva 117049
USSR / CCCP

Information Source: NBS Collection of National/International Standards;
United Nations, Economic Commission for Europe [ECE]
(Publication: Dimensional Co-ordination in
Building - Current Trends and Policies in ECE
Countries (New York, 1974)

The following information has been extracted from page 32, of United Nations publication ECE/HBP/6 (1974), "Dimensional co-ordination in building - Current trends and policies in ECE countries," in the absence of more up-to-date information from the USSR:

#### USSR

The modular system for the co-ordination of dimensions in building is mandatory in the USSR. It is governed by the Construction Norms and Regulations approved by the State Construction Committee of the USSR, which have the force of law. The relevant chapters of the Construction Norms and Regulations in force at the present time are the following:

- II-A.4-62 "The Unified modular system in the building industry. Basic rules of design";
- I-A.3-62 "Application of the unified modular system to the dimensioning of prefabricated structural components and products".

The norms for the modular system are further defined in the following: "Instructions for the application of the modular system and for the standardization of volumetric planning parameters and structural components for residential and public buildings", Moscow, 1971;

"Instructions for the architectural design and modular co-ordination of components of box-unit buildings", Moscow, 1970;

"Basic rules concerning unification of the volumetric planning and structural design of industrial buildings", SN-223-62, Moscow, 1962.

The following USSR Standards [GOST], issued in Russian with subtitles in English, deal with a "System of ensuring geometrical accuracy in construction (СИСТЕМА ОБЕСПЕЧЕНИЯ ГЕОМЕТРИЧЕСКОЙ ТОЧНОСТИ В СТРОИТЕЛЬСТВЕ):

ГОСТ 21778-76

[GOST 21778-76]

ОСНОВНЫЕ ПОЛОЖЕНИЯ (9 pages 146 x 214 mm)
(Sistema obespecheniya geometricheskoy tochnosti v stroitel'stve - Osnovnye polozheniya)
[System of ensuring geometrical accuracy in construction - Main principles]

### Part 6.7 U.S.S.R. - (Continued)

#### ΓΟCT 21779-76

[GOST 21779 - 76]

### СИСТЕМА ОБЕСПЕЧЕНИЯ ГЕОМЕТРИЧЕСКОЯ ТОЧНОСТИ В СТРОИТЕЛЬСТВЕ

ТЕХНОЛОГИЧЕСКИЕ ДОПУСКИ ГЕОМЕТРИЧЕСКИХ ПАРАМЕТРОВ (Sistema obespecheniya geometricheskoy tochnosti v stroitel'stve - Tekhnologicheskie dopuski geometricheskikh parametrov)

System of ensuring geometrical accuracy in construction - Manufacturing and assembly tolerances of geometrical parameters]

#### FOCT 21780-76

СИСТЕМА ОБЕСПЕЧЕНИЯ ГЕОМЕТРИЧЕСКОЙ ТОЧНОСТИ В СТРОИТЕЛЬСТВЕ [GOST 21780 - 76] ОБЩИЕ ПРАВИЛА РАСЧЕТА ТОЧНОСТИ (9 pages 146 x 214 mm) (Sistema obespecheniya geometricheskoy tochnosti v stroitel'stve - Obshchie pravila rascheta tochnosti) [System of ensuring geometrical accuracy in construction - Common principles of inaccuracy claculation]

#### FOCT 23615-79

СИСТЕМА ОБЕСПЕЧЕНИЯ ГЕОМЕТРИЧЕСКОЙ ТОЧНОСТИ В СТРОИТЕЛЬСТВЕ [GOST 23615 - 79]\* СТАТИСТИЧЕСКИЙ АНАЛИЗ ТОЧНОСТИ (19 pages 146 x 214 mm) (Sistema obespecheniya geometricheskoy tochnosti v stroitel'stve - Statisticheskiy analiz tochnosti) [System of ensuring geometrical accuracy in construction - Statistical analysis of accuracy]

### FOCT 23616-79

[GOST 23616 - 79]\* ОБЩИЕ ПРАВИЛА КОНТРОЛЯ ТОЧНОСТИ (10 pages 146 x 214 mm) (Sistema obespecheniya geometricheskoy tochnosti v stroitel'stve - Obshchie pravila kontrolya tochnosti] (System of ensuring geometrical accuracy in construction - General rules for control of accuracy

СИСТЕМА ОБЕСПЕЧЕНИЯ ГЕОМЕТРИЧЕСКОЙ ТОЧНОСТИ В СТРОИТЕЛЬСТВЕ

\*bound together

### Part 6.8 YUGOSLAVIA

Jugoslovenski zavod za Standardizaciju [JZS]

Slobodana Penezića-Krcuna br. 35

Pošt. Pregr. 933 11000 Beograd

Yugoslavia

Information Source: 1978 JUS Katalog jugoslovenskih standarda; and,

dodatak katalogu jugoslovenskih standarda za 1978.

Godinu.

The following Yugoslav standards deal with modular coordination:

U.A9.001-1957 Jedinstvena modularna koordinacija u zgradarstvu

U.A9.004-1967 Spratna visina stambenih zgrada. Komponente i mere



### Part 7.1 EGYPT

Egyptian Organization for Standardization [EOS]

2, Latin America Street

Garden City

Cairo

Arab Republic of Egypt

Information Source: Reply from Chairman, Egyptian Organization for

Standardization

The standards referenced below are available only in Arabic.

ES 1292/1976 Concrete bricks and blocks

ES 140/1978 Cellular concrete building units

ES 633/1978 Asbestos cement flat and corrugated sheets

# Part 7.2 IRAQ

Iraqui Organization for Standards [IOS] Planning Board P.O. Box 13032 Baghdad Iraq

Information Source: Yearbook of Iraqui Standards 1978, published in English by the IOS Technical Service Department

The following Iraqi Standards deal with modular coordination in building:

IOS 766 - 1977 Modular coordination - Vocabulary

IOS 767 - 1977 Modular coordination - Basic module

IOS 768 -1977 Modular coordination - Coordination of door sets -External and internal

### Part 7.3 ISRAEL

### The Standards Institution of Israel [SII]

42, University Street

Tel Aviv 69977

Israel

Information Sources: Reply from Director, Standardization Division, SII;
NBS Collection of International/National Standards.

Original standards are issued in Hebrew, but English translations are available.

### Israeli Standards for Modular Co-ordination in Building

SI 617	(1978)	Modular co-o	rdination i	n	building:	Vocabulary	and
		principles	Replaces S	SI	617 (1966)	-1	

- SI 617-1 (1974) Modular co-ordination: Vertical dimensions in normal storeys of high and multistorey residential buildings [Revision of this standard is in preparation]
- SI 617-2 (1974) Modular co-ordination: Positioning of building parts and components: Design rules for walls, floors and partitions
- SI 617-3 (1979) Modular co-ordination: Dimensions of staircases
- SI 617-4 (1979) Modular co-ordination: Dimensions of precast concrete floor slab components

# Israeli Standards where Modular Co-ordination in Building is Used

SI 5	(1979)	Concrete	blocks	for	walls

- SI 6 (1979) Concrete flooring tiles
- SI 23.1-3 (1979) Flush wood doors
- SI 23.4-9 (1964) Glazed wood doors [amended 1971]
- SI 35 (1964) Wood door frames [amended 1971]
- SI 37 (1978) Plain plywood
- SI 42 (1976) Precast reinforced concrete steps
- SI 77 (1960) Wood windows, vertically hinged [amended 1971]
- SI 568 (1965) Wooden sliding doors [amended 1971]
- SI 612 (1966) Wooden windows, horizontally sliding, leaf on leaf [amended 1971]
- SI 613 (1966) Glazed wooden single leaf door, for veranda, sliding on the wall [amended 1971]
- SI 1068 (1979) Aluminium windows

### Part 7.4 JAPAN

Japanese Industrial Standards Committee [JISC] c/o Standards Department
Agency of Industrial Science and Technology
Ministry of International Trade and Industry
3-1, Kasumigaseki 1, Chiyodaku
Tokyo
Japan

Technical Committee: Architecture Council, JISC

Information Sources: Reply from Director, International Standards Office,

Standards Department, AIST/MITI; JIS Yearbook 1979 [English Edition]; and,

NBS Collection of National/International Standards.

Japanese Industrial Standards [JIS] are issued in Japanese with English subtitles. A large number of JISC standards have been translated into English, and these are marked with an asterisk (\*) below.

The following standards deal with modular coordination in building:

JIS A 0001-1963	Building module (*) (3 pages A4)
JIS A 0002-1966	Glossary of terms used in building module
JIS A 0003-1963	Basic tolerances for building components (*)
JIS A 0004-1964	Principles of modular co-ordination in buildings
JIS A 0005-1966	Standard nominal size of opening components for buildings
JIS A 0006-1966	Standard size of boards for buildings
JIS A 0007-1967	Standard nominal size of steel framed wall components for buildings
JIS A 0008-1967	Standard nominal size of steel framed roof components for buildings
JIS A 0009-1970	Nominal dimension of movable partition components for buildings
JIS A 0012-1976	Modular co-ordinating sizes of sanitary <mark>units for</mark> dwellings
JIS A 0013-1976	Modular co-ordinating sizes of kitchen units for dwellings
JIS A 0014-1976	Modular co-ordinating sizes of air conditioning unit for dwellings
JIS A 0015-1976	Modular co-ordinating sizes of piping unit for dwellings
JIS A 0016-1979	Modular coordination - Coordinating size of opening for built-in appliances in storage furniture

```
Part 7.4 JAPAN - (Continued)
JIS A 4410-1976
                 Sanitary unit for dwellings
JIS A 4411-1976
                 Kitchen unit for dwellings
JIS A 4412-1976
                 Air-conditioning unit for dwellings
JIS A 4413-1976
                 Piping unit for dwellings
JIS A 4414-1977
                 Inter-unit for dwellings
JIS A 4415-1977
                 Storage furniture for dwellings
JIS A 6501-1975
                 Building components (Concrete panel for wall)
JIS A 6503-1975
                 Building components (Steel panel for wall)
                 (16 pages A4) Contains modular dimensions of components
JIS A 6504-1975
                 Building components (Wood panel for wall)
JIS A 6505-1978
                 Building components (Concrete panel for floor)
JIS A 6506-1975
                 Building components (Wood panel for floor)
JIS A 6507-1975
                 Building components (Steel panel for floor) (*)
                 (13 pages A4) Contains modular dimensions of components
JIS A 6508-1975
                 Building components (Concrete panel for roof) (*)
                 (14 pages A4) Contains modular dimensions of components
JIS A 6509-1975
                 Building components (Wood panel for roof)
JIS A 6510-1975
                 Building components (Steel panel for roof)
                 (14 pages A4) Contains modular dimensions of components
Other Japanese Industrial Standards which include references to modular
dimensions:
JIS A 4301-1970
                 Size of car and hoistway of elevators (*)
                 (6 pages A4)
JIS A 4702-1977
                 Steel and aluminium doors
JIS A 4706-1979
                 Steel and aluminium windows (Sliding windows)
JIS A 4707-1976
                 Steel and aluminium windows (Projected windows)
JIS A 4708-1976
                 Sound insulation windows
JIS A 5207-1963
                 Sanitary wares (*)
JIS A 5209-1967
                 Clay tiles (*) (23 pages A4)
JIS A 5210-1975
                 Hollow clay building blocks
JIS A 5211-1977
                 Clay dry closets and urinals
JIS A 5304-1967
                 Sidewalk concrete flags (*)
JIS A 5401-1978
                 Cement roof tiles
JIS A 5402-1976
                 Pressed cement roof tiles (*)
JIS A 5406-1972
                 Hollow concrete blocks (*) (8 pages A4)
```

### Part 7.4 JAPAN - (Continued)

- JIS A 5413-1966 Asbestos-cement perlite board (\*)
- JIS A 5414-1967 Pulp cement boards (\*)
- JIS A 5415-1971 Terrazzo tiles (\*) (7 pages A4)
- JIS A 5418-1973 Autoclaved asbestos-cement calcium silicate boards (\*)
- JIS A 5705-1966 PVC floor tile (\*) (8 pages A4)
- JIS A 5902-1975 Tatami
- JIS A 6601-1979 Metal balcony and balcony components for dwellings
- JIS S 1010-1978 Standard size of writing desks for office
- JIS S 1021-1977 School desks and chairs (Class room)
- JIS S 1041-1975 Tables for conference (Office furniture)
- JIS S 1051-1978 Tables for reception (Office furniture)
- JIS S 1061-1975 Student desks for domestic use
- JIS S 1101-1976 Nominal dimensions of domestic beds
- JIS S 1104-1979 Bunk beds for domestic use

### Part 7.5 Republic of KOREA

Korean Bureau of Standards [KBS]
Industrial Advancement Administration
Yongdeungpo-Dong
Yongdeungpo-Ku
Seoul
Republic of Korea

Information Sources: Korean Industrial Standards [English Edition 1977];

NBS Collection of National/International Standards.

Korean Standards are issued in Korean, with English subtitles. Paper sizes vary, but are generally 190 x 260 mm. English translations exist for the Korean Standards marked with an asterisk (\*).

The following Korean Standards deal with modular co-ordination in building and modular sizes of building components:

- F 1503 1973 Principles of modular co-ordination in buildings (9 pages)
- F 1505 1971 Basic tolerances for building components (\*)
  (2 pages)
- F 1506 1971 Dimensions of elevator and passage (13 pages)
- F 1508 1971 Terminology for modular co-ordination in building (3 pages) Includes major terms in English
- F 1509 1971 Dimensioning of modular components for building (4 pages)
- F 1510 1971 Basic module for modular co-ordination in building (1 page)
- F 1511 1971 Preferred horizontal dimensions in building (2 pages)
- F 1512 1971 Multimodule for modular co-ordination in building (2 pages)
- F 1513 1973 Standard nominal dimension of wall components for building (4 pages)
- F 1514 1973 Standard nominal dimension of floor components for building (2 pages)
- F 1515 1973 Standard nominal dimension of wall opening for window and door components (5 pages)
- F 1516 1973 Standard nominal size of opening components for building (9 pages)
- F 1517 1973 Nominal dimension of movable partition components for buildings (12 pages)
- F 1518 1973 Standard size of boards for buildings ( 2 pages)

# Part 7.5 Republic of KOREA - (Continued)

Korean Standards which include products in modular dimensions:

F 3201 - 1976 Insulation fiberboards (\*)

F 3202 - 1976 Semi-hard fiberboards (\*)

F 3203 - 1976 Hard fiberboards (\*)

# Part 7.6 TAIWAN (Republic of China)

National Bureau of Standards Ministry of Economic Affairs 61-1, Sung-Chiang Road Taipei Taiwan 104 Republic of China

Technical Committee: Technical Committee on Civil Engineering and

Architecture

Secretariat: Department of Standards-Writing of

National Bureau of Standards

Information Sources: Reply from Director, Department of Standards-

Writing, National Bureau of Standards, Ministry of

Economic Affairs, Republic of China; Chinese National Standards Catalogue 1979; and, NBS Collection of National/International Standards.

Chinese National Standards [CNS] are issued in Chinese with subtitles in English. The standards marked (r) are in the process of being revised.

The following Chinese National Standards deal with modular co-ordination in building and modular sizes of building components:

CNS	2927 [A1010-11,1968] Revised 1973	Basis for coordination of dimensions of building materials with equipment (r)
CNS	3537 [A1012-11,1973]	Module rules for buildings (Planning modules) (1 page A4) (r)
CNS	3538 [A1013-2,1975]	Preferred horizontal dimensions for industrial buildings (5 pages A4) (r)
CNS	3539 [A1014-2,1975]	General rules for buildings (Application of tolerances (6 pages A4) (r)
CNS	4112 [A1015-3,1978]	Building module (2 pages A4)
CNS	4113 [A1016-6,1977]	Glossary of terms used in building module (3 pages A4) (Also shows terms in English)
CNS	4114 [A1017-6,1977]	Basic tolerances for building components (2 pages A4)
CNS	4115 [A1018-3,1978]	Principle of modular coordination in buildings (5 pages A4)
CNS	4347 [A1019-5,1978]	Standard nominal size of opening components for buildings $ \mbox{(9 pages A4)}$
CNS	4348 [A1020-5,1978]	Standard size of boards for buildings (2 pages A4)
CNS	4439 [A1021-7,1978]	Modular coordinating sizes of sanitary unit for

dwellings (5 pages A4)

# Part 7.6 TAIWAN (Republic of China) - (Continued)

- CNS 4440 [Al022-7,1978] Modular coordinating sizes of kitchen unit for dwellings (5 pages A4)
- CNS 4769 [A1023-4,1979] Modular coordinating sizes of air-conditioning unit for dwellings (7 pages A4)
- CNS 4770 [Al024-4,1979] Modular coordinating sizes of piping unit for dwellings (4 pages A4)

Chinese National Standards which include modular building components or materials:

- CNS 3092 [A2044-12,1975] Aluminium windows (Single and double sliding) (4 pages A4)
- CNS 3319 [R2065-1,1972]\* Common building bricks (Modular coordination)
- CNS 3802 [A2048-8,1975] Pulp cement board (2 pages A4)
- CNS 3803 [A2049-9,1975] Terrazzo tiles (2 pages A4)
- CNS 4458 [A2061-4,1979] Gypsum boards
- CNS 4460 [A2062-4,1979] Decorated gypsum boards
- CNS 4643 [A2063-11,1978] Gypsum 1ath boards
- CNS 4965 [A2070-9,1979] Perforated gypsum boards for acoustic use

#### Part 7.7 THAILAND

Thai Industrial Standards Institute [TISI]
Ministry of Industry

Rama VI Street

Bangkok 4

Technical Committee: TISI/TC 55, Construction Materials
Secretariat: Thai Industrial Standards Institute

Information Sources: Reply from Secretary-General, Thai Industrial

Standards Institute; Thai Standards 1979 Catalogue; NBS Collection of International/National Standards

Thai Industrial Standards are issued in the Thai language. English editions are available for standards marked with an asterisk (\*).

The following Thai Standards include modular and preferred dimensions of building products:

TIS 12-1971\* Asbestos-cement flat sheets (22 pages A5)

TIS 18-1971\* Asbestos-cement corrugated sheets [Amendment No.1, December 1974] ( pages A5)

TIS 36-1973\* Wall tile (20 pages A5)

TIS 37-1973\* Floor tile (20 pages A5)

TIS 38-1973\* Mosaic tile (14 pages A5)

TIS 57-1973\* Hollow load-bearing concrete masonry units ( pages A5)

TIS 58-1973\* Hollow non-load-bearing concrete masonry units (14 pages A5)

TIS 59-1973\* Concrete building brick (14 pages A5)

TIS 60-1973\* Solid load-bearing concrete masonry units ( pages A5)

TIS 77-1974 Building bricks (15 pages A5)

TIS 79-1974 Asbestos-cement asymmetrical section corrugated sheet (20 pages A5)

TIS 102-1974 Structural clay load-bearing tile (11 pages A5)

TIS 103-1974 Structural clay non-load-bearing tile (7 pages A5)

TIS 134-1975 Mosaic parquet panels (15 pages A5)

TIS 164-1975 Particle boards: medium density (19 pages A5)

TIS 167-1976 Clacium silicate face bricks or sand-lime bricks (7 pages A5)

TIS 168-1976 Facing bricks (14 pages A5)

TIS 169-1976 Structural clay facing tiles (19 pages A5)

TIS 178-1976 Plywood (18 pages A5) (Continued)

### Part 7.7 THAILAND (Continued)

TIS 180-1976 Hardboard (11 pages A5)

TIS 192-1976 Wooden flush door (12 pages A5)

TIS 219-1977 Gypsum plasterboards (8 pages A5)

The following document was issued before 1970 in Thai and English by the Centre for Thai National Standard Specifications, Applied Scientific Research Corporation of Thailand, 196 Phahonyothin Road, Bang Khen, Bangkok 9, Thailand:

Thai National Standard Specification 6:2512 (1969) Modular Coordination in Building--Basic Module (2 pages)

### Part 8 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA (U.S.A.)

American National Standards Institute [ANSI]
1430 Broadway
New York, N.Y. 10018

Technical Committee: E06-62, "Coordination of Dimensions for Building Materials and Systems,"

American Society for Testing and Materials [ASTM] 1916 Race Street, Philadelphia, Pa. 19103

#### Background

Work on American Standards for the coordination of dimensions of building materials and equipment (Project A62) commenced in 1939, under the auspices of the American Standards Association (ASA).

In 1945, the first of a series of standards dealing with dimensional coordination was published in foot-inch units: "American Standard Basis for the Coordination of Dimensions of Building Materials and Equipment," under the designation A62.1-1945 (Revised 1957).

Subsequently, the A.62 Series of standards was expanded to a total of 8 national standards by 1971. The Basic Module adopted was 4 inches, and it was denoted by the suffix M. In A62.5-1968, the concept of a Systems Module of 60M (20'-0") was introduced.

In 1974, the development of standards for the coordination of dimensions was transferred to the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM), and a new Subcommittee E06.62, "Coordination of Dimensions for Building Materials and Systems," was formed within the main Committee E06, "Performance of Building Constructions," to continue the development and revision of standards for dimensional coordination.

One standard has been issued under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee EO6, designated ANSI/ASTM E577 - 76 (Published January 1977), "Standard for Dimensional Coordination of Rectilinear Building Parts and Systems." This standard introduces the new concept of a basic incremental dimension or unit of size, U, to be applied as the standard increment and as the spacing of the standard grid. In the standard, U is assigned the value of 4 inches (101.6 mm) in U.S. customary units, and 100 mm in SI units. Preferences are expressed in terms of U only. The standard is currently under review.

A further standard, "Dimensional Coordination of Structural Clay Units, Concrete Masonry Units, and Clay Flue Linings," is under development to replace ANSI A62.2-1945, ANSI A62.3-1946, and ANSI A62.4-1947. It is proposed that the new standard will be issued as a companion standard in separate metric and U.S. customary versions, using a basic module of 100 mm and 4 inches, respectively.

Standards on Dimensional Coordination in Building [U.S. customary units]:

ANSI A62.1-1957 American Standard Basis for the Coordination of Dimensions of Building Materials and Systems [Revision of ASA A62.1-1945] (6 pages 215 x 280 mm)

## Part 8 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA (U.S.A.) - (Continued)

- ANSI A62.2-1945 American Standard Basis for the Coordination of Masonry (6 pages 215 x 280 mm)
- ANSI A62.3-1946 American Standard Sizes of Clay and Concrete Modular
  Masonry Units (14 pages 215 x 280 mm)
- ANSI A62.4-1947 American Standard Sizes of Clay Flue Linings (8 pages 215 x 280 mm)
- ANSI A62.5-1968

  USA Standard Basis for the Horizontal Dimensioning of Coordinated Building Components and Systems

  (9 pages 215 x 280 mm)

  Prepared during the existence of the United States of America Standards Institute, which succeeded ASA (the American Standards Association), and was renamed ANSI (American National Standards Institute) in October 1969.
- ANSI A62.6-1969 American National Standard Classification for Properties and Performances of Coordinated Building Components and Systems (12 pages 215 x 280 mm)
- ANSI A62.7-1969 American National Standard Basis for the Vertical Dimensioning of Coordinated Building Components and Systems (12 pages 215 x 280 mm)
- ANSI A62.8-1971 American National Standard Numerical Designation of Modular Grid Coordinates (14 pages 215 x 280 mm)

Hybrid Standard for Use with U.S. Customary or Metric (SI) Units:

ANSI/ASTM E577 - 76 Standard for Dimensional Coordination of Rectilinear

Building Parts and Systems (4 pages 152 x 228 mm)

The standard covers dimensional coordination of the fabrication of rectilinear building parts and systems. While recommending a minimum number of sizes, it permits a reasonable number of design and dimensioning alternatives with minimum field adjustment during installation.

Specifically covered are: standard coordinated sizes of rectilinear building parts; the basis for the dimensional coordination of building parts and systems in the design of buildings; and, preferred horizontal and vertical dimensions for building parts and the coordination of systems.

It uses a basic incremental dimension (unit dimension), designated U; with the value 100 mm for dimensional coordination in SI units, and 4 in. for dimensional coordination in U.S. customary units.

The standard includes definitions of terms.

Part 9 THE RELATIONSHIP OF NATIONAL STANDARDS TO INTERNATIONAL (ISO)
STANDARDS: VOTING BY ISO NATIONAL MEMBER BODIES, DEGREE OF
ADOPTION OF ISO STANDARDS, AND REFERENCING OF ISO STANDARDS IN
NATIONAL STANDARDS.

#### General

This Part addresses the impact of international [ISO] standards and recommendations on national standards dealing with modular and dimensional coordination in building and associated subjects.

A matrix was included in NBSIR 79-1791, to show in graphic form the voting results of ISO national member bodies on the 15 main ISO standards in this subject area; the degree of adoption of, or concurrence with, ISO standards in national standards; and, the extent of referencing of ISO standards in national standards published or revised subsequently.

## 9.1 Voting on ISO Standards

The Foreword to each ISO standard provides a complete listing of the ballot result prior to the publication of the standard, by showing all approvals as well as disapprovals on technical grounds by member nations. [In the case of ISO 1040-1973, two previous recommendations, R 1040/I-1969 and R 1040/II-1970, were combined.]

The matrix in Figure 9.1 indicates that a total of 44 member nations recorded votes on one or more of the 15 ISO standards listed, with 7 nations voting on all. In the matrix, approvals are indicated by a lowercase  $\underline{a}$  in the first column of each appropriate box. Disapprovals on technical grounds are indicated by a lowercase  $\underline{d}$ .

The tabulation below provides a tally of all votes recorded by member nations:

								_					_	$\neg$
Australia:	8	а			Greece:	3	а			Peru:	5	а		
Austria:	13	a,	1	d	Hungary:	14	а			Poland:	10	а		i
Belgium:	10	a,	5	d	India:	11	а			Portugal:	7	а		
Brazil:	9	a			Iran:	9	а			Romania:	13	а		
Bulgaria:	2	а			Ireland:	5	a,	1	d	South Africa:	13	а		
Canada:	9	a,	2	d	Israel:	14				Spain:	14	а		
Chile:	3	а			Italy:					Sweden:	14	a,	1	d
Cuba:	3	а			Japan:	4	a,	1	d	Switzerland:	12	a,	3	d
Czechoslow.	: 2	а			Korea, DPR:	2	а			Thailand:	9	а		
Denmark:	14	a,	1	d	Korea, Rep.:	9	а			Turkey:	14	а		-
Egypt:	11	а			Mexico:	4	а			United Kingdom:	10	a,	5	d
Ethiopia:	1	а			Netherlands:	12	a,	3	d	U.S.A.:	4	a,	1	d
Finland:	9	a,	5	d	New Zealand:	6	a,	2	d	U.S.S.R.:	9	a,	2	d
France:	12	a,	3	d	Norway:	14	а			Yugoslavia:	5	а		
Germany:	12	а,	3	d	Pakistan:	1	а			Total Votes:	366	а,	41	d

Even though a national member body of ISO may have registered approval of a particular ISO standard, this does not necessarily mean that such a standard has been or will be adopted in full or in part at the national level, or will even be considered for adoption.

However, it generally indicates that the appropriate national standards committee has examined the contents of the ISO document and expressed a formal judgment as to the acceptability of that contents. In a number of instances, national standards predate the corresponding ISO standard and may or may not be in conflict with the ISO recommendations.

In time, and with revisions to or the issue of new national standards on modular or dimensional coordination and associated subjects, a wider acceptance of the ISO concepts, format, and technical contents can be expected.

#### 9.2 Adoption of ISO Standards and Recommendations, or Concurrence

In national standards that have been issued since the publication of corresponding ISO standards or recommendations, it is possible to assess the degree of adoption of international proposals. This may range from negligible in some instances, to partial or substantial in many cases, and to complete adoption in some instances; for example, in the national standards of Cyprus.

The matrix on page 136 (Figure 9.1) has been developed to indicate, by means of a critical judgment at the national standards level, the degree of adoption of ISO standards, or concurrence with such standards where national standards predate ISO documents. An appropriate question was included in the questionnaire sent out with a copy of the predecessor document NBSIR 79-1791.

The following key is used in the second column of the appropriate box in the matrix:

- A = Complete adoption of ISO standard in national standard(s)
- B = Substantial adoption of ISO standard in national standard(s), with some addition or deletion of material
- C = Partial adoption of ISO standard in national standard(s), with considerable addition of material
- D = National standard(s) do not refer to ISO standard, but are NOT in conflict
- E = National standard(s) are in conflict with ISO standard or recommendation.

Replies to the matrix in NBSIR 79-1791 were received from 20 national standards organizations, and these are incorporated in Figure 9.1. The reply from the United Kingdom [British Standards Institution] indicates that the implementation summary poses problems because in almost all cases the equivalent BSI Standard predated the ISO standard and, thus, neither "adopts" it or refers to it. The British approach, outlined on page 758 of the BSI Yearbook, has adopted a code of three alternatives:

- # = BS and ISO standards are technically equivalent
- ± = BS and ISO standards are related [addition or deletion of material]
- = = BS and ISO standards are identical.

In the British approach, no account is taken of which standard was published first, so that the question of "adoption" does not arise.

The purpose of the classification system used in this publication is not to point to any "conflict" between national standards and ISO standards, but to indicate the trend towards the increasing adoption of international recommendations at the national level or their amalgamation with traditional and longstanding national proposals.

## 9.3 Referencing of ISO Standards in National Standards

Where an international [ISO] standard is referenced in the text or the explanations to a national standard or group of standards on the same subject matter, this has been indicated by means of a capital R in the third column of the appropriate box in the matrix.

[ R = ISO standard is referenced or mentioned in national standard(s).]

Such referencing is indicative of the recognition of the existence of international [ISO] standards in the subject area, even though their content may not be adopted in full or in part by the national standard(s).

## 9.4 Revision of ISO Standards

Alike most national standards, ISO standards are subject to periodic review and/or revision. Part 1 of this publication contains information on ISO Draft Proposals [DP] and Draft International Standards [DIS] in the subject area of modular coordination, tolerances, and joints in building, together with expected target dates for publication.

The following documents have an impact on the standards listed in the matrix:

- DP 1803 Revision of ISO 1803 1973 (Expected February 1981)
- DIS 4190/1 Passenger lift installations Lifts of classes I, II, and III (expected May 1980)

  \*Note: The Italian national standards body (UNI) indicated in its reply on the matrix that it will adopt ISO 4190/1 upon publication--without modifications--as that standard would replace ISO 3571/1-1977.
- DIS 6510 Building Construction Modular coordination Reference planes for horizontal controlling dimensions (expected August 1980)

  This document is a revision of ISO R1790-1970.

MATRIX SHOWING THE VOTING BY MEMBER BODIES ON ISO STANDARDS, THE EXTENT OF CONCURRENCE WITH OR ADOPTION OF ISO STANDARDS, AND THE REFERENCING OF ISO STANDARDS IN NATIONAL STANDARDS,

					ISO	STANDA	RDS AN	D RECO	MMENDA"	TIONS					
Country	1006	1040 <sup>1</sup>	1789	R1790	1791	2776	2777	2848	3055	3571/1	3881	5731	5732	1803	2444
Albania [BSA]												-			
Algeria [INAPI]															
Australia [SAA]	D	a D	D	a D	D	a D	a D	a D	BR			a D	a	а	
Austria [ÖN]	a R	aa R	a D	a D	BR	a D	a D	a D	aBR	a D	a	d D	a	a B R	a
Bangladesh [BDSI]															
Belgium [IBN]	a	aa	a	a	a	a	a	d	d	a	a	d	d	a	d
Brazil [ABNT]		a	a	a	a					a		a	a	a	a
Bulgaria [DKC]									a						
Canada [SCC]	a D	a				a	a	a B R	d	d	a	a	a	BR	a
Chile [INN]	a	a					a								
China, P.R. [CAS]											1	i			
Colombia [ICONTEC]													-		
Cuba [NC]	a	a	-								a				
Cyprus [CYS]	AR							AR		-					
Czechoslowakia [CSN]	A R	AR	CR	CR	CR	а	В	CR	В		В	a		В	
Denmark [DS]	аВ	aa C	a C	a C	a C	a C	a	a C	a C	a A	a D	d	a A	a C	a
Egypt [EOS]		a	a	a	а	а	a	a	a		a			a	a
Ethiopia [ESI]					-	-				а	-			-	-
Finland [SFS]	aAR	daBR	aCR	d B	d B R	a B	a -	aAR	d -	d B R	a -	a -	a-	aBR	a B R
France [AFNOR]	aak	aa	ack	3	a	d	d	a	a	a B R	a	a	a	a	d
Germany, F.R. [DIN]	_	dd	d	d	_										
	a	dd	a .	G.	a	a	a	a	a	а	a	а	a	а	8
Ghana [GSB]		-	-	-	-			-	-		-				
Greece [ELOT]	a	a							-				-	a	-
Hungary [MSZH]	a A	aa A	a B	a A	a A	аB	a D	a A	аD	D	a D	a D	a D	a A	a A
India [ISI]	a	aa	a	a	a	a	a	a	a	a				a	a
Indonesia [YDNI]															
Iran [ISIRI]	a	aa	a	a	a						a	a	a	a	
Iraq [IOS]															
Ireland [IIRS]						a	a	a	a	d					a
Israel [SII]	a A	aa B	a C	a D	a	D	a C	a B	a	аE	a D	a	a	a .	a
Italy [UNI]	aBR	aa B	a D	аВ	аВ	a	-	a C	a B	a*	-	a A	a A	a B	a -
Ivory Coast [BIN]															
Jamaica [JBS]															
Japan [JISC]								a	d	a	a		a		
Kenya [KEBS]															
Korea, D.P.R. [CSK]	a	a													
Korea, Rep. of [KBS]	a	a	a	a	a						a	a	a	а	
Lebanon [LIBNOR]														-	
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya															
Malaysia [SIRIM]															
Mexico [DGN]									а	-	а	а	a		_
Morocco [SNIMA]								_	d		d	d	a	$\vdash$	-
Netherlands [NNI]	a B R	aacR	a D	a C R	a C R		d	a C R	a C R			a D	d	a D	
	abk	aack	a D	ack		d				a	a			a D	a
New Zealand [SANZ]					a	a	В	a	d	a		a	a		d
Nigeria [NSO]													-		
Norway [NSF]	a	aa	8	а	a	a	a	a	a	8	а	_	a	а	a
Pakistan [PSI]	-							-	a		-	-			
Peru [ITINTEC]		8.	a D	а	a C	D		В	В		C		-	a	
Philippines [PS]			В		В	В	В					В		В	В
Poland [PKNiM]_	аB	a_B			аВ	a B	аВ		a B	a B		a B	аВ	аВ	
Portugal [DGQ]		a	8	a	a	a				a				a	
Romania [IRS]	a R	aa R	a	a R	a R	a R	a	a	a			a	a	a R	a
Saudi Arabia [SASO]															
Singapore [SISIR]															
South Africa [SABS]	аВ	aa B	аВ	аВ	аВ	аВ	аВ.	аВ	аВ		аВ	аВ		аВ	аВ
Spain [IRANOR]	a	aa	a	a	а	a	a		a	а	a	a	a	a	a
Sri Lanka [BCS]															
Sudan [SSD]												-			
Sweden [SIS]	a B R	aa B R	a C	a D	a B R	a.C	a C	a B R	aBR	a B R	аВ	аE	aBR	a B R	a B R
Switzerland [SNV]	aA	aa B	a D	аВ	a B	a B	a -	a C	d E	аВ	a -	d E	d E	a B	a-
Tanzania [TBS]	14.11	uu D	0.0	4.0			-								
	- D P	aa B R	- D P	a B R	a A	a B R	a A R	аВ	a B R	abst.				-	
Thailand [TISI]	a B R		a B R							abst.		a -		a -	0 -
	a B	aa B	a B	a B	a B	a B	a B	a B	a =-	- 0	a -		a -		a-
Turkey [TSE]	d C	dd C	a C	a C	a C	a C	аС	a C	d C	a C	aAR	a	d	a C	a C
United Kingdom [BSI]														a	
United Kingdom [BSI] U.S.A. [ANSI]		a	а	d	a									-	
United Kingdom [BSI] U.S.A. [ANSI] U.S.S.R. [GOST]		a	a	a	a	а	а	а		d	d	a	a		
United Kingdom [BSI] U.S.A. [ANSI] U.S.S.R. [GOST] Venezuela [COVENIN]						a	а	а		d	d	a	a		
United Kingdom [BSI] U.S.A. [ANSI] U.S.S.R. [GOST]	0					a	а	а	a	d	d	a	a		

11.00 Standard 1040-1973 reflect two prior recommendations subject to separate voting.

Key to Matrix: First Column: a = approval of ISO standard by a national member body

d = disapproval of ISO standard, on technical grounds, by a national member body

Second Column: A = adoption in full of ISO standard as national standard

B = substantial adoption of ISO standard in national standard(s), with some

C = partial adoption of ISO standard with considerable addition of material D = national standard(s) do not refer to ISO standard, but are NOT in conflict = national standard(s) are in conflict with ISO standard or recommendation

Third Column: R = ISO standard is referenced in national standard(s)

### Part 10 VOCABULARY OF MODULAR COORDINATION TERMS

At the international level, the International Organization for Standardization [ISO] has issued three international standards containing a vocabulary of modular coordination and related terms in English and French:

- ISO 1791 1973 Modular Co-ordination Vocabulary
  Coordination modulaire Vocabulaire
- ISO 1803 1973 Tolerances for building Vocabulary
  Tolérances pour le bâtiment Vocabulaire
- ISO 2444 1974 Joints in building Vocabulary
  Joints dans le bâtiment Vocabulaire

The unification and harmonization of terminology—through agreed terms and vocabularies—represents a major step in the wider international application and compatibility of modular coordination. At this stage, English, French and Russian are the official ISO languages, although few ISO standards are as yet printed in Russian.

The listing in Appendix 3 shows the languages in which national standards of different nations are issued, indicating that, apart from English and French, the Spanish language is widely used in national standards. In addition, German, Italian, and Portuguese are used in standards issued by a number of countries.

To facilitate reference of national standards, ISO has recommended that English (and/or French) subtitles be shown in standards issued in other languages. This recommended practice is gaining wider acceptance and, in due course, should assist in the much wider dissemination of technical information. Under the provisions of ISONET, an international standards information system set up by ISO, member nations will provide a list of all national standards, preferably in English and French.

## Translations of Standards

A number of countries--among them: Denmark, the Federal Republic of Germany, Finland, Israel, Japan, and Sweden--provide authorized or informal English translations of some of their standards dealing with modular coordination. This practice is especially useful where the national language uses alphabets or symbols other than the Roman alphabet.

## Multi-lingual Standards

A number of countries issue national standards in more than one language, for example, Belgium (French and Netherlandish), Canada (English and French), South Africa (English and Afrikaans), and Switzerland (French, German, and Italian). These multi-lingual standards facilitate the wider understanding of the subject and provide a useful cross-reference.

### Multi-lingual Vocabularies

A number of countries have issued national standards which set down terms used in modular coordination and associated subjects in several languages. Such documents could provide an excellent starting point for a multi-lingual vocabulary dealing with modular coordination in building.

The following multi-national or national standards deserve particular mention:

1. Modular Coordination in Building. Vocabulary [Nordic Countries]

A cooperative effort by four Scandinavian countries to issue a common vocabulary in Danish, Finnish, Norwegian, Swedish, English and French, based upon ISO 1791-1973, with the deletion of some terms. According to the introduction, the Danish, Norwegian and Swedish versions are in accord, and the Finnish version is generally in agreement. However, the Norwegian Standard referenced, NS 1000, has not yet been revised in line with the multi-lingual vocabulary.

The respective national standards and their titles are:

Denmark: DS 1010.1-1975, Modulkoordinering for byggeriet. Terminologi.

(Includes ISO 1791 in its entirety as an appendix.)

Finland: SFS 3501-1975, Moduulijärjestely. Käsitteistö. Pohjoismainen.

Sweden: SIS 05 01 00-1975, Modulkoordinering. Terminologi.

Norway: NS 1000 - 1960 (To be revised)

2. Modular Coordination in Building. Terms and Definitions [Germany]

DIN 18 000 Teil 2 - 1976 Modulordnung im Bauwesen - Begriffe
The standard contains terms in German, English and French for 11 of

the terms given in ISO 1791-1973, as well as definitions and illustrations of these terms.

3. Modular Coordination in Building. Terms and Definitions [Switzerland]

SN 501 501 - 1978 Modulordnung im Hochbau - Begriffe

Tri-lingual standard in French, German and Italian, containing terms used in modular coordination in building.

(Supersedes SNV 501 501 - 1969 : Terminologie: Massordnungen, Modul-Ordnung, tri-lingual edition as well as English translations)

4. Modular Coordination in Building. Glossary [Greece]

This early standard is now under review by ELOT. It consists entirely of a multi-lingual vocabulary of terms used in modular building, in French, English, German, Italian, and Greek. Only the Greek terms are shown in Greek letters.

### 5. Modular Coordination in Building. Terminology [Netherlands]

Although dating from the pre-ISO standards era, and largely super-seded by NEN 2880 and NEN 2881, the Netherlands Standards (Norms) NEN 5701-1964 and NEN 5702-1965 contain a multi-lingual word list of terms in Dutch (Netherlandish), English, French, and German, for terms used in modular coordination and tolerances in building.

The titles of the Netherlands Standards are:

NEN 5701 - 1964 Modulaire coördinatie bij het bouwen. Terminologie.

NEN 5702 - 1965 Modulaire coördinatie bij het bouwen. Tolerantiestelsel. Begripsbepalingen.

Appendix 4 has been developed as a multi-lingual list of the principal terms used in modular coordination in building, including joints and tolerances. The Appendix includes all major languages, with the object to simplify the technical interpretation of terms and illustrations in the modular coordination standards of different nations.

Appendixes 4.1, 4.2, and 4.3 show 14 selected terms from ISO 1791-1973, "Modular co-ordination - Vocabulary," and Appendix 4.4 shows 6 selected terms from ISO 1803-1973, "Tolerances for building - Vocabulary."

The extensive information contained in Appendix 4 was made possible by the cooperation of most national standards organizations in providing the appropriate terms in their national languages.



## APPENDIX 1

## TECHNICAL COMMITTEE (TC) 59, BUILDING CONSTRUCTION, OF THE INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION (ISO):

## SCOPE, SUBCOMMITTEES (SC) AND WORKING GROUPS (WG), AND SECRETARIATS

(Extract from ISO Memento 1980, pages 52 and 53)

TC 59 (created 194	7)	Building construction	AFNOR
Chairman:		Standardization of:	
Mr. G. Blachère France		Terminology in the construction and civil engineering industry.	
(1980)		<ol> <li>General geometric requirements for buildings, building elements, components and products, including modular co-ordination and its basic principles, joints, tolerances and fits.</li> </ol>	
		<ol> <li>Other general performance requirements for buildings and build- ing elements (user needs) including the co-ordination of these with performance requirements of building components and products to be used in the construction and civil engineering industry.</li> </ol>	
		Are excluded:	
		- Bases for design of structures (TC 98)	
		<ul> <li>Particular geometric requirements and performance requirements of building components and products which are in the scope of separate ISO technical committees.</li> </ul>	
REFERENCE		TITLE AND SCOPE	SECRETARIAT/ CONVENOR (WG)
	WG 1	Physically handicapped	SIS
	SC 1	Dimensional co-ordination	SIS
	WG 1	Preferred sizes	DS
	WG 2	Multimodules	GOST
	WG 5	"Intermodular" dimensions	DIN
	WG 6	Modular coordination of services and drainage	SIS
	WG 7	Modular coordination of joints	DS
	SC 2	Terminology, symbols and unification of language	AFNOR
	WG 1	Terminology	NSF
	WG 2	Co-ordination and harmonization of the definitions	DIN
	SC 3	Functional/user requirements and performance in building con- struction	BSI
	WG 2	Expression of climatic data for building design	BSI
	WG 3	Whole building performance	IBN
	WG 4	Performance evaluation	NSF
	SC 4	Limits and fits in building construction	DS
	WG 1	Tolerances in building. General principles	BSI
	WG 2	Measurement procedures in building	SIS
	WG 3	Tolerances in building. Collection and presentation of data	DIN
	WG 4	Control and accuracy of measurement in building	DIN DS
	WG 5 SC 5	Tolerances in building. Inspection procedures	AFNOR
	SC 6	Joints Structure, external envelope, internal subdivision	DIN
	WG 1	Structure, external envelope, internal subdivision Structural components	GOST
	WG 1	Partition components	AFNOR
	WG 2	Façade components	AFNOR
	WG 4	Stairs	SIS
	WG 5	Components of roofs and roof coverings	AFNOR
	SC 7	Equipment, services and drainage	AFNOR
	WG 2	Bathrooms and toilets	AFNOR
	WG 4	Accommodation ducts	BSI
	SC 8	Jointing products	DIN
	SC 11	Kitchen equipment	SIS
	WG 1	Test methods and performance requirements	BSI
	WG 3	Activity spaces	SIS

### APPENDIX 2

## PARTICIPATION BY MEMBER NATIONS IN ISO TECHNICAL DIVISION 3, "BUILDING," AND TECHNICAL COMMITTEE 59, "BUILDING CONSTRUCTION."

Information Source: ISO document, "PARTICIPATION in ISO Committees,"
(January 1980)

## PARTICIPATION IN ISO TECHNICAL DIVISION (TD) 3, "BUILDING"

## a. Active Participation [26 Nations]

Australia Finland Japan U.S.A Netherlands Austria France U.S.S.R Belgium Germany, F.R. Norway Brazil Greece Poland. Canada Hungary Romania China, P.R. India Spain Czechoslowakia Iran Sweden Denmark Italy United Kingdom

## b. To Be Kept Informed of the Progress of the Work [12 Nations]

Chile Israel Peru Switzerland
Cuba Korea, D.P.R. Portugal Thailand
Ireland New Zealand South Africa Yugoslavia

## PARTICIPATION IN ISO TECHNICAL COMMITTEE (TC) 59, "BUILDING CONSTRUCTION"

## a. Active Participation [32 Nations]

Australia Czechoslowakia Iran Romania South Africa Austria Denmark Israe1 Belgium Ethiopia Italv Spain Brazi1 Finland Sweden Japan Bulgaria France, Secretariat Korea, Rep. of Switzerland Canada Germany, F.R. Netherlands Thailand China, P.R. United Kingdom Hungary Norway Cyprus India Poland U.S.S.R.

## b. To Be Kept Informed of the Progress of the Work [23 Nations]

Chile Indonesia Mexico Turkey New Zealand Colombia Iraq U.S.A. Venezuela Cuba Ireland Pakistan Egypt, Arab Rep. Ivory Coast Portuga1 Viet Nam, S.R. Ghana Korea, D.P.R. Sri Lanka Yugoslavia Lebanon Tanzania Greece

### APPENDIX 3

## LANGUAGES IN WHICH INTERNATIONAL, MULTI-NATIONAL AND NATIONAL STANDARDS ARE ISSUED

(NOTES: This listing is based on available information and is not necessarily complete.

Where standards are issued in more than one language, this is

indicated in parentheses.

Where all or some modular coordination standards are available as

English translations, this is indicated by an asterisk (\*).)

## International Standards (ISO)

English, French [some in Russian]

## Multi-national Standards

COPANT - Spanish ICAITI - Spanish

CMEA - No information

### National Standards Issued in English

Australia South Africa (Afrikaans) Kenva

Bangladesh Sri Lanka Liberia Barbados

Malawi Trinidad & Tobago Canada (French) Malaysia United Kingdom Cyprus Mauritius U.S.A.

Ghana New Zealand Zambia Zimbabwe Hong Kong Nigeria India Pakistan

Singapore

Jamaica

Ireland (Irish) Philippines

## National Standards Issued in French

Algeria Ivory Coast Belgium (Netherlandish) Madagascar

Cameroon Morocco

Canada (English) Switzerland (German, Italian)

France Tunisia

## National Standards Issued in Spanish

Argentina Mexico Bolivia Paraguay Chile Peru Colombia Spain Cuba Uruguay Ecuador Venezuela

## APPENDIX 3 - (Continued)

## National Standards Issued in German

Austria German, D.D.R.

Germany, Fed. Rep. Switzerland (French, Italian)

## National Standards Issued in Italian

Italy

Switzerland (French, German)

## National Standards Issued in Portuguese

Brazil Portugal

## National Standards Issued in Other European Languages

Western Europe Eastern Europe

Denmark\* Albania
Finland\* Bulgaria
Greece Czechoslowakia

Iceland Hungary
Netherlands Poland
Norway Romania
Sweden\* U.S.S.R.
Turkey Yugoslavia

## National Standards Issued in Other Languages

China, P.R. Korea, Rep. of\*

Egypt Kuwait Ethiopia Lebanon

Indonesia Libyan Arab Rep.

Iran Oman Iraq Saudi Arabia\*

Israel\* Sudan\*
Japan\* Syria

Jordan Taiwan [Rep. of China]\*

Korea, D.P.R. Thailand\* Viet Nam, S.R.

## No Information Available

Afghanistan

Burma Cambodia Laos Nepal

Yemen

## MULTI-LINGUAL VOCABULARY OF THE PRINCIPAL TERMS USED IN STANDARDS FOR MODULAR COORDINATION IN BUILDING, INCLUDING JOINTS AND TOLERANCES.

Number references at top of column indicate the relevant ISO Standard and section number.

Part 1: Languages using the Roman alphabet (\*Official ISO languages)

	ISO 1791 - 2.2	ISO 1791 - 2.1	ISO 1791 - 2.8	ISO 1791 - 2.9	(2.9)
ENGLISH*	MODULAR COORDINATION	DIMENSIONAL COORDINATION	BASIC MODULE	MULTIMODULE	SUBMODULE
FRENCH*	coordination modulaire	coordination dimensionelle	module de base	multimodule	sous-module
Afrikaans	modulêre koördinasie	afmetingskoördinasie	basiese module	multi module	submodule
Czech	modulová koordinace	rozměrová koordinace	základní modul	zvětšený modul	zlomkový modul
Danish	modulkoordinering	målkkordinering	basismodul (byggemodul)	multimodul	
Dutch [Netherlandish]	modulaire coördinatie	maatafstemming	basismoduul	multimoduul	submodul
Finnish	moduulijärjestely	mittajärjestely	kantamoduuli	kertomoduuli	osamoduuli
German	Modulordnung (Modularkoordination)	Maβkoordinierung	Grundmodul	Multimodul	Submodul
Hungarian	modulkoordináció	méretkoordináció	alapmodul	megnövelt modul	tört modul
Irish	comhordú modúlach	comhordú toiseach	modúl bunata	ilmhodúl	fo-mhodúl
Italian	coordinazione modulare	coordinazione dimensionale	modulo base	multimodulo	sottomodulo
Norwegian	modulkoordinering		basismodul	multimodul	
Polish	koordynacja modularna	koordynacja wymiarowa	moduł podstawowy	multimoduł	submoduł
Portuguese	coordenação modular				
Romanian	coordonare modulară	coordonare dimensională	modulul de bază	multimodul	summodul
Serbo-Croatian	modularna koordinacija		osnovni modul		
Spanish	coordinación modular	coordinación dimensional	módulo normal	multimódulo	submódulo
Swedish	modulkoordinering	måttkoordinering	basmodul	multimodul	submodul
Turkish	modüler koordinasyon	boyutsal koordinasyon	temel modül	büyük modüller	alt modüller

#### Part 2: Languages using the Cyrillic or Greek alphabet (\*Official ISO language)

RUSSIAN*	Модульную координацию	Размерная координация		Мултимодули	Подмодули
Bulgarian	Модулна координация		Основен модул	ен модул	Умален модул
Greek	Συσχετιομένη τυποποίησις ἢ 'Αρθρωτός συσχετισμός	Διοστοσισλογικός ουσχετισμός	Βοσικόν μέτρον συσχετιομού		

Note: The Cyrillic alphabet is used by Serbs and Montenegrins with the Serbo-Croatian language.

#### Part 3: Languages using other alphabets, letter or syllabic symbols and horizontal type

Arabic	توافق معیساری	توافق بعـــدى	مدبار أساسسي	مميار متمدد	مديار فرعــــى
Chinese	模矩型合	尺度配合	基本模矩	倍棱矩	
Hebrew	קרארדדיבציה מודולרית	קראררדינציה ממדית	מודול בסיסי	מולטי-מודול	תת-מודול
Japanese	モデュール割り	寸法 調 整	基本モデュール	マルティモデュール	サプモデュール
Korean	건축 척도 조정	칫수 조정	기본 모듀올	복합모듀율	
Thai	การประสานทางพิกัต	การประสานทางมิติ	หน่วยพิกัดราก ฐาน	หน่วยคูญพิกัด	หน่วยพิกัดย่อย

## MULTI-LINGUAL VOCABULARY OF THE PRINCIPAL TERMS USED IN STANDARDS FOR MODULAR COORDINATION IN BUILDING, INCLUDING JOINTS AND TOLERANCES.

Number references at top of column indicate the relevant ISO Standard and section number.

Part 1: Languages using the Roman alphabet (\*Official ISO languages)

	ISO 1791 - 2.10	ISO 1791 - 2.11	ISO 1791 - 2.13	ISO 1791 - 2.19
ENGLISH*	PLANNING MODULE	MODULAR SIZE	COORDINATING DIMENSION	REFERENCE SYSTEM
FRENCH*	module de projet	dimension modulaire	dimension de coordination	système de référence
Afrikaans		modulêre grootte	koördinerende afmeting	verwysingstelsel
Czech	návrhový modul	modulový rozměr	koordinační rozměr	vztažná soustava
Danish	planlægningsmodul	modulmål	koordineringsmål	referencesystem
Dutch [Neth <b>er</b> landish]	ontwerpmodul	modulaire maat	coördinatiemaat	referentiestelsel
Finnish	suunnittelumoduuli	moduulimitta	liittymismitta	viitejärjestelmä
German	Planungsmodul	Modulare Größe (Modulares Maß)	Koordinationsmaβ	Bezygssystem (Koordinationssystem)
Hungarian	tervezési modul	modul méret	koordinációs méret	vonatkoztatási/rendezési/ rendszer
Irish	modúl pleanála	méid mhodúlach	toise chomhordúcháin	córas tagartha
Italian	modulo di progetto	dimensione modulare	dimensione di coordinazione	sistema di riferimento
Norwegian	planleggningsmodul	modulmål	koordineringsmål	referansesystem
Polish	moduł projektowy	wymiar modularny	wymiar koordynacyjny (wymiar skoordynowany)	system odniesienia
Portuguese	módulo de projeto			sistema de referência
Romanian	modulii de proiect	dimensiune modulară	dimensiune de coordonare	sistem de referință
Serbo-Croatian				
Spanish	módulo de proyecto (módulo de diseño)	medida modular (dimensión modular)	dimensión de coordinación	sistema de referencia
Swedish	(planläggningsmodul)	modulmått	koordineringsmått	referenssystem
Turkish	proje modülü	modüler boyut	koordinasyon (uyuşum) boyutu	referans sistemi

#### Part 2: Languages using the Cyrillic or Greek alphabet (\*Official ISO language)

RUSSIAN*		
Bulgarian		
Greek		Σύστημα άναφοράς

Note: The Cyrillic alphabet is used by Serbs and Montenegrins with the Serbo-Croatian language.

#### Part 3: Languages using other alphabets, letter or syllabic symbols and horizontal type

Arabic	تخطيط معباري	مقاس (حجم) معیاری	بعد توانقسى	نظام مرجع
Chinese			調整尺度	
Hebrew	מרדול תכברן	מידה מרדולרית	ממד הקואורדינציה	מערכת ייחרס
Japanese	計画モデュール	モガール寸法	調整十法	墓準システム
Korean	계획모듀율		조정칫수	
Thai	พิกัตอู เทศ	ขนาดตามพิกัด	มิติประสาน	ระบบอูเทศ

## MULTI-LINGUAL VOCABULARY OF THE PRINCIPAL TERMS USED IN STANDARDS FOR MODULAR COORDINATION IN BUILDING, INCLUDING JOINTS AND TOLERANCES.

Number references at top of column indicate the relevant ISO Standard and section number.

Part 1: Languages using the Roman alphabet (\*Official ISO languages)

	ISO 1791 2.20	ISO 1791 - 2.22	ISO 1791 - 2.24	ISO 1791 - 2.27	ISO 1791 - 2.28
ENGLISH*	MODULAR GRID	MODULAR PLANE	MODULAR LINE	CONTROLLING ZONE	NEUTRAL ZONE
FRENCH*	quadrillage modulaire	plan modulaire	ligne modulaire	zone clé	zone neutre
Afrikaans	modulêre ruit	modulêre vlak	modulêre lyn	beheersone	neutrale sone
Czech	modulová síŤ	modulová plocha	modulová čára	klíčové pásmo	neutrální pásmo
Danish	modulnet	modulplan	modullinie		neutral zone
Dutch [Netherlandish]	modulair rooster	modulair vlak	modulaire lijn	zone (in section) band (on plan)	
Finnish	moduuliverkko	moduulitaso	moduuliviiva	viitevyöhyke	neutraalivyöhyke
German	Modularer Raster	Modulare Ebene	Modulare Linie	Kontrollzone	Neutrale Zone (Nichtmodulare Zone)
Hungarian	modulhaló	modulsik	modulegyenes	rendező zóna	semleges zóna
Irish	eangach mhodúlach	plána modúlach	líne modúlach	crios rialúchaín	crios neodrach
Italian	reticolo modulare	piano modulare	linea modulare	zona modulare	zona neutra
Norwegian	modulnett	modulplan	modullinje		neutral sone
Polish	siatka modularna	płaszczyzna modularna	linia modularna	strefa kontrolowana	strefa neutralna
Portuguese	quadrícula modular				zona neutra
Romanian	tramă modulară (rețea modulară)		linie modulară		zonă neutră
Serbo-Croatian					
Spanish	quadrícula modular (reticula modular)	plano modular	linea modular		zona neutra (zona neutral)
Swedish	modulnät	modulplan	modullinje		neutral zon
Turkish	modüler ag/ modüler ızgara	modüler düzlem	modüler dogru	kontrol bölgesi/ anahtar bölge	nötr bölge

#### Part 2: Languages using the Cyrillic or Greek alphabet (\*Official ISO language)

RUSSIAN*			
Bulgarian	Модулна мрежа		
Greek			

Note: The Cyrillic alphabet is used by Serbs and Montenegrins with the Serbo-Croatian language.

#### Part 3: Languages using other alphabets, letter or syllabic symbols and horizontal type

Arabic	شبكة معياريت	مستوی معباری	خط معباری	منطقة ضبط	منطقه محابده
Chinese					
Hebrew	רשת מרדולרית	מישור מודולרי	קר רשת מודולרית	איזור מודולרי	איזור ביסרלי
Japanese	モデュール格子	モだール面	モデュー(レ線	調整域	ニュートラルンニン
Korean	모듀올 격자		고듀울 선		중립대
Thai	ตารางตามพิกัต	ระนาบตามพิกัด	เสนดามพิกัด	เขตควบคุม	เขตเป็นกลาง

## MULTI-LINGUAL VOCABULARY OF THE PRINCIPAL TERMS USED IN STANDARDS FOR MODULAR COORDINATION IN BUILDING, INCLUDING JOINTS AND TOLERANCES.

Number references at top of column indicate the relevant ISO Standard and section number,

Part 1: Languages using the Roman alphabet (\*Official ISO languages)

	ISO 1803 - 3.2.1	ISO 1803 - 3.2.2	ISO 1803 - 3.2.3	ISO 1803 - 3.4.2	ISO 1803 - 3.4.2	ISO 1803 - 3.4.3
ENGLISH*	DIMENSION(S)	SIZE(S)	DEVIATION(S)	TOLERANCE(S)	JOINT(S)	CLEARANCE(S)
FRENCH*	dimension(s)	dimension(s)	écart(s)	tolérance(s)	joint(s)	jeu(x)
Afrikaans	afmeting(s)	grootte(s)	afwyking	toleransie(s)	voeg (voeë)	speelruimte
Czech	velikost	rozměr	odchylka	tolerance	spoj; styk	spára
Danish	dimension	må1	afvigelse	tolerancer	fuge	
Dutch Netherlandish	maat afmeting	maat	maatafwijking	tolerantie	voeg	
Finnish	ulottuvuus (ulottuvuudet)	mitta (mitat)	poikkeama(t)	toleranssi(t)	sauma(t)	(sauman) välys
German	Abmessung(en)	Maβ(e)	Maβabweichung(en)	Toleranz(en)	Fuge(n)	Spiel
Hungarian	méret	méret	eltérés	türés	kapcsolati hézag	játék
Irish	toise	méid	diallas	lamháltas	siúnta	glanspás
Italian	dimensione (grandezza fisica)	dimensione (misura)	scostamento	tolleranza	giunto	gioco
Norwegian	dimensjon	mäl	avvik	toleranse(r)	ruge(r)	
Polish	wymiar (wymiary)	wymiar(y) [wielkość(i)]	odchylka (odchylki)	tolerancja (tolerancje)	spoina (spoiny)	gra, [luz]
Portuguese	dimensão	medida		tolerância	junta	
Romanian	dimensiune	dimensiune	abatere	toleranță	rost	joc
Serbo-Croatian				tolerancije		
Spanish	dimensión	medida	desviación differenzia	tolerancia(s)	junta(s)	juego (holgura)
Swed1sh	dimension(er)	mått	avvikelse(r)	tolerans(er)	fog(ar)	spel
Turkish	boyut (lar)	boyut (lar)	sapma(lar)	tolerans(lar)	ek yer(ler)i	oturma pay(lar)ı

Part 2: Languages using the Cyrillic or Greek alphabet (\*Official ISO language)

RUSSIAN*			Допуски	Стыки	
Bulgarian	Размер(и)			Фуга	
Greek	Διάστασις	*Απόκλισις	'Ανοχή		Διάκενον (Τζόγος)

Note: The Cyrillic alphabet is used by Serbs and Montenegrins with the Serbo-Croatian language.

Part 3: Languages using other alphabets, letter or syllabic symbols and horizontal type

Arabic	بعد (أبعساد)	مقاس ، حجم	انحراف	تفاوت ، تجاوز	وصلة (وصلات)	حييز الخلوصي
Chinese	尺度					
Hebrew	מימד (מידה)	מידה	ססייה	סברלת	מישק מחבר	מירווח
Japanese	寸法	サイス"	偏差	公差	接合	すきま
Korean	칫수	크기		공 차	죠인트	
Thai	ΩA	ขนาด	ความเชียงเบน	เกณฑ์ความ คลาดเคลื่อน	รอบคือ	ระยะเว็นบวก

# APPENDIX 5 COPY OF LETTER AND QUESTIONNAIRE ON NBSIR 79-1791 SENT TO NATIONAL STANDARDS ORGANIZATIONS AFFILIATED WITH ISO AND SELECTED OTHERS

September 11, 1979

(On official letterhead)

[The Head]
[National Standards Body]

[Dear Sir (or Dear Madam)]

As part of our background investigation on the application and advancement of the concept of dimensional coordination for buildings in the United States, we have prepared a listing of current international and national standards dealing with dimensional and modular coordination and the associated subjects of tolerances and joints.

The result of this study is the Interim Report NBSIR 79-1791, "International and National Standards on Dimensional Coordination, Modular Coordination, Tolerances and Joints in Building." A copy of this document is enclosed for your information and comment.

We would like to ascertain whether the data presented in this document are accurate and complete for national standards administered by your organization and obtain any additions or corrections so that we can prepare a final publication on this subject in the near future. To enable us to coordinate this information, we ask your assistance by returning up-to-date information in the enclosed format. A separate set of pages containing information specific to your nation's standards is also enclosed to facilitate the preparation of a marked-up copy.

After the receipt of replies and the revision of the document, we will supply your organization with complimentary copies of the revised document.

To allow us to complete the work in a timely manner, we would appreciate your reply by November 15, 1979. Thank you for your assistance.

Sincerely.

JAMES G. GROSS, Chief

Building Economics and Regulatory

Technology Division

Center for Building Technology, NEL

Enclosures

## REVIEW OF INTERNATIONAL AND NATIONAL STANDARDS ON DIMENSIONAL COORDINATION, MODULAR COORDINATION, TOLERANCES AND JOINTS IN BUILDING, NBSIR 79-1791

1.	Are the name and address of your national standards organization shown correctly?	If "No," please correct:		
	Yes No			
2.	What technical committee (or committees) have jurisdiction	Committee		
	over standards in the subject areas of dimensional coordi-	Secretariat		
	nation, modular coordination, tolerances and joints in	Committee		
	building, and which organiza- tion holds the secretariat(s)?	Secretariat		
		Committee		
		Secretariat		
3.	Is the listing of standards given for your nation complete and correct?	If "No," please list any errors, omissions, or required deletions on a marked-up page, or type out.		
	Yes No			
4.	eptance or referencing of international (ISO) rds by checking and/or supplementing the 79-1791.			
		Figure 9.1 with the relevant codes (A, B, C, e) to indicate the extent of compatibility		
5.	and 6. for standards issued in lan	guages other than English		
5.	a. Are English translations avai	lable for your national standards?		
		If "Yes" or "Some," please list or mark up on standards page(s) with the symbol (E).		
	Some	Also, please send us copies or inform us how to obtain such translations.		
	b. Do you have a list of English standards dealing with the su	translations of the titles of your national bject area?		
	Yes No	Please provide a list of English translation for inclusion in the revised publication. Please indicate whether the translations shown in NBSIR 79-1791 are correct.		
6.	Please check, fill in, or correct the terms given in Appendix 4 to provide a comprehensive vocabulary of the principal terms used in connection with dimensional/modular coordination.			
7.	Any other comments or suggestions			
	Signature	Date		

U.S. DEPT. OF COMM.	I. PUBLICATION OR REPORT NO.	2. Performing Organ. Report No.	3. Publica	tion Date	
BIBLIOGRAPHIC DATA					
SHEET (See instructions)	NBS SP 595	l	Octobe	er 1980	
TITLE AND SUBTITLE					
international and N	ational Standards on 1	Dimensional Coordinatio	on, Modul	ar Coordination,	
colerances and Join	ts in Building				
AUTHOR(S)					
lans J. Milton					
77777711115 0000111171	TION (IC)				
PERFORMING ORGANIZA	TION (If joint or other than NBS	see instructions)	7. Contract/	Grant No.	
NATIONAL BUREAU OF	STANDARDS	l			
DEPARTMENT OF COMMI		Ī	8. Type of R	eport & Period Covered	
WASHINGTON, D.C. 2023	4		Final		
SPONSORING ORGANIZAT	TION NAME AND COMPLETE A	DDRESS (Street, City, State, ZIP)	)		
(Partial Funding)					
	echnology and Standard	ds Research Division			
	ing and Urban Develop				
	20410				
SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE					
Supersedes NBSIR					
Library of Congre	ess Catalog Card Numbe	r: 80_600147			
Library or bongre	233 Cacarog Cara Numbe	1. 80-000147			
Designant describes a		S Software Summary, is attached.			
bibliography or literature		significant information. If docume	ent includes	a significant	
		.1164641 [	11	1	
		al, multi-national [reg			
		g with the principles a			
		ouilding, including joi			
		same title, which was s		national and	
		for review and comment.			
		adoption of the interna			
		asis for dimensional ra			
		ction. The listing inc			
		, ICAITI, and CMEA) sta			
		ief summaries of conter			
where available, a	nd titles in English	for documents printed i	in other	languages.	
Appendixes illustr	ate international coop	peration on the subject	, a mult	:i-lingual	
vocabulary of 20 k	ey terms, and review	comments received.			
The main purp	ose of the document is	s to assist the U.S. co	nstructi	on community	
by providing information on international precedent to facilitate decisionmaking					
relative to new st	andards for dimension	al [modular] coordinati	ion in bu	ilding, espec-	
ially those to be	developed in metric (	SI) units. Key finding	s have b	een summarized.	
The document may also assist exporters of building products and/or services.					
KEY WORDS (Six to twelve entries; alphabetical order; capitalize only proper names; and separate key words by semicolons)					
and separate key words by semicorous					
Building module; dimensional coordination; metric design and construction; modular					
coordination; standards.					
AVAILABILITY				14. NO. OF	
				PRINTED PAGES	
▼ Unlimited				154	
For Official Distribut	ion. Do Not Release to NTIS				
Order From Superinter	ndent of Documents, U.S. Govern	ment Printing Office, Washington,	DC	15. Price	
20402.				13. Price	
Order From National	Technical Information Service (N	TIS), Springfield, VA, 22161		ÅE E0	
				\$5.50	
1				UECONNA DO COAS DOS	
.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFIC	E: 1980 O- 328-920/6564			USCOMM-DC 6043-P80	

S-114A (REV. 2-80)



## NBS TECHNICAL PUBLICATIONS

#### **PERIODICALS**

OURNAL OF RESEARCH—The Journal of Research of the ational Bureau of Standards reports NBS research and developent in those disciplines of the physical and engineering sciences in hich the Bureau is active. These include physics, chemistry, ugineering, mathematics, and computer sciences. Papers cover a oad range of subjects, with major emphasis on measurement ethodology and the basic technology underlying standardization. Iso included from time to time are survey articles on topics osely related to the Bureau's technical and scientific programs. s a special service to subscribers each issue contains complete tations to all recent Bureau publications in both NBS and non-BS media. Issued six times a year. Annual subscription: domestic 3.175 foreign.

OTE: The Journal was formerly published in two sections: Secon A "Physics and Chemistry" and Section B "Mathematical inners"

IMENSIONS/NBS—This monthly magazine is published to inm scientists, engineers, business and industry leaders, teachers,
udents, and consumers of the latest advances in science and
hnology, with primary emphasis on work at NBS. The magazine
ghlights and reviews such issues as energy research, fire protecn, building technology, metric conversion, pollution abatement,
alth and safety, and consumer product performance. In addiin, it reports the results of Bureau programs in measurement
indards and techniques, properties of matter and materials,
gineering standards and services, instrumentation, and
tomatic data processing. Annual subscription: domestic \$11;
reign \$13.75.

#### **NONPERIODICALS**

onographs—Major contributions to the technical literature on rious subjects related to the Bureau's scientific and technical actities.

andbooks—Recommended codes of engineering and industrial actice (including safety codes) developed in cooperation with inested industries, professional organizations, and regulatory dies.

ecial Publications—Include proceedings of conferences sponred by NBS, NBS annual reports, and other special publications propriate to this grouping such as wall charts, pocket cards, and bliographies.

plied Mathematics Series—Mathematical tables, manuals, and dies of special interest to physicists, engineers, chemists, blogists, mathematicians, computer programmers, and others gaged in scientific and technical work.

tional Standard Reference Data Series—Provides quantitative ta on the physical and chemical properties of materials, comed from the world's literature and critically evaluated, veloped under a worldwide program coordinated by NBS under a authority of the National Standard Data Act (Public Law 1396).

NOTE: The principal publication outlet for the foregoing data is the Journal of Physical and Chemical Reference Data (JPCRD) published quarterly for NBS by the American Chemical Society (ACS) and the American Institute of Physics (AIP). Subscriptions, reprints, and supplements available from ACS, 1155 Sixteenth St., NW, Washington, DC 20056.

Building Science Series—Disseminates technical information developed at the Bureau on building materials, components, systems, and whole structures. The series presents research results, test methods, and performance criteria related to the structural and environmental functions and the durability and safety characteristics of building elements and systems.

Technical Notes—Studies or reports which are complete in themselves but restrictive in their treatment of a subject. Analogous to monographs but not so comprehensive in scope or definitive in treatment of the subject area. Often serve as a vehicle for final reports of work performed at NBS under the sponsorship of other government agencies.

Voluntary Product Standards—Developed under procedures published by the Department of Commerce in Part 10, Title 15, of the Code of Federal Regulations. The standards establish nationally recognized requirements for products, and provide all concerned interests with a basis for common understanding of the characteristics of the products. NBS administers this program as a supplement to the activities of the private sector standardizing organizations.

Consumer Information Series—Practical information, based on NBS research and experience, covering areas of interest to the consumer. Easily understandable language and illustrations provide useful background knowledge for shopping in today's technological marketplace.

Order the above NBS publications from: Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402.

Order the following NBS publications—FIPS and NBSIR's—from the National Technical Information Services, Springfield, VA 22161.

Federal Information Processing Standards Publications (FIPS PUB)—Publications in this series collectively constitute the Federal Information Processing Standards Register. The Register serves as the official source of information in the Federal Government regarding standards issued by NBS pursuant to the Federal Property and Administrative Services Act of 1949 as amended, Public Law 89-306 (79 Stat. 1127), and as implemented by Executive Order 11717 (38 FR 12315, dated May 11, 1973) and Part 6 of Title 15 CFR (Code of Federal Regulations).

NBS Interagency Reports (NBSIR)—A special series of interim or final reports on work performed by NBS for outside sponsors (both government and non-government). In general, initial distribution is handled by the sponsor; public distribution is by the National Technical Information Services, Springfield, VA 22161, in paper copy or microfiche form.

## BIBLIOGRAPHIC SUBSCRIPTION SERVICES

e following current-awareness and literature-survey bibliographies issued periodically by the Bureau:

yogenic Data Center Current Awareness Service. A literature surissued biweekly. Annual subscription; domestic \$35; foreign

Superconducting Devices and Materials. A literature survey issued quarterly. Annual subscription: \$45. Please send subscription orders and remittances for the preceding bibliographic services to the National Bureau of Standards, Cryogenic Data Center (736) Boulder. CO 80303.

uefied Natural Gas. A literature survey issued quarterly. Annual

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE National Bureau of Standards Washington, D.C. 20234

OFFICIAL BUSINESS

Penalty for Private Use, \$300

PDSTAGE AND FEES PAID U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE COM=215



SPECIAL FOURTH-CLASS RATE BOOK