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DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

CIRCULAR
OF THE
BUREAU OF STANDARDS

S. W. STRATTON, DIRECTOR

No. 43

**JEWELERS' AND SILVERSMITHS'
WEIGHTS AND MEASURES**

(2d Edition)

A revised and enlarged edition of Bureau of Standards
Circular No. 43 (1st edition), issued November 1, 1913
entitled "The Metric Carat"

JANUARY 24, 1921



PRICE, 10 CENTS

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¹ Prepared by A. F. Beal, Associate Physicist, Bureau of Standards.

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I. INTRODUCTION

1. ADOPTION OF THE NEW METRIC CARAT

The carat weights in use previous to July 1, 1913, in different countries had differed greatly, scarcely any two of the important countries having the same standard. Even within the United States there was not agreement in the standard used, the various makers of weights using slightly different standards. This led to considerable confusion in the weighing of gems, and was the more serious because of the great value of the article.

Beginning July 1, 1913, the international metric carat of 200 milligrams as the unit of weight for diamonds and other precious stones was put into commercial use in the United States by practically all the dealers in gems and precious stones through the efforts of a committee representing all the principal firms handling gems. On the same date the Treasury Department of the United States Government also began the use of this unit in the customs service for the levying of import duties on precious stones, and the Bureau of Standards recognized this unit for purposes of certification of all carat weights submitted to the Bureau for test.

The movement for the adoption of a uniform, decimally divided standard was a decided step forward and therefore has met with success. The new metric carat of 200 milligrams is universally used in the United States and has been officially adopted by Belgium, Bulgaria, Denmark, England, France, Germany, Holland, Italy, Japan, Norway, Portugal, Roumania, Spain, Sweden, and Switzerland. The Bureau of Standards in 1913 prepared tables for converting "old" carats to new metric carats, and vice versa, and published them as Circular No. 43. These tables were of great aid at the time to the transition from the old unit of about 205.3 milligrams and binary fractions to the new unit and decimal fractions.

2. PROPOSED ADOPTION OF THE METRIC SYSTEM

The inconvenience and inefficient use of the present system of pennyweights and grains as opposed to the benefits derived from the use of the new metric decimally divided carat has become so pronounced that the Bureau was invited to prepare a practical working outline of the metric system that would suit the needs of the jewelry trade and allied industries. The purpose of this is to make it easily possible for jewelers and silversmiths to substitute the gram for the dual unit of pennyweights and grains² and also to use the metric system in all of their work.

² It is desirable to note in this connection that all medical prescriptions of the U. S. Army must be expressed in metric units, not in grains.

The Bureau therefore is publishing this circular giving tables of the relations between the customary units and the corresponding ones of the metric system. There is also given information that is of interest to other branches of the jewelry trade, such as the comparative table for the diameters corresponding to the sizes of watches.

With this edition, the material on the metric carat has been revised, and, because of the large amount of new material which has been added to the publication, the title has been changed.

II. THE METRIC SYSTEM

1. DESCRIPTION

(a) LEGAL STATUS

The metric system was rendered legal for all transactions in the United States by an act of Congress, approved July 28, 1866, and is now legal or obligatory in all commercial countries. Many industries in the United States are using it. In Europe, and also in many other parts of the world, more measurements are made in metric terms than in any other system. The metric system must be understood by those who deal intelligently with their customers in the metric countries.

(b) GENERAL OUTLINE

The meter for measuring length, the liter for measuring capacity, and the gram for weight form the basis of the metric system. These units, together with the multiples and subdivisions given in the following table,³ are sufficient for practical purposes and are recognized in all countries.

	Correct English spelling	Standard abbreviations
Length.....	10 millimeters = 1 centimeter.....	10 mm = 1 cm
	100 centimeters = 1 meter.....	100 cm = 1 m
	1000 meters = 1 kilometer.....	1000 m = 1 km
Capacity....	1000 milliliters = 1 liter.....	1000 ml = 1 l
	1000 milligrams = 1 gram.....	1000 mg = 1 g
Weight.....	1000 grams = 1 kilogram.....	1000 g = 1 kg
	1000 kilograms = 1 metric ton.....	1000 kg = 1 t

³ Additional units, multiples, and subdivisions, which may be needed occasionally, are given later under "Definitions of Units," pp. 11 to 14.

Tables giving the interrelation of units of measurement may be found in Bureau Circular No. 47.

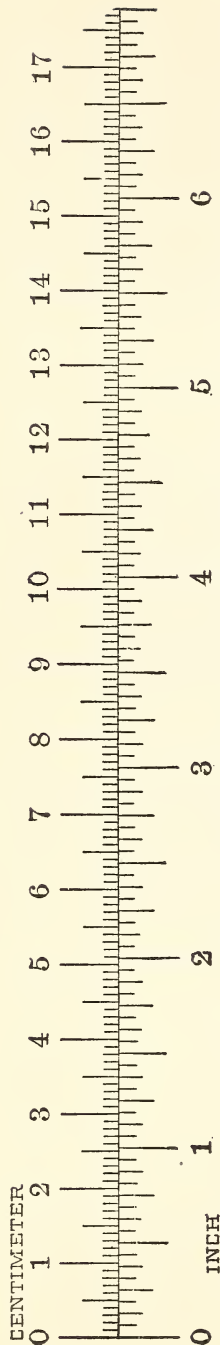


FIG. 1.—Relative values of the centimeter and the inch.
Slight changes in the paper due to humidity will alter the absolute but not the relative dimensions shown

Complete metric tables are formed by combining the words "METER," "LITER," and "GRAM" with the six numerical prefixes as in the following tables:

Prefixes	Meaning		Units
milli-	= one-thousandth	$\frac{1}{1000}$	.001
centi-	= one-hundredth	$\frac{1}{100}$	.01
deci-	= one-tenth	$\frac{1}{10}$	.1
Unit	= one		1
deka-	= ten	$\frac{10}{1}$	10
hecto-	= one hundred	$\frac{100}{1}$	100
kilo-	= one thousand	$\frac{1000}{1}$	1000
			"meter" for length
			"liter" for capacity
			"gram" for weight or mass

The metric unit of length for jewelers and silversmiths is the millimeter, or one-thousandth of a meter; the millimeter is the size of the smallest space shown in Fig. 1. It is also very nearly the diameter of a No. 18 wire of American (Brown & Sharpe) wire gage. For very small values of length, such as the thickness of the plating on an electroplated article, it is convenient to use the "micron," which is one-thousandth of a millimeter. The smallest subdivision on the head of a micrometer with a millimeter screw usually is 0.01 millimeter, or 10 microns. In working material to a given dimension within a quarter of a thousandth of an inch, the accuracy obtained is 6 microns. An inch equals almost exactly 25.4 millimeters.

The liter is the standard unit of capacity and is divided into a thousand equal parts called milliliters. For ordinary purposes, the liter⁴ is equivalent to a

⁴ There is a minute distinction between the liter and 1000 cubic centimeters which is used only in work of extreme precision. See "Fundamental Relationship," page 9.

cubic measure 10 centimeters on each edge, or 1000 cubic centimeters. A liter is a trifle larger than a U. S. liquid quart.

The gram is the unit of mass (or weight); 1000 grams make a kilogram. The kilogram is exactly the mass of a liter of water when at the temperature of 4° C (39.2° F). The gram is frequently subdivided into 1000 parts called milligrams. For a small article (less than 1 gram) the weight usually is expressed in milligrams. A piece of platinum wire one-half inch long and American (B. & S.) wire gage No. 30 weighs about 14 milligrams; if of copper wire it weighs about 6 milligrams. A one-half carat diamond weighs exactly 100 milligrams. For large weighings, or in expressing the sum of several weighings, it is convenient to use the gram even up to about 10 000 grams, or 10 kilograms, thus avoiding the change from one unit to another. In the metric system a quantity is always expressed in terms of only one unit. The gram equals about 15.4 grains, and the kilogram is about 2.2 avoirdupois pounds.

A change to a larger or smaller metric measure of length, area, volume, capacity, or weight is effected by merely multiplying or dividing by 10 or a multiple of 10. This enables those who use the metric system to make accurate mental and written calculations with a rapidity which would otherwise be impossible.

(c) FUNDAMENTAL RELATIONSHIPS

The tables in this circular have been prepared to aid in changing values from one system of weights and measures to another. The U. S. units are referred to except when otherwise indicated. The tables have been based upon the following equivalents:

39.37 United States inches	= 1 meter
1 United States gallon	= 231 cubic inches
1 liter	= 1000.027 cubic centimeters
1 United States avoirdupois pound	= 0.4535924277 kilogram

The values in most of the tables have been expressed with the accuracy usually required at the bench. In some cases, however, many figures are given for use in connection with precise work. Equivalents, such as those in the tables given on pages 15, 20, 21, and 22, should be used only to the required degree of accuracy. For example, in Table 2, page 15, it is stated that 4 inches are equal to 10.16002 centimeters. This may be rounded off, giving 4 inches equal to 10.2 centimeters, or, if less accuracy is desired, the approximate value of 10 centimeters may be used.

(d) SPELLING AND ABBREVIATION OF UNITS

The spelling of the names of metric units is that given in the law of July 28, 1866, legalizing the metric system in the United States.

The following principles of abbreviation have been adopted by the Bureau in conformity with international agreement.

1. The period is omitted after the abbreviations of the metric units, while it is used after those of the customary system.

2. The same abbreviation is used for both singular and plural.

3. Unless all of the text is printed in capital letters, only small letters are used for abbreviations (except in the case of A. for acre, where the use of the capital letter is general).

4. The exponents "2" and "3" following abbreviations of units of length, are used to signify area and volume, respectively, in the case of the metric units instead of the longer prefixes "sq." and "cu." In conformity with this principle the abbreviation for cubic centimeter is "cm³" in preference to any other usual practice.

(e) SPECIAL WAYS TO USE THE TABLES

When the tables do not give the equivalent of any desired quantity directly and completely, the equivalent can usually be obtained without the necessity of making a multiplication. This is done by using quantities from different parts of the same table or from several tables, making a shift of decimal points if necessary, and merely adding the results. For example:

1. Convert 27.3 millimeters into inches. (Refer to Table 1, p. 15.)

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \text{ mm} = 0.07874 \text{ inch, hence } 20.0 \text{ mm} = 0.7874 \text{ inch} \\ \phantom{2 \text{ mm} = 0.07874 \text{ inch, hence }} \phantom{20.0 \text{ mm} = 0.7874 \text{ inch}} 7.0 \text{ mm} = .27559 \text{ inch} \\ 3 \text{ mm} = .11811 \text{ inch, hence } \phantom{20.0 \text{ mm} = 0.7874 \text{ inch}} \phantom{7.0 \text{ mm} = .27559 \text{ inch}} \phantom{.3 \text{ mm} = .01181 \text{ inch}} \\ \phantom{2 \text{ mm} = 0.07874 \text{ inch, hence }} \phantom{20.0 \text{ mm} = 0.7874 \text{ inch}} \phantom{7.0 \text{ mm} = .27559 \text{ inch}} \phantom{.3 \text{ mm} = .01181 \text{ inch}} \phantom{.3 \text{ mm} = .01181 \text{ inch}} \\ \hline 27.3 \text{ mm} = 1.0748 \text{ inches} \end{array}$$

2. Convert 1.0748 inches into millimeters. (Refer to Table 1, p. 15.)

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \text{ inch} = 25.400 \text{ mm} \\ 7 \text{ inches} = 177.8 \text{ mm, hence } 0.07 \text{ inch} = 1.778 \text{ mm} \\ 4 \text{ inches} = 101.6 \text{ mm, hence } .004 \text{ inch} = .102 \text{ mm} \\ 8 \text{ inches} = 203.2 \text{ mm, hence } .0008 \text{ inch} = .020 \text{ mm} \\ \hline 1.0748 \text{ inches} = 27.300 \text{ mm} \end{array}$$

3. Convert 253 pennyweights 13.5 grains into grams.

$$\begin{array}{r} 200 \text{ pennyweights (Table 34, p. 24)} = 311.035 \text{ g} \\ 53 \text{ pennyweights (Table 34, p. 24)} = 82.424 \text{ g} \\ 13 \text{ grains (Table 32, p. 23)} = .842 \text{ g} \\ 5 \text{ grains} = 0.324 \text{ g, hence } 0.5 \text{ grain} = .032 \text{ g} \\ \hline 253 \text{ pennyweights } 13.5 \text{ grains} = 394.333 \text{ g} \end{array}$$

2. DEFINITIONS OF UNITS

(a) LENGTH

Fundamental Units

A METER (m) is a unit of length equivalent to the distance between the defining lines on the international prototype meter at the International Bureau of Weights and Measures when this standard is at the temperature of melting ice (0° C).

A YARD (yd.) is a unit of length equivalent to $\frac{3600}{3937}$ of a meter.

Multiples and Submultiples

- 1 kilometer (km) = 1000 meters.
 - 1 hectometer (hm) = 100 meters.
 - 1 dekameter (dkm) = 10 meters.
 - 1 decimeter (dm) = 0.1 meter.
 - 1 centimeter (cm) = 0.01 meter.
 - 1 millimeter (mm) = 0.001 meter = 0.1 centimeter.
 - 1 micron (μ) = 0.000001 meter = 0.001 millimeter.
 - 1 millimicron (m μ) = 0.00000001 meter = 0.001 micron.
 - 1 foot (ft.) = $\frac{1}{3}$ yard = $\frac{1200}{3937}$ meter.
 - 1 inch (in.) = $\frac{1}{36}$ yard = $\frac{1}{12}$ foot = $\frac{100}{3937}$ meter.
 - 1 link (li.) = 0.22 yard = 7.92 inches.
 - 1 rod (rd.) = 5 $\frac{1}{2}$ yards = 16 $\frac{1}{2}$ feet.
 - 1 chain (ch.) = 22 yards = 100 links = 66 feet = 4 rods.
 - 1 furlong (fur.) = 220 yards = 40 rods = 10 chains.
 - 1 statute mile (mi.) = 1760 yards = 5280 feet = 320 rods.
 - 1 hand = 4 inches.
 - 1 point (printers') = $\frac{1}{72}$ inch (approximately).
 - 1 point (silversmiths') = $\frac{1}{4000}$ inch.
 - 1 mil = 0.001 inch.
 - 1 fathom = 6 feet.
 - 1 span = 9 inches = $\frac{1}{8}$ fathom.
 - 1 nautical mile
 - 1 sea mile
 - 1 geographical mile
- | |
|---|
| United States = 6080.20 feet = 1.151553 |
| statute miles = 1853.249 meters. |

(b) AREA

Fundamental Units

A SQUARE METER (m²) is a unit of area equivalent to the area of a square the sides of which are 1 meter.

A SQUARE YARD (sq. yd.) is a unit of area equivalent to the area of a square the sides of which are 1 yard.

Multiples and Submultiples

- 1 square kilometer (km^2) = 1 000 000 square meters.
 1 hectare (ha), or square hectometer (hm^2) = 10 000 square meters.
 1 are (a), or square dekameter (dkm^2) = 100 square meters.
 1 centare (ca) = 1 square meter.
 1 square decimeter (dm^2) = 0.01 square meter.
 1 square centimeter (cm^2) = 0.0001 square meter.
 1 square millimeter (mm^2) = 0.000001 square meter = 0.01 square centimeter.
 1 square foot (sq. ft.) = $\frac{1}{9}$ square yard.
 1 square inch (sq. in.) = $\frac{1}{12^2}$ square yard = $\frac{1}{144}$ square foot.
 1 square link (sq. li.) = 0.0484 square yard = 62.7264 square inches.
 1 square rod (sq. rd.) = 30.25 square yards = 272.25 square feet = 625 square links.
 1 square chain (sq. ch.) = 484 square yards = 16 square rods = 100 000 square links.
 1 acre (A.) = 4840 square yards = 160 square rods = 10 square chains.
 1 square mile (sq. mi.) = 3 097 600 square yards = 640 acres.

(c) VOLUME

Fundamental Units

A CUBIC METER (m^3) is a unit of volume equivalent to a cube the edges of which are 1 meter.

A CUBIC YARD (cu. yd.) is a unit of volume equivalent to a cube the edges of which are 1 yard.

Multiples and Submultiples

- 1 cubic kilometer (km^3) = 1 000 000 000 cubic meters.
 1 cubic hectometer (hm^3) = 1 000 000 cubic meters.
 1 cubic dekameter (dkm^3) = 1 000 cubic meters.
 1 stere (s) = 1 cubic meter.
 1 cubic decimeter (dm^3) = 0.001 cubic meter.
 1 cubic centimeter (cm^3) = 0.000001 cubic meter = 0.001 cubic decimeter.
 1 cubic millimeter (mm^3) = 0.00000001 cubic meter = 0.001 cubic centimeter.
 1 cubic foot (cu. ft.) = $\frac{1}{27}$ cubic yard.
 1 cubic inch (cu. in.) = $\frac{1}{46^2}$ cubic yard = $\frac{1}{1728}$ cubic foot.
 1 board foot = 144 cubic inches = $\frac{1}{2}$ cubic foot.
 1 cord (cd.) = 128 cubic feet.

(d) CAPACITY

Fundamental Units

A LITER (l) is a unit of capacity equivalent to the volume occupied by the mass of 1 kilogram of pure water at its maximum density (at a temperature of 4° C, practically) and under the standard atmospheric pressure (of 760 mm). It is equivalent in volume to 1.00027 cubic decimeters.

A GALLON (gal.) is a unit of capacity equivalent to the volume of 231 cubic inches. It is used for the measurement of liquid commodities only.

A BUSHEL (bu.) is a unit of capacity equivalent to the volume of 2150.42 cubic inches. It is used in the measurement of dry commodities only.⁵

Multiples and Submultiples

1 hectoliter (hl) = 100 liters.

1 dekaliter (dkl) = 10 liters.

1 deciliter (dl) = 0.1 liter.

1 centiliter (cl) = 0.01 liter.

1 milliliter (ml) = 0.001 liter = 1.00027 cubic centimeters.

1 liquid quart (liq. qt.) = $\frac{1}{4}$ gallon = 57.75 cubic inches.

1 liquid pint (liq. pt.) = $\frac{1}{8}$ gallon = $\frac{1}{2}$ liquid quart = 28.875 cubic inches.

1 gill (gi.) = $\frac{1}{16}$ gallon = $\frac{1}{4}$ liquid pint = 7.21875 cubic inches.

1 fluid ounce (fl. oz.) = $\frac{1}{128}$ gallon = $\frac{1}{16}$ liquid pint.

1 fluid dram (fl. dr.) = $\frac{1}{16}$ fluid ounce = $\frac{1}{2048}$ liquid pint.

1 minim (min. or m) = $\frac{1}{60}$ fluid dram = $\frac{1}{1280}$ fluid ounce.

1 firkin = 9 gallons.

1 peck (pk.) = $\frac{1}{4}$ bushel = 537.605 cubic inches.

1 dry quart (dry qt.) = $\frac{1}{32}$ bushel = $\frac{1}{8}$ peck = 67.200625 cubic inches.

1 dry pint (dry pt.) = $\frac{1}{64}$ bushel = $\frac{1}{2}$ dry quart = 33.6003125 cubic inches.

1 barrel (for fruit, vegetables, and other dry commodities)⁶ = 7056 cubic inches = 105 dry quarts.

⁵ The above bushel is the so-called stricken or struck bushel. Many dry commodities are sold by heaped bushel, which is generally specified in the State laws to be the usual stricken bushel measure "duly heaped in the form of a cone as high as the article will admit" or "heaped as high as may be without special effort or design." The heaped bushel was originally intended to be 25 per cent greater than the stricken bushel.

⁶ As fixed by United States statute, approved Mar. 4, 1915.

(e) MASS

Fundamental Units

A KILOGRAM (kg) is a unit of mass equivalent to the mass of the international prototype kilogram at the International Bureau of Weights and Measures.

AN AVOIRDUPOIS POUND (lb. av.) is a unit of mass equivalent to 0.4535924277 kilogram.

A GRAM (g) is a unit of mass equivalent to one-thousandth of the mass of the international prototype kilogram at the International Bureau of Weights and Measures.

A TROY POUND (lb. t.) is a unit of mass equivalent to $\frac{5760}{7000}$ of that of the avoirdupois pound.

Multiples and Submultiples

1 metric ton (t) = 1000 kilograms.

1 hectogram (hg) = 100 grams = 0.1 kilogram.

1 dekagram (dkg) = 10 grams = 0.01 kilogram.

1 decigram (dg) = 0.1 gram.

1 centigram (cg) = 0.01 gram.

1 milligram (mg) = 0.001 gram.

1 avoirdupois ounce (oz. av.) = $\frac{1}{16}$ avoirdupois pound.

1 avoirdupois dram (dr. av.) = $\frac{1}{256}$ avoirdupois pound = $\frac{1}{16}$ avoirdupois ounce.

1 grain (gr.) = $\frac{1}{7000}$ avoirdupois pound = $\frac{10}{4375}$ avoirdupois ounce = $\frac{1}{5760}$ troy pound.

1 apothecaries' pound (lb. ap.) = 1 troy pound = $\frac{5760}{7000}$ avoirdupois pound.

1 apothecaries' or troy ounce (oz. ap., or \mathfrak{z} , or oz. t.) = $\frac{1}{12}$ troy pound = $\frac{480}{7000}$ avoirdupois pound = 480 grains.

1 apothecaries' dram (dr. ap. or \mathfrak{d}) = $\frac{1}{96}$ apothecaries' pound = $\frac{1}{8}$ apothecaries' ounce = 60 grains.

1 pennyweight (dwt.) = $\frac{1}{20}$ troy ounce = 24 grains.

1 apothecaries' scruple (s. ap. or \mathfrak{s}) = $\frac{1}{3}$ apothecaries' dram = 20 grains.

1 metric carat (c) = 200 milligrams = 0.2 gram.

1 short hundredweight (sh. cwt.) = 100 avoirdupois pounds.

1 long hundredweight (l. cwt.) = 112 avoirdupois pounds.

1 short ton = 2000 avoirdupois pounds.

1 long ton = 2240 avoirdupois pounds.

3. LENGTH CONVERSION TABLES

TABLE 1		TABLE 2		TABLE 3		TABLE 4	
Inches ^a	Milli- meters ^a	Inches	Centi- meters	Feet	Meters	Yards	Meters
1	= 25.4001	1	= 2.54001	1	= 0.304801	1	= 0.914402
2	= 50.8001	2	= 5.08001	2	= .609601	2	= 1.828804
3	= 76.2002	3	= 7.62002	3	= .914402	3	= 2.743205
4	= 101.6002	4	= 10.16002	4	= 1.219202	4	= 3.657607
5	= 127.0003	5	= 12.70003	5	= 1.524003	5	= 4.572009
6	= 152.4003	6	= 15.24003	6	= 1.828804	6	= 5.486411
7	= 177.8004	7	= 17.78004	7	= 2.133604	7	= 6.400813
8	= 203.2004	8	= 20.32004	8	= 2.438405	8	= 7.315215
9	= 228.6005	9	= 22.86005	9	= 2.743205	9	= 8.229616
0.03937=	1	0.3937=	1	3.28083=	1	1.093611=	1
.07874=	2	.7874=	2	6.56167=	2	2.187222=	2
.11811=	3	1.1811=	3	9.84250=	3	3.280833=	3
.15748=	4	1.5748=	4	13.12333=	4	4.374444=	4
.19685=	5	1.9685=	5	16.40417=	5	5.468056=	5
.23622=	6	2.3622=	6	19.68500=	6	6.561667=	6
.27559=	7	2.7559=	7	22.96583=	7	7.655278=	7
.31496=	8	3.1496=	8	26.24667=	8	8.748889=	8
.35433=	9	3.5433=	9	29.52750=	9	9.842500=	9

^a See also extended Tables 6 and 7.

TABLE 5.—Decimal and Metric Equivalents of Common (Binary) Fractions of an Inch

Fractions of inch		Equivalent in millimeters	Fractions of inch		Equivalent in millimeters
Eighths and quarters	Decimal		Sixty-fourths	Decimal	
1/8	0.125	3.175	1	0.015625	0.397
1/4	.250	6.350	3	.046875	1.191
3/8	.375	9.525	5	.078125	1.984
1/2	.500	12.700	7	.109375	2.778
			9	.140625	3.572
5/8	.625	15.875			
3/4	.750	19.050	11	.171875	4.366
7/8	.875	22.225	13	.203125	5.159
			15	.234375	5.953
Sixteenths:			17	.265625	6.747
			19	.296875	7.541
1	.0625	1.588	21	.328125	8.334
3	.1875	4.763	23	.359375	9.128
5	.3125	7.938	25	.390625	9.922
7	.4375	11.113	27	.421875	10.716
9	.5625	14.288	29	.453125	11.509
11	.6875	17.463			
13	.8125	20.638	31	.484375	12.303
15	.9375	23.813	33	.515625	13.097
			35	.546875	13.891
Thirty-seconds:			37	.578125	14.684
			39	.609375	15.478
1	.03125	.794	41	.640625	16.272
3	.09375	2.381	43	.671875	17.066
5	.15625	3.969	45	.703125	17.859
7	.21875	5.556	47	.734375	18.653
9	.28125	7.144	49	.765625	19.447
11	.34375	8.731	51	.796875	20.241
13	.40625	10.319	53	.828125	21.034
15	.46875	11.906	55	.859375	21.828
17	.53125	13.494	57	.890625	22.622
19	.59375	15.081			
21	.65625	16.669	59	.921875	23.416
23	.71875	18.256	61	.953125	24.209
25	.78125	19.844	63	.984375	25.003
27	.84375	21.431			
29	.90625	23.019			
31	.96875	24.606			

TABLE 6.—Conversion of Inches to Millimeters

[From 0.000 to 1.000 inch by 0.001 inch; 1 inch=25.40005 mm. 1 "point" (as used by silversmiths)=one-fourth of one thousandth of an inch^a]

Table with 12 columns: Points, Inch, Millimeters, Inch, Millimeters, Inch, Millimeters, Inch, Millimeters, Inch, Millimeters, Inch, Millimeters. It provides conversion values for points from 0 to 49.

50	.0125	.318	.050	1.270	.150	3.81	.250	6.35	.350	8.89	.450	11.43	.550	13.97	.650	16.51	.750	19.05	.850	21.59	.950	24.13
51	.01275	.324	.051	1.295	.151	3.84	.251	6.38	.351	8.92	.451	11.46	.551	14.00	.651	16.54	.751	19.08	.851	21.62	.951	24.16
52	.013	.330	.052	1.321	.152	3.86	.252	6.40	.352	8.94	.452	11.48	.552	14.02	.652	16.56	.752	19.10	.852	21.64	.952	24.18
53	.01325	.337	.053	1.346	.153	3.89	.253	6.43	.353	8.97	.453	11.51	.553	14.05	.653	16.59	.753	19.13	.853	21.67	.953	24.21
54	.0135	.343	.054	1.372	.154	3.91	.254	6.45	.354	8.99	.454	11.53	.554	14.07	.654	16.61	.754	19.15	.854	21.69	.954	24.23
55	.01375	.349	.055	1.397	.155	3.94	.255	6.48	.355	9.02	.455	11.56	.555	14.10	.655	16.64	.755	19.18	.855	21.72	.955	24.26
56	.014	.356	.056	1.422	.156	3.96	.256	6.50	.356	9.04	.456	11.58	.556	14.12	.656	16.66	.756	19.20	.856	21.74	.956	24.28
57	.01425	.362	.057	1.448	.157	3.99	.257	6.53	.357	9.07	.457	11.61	.557	14.15	.657	16.69	.757	19.23	.857	21.77	.957	24.31
58	.0145	.368	.058	1.473	.158	4.01	.258	6.56	.358	9.09	.458	11.63	.558	14.17	.658	16.71	.758	19.25	.858	21.79	.958	24.33
59	.01475	.375	.059	1.499	.159	4.04	.259	6.58	.359	9.12	.459	11.66	.559	14.20	.659	16.74	.759	19.28	.859	21.82	.959	24.36
60	.015	.381	.060	1.524	.160	4.06	.260	6.60	.360	9.14	.460	11.68	.560	14.22	.660	16.76	.760	19.30	.860	21.84	.960	24.38
61	.01525	.387	.061	1.549	.161	4.09	.261	6.63	.361	9.17	.461	11.71	.561	14.25	.661	16.79	.761	19.33	.861	21.87	.961	24.41
62	.0155	.394	.062	1.575	.162	4.11	.262	6.65	.362	9.19	.462	11.73	.562	14.27	.662	16.81	.762	19.35	.862	21.89	.962	24.43
63	.01575	.400	.063	1.600	.163	4.14	.263	6.68	.363	9.22	.463	11.76	.563	14.30	.663	16.84	.763	19.38	.863	21.92	.963	24.46
64	.016	.406	.064	1.626	.164	4.17	.264	6.71	.364	9.25	.464	11.79	.564	14.33	.664	16.87	.764	19.41	.864	21.95	.964	24.49
65	.01625	.413	.065	1.651	.165	4.19	.265	6.73	.365	9.27	.465	11.81	.565	14.35	.665	16.89	.765	19.43	.865	21.97	.965	24.51
66	.0165	.419	.066	1.676	.166	4.22	.266	6.76	.366	9.30	.466	11.84	.566	14.38	.666	16.92	.766	19.46	.866	22.00	.966	24.54
67	.01675	.425	.067	1.702	.167	4.24	.267	6.78	.367	9.32	.467	11.86	.567	14.40	.667	16.94	.767	19.48	.867	22.02	.967	24.56
68	.017	.432	.068	1.727	.168	4.27	.268	6.81	.368	9.35	.468	11.89	.568	14.43	.668	16.97	.768	19.51	.868	22.05	.968	24.59
69	.01725	.438	.069	1.753	.169	4.29	.269	6.83	.369	9.37	.469	11.91	.569	14.45	.669	16.99	.769	19.53	.869	22.07	.969	24.61
70	.0175	.445	.070	1.778	.170	4.32	.270	6.86	.370	9.40	.470	11.94	.570	14.48	.670	17.02	.770	19.56	.870	22.10	.970	24.64
71	.01775	.451	.071	1.803	.171	4.34	.271	6.88	.371	9.42	.471	11.96	.571	14.50	.671	17.04	.771	19.58	.871	22.12	.971	24.66
72	.018	.457	.072	1.829	.172	4.37	.272	6.91	.372	9.45	.472	11.99	.572	14.53	.672	17.07	.772	19.61	.872	22.15	.972	24.69
73	.01825	.464	.073	1.854	.173	4.39	.273	6.93	.373	9.47	.473	12.01	.573	14.55	.673	17.09	.773	19.63	.873	22.17	.973	24.71
74	.0185	.470	.074	1.880	.174	4.42	.274	6.96	.374	9.50	.474	12.04	.574	14.58	.674	17.12	.774	19.66	.874	22.20	.974	24.74
75	.01875	.476	.075	1.905	.175	4.45	.275	6.99	.375	9.53	.475	12.07	.575	14.61	.675	17.15	.775	19.69	.875	22.23	.975	24.77
76	.019	.483	.076	1.931	.176	4.47	.276	7.01	.376	9.55	.476	12.09	.576	14.63	.676	17.17	.776	19.71	.876	22.25	.976	24.79
77	.01925	.489	.077	1.956	.177	4.50	.277	7.04	.377	9.58	.477	12.12	.577	14.66	.677	17.20	.777	19.74	.877	22.28	.977	24.82
78	.0195	.495	.078	1.981	.178	4.52	.278	7.06	.378	9.60	.478	12.14	.578	14.68	.678	17.22	.778	19.76	.878	22.30	.978	24.84
79	.01975	.502	.079	2.007	.179	4.55	.279	7.09	.379	9.63	.479	12.17	.579	14.71	.679	17.25	.779	19.79	.879	22.33	.979	24.87
80	.020	.508	.080	2.032	.180	4.57	.280	7.11	.380	9.65	.480	12.19	.580	14.73	.680	17.27	.780	19.81	.880	22.35	.980	24.89
81	.02025	.514	.081	2.057	.181	4.60	.281	7.14	.381	9.68	.481	12.22	.581	14.76	.681	17.30	.781	19.84	.881	22.38	.981	24.92
82	.0205	.521	.082	2.083	.182	4.62	.282	7.16	.382	9.70	.482	12.24	.582	14.78	.682	17.32	.782	19.86	.882	22.40	.982	24.94
83	.02075	.527	.083	2.108	.183	4.65	.283	7.19	.383	9.73	.483	12.27	.583	14.81	.683	17.35	.783	19.89	.883	22.43	.983	24.97
84	.021	.533	.084	2.134	.184	4.67	.284	7.21	.384	9.75	.484	12.29	.584	14.83	.684	17.37	.784	19.91	.884	22.45	.984	24.99
85	.02125	.540	.085	2.159	.185	4.70	.285	7.24	.385	9.78	.485	12.32	.585	14.86	.685	17.40	.785	19.94	.885	22.48	.985	25.02
86	.0215	.546	.086	2.184	.186	4.72	.286	7.26	.386	9.80	.486	12.34	.586	14.88	.686	17.42	.786	19.96	.886	22.50	.986	25.04
87	.02175	.552	.087	2.210	.187	4.75	.287	7.29	.387	9.83	.487	12.37	.587	14.91	.687	17.45	.787	19.99	.887	22.53	.987	25.07
88	.022	.559	.088	2.235	.188	4.78	.288	7.32	.388	9.86	.488	12.40	.588	14.94	.688	17.48	.788	20.02	.888	22.56	.988	25.10
89	.02225	.565	.089	2.261	.189	4.80	.289	7.34	.389	9.88	.489	12.42	.589	14.96	.689	17.50	.789	20.04	.889	22.58	.989	25.12
90	.0225	.572	.090	2.286	.190	4.83	.290	7.37	.390	9.91	.490	12.45	.590	14.99	.690	17.53	.790	20.07	.890	22.61	.990	25.15
91	.02275	.578	.091	2.311	.191	4.85	.291	7.39	.391	9.93	.491	12.47	.591	15.01	.691	17.55	.791	20.09	.891	22.63	.991	25.17
92	.023	.584	.092	2.337	.192	4.88	.292	7.42	.392	9.96	.492	12.50	.592	15.04	.692	17.58	.792	20.12	.892	22.66	.992	25.20
93	.02325	.591	.093	2.362	.193	4.90	.293	7.44	.393	9.98	.493	12.52	.593	15.06	.693	17.60	.793	20.14	.893	22.68	.993	25.22
94	.0235	.597	.094	2.388	.194	4.93	.294	7.47	.394	10.01	.494	12.55	.594	15.09	.694	17.63	.794	20.17	.894	22.71	.994	25.25
95	.02375	.603	.095	2.413	.195	4.95	.295	7.49	.395	10.03	.495	12.57	.595	15.11	.695	17.65	.795	20.19	.895	22.73	.995	25.27
96	.024	.609	.096	2.438	.196	4.98	.296	7.52	.396	10.06	.496	12.60	.596	15.14	.696	17.68	.796	20.22	.896	22.76	.996	25.30
97	.02425	.616	.097	2.464	.197	5.00	.297	7.54	.397	10.08	.497	12.62	.597	15.16	.697	17.70	.797	20.24	.897	22.78	.997	25.32
98	.0245	.622	.098	2.489	.198	5.03	.298	7.57	.398	10.11	.498	12.65	.598	15.19	.698	17.73	.798	20.27	.898	22.81	.998	25.35
99	.02475	.629	.099	2.515	.199	5.05	.299	7.59	.399	10.13	.499	12.67	.599	15.21	.699	17.75	.799	20.29	.899	22.83	.999	25.37

1 inch = 25.40 mm	17 inches = 431.80 mm
2 inches = 50.80 mm	18 inches = 457.20 mm
3 inches = 76.20 mm	19 inches = 482.60 mm
4 inches = 101.60 mm	20 inches = 508.00 mm
5 inches = 127.00 mm	13 inches = 330.20 mm
6 inches = 152.40 mm	14 inches = 355.60 mm
7 inches = 177.80 mm	15 inches = 381.00 mm
8 inches = 203.20 mm	16 inches = 406.40 mm
9 inches = 228.60 mm	17 inches = 431.80 mm
10 inches = 254.00 mm	18 inches = 457.20 mm
11 inches = 279.40 mm	19 inches = 482.60 mm
12 inches = 304.80 mm	20 inches = 508.00 mm

• The "point" as used by silversmiths is one-fourth of one-thousandth of an inch, the printer's point is approximately one seventy-second of an inch.

TABLE 7.—Conversion of Millimeters to Inches

[From 0.00 to 10.00 millimeters by 0.01 millimeter, 1 millimeter=0.03937 inch]

Milli- meters	Inch	Milli- meters	Inch	Milli- meters	Inch	Milli- meters	Inch	Milli- meters	Inch	Milli- meters	Inch	Milli- meters	Inch	Milli- meters	Inch
0.00	0.0000	3.00	0.1181	6.00	0.2362	9.00	0.3543	0.01	0.0024	3.01	0.1185	6.01	0.2366	9.01	0.3547
0.01	0.0004	3.02	0.1189	4.00	0.1575	7.00	0.2756	0.02	0.0048	3.03	0.1193	4.01	0.1583	7.01	0.2760
0.02	0.0008	3.04	0.1197	5.00	0.1968	8.00	0.3145	0.03	0.0072	3.05	0.1201	5.01	0.1972	8.01	0.3150
0.03	0.0012	3.06	0.1205	6.00	0.2366	9.00	0.3543	0.04	0.0144	3.07	0.1209	6.01	0.2370	9.01	0.3547
0.04	0.0016	3.08	0.1213	7.00	0.2756	10.00	0.3937	0.05	0.0216	3.09	0.1217	7.01	0.2760	10.01	0.3941
0.05	0.0020	3.10	0.1220	8.00	0.3145	11.00	0.4328	0.06	0.0288	3.11	0.1224	8.01	0.3149	11.01	0.4332
0.06	0.0024	3.12	0.1228	9.00	0.3543	12.00	0.4719	0.07	0.0360	3.13	0.1232	9.01	0.3544	12.01	0.4723
0.07	0.0028	3.14	0.1236	10.00	0.3937	13.00	0.5110	0.08	0.0432	3.15	0.1240	10.01	0.3938	13.01	0.5114
0.08	0.0031	3.16	0.1244	11.00	0.4328	14.00	0.5501	0.09	0.0504	3.17	0.1248	11.01	0.4332	14.01	0.5505
0.09	0.0035	3.18	0.1252	12.00	0.4719	15.00	0.5892	0.10	0.0576	3.19	0.1256	12.01	0.4723	15.01	0.5896
0.10	0.0039	3.20	0.1260	13.00	0.5110	16.00	0.6283	0.11	0.0648	3.21	0.1264	13.01	0.5114	16.01	0.6287
0.11	0.0043	3.22	0.1268	14.00	0.5501	17.00	0.6674	0.12	0.0720	3.23	0.1272	14.01	0.5505	17.01	0.6678
0.12	0.0047	3.24	0.1276	15.00	0.5892	18.00	0.7065	0.13	0.0792	3.25	0.1280	15.01	0.5896	18.01	0.7069
0.13	0.0051	3.26	0.1284	16.00	0.6283	19.00	0.7456	0.14	0.0864	3.27	0.1288	16.01	0.6287	19.01	0.7460
0.14	0.0055	3.28	0.1292	17.00	0.6674	20.00	0.7847	0.15	0.0936	3.29	0.1296	17.01	0.6678	20.01	0.7844
0.15	0.0059	3.30	0.1300	18.00	0.7065	21.00	0.8238	0.16	0.1008	3.31	0.1304	18.01	0.7069	21.01	0.8242
0.16	0.0063	3.32	0.1308	19.00	0.7456	22.00	0.8629	0.17	0.1080	3.33	0.1312	19.01	0.7460	22.01	0.8633
0.17	0.0067	3.34	0.1316	20.00	0.7847	23.00	0.9020	0.18	0.1152	3.35	0.1320	20.01	0.7844	23.01	0.9024
0.18	0.0071	3.36	0.1324	21.00	0.8238	24.00	0.9411	0.19	0.1224	3.37	0.1328	21.01	0.8242	24.01	0.9415
0.19	0.0075	3.38	0.1332	22.00	0.8629	25.00	0.9802	0.20	0.1296	3.39	0.1340	22.01	0.8633	25.01	0.9806
0.20	0.0079	3.40	0.1340	23.00	0.9020	26.00	1.0193	0.21	0.1368	3.41	0.1348	23.01	0.9024	26.01	1.0197
0.21	0.0083	3.42	0.1348	24.00	0.9411	27.00	1.0584	0.22	0.1440	3.43	0.1356	24.01	0.9415	27.01	1.0591
0.22	0.0087	3.44	0.1356	25.00	0.9802	28.00	1.0975	0.23	0.1512	3.45	0.1364	25.01	0.9806	28.01	1.0985
0.23	0.0091	3.46	0.1364	26.00	1.0193	29.00	1.1366	0.24	0.1584	3.47	0.1372	26.01	0.9806	29.01	1.1381
0.24	0.0094	3.48	0.1372	27.00	1.0584	30.00	1.1757	0.25	0.1656	3.49	0.1380	27.01	0.9806	30.01	1.1786
0.25	0.0098	3.50	0.1380	28.00	1.0975	31.00	1.2148	0.26	0.1728	3.51	0.1388	28.01	0.9806	31.01	1.2191
0.26	0.0102	3.52	0.1388	29.00	1.1366	32.00	1.2539	0.27	0.1800	3.53	0.1396	29.01	0.9806	32.01	1.2594
0.27	0.0106	3.54	0.1396	30.00	1.1757	33.00	1.2930	0.28	0.1872	3.55	0.1404	30.01	0.9806	33.01	1.2999
0.28	0.0110	3.56	0.1404	31.00	1.2148	34.00	1.3321	0.29	0.1944	3.57	0.1412	31.01	0.9806	34.01	1.3304
0.29	0.0114	3.58	0.1412	32.00	1.2539	35.00	1.3712	0.30	0.2016	3.59	0.1420	32.01	0.9806	35.01	1.3709
0.30	0.0118	3.60	0.1420	33.00	1.2930	36.00	1.4103	0.31	0.2088	3.61	0.1428	33.01	0.9806	36.01	1.4114
0.31	0.0122	3.62	0.1428	34.00	1.3321	37.00	1.4494	0.32	0.2160	3.63	0.1436	34.01	0.9806	37.01	1.4519
0.32	0.0126	3.64	0.1436	35.00	1.3712	38.00	1.4885	0.33	0.2232	3.65	0.1444	35.01	0.9806	38.01	1.4924
0.33	0.0130	3.66	0.1444	36.00	1.4103	39.00	1.5276	0.34	0.2304	3.67	0.1452	36.01	0.9806	39.01	1.5329
0.34	0.0134	3.68	0.1452	37.00	1.4494	40.00	1.5667	0.35	0.2376	3.69	0.1460	37.01	0.9806	40.01	1.5734
0.35	0.0138	3.70	0.1460	38.00	1.4885	41.00	1.6058	0.36	0.2448	3.71	0.1468	38.01	0.9806	41.01	1.6139
0.36	0.0142	3.72	0.1468	39.00	1.5276	42.00	1.6449	0.37	0.2520	3.73	0.1476	39.01	0.9806	42.01	1.6544
0.37	0.0146	3.74	0.1476	40.00	1.5667	43.00	1.6840	0.38	0.2592	3.75	0.1484	40.01	0.9806	43.01	1.6949
0.38	0.0150	3.76	0.1484	41.00	1.6058	44.00	1.7231	0.39	0.2664	3.77	0.1492	41.01	0.9806	44.01	1.7354
0.39	0.0154	3.78	0.1492	42.00	1.6449	45.00	1.7622	0.40	0.2736	3.79	0.1500	42.01	0.9806	45.01	1.7759
0.40	0.0157	3.80	0.1500	43.00	1.6840	46.00	1.8013	0.41	0.2808	3.81	0.1508	43.01	0.9806	46.01	1.8164
0.41	0.0161	3.82	0.1508	44.00	1.7231	47.00	1.8404	0.42	0.2880	3.83	0.1516	44.01	0.9806	47.01	1.8569
0.42	0.0165	3.84	0.1516	45.00	1.7622	48.00	1.8795	0.43	0.2952	3.85	0.1524	45.01	0.9806	48.01	1.8974
0.43	0.0169	3.86	0.1524	46.00	1.8013	49.00	1.9186	0.44	0.3024	3.87	0.1532	46.01	0.9806	49.01	1.9379
0.44	0.0173	3.88	0.1532	47.00	1.8404	50.00	1.9577	0.45	0.3096	3.89	0.1540	47.01	0.9806	50.01	1.9784
0.45	0.0177	3.90	0.1540	48.00	1.8795	51.00	1.9968	0.46	0.3168	3.91	0.1548	48.01	0.9806	51.01	2.0189
0.46	0.0181	3.92	0.1548	49.00	1.9186	52.00	2.0359	0.47	0.3240	3.93	0.1556	49.01	0.9806	52.01	2.0594
0.47	0.0185	3.94	0.1556	50.00	1.9577	53.00	2.0750	0.48	0.3312	3.95	0.1564	50.01	0.9806	53.01	2.1000
0.48	0.0189	3.96	0.1564	51.00	1.9968	54.00	2.1141	0.49	0.3384	3.97	0.1572	51.01	0.9806	54.01	2.1405
0.49	0.0193	3.98	0.1572	52.00	2.0359	55.00	2.1532	0.50	0.3456	3.99	0.1580	52.01	0.9806	55.01	2.1810

.50	.0197	1.50	.0591	2.50	.0984	3.50	.1378	4.50	.1772	5.50	.2165	6.50	.2559	7.50	.2953	8.50	3346	9.50	.3740
.51	.0201	1.51	.0594	2.51	.0988	3.51	.1382	4.51	.1776	5.51	.2169	6.51	.2563	7.51	.2957	8.51	3350	9.51	.3744
.52	.0205	1.52	.0598	2.52	.0992	3.52	.1386	4.52	.1780	5.52	.2173	6.52	.2567	7.52	.2961	8.52	3354	9.52	.3748
.53	.0209	1.53	.0602	2.53	.0996	3.53	.1390	4.53	.1783	5.53	.2177	6.53	.2571	7.53	.2965	8.53	3358	9.53	.3752
.54	.0213	1.54	.0606	2.54	.1000	3.54	.1394	4.54	.1787	5.54	.2181	6.54	.2575	7.54	.2968	8.54	3362	9.54	.3756
.55	.0217	1.55	.0610	2.55	.1004	3.55	.1398	4.55	.1791	5.55	.2185	6.55	.2579	7.55	.2972	8.55	3366	9.55	.3760
.56	.0220	1.56	.0614	2.56	.1008	3.56	.1402	4.56	.1795	5.56	.2189	6.56	.2583	7.56	.2976	8.56	3370	9.56	.3764
.57	.0224	1.57	.0618	2.57	.1012	3.57	.1406	4.57	.1799	5.57	.2193	6.57	.2587	7.57	.2980	8.57	3374	9.57	.3768
.58	.0228	1.58	.0622	2.58	.1016	3.58	.1409	4.58	.1803	5.58	.2197	6.58	.2591	7.58	.2984	8.58	3378	9.58	.3772
.59	.0232	1.59	.0626	2.59	.1020	3.59	.1413	4.59	.1807	5.59	.2201	6.59	.2594	7.59	.2988	8.59	3382	9.59	.3776
.60	.0236	1.60	.0630	2.60	.1024	3.60	.1417	4.60	.1811	5.60	.2205	6.60	.2598	7.60	.2992	8.60	3386	9.60	.3780
.61	.0240	1.61	.0634	2.61	.1028	3.61	.1421	4.61	.1815	5.61	.2209	6.61	.2602	7.61	.2996	8.61	3390	9.61	.3784
.62	.0244	1.62	.0638	2.62	.1031	3.62	.1425	4.62	.1819	5.62	.2213	6.62	.2606	7.62	.3000	8.62	3394	9.62	.3787
.63	.0248	1.63	.0642	2.63	.1035	3.63	.1429	4.63	.1823	5.63	.2217	6.63	.2610	7.63	.3004	8.63	3398	9.63	.3791
.64	.0252	1.64	.0646	2.64	.1039	3.64	.1433	4.64	.1827	5.64	.2220	6.64	.2614	7.64	.3008	8.64	3402	9.64	.3795
.65	.0256	1.65	.0650	2.65	.1043	3.65	.1437	4.65	.1831	5.65	.2224	6.65	.2618	7.65	.3012	8.65	3406	9.65	.3799
.66	.0260	1.66	.0654	2.66	.1047	3.66	.1441	4.66	.1835	5.66	.2228	6.66	.2622	7.66	.3016	8.66	3410	9.66	.3803
.67	.0264	1.67	.0657	2.67	.1051	3.67	.1445	4.67	.1839	5.67	.2232	6.67	.2626	7.67	.3020	8.67	3414	9.67	.3807
.68	.0268	1.68	.0661	2.68	.1055	3.68	.1449	4.68	.1843	5.68	.2236	6.68	.2630	7.68	.3024	8.68	3418	9.68	.3811
.69	.0272	1.69	.0665	2.69	.1059	3.69	.1453	4.69	.1846	5.69	.2240	6.69	.2634	7.69	.3028	8.69	3422	9.69	.3815
.70	.0276	1.70	.0669	2.70	.1063	3.70	.1457	4.70	.1850	5.70	.2244	6.70	.2638	7.70	.3031	8.70	3425	9.70	.3819
.71	.0280	1.71	.0673	2.71	.1067	3.71	.1461	4.71	.1854	5.71	.2248	6.71	.2642	7.71	.3035	8.71	3429	9.71	.3823
.72	.0283	1.72	.0677	2.72	.1071	3.72	.1465	4.72	.1858	5.72	.2252	6.72	.2646	7.72	.3039	8.72	3433	9.72	.3827
.73	.0287	1.73	.0681	2.73	.1075	3.73	.1469	4.73	.1862	5.73	.2256	6.73	.2650	7.73	.3043	8.73	3437	9.73	.3831
.74	.0291	1.74	.0685	2.74	.1079	3.74	.1472	4.74	.1866	5.74	.2260	6.74	.2654	7.74	.3047	8.74	3441	9.74	.3835
.75	.0295	1.75	.0689	2.75	.1083	3.75	.1476	4.75	.1870	5.75	.2264	6.75	.2657	7.75	.3051	8.75	3445	9.75	.3839
.76	.0299	1.76	.0693	2.76	.1087	3.76	.1480	4.76	.1874	5.76	.2268	6.76	.2661	7.76	.3055	8.76	3449	9.76	.3843
.77	.0303	1.77	.0697	2.77	.1091	3.77	.1484	4.77	.1878	5.77	.2272	6.77	.2665	7.77	.3059	8.77	3453	9.77	.3846
.78	.0307	1.78	.0701	2.78	.1094	3.78	.1488	4.78	.1882	5.78	.2276	6.78	.2669	7.78	.3063	8.78	3457	9.78	.3850
.79	.0311	1.79	.0705	2.79	.1098	3.79	.1492	4.79	.1886	5.79	.2280	6.79	.2673	7.79	.3067	8.79	3461	9.79	.3854
.80	.0315	1.80	.0709	2.80	.1102	3.80	.1496	4.80	.1890	5.80	.2283	6.80	.2677	7.80	.3071	8.80	3465	9.80	.3858
.81	.0319	1.81	.0713	2.81	.1106	3.81	.1500	4.81	.1894	5.81	.2287	6.81	.2681	7.81	.3075	8.81	3468	9.81	.3862
.82	.0323	1.82	.0717	2.82	.1110	3.82	.1504	4.82	.1898	5.82	.2291	6.82	.2685	7.82	.3079	8.82	3472	9.82	.3866
.83	.0327	1.83	.0720	2.83	.1114	3.83	.1508	4.83	.1902	5.83	.2295	6.83	.2689	7.83	.3083	8.83	3476	9.83	.3870
.84	.0331	1.84	.0724	2.84	.1118	3.84	.1512	4.84	.1906	5.84	.2299	6.84	.2693	7.84	.3087	8.84	3480	9.84	.3874
.85	.0335	1.85	.0728	2.85	.1122	3.85	.1516	4.85	.1909	5.85	.2303	6.85	.2697	7.85	.3091	8.85	3484	9.85	.3878
.86	.0339	1.86	.0732	2.86	.1126	3.86	.1520	4.86	.1913	5.86	.2307	6.86	.2701	7.86	.3094	8.86	3488	9.86	.3882
.87	.0343	1.87	.0736	2.87	.1130	3.87	.1524	4.87	.1917	5.87	.2311	6.87	.2705	7.87	.3098	8.87	3492	9.87	.3886
.88	.0346	1.88	.0740	2.88	.1134	3.88	.1528	4.88	.1921	5.88	.2315	6.88	.2709	7.88	.3102	8.88	3496	9.88	.3890
.89	.0350	1.89	.0744	2.89	.1138	3.89	.1531	4.89	.1925	5.89	.2319	6.89	.2713	7.89	.3106	8.89	3500	9.89	.3894
.90	.0354	1.90	.0748	2.90	.1142	3.90	.1535	4.90	.1929	5.90	.2323	6.90	.2717	7.90	.3110	8.90	3504	9.90	.3898
.91	.0358	1.91	.0752	2.91	.1146	3.91	.1539	4.91	.1933	5.91	.2327	6.91	.2720	7.91	.3114	8.91	3508	9.91	.3902
.92	.0362	1.92	.0756	2.92	.1150	3.92	.1543	4.92	.1937	5.92	.2331	6.92	.2724	7.92	.3118	8.92	3512	9.92	.3906
.93	.0366	1.93	.0760	2.93	.1154	3.93	.1547	4.93	.1941	5.93	.2335	6.93	.2728	7.93	.3122	8.93	3516	9.93	.3909
.94	.0370	1.94	.0764	2.94	.1157	3.94	.1551	4.94	.1945	5.94	.2339	6.94	.2732	7.94	.3126	8.94	3520	9.94	.3913
.95	.0374	1.95	.0768	2.95	.1161	3.95	.1555	4.95	.1949	5.95	.2343	6.95	.2736	7.95	.3130	8.95	3524	9.95	.3917
.96	.0378	1.96	.0772	2.96	.1165	3.96	.1559	4.96	.1953	5.96	.2346	6.96	.2740	7.96	.3134	8.96	3528	9.96	.3921
.97	.0382	1.97	.0776	2.97	.1169	3.97	.1563	4.97	.1957	5.97	.2350	6.97	.2744	7.97	.3138	8.97	3532	9.97	.3925
.98	.0386	1.98	.0780	2.98	.1173	3.98	.1567	4.98	.1961	5.98	.2354	6.98	.2748	7.98	.3142	8.98	3536	9.98	.3929
.99	.0390	1.99	.0783	2.99	.1177	3.99	.1571	4.99	.1965	5.99	.2358	6.99	.2752	7.99	.3146	8.99	3540	9.99	.3933

1 micron = 0.000039 inch	13 microns = 0.000512 inch	17 microns = 0.000669 inch
2 microns = 0.000079 inch	14 microns = 0.000551 inch	18 microns = 0.000709 inch
3 microns = 0.000118 inch	15 microns = 0.000591 inch	19 microns = 0.000748 inch
4 microns = 0.000157 inch	16 microns = 0.000630 inch	20 microns = 0.000787 inch

9 microns = 0.000354 inch	13 microns = 0.000512 inch
10 microns = 0.000304 inch	14 microns = 0.000551 inch
11 microns = 0.000333 inch	15 microns = 0.000591 inch
12 microns = 0.000472 inch	16 microns = 0.000630 inch

5 microns = 0.000197 inch	9 microns = 0.000354 inch
6 microns = 0.000236 inch	10 microns = 0.000304 inch
7 microns = 0.000275 inch	11 microns = 0.000333 inch
8 microns = 0.000315 inch	12 microns = 0.000472 inch

4. TABLES OF AREA

TABLE 8		TABLE 9		TABLE 10	
Square inches	Square centimeters	Square feet	Square meters	Square yards	Square meters
1 = 6.452		1 = 0.0929		1 = 0.836	
2 = 12.903		2 = .1858		2 = 1.672	
3 = 19.355		3 = .2787		3 = 2.508	
4 = 25.807		4 = .3716		4 = 3.345	
5 = 32.258		5 = .4645		5 = 4.181	
6 = 38.710		6 = .5574		6 = 5.017	
7 = 45.161		7 = .6503		7 = 5.853	
8 = 51.613		8 = .7432		8 = 6.689	
9 = 58.065		9 = .8361		9 = 7.525	
0.1550 = 1		10.764 = 1		1.196 = 1	
.3100 = 2		21.528 = 2		2.392 = 2	
.4650 = 3		32.292 = 3		3.588 = 3	
.6200 = 4		43.055 = 4		4.784 = 4	
.7750 = 5		53.819 = 5		5.980 = 5	
.9300 = 6		64.583 = 6		7.176 = 6	
1.0850 = 7		75.347 = 7		8.372 = 7	
1.2400 = 8		86.111 = 8		9.568 = 8	
1.3950 = 9		96.875 = 9		10.764 = 9	

5. TABLES OF VOLUME

TABLE 11		TABLE 12		TABLE 13		TABLE 14		TABLE 15	
Cubic inches	Cubic centimeters	Cubic feet	Cubic meters	Cubic yards	Cubic meters	Cubic inches	Liters	Cubic feet	Liters
1 = 16.387		1 = 0.0283		1 = 0.7646		1 = 0.0164		1 = 28.316	
2 = 32.774		2 = .0566		2 = 1.5291		2 = .0328		2 = 56.633	
3 = 49.161		3 = .0850		3 = 2.2937		3 = .0492		3 = 84.949	
4 = 65.549		4 = .1133		4 = 3.0582		4 = .0655		4 = 113.265	
5 = 81.936		5 = .1416		5 = 3.8228		5 = .0819		5 = 141.581	
6 = 98.323		6 = .1699		6 = 4.5874		6 = .0983		6 = 169.898	
7 = 114.710		7 = .1982		7 = 5.3519		7 = .1147		7 = 198.214	
8 = 131.097		8 = .2265		8 = 6.1165		8 = .1311		8 = 226.530	
9 = 147.484		9 = .2549		9 = 6.8810		9 = .1475		9 = 254.846	
0.0610 = 1		35.314 = 1		1.3079 = 1		61.03 = 1		0.03532 = 1	
.1220 = 2		70.629 = 2		2.6159 = 2		122.05 = 2		.07063 = 2	
.1831 = 3		105.943 = 3		3.9238 = 3		183.08 = 3		.10595 = 3	
.2441 = 4		141.258 = 4		5.2318 = 4		244.10 = 4		.14126 = 4	
.3051 = 5		176.572 = 5		6.5397 = 5		305.13 = 5		.17658 = 5	
.3661 = 6		211.887 = 6		7.8477 = 6		366.15 = 6		.21189 = 6	
.4272 = 7		247.201 = 7		9.1556 = 7		427.18 = 7		.24721 = 7	
.4882 = 8		282.516 = 8		10.4635 = 8		488.20 = 8		.28252 = 8	
.5492 = 9		317.830 = 9		11.7715 = 9		549.23 = 9		.31784 = 9	

6. TABLES OF CAPACITY

TABLE 16		TABLE 17		TABLE 18			TABLE 19		TABLE 20	
Minims	Milli-liters	U. S. fluid drams	Milli-liters	U. S. fluid drams	U.S. fluid ounce	Milli-liters	U. S. fluid ounces	Milli-liters	U. S. fluid ounces	Milli-liters
1 = 0.062		1 = 3.70		$\frac{1}{2}$ = $\frac{1}{8}$ = 1.85			1 = 29.57		0.0338 = 1	
2 = .123		2 = 7.39		1 = $\frac{1}{8}$ = 3.70			2 = 59.15		.0676 = 2	
3 = .185		3 = 11.09		$1\frac{1}{2}$ = $\frac{3}{8}$ = 5.54			3 = 88.72		.1014 = 3	
4 = .246		4 = 14.79		2 = $\frac{1}{4}$ = 7.39			4 = 118.29		.1353 = 4	
5 = .308		5 = 18.48		$2\frac{1}{2}$ = $\frac{5}{8}$ = 9.24			5 = 147.86		.1691 = 5	
6 = .370		6 = 22.18		3 = $\frac{3}{8}$ = 11.09			6 = 177.44		.2029 = 6	
7 = .431		7 = 25.88		$3\frac{1}{2}$ = $\frac{7}{8}$ = 12.94			7 = 207.01		.2367 = 7	
8 = .493		8 = 29.57		4 = $\frac{1}{2}$ = 14.79			8 = 236.58		.2705 = 8	
9 = .554		9 = 33.27		$4\frac{1}{2}$ = $\frac{9}{8}$ = 16.63			9 = 266.16		.3043 = 9	
16.23 = 1		0.271 = 1		5 = $\frac{5}{8}$ = 18.48			10 = 295.73		.3381 = 10	
32.46 = 2		.541 = 2		$5\frac{1}{2}$ = $\frac{11}{8}$ = 20.33			11 = 325.30		.6763 = 20	
48.69 = 3		.812 = 3		6 = $\frac{3}{4}$ = 22.18			12 = 354.87		1.0144 = 30	
64.92 = 4		1.082 = 4		$6\frac{1}{2}$ = $\frac{13}{8}$ = 24.03			13 = 384.45		1.3526 = 40	
81.16 = 5		1.353 = 5		7 = $\frac{7}{8}$ = 25.88			14 = 414.02		1.6907 = 50	
97.39 = 6		1.623 = 6		$7\frac{1}{2}$ = $\frac{15}{8}$ = 27.72			15 = 443.59		2.0289 = 60	
113.62 = 7		1.894 = 7		8 = 1 = 29.57			16 = 473.17		2.3670 = 70	
129.85 = 8		2.164 = 8							2.7052 = 80	
146.08 = 9		2.435 = 9							3.0433 = 90	

TABLE 21		TABLE 22		TABLE 23		TABLE 24		TABLE 25	
U. S. liquid pints	Liters	U. S. liquid quarts	Liters	U. S. gallons	Liters	British Imperial gallons	Liters	U. S. gallons	British Imperial gallons
1 = 0.473		1 = 0.946		1 = 3.785		1 = 4.546		1 = 0.8327	
2 = .946		2 = 1.893		2 = 7.571		2 = 9.092		2 = 1.6654	
3 = 1.419		3 = 2.839		3 = 11.356		3 = 13.638		3 = 2.4980	
4 = 1.893		4 = 3.785		4 = 15.141		4 = 18.184		4 = 3.3307	
5 = 2.366		5 = 4.732		5 = 18.927		5 = 22.730		5 = 4.1634	
6 = 2.839		6 = 5.678		6 = 22.712		6 = 27.276		6 = 4.9961	
7 = 3.312		7 = 6.624		7 = 26.497		7 = 31.822		7 = 5.8287	
8 = 3.785		8 = 7.571		8 = 30.283		8 = 36.368		8 = 6.6614	
9 = 4.258		9 = 8.517		9 = 34.068		9 = 40.914		9 = 7.4941	
2.113 = 1		1.057 = 1		0.2642 = 1		0.2200 = 1		1.2009 = 1	
4.227 = 2		2.113 = 2		.5284 = 2		.4400 = 2		2.4019 = 2	
6.340 = 3		3.170 = 3		.7925 = 3		.6599 = 3		3.6028 = 3	
8.454 = 4		4.227 = 4		1.0567 = 4		.8799 = 4		4.8038 = 4	
10.567 = 5		5.284 = 5		1.3209 = 5		1.0999 = 5		6.0047 = 5	
12.681 = 6		6.340 = 6		1.5851 = 6		1.3199 = 6		7.2057 = 6	
14.794 = 7		7.397 = 7		1.8492 = 7		1.5398 = 7		8.4066 = 7	
16.907 = 8		8.454 = 8		2.1134 = 8		1.7598 = 8		9.6075 = 8	
19.021 = 9		9.510 = 9		2.3776 = 9		1.9798 = 9		10.8085 = 9	

7. TABLES OF MASS (WEIGHT)

TABLE 26		TABLE 27		TABLE 28	
Grains ^a	Grams ^a	Penny-weights ^b	Grams ^b	Troy ounces ^c	Grams ^c
1	= 0.06480	1	= 1.55517	1	= 31.10348
2	= .12960	2	= 3.11035	2	= 62.20696
3	= .19440	3	= 4.66552	3	= 93.31044
4	= .25920	4	= 6.22070	4	= 124.41392
5	= .32399	5	= 7.77587	5	= 155.51740
6	= .38879	6	= 9.33104	6	= 186.62088
7	= .45359	7	= 10.88622	7	= 217.72437
8	= .51839	8	= 12.44139	8	= 248.82785
9	= .58319	9	= 13.99657	9	= 279.93133
15.4324	= 1	0.64301	= 1	0.03215	= 1
30.8647	= 2	1.28603	= 2	.06430	= 2
46.2971	= 3	1.92904	= 3	.09645	= 3
61.7294	= 4	2.57206	= 4	.12860	= 4
77.1618	= 5	3.21507	= 5	.16075	= 5
92.5941	= 6	3.85809	= 6	.19290	= 6
108.0265	= 7	4.50110	= 7	.22506	= 7
123.4589	= 8	5.14412	= 8	.25721	= 8
138.8912	= 9	5.78713	= 9	.28936	= 9

^a See also extended Tables 32 and 33.^b See also extended Tables 34 and 35.^c See also extended Tables 36 and 37.

TABLE 29				TABLE 30		TABLE 31	
Avoir-dupois ounces	Grams	Avoir-dupois ounces	Grams	Avoir-dupois pounds ^a	Kilo-grams ^a	Short tons	Metric tons
1/4	= 7.087	4	= 113.398	8	= 226.796	12	= 340.194
1/2	= 14.175	4 1/4	= 120.485	8 1/4	= 233.884	12 1/4	= 347.282
3/4	= 21.262	4 1/2	= 127.573	8 1/2	= 240.971	12 1/2	= 354.369
1	= 28.350	4 3/4	= 134.660	8 3/4	= 248.058	12 3/4	= 361.456
1 1/4	= 35.437	5	= 141.748	9	= 255.146	13	= 368.544
1 1/2	= 42.524	5 1/4	= 148.835	9 1/4	= 262.233	13 1/4	= 375.631
1 3/4	= 49.612	5 1/2	= 155.922	9 1/2	= 269.321	13 1/2	= 382.719
2	= 56.699	5 3/4	= 163.010	9 3/4	= 276.408	13 3/4	= 389.806
2 1/4	= 63.786	6	= 170.097	10	= 283.495	14	= 396.893
2 1/2	= 70.874	6 1/4	= 177.185	10 1/4	= 290.583	14 1/4	= 403.981
2 3/4	= 77.961	6 1/2	= 184.272	10 1/2	= 297.670	14 1/2	= 411.068
3	= 85.049	6 3/4	= 191.359	10 3/4	= 304.757	14 3/4	= 418.156
3 1/4	= 92.136	7	= 198.447	11	= 311.845	15	= 425.243
3 1/2	= 99.223	7 1/4	= 205.534	11 1/4	= 318.932	15 1/4	= 432.330
3 3/4	= 106.311	7 1/2	= 212.621	11 1/2	= 326.020	15 1/2	= 439.418
		7 3/4	= 219.709	11 3/4	= 333.107	15 3/4	= 446.505
				12	= 340.194	16	= 453.592
				12 1/4	= 347.282		
				12 1/2	= 354.369		
				12 3/4	= 361.456		
				13	= 368.544		
				13 1/4	= 375.631		
				13 1/2	= 382.719		
				13 3/4	= 389.806		
				14	= 396.893		
				14 1/4	= 403.981		
				14 1/2	= 411.068		
				14 3/4	= 418.156		
				15	= 425.243		
				15 1/4	= 432.330		
				15 1/2	= 439.418		
				15 3/4	= 446.505		
				16	= 453.592		
				2.20462	= 1	1.10231	= 1
				4.40924	= 2	2.20462	= 2
				6.61387	= 3	3.30693	= 3
				8.81849	= 4	4.40924	= 4
				11.02311	= 5	5.51156	= 5
				13.22773	= 6	6.61387	= 6
				15.43236	= 7	7.71618	= 7
				17.63698	= 8	8.81849	= 8
				19.84160	= 9	9.92080	= 9

^a See also extended Tables 38 and 39.

MASS—GRAINS AND GRAMS

TABLE 32				TABLE 33			
[1 grain=0.06479892 gram]				[1 gram=15.4323564 grains]			
Grains	Grams	Grains	Grams	Grams	Grains	Grams	Grains
0	0.000	55	3.564	0	0.00	55	848.78
1	.065	56	3.629	1	15.43	56	864.21
2	.130	57	3.694	2	30.86	57	879.64
3	.194	58	3.758	3	46.30	58	895.08
4	.259	59	3.823	4	61.73	59	910.51
5	.324	60	3.888	5	77.16	60	925.94
6	.389	61	3.953	6	92.59	61	941.37
7	.454	62	4.018	7	108.03	62	956.81
8	.518	63	4.082	8	123.46	63	972.24
9	.583	64	4.147	9	138.89	64	987.67
10	.648	65	4.212	10	154.32	65	1003.10
11	.713	66	4.277	11	169.76	66	1018.54
12	.778	67	4.342	12	185.19	67	1033.97
13	.842	68	4.406	13	200.62	68	1049.40
14	.907	69	4.471	14	216.05	69	1064.83
15	.972	70	4.536	15	231.49	70	1080.26
16	1.037	71	4.601	16	246.92	71	1095.70
17	1.102	72	4.666	17	262.35	72	1111.13
18	1.166	73	4.730	18	277.78	73	1126.56
19	1.231	74	4.795	19	293.21	74	1141.99
20	1.296	75	4.860	20	308.65	75	1157.43
21	1.361	76	4.925	21	324.08	76	1172.86
22	1.426	77	4.990	22	339.51	77	1188.29
23	1.490	78	5.054	23	354.94	78	1203.72
24	1.555	79	5.119	24	370.38	79	1219.16
25	1.620	80	5.184	25	385.81	80	1234.59
26	1.685	81	5.249	26	401.24	81	1250.02
27	1.750	82	5.314	27	416.67	82	1265.45
28	1.814	83	5.378	28	432.11	83	1280.89
29	1.879	84	5.443	29	447.54	84	1296.32
30	1.944	85	5.508	30	462.97	85	1311.75
31	2.009	86	5.573	31	478.40	86	1327.18
32	2.074	87	5.638	32	493.84	87	1342.62
33	2.138	88	5.702	33	509.27	88	1358.05
34	2.203	89	5.767	34	524.70	89	1373.48
35	2.268	90	5.832	35	540.13	90	1388.91
36	2.333	91	5.897	36	555.56	91	1404.34
37	2.398	92	5.962	37	571.00	92	1419.78
38	2.462	93	6.026	38	586.43	93	1435.21
39	2.527	94	6.091	39	601.86	94	1450.64
40	2.592	95	6.156	40	617.29	95	1466.07
41	2.657	96	6.221	41	632.73	96	1481.51
42	2.722	97	6.285	42	648.16	97	1496.94
43	2.786	98	6.350	43	663.59	98	1512.37
44	2.851	99	6.415	44	679.02	99	1527.80
45	2.916	100	6.480	45	694.46	100	1543.24
46	2.981	200	12.960	46	709.89	200	3086.47
47	3.046	300	19.440	47	725.32	300	4629.71
48	3.110	400	25.920	48	740.75	400	6172.94
49	3.175	500	32.399	49	756.19	500	7716.18
50	3.240	600	38.879	50	771.62	600	9259.41
51	3.305	700	45.359	51	787.05	700	10802.65
52	3.370	800	51.839	52	802.48	800	12345.89
53	3.434	900	58.319	53	817.91	900	13889.12
54	3.499	1000	64.799	54	833.35	1000	15432.36

MASS—PENNYWEIGHTS AND GRAMS

TABLE 34

[1 pennyweight=1.55517404 grams]

Penny-weight	Gram	Penny-weight	Grams	Penny-weights	Grams	Penny-weights	Grams	Penny-weights	Grams
0.00	0.000	0.55	0.855	0	0.000	55	85.535	0	0.000
.01	.016	.56	.871	1	1.555	56	87.090	1	.643
.02	.031	.57	.886	2	3.110	57	88.645	2	1.286
.03	.047	.58	.902	3	4.665	58	90.200	3	1.929
.04	.062	.59	.918	4	6.221	59	91.755	4	2.572
.05	.078	.60	.933	5	7.776	60	93.310	5	3.215
.06	.093	.61	.949	6	9.331	61	94.866	6	3.858
.07	.109	.62	.964	7	10.886	62	96.421	7	4.501
.08	.124	.63	.980	8	12.441	63	97.976	8	5.144
.09	.140	.64	.995	9	13.997	64	99.531	9	5.787
.10	.156	.65	1.011	10	15.552	65	101.086	10	6.430
.11	.171	.66	1.026	11	17.107	66	102.641	11	7.073
.12	.187	.67	1.042	12	18.662	67	104.197	12	7.716
.13	.202	.68	1.058	13	20.217	68	105.752	13	8.359
.14	.218	.69	1.073	14	21.772	69	107.307	14	9.002
.15	.233	.70	1.089	15	23.328	70	108.862	15	9.645
.16	.249	.71	1.104	16	24.883	71	110.417	16	10.288
.17	.264	.72	1.120	17	26.438	72	111.973	17	10.931
.18	.280	.73	1.135	18	27.993	73	113.528	18	11.574
.19	.295	.74	1.151	19	29.548	74	115.083	19	12.217
.20	.311	.75	1.166	20	31.103	75	116.638	20	12.860
.21	.327	.76	1.182	21	32.659	76	118.193	21	13.503
.22	.342	.77	1.197	22	34.214	77	119.748	22	14.146
.23	.358	.78	1.213	23	35.769	78	121.304	23	14.789
.24	.373	.79	1.229	24	37.324	79	122.859	24	15.432
.25	.389	.80	1.244	25	38.879	80	124.414	25	16.075
.26	.404	.81	1.260	26	40.435	81	125.969	26	16.718
.27	.420	.82	1.275	27	41.990	82	127.524	27	17.361
.28	.435	.83	1.291	28	43.545	83	129.079	28	18.004
.29	.451	.84	1.306	29	45.100	84	130.635	29	18.647
.30	.467	.85	1.322	30	46.655	85	132.190	30	19.290
.31	.482	.86	1.337	31	48.210	86	133.745	31	19.933
.32	.498	.87	1.353	32	49.766	87	135.300	32	20.576
.33	.513	.88	1.369	33	51.321	88	136.855	33	21.219
.34	.529	.89	1.384	34	52.876	89	138.410	34	21.863
.35	.544	.90	1.400	35	54.431	90	139.966	35	22.506
.36	.560	.91	1.415	36	55.986	91	141.521	36	23.149
.37	.575	.92	1.431	37	57.541	92	143.076	37	23.792
.38	.591	.93	1.446	38	59.097	93	144.631	38	24.435
.39	.607	.94	1.462	39	60.652	94	146.186	39	25.078
.40	.622	.95	1.477	40	62.207	95	147.742	40	25.721
.41	.638	.96	1.493	41	63.762	96	149.297	41	26.364
.42	.653	.97	1.509	42	65.317	97	150.852	42	27.007
.43	.669	.98	1.524	43	66.872	98	152.407	43	27.650
.44	.684	.99	1.540	44	68.428	99	153.962	44	28.293
.45	.700	1.00	1.555	45	69.983	100	155.517	45	28.936
.46	.715			46	71.538	200	311.035	46	29.579
.47	.731			47	73.093	300	466.552	47	30.222
.48	.746			48	74.648	400	622.070	48	30.865
.49	.762	$\frac{1}{8}$	0.194	49	76.204	500	777.587	49	31.508
		$\frac{1}{4}$	.389						
.50	.778	$\frac{3}{8}$	.583	50	77.759	600	933.104	50	32.151
.51	.793	$\frac{1}{2}$	.778	51	79.314	700	1088.622	51	32.794
.52	.809	$\frac{5}{8}$	.972	52	80.869	800	1244.139	52	33.437
.53	.824	$\frac{3}{4}$	1.166	53	82.424	900	1399.657	53	34.080
.54	.840	$\frac{7}{8}$	1.361	54	83.979	1000	1555.174	54	34.723
								1000	643.015

TABLE 35

[1 gram=0.64301485 pennyweight]

Grams	Penny-weights	Grams	Penny-weights
0	0.000	55	35.366
1	.643	56	36.009
2	1.286	57	36.652
3	1.929	58	37.295
4	2.572	59	37.938
5	3.215	60	38.581
6	3.858	61	39.224
7	4.501	62	39.867
8	5.144	63	40.510
9	5.787	64	41.153
10	6.430	65	41.796
11	7.073	66	42.439
12	7.716	67	43.082
13	8.359	68	43.725
14	9.002	69	44.368
15	9.645	70	45.011
16	10.288	71	45.654
17	10.931	72	46.297
18	11.574	73	46.940
19	12.217	74	47.583
20	12.860	75	48.226
21	13.503	76	48.869
22	14.146	77	49.512
23	14.789	78	50.155
24	15.432	79	50.798
25	16.075	80	51.441
26	16.718	81	52.084
27	17.361	82	52.727
28	18.004	83	53.370
29	18.647	84	54.013
30	19.290	85	54.656
31	19.933	86	55.299
32	20.576	87	55.942
33	21.219	88	56.585
34	21.863	89	57.228
35	22.506	90	57.871
36	23.149	91	58.514
37	23.792	92	59.157
38	24.435	93	59.800
39	25.078	94	60.443
40	25.721	95	61.086
41	26.364	96	61.729
42	27.007	97	62.372
43	27.650	98	63.015
44	28.293	99	63.658
45	28.936	100	64.301
46	29.579	200	128.603
47	30.222	300	192.904
48	30.865	400	257.206
49	31.508	500	321.507
50	32.151	600	385.809
51	32.794	700	450.110
52	33.437	800	514.412
53	34.080	900	578.713
54	34.723	1000	643.015

MASS—TROY OUNCES AND GRAMS

TABLE 36								TABLE 37			
[1 troy ounce=31.1034808 grams]								[1 gram=0.03215074 troy ounce]			
Troy ounce	Grams	Troy ounce	Grams	Troy ounces	Grams	Troy ounces	Grams	Grams	Troy ounces	Grams	Troy ounces
0.00	0.000	0.55	17.107	0	0.000	55	1710.691	0	0.0000	55	1.7683
.01	.311	.56	17.418	1	31.003	56	1741.795	1	.0322	56	1.8004
.02	.622	.57	17.729	2	62.207	57	1772.898	2	.0643	57	1.8326
.03	.933	.58	18.040	3	93.310	58	1804.002	3	.0965	58	1.8647
.04	1.244	.59	18.351	4	124.414	59	1835.105	4	.1286	59	1.8969
.05	1.555	.60	18.662	5	155.517	60	1866.209	5	.1608	60	1.9290
.06	1.866	.61	18.973	6	186.621	61	1897.312	6	.1929	61	1.9612
.07	2.177	.62	19.284	7	217.724	62	1928.416	7	.2251	62	1.9933
.08	2.488	.63	19.595	8	248.828	63	1959.519	8	.2572	63	2.0255
.09	2.799	.64	19.906	9	279.931	64	1990.623	9	.2894	64	2.0576
.10	3.110	.65	20.217	10	311.035	65	2021.726	10	.3215	65	2.0898
.11	3.421	.66	20.528	11	342.138	66	2052.830	11	.3537	66	2.1219
.12	3.732	.67	20.839	12	373.242	67	2083.933	12	.3858	67	2.1541
.13	4.043	.68	21.150	13	404.345	68	2115.037	13	.4180	68	2.1863
.14	4.354	.69	21.461	14	435.449	69	2146.140	14	.4501	69	2.2184
.15	4.666	.70	21.772	15	466.552	70	2177.244	15	.4823	70	2.2506
.16	4.977	.71	22.083	16	497.656	71	2208.347	16	.5144	71	2.2827
.17	5.288	.72	22.395	17	528.759	72	2239.451	17	.5466	72	2.3149
.18	5.599	.73	22.706	18	559.863	73	2270.554	18	.5787	73	2.3470
.19	5.910	.74	23.017	19	590.966	74	2301.658	19	.6109	74	2.3792
.20	6.221	.75	23.328	20	622.070	75	2332.761	20	.6430	75	2.4113
.21	6.532	.76	23.639	21	653.173	76	2363.865	21	.6752	76	2.4435
.22	6.843	.77	23.950	22	684.277	77	2394.968	22	.7073	77	2.4756
.23	7.154	.78	24.261	23	715.380	78	2426.071	23	.7395	78	2.5078
.24	7.465	.79	24.572	24	746.484	79	2457.175	24	.7716	79	2.5399
.25	7.776	.80	24.883	25	777.587	80	2488.278	25	.8038	80	2.5721
.26	8.087	.81	25.194	26	808.690	81	2519.382	26	.8359	81	2.6042
.27	8.398	.82	25.505	27	839.794	82	2550.485	27	.8681	82	2.6364
.28	8.709	.83	25.816	28	870.897	83	2581.589	28	.9002	83	2.6685
.29	9.020	.84	26.127	29	902.001	84	2612.692	29	.9324	84	2.7007
.30	9.331	.85	26.438	30	933.104	85	2643.796	30	.9645	85	2.7328
.31	9.642	.86	26.749	31	964.208	86	2674.899	31	.9967	86	2.7650
.32	9.953	.87	27.060	32	995.311	87	2706.003	32	1.0288	87	2.7971
.33	10.264	.88	27.371	33	1026.415	88	2737.106	33	1.0610	88	2.8293
.34	10.575	.89	27.682	34	1057.518	89	2768.210	34	1.0931	89	2.8614
.35	10.886	.90	27.993	35	1088.622	90	2799.313	35	1.1253	90	2.8936
.36	11.197	.91	28.304	36	1119.725	91	2830.417	36	1.1574	91	2.9257
.37	11.508	.92	28.615	37	1150.829	92	2861.520	37	1.1896	92	2.9579
.38	11.819	.93	28.926	38	1181.932	93	2892.624	38	1.2217	93	2.9900
.39	12.130	.94	29.237	39	1213.036	94	2923.727	39	1.2539	94	3.0222
.40	12.441	.95	29.548	40	1244.139	95	2954.831	40	1.2860	95	3.0543
.41	12.752	.96	29.859	41	1275.243	96	2985.934	41	1.3182	96	3.0865
.42	13.063	.97	30.170	42	1306.346	97	3017.038	42	1.3503	97	3.1186
.43	13.374	.98	30.481	43	1337.450	98	3048.141	43	1.3825	98	3.1508
.44	13.686	.99	30.792	44	1368.553	99	3079.245	44	1.4146	99	3.1829
.45	13.997	1.00	31.103	45	1399.657	100	3110.348	45	1.4468	100	3.2151
.46	14.308			46	1430.760	200	6220.696	46	1.4789	200	6.4301
.47	14.619			47	1461.864	300	9331.044	47	1.5111	300	9.6452
.48	14.930			48	1492.967	400	12441.392	48	1.5432	400	12.8603
.49	15.241			49	1524.071	500	15551.740	49	1.5754	500	16.0754
.50	15.552			50	1555.174	600	18662.088	50	1.6075	600	19.2904
.51	15.863			51	1586.278	700	21772.437	51	1.6397	700	22.5055
.52	16.174			52	1617.381	800	24882.785	52	1.6718	800	25.7206
.53	16.485			53	1648.484	900	27993.133	53	1.7040	900	28.9357
.54	16.796			54	1679.588	1000	31103.481	54	1.7361	1000	32.1507

MASS—POUNDS AND KILOGRAMS

TABLE 38				TABLE 39			
[1 avoirdupois pound=0.4535924277 kilogram]				[1 kilogram=2.20462234 avoirdupois pounds]			
Avoirdupois pounds ^a	Kilograms ^a	Avoirdupois pounds	Kilograms	Kilograms ^a	Avoirdupois pounds ^a	Kilograms	Avoirdupois pounds
0	0.0	55	24.9	0	0.0	55	121.3
1	.5	56	25.4	1	2.2	56	123.5
2	.9	57	25.9	2	4.4	57	125.7
3	1.4	58	26.3	3	6.6	58	127.9
4	1.8	59	26.8	4	8.8	59	130.1
5	2.3	60	27.2	5	11.0	60	132.3
6	2.7	61	27.7	6	13.2	61	134.5
7	3.2	62	28.1	7	15.4	62	136.7
8	3.6	63	28.6	8	17.6	63	138.9
9	4.1	64	29.0	9	19.8	64	141.1
10	4.5	65	29.5	10	22.0	65	143.3
11	5.0	66	29.9	11	24.3	66	145.5
12	5.4	67	30.4	12	26.5	67	147.7
13	5.9	68	30.8	13	28.7	68	149.9
14	6.4	69	31.3	14	30.9	69	152.1
15	6.8	70	31.8	15	33.1	70	154.3
16	7.3	71	32.2	16	35.3	71	156.5
17	7.7	72	32.7	17	37.5	72	158.7
18	8.2	73	33.1	18	39.7	73	160.9
19	8.6	74	33.6	19	41.9	74	163.1
20	9.1	75	34.0	20	44.1	75	165.3
21	9.5	76	34.5	21	46.3	76	167.6
22	10.0	77	34.9	22	48.5	77	169.8
23	10.4	78	35.4	23	50.7	78	172.0
24	10.9	79	35.8	24	52.9	79	174.2
25	11.3	80	36.3	25	55.1	80	176.4
26	11.8	81	36.7	26	57.3	81	178.6
27	12.2	82	37.2	27	59.5	82	180.8
28	12.7	83	37.6	28	61.7	83	183.0
29	13.2	84	38.1	29	63.9	84	185.2
30	13.6	85	38.6	30	66.1	85	187.4
31	14.1	86	39.0	31	68.3	86	189.6
32	14.5	87	39.5	32	70.5	87	191.8
33	15.0	88	39.9	33	72.8	88	194.0
34	15.4	89	40.4	34	75.0	89	196.2
35	15.9	90	40.8	35	77.2	90	198.4
36	16.3	91	41.3	36	79.4	91	200.6
37	16.8	92	41.7	37	81.6	92	202.8
38	17.2	93	42.2	38	83.8	93	205.0
39	17.7	94	42.6	39	86.0	94	207.2
40	18.1	95	43.1	40	88.2	95	209.4
41	18.6	96	43.5	41	90.4	96	211.6
42	19.1	97	44.0	42	92.6	97	213.8
43	19.5	98	44.5	43	94.8	98	216.1
44	20.0	99	44.9	44	97.0	99	218.3
45	20.4	100	45.4	45	99.2	100	220.5
46	20.9	200	90.7	46	101.4	200	440.9
47	21.3	300	136.1	47	103.6	300	661.4
48	21.8	400	181.4	48	105.8	400	881.8
49	22.2	500	226.8	49	108.0	500	1102.3
50	22.7	600	272.2	50	110.2	600	1322.8
51	23.1	700	317.5	51	112.4	700	1543.2
52	23.6	800	362.9	52	114.6	800	1763.7
53	24.0	900	408.2	53	116.8	900	1984.2
54	24.5	1000	453.6	54	119.0	1000	2204.6

^a For the conversion of avoirdupois ounces to grams see Table 29.

III. THE METRIC CARAT

1. DEFINITION

The carat which had been in use prior to July 1, 1913, in the United States, while varying, has been nearer the value 205.3 mg than any other. This value has therefore been taken in making up the tables of equivalents given in this circular. The old carat has usually been subdivided on the binary system, the smallest subdivision used being usually one sixty-fourth of the carat. The equivalents in fractions of a carat in these tables are, therefore, given in sixty-fourths. One of the improvements introduced with the new carat of exactly 200 mg is the subdivision of it on the decimal system. The fractions of the new carat in these tables are accordingly given to hundredths of a carat.

2. CONVERSION TABLES

Tables 40 and 41 are for the conversion of quantities in the old unit to the equivalent weight in terms of the new metric carat. Table 40 is used for the conversion of fractions of a carat, while Table 41 gives the equivalent of each unit or whole carat from 1 to 100 of the old system in terms of new metric carats and hundredths of a carat. If it is desired to convert whole carats and fractions of a carat of the old unit to the new, the two tables can be used in combination; that is, by adding the quantities obtained from each, thus: Suppose it is desired to obtain the equivalent of $28\frac{45}{64}$ old carats in terms of the metric carats:

From Table 40. . . $\frac{45}{64}$ old carats = 0.72 metric carats

From Table 41. . . 28 old carats = 28.74 metric carats

Adding. . . $28\frac{45}{64}$ old carats = 29.46 metric carats.

Or, if it is desired to convert a larger quantity involving several hundred or thousand carats, one uses the equivalents in the last column of Table 41 for each hundred and thousand of the old carats up to ten hundred and ten thousand—thus, to convert $3225\frac{3}{4}$ old carats to metric carats:

From Table 40. . . $\frac{3}{4}$ old carats = 0.77 metric carats

From Table 41. . . 25 old carats = 25.66 metric carats

200 old carats = 205.30 metric carats

3000 old carats = 3079.50 metric carats

Adding. . . $3225\frac{3}{4}$ old carats = 3311.23 metric carats.

TABLE 40.—Equivalents of Fractions of the Old Carat Weight in New Decimal Metric Carats

[Computed on the basis of 1 old carat=205.3 mg; 1 new metric carat=200 mg]

Old carat						New metric carats	Old carat						New metric carats	
1/2's	1/4's	8ths	16ths	32ds	64ths		1carat	1/2's	1/4's	8ths	16ths	32ds		64ths
					1	=0.02							33	=0.53
				1	2	=.03						17	34	=.55
					3	=.05							35	=.56
			1	2	4	=.06				9	18	36	37	=.58
					5	=.08							38	=.59
				3	6	=.10					19	39	40	=.61
					7	=.11							41	=.62
		1	2	4	8	=.13			5	10	20	42	43	=.64
					9	=.14						21	44	=.65
				5	10	=.16						22	45	=.66
					11	=.18						23	46	=.67
			3	6	12	=.19				11	22	47	48	=.69
					13	=.21						24	49	=.70
				7	14	=.22						25	50	=.71
					15	=.24						26	51	=.72
	1	2	4	8	16	=.26		3	6	12	24	48	52	=.74
					17	=.27						27	53	=.75
				9	18	=.29						28	54	=.76
					19	=.30						29	55	=.77
			5	10	20	=.32				13	26	56	57	=.78
					21	=.34						30	58	=.79
				11	22	=.35						31	59	=.80
					23	=.37						32	60	=.81
		3	6	12	24	=.38			7	14	28	61	62	=.82
					25	=.40						63	64	=.83
				13	26	=.42						65	66	=.84
					27	=.43						67	68	=.85
			7	14	28	=.45				15	30	69	70	=.86
					29	=.47						71	72	=.87
				15	30	=.48						73	74	=.88
					31	=.50						75	76	=.89
					32	=.51						77	78	=.90
1	2	4	8	16	32	=.51	1	2	4	8	16	32	64	=1.03

TABLE 41.—Equivalents of the Old Carats in New Decimal Metric Carats

[Computed on the basis of 1 old carat=205.3 mg; 1 new metric carat=200 mg]

Old carats	New metric carats	Old carats	New metric carats	Old carats	New metric carats	Old carats	New metric carats	Old carats	New metric carats
1	1.03	26	26.69	51	52.35	76	78.01	200	205.30
2	2.05	27	27.72	52	53.38	77	79.04	300	307.95
3	3.08	28	28.74	53	54.40	78	80.07	400	410.60
4	4.11	29	29.77	54	55.43	79	81.09	500	513.25
5	5.13	30	30.80	55	56.46	80	82.12	600	615.90
6	6.16	31	31.82	56	57.48	81	83.15	700	718.55
7	7.19	32	32.85	57	58.51	82	84.17	800	821.20
8	8.21	33	33.87	58	59.54	83	85.20	900	923.85
9	9.24	34	34.90	59	60.56	84	86.23	1000	1026.50
10	10.26	35	35.93	60	61.59	85	87.25	2000	2053.00
11	11.29	36	36.95	61	62.62	86	88.28	3000	3079.50
12	12.32	37	37.98	62	63.64	87	89.31	4000	4106.00
13	13.34	38	39.01	63	64.67	88	90.33	5000	5132.50
14	14.37	39	40.03	64	65.70	89	91.36	6000	6159.00
15	15.40	40	41.06	65	66.72	90	92.38	7000	7185.50
16	16.42	41	42.09	66	67.75	91	93.41	8000	8212.00
17	17.45	42	43.11	67	68.78	92	94.44	9000	9238.50
18	18.48	43	44.14	68	69.80	93	95.46	10 000	10265.00
19	19.50	44	45.17	69	70.83	94	96.49		
20	20.53	45	46.19	70	71.86	95	97.52		
21	21.56	46	47.22	71	72.88	96	98.54		
22	22.58	47	48.25	72	73.91	97	99.57		
23	23.61	48	49.27	73	74.93	98	100.60		
24	24.64	49	50.30	74	75.96	99	101.62		
25	25.66	50	51.32	75	76.99	100	102.65		

IV. GAGES⁷ (WIRE AND DRILL)

1. EXISTING PRACTICE IN GAGING MATERIALS

The sizes of materials were for many years indicated in commercial practice almost entirely by gage numbers. This practice was accompanied by considerable confusion because numerous gages were in use. In general, gage sizes are used much less now than formerly.⁸

In so far as wire gages are now in use in the United States, the practice has been practically limited to the use of *two gages*. For iron plates, there is only one gage—viz, the “U. S. standard.” For drills there are two, with an additional one for drill rod and steel wire. Finally, there are some special gages, including several music wire gages.

The trend of practice in the gaging of materials is increasingly toward *the direct specification of the dimensions in decimal fractions of an inch or millimeter* without the use of gage numbers. Numerous engineering societies have gone on record as in favor of the direct use of diameters. This is similar to the practice in Germany, France, and Italy, where sizes are specified directly by the diameter in millimeters.

⁷ This information about gages was gathered from the statements on the subject in the catalogues of manufacturers and in scientific literature, including B. S. Circular No. 31.

⁸ In an article written in 1887 (S. S. Wheeler, Elec. World, 10, p. 254; 1887), over 30 gages were described, 19 of which were wire gages.

2. WIRE GAGES⁹

Among the wire gages that have survived, two are used extensively in this country, viz, the "American wire gage" (Brown & Sharpe) and the "Steel wire gage" (variously called the "Washburn & Moen," "Roebling," and "American Steel & Wire Co.'s"). Three other gages are still used to some extent, viz, the "Stubs' steel wire gage," the "Birmingham wire gage" (Stubs), and the "Old English wire gage" (London). In England one wire gage has been made legal and is in use generally, viz, the "Standard wire gage." The diameters corresponding to the gage number of five of the general wire gages mentioned are given in both inches and in millimeters in Table 43.

(a) American wire gage

The American wire gage is frequently called the "Brown & Sharpe gage." Its sizes are not utterly arbitrary and the differences between successive diameters are more regular than those of other gages. It is the only wire gage now in use whose successive sizes are determined by a mathematical law. The law of geometrical progression on which the gage is based is that the ratio of any diameter to the next smaller is a *constant number* (1.1229322). It is derived from the fundamental definition of the gage, which is that size No. 4-0 shall be 0.4600 inch in diameter, size No. 36 shall be 0.0050 inch in diameter, and 38 intermediary sizes or diameters shall be formed by geometrical progression.

(b) Steel wire gage

The "Steel wire gage"¹⁰ with a number of its sizes expressed only to the nearest thousandth of an inch, has been known as the Roebling gage. It was originally established about the year 1830, and was named after the Washburn & Moen Manufacturing Co. This company was later merged into the American Steel & Wire Co., which continued the use of the Washburn & Moen gage for steel wire, giving it the name "American Steel & Wire Co.'s gage."

(c) Stubs' steel wire gage

The Stubs' steel wire gage has a somewhat limited use for tool steel wire and drill rods. This gage should not be confused with the Birmingham wire gage, which is sometimes known as Stubs'

⁹ For a more complete discussion of wire gages, see B. S. Circular No. 31, Copper Wire Tables.

¹⁰ The name "Steel wire gage" was suggested by the Bureau of Standards in its correspondence with various companies, and it met with practically unanimous approval. It was necessary to decide upon a name for this gage, and the three names which have been used for it in the past were all open to the objection that they were the names of particular companies. These companies have accepted the new name. The abbreviation of the name of the gage should be "Stl. W. G.," to distinguish it from "S. W. G.," the abbreviation for the (British) Standard wire gage. When it is necessary to distinguish the name of this gage from others which may be used for steel wire—e. g., the (British) Standard wire gage—it may be called the United States steel wire gage.

iron wire gage. The diameters of its sizes are very nearly identical with the diameters of the corresponding sizes of drill gages, as is shown in Tables 45, 46, and 47.

(d) BIRMINGHAM WIRE GAGE

Of the various wire gages which have remained in use but are now nearly obsolete, the one most frequently mentioned is the Birmingham. Its steps are quite irregular. Some of the later gages were based on the Birmingham, and by the repeated copying of old specifications its use has persisted to some extent, both in England and the United States. In the past this gage held certain departmental sanction in the United States Government, but this sanction was removed in 1914.

(e) STANDARD WIRE GAGE

The "Standard wire gage," otherwise known as the new British standard, the English legal standard, or the Imperial wire gage, is the legal standard of Great Britain for all wires, as fixed by order in Council, August 23, 1883. It was constructed by improving the Birmingham wire gage.

(f) OLD ENGLISH OR LONDON GAGE

The Old English or London gage, the sizes of which differ very little from those of the Birmingham gage, has had considerable use in the past for brass and copper wires, and is now used to some extent in the drawing of brass wire for weaving. It is nearly obsolete.

3. TWIST DRILL AND STEEL WIRE GAGES

The confusion in the use of gages for twist drills, drill rod, and steel wire is a constant source of trouble. The differences between the diameters of the corresponding sizes of the various gages are very small, generally being less than 0.002 inch. In this field also, the manufacturers (of drills) are encouraging the direct use of diameters in place of specifying sizes by gage numbers. At the present time there are three gages in extensive use in this field. These are (1) the Stubs' steel wire gage, (2) the drill gage used by the Standard Tool Co., and (3) the drill gage used by various other leading manufacturers of twist drills. This latter gage is referred to in the tables which follow as "various manufacturers" but in other publications it is sometimes referred to as "manufacturers' standard."

All of these gages have 26 lettered sizes and 80 numbered sizes. The lettered sizes of all three gages are identical. (See Table 44.) For the numbered sizes, the Stubs' steel wire gage does not agree with either of the drill gages. For Nos. 1 to 60 (Table 45) the gage of the Standard Tool Co. agrees with the corresponding sizes

of the gage used by various other manufacturers; for sizes Nos. 61 to 80 (Tables 46 and 47) there are numerous, but small, differences. The Standard Tool Co. gage sizes were the original; which, for sizes 61 to 80, were changed by certain manufacturers. The old size numbers and diameters were retained by the Standard Tool Co., which, in turn, began to manufacture drills of the new diameters as determined by the modified gage numbers of the other manufacturers, but assigned them gage sizes by inserting so-called half-sizes into their own gage. The relationships between the diameters and the various gage sizes are shown in Table 47.

4. TABLES OF GAGE SIZES (INCHES AND MILLIMETERS)

TABLE 42.—Douzième Caliper^a

[Equivalent of each graduation on douzième spring caliper.^a 1 douzième=1/12 ligne; 1 ligne=2.2559 mm]

Douzièmes	Inch.	mm	Douzièmes	Inch	mm
1.....	0.0074	0.188	37.....	0.2738	6.956
2.....	.0148	.376	38.....	.2812	7.144
3.....	.0222	.564	39.....	.2886	7.332
4.....	.0296	.752	40.....	.2960	7.520
5.....	.0370	.940	41.....	.3035	7.708
6.....	.0444	1.128	42.....	.3109	7.896
7.....	.0518	1.316	43.....	.3183	8.084
8.....	.0592	1.504	44.....	.3257	8.272
9.....	.0666	1.692	45.....	.3331	8.460
10.....	.0740	1.880	46.....	.3405	8.648
11.....	.0814	2.068	47.....	.3479	8.836
1 ligne = 12.....	.0888	2.256	4 lignes = 48.....	.3553	9.024
13.....	.0962	2.444	49.....	.3627	9.212
14.....	.1036	2.632	50.....	.3701	9.400
15.....	.1110	2.820	51.....	.3775	9.588
16.....	.1184	3.008	52.....	.3849	9.776
17.....	.1258	3.196	53.....	.3923	9.964
18.....	.1332	3.384	54.....	.3997	10.152
19.....	.1406	3.572	55.....	.4071	10.340
20.....	.1480	3.760	56.....	.4145	10.528
21.....	.1554	3.948	57.....	.4219	10.716
22.....	.1628	4.136	58.....	.4293	10.904
23.....	.1702	4.324	59.....	.4367	11.092
2 lignes = 24.....	.1776	4.512	5 lignes = 60.....	.4441	11.280
25.....	.1850	4.700	61.....	.4515	11.467
26.....	.1924	4.888	62.....	.4589	11.655
27.....	.1998	5.076	63.....	.4663	11.843
28.....	.2072	5.264	64.....	.4737	12.031
29.....	.2146	5.452	65.....	.4811	12.219
30.....	.2220	5.640	66.....	.4885	12.407
31.....	.2294	5.828	67.....	.4959	12.595
32.....	.2368	6.016	68.....	.5033	12.783
33.....	.2442	6.204	69.....	.5107	12.971
34.....	.2516	6.392	70.....	.5181	13.159
35.....	.2590	6.580	71.....	.5255	13.347
3 lignes = 36.....	.2664	6.768	6 lignes = 72.....	.5329	13.535

^a This caliper must not be confused with the tenth-millimeter spring caliper, which is similar in appearance to the douzième caliper. For the graduation equivalents of the gage, or caliper, referred to by the various names of screw, point, or dial gage, using the values of "points" as used by silversmiths, or quarter-thousandths of an inch, see the first column of Table 6.

TABLE 43.—Tabular Comparison of Wire Gages

Gage No.	American wire gage (Brown & Sharpe)		Steel wire gage ^a		Birmingham wire gage (Stubs ²)		Stubs' steel wire gage		(British) Standard wire gage	
	Inch	mm ^b	Inch	mm	Inch	mm	Inch	mm	Inch	mm
7-0			0.4900	12.45					0.500	12.70
6-0			.4615	11.72					.464	11.79
5-0			.4305	10.93					.432	10.97
4-0	0.4600	11.68	.3938	10.00	0.454	11.53			.400	10.16
3-0	.4096	10.40	.3625	9.21	.425	10.80			.372	9.45
2-0	.3648	9.27	.3310	8.41	.380	9.65			.348	8.84
0	.3249	8.25	.3065	7.79	.340	8.64			.324	8.23
1	.2893	7.35	.2830	7.19	.300	7.62	0.227	5.77	.300	7.62
2	.2576	6.54	.2625	6.67	.284	7.21	.219	5.56	.276	7.01
3	.2294	5.83	.2437	6.19	.259	6.58	.212	5.38	.252	6.40
4	.2043	5.19	.2253	5.72	.238	6.05	.207	5.26	.232	5.89
5	.1819	4.621	.2070	5.26	.220	5.59	.204	5.18	.212	5.38
6	.1620	4.115	.1920	4.88	.203	5.16	.201	5.11	.192	4.88
7	.1443	3.665	.1770	4.50	.180	4.57	.199	5.05	.176	4.47
8	.1285	3.264	.1620	4.11	.165	4.19	.197	5.00	.160	4.06
9	.1144	2.906	.1483	3.77	.148	3.76	.194	4.93	.144	3.66
10	.1019	2.588	.1350	3.43	.134	3.40	.191	4.85	.128	3.25
11	.0907	2.305	.1205	3.06	.120	3.05	.188	4.78	.116	2.95
12	.0808	2.053	.1055	2.68	.109	2.77	.185	4.70	.104	2.64
13	.0720	1.828	.0915	2.32	.095	2.41	.182	4.62	.092	2.34
14	.0641	1.628	.0800	2.03	.083	2.11	.180	4.57	.080	2.03
15	.0571	1.450	.0720	1.829	.072	1.83	.178	4.52	.072	1.83
16	.0508	1.291	.0625	1.588	.065	1.65	.175	4.45	.064	1.63
17	.0453	1.150	.0540	1.372	.058	1.47	.172	4.37	.056	1.42
18	.0403	1.024	.0475	1.207	.049	1.24	.168	4.27	.048	1.22
19	.0359	.912	.0410	1.041	.042	1.07	.164	4.17	.040	1.02
20	.0320	.812	.0348	.884	.035	.889	.161	4.09	.036	.91
21	.0285	.723	.0317	.805	.032	.813	.157	3.99	.032	.81
22	.0253	.644	.0286	.726	.028	.711	.155	3.94	.028	.71
23	.0226	.573	.0258	.655	.025	.635	.153	3.89	.024	.61
24	.0201	.511	.0230	.584	.022	.559	.151	3.84	.022	.56
25	.0179	.455	.0204	.518	.020	.508	.148	3.76	.020	.51
26	.0159	.405	.0181	.460	.018	.457	.146	3.71	.018	.46
27	.0142	.361	.0173	.439	.016	.406	.143	3.63	.0164	.417
28	.0126	.321	.0162	.411	.014	.356	.139	3.53	.0148	.376
29	.0113	.286	.0150	.381	.013	.330	.134	3.40	.0136	.345
30	.0100	.255	.0140	.356	.012	.305	.127	3.23	.0124	.315
31	.0089	.227	.0132	.335	.010	.254	.120	3.05	.0116	.295
32	.0080	.202	.0128	.325	.009	.229	.115	2.92	.0108	.274
33	.0071	.180	.0118	.300	.008	.203	.112	2.84	.0100	.254
34	.0063	.160	.0104	.264	.007	.178	.110	2.79	.0092	.234
35	.0056	.143	.0095	.241	.005	.127	.108	2.74	.0084	.213
36	.0050	.127	.0090	.229	.004	.102	.106	2.69	.0076	.193
37	.0045	.113	.0085	.216			.103	2.62	.0068	.173
38	.0040	.101	.0080	.203			.101	2.57	.0060	.152
39	.0035	.090	.0075	.191			.099	2.51	.0052	.132
40	.0031	.080	.0070	.178			.097	2.46	.0048	.122
41	.0028	.071	.0066	.168			.095	2.41	.0044	.112
42	.0025	.063	.0062	.157			.092	2.34	.0040	.102
43	.0022	.056	.0060	.152			.088	2.24	.0036	.091
44	.0020	.050	.0058	.147			.085	2.16	.0032	.081
45	.0018	.045	.0055	.140			.081	2.06	.0028	.071
46	.0016	.040	.0052	.132			.079	2.01	.0024	.061
47	.0014	.035	.0050	.127			.077	1.96	.0020	.051
48	.0012	.032	.0048	.122			.075	1.91	.0016	.041
49	.0011	.028	.0046	.117			.072	1.83	.0012	.030
50	.0010	.025	.0044	.112			.069	1.75	.0010	.025

^a The Steel wire gage is the same gage which has been known by the various names: "Washburn & Moen," "Roebling," and "American Steel & Wire Co's." Its abbreviation should be written "Stl. W. G." to distinguish it from "S. W. G.," the usual abbreviation for the (British) Standard wire gage.

^b The millimeter diameters given for the American wire gage were obtained by multiplying by 25.40005 the mathematically correct values in inches before the latter were rounded off in the fourth decimal place as shown in the second column of the table.

TABLE 44.—Equivalents of Lettered Sizes for Drills and Stubs' Steel Wire Gage

Letter	Size of letter		Letter	Size of letter		Letter	Size of letter	
	Inch	mm		Inch	mm		Inch	mm
Z.....	0.413	10.49	P.....	0.323	8.20	F.....	0.257	6.53
Y.....	.404	10.26	O.....	.316	8.03	E.....	.250	6.35
X.....	.397	10.08	N.....	.302	7.67	D.....	.246	6.25
W.....	.386	9.80	M.....	.295	7.49	C.....	.242	6.15
V.....	.377	9.58	L.....	.290	7.37	B.....	.238	6.05
U.....	.368	9.35	K.....	.281	7.14	A.....	.234	5.94
T.....	.358	9.09	J.....	.277	7.04			
S.....	.348	8.84	I.....	.272	6.91			
R.....	.339	8.61	H.....	.266	6.76			
Q.....	.332	8.43	G.....	.261	6.63			

TABLE 45.—Numbered Sizes, 1 to 60, for Drills and Stubs' Steel Wire Gage

Gage No.	Stubs' steel wire gage		Drill gage ^a		Gage No.	Stubs' steel wire gage		Drill gage ^a	
	Inch	mm	Inch	mm		Inch	mm	Inch	mm
1.....	0.227	5.766	0.2280	5.791	30.....	0.127	3.226	0.1285	3.264
2.....	.219	5.563	.2210	5.613	31.....	.120	3.048	.1200	3.048
3.....	.212	5.385	.2130	5.410	32.....	.115	2.921	.1160	2.946
4.....	.207	5.258	.2090	5.309	33.....	.112	2.845	.1130	2.870
5.....	.204	5.182	.2055	5.220	34.....	.110	2.794	.1110	2.819
6.....	.201	5.105	.2040	5.182	35.....	.108	2.743	.1100	2.794
7.....	.199	5.055	.2010	5.105	36.....	.106	2.692	.1065	2.705
8.....	.197	5.004	.1990	5.055	37.....	.103	2.616	.1040	2.642
9.....	.194	4.928	.1960	4.978	38.....	.101	2.565	.1015	2.578
10.....	.191	4.851	.1935	4.915	39.....	.099	2.515	.0995	2.527
11.....	.188	4.775	.1910	4.851	40.....	.097	2.464	.0980	2.489
12.....	.185	4.699	.1890	4.801	41.....	.095	2.413	.0960	2.438
13.....	.182	4.623	.1850	4.699	42.....	.092	2.337	.0935	2.375
14.....	.180	4.572	.1820	4.623	43.....	.088	2.235	.0890	2.261
15.....	.178	4.521	.1800	4.572	44.....	.085	2.159	.0860	2.184
16.....	.175	4.445	.1770	4.496	45.....	.081	2.057	.0820	2.083
17.....	.172	4.369	.1730	4.394	46.....	.079	2.007	.0810	2.057
18.....	.168	4.267	.1695	4.305	47.....	.077	1.956	.0785	1.994
19.....	.164	4.166	.1660	4.216	48.....	.075	1.905	.0760	1.930
20.....	.161	4.089	.1610	4.089	49.....	.072	1.829	.0730	1.854
21.....	.157	3.988	.1590	4.039	50.....	.069	1.753	.0700	1.778
22.....	.155	3.937	.1570	3.988	51.....	.066	1.676	.0670	1.702
23.....	.153	3.886	.1540	3.912	52.....	.063	1.600	.0635	1.613
24.....	.151	3.835	.1520	3.861	53.....	.058	1.473	.0595	1.511
25.....	.148	3.759	.1495	3.797	54.....	.055	1.397	.0550	1.397
26.....	.146	3.708	.1470	3.734	55.....	.050	1.270	.0520	1.321
27.....	.143	3.632	.1440	3.658	56.....	.045	1.143	.0465	1.181
28.....	.139	3.531	.1405	3.569	57.....	.042	1.067	.0430	1.092
29.....	.134	3.404	.1360	3.454	58.....	.041	1.041	.0420	1.067
					59.....	.040	1.016	.0410	1.041
					60.....	.039	0.991	.0400	1.016

^a For sizes 1 to 60 the dimensions for both drill gages—Standard Tool and "various manufacturers"—are identical, but differ from the Stubs' steel wire gage.

TABLE 46.—Numbered Sizes, 60 to 80, for Drills and Stubs' Steel Wire Gage

Gage No.	Stubs' steel wire gage		Standard Tool Co. drill gage		Various manufacturers	
	Inch	mm	Inch	mm	Inch	mm
60	0.039	0.991	0.0400	1.016	0.0400	1.016
60½			.0390	.991		
61	.038	.965	.0380	.965	.0390	.991
62	.037	.940	.0370	.940	.0380	.965
63	.036	.914	.0360	.914	.0370	.940
64	.035	.889	.0350	.889	.0360	.914
65	.033	.838	.0330	.838	.0350	.889
66	.032	.813	.0320	.813	.0330	.838
67	.031	.787	.0310	.787	.0320	.813
68	.030	.762	.0300	.762	.0310	.787
68½			.02925	.743		
69	.029	.737	.0290	.737	.02925	.743
69½			.0280	.711		
70	.027	.686	.0270	.686	.0280	.711
71	.026	.660	.0260	.660	.0260	.660
71½			.0250	.635		
72	.024	.610	.0240	.610	.0250	.635
73	.023	.584	.0230	.584	.0240	.610
73½			.0225	.572		
74	.022	.559	.0220	.559	.0225	.572
74½			.0210	.533		
75	.020	.508	.0200	.508	.0210	.533
76	.018	.457	.0180	.457	.0200	.508
77	.016	.406	.0160	.406	.0180	.457
78	.015	.381	.0150	.381	.0160	.406
78½			.0145	.368		
79	.014	.356	.0140	.356	.0145	.368
79½			.0135	.343		
80	.013	.330	.0130	.330	.0135	.343

TABLE 47.—Index to Numbered Sizes, 60 to 80, for Drills and Stubs' Steel Wire Gage

Diameter of drill		Gage numbers			Diameter of drill		Gage numbers		
Inch	mm	Stubs' steel wire gage	Standard Tool Co. drill gage	Various manufacturers	Inch	mm	Stubs' steel wire gage	Standard Tool Co. drill gage	Various manufacturers
0.0400	1.016	59	60	60	0.0250	0.635		71½	72
.0390	.991	60	60½	61	.0240	.610	72	72	73
.0380	.965	61	61	62	.0230	.584	73	73	
.0370	.940	62	62	63	.0225	.572		73½	74
.0360	.914	63	63	64	.0220	.559	74	74	
.0350	.889	64	64	65	.0210	.533		74½	75
.0330	.838	65	65	66	.0200	.508	75	75	76
.0320	.813	66	66	67	.0180	.457	76	76	77
.0310	.787	67	67	68	.0160	.406	77	77	78
.0300	.762	68	68		.0150	.381	78	78	
.02925	.743		68½	69	.0145	.368		78½	79
.0290	.737	69	69		.0140	.356	79	79	
.0280	.711		69½	70	.0135	.343		79½	80
.0270	.686		70		.0130	.330	80	80	
.0260	.660	71	71	71					

V. WATCH GLASSES

1. GAGE SIZES FOR WATCH GLASSES

The systems upon which the gaging of watch glasses is based are in need of revision. Most manufacturers and dealers are labeling their glasses with several sets of numbers, each set indi-

cating the diameter according to some system of gaging, most of which are based upon some subdivision of the ligne.¹¹ The most common of these units based upon the ligne is frequently referred to as "sixteenths," because in this system the fraction over an integral number of lignes is expressed in sixteenths. Some of these labels include systems of gaging which are practically, if not entirely, obsolete. On the other hand, several manufacturers use the metric system, the unit for diameters being the tenth-millimeter.

2. REASONS FOR ADOPTION OF METRIC GAGE SIZES

The metric system of gaging is recommended for use in preference to the ligne and its division into sixteenths, for the following reasons:

(a) The step, or change in diameter, between consecutive sizes in the tenth-millimeter system is less than the corresponding steps for glasses gaged by lignes and "sixteenths," thereby making it possible to secure a better fit in placing a glass into a watchcase.

(b) Many watch glasses are manufactured in metric sizes and are sold in ligne sizes to satisfy the habits of the retail trade in the United States. On the continent of Europe metric sizes are used.

(c) The ligne as a unit of length is obsolete except in a few industries, and among them it is falling into disuse; the millimeter is universal in most commercial countries.

3. SPECIMEN LABELS

In Fig. 2 there are shown two sample labels of watch glasses

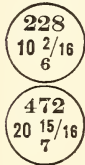


FIG. 2.—*Specimen watch glass labels*

giving the diameters in tenth-millimeters and in lignes (frequently spoken of as sixteenths); the last number given on each of these labels indicates by gage number the free height under the center of the glass to the plane formed by the circumference or rim. (See Table 49, p. 37). The basis by which the height of a watch glass is gaged is that a flat glass is gage No. 10, and that for each unit distance of 0.4 millimeter in height, the gage number decreases by unity.

This system of labeling is recommended by the Bureau of Standards as the most satisfactory for the present, at least so long as the ligne sizes are used in appreciable quantities. The manufacturers would prefer that metric sizes be used exclusively, but it depends largely upon the retail establishments to simplify existing conditions.

¹¹ The origin of the ligne is from the old, now practically obsolete, French toise (fathom) as follows: 12 lignes=1 ponce, 12 ponce=1 pied, 6 pied=1 toise. The relation between the toise and meter is 1 toise=1.949090 meters. (Guillaume, "Unités et Étalons," page 64.)

4. INFLUENCE OF WATCHCASE DESIGN

The number of sizes of watch glasses which it is necessary for retail establishments to carry in stock is almost appalling. In the table of diameters given below (Table 48), there are 272 sizes shown, which apply to each of the various models. The Bureau desires to suggest that the number of necessary sizes can be eventually reduced about 50 per cent if watchcase manufacturers would confine themselves to the manufacture of cases requiring only glasses whose sizes are an integral number of millimeters; to provide for odd sizes resulting from inaccurate workmanship, there would be supplied about two tenth-millimeter sizes below and above each integral or whole millimeter size.

5. CONVERSION TABLES

Table 48 is a conversion table for the reduction of diameters expressed in lignes into tenth-millimeter sizes. Table 49 gives the height of glasses in both millimeters and inches.

TABLE 48.—Diameter of Watch Glasses—Conversion of Lignes (16ths) into Tenth-millimeters
[1 ligne=2.2559 mm]

Size	0 16	1 16	2 16	3 16	4 16	5 16	6 16	7 16	8 16	9 16	10 16	11 16	12 16	13 16	14 16	15 16
6.....	135	137	138	140	141	142	144	145	147	148	149	151	152	154	155	157
7.....	158	159	161	162	164	165	166	168	169	171	172	173	175	176	178	179
8.....	180	182	183	185	186	188	189	190	192	193	195	196	197	199	200	202
9.....	203	204	206	207	209	210	211	213	214	216	217	219	220	221	223	224
10.....	226	227	228	230	231	233	234	235	237	238	240	241	243	244	245	247
11.....	248	250	251	252	254	255	257	258	259	261	262	264	265	266	268	269
12.....	271	272	274	275	276	278	279	281	282	283	285	286	288	289	290	292
13.....	293	295	296	297	299	300	302	303	305	306	307	309	310	312	313	314
14.....	316	317	319	320	321	323	324	326	327	329	330	331	333	334	336	337
15.....	338	340	341	343	344	345	347	348	350	351	352	354	355	357	358	360
16.....	361	362	364	365	367	368	369	371	372	374	375	376	378	379	381	382
17.....	384	385	386	388	389	391	392	393	395	396	398	399	400	402	403	405
18.....	406	407	409	410	412	413	415	416	417	419	420	422	423	424	426	427
19.....	429	430	431	433	434	436	437	438	440	441	443	444	446	447	448	450
20.....	451	453	454	455	457	458	460	461	462	464	465	467	468	470	471	472
21.....	474	475	477	478	479	481	482	484	485	486	488	489	491	492	493	495
22.....	496	498	499	501	502	503	505	506	508	509	510	512	513	515	516	517

TABLE 49.—Height of Watch Glasses

Gage No.	Height		Gage No.	Height	
	mm	Inch		mm	Inch
10.....	0.0	0.000	4.....	2.4	0.094
9.....	.4	.016	3.....	2.8	.110
8.....	.8	.031	2.....	3.2	.126
7.....	1.2	.047	1.....	3.6	.142
6.....	1.6	.063	0.....	4.0	.157
5.....	2.0	.079			

VI. SIZES OF WATCHES

Watch sizes are based upon the diameter of the pillar plate. Watch movements made on the continent of Europe have their diameters expressed either in millimeters or in lignes, the former method being somewhat uncommon. A watch movement made in the United States has its diameter expressed in terms of a certain "Size No." The diameter of the 0-size watch is $1 \frac{5}{30}$ ths of an inch; the size number increases for each 30th of an inch. The diameter of a 12-size watch movement is therefore $\frac{47}{30}$ ths of an inch (1.567 inches, or 39.79 millimeters).

From the third column of Table 50 it is seen that an 18-ligne watch equals almost exactly a 13-size and that a 15-ligne equals very closely a 5-size. In connection with the most common sizes it is well to note that the diameter of a 16-size watch is nearest to 19 lignes, 12-size to 18 lignes, and 0-size to 13 lignes.

TABLE 50.—Watch Sizes

[Based upon the diameter of pillar plate. 1 ligne=2.2559 millimeters; 1 inch=25.40005 millimeters, Size No.=Number of thirtieths (30th's) of an inch in excess of 35 thirtieths (35/30) of an inch]

Watch size No.	Pillar plate diameter				Watch size No.	Pillar plate diameter			
	Lignes	mm	Inches	30th's of an inch		Lignes	mm	Inches	30th's of an inch
32	25.....	56.73	2.233	67	8	36.41	1.433	43	
31	.....	56.40	2.220	66	16.....	36.09	1.421	.....
30	.....	55.88	2.200	65	7	35.56	1.400	42
29	.....	55.03	2.167	64	6	34.71	1.367	41
28	24.....	54.19	2.133	63	5	33.87	1.333	40	
27	.....	54.14	2.132	62	15.....	33.84	1.332	.....
26	.....	53.34	2.100	61	4	33.02	1.300	39
25	.....	52.49	2.067	60	3	32.17	1.267	38
24	23.....	51.89	2.043	59	2	31.58	1.243	.....
23	.....	51.65	2.033	58	1	31.33	1.233	37
22	.....	50.80	2.000	57	0	30.48	1.200	36
21	22.....	49.95	1.967	56	13.....	29.63	1.167	35	
20	.....	49.63	1.954	55	2/0	29.33	1.155	.....
19	.....	49.11	1.933	54	3/0	28.79	1.133	34
18	21.....	48.26	1.900	53	4/0	27.94	1.100	33	
17	.....	47.41	1.867	52	.....	27.09	1.067	32
16	.....	47.37	1.865	51	12.....	27.07	1.066	.....
15	20.....	46.57	1.833	50	5/0	26.25	1.033	31	
14	.....	46.57	1.833	49	6/0	25.40	1.000	30
13	.....	45.72	1.800	48	7/0	24.81	.977	.....
12	.....	45.12	1.776	47	8/0	24.55	.967	29
11	19.....	44.87	1.767	46	.....	23.71	.933	28
10	.....	44.03	1.733	45	9/0	23.69	.933	.....
9	.....	43.18	1.700	44	10/0	22.86	.900	27
8	18.....	42.86	1.687	43	.....	22.56	.888	.....
7	.....	42.33	1.667	42	10 1/2.....	22.01	.867	26
6	.....	41.49	1.633	41	.....	21.43	.844	.....
5	.....	40.64	1.600	40	9 1/2.....	20.30	.799	.....
4	.....	40.61	1.599	39	.....	19.18	.755	.....
3	17.....	39.79	1.567	38	8 1/2.....	18.05	.711	.....
2	.....	38.95	1.533	37	.....	16.92	.666	.....
1	.....	38.35	1.510	36	7 1/2.....	15.79	.622	.....
0	.....	38.10	1.500	35	.....	13.54	.533	.....
	.....	37.25	1.467	34	6.....			

VII. RING SIZES

1. ORIGINAL STANDARD

The gages for finger rings that are in use in the United States are almost universally of the cone type, and are designated by two trade names. One is "F. E. Allen's"; the other is "U. S. Standard." Apparently the principle of a metal cone with graduations from 1 to 13 or 0 to 13 is the same on the two gages, the only apparent difference between the two being in the shape of the wooden handles. All attempts to find any printed statement as to what the dimensions of the various sizes are supposed to be, have been unsuccessful. The earliest known patent on the conical ring gage was obtained by F. E. Allen on February 3, 1874, U. S. Patent No. 146974. In this patent there is described quite accurately the conical gage with sizes 1 to 13, and quarter sizes, as is used to-day; there is also described the auxiliary scale on the side for showing the circumference for each of the various sizes. The dimensions of the sizes are not stated.

2. INTRODUCTION OF ERRORS

From the accurate description of the present gage in Allen's patent, it may be presumed, perhaps erroneously although probably correctly, that the scale of sizes now in use was well known and in use at that time. There probably also is little doubt but that the present gage sizes have descended from those in use at that time, but by what steps and intermediary process it is impossible to state. Differences in the sizes have likely been introduced by the adoption of a common commercial copy as a pattern or standard. In fact, a standard was once obtained in this manner. A manufacturing company in 1917 wrote to the Bureau of Standards stating that they had been making these gages for nearly 25 years and that "our standard was probably obtained from a commercial Allen ring gage and there *appears to be considerable variations in the ring gages on the market.*"

3. MANY SIMILAR STANDARDS

While there apparently is only one standard in use in the United States, in reality, because of the lack of specific dimensions and because of the errors introduced by the adoption of a common commercial article as a pattern, there are many, although similar, standards. One establishment recently purchased a considerable number of platinum blank rings from a certain well-known and highly advertised manufacturer. The ring blanks as delivered

tested out about one-quarter size smaller than the size ordered, and as can be readily understood, there is no means of recourse even though there had been a desire on the part of the purchaser to obtain it. From the gages examined in a few retail establishments in the same city, there were discovered differences corresponding to about a third of a size. Continued search in other cities may be expected to disclose much larger differences. Letters from one important manufacturer of ring gages state that the diameters they use corresponding to sizes 1 and 13 are 0.485 and 0.877 inch, respectively; from another, they are 0.491 and 0.877 inch, respectively. On the other hand, measurements obtained during one afternoon for gages in use in retail houses in one locality gave a range of values for size 1 from 0.480 to 0.491 inch, and for size 13 from 0.870 to 0.878 inch.

4. CONFUSION ALSO IN USE OF GAGE

Not only is there confusion in the ring sizes and standards but confusion also exists in the method of use of the gages. Some companies bring the top of the ring to the mark on the gage, others use the middle of the ring, while still others use the lower edge of the ring. These differences in the method of use are equivalent for broad rings to an appreciable part of a size, and serve to increase the differences between the various standards. The differences between the various gages for any one size are somewhat small in comparison with the latitude permissible in the retail trade, but for the jobbers and manufacturers it seems desirable, however, that the diameter used for each of the various sizes and the method of use of the gage should be identical.

5. OUTLINE OF THE PROBLEM

The figures given in the preceding paragraphs show approximately the dimensions of the gages in use as compared with those of the standards of two ring gage manufacturers. The Bureau of Standards intends to take up this problem by obtaining more complete information as to the dimensions of gages in different parts of the country, and with the cooperation of those fundamentally interested in this problem, it hopes to be able to select some values which best represent the average dimensions of existing standards.

VIII. MISCELLANEOUS TABLES

TABLE 51.—Decimal Equivalents of Gold Karats ^a

[The number of karats indicates the number of 24ths of pure gold in an alloy]

Number of karats	Pure gold	Number of karats	Pure gold
	Fineness		Fineness
1 K.....	0.0417	13 K.....	0.5417
2 K.....	.0833	14 K.....	.5833
3 K.....	.1250	15 K.....	.6250
4 K.....	.1667	16 K.....	.6667
5 K.....	.2083	17 K.....	.7083
6 K.....	.2500	18 K.....	.7500
7 K.....	.2917	19 K.....	.7917
8 K.....	.3333	20 K.....	.8333
9 K.....	.3750	21 K.....	.8750
10 K.....	.4167	22 K.....	.9167
11 K.....	.4583	23 K.....	.9583
12 K.....	.5000	24 K.....	1.0000

^a The spelling "karat" is in general use among jewelers to designate the gold karat (fineness of gold) and is consistent with the accepted abbreviation for this term, "K"; also, it affords a distinctive term as compared with "carat," which, abbreviated by "c" designates a unit of weight used in measuring precious stones.

TABLE 52.—Densities ^a of Various Metals

Metal	Density	Metal	Density
	g/cm³		g/cm³
Aluminum.....	2.70	Manganese.....	7.42
Antimony.....	6.618	Nickel.....	8.75
Bismuth.....	9.781	Osmium.....	22.5
Cadmium.....	8.648	Palladium.....	12.16
Chromium.....	6.92	Platinum.....	21.37
Cobalt.....	8.71	Rhodium.....	12.44
Copper.....	8.89	Silver.....	10.48
Gold.....	19.33	Tantalum.....	16.6
Iridium.....	22.42	Tin.....	7.29
Iron.....	7.86	Tungsten.....	18.8
Lead.....	11.342	Zinc.....	7.10

^a The values in this table are taken from "Smithsonian Physical Tables," 7th revised edition, p. 110.

TABLE 53.—Melting Points ^a of Various Metals ^b

Metal	Melting point	Melting point	Metal	Melting point	Melting point
	° C	° F		° C	° F
Mercury.....	- 38.87	- 37.97	Manganese.....	1230	2246
Tin.....	+231.9	+449.4	Nickel.....	1452	2646
Bismuth.....	271	520	Cobalt.....	1480	2696
Cadmium.....	320.9	609.6	Iron.....	1530	2786
Lead.....	327.4	621.3	Palladium.....	1550	2822
Zinc.....	419.4	786.9	Chromium.....	1615	2939
Antimony.....	630.0	1166.0	Platinum.....	1755	3191
Aluminum.....	658.7	1217.7	Rhodium.....	1950	3542
Radium.....	700	1292	Iridium.....	2350(?)	4260
Silver.....	960.5	1760.9	Osmium.....	2700(?)	4890
Gold.....	1063.0	1945.5	Tantalum.....	2900	5250
Copper.....	1083.0	1981.4	Tungsten.....	3400	6152

^a At high temperatures some of the values are somewhat uncertain. Temperatures centigrade are rounded off, and the exact Fahrenheit equivalents are usually given.

^b This table is taken from B. S. Circular No. 35, 4th edition (revision of Dec. 1, 1919), which gives the melting points for all of the elements.

TABLE 54.—Conversion of Centigrade Temperatures (C) into Fahrenheit Temperatures (F)

[Temperature Fahrenheit=9/5 temperature centigrade +32]

° C	° F	° C	° F	° C	° F
-40	-40	60	140	200	392
-35	-31	65	149	300	572
-30	-22	70	158	400	752
-25	-13	75	167	500	932
-20	-4	80	176	600	1112
-15	+ 5	85	185	700	1292
-10	14	90	194	800	1472
- 5	23	95	203	900	1652
Zero	32	100	212	1000	1832
+ 5	41	105	221	1100	2012
10	50	110	230	1200	2192
15	59	115	239	1300	2372
20	68	120	248	1400	2552
25	77	125	257	1500	2732
30	86	130	266	1600	2912
35	95	135	275	1700	3092
40	104	140	284	1800	3272
45	113	145	293	1900	3452
50	122	150	302	2000	3632
55	131	155	311	2500	4532

TABLE 55.—Conversion of Fahrenheit Temperatures (F) into Centigrade Temperatures (C)

[Temperature centigrade=5/9 (temperature Fahrenheit -32)]

° F	° C	° F	° C	° F	° C	° F	° C
-40	-40.0	60	15.6	165	73.9	500	260.0
-35	-37.2	65	18.3	170	76.7	600	315.6
-30	-34.4	70	21.1	175	79.4	700	371.1
-25	-31.7	75	23.9	180	82.2	800	426.7
-20	-28.9	80	26.7	185	85.0	900	482.2
-15	-26.1	85	29.4	190	87.8	1000	537.8
-10	-23.3	90	32.2	195	90.6	1100	593.3
- 5	-20.6	95	35.0	200	93.3	1200	648.9
Zero	-17.8	100	37.8	205	96.1	1300	704.4
+ 5	-15.0	105	40.6	210	98.9	1400	760.0
10	-12.2	110	43.3	212	100.0	1500	815.6
15	- 9.4	115	46.1	215	101.7	1600	871.1
20	- 6.7	120	48.9	220	104.4	1700	926.7
25	- 3.9	125	51.7	225	107.2	1800	982.2
30	- 1.1	130	54.4	230	110.0	1900	1037.8
32	Zero	135	57.2	235	112.8	2000	1093.3
35	+ 1.7	140	60.0	240	115.6	2500	1371.1
40	4.4	145	62.8	245	118.3	3000	1648.9
45	7.2	150	65.6	250	121.1	3500	1926.7
50	10.0	155	68.3	300	148.9	4000	2204.4
55	12.8	160	71.1	400	204.4	4500	2482.2

1. APPROXIMATE TEMPERATURES BY COLOR

The estimation of temperature by the color of a hot body is influenced by so many factors that it is attended with great uncertainties. The chart shown in Fig. 3, taken from Bullens' "Steel and Its Heat Treatment," page 369, is appended as a rough guide for such temperature estimation.

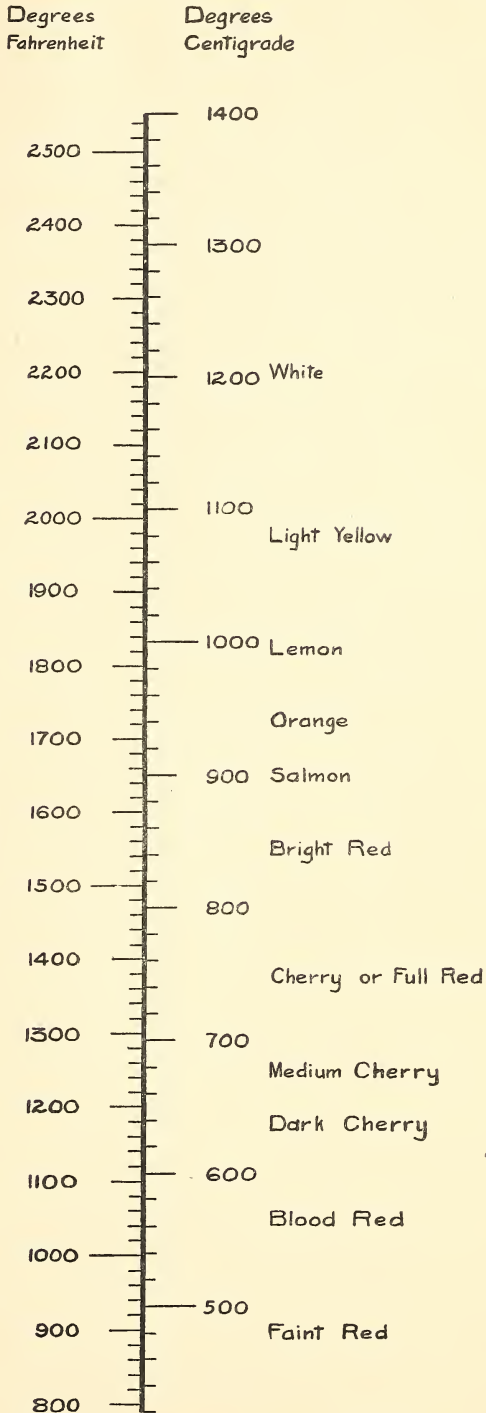


FIG. 3.—Temperature and color of hot body

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