

Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service

2014 Farm Bill Section 10007 Protecting Plant Health

Under Section 10007 of the 2014 Farm Bill, the U.S. Department of Agriculture's Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service (APHIS) provides funding for Federal, State, tribal, and nongovernmental efforts to protect U.S. plant health. Specifically, Section 10007 authorizes \$62.5 million per year in Commodity Credit Corporation funding from fiscal year (FY) 2014 to FY 2017 and \$75 million per year in FY 2018 and beyond. Since 2009, APHIS has funded more than 1,700 Farm Bill projects across the United States.

Through these projects, APHIS partners with a broad range of stakeholders to achieve shared plant health protection goals. These goals include:

- finding and responding to invasive pests and diseases that threaten American agriculture;
- increasing public involvement in efforts to stop pest and disease spread; and
- ensuring the global competitiveness of U.S. nursery production and specialty crops (such as grapes, fruit and nut trees, citrus, berries, and ornamentals) by protecting them from economically harmful pests and diseases.

Section 10007 funding supports two specific areas: the Plant Pest and Disease Management and Disaster Prevention Program and the National Clean Plant Network.

Plant Pest and Disease Management and Disaster Prevention Program

Under this program, funding is available for cooperators in all U.S. States and Territories. This includes State and Federal agencies, Tribal Nations, universities, nongovernmental organizations, and private entities. Funded projects are organized around six goals. These goals represent critical needs and opportunities to strengthen, prevent, detect, and mitigate invasive pests and diseases. The six strategic goals focus on:

- 1. enhancing plant pest and disease analysis and survey,
- 2. targeting domestic inspection activities at vulnerable points in the safeguarding continuum,
- 3. enhancing and strengthening pest identification and technology,
- 4. safeguarding nursery production,
- 5. conducting targeted outreach and education, and
- 6. enhancing mitigation and rapid response capabilities.

National Clean Plant Network

Each year, at least \$5 million of the Farm Bill Section 10007 funding goes to the National Clean Plant Network (NCPN). Network funding supports established university and government clean plant centers to develop, maintain, and provide stock of select specialty crops. Industry and others use the stock material to start or regrow clean plant orchards, vineyards, groves, and other commercial plantings.

Funding supports projects that:

- organize clean plant centers into collaborative networks;
- improve diagnostic capabilities, offer therapeutic treatments in specialty crop plants, modernize facility infrastructure, and establish foundation plantings; and
- provide high-quality propagative plant material tested for targeted plant pathogens.



Visit Us www.aphis.usda.gov/farmbill

Email Us farmbillsection10007@aphis.usda.gov

Learn More 🚄



Subscribe to Stakeholder Registry https://bit.ly/aphisupdates (Farm Bill Section 10007 topic)

Get APHIS Updates http://twitter.com/USDA_APHIS

Fruits of the 2014 Farm Bill Section 10007 include...



STRATEGIC GOALS

Improve plant pest and

disease survey efforts

Enhance plant pest and

disease analysis

Issued July 2015 USDA is an equal opportunity provider and employer.