FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Change in Bank Control Notices; Acquisitions of Shares of a Bank or Bank Holding Company

The notificants listed below have applied under the Change in Bank Control Act (Act) (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)) and § 225.41 of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.41) to acquire shares of a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the applications are set forth in paragraph 7 of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(7)).

The public portions of the applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, if any, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank(s) indicated below and at the offices of the Board of Governors. This information may also be obtained on an expedited basis, upon request, by contacting the appropriate Federal Reserve Bank and from the Board's Freedom of Information Office at *https://www.federalreserve.gov/foia/request.htm.* Interested persons may express their views in writing on the standards enumerated in paragraph 7 of the Act.

Comments received are subject to public disclosure. In general, comments received will be made available without change and will not be modified to remove personal or business information including confidential, contact, or other identifying information. Comments should not include any information such as confidential information that would not be appropriate for public disclosure.

Comments regarding each of these applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors, Benjamin W. McDonough, Secretary of the Board, 20th Street and Constitution Avenue NW, Washington DC 20551–0001, not later than September 9, 2026.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City (Jeffrey Imgarten, Assistant Vice President) 1 Memorial Drive, Kansas City, Missouri 64198–0001. Comments can also be sent electronically to *KCApplicationComments@kc.frb.org:*

1. *The Kenneth Scott Brown Revocable Trust dated December 18, 2025, Kenneth Scott Brown, as trustee; the Rene' Brown Revocable Trust dated January 30, 2017, Michelle Rene Brown, as trustee; the Karla Lynn Brown Revocable Trust dated December 18, 2025, Karla Lynn Brown, as trustee; the Josephine Marie Brown Revocable Trust dated 6/26/25, Josephine Brown, Kenneth Brown, and Michelle Rene Brown, as co-trustees; the 2018 Irrevocable Trust for Sam C. Brown, III, the 2018 Irrevocable Trust for Kenneth Scott Brown, and the 2018 Irrevocable Trust for Michelle Rene Brown, Michelle Rene Brown, Kenneth Scott Brown, and Sam Brown, III, as co-trustees of the three aforementioned trusts, all of Pueblo, Colorado; JoVanna Dukes, Clancy, Montana; and Chad Robertson, Lonetree, Colorado;* to join the Brown Family Group, a group acting in concert, to retain voting shares of Pueblo Bancorporation, and thereby indirectly retain voting shares of PB&T Bank, both of Pueblo, Colorado. Josephine Brown, Michelle Rene Brown, Kenneth Scott Brown, Karla Lynn Brown, and Sam Brown III are members of the Brown Family Group and were each previously permitted by the Federal Reserve System to acquire voting shares of Pueblo Bancshares in their individual capacities.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Michele Taylor Fennell,

Associate Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. 2026–17310 Filed 8–24–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE;P

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposed Collection; Comment Request; Extension

AGENCY: Federal Trade Commission.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA), the Federal Trade Commission (FTC or Commission) is seeking public comment on its proposal to extend for an additional three years the information collection requirements contained in the agency's rule governing Standards for Safeguarding Customer Information (the Safeguards Rule). The current clearance expires on December 31, 2026.

DATES: Comments must be filed by October 26, 2026.

ADDRESSES: Interested parties may file a comment online or on paper, by following the instructions in the Request for Comment part of the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section below. Write ''Paperwork Reduction Act Comment: FTC File No. R021101,'' on your comment, and file your comment online at *https://www.regulations.gov* by following the instructions on the web-based form. If you prefer to file your comment on paper, mail your comment to the following address: Federal Trade Commission, Office of the Secretary, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Mail Stop H–144 (Annex E), Washington, DC 20580.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Katherine McCarron, Attorney, Division of Privacy and Identity Protection, Bureau of Consumer Protection, Federal Trade Commission, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20580, (202) 326–2333; *kmccarron@ftc.gov.*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Title: Standards for Safeguarding Customer Information (the Safeguards Rule), 16 CFR part 314.

OMB Control Number: 3084–0171.

Type of Review: Extension of a currently approved collection.

Background: The Gramm Leach Bliley Act, Public Law 106–102, 113 Stat. 1338 (1999), required the FTC and other federal agencies to establish standards for financial institutions relating to administrative, technical, and physical safeguards for certain information.[1] Pursuant to this directive, the Commission promulgated the Safeguards Rule in 2002, which requires financial institutions, among other things, to develop, implement, and maintain a comprehensive written information security program that contains administrative, technical, and physical safeguards that are appropriate to the institution's size and complexity, the nature and scope of the institution's activities, and the sensitivity of any customer information at issue. The Safeguards Rule became effective on May 23, 2003. The Commission amended the Safeguards Rule in 2021 and again in 2023.

The Safeguards Rule as amended requires financial institutions to report to the Commission a notification event where unencrypted customer information involving 500 or more consumers is acquired without authorization.[2] This reporting requirement constitutes a ''collection of information'' for purposes of the PRA.[3]

As required by section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the PRA, 44 U.S.C. 3506(c)(2)(A), the FTC is providing this opportunity for public comment before requesting that OMB extend the existing clearance for this information collection requirement contained in the Safeguards Rule.

Burden Statement

Total annual hours burden: 815.

FTC staff estimates that the reporting requirement will affect approximately 163 financial institutions each year.[4]

[1] See 15 U.S.C. 6801(b), 6805(b)(2).

[2] 16 CFR 314.4(j).

[3] 44 U.S.C. 3502(3)(A)(i).

[4] Financial institutions must report to the Commission when unencrypted customer

FTC staff estimates that compliance with this reporting requirement will require approximately five hours for affected financial institutions, for a total annual burden of approximately 815 hours (163 responses × 5 hours). FTC staff anticipates that the burden associated with the reporting requirement will consist of the time necessary to compile and report the requested information via the electronic form located on the Commission's website. The Commission does not expect that the reporting requirement will impose any new investigative costs on financial institutions, because the information requested by the reporting requirement is (1) information that financial institutions acquire in the normal course of responding to a security event, and (2) similar to information entities are already required to disclose under states' data breach notification laws.

Total annual labor cost: $60,310.

The estimated labor cost reflects the hourly wages necessary to prepare the required reports. FTC staff anticipates that the required information will be compiled by information security analysts in the course of assessing and responding to a notification event, resulting in 3 hours of labor at a mean hourly wage of $63.71 (3 hours × $63.71 = $191.13).[5] FTC staff also anticipates that affected financial institutions may use attorneys to formulate and submit the required report, resulting in 2 hours of labor at a mean hourly wage of $89.35 (2 hours × $89.35 = $178.70).[6] Accordingly, FTC staff estimates the approximate labor cost to be $370 per report (rounded to the nearest dollar). This yields a total annual cost burden of $60,310 (163 annual responses × $370).

Total annual capital or other non-labor costs: De minimis.

Covered financial institutions are not likely to require any significant capital costs to comply with the reporting requirement. To reduce burden on affected financial institutions, the Commission provides an online reporting form on the Commission's website to facilitate reporting of qualifying security events. As a result, the Commission does not anticipate that covered financial institutions will incur any new capital or non-labor costs in complying with the reporting requirement.

Request for Comment

Pursuant to section 3506(c)(2)(A) of the PRA, the FTC invites comments on: (1) whether the proposed collection of information is necessary for the proper performance of the functions of the agency, including whether the information will be practically useful; (2) the accuracy of the agency's estimate of the burden of the proposed collection of information, including whether the methodology and assumptions used are valid; (3) ways to enhance the quality, utility, and clarity of the information to be collected; and (4) ways to minimize the burden of the collection of information.

For the FTC to consider a comment, we must receive it on or before October 26, 2026. Your comment, including your name and your state, will be placed on the public record of this proceeding, including the *https://www.regulations.gov* website.

You can file a comment online or on paper. Due to heightened security screening, postal mail addressed to the Commission will be subject to delay. We encourage you to submit your comments online through the *https://www.regulations.gov* website.

If you file your comment on paper, write ''Paperwork Reduction Act Comment: FTC File No. R021101,'' on your comment and on the envelope, and mail it to the following address: Federal Trade Commission, Office of the Secretary, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Mail Stop H–144 (Annex E), Washington, DC 20580.

Because your comment will become publicly available at *https://www.regulations.gov,* you are solely responsible for making sure that your comment does not include any sensitive or confidential information. In particular, your comment should not include any sensitive personal information, such as your or anyone else's Social Security number; date of birth; driver's license number or other state identification number, or foreign country equivalent; passport number; financial account number; or credit or debit card number. You are also solely responsible for making sure that your comment does not include any sensitive health information, such as medical records or other individually identifiable health information. In addition, your comment should not include any ''trade secret or any commercial or financial information which . . . is privileged or confidential''—as provided by Section 6(f) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. 46(f), and FTC Rule 4.10(a)(2), 16 CFR 4.10(a)(2)—including, in particular, competitively sensitive information, such as costs, sales statistics, inventories, formulas, patterns, devices, manufacturing processes, or customer names.

Comments containing material for which confidential treatment is requested must (1) be filed in paper form, (2) be clearly labeled ''Confidential,'' and (3) comply with FTC Rule 4.9(c). In particular, the written request for confidential treatment that accompanies the comment must include the factual and legal basis for the request and must identify the specific portions of the comment to be withheld from the public record. *See* FTC Rule 4.9(c). Your comment will be kept confidential only if the General Counsel grants your request in accordance with the law and the public interest. Once your comment has been posted publicly at *www.regulations.gov,* we cannot redact or remove your comment unless you submit a confidentiality request that meets the requirements for such treatment under FTC Rule 4.9(c), and the General Counsel grants that request.

The FTC Act and other laws that the Commission administers permit the collection of public comments to consider and use in this proceeding as appropriate. The Commission will consider all timely and responsive public comments that it receives on or before October 26, 2026. For information on the Commission's privacy policy, including routine uses permitted by the Privacy Act, see *https://www.ftc.gov/site-information/privacy-policy.*

Josephine Liu,

Assistant General Counsel for Legal Counsel.

[FR Doc. 2026–17331 Filed 8–24–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6750–01–P

---

information involving 500 or more consumers is acquired without authorization. In 2025, the Commission received approximately 163 breach notifications.

[5] This figure is derived from the mean hourly wage for information security analysts. See ''Occupational Employment and Wages–May 2025,'' Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor (May 15, 2026), Table 1 (''National employment and wage data from the Occupational Employment Statistics survey by occupation, May 2025''), available at *https://www.bls.gov/news.release/ocwage.t01.htm.*

[6] This assumed hourly rate is based on the mean wage for lawyers, which according to the Bureau of Labor Statistics was $89.35 in 2025. See ''Occupational and Employment Wages-May 2025,'' Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor (May 15, 2026), Table 1 (''National employment and wage data from the Occupational Employment and Wage Statistics survey by occupation, May 2025''), available at *https://www.bls.gov/news.release/ocwage.t01.htm.* Although the reporting requirement will largely be administrative, the Commission understands that affected financial institutions may engage attorneys to comply with the reporting requirement.