

(e) Unsafe Condition

This AD was prompted by the manufacturer revising the airworthiness limitations section of the existing time limits manual to introduce new or more restrictive airworthiness limitations and associated thresholds and intervals for life-limited parts. The FAA is issuing this AD to prevent failure of critical rotating parts. The unsafe condition, if not addressed, could result in failure of one or more engines, loss of thrust control, and loss of the airplane.

(f) Compliance

Comply with this AD within the compliance times specified, unless already done.

(g) Required Actions

Except as specified in paragraph (h) of this AD: Perform all required actions within the compliance times specified in, and in accordance with, European Union Aviation Safety Agency (EASA) AD 2024–0136, dated July 11, 2024 (AD 2024–0136).

(h) Exceptions to EASA AD 2024–0136

(1) Where EASA AD 2024–0136 requires compliance from its effective date, this AD requires using the effective date of this AD.

(2) This AD does not require compliance with paragraphs (1), (2), (4), and (5) of EASA AD 2024–0136.

(3) Where paragraph (3) of EASA AD 2024–0136 specifies “Within 12 months after the effective date of this AD, revise the approved AMP,” replace that text with “Within 30 days after the effective date of this AD, revise the airworthiness limitation section of the existing approved engine maintenance or inspection program, as applicable”.

(4) The initial compliance time for doing the tasks specified in paragraph (3) of EASA AD 2024–0136 is on or before the applicable “limitations” and “associated thresholds” as incorporated by the requirements of paragraph (3) of EASA AD 2024–0136 or within 30 days after the effective date of this AD, whichever occurs later.

(5) This AD does not adopt the “Remarks” section of EASA AD 2024–0136.

(i) Provisions for Alternative Actions and Intervals

No alternative actions and associated thresholds and intervals, including life limits, are allowed for compliance with paragraph (g) of this AD unless they are approved as specified in the provisions of the “Ref. Publications” section of EASA AD 2024–0136.

(j) Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs)

The Manager, AIR–520 Continued Operational Safety Branch, FAA, has the authority to approve AMOCs for this AD, if requested using the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19. In accordance with 14 CFR 39.19, send your request to your principal inspector or local Flight Standards District Office, as appropriate. If sending information directly to the manager of the AIR–520 Continued Operational Safety Branch, send it to the attention of the person identified in paragraph (k) of this AD and email to:

AMOC@faa.gov. Before using any approved AMOC, notify your appropriate principal inspector, or lacking a principal inspector, the manager of the local flight standards district office/certificate holding district office.

(k) Additional Information

For more information about this AD, contact Barbara Caufield, Aviation Safety Engineer, FAA, 2200 South 216th Street, Des Moines, WA 98198; phone: (781) 238–7146; email: barbara.caufield@faa.gov.

(l) Material Incorporated by Reference

(1) The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference (IBR) of the material listed in this paragraph under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51.

(2) You must use this material as applicable to do the actions required by this AD, unless the AD specifies otherwise.

(i) European Union Aviation Safety Agency (EASA) AD 2024–0136, dated July 11, 2024.

(ii) [Reserved]

(3) For EASA material identified in this AD, contact EASA, Konrad-Adenauer-Ufer 3, 50668 Cologne, Germany; phone: +49 221 8999 000; email: ADs@easa.europa.eu; website: easa.europa.eu. You may find this material on the EASA website at ad.easa.europa.eu.

(4) You may view this material at the FAA, Airworthiness Products Section, Operational Safety Branch, 1200 District Avenue, Burlington, MA 01803. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call (817) 222–5110.

(5) You may view this material at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, visit www.archives.gov/federal-register/cfr/ibr-locations or email fr.inspection@nara.gov.

Issued on July 13, 2026.

Brian Knaup,

Acting Deputy Director, Integrated Certificate Management Division, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 2026–14281 Filed 7–14–26; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**Federal Aviation Administration****14 CFR Part 39**

[Docket No. FAA–2026–7220; Project Identifier MCAI–2025–01738–R]

RIN 2120–AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Bell Textron Canada Limited Helicopters

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), DOT.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM).

SUMMARY: The FAA proposes to supersede Airworthiness Directive (AD) 2022–27–08, which applies to certain

Bell Textron Canada Limited (Bell) Model 407 helicopters. AD 2022–27–08 requires inspecting the tailboom attachment structure and reporting the inspection results. Since the FAA issued AD 2022–27–08, two additional broken upper-left tailboom attachment bolts have been reported. This proposed AD would require repetitively inspecting the tail boom attachment structure, performing a torque inspection, and replacing attachment hardware. This proposed AD would also include performing a detailed inspection of the tail boom assembly and associated aft fuselage structure, which would be a terminating action to the repetitive inspection requirements. This proposed AD would also prohibit installing certain longeron assemblies. This proposed AD would also require revising the existing airworthiness limitations section (ALS) of the helicopter maintenance manual to include a new life limit for the tail boom attachment bolts. The FAA is proposing this AD to address the unsafe condition on these products.

DATES: The FAA must receive comments on this NPRM by August 31, 2026.

ADDRESSES: You may send comments, using the procedures found in 14 CFR 11.43 and 11.45, by any of the following methods:

- **Federal eRulemaking Portal:** Go to regulations.gov. Follow the instructions for submitting comments.

- **Fax:** (202) 493–2251.

- **Mail:** U.S. Department of Transportation, Docket Operations, M–30, West Building Ground Floor, Room W12–140, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590.

- **Hand Delivery:** Deliver to Mail address above between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

AD Docket: You may examine the AD docket at regulations.gov under Docket No. FAA–2026–7220; or in person at Docket Operations between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The AD docket contains this NPRM, the mandatory continuing airworthiness information (MCAI) any comments received, and other information. The street address for Docket Operations is listed above.

Material Incorporated by Reference:

- For Transport Canada material identified in this proposed AD, contact Transport Canada, Transport Canada National Aircraft Certification, 159 Cleopatra Drive, Nepean, Ontario, K1A 0N5, Canada; phone: (888) 663–3639; email: TC.AirworthinessDirectives-Consignesdenavigabilite.TC@tc.gc.ca; website: tc.canada.ca/en/aviation.

• You may view this material at the FAA, Airworthiness Products Section, Operational Safety Branch, 10101 Hillwood Parkway, Fort Worth, TX 76177. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call (817) 222-5110.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Soban Saeed, Aviation Safety Engineer, FAA, 1600 Stewart Avenue, Suite 410, Westbury, NY 11590; phone: (316) 946-4123; email: soban.saeed@faa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Comments Invited

The FAA invites you to send any written relevant data, views, or arguments about this proposal. Send your comments using a method listed under **ADDRESSES**. Include “Docket No. FAA-2026-7220; Project Identifier MCAI-2025-01738-R” at the beginning of your comments. The most helpful comments reference a specific portion of the proposal, explain the reason for any recommended change, and include supporting data. The FAA will consider all comments received by the closing date and may amend the proposal because of those comments.

Except for Confidential Business Information (CBI) as described in the following paragraph, and other information as described in 14 CFR 11.35, the FAA will post all comments received, without change, to *regulations.gov*, including any personal information you provide. The agency will also post a report summarizing each substantive verbal contact received about this NPRM.

Confidential Business Information

CBI is commercial or financial information that is both customarily and actually treated as private by its owner. Under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA) (5 U.S.C. 552), CBI is exempt from public disclosure. If your comments responsive to this NPRM contain commercial or financial information that is customarily treated as private, that you actually treat as private, and that is relevant or responsive to this NPRM, it is important that you clearly designate the submitted comments as CBI. Please mark each page of your submission containing CBI as “PROPIN.” The FAA will treat such marked submissions as confidential under the FOIA, and they will not be placed in the public docket of this NPRM. Submissions containing CBI should be sent to Soban Saeed, Aviation Safety Engineer, FAA, 1600 Stewart Avenue, Suite 410, Westbury, NY 11590. Any commentary that the FAA receives which is not specifically

designated as CBI will be placed in the public docket for this rulemaking.

Background

The FAA issued AD 2022-27-08, Amendment 39-22293 (87 FR 79794, December 28, 2022), (AD 2022-27-08), for certain Bell Model 407 helicopters. AD 2022-27-08 was prompted by Transport Canada AD CF-2022-68, dated December 15, 2022 (Transport Canada AD CF-2022-68), issued by Transport Canada, which is the aviation authority for Canada. Transport Canada AD CF-2022-68 was issued following a Bell Model 407 helicopter accident and the issuance of National Transportation Safety Board (NTSB) Aviation Accident Preliminary Report Number ANC22FA041.

AD 2022-27-08 requires a one-time torque inspection of the tail boom attachment hardware and inspection of the tail boom attachment fittings and longerons for damage, corrosion or cracks, and security of attachment and, depending on the results of the inspection, performing corrective actions, which include repair. AD 2022-27-08 also requires reporting the inspection findings to the manufacturer. The FAA issued AD 2022-27-08 to correct an unsafe condition identified as failure of the tail boom attachment hardware. The unsafe condition, if not addressed, could result in separation of the tail boom from the helicopter and loss of control of the helicopter.

Actions Since AD 2022-27-08 Was Issued

Since the FAA issued AD 2022-27-08, Transport Canada superseded Transport Canada AD CF-2022-68 and issued Transport Canada AD CF-2025-59, dated November 19, 2025 (Transport Canada AD CF-2025-59) (also referred to as the MCAI). The MCAI states two additional reports of broken upper-left tail boom attachment bolts were received. The manufacturer has determined that the failure of the upper-left longeron assembly was caused by either improper manufacturing or improper installation of the upper-left longeron assembly. The MCAI further states that both failures may result in fretting or fatigue damage of the attachment bolts or the aft fuselage longeron fittings, which could lead to their failure and consequent separation of the tail boom from the fuselage and loss of control of the helicopter. Accordingly, Bell determined that additional inspections, corrective actions, prohibitions, and revising the existing ALS of the helicopter maintenance planning information are necessary.

In addition, since the issuance of AD 2022-27-08, the FAA received a comment from NYPD Aviation Unit who provided no comments on the actions nor on the determination of the costs.

You may examine the MCAI in the AD docket at *regulations.gov* under Docket No. FAA-2026-7220.

Material Incorporated by Reference Under 1 CFR Part 51

The FAA reviewed Transport Canada AD CF-2025-59, which specifies procedures for initial and repetitive inspections of the tail boom attachment structure (inspecting for cracks, dents, loose fasteners, security of attachment, deformation, corrosion and general condition, and inspecting for gaps at the upper-left attachment interface) and depending on the results of the inspections, contacting Bell for corrective actions. Transport Canada AD CF-2025-59 also specifies procedures for replacing the tailboom attachment hardware with a new bolt and nut, and performing a torque check (inspection) of the tail boom attachment nuts and depending on the results, replacing parts with new parts and stabilizing the torque. Measuring the gap between the upper-left longeron aft fitting face and the aft fuselage bulkhead and removing the tail boom assembly for a detailed inspection of the aft fuselage upper longerons, aft fuselage lower longerons, aft fuselage bulkhead, tail boom intercostals and the tail boom forward bulkhead (inspecting for cracks, dents, loose fasteners, security of attachment, deformation, corrosion and general condition) and depending on the results of the inspections, contacting Bell for corrective actions is a terminating action to the repetitive inspection requirements. Transport Canada AD CF-2025-59 also specifies procedures for completing the new life limitations contained in the applicable ALS. Transport Canada AD CF-2025-59 also prohibits the installation of an upper-left longeron assembly part number (P/N) 206-031-314-237B or P/N 206-031-314-237S on any helicopter.

This material is reasonably available because the interested parties have access to it through their normal course of business or by the means identified in the **ADDRESSES** section.

FAA's Determination

These products have been approved by the civil aviation authority (CAA) of another country and are approved for operation in the United States. Pursuant to the FAA's bilateral agreement with this State of Design Authority, that authority has notified the FAA of the

unsafe condition described in the MCAI referenced above. The FAA is issuing this NPRM after determining that the unsafe condition described previously is likely to exist or develop on other products of the same type design.

Proposed AD Requirements in This NPRM

This proposed AD would require the actions specified in Transport Canada AD CF-2025-59, except for any differences identified as exceptions in the regulatory text of this proposed AD. See “Differences Between this Proposed AD and the MCAI” for a discussion of the general differences included in this proposed AD.

Differences Between This Proposed AD and the MCAI

Transport Canada AD CF-2025-59 requires torque checks, whereas this proposed AD would require torque inspections because those actions must be accomplished by a mechanic that meets the requirements of 14 CFR part 65 subpart D.

Transport Canada AD CF-2025-59 requires contacting Bell Product Support Engineering for a disposition or instructions to rectify any defect, whereas this proposed AD would require accomplishing repairs in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, International Validation Branch, FAA, or Transport Canada, or Bell Textron Canada Limited's Transport Canada Design Approval Organization.

Transport Canada AD CF-2025-59 requires completing the new limitations contained in Table 1 of the applicable ALS, whereas this proposed AD would require revising the existing ALS of the helicopter maintenance planning information by incorporating Table 1 of the applicable ALS.

Explanation of Required Compliance Information

In the FAA's ongoing efforts to improve the efficiency of the AD process, the FAA developed a process to use some CAA ADs as the primary

source of information for compliance with requirements for corresponding FAA ADs. The FAA has been coordinating this process with manufacturers and CAAs. As a result, the FAA incorporates Transport Canada AD CF-2025-59 by reference in the FAA final rule. This proposed AD would, therefore, require compliance with Transport Canada AD CF-2025-59 in its entirety through that incorporation, except for any differences identified as exceptions in the regulatory text of this proposed AD. Material required by in Transport Canada AD CF-2025-59 for compliance will be available at *regulations.gov* under Docket No. FAA-2026-7220 after the FAA final rule is published.

Costs of Compliance

The FAA estimates that this AD, if adopted as proposed, would affect 950 helicopters of U.S. registry.

The FAA estimates the following costs to comply with this proposed AD:

ESTIMATED COSTS

Action	Labor cost	Parts cost	Cost per product	Cost on U.S. operators
Inspect tailboom attachment structure.	2 work-hours × \$85 per hour = \$170.	\$0	\$170 per inspection	\$161,500 per inspection.
Torque inspection	1 work-hour × \$85 per hour = \$85 ..	0	\$85 per inspection	\$80,750.
Remove and inspect tail boom assembly.	10 work-hours × \$85 per hour = \$850.	0	\$850	\$807,500.
Revise ALS	1 work-hour × \$85 per hour = \$85 ..	0	\$85	\$80,750.

The FAA estimates the following costs to do any replacement or repairs that would be required based on the

results of the proposed inspection. The agency has no way of determining the

number of helicopters that might need these replacements or repairs:

ON-CONDITION COSTS

Action	Labor cost	Parts cost	Cost per product
Replace hardware	2 work-hours × \$85 per hour = \$170	\$170	\$340
Replace aft fuselage bulkhead	12 work hours × \$85 per hour = \$1,020	2,106	3,126
Replace aft fuselage upper longerons	35 work hours × \$85 per hour = \$2,975	17,862	20,837
Replace aft fuselage lower longerons	24 work hours × \$85 per hour = \$2,040	8,397	10,437

The FAA has no data to determine the costs to accomplish approved repairs.

Authority for This Rulemaking

Title 49 of the United States Code specifies the FAA's authority to issue rules on aviation safety. Subtitle I, section 106, describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. Subtitle VII, Aviation Programs, describes in more detail the scope of the Agency's authority.

The FAA is issuing this rulemaking under the authority described in

Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart III, Section 44701: General requirements. Under that section, Congress charges the FAA with promoting safe flight of civil aircraft in air commerce by prescribing regulations for practices, methods, and procedures the Administrator finds necessary for safety in air commerce. This regulation is within the scope of that authority because it addresses an unsafe condition that is likely to exist or develop on products identified in this rulemaking action.

Regulatory Findings

The FAA determined that this proposed AD would not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132. This proposed AD would not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

For the reasons discussed above, I certify that the proposed regulation:

(1) Is not a “significant regulatory action” under Executive Order 12866,

(2) Would not affect intrastate aviation in Alaska, and

(3) Would not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

The Proposed Amendment

Accordingly, under the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the FAA proposes to amend 14 CFR part 39 as follows:

PART 39—AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

■ 1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

■ 2. The FAA amends § 39.13 by:

■ a. Removing Airworthiness Directive 2022–27–08, Amendment 39–22293 (87 FR 79794, December 28, 2022); and

■ b. Adding the following new airworthiness directive:

Bell Textron Canada Limited: Docket No. FAA–2026–7220; Project Identifier MCAI–2025–01738–R.

(a) Comments Due Date

The FAA must receive comments on this airworthiness directive (AD) by August 31, 2026.

(b) Affected ADs

This AD replaces AD 2022–27–08, Amendment 39–22293 (87 FR 79794, December 28, 2022).

(c) Applicability

This AD applies to Bell Textron Canada Limited Model 407 helicopters, certificated in any category.

(d) Subject

Joint Aircraft System Component (JASC) Code 5302, Rotorcraft tail boom.

(e) Unsafe Condition

This AD was prompted by reports of broken upper-left tail boom attachment bolts. The FAA is issuing this AD to address the failure of the tail boom attachment hardware. The unsafe condition, if not addressed, could result in separation of the tail boom from the helicopter and loss of control of the helicopter.

(f) Compliance

Comply with this AD within the compliance times specified, unless already done.

(g) Required Actions

Except as specified in paragraphs (h) and (i) of this AD: Comply with all required actions and compliance times specified in, and in accordance with, Transport Canada AD CF–2025–59, dated November 19, 2025 (Transport Canada AD CF–2025–59).

(h) Exceptions to Transport Canada AD CF–2025–59

(1) Where Transport Canada AD CF–2025–59 refers to its effective date, this AD requires using the effective date of this AD.

(2) Where Transport Canada AD CF–2025–59 requires compliance in terms of air time, this AD requires using hours time-in-service.

(3) Where Transport Canada AD CF–2025–59 specifies “torque checks”, this AD requires replacing that text with “torque inspections”.

(4) Where any paragraph in Transport Canada AD CF–2025–59 specifies to contact Bell Product Support Engineering (PSE) for a disposition, or instructions to rectify any defect, this AD requires accomplishing repairs in accordance with a method approved by the Manager, International Validation Branch, FAA; or Transport Canada; or Bell Textron Canada Limited’s Transport Canada Design Approval Organization (DAO). If approved by the DAO, the approval must include the DAO-authorized signature.

(5) Where the material referenced in Transport Canada AD CF–2025–59 specifies to discard parts, this AD requires removing those parts from service.

(6) Where Part V of Transport Canada AD CF–2025–59 specifies “complete the new limitations contained in Table 1 of the applicable ALS”, this AD requires replacing that text with “revise the existing airworthiness limitations section (ALS) of the helicopter by incorporating Table 1 of the applicable ALS”.

(i) Provisions for Alternative Actions and Intervals

After the action required by paragraph (h)(6) of this AD has been done, no alternative actions and associated thresholds and intervals, including any life limits, are allowed.

(j) No Reporting Requirement

Although the material referenced in Transport Canada AD CF–2025–59 specifies to submit certain information to the manufacturer, this AD does not require that action.

(k) Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs)

(1) The Manager, International Validation Branch, FAA, has the authority to approve AMOCs for this AD, if requested using the procedures found in 14 CFR 39.19. In accordance with 14 CFR 39.19, send your request to your principal inspector or local Flight Standards District Office, as appropriate. If sending information directly to the manager of the International Validation Branch, send it to the attention of the person identified in paragraph (l) of this AD and email to: AMOC@faa.gov.

(2) Before using any approved AMOC, notify your appropriate principal inspector,

or lacking a principal inspector, the manager of the local flight standards district office/certificate holding district office.

(l) Additional Information

For more information about this AD, contact Soban Saeed, Aviation Safety Engineer, FAA, 1600 Stewart Avenue, Suite 410, Westbury, NY 11590; phone: (316) 946–4123; email: soban.saeed@faa.gov.

(m) Material Incorporated by Reference

(1) The Director of the Federal Register approved the incorporation by reference of the material listed in this paragraph under 5 U.S.C. 552(a) and 1 CFR part 51.

(2) You must use this material as applicable to do the actions required by this AD, unless the AD specifies otherwise.

(i) Transport Canada AD CF–2025–59, dated November 19, 2025.

(ii) [Reserved]

(3) For Transport Canada material identified in this AD, contact Transport Canada, Transport Canada National Aircraft Certification, 159 Cleopatra Drive, Nepean, Ontario, K1A 0N5, Canada; phone: (888) 663–3639; email:

TC.AirworthinessDirectives-Consignesdenavigabilite.TC@tc.gc.ca. You may view this material on the Transport Canada website at tc.canada.ca/en/aviation.

(4) You may view this material at FAA, Airworthiness Products Section, Operational Safety Branch, 10101 Hillwood Parkway, Fort Worth, TX 76177. For information on the availability of this material at the FAA, call (817) 222–5110.

(5) You may view this material at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, visit www.archives.gov/federal-register/cfr/ibr-locations or email fr.inspection@nara.gov.

Issued on July 10, 2026.

Steven W. Thompson,

Acting Deputy Director, Compliance & Airworthiness Division, Aircraft Certification Service.

[FR Doc. 2026–14238 Filed 7–14–26; 8:45 am]

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 52

[EPA–R05–OAR–2025–1377; FRL–13186–01–R5]

Air Plan Approval; Wisconsin; Source-Specific Air Quality Implementation Plan; Oak Creek Power Plant

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Proposed rule.

SUMMARY: The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is proposing to approve a revision to the State of Wisconsin’s State Implementation Plan (SIP) for the Oak Creek Power Plant located in Oak