

Mexico; submitted by Joerns Healthcare LLC (“Joerns”); May 2, 2026; ACCESS scope segment “SCO—Joerns Healthcare—Air mattress support surfaces”

Mobile Access Equipment and Subassemblies Thereof from the China (A–570–139/C–570–140); Certain Steel Components for Mobile Access Equipment;⁵ produced in China and exported from China; submitted by Hunan Sinoboom Machinery Equipment Co., Ltd. (“Sinoboom Machinery”); May 13, 2026; ACCESS scope segment “SCO—Boom Lift Components”

Notification to Interested Parties

This list of scope ruling applications is not an identification of scope inquiries that have been initiated. In accordance with 19 CFR 351.225(d)(1), if Commerce has not rejected a scope ruling application nor initiated the scope inquiry within 30 days after the filing of the application, the application will be deemed accepted and a scope inquiry will be deemed initiated the following day—day 31.⁶ Commerce’s practice generally dictates that where a deadline falls on a weekend, Federal holiday, or other non-business day, the appropriate deadline is the next business day.⁷ Accordingly, if the 30th

(ticking), and the surface is designed to be placed on a hospital-style bed frame or similar patient-care bed frame.

⁵ The products are an array of steel components for mobile access equipment (MAE), including axles which are composed of a front and rear axle. The front and the rear axles are attached to the front and the rear ends of the chassis frame, respectively, through a fixed shaft in the middle. The wheel assemblies, including brakes and wheels, are installed on both ends of the axle, enabling the MAE to move. Additionally, the front axle connects to each wheel with a steering module. The links include the upper link and the lower link, both of which are steel components that connect the boom assembly in a telescopic boom lift to the chassis. One end of the links connects to the boom assembly, and the other end of the links connects to the chassis. All the connections are done by holes in the links and pins that go through the holes. The connection brackets are steel components that connect sections of the articulating boom. The lower connection bracket connects the first (bottom) section and the second (middle) section of the boom. The upper connection bracket connects the second (middle) section and the third (upper) section of the boom. The last bracket connects the third (upper) section and the jib or the platform. The connection brackets are made by welding together cut-to-shape and drilled steel plates, and other smaller steel parts.

⁶ In accordance with 19 CFR 351.225(d)(2), within 30 days after the filing of a scope ruling application, if Commerce determines that it intends to address the scope issue raised in the application in another segment of the proceeding (such as a circumvention inquiry under 19 CFR 351.226 or a covered merchandise inquiry under 19 CFR 351.227), it will notify the applicant that it will not initiate a scope inquiry, but will instead determine if the product is covered by the scope at issue in that alternative segment.

⁷ See *Notice of Clarification: Application of “Next Business Day” Rule for Administrative*

day after the filing of the application falls on a non-business day, the next business day will be considered the “updated” 30th day, and if the application is not rejected or a scope inquiry initiated by or on that particular business day, the application will be deemed accepted and a scope inquiry will be deemed initiated on the next business day which follows the “updated” 30th day.⁸

In accordance with 19 CFR 351.225(m)(2), if there are companion AD and CVD orders covering the same merchandise from the same country of origin, the scope inquiry will be conducted on the record of the AD proceeding. Further, please note that pursuant to 19 CFR 351.225(m)(1), Commerce may either apply a scope ruling to all products from the same country with the same relevant physical characteristics, (including chemical, dimensional, and technical characteristics) as the product at issue, on a country-wide basis, regardless of the producer, exporter, or importer of those products, or on a company-specific basis.

For further information on procedures for filing information with Commerce through ACCESS and participating in scope inquiries, please refer to the Filing Instructions section of the Scope Ruling Application Guide, at https://access.trade.gov/help/Scope_Ruling_Guidance.pdf. Interested parties, apart from the scope ruling applicant, who wish to participate in a scope inquiry and be added to the public service list for that segment of the proceeding must file an entry of appearance in accordance with 19 CFR 351.103(d)(1) and 19 CFR 351.225(n)(4). Interested parties are advised to refer to the case segment in ACCESS as well as 19 CFR 351.225(f) for further information on the scope inquiry procedures, including the timelines for the submission of comments.

Please note that this notice of scope ruling applications filed in AD and CVD proceedings may be published before any potential initiation, or after the initiation, of a given scope inquiry based on a scope ruling application identified in this notice. Therefore, please refer to the case segment on ACCESS to determine whether a scope ruling application has been accepted or rejected and whether a scope inquiry has been initiated.

Determination Deadlines Pursuant to the Tariff Act of 1930, As Amended, 70 FR 24533 (May 10, 2005).

⁸ This structure maintains the intent of the applicable regulation, 19 CFR 351.225(d)(1), to allow day 30 and day 31 to be separate business days.

Interested parties who wish to be served scope ruling applications for a particular AD or CVD order may file a request to be included on the annual inquiry service list during the anniversary month of the publication of the AD or CVD order in accordance with 19 CFR 351.225(n) and Commerce’s procedures.⁹

Interested parties are invited to comment on the completeness of this monthly list of scope ruling applications received by Commerce. Any comments should be submitted to Scot Fullerton, Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary for AD/CVD Operations, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, via email to CommerceCLU@trade.gov.

This notice of scope ruling applications filed in AD and CVD proceedings is published in accordance with 19 CFR 351.225(d)(3).

Dated: July 1, 2026.

Scot Fullerton,

Acting Deputy Assistant Secretary for Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Operations.

[FR Doc. 2026–13645 Filed 7–6–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration

[RTID 0648–XF847]

Endangered Species Act; Taking of Endangered and Threatened Species; Permit Modification; Permit No. 23861

AGENCY: National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), Commerce.

ACTION: Notice; receipt of modification request for an Endangered Species Act Incidental Take Permit; request for comments and information.

SUMMARY: Notice is hereby given that the Midwest Biodiversity Institute (MBI) has applied in due form for a permit modification pursuant to the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended (ESA). The permit application is for the incidental take of ESA-listed shortnose sturgeon (*Acipenser brevirostrum*), Atlantic sturgeon (*Acipenser oxyrinchus oxyrinchus*) from the Gulf of Maine (GOM) and New York Bight (NYB) Distinct Population Segments (DPSs), and Atlantic salmon (*Salmo salar*) from the GOM DPS

⁹ See *Scope Ruling Application; Annual Inquiry Service List; and Informational Sessions*, 86 FR 53205 (September 27, 2021).

associated with the otherwise lawful sampling of non-ESA listed fish in the Lower Kennebec, Middle Kennebec, and Sebasticook Rivers in Maine. NMFS is furnishing this notice in order to allow other agencies and the public an opportunity to review and comment on the application materials. All comments received will become part of the public record and will be available for review.

DATES: Comments and information must be received no later than August 6, 2026.

ADDRESSES: The application is available for download and review at <https://www.fisheries.noaa.gov/national/endangered-species-conservation/incidental-take-permits> and at <http://www.regulations.gov>. The application is also available upon request (see **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT**).

You may submit comments, identified by NOAA–NMFS–2026–1717, by Electronic Submission: Submit all electronic public comments via the Federal eRulemaking Portal <http://www.regulations.gov> and enter NOAA–NMFS–2026–1717 in the Search box. Click on the “Comment Now!” icon, complete the required fields, and enter or attach your comments.

Instructions: Comments sent by any other method, to any other address or individual, or received after the end of the comment period, may not be considered by NMFS. All comments received are a part of the public record and will generally be posted for public viewing on <http://www.regulations.gov> without change. All Personal Identifying Information (e.g., name, address, etc.) voluntarily submitted by the commenter may be publicly accessible. Do not submit Confidential Business Information or otherwise sensitive or protected information. We will accept anonymous comments (enter N/A in the required fields, if you wish to remain anonymous).

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Celeste Stout, Office of Protected Resources, NMFS, (301) 427–8436, celeste.Stout@noaa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Section 9 of the ESA and Federal regulations prohibit the “taking” of a species listed as endangered or threatened. The ESA defines “take” to mean harass, harm, pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, trap, capture, or collect, or to attempt to engage in any such conduct. NMFS may issue permits, under limited circumstances, to take listed species incidental to, and not the purpose of, otherwise lawful activities. Section 10(a)(1)(B) of the ESA provides for authorizing incidental take of listed

species. NMFS regulations governing permits for threatened and endangered species are promulgated at 50 CFR 222.307.

Species Covered in This Notice

The following species are included in the conservation plan and permit application: Atlantic salmon (*Salmo salar*)—Gulf of Maine DPS, Atlantic sturgeon (*Acipenser oxyrinchus oxyrinchus*)—Gulf of Maine DPS and New York Bight DPS, and shortnose sturgeon (*Acipenser brevirostrum*).

Background

MBI has conducted annual fish assemblage sampling in the Lower Kennebec River since 2002 and the Lower Sebasticook River since 2008 under ESA coverage initially provided through section 7 incidental take statements and, since December 15, 2020, through ESA section 10 Incidental Take Permit (ITP) No. 23861. The permit authorized incidental take of ESA-listed shortnose sturgeon, Atlantic sturgeon, and Atlantic salmon associated with electrofishing surveys targeting non ESA-listed fish species in the Kennebec River drainage. On September 9, 2022, NMFS modified the ITP to expand the study area into the Middle Kennebec River to support collection of baseline fisheries data associated with anticipated dam removal and fish passage restoration activities. MBI now requests a modification to the existing ITP to increase the annual incidental take limits for shortnose sturgeon and Atlantic salmon based on increased encounters during ongoing monitoring, expanded study area coverage, and increased occurrence of juvenile and adult Atlantic salmon in the Kennebec River system. Specifically, MBI requests an increase in the annual authorized take limit for shortnose sturgeon by two, adult Atlantic salmon by one, and is requesting take of 10 juvenile Atlantic salmon annually. MBI requests that the take for the remainder of the permit duration be in 2-year rolling takes. MBI proposes to continue long-term electrofishing surveys to assess fish assemblage health and monitor resident and diadromous fish populations in the Kennebec River drainage.

Conservation Plan

Section 10 of the ESA specifies that no permit may be issued unless an applicant submits an adequate conservation plan. The conservation plan prepared by MBI describes measures designed to minimize and mitigate the impacts of incidental take of ESA-listed shortnose sturgeon,

Atlantic sturgeon, and Atlantic salmon associated with electrofishing surveys conducted in the Kennebec River drainage. MBI proposes to continue implementing measures to avoid and minimize take, including: (1) limiting sampling to mid-September through mid-October to reduce the likelihood of encounters with early life stages and periods of peak species presence; (2) coordinating with NOAA and Maine Department of Marine Resources (DMR) prior to sampling activities regarding recent detections and stocking locations of ESA-listed species; (3) ensuring all personnel are trained in electrofishing procedures, listed species identification, and species handling protocols; and (4) operating electrofishing equipment in a manner that minimizes injury or mortality, including reducing pulse frequency in areas with prior listed species encounters, suspending electrofishing immediately upon observation of a listed species affected by the electric field, and ceasing sampling activities for at least five minutes or until fish have departed the area. Additionally, sampling will not occur when water temperatures exceed 22 °C. MBI will continue reporting all listed species encounters to NOAA within 24 hours and submit annual monitoring reports summarizing sampling activities and incidental takes.

MBI states that boat-mounted pulsed DC electrofishing remains the most effective and least harmful method for conducting large-river fish assemblage surveys. Alternative sampling methods were considered but rejected because they are less effective, more resource intensive, and may require greater handling of listed species; thereby, increasing the risk of injury or mortality. MBI further proposes adaptive management measures, including monitoring incidental take levels throughout the sampling season and modifying, reducing, or ceasing sampling activities if authorized take limits are approached. Based on more than two decades of sampling with no documented mortality of ESA-listed species, MBI concludes that the proposed conservation measures minimize the potential for adverse effects to listed species while supporting long-term monitoring of fish assemblages in the Kennebec River system.

MBI also proposes several supplemental conservation and outreach measures intended to support broader ESA-listed species recovery efforts and public awareness. These measures include collaboration with the NOAA Fisheries Office of Habitat Conservation Restoration Center in

Maine to conduct fish assemblage sampling upstream of the Lemon Stream Dam in Starks, Maine. Sampling at this location is intended to provide state and federal agency personnel with direct exposure to electrofishing procedures, habitat conditions, and associated native and non-native fish assemblages to inform future recovery planning for ESA-listed species. No additional ESA take authorization would be required for activities at this site because ESA-listed species are not expected to occur there.

As an additional conservation-related measure, MBI will continue presenting research findings and monitoring results at regional technical conferences and outreach events to increase awareness of the ecological importance of the middle and lower Kennebec River for ESA-listed species. MBI currently presents annually at the Northeast Aquatic Biologists Conference and, with support from The Nature Conservancy, is considering additional presentations at the Maine Atlantic Salmon Forum, Maine Water Conference, and Northeast Fish and Wildlife Conference, as well as presentations to donors and stakeholders associated with the Kennebec River Trust. MBI states that these outreach efforts are intended to build support for restoration of Atlantic salmon access to historic spawning habitat within the Sandy River watershed.

National Environmental Policy Act

Issuing an ESA section 10(a)(1)(B) permit constitutes a Federal action requiring NMFS to comply with the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA; 42 U.S.C. 4321 *et seq.*) as implemented by 40 CFR parts 1500–1508 and NOAA Administrative Order 216–6A, Environmental Review Procedures for Implementing the National Policy Act (1999). NMFS has preliminarily determined that the proposed action falls within a category of actions that are categorically excluded from the requirement to prepare an Environmental Assessment or Environmental Impact Statement, as the action does not individually or cumulatively have a significant effect on the human environment.

Next Steps

This notice is provided pursuant to section 10(c) of the ESA. NMFS will evaluate the application, associated documents, and comments received during the comment period to determine whether the application meets the requirements of section 10(a) of the ESA. If NMFS determines that the requirements are met, a permit will be issued for incidental takes of ESA-listed

sturgeon. The final NEPA and permit determinations will not be made until after the end of the comment period. NMFS will publish a record of its final action in the **Federal Register**.

Dated: July 1, 2026.

Larissa Plants,

*Acting Director, Office of Protected Resources,
National Marine Fisheries Service.*

[FR Doc. 2026–13706 Filed 7–6–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 3510–22–P

CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION

[Docket No. CPSC–2013–0022]

Agency Information Collection Activities; Extension of Collection; Safety Standard for Adult Portable Bed Rails

AGENCY: Consumer Product Safety Commission.

ACTION: Notice of Information Collection; Request for Comment.

SUMMARY: As required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (PRA), the Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC or Commission) announces that the Commission has submitted to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) a request for extension of approval of information collection requirements associated with the Safety Standard for Adult Portable Bed Rails. OMB previously approved the collection of information under control number 3041–0192. OMB's most recent extension of approval will expire on August 31, 2026. On April 24, 2026, CPSC published a notice in the **Federal Register** to announce the agency's intention to seek extension of approval of the collection of information. The Commission did not receive any public comments. Therefore, by publication of this notice, the Commission announces that CPSC has submitted to OMB a request for extension of approval of that collection of information.

DATES: Submit comments on the collection of information by August 6, 2026.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments about this request by email: OIRA_submission@omb.eop.gov or fax: 202–395–3888. Comments by mail should be sent to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Attn: OMB Desk Officer for the CPSC, Office of Management and Budget, Room 10235, 725 17th Street NW, Washington, DC 20503. Written comments that are sent to OMB also should be submitted electronically at [http://](http://www.regulations.gov)

www.regulations.gov, under Docket No. CPSC–2013–0022.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Cynthia Gillham, Consumer Product Safety Commission, 4330 East-West Highway, Bethesda, MD 20814; (301) 504–7791, or by email to: pra@cpsc.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: CPSC seeks to renew the following currently approved collection of information:

Title: Safety Standard for Adult Portable Bedrails.

OMB Number: 3041–0192.

Type of Review: Renewal of collection.

Frequency of Response: On occasion.

Affected Public: Manufacturers and importers of adult portable bed rails.

General Description of Collection: The Safety Standard for Adult Portable Bed Rails (16 CFR part 1270) addresses the unreasonable risk of injury and death associated with entrapment and other hazards from adult portable bed rails (APBRs). The standard incorporates by reference ASTM F3186–17, *Standard Specification for Adult Portable Bed Rails and Related Products*, with modifications. 16 CFR 1270.2. Sections 9, 10, and 11 of ASTM F3186–17 contain requirements for labels, warnings and instructional literature.

Estimated Number of Respondents: CPSC is aware of 12 known entities supplying APBRs to the U.S. market.

Estimated Time per Response: On average, each entity will respond approximately six times to accommodate the CPSC required labeling and instructional literature for various APBR models each year. The estimated time for required labeling is about eight hours per model. Therefore, the estimated burden associated with labels is 576 hours (12 entities × 6 models per entity × 8 hours per model = 576 hours). The estimated time for required instructional material is 24 hours per model. Each entity responds for an average of six different APBR models. Therefore, the estimated burden associated with instructional literature is 1,728 hours (12 entities × 6 models per entity × 24 hours per model).

Total Estimated Annual Burden:

Based on the estimated time response for labeling (576 hours) and instructional literature (1,728 hours), CPSC expects the estimated burden for this collection of information is approximately 2,304 hours.

Total Estimated Annual Cost to Respondents: CPSC estimates the hourly compensation for the time to create required labels is \$42.03 (U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, “Employer Costs for Employee Compensation,” June 2025), total compensation for all sales and