

(e) *Recoupment from surviving beneficiaries.* As provided in paragraph (b)(1) of this section, recoupment of an overpayment made to a participant does not continue to the surviving spouse or any other surviving beneficiary.

(f) *Repayment of a net overpayment.* PBGC may accept repayment ahead of the recoupment schedule.

§ 4022.84 Recoupment—exceptions.

(a) *Fairness.* In exercising its discretion under this subpart, PBGC will treat like cases in like manner.

(b) *Higher recoupment rate.* PBGC may recoup at a rate higher than the 5 percent recoupment rate provided in § 4022.83(b) or use recovery under part 4903 of this chapter in appropriate circumstances, such as—

(1) Where benefit payments were made based on false information, error, or omission by the participant or beneficiary that materially affected the benefit amount, benefit entitlement, or eligibility;

(2) Where PBGC has reason to believe that the person who received a benefit overpayment knew or should have known that the payment was made in error and failed to notify PBGC of the error; or

(3) Where there is a settlement agreement that reduces the participant's or beneficiary's benefit payments.

(c) *No payments to recoup against.* Where no future benefit stream exists as of the benefit determination date or if later as of the time the net overpayment is determined, PBGC may, in its discretion, seek recovery under part 4903 of this chapter.

(d) *Revised benefit determinations.* If a participant's or beneficiary's monthly benefit amount payable going forward is decreased by a revised benefit determination, PBGC will not increase the amount of the net overpayment to be recouped, except in appropriate circumstances, such as where the circumstances in paragraphs (b)(1) through (3) of this section exist, or in the case of a post-benefit determination qualified domestic relations order.

(e) *De minimis net overpayments and appeals.* If a participant or beneficiary has a net overpayment that is not zero and that is equal to or less than the de minimis net overpayment amount described in § 4022.83(a)(2), and the net overpayment increases because unadjusted benefit payments continue during the pendency of the participant's or beneficiary's appeal to the PBGC Appeals Board, PBGC nevertheless will regard the net overpayment as not having increased during the pendency of such appeal.

§ 4022.85 Recovery of benefit overpayments.

(a) *Recovery—in general.* This section deals generally with the scope of recovery for net overpayments. Under § 4903.2 of this chapter, recovery applies to the collection of debts owed to PBGC other than those subject to recoupment. As specified in § 4022.84, PBGC may combine recovery with recoupment in exceptional cases.

(b) *Recovery; cases when sought.* PBGC generally will seek recovery in cases where:

(1) Benefit payments were made to a participant or beneficiary after an unambiguous payment end date that was communicated to the participant or beneficiary by a plan administrator of the terminated plan or PBGC.

(2) Benefit payments were made to a participant or beneficiary based on false information, error, or omission by the participant or beneficiary that materially affected the benefit amount, benefit entitlement, or eligibility.

(3) PBGC has reason to believe that the person who received a benefit overpayment knew or should have known that the payment was made in error and failed to notify PBGC of the error.

(c) *Payments after death.* Where benefit payments are made after death and PBGC is unable to obtain the funds through administrative correction, PBGC generally seeks return of the funds under part 4903 of this chapter from the financial institution, estate, or other person holding the overpayment.

§ 4022.86 Administrative correction.

(a) *Administrative correction—in general.* Administrative correction refers to rectifying payment errors such as duplicate payments, clerical or arithmetic errors, payments made after death, or payments to the incorrect account or payee.

(b) *Administrative correction methods.* PBGC will seek to administratively correct payment errors promptly through methods such as stop payment orders, reclamation or reversal of electronic payments, or delaying or suspending temporarily benefit payments.

(c) *Unsuccessful administrative correction.* If PBGC is unable to administratively correct payment errors, any excess payment constitutes a debt to the Federal Government and PBGC generally seeks recovery under part 4903 of this chapter.

§ 4022.87 Reimbursement of benefit underpayments.

(a) *Reimbursement of benefit underpayments.* At any time PBGC

determines that a participant's or beneficiary's account balance is a net underpayment as calculated under § 4022.82, PBGC will reimburse the participant or beneficiary for the net underpayment in a single payment.

(b) *Death of participant.* If PBGC determines that, at the time of a participant's death, there was a net underpayment to the participant—

(1) *Future annuity payments.* If the benefit is in the form of a joint-and-survivor or other annuity under which payments may continue after the participant's death, PBGC will pay the underpayment to the person who is receiving survivor benefits; for this purpose, if the person receiving survivor benefits is an alternate payee under a qualified domestic relations order, PBGC will treat the benefit as if payments do not continue after the participant's death (see paragraph (b)(2) of this section).

(2) *No future annuity payments.* If the benefit is not in the form of a joint-and-survivor or other annuity (e.g., a certain-and-continuous annuity) under which payments may continue after the participant's death or although the benefit is in such a form payments do not continue after the participant's death (i.e., in the case of a joint-and-survivor annuity, the person designated to receive survivor benefits predeceased the participant or, in the case of another annuity under which payments may continue after the participant's death the participant died with no payments owed for future periods), PBGC will pay the underpayment to the person determined under the rules in §§ 4022.91 through 4022.95.

Janet Dhillon,

Director, Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation.

[FR Doc. 2026–13639 Filed 7–2–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 7709–02–P

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Parts 174 and 180

[EPA–HQ–OPP–2026–0332; FRL–13201–04–OCSPP]

Receipt of Pesticide Petitions Filed for Residues of Pesticide Chemicals in or on Various Commodities—April 2026

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Notice of filing of petitions and request for comment.

SUMMARY: This document announces the Agency's receipt of and solicits public

comment on initial filings of pesticide petitions requesting the establishment or modification of regulations for residues of pesticide chemicals in or on various commodities. The Agency is providing this notice in accordance with the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA). EPA uses the month and year in the title to identify when the Agency compiled the petitions identified in this notice of filing. Unit II. of this document identifies certain petitions received in 2025 and 2026 that are currently being evaluated by EPA, along with information about each petition, including who submitted the petition and the requested action.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before August 5, 2026.

ADDRESSES: Submit your comments, identified by docket identification (ID) number and the pesticide petition (PP) of interest identified in Unit II. of this document, online at <https://www.regulations.gov>. Follow the online instructions for submitting comments. Do not submit electronically any information you consider to be Confidential Business Information (CBI) or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Additional instructions on commenting on and visiting the docket, along with more information about dockets generally, are available at <https://www.epa.gov/dockets>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Each application summary in Unit II. specifies a contact division. The appropriate division contacts are identified as follows:

- RD (Registration Division) (Mail Code 7505T); Charles Smith; main telephone number: (202) 566-1030; email address: RDForNotices@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Executive Summary

A. Does this action apply to me?

This action provides information that is directed to the public in general.

B. What is the Agency's authority for taking this action?

EPA regulations for residues of pesticide chemicals in or on various food commodities are established under section 408 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA), 21 U.S.C. 346a. FFDCA section 408(d)(3), 21 U.S.C. 346a(d)(3), requires EPA to publish a notice of receipt of these petitions in the **Federal Register** and provide an opportunity for public comment on the requests.

C. What action is the Agency taking?

As specified in FFDCA section 408(d)(3), 21 U.S.C. 346a(d)(3), EPA is publishing notice of the receipt of pesticide petitions filed under FFDCA section 408 that request the establishment or modification of regulations for residues of pesticide chemicals in or on various food commodities. The Agency is taking public comments on the requests before responding to the petitioner. Pursuant to 40 CFR 180.7(f), a summary of the petition identified in this document, prepared by the petitioner, is included in a docket. EPA has determined that the pesticide petitions described in this document contain data or information prescribed in FFDCA section 408(d)(2), 21 U.S.C. 346a(d)(2), and 40 CFR 180.7(b); however, EPA has not fully evaluated the sufficiency of the submitted data at this time or whether the data supports granting the pesticide petitions. After considering the public comments, EPA intends to evaluate whether and what action may be warranted. Additional data may be needed before EPA can make a final determination on these pesticide petitions.

Based upon review of the data supporting these petitions and in accordance with its authority under FFDCA section 408(d)(4)(A)(i), EPA may establish a final tolerance or tolerance exemption that "may vary from that sought by the petitioner." For example, EPA may determine that it is appropriate to vary the commodity name for consistency with EPA's Food and Feed Commodity Vocabulary, which is located here <https://www.epa.gov/pesticide-tolerances/food-and-feed-commodity-vocabulary>, or vary the tolerance level based on available data, harmonization interests, or the trailing zeros policy. In addition, when evaluating a petition's requests for a tolerance or exemption, EPA will consider how use of the pesticide on a crop for which a tolerance is requested may result in residues in or on commodities related to that requested commodity (e.g., whether use on sugar beets for which a tolerance was requested on sugar beet root also requires a tolerance on sugar beet tops or whether use on a cereal grain for which a grain tolerance was requested also requires a tolerance on related animal feed commodities derived from that cereal grain). Public commenters should consider the possibility of such revisions in preparing comments on these petitions.

D. What should I consider as I prepare my comments for EPA?

1. *Submitting CBI.* Do not submit CBI to EPA through <https://www.regulations.gov> or email. If you wish to include CBI in your comment, please follow the applicable instructions at <https://www.epa.gov/dockets/commenting-epa-dockets#rules> and clearly mark the information that you claim to be CBI. In addition to one complete version of the comment that includes CBI, a copy of the comment without CBI must be submitted for inclusion in the public docket. Information marked as CBI will not be disclosed except in accordance with procedures set forth in 40 CFR part 2.

2. *Tips for preparing your comments.* When preparing and submitting your comments, see the commenting tips at <https://www.epa.gov/epa-dockets>.

II. Petitions Received

This unit provides the following information about the petitions:

- The Pesticide Petition (PP) Identification (IN) number.
- EPA docket ID number for the petition.
- Information about the petition (*i.e.*, name of the petitioner, name of the pesticide chemical residue and the commodities for which a tolerance or exemption is sought).
- The analytical method available to detect and measure the pesticide chemical residue or the petitioner's statement about why such a method is not needed; and
- The division to contact for that petition.

Additional information on the petitions may be obtained through the petition summaries that were prepared by the petitioners pursuant to 21 U.S.C. 346a(d)(2)(A)(i)(I) and 40 CFR 180.7(b)(1), which are included in the docket for the petition as identified in this unit.

- *PP IN-12499.* (EPA-HQ-OPP-2025-3954). Evonik Corporation, 2 Turner Place, Piscataway, NJ 08854, requests to establish an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for residues of Silane, trimethoxyoctyl-, hydrolysis products with silica (CAS Reg. No. 92797-60-9) when used as a pesticide inert ingredient (dispersant) in pesticide formulations under 40 CFR 180.920. The petitioner believes no analytical method is needed because it is not required for an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance. *Contact:* RD.

- *PP 5E9203.* (EPA-HQ-OPP-2026-0628). Valent U.S.A. LLC, 4600 Norris Canyon Road, San Ramon, CA 94583,

requests to establish a tolerance in 40 CFR part 180 for residues of the fungicide mandestrobin in or on cherry subgroup 12–12A at 3.0 parts per million (ppm) and peach subgroup 12–12B at 2.0 ppm. LC–MS/MS (liquid chromatography–tandem mass spectrometry) methods are used to measure and evaluate the chemical mandestrobin. *Contact:* RD.

- *PP 5E9215.* (EPA–HQ–OPP–2026–1783). Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC, P.O. Box 18300, Greensboro, NC 27419, requests to establish a tolerance in 40 CFR part 180 for residues of the fungicide, nematocide cyclobutrifluram in or on coffee at 0.15 ppm and banana at 0.05. The GRM076.07A and GRM076.11A methods is/are used to measure and evaluate the chemical cyclobutrifluram. *Contact:* RD.

- *PP 5E9225.* (EPA–HQ–OPP–2025–1905). Interregional Research Project Number 4 (IR–4) Project Headquarters, NC State University, 1730 Varsity Drive, Venture IV, Suite 210, Raleigh, NC 27606, requests to establish a tolerance in 40 CFR part 180 for residues of the herbicide cycloate in or on quinoa at 1.0 ppm. The LC–MS/MS and GC–MS/MS methods are used to measure and evaluate the chemical cycloate. *Contact:* RD.

- *PP 5F9192.* (EPA–HQ–OPP–2025–2500). Bayer CropScience LLC, 800 N. Lindbergh Blvd., St. Louis, MO 63167, requests to establish tolerances in 40 CFR part 180 for residues of the herbicide bromoxynil in or on the raw agricultural commodities crop subgroup 20A (rapeseed, except flax, seed), crop subgroup 6–22E (vegetable, legume, pulse, bean, dried shelled, except soybean), and crop subgroup 6–22F (vegetable, legume, pulse, pea, dried shelled) at 0.01 ppm. The (GLC/MCD), (GC/ECD), or GC/MCD methods are used to measure and evaluate the chemical bromoxynil. *Contact:* RD.

- *PP 5F9212.* (EPA–HQ–OPP–2026–1783). Syngenta Crop Protection, LLC, P.O. Box 18300, Greensboro, NC 27419, requests to establish a tolerance in 40 CFR part 180 for residues of the fungicide, nematocide cyclobutrifluram in or on tuberous and corm vegetables (except ginseng) (CSG 1A) at 1.0 ppm; tuberous and corm (CSG 1C) at 0.2 ppm; tuberous and corm (CSG 1D) at 1.0 ppm; vegetable, leaves of root and tuber (CG2) at 1.5 ppm; bulb vegetables (CG 3–07); onion, bulb (CSG 3–07A) at 0.5 ppm; onion, green (CSG 3–07B) at 0.8 ppm; leafy vegetables (CG 4–16) at 2.0 ppm; brassica, head and stem (CG 5–16) at 0.8 ppm; legume vegetable (CG 6–22) (except soybean); edible podded peas and beans at 2.0m ppm; succulent peas and beans at 2.0 ppm; dried peas and

beans at 2.0 ppm; pea and bean, forage/vines at 2.0 ppm; pea and bean, hay at 6.0 ppm; fruiting vegetables (CG 8–10) at 0.7 ppm; cucurbit vegetables (CG 9) at 0.7 ppm; citrus fruit (CG 10–10) at 0.08 ppm; pome fruit (CG 11–10) at 0.05 ppm; stone fruit (CG 12–12) at 0.07 ppm; small fruit vine climbing (except fuzzy kiwifruit) (CSG 13–07F) at 0.08 ppm; low growing berry (CSG 13–7G) (except cranberry) at 0.7 ppm; tree nut (CG 14) at 0.05 ppm; almond hulls at 0.3 ppm; grain, cereal (CG 15–22) at 1.5 ppm; grain, cereal, forage, hay, stover, and straw, group 16–22, forage at 5.0 ppm; grain, cereal, forage, hay, stover, and straw, group 16–22, hay at 6.0 ppm; grain, cereal, forage, hay, stover, and straw, group 16–22, stover at 0.5ppm; grain, cereal, forage, hay, stover, and straw, group 16–22, straw at 0.5ppm; cotton, undelinted seed (CSG 20C) at 2.0 ppm; cotton, gin byproducts at 6.0 ppm; leaf petiole vegetable (CSG 22B) at 0.6 ppm; sugarcane at 0.1 ppm; peanut, nutmeat at 0.2 ppm; peanut, hay at 5.0 ppm; cattle fat at 0.02 ppm; cattle meat at 0.1 ppm; cattle meat byproducts at 0.1 ppm; eggs at 0.1 ppm; goat fat at <0.03 ppm; goat meat at 0.1 ppm; goat meat byproducts at 0.1 ppm; goat liver at 0.5 ppm; goat kidney at 0.09 ppm; hog fat at <0.03 ppm; hog meat at 0.1 ppm; hog meat byproducts at 0.1 ppm; hog liver at 0.5 ppm; hog kidney at 0.09 ppm; horse fat at <0.03 ppm; horse meat at 0.1 ppm; horse meat byproducts at 0.1 ppm; horse liver at 0.5 ppm; horse kidney at 0.09 ppm; milk at 0.3 ppm; poultry fat at <0.03 ppm; poultry meat at 0.1 ppm; poultry meat byproducts at 0.1 ppm; poultry liver at 0.5 ppm; poultry kidney at 0.09 ppm; sheep fat at <0.03 ppm; sheep meat at 0.1 ppm; sheep meat byproducts at 0.1 ppm; sheep liver at 0.5 ppm; sheep kidney at 0.09 ppm; inadvertent tolerances for grass, forage, fodder and hay (CG 17) forage at 5.0 ppm; grass, forage, fodder and hay (CG 17) hay at 6.0 ppm; animal feed, non-grass (CG 18), forage at 4.0 ppm; animal feed, non-grass (CG 18), hay at 8.0 ppm and herb group (CG 25) at 2.0 ppm. The GRM076.07A and GRM076.11A methods is/are used to measure and evaluate the chemical cyclobutrifluram. *Contact:* RD.

- *PP 5F9219.* (EPA–HQ–OPP–2026–1784) Nissan Chemical Corporation, 5–1, Nihonbashi 2-Chome, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 103–6119, Japan, requests to establish a tolerance in 40 CFR part 180 for residues of the herbicide, iptriazopyrid, as measured by the sum of 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyridine-8-carboxamide, 3-[[[(1-methylethyl)sulfonyl] methyl]-N-(5-methyl-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl)-5-

(trifluoromethyl)- and 5-methyl-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-amine, expressed as 1,2,4-Triazolo[4,3-a]pyridine-8-carboxamide, 3-[[[(1-methylethyl)sulfonyl]methyl]-N-(5-methyl-1,3,4-oxadiazol-2-yl)-5-(trifluoromethyl)- equivalent in or on rice, grain at 0.60 ppm; rice, straw at 0.02 ppm, cattle, fat at 0.01 ppm; cattle, kidney at 0.10 ppm; cattle, liver at 0.10 ppm; cattle, meat at 0.01 ppm; fish, shellfish, crustacean at 0.04 ppm; goat, fat at 0.01 ppm; goat, kidney at 0.10 ppm; goat, liver at 0.10 ppm; goat, meat at 0.01 ppm; horse, fat at 0.01 ppm; horse, kidney at 0.10 ppm; horse, liver at 0.10 ppm; horse, meat at 0.01 ppm; hog, fat at 0.01 ppm; hog, kidney at 0.08 ppm; hog, liver at 0.08 ppm; hog, meat at 0.01 ppm; milk at 0.01 ppm; poultry, eggs at 0.01 ppm; poultry, fat at 0.01 ppm; poultry, liver at 0.40 ppm; poultry, muscle at 0.01 ppm; sheep, fat at 0.01 ppm; sheep, kidney at 0.10 ppm; sheep, liver at 0.10 ppm; and sheep, meat at 0.01 ppm. Liquid Chromatography-MS/MS is used to measure and evaluate the chemical iptriazopyrid. *Contact:* RD

Authority: 21 U.S.C. 346a.

Dated: June 29, 2026.

Edward Messina,

Director, Office of Pesticide Programs.

[FR Doc. 2026–13557 Filed 7–2–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6560–50–P

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

47 CFR Part 25

[SB Docket No. 25–157; Report No. 3234; FR ID 353423]

Petition for Reconsideration of Action in Rulemaking Proceeding

AGENCY: Federal Communications Commission.

ACTION: Petition for reconsideration.

SUMMARY: A Petition for Reconsideration (Petition) has been filed in the Commission's proceeding by Brenna Sparks on behalf of DIRECTV, LLC.

DATES: Oppositions to the Petition must be filed on or before July 21, 2026. Replies to oppositions to the Petition must be filed on or before July 31, 2026.

ADDRESSES: Federal Communications Commission, 45 L Street NE, Washington, DC 20554.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Clay DeCell, 202–418–0803.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This is a summary of the Commission's document, in SB Docket No. 25–157; Report No. 3234, released June 23, 2026. The full text of the Petition can be