

§ 62.9171 [Removed]

- 6. Remove § 62.9171.
- 7. Revise the undesignated center heading above § 62.9190 to read as follows:

Emissions From Existing Commercial and Industrial Solid Waste Incineration Units

- 8. Revise § 62.9190 to read as follows:

§ 62.9190 Identification of plan—negative declaration.

Letter from the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality dated September 13, 2024, certifying that there are no incinerators subject to the Commercial and Industrial Solid Waste Incineration units (CISWI) Emission Guidelines, at 40 CFR part 60, subpart DDDD, within its jurisdiction in the State of Oklahoma.

§ 62.9191 [Removed]

- 9. Remove § 62.9191.
- 10. Add an undesignated center heading and § 62.9200 immediately after § 62.9190 to read as follows:

Emissions From Existing Other Solid Waste Incineration Units**§ 62.9200 Identification of plan—negative declaration.**

Letter from the Oklahoma Department of Environmental Quality dated August 10, 2020, certifying that there are no incinerators that commenced construction on or before December 9, 2004, subject to the Other Solid Waste Incineration units (OSWI) Emission Guidelines, at 40 CFR part 60, subpart FFFF, as promulgated on December 16, 2005, and amended on November 24, 2006, within its jurisdiction in the State of Oklahoma.

[FR Doc. 2026–12896 Filed 6–25–26; 8:45 am]

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY**40 CFR Part 62**

[EPA–R06–OAR–2026–0233; FRL–13256–02–R6]

Approval and Promulgation of State Air Quality Plans for Designated Facilities and Pollutants; Louisiana; Control of Emissions From Existing Other Solid Waste Incineration Units

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: Pursuant to the Federal Clean Air Act (CAA or the Act), the

Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is notifying the public that we have received a CAA section 111(d)/129 negative declaration from Louisiana for existing incinerators subject to the Other Solid Waste Incineration units (OSWI) Emission Guidelines (EG). This negative declaration certifies that existing incinerators subject to the OSWI EG and the requirements of sections 111(d) and 129 of the CAA do not exist within specified jurisdictions in Louisiana. The EPA is accepting the negative declaration and amending the agency regulations in accordance with the requirements of the CAA.

DATES: This rule is effective on July 27, 2026.

ADDRESSES: The EPA has established a docket for this action under Docket No. EPA–R06–OAR–2026–0233. All documents in the docket are listed on the <https://www.regulations.gov> website. Although listed in the index, some information is not publicly available, e.g., Confidential Business Information or other information whose disclosure is restricted by statute. Certain other material, such as copyrighted material, is not placed on the internet. Publicly available docket materials are available electronically through <https://www.regulations.gov>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Kevin Kim, EPA Region 6 Office, Air and Radiation Division—State Planning and Implementation Branch, telephone number: (214) 665–8554, email address: kim.kevin@epa.gov. Please call or email the contact listed above if you need alternative access to material indexed but not provided in the docket.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Throughout this document wherever “we,” “us,” or “our” is used, we mean the EPA.

I. Background

The background for this action is discussed in detail in our March 23, 2026, proposal (91 FR 13802). In that document, we proposed to accept the OSWI negative declaration submitted by the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality (LDEQ) and to amend the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) in accordance with the requirements of sections 111(d) and 129 of the CAA. We held a 30-day comment period for our March 23, 2026, proposal, which closed on April 22, 2026. We received one supportive comment regarding the proposal. We acknowledge and appreciate the commenter’s general support for the proposed action. We are finalizing the action as proposed without changes.

II. Final Action

In this final action, the EPA is amending 40 CFR part 62, subpart T, to reflect receipt of the negative declaration letter from LDEQ for existing OSWI facilities submitted on November 4, 2025. The letter certifies that there are no existing incinerators subject to 40 CFR part 60, subpart FFFF, as revised on June 30, 2025 (90 FR 27910), within Louisiana’s jurisdiction in accordance with 40 CFR 60.2982, 40 CFR 60.23(b), 40 CFR 62.06, and sections 111(d) and 129 of the CAA.

III. Statutory and Executive Order Reviews

Under the CAA, the Administrator is required to approve a CAA section 111(d)/129 submission that complies with the provisions of the Act and applicable Federal regulations. 42 U.S.C. 7411(d); 42 U.S.C. 7429; 40 CFR part 60, subparts B and FFFF; and 40 CFR part 62, subpart A. Thus, in reviewing CAA section 111(d)/129 State plan submissions, EPA’s role is to approve State choices, provided that they meet the criteria of the Act and implementing regulations. Accordingly, this action merely finalizes the acceptance of a CAA section 111(d)/129 negative declaration from a State and does not impose additional requirements. For that reason, this action:

- Is not a significant regulatory action subject to review by the Office of Management and Budget under Executive Order 12866 (58 FR 51735, October 4, 1993);
- Is not an Executive Order 14192 (90 FR 9065, February 6, 2025) regulatory action because this action is not significant under Executive Order 12866;
- Does not impose an information collection burden under the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501 *et seq.*);
- Is certified as not having a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 *et seq.*);
- Does not contain any unfunded mandate or significantly or uniquely affect small governments, as described in Unfunded Mandated Reform Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104–4);
- Does not have federalism implications as specified in Executive Order 13132 (64 FR 43255, August 10, 1999);
- Is not subject to Executive Order 13045 (62 FR 19885, April 23, 1997) because it approves a State program;
- Is not a significant regulatory action subject to Executive Order 13211 (66 FR 28355, May 22, 2001); and

• Is not subject to requirements of section 12(d) of the National Technology Transfer and Advancement Act of 1995 (15 U.S.C. 272 note) because application of those requirements would be inconsistent with the Clean Air Act.

In addition, the CAA 111(d)/129 action is not approved to apply on any Indian reservation land or in any other area where the EPA or an Indian Tribe has demonstrated that a Tribe has jurisdiction. In those areas of Indian country, the final rule does not have Tribal implications and will not impose substantial direct costs on Tribal governments or preempt Tribal law as specified by Executive Order 13175 (65 FR 67249, November 9, 2000).

This action is subject to the Congressional Review Act, and the EPA will submit a rule report to each House of the Congress and to the Comptroller General of the United States. This action is not a “major rule” as defined by 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

Under section 307(b)(1) of the Clean Air Act, petitions for judicial review of this action must be filed in the United States Court of Appeals for the appropriate circuit by August 25, 2026. Filing a petition for reconsideration by the Administrator of this final rule does not affect the finality of this action for the purposes of judicial review nor does it extend the time within which a petition for judicial review may be filed, and shall not postpone the effectiveness of such rule or action. This action may not be challenged later in proceedings to enforce its requirements (see CAA section 307(b)(2)).

List of Subjects in 40 CFR Part 62

Environmental protection, Administrative practice and procedure, Air pollution control, Intergovernmental relations, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Waste treatment and disposal.

Dated: June 11, 2026.

Walter Mason,

Regional Administrator, Region 6.

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the Environmental Protection Agency amends 40 CFR part 62 as follows:

PART 62—APPROVAL AND PROMULGATION OF STATE PLANS FOR DESIGNATED FACILITIES AND POLLUTANTS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 62 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 42 U.S.C. 7401 *et seq.*

Subpart T—Louisiana

■ 2. Revise § 62.4675 to read as follows:

Emissions From Existing Other Solid Waste Incineration Units

§ 62.4675 Identification of plan—negative declaration.

Letter from the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality dated November 3, 2025, and submitted to EPA on November 4, 2026, certifying that there are no incinerators subject to the Other Solid Waste Incineration units (OSWI) Emission Guidelines, at 40 CFR part 60, subpart FFFF, within its jurisdiction in the State of Louisiana.

[FR Doc. 2026–12895 Filed 6–25–26; 8:45 am]

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ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

40 CFR Part 180

[EPA–HQ–OPP–2025–0816; FRL–13411–01–OCSPPI]

Cinnamaldehyde in Pesticide Formulations; Exemption From the Requirement for a Tolerance

AGENCY: Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).

ACTION: Final rule.

SUMMARY: This regulation establishes an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance for residues of cinnamaldehyde (CAS Reg. No. 104–55–2) when used as an inert ingredient (preservative/stabilizer) on growing crops and raw agricultural commodities pre- and post-harvest, limited to no more than 100 parts per million (ppm) in the end-use pesticide formulation. Wagner Regulatory Associates, Inc., on behalf of Minagro, submitted a petition to EPA under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FFDCA), requesting establishment of an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance. This regulation eliminates the need to establish a maximum permissible level for residues of cinnamaldehyde, when used in accordance with the terms of this exemption.

DATES: This regulation is effective June 26, 2026. Objections and requests for hearings must be received on or before August 25, 2026 and must be filed in accordance with the instructions provided in 40 CFR part 178 (see also Unit I.C. of this document).

ADDRESSES: The docket for this action, identified by docket identification (ID) number EPA–HQ–OPP–2025–0816, is available online at <https://www.regulations.gov>. Additional information about dockets generally, along with instructions for visiting the

docket in person, is available at <https://www.epa.gov/dockets>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Charles Smith, Registration Division (7505T), Office of Pesticide Programs, Environmental Protection Agency, 1200 Pennsylvania Ave. NW, Washington, DC 20460–0001; main telephone number: (202) 566–1030; email address: RDfrNotices@epa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. General Information

A. Does this action apply to me?

You may be potentially affected by this action if you are an agricultural producer, food manufacturer, or pesticide manufacturer. The following list of North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS) codes is not intended to be exhaustive, but rather provides a guide to help readers determine whether this document applies to them.

- Crop production (NAICS code 111).
- Animal production (NAICS code 112).
- Food manufacturing (NAICS code 311).
- Pesticide manufacturing (NAICS code 32532).

If you have any questions regarding the applicability of this proposed action to a particular entity, consult the person listed under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT**.

B. What is EPA’s authority for taking this action?

EPA is issuing this rulemaking under section 408 of the FFDCA, 21 U.S.C. 346a. FFDCA section 408(c)(2)(A)(i) allows EPA to establish an exemption from the requirement for a tolerance (the legal limit for a pesticide chemical residue in or on a food) only if EPA determines that the exemption is “safe.” FFDCA section 408(c)(2)(A)(ii) defines “safe” to mean that “there is a reasonable certainty that no harm will result from aggregate exposure to the pesticide chemical residue, including all anticipated dietary exposures and all other exposures for which there is reliable information.” This includes exposure through drinking water and in residential settings but does not include occupational exposure. Pursuant to FFDCA section 408(c)(2)(B), in establishing or maintaining in effect an exemption from the requirement of a tolerance, EPA must take into account the factors set forth in FFDCA section 408(b)(2)(C), which require EPA to give special consideration to exposure of infants and children to the pesticide chemical residue in establishing a tolerance and to “ensure that there is a