

all market participants on an equal basis at the same cost. It is a business decision of each market participant whether to pay for Dedicated Cores.

*C. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants, or Others*

The Exchange neither solicited nor received comments on the proposed rule change.

**III. Date of Effectiveness of the Proposed Rule Change and Timing for Commission Action**

The foregoing rule change has become effective pursuant to Section 19(b)(3)(A) of the Act<sup>36</sup> and paragraph (f) of Rule 19b-4<sup>37</sup> thereunder. At any time within 60 days of the filing of the proposed rule change, the Commission summarily may temporarily suspend such rule change if it appears to the Commission that such action is necessary or appropriate in the public interest, for the protection of investors, or otherwise in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. If the Commission takes such action, the Commission will institute proceedings to determine whether the proposed rule change should be approved or disapproved.

**IV. Solicitation of Comments**

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

*Electronic Comments*

- Use the Commission's internet comment form (<https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>); or
- Send an email to [rule-comments@sec.gov](mailto:rule-comments@sec.gov). Please include file number SR-CboeBZX-2026-040 on the subject line.

*Paper Comments*

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090. All submissions should refer to file number SR-CboeBZX-2026-040. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's internet website (<https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>). Copies of the filing will

be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. Do not include personal identifiable information in submissions; you should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. We may redact in part or withhold entirely from publication submitted material that is obscene or subject to copyright protection. All submissions should refer to file number SR-CboeBZX-2026-040 and should be submitted on or before June 3, 2026.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.<sup>38</sup>

**Vanessa A. Countryman,**  
*Secretary.*

[FR Doc. 2026-09473 Filed 5-12-26; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 8011-01-P**

**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

[Release No. 34-105424; File No. SR-NASDAQ-2025-085]

**Self-Regulatory Organizations; The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC; Notice of Filing of Proposed Rule Change, as Modified by Amendment No. 1 Thereto, To List and Trade Shares of iShares Bitcoin Premium Income ETF Under Nasdaq Rule 5711(d) (Commodity-Based Trust Shares)**

May 8, 2026.

On September 30, 2025, The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC ("Nasdaq" or "Exchange") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission"), pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act")<sup>1</sup> and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,<sup>2</sup> a proposed rule change to list and trade shares ("Shares") of the of the iShares Bitcoin Premium Income ETF ("Trust") under Nasdaq Rule 5711(d) (Commodity-Based Trust Shares). The proposed rule change was published for comment in the **Federal Register** on October 2, 2025.<sup>3</sup>

On November 3, 2025, pursuant to Section 19(b)(2) of the Act,<sup>4</sup> the Commission designated a longer period within which to approve the proposed rule change, disapprove the proposed rule change, or institute proceedings to determine whether to disapprove the proposed rule change.<sup>5</sup> On December

16, 2025, the Commission initiated proceedings under Section 19(b)(2)(B) of the Act<sup>6</sup> to determine whether to approve or disapprove the proposed rule change.<sup>7</sup> On March 10, 2026, pursuant to Section 19(b)(2) of the Act,<sup>8</sup> the Commission designated a longer period for Commission action on proceedings to determine whether to approve or disapprove the proposed rule change.<sup>9</sup>

On May 7, 2026, the Exchange filed with the Commission Amendment No. 1 to proposed rule change as described in Items I and II below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. Amendment No. 1 replaces and supersedes the proposed rule change as originally filed. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change, as modified by Amendment No. 1, from interested persons.

**I. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change**

The Exchange proposes to list and trade shares of iShares® Bitcoin Premium Income ETF (the "Trust") under Nasdaq Rule 5711(d) ("Commodity-Based Trust Shares"). The shares of the Trust are referred to herein as the "Shares." This Amendment No. 1 supersedes the original filing in its entirety.

The text of the proposed rule change is available on the Exchange's website at <https://listingcenter.nasdaq.com/rulebook/nasdaq/rulefilings>, and at the principal office of the Exchange.

**II. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change**

In its filing with the Commission, the Exchange included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for the proposed rule change and discussed any comments it received on the proposed rule change. The text of these statements may be examined at the places specified in Item IV below. The Exchange has prepared summaries, set forth in sections A, B, and C below, of

Commission designated December 31, 2025, as the date by which the Commission shall approve or disapprove, or institute proceedings to determine whether to disapprove, the proposed rule change.

<sup>6</sup> 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(2)(B).

<sup>7</sup> See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 104414, 90 FR 59600 (Dec. 19, 2025).

<sup>8</sup> 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(2).

<sup>9</sup> See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 104962, 91 FR 12466 (Mar. 13, 2026) (designating May 30, 2026, as the date by which the Commission shall either approve or disapprove the proposed rule change).

<sup>38</sup> 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).

<sup>1</sup> 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

<sup>2</sup> 17 CFR 240.19b-4.

<sup>3</sup> See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 104148 (Sept. 30, 2025), 90 FR 47846. The Commission has received no comments on the proposed rule change.

<sup>4</sup> 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(2).

<sup>5</sup> See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 104173, 90 FR 57424 (Nov. 17, 2025). The

<sup>36</sup> 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(3)(A).

<sup>37</sup> 17 CFR 240.19b-4(f).

the most significant aspects of such statements.

*A. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change*

1. Purpose

The Exchange proposes to list and trade the Shares under Nasdaq Rule 5711(d), which governs the listing and trading of Commodity-Based Trust Shares on the Exchange ("Generic Listing Standards").<sup>10</sup> iShares® Delaware Trust Sponsor LLC, a Delaware limited liability company and an indirect subsidiary of BlackRock, Inc. ("BlackRock"), is the sponsor of the Trust (the "Sponsor"). BlackRock Financial Management, Inc., an affiliate of the Sponsor, is the investment advisor for the Trust (the "Advisor").<sup>11</sup> The Trust will be an actively-managed exchange-traded product ("ETP"), that intends to be treated as a publicly-traded partnership for U.S. federal income tax purposes and is registered under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "1933 Act"). Rule 5711(d)(iii)(A)(2) currently requires Commodity-Based Trust Shares to be designed to reflect the performance of one or more reference assets or an index of reference assets, less expenses, and other liabilities. In other words, the Generic Listing Standards require Commodity-Based Trust Shares to be passively managed. For the securities options holdings of Commodity-Based Trust Shares, the Generic Listing Standards require that such options be listed and traded on an ISG market. The Exchange submits this proposal because the Trust will be actively managed; however, it will meet all of the other requirements under the Generic Listing Standards. Any statements or representations included in this proposal regarding: (a) the description of the trust holdings or reference assets; (b) limitations on the trust holdings or reference assets; (c) dissemination and

<sup>10</sup> The Commission approved Nasdaq Rule 5711 in Securities Exchange Act Release No. 66648 (March 23, 2012), 77 FR 19428 (March 30, 2012) (SR-NASDAQ-2012-013). The Commission subsequently approved amendments to Rule 5711(d) to adopt generic listing standards for Commodity-Based Trust Shares. See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 103995 (September 17, 2025), 90 FR 45414 (September 22, 2025) (SR-NASDAQ-2025-056; SR-CboeBZX-2025-104; SR-NYSEARCA-2025-54) (Order Granting Accelerated Approval of Proposed Rule Changes, as Modified by Amendments Thereto, to Adopt Generic Listing Standards for Commodity-Based Trust Shares) ("Generic Listing Standards Approval Order").

<sup>11</sup> According to the Registration Statement (as defined below), the Advisor is registered as an investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended.

availability of the trust holdings, reference assets or intraday indicative value; or (d) the applicability of Exchange listing rules specified in this proposal shall constitute continued listing standards for the Shares listed on the Exchange. The Shares will be registered with the SEC by means of the Trust's registration statement on Form S-1 (the "Registration Statement"), the latest version of which was filed with the SEC on April 1, 2026.<sup>12</sup>

Overview of the Trust

The Shares will be issued by the Trust, a Delaware statutory trust. The Trust will operate pursuant to a trust agreement (the "Trust Agreement") between the Sponsor, a third party as the trustee of the Trust (the "Trustee"), and Wilmington Trust, National Association, as Delaware trustee (the "Delaware Trustee"). The Trust issues Shares representing fractional undivided beneficial interests in its net assets. The assets of the Trust consist of bitcoin, as well as shares of iShares Bitcoin Trust ETF ("IBIT") (such shares, "IBIT shares"), and cash, including premiums associated with written options ("options", collectively with IBIT shares, the "Securities"). The Trust seeks to reflect generally the performance of the price of bitcoin while providing premium income through an actively managed strategy of writing (selling) call options on IBIT shares ("IBIT options") and, from time to time, on indices that track spot bitcoin ETPs, including IBIT (such indices, "ETP Indices" and options written on such ETP Indices, "index options"). The Trust seeks to reflect such performance before payment of the Trust's expenses and liabilities. All options written by the Trust will be listed and traded on U.S. options exchanges.

The Trust is not an investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act") and, in accordance therewith, will not own or acquire Securities in excess of 40% of the value of the Trust's total assets (excluding Government Securities (as defined in the 1940 Act) and cash items) on an unconsolidated basis.

Coinbase Custody Trust Company, LLC (the "Bitcoin Custodian") is the custodian for the Trust's bitcoin holdings and maintains a custody account for the Trust. Coinbase, Inc., is the prime broker for the Trust and maintains a bitcoin trading account for

<sup>12</sup> The Shares will not trade on the Exchange until such time that the Registration Statement is effective.

the Trust. Bank of New York Mellon is a custodian for the Trust's Securities holdings (the "Securities Custodian") and its cash holdings (the "Cash Custodian" and together with the Securities Custodian and Bitcoin Custodian, the "Custodians").

Actively-Managed Strategies

Actively-managed exchange-traded funds ("ETFs") have become a significant and growing segment of the U.S. and global ETF markets. For example, in 2024, around 49% of all ETFs launched globally were active, and in the U.S., active ETF launches outnumbered index launches by nearly 4:1.<sup>13</sup> Active ETFs in the U.S. represent the vast majority of total ETF launches in 2025,<sup>14</sup> with over a third of U.S. ETF inflows coming from active strategies over the past two years.<sup>15</sup> The Exchange believes that these figures demonstrate substantial market demand in actively-managed strategies, and that this proposal would benefit investors by providing a transparent, regulated investment vehicle as an alternative to less regulated avenues that investors could use to obtain bitcoin exposure.

Background on Trust Holdings

The Trust will invest primarily in spot bitcoin and IBIT,<sup>16</sup> will hold cash, and will primarily write options on IBIT<sup>17</sup> and in limited circumstances,

<sup>13</sup> See "Decoding active ETFs," BlackRock, available at <https://www.ishares.com/us/literature/whitepaper/decoding-active-etfs.pdf>.

<sup>14</sup> See "How active ETFs are unlocking innovation and opportunity for investors," BlackRock, available at <https://www.ishares.com/us/insights/active-etf-investors> ("Active ETFs accounted for 88% of all U.S.-listed ETF launches through June 2025, and 51% of global ETF launches."); see also "Monthly Active ETF Monitor (August 31, 2025)," J.P.Morgan, available at <https://am.jpmorgan.com/content/dam/jpm-am-aem/americas/us/en/insights/etf-insights/monthly-active-etf.pdf> ("60 active ETFs were launched in August. Active ETFs represent 85% of total ETF launches in 2025.").

<sup>15</sup> See "Decoding active ETFs," BlackRock, available at <https://www.ishares.com/us/literature/whitepaper/decoding-active-etfs.pdf> ("31% of net asset inflows come from actively managed strategies," sourcing BlackRock Global Business Intelligence data through June 2024); see also "Monthly Active ETF Monitor (August 31, 2025)," J.P.Morgan, available at <https://am.jpmorgan.com/content/dam/jpm-am-aem/americas/us/en/insights/etf-insights/monthly-active-etf.pdf> ("Over 37% of ETF flows in 2025 have gone into active strategies").

<sup>16</sup> The Commission approved the listing and trading of IBIT on January 10, 2024. See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 99306 (January 10, 2024), 89 FR 3008 (January 17, 2024) (SR-NYSEARCA-2021-90; SR-NYSEARCA-2023-44; SR-NYSEARCA-2023-58; SR-NASDAQ-2023-016; SR-NASDAQ-2023-019; SR-CboeBZX-2023-028; SR-CboeBZX-2023-038; SR-CboeBZX-2023-040; SR-CboeBZX-2023-042; SR-CboeBZX-2023-044; SR-CboeBZX-2023-072).

<sup>17</sup> The Commission approved the listing and trading of IBIT options on September 20, 2024. See

will write index options.<sup>18</sup> All options written by the Trust are U.S. exchange-listed. Options written on IBIT may be standardized options or flexible exchange (“FLEX”) options, while index options will be standardized options.<sup>19</sup> The Trust’s IBIT holdings would be used to settle standardized IBIT options; either the Trust’s IBIT holdings or cash holdings would be used to settle FLEX IBIT options; and the Trust’s cash holdings would be used to settle index options, if, in any case, those written options positions are exercised. The Trust will write standardized IBIT options and, based on a number of factors, FLEX IBIT options. Such factors may include market conditions, options liquidity, and options’ strike price, among other things. The Trust may also write standardized index options. Bitcoin, IBIT, IBIT options, and index options meet the eligibility criteria for Commodity-Based Trust Shares set forth in Rule 5711(d)(iv)(A) (Bitcoin) and (B) (IBIT, IBIT options, and index options).

#### Bitcoin (BTC)

Bitcoin is a digital asset that is created and transmitted through the operations of the peer-to-peer Bitcoin network, a decentralized network of computers that operates on cryptographic protocols (the “Bitcoin network”). No single entity owns or operates the Bitcoin network, the infrastructure of which is collectively maintained by its user base.

The Bitcoin network allows people to exchange tokens of value, called bitcoin, which are recorded on a public transaction ledger known as the Bitcoin blockchain (the “Bitcoin blockchain”). Bitcoin can be used to pay for goods and services, or it can be converted to fiat currencies, such as the U.S. dollar, at rates determined on bitcoin platforms that enable trading in bitcoin or in individual end-user-to-end-user transactions under a barter system.

The Bitcoin network is commonly understood to be decentralized and does not require governmental authorities or financial institution intermediaries to create, transmit or determine the value of bitcoin. Rather, bitcoin is created and

allocated by the Bitcoin network protocol through a “mining” process. The value of bitcoin is determined by the supply of and demand for bitcoin-on-bitcoin platforms or in private end-user-to-end-user transactions.

New bitcoins are created and rewarded to the miners of a block in the Bitcoin blockchain for verifying transactions. The Bitcoin blockchain is a shared database that includes all blocks that have been solved by miners and it is updated to include new blocks as they are solved. Each bitcoin transaction is broadcast to the Bitcoin network and, when included in a block, recorded in the Bitcoin blockchain. As each new block records outstanding bitcoin transactions, and outstanding transactions are settled and validated through such recording, the Bitcoin blockchain represents a complete, transparent, and unbroken history of all transactions of the Bitcoin network.

Under the source code that governs the Bitcoin network, the supply of new bitcoin is mathematically controlled so that the number of bitcoin grows at a limited rate pursuant to a pre-set schedule. The number of bitcoin awarded for solving a new block is automatically halved after every 210,000 blocks are added to the Bitcoin blockchain, approximately every 4 years. This deliberately controlled rate of bitcoin creation means that the number of bitcoin in existence will increase at a controlled rate until the number of bitcoin in existence reaches the pre-determined 21 million bitcoin. However, the 21 million supply cap could be changed in a hard fork. A hard fork could change the source code to the Bitcoin network, including the 21 million bitcoin supply cap.

Bitcoin’s role as the dominant digital asset has positioned it as a key component of institutional portfolios and investment products. Its market dynamics are influenced by macroeconomic trends, adoption rates, and its regulatory environment, making it a focal point for the broader crypto industry. With a decentralized governance model and a community-driven upgrade process, bitcoin continues to evolve while adhering to its core principles of decentralization and security.

#### Security Investments

The Trust will invest in IBIT and write standardized options on IBIT and, based on a number of factors, may write FLEX IBIT options. Such factors may include market conditions, options liquidity, and options’ strike price,

among other things.<sup>20</sup> It may also write standardized index options. As discussed above, all options written by the Trust are U.S. exchange-listed. Options written on IBIT may be standardized options or FLEX options, while index options will be standardized options. The Trust’s options holdings will be available on its website ([www.ishares.com](http://www.ishares.com)).

#### Creation and Redemption of Shares

The Trust issues and redeems Baskets<sup>21</sup> on a continuous basis. Baskets are typically issued only in exchange for all cash deposits. The Trust may, however, issue Baskets in exchange for partial cash deposits<sup>22</sup> and in-kind deposits.<sup>23</sup> Generally, the Trust redeems Shares only in Baskets in exchange for partial cash deposits. The Trust may, however, redeem Baskets in exchange for all cash deposits or in-kind deposits. Whether the Trust accepts all cash, partial cash, or in-kind deposits for the issuance and redemption of Baskets, the amount provided to the Trust will be equal to the Basket Amount<sup>24</sup> for the business day on which the purchase order was received by the Trust.

No Shares are issued unless the Trustee receives confirmation that the required consideration has been received in the account or accounts specified by the Trustee. The amount of consideration necessary for the creation of a Basket, or to be received upon redemption of a Basket, will vary over the life of the Trust, due to the payment or accrual of fees and other expenses or liabilities payable by the Trust. Baskets may be created or redeemed only by Authorized Participants, who pay BlackRock Investments, LLC (“BRIL”), an affiliate of the Sponsor that has been

<sup>20</sup> IBIT is issued by an affiliate of the Trust. As discussed above, the Trust will be managed by the Advisor, which is an affiliate of the Sponsor. The Trustee has adopted and implemented policies and procedures that are reasonably designed to ensure compliance with applicable law, which address conflicts of interest and affiliate transactions. Refer to the Trust’s Registration Statement for additional details on the Trustee’s policies and procedures.

<sup>21</sup> Baskets will be offered continuously at NAV per Share for 20,000 Shares.

<sup>22</sup> The Sponsor may in its sole discretion, allow authorized participants to purchase Baskets in exchange for a combination of cash, bitcoin, and/or IBIT shares, including cash that replaces bitcoin or IBIT shares (“partial cash”).

<sup>23</sup> The Sponsor may also in its sole discretion, allow authorized participants to purchase Baskets in exchange for bitcoin, IBIT shares and a cash amount (“in-kind”).

<sup>24</sup> “Basket Amount” means the amount of cash, bitcoin, and/or IBIT shares (depending on the type of transaction) that an Authorized Participant must deliver in exchange for one Basket, or that an Authorized Participant is entitled to receive in exchange for each Basket surrendered for redemption.

Securities Exchange Act Release No. 101128 (September 20, 2024), 89 FR 78942 (September 26, 2024) (SR-ISE-2024-03).

<sup>18</sup> Cboe Options currently offers listed index options on the Cboe Bitcoin U.S. ETF Index and the Mini-Cboe Bitcoin U.S. ETF Index. See [https://www.cboe.com/tradable\\_products/bitcoin-etf-index-options/](https://www.cboe.com/tradable_products/bitcoin-etf-index-options/).

<sup>19</sup> FLEX options are presently available on multiple U.S. options exchanges and available for IBIT options. For example, both Nasdaq ISE and Cboe Options offer electronic FLEX trading today. Additionally, the Commission approved the trading of FLEX IBIT options on Nasdaq ISE. See Securities Exchange Act Release No. 103563 (July 29, 2025), 90 FR 36242 (August 1, 2025) (SR-ISE-2025-12).

retained by the Trust to perform certain order processing, Authorized Participant communications, and related services in connection with the issuance and redemption of Baskets (“ETF Services”), a transaction fee for each order to create or redeem Baskets. As part of its Authorized Participant communications, BRIL will communicate to Authorized Participants whether the Trust will permit all cash deposits, in-kind deposits or partial cash deposits in creation of Baskets or for redemptions for Baskets.

The Sponsor will maintain ownership and control of bitcoin and Securities in a manner consistent with good delivery requirements for spot commodity transactions and securities transactions, respectively.

#### Net Asset Value

The net asset value (“NAV”) of the Trust is used by the Trust in its day-to-day operations to measure the net value of the Trust’s assets. The NAV of the Trust will be equal to the total assets of the Trust, which will consist of (1) the Trust’s bitcoin, IBIT and cash, (2) any earnings on those assets, and (3) any other assets of the Trust, less total liabilities of the Trust, which includes the Trust’s options positions, each determined by the Trustee pursuant to policies established from time to time by the Trustee or its affiliates as described herein. The Sponsor has the exclusive authority to determine the Trust’s NAV, which it has delegated to the Trustee under the Trust Agreement. The Sponsor has delegated to the Trustee the responsibility to calculate the NAV and the NAV per Share for the Trust, based on a pricing source selected by the Trustee. In determining the Trust’s NAV per Share, the Trustee will assess the value of bitcoin and the Securities. The Trustee has delegated to the trust administrator, Bank of New York Mellon, the responsibility to calculate the NAV, based on a pricing source selected by the Trustee.

#### Bitcoin Valuation

The value of the bitcoin held by the Trust will be based on the index price, unless the Sponsor in its sole discretion determines that the index is unreliable. The CME CF Bitcoin Reference Rate—New York Variant for the Bitcoin—U.S. Dollar trading pair (the “CF Benchmarks Index”) shall constitute the index (the “Index”), unless the CF Benchmarks Index is not available or the Sponsor in its sole discretion determines that the CF Benchmarks Index is unreliable and therefore determines not to use the CF Benchmarks Index as the Index. If the CF Benchmarks Index is not available or

the Sponsor determines, in its sole discretion, that the CF Benchmarks Index is unreliable, (together a “Fair Value Event”) the Trust’s holdings may be fair valued on a temporary basis in accordance with the fair value policies approved by the Trustee. If the CF Benchmarks Index is not used as the Index price, owners of the beneficial interests of Shares (the “Shareholders”) will be notified in a prospectus supplement or on the Trust’s website and, if this index change is on a permanent basis, a filing with the SEC under Rule 19b-4 of the Act will be required. A Fair Value Event value determination will be based upon all available factors that the Sponsor or Trustee deems relevant at the time of the determination, and may be based on analytical values determined by the Sponsor or Trustee using third-party valuation models. Fair value policies approved by the Trustee will seek to determine the fair value price that the Trust might reasonably expect to receive from the current sale of that asset or liability in an arm’s-length transaction on the date on which the asset or liability is being valued consistent with “Relevant Transactions”. In the instance of a Fair Value Event and pursuant to the Sponsor’s fair valuation policies and procedures Volume Weighted Average Prices (“VWAP”) or Volume Weighted Median Prices (“VWMP”) from another index administrator (“Secondary Index”) would be utilized. If a Secondary Index is not available or the Sponsor in its sole discretion determines the Secondary Index is unreliable the price set by the Trust’s principal market as of 4:00 p.m. ET, on the valuation date would be utilized. In the event the principal market price is not available or the Sponsor in its sole discretion determines the principal market valuation is unreliable the Sponsor will use its best judgment to determine a good faith estimate of fair value. The Trustee identifies and determines the Trust’s principal market (or in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market) for bitcoin consistent with the application of fair value measurement framework in FASB ASC 820–10.<sup>25</sup> The principal market is the market where the reporting entity would normally enter into a transaction to sell the asset or

<sup>25</sup> See FASB (Financial Accounting Standards Board) Accounting standards codification (ASC) 820–10. For financial reporting purposes only, the Trustee has adopted a valuation policy that outlines the methodology for valuing the Trust’s assets. The policy also outlines the methodology for determining the principal market (or in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market) in accordance with FASB ASC 820–10.

transfer the liability. The principal market must be available to and be accessible by the reporting entity. The reporting entity is the Trust.

#### Intraday Indicative Value

In order to provide updated information relating to the Trust for use by Shareholders, the Trust intends to publish an intraday indicative value per Share (“IIV”). The IIV will be calculated using data provided by one or more third-party data vendors. One or more major market data vendors will provide an IIV updated every 15 seconds, as calculated by a third-party financial data provider during the Exchange’s regular market session of 9:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. ET (the “Regular Market Session”). The IIV will be calculated using the prior day’s closing NAV per Share as a base and updating that value during the Exchange’s Regular Market Session to reflect changes in the value of the Trust’s NAV per Share during the trading day. The IIV is disseminated during the Exchange’s Regular Market Session and should not be viewed as an actual real-time update of the NAV per Share, which will be calculated only once at the end of each trading day. The IIV will be widely disseminated on a per Share basis every 15 seconds during the Exchange’s Regular Market Session by one or more major market data vendors. In addition, the IIV will be available through online information services.

#### Availability of Information

The website for the Trust, which will be publicly accessible at no charge, will prominently disclose the information required under Rule 5711(d)(v).

The NAV per Share for the Trust will be calculated once a day and will be disseminated daily to all market participants at the same time. Quotation and last sale information regarding the Shares will be disseminated through the facilities of the relevant securities information processor. Also, an estimated value that reflects an estimated IIV will be disseminated. For more information on the IIV, including the calculation methodology, see “Intraday Indicative Value above.”

The IIV disseminated during the Exchange’s Regular Market Session should not be viewed as an actual real-time update of the NAV per Share, which will be calculated only once at the end of each trading day. The IIV will be widely disseminated on a per Share basis every 15 seconds during the Exchange’s Regular Market Session by one or more major market data vendors. In addition, the IIV will be available through online information services.

Quotation and last sale information for the Trust's holdings are widely disseminated through a variety of major market data vendors. Information relating to trading, including price and volume information, in the Trust's holdings is available from major market data vendors and from the platforms on which such holdings are traded. Depth of book information is also available from those platforms. As it relates to bitcoin, the normal trading hours for platforms are 24 hours per day, 365 days per year.

Information regarding market price and trading volume of the Shares will be continually available on a real-time basis throughout the day on brokers' computer screens and other electronic services. Information regarding the previous day's closing price and trading volume information for the Shares will be published daily in the financial section of newspapers.

#### Applicable Standard

As noted above, the Commission has approved Generic Listing Standards for Commodity-Based Trust Shares.<sup>26</sup> In the Generic Listing Standards Approval Order, the Commission found that the Generic Listing Standards were consistent with the Exchange Act and the rules and regulations thereunder applicable to a national securities exchange.<sup>27</sup> In particular, the Commission found that the Generic Listing Standards were consistent with Section 6(b)(5) of the Exchange Act, which requires, among other things, that the Exchange's rules be designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices, to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest and are not designed to permit unfair discrimination between customers, issuers, brokers, or dealers.<sup>28</sup>

As noted above, the Trust's holdings of bitcoin, IBIT, IBIT options, and index options meet the eligibility criteria in the Generic Listing Standards under Rule 5711(d)(iv). As discussed above, the Trust's IBIT options holdings may be standardized or FLEX options, while index options will be standardized options. All of the Trust's options will be exchange-listed.

In approving the Generic Listing Standards, the Commission found that these eligibility criteria would facilitate

information sharing and help to ensure the availability of information necessary to aid in the detection and deterrence of potential fraud and manipulation with respect to a commodity or commodity underlying a commodity-based asset, and that the availability of such information can be reasonably expected to assist a listing exchange in its efforts to surveil for fraud and manipulation that may impact the Commodity-Based Trust Shares.<sup>29</sup> With respect to IBIT options and index options, ISG membership would help to ensure the availability of information necessary to detect and deter potential manipulations and other trading abuses, thereby making the Commodity-Based Trust Shares less readily susceptible to manipulation.<sup>30</sup>

With respect to the Trust's bitcoin holdings, today, both the Chicago Mercantile Exchange ("CME") and Coinbase Derivatives, LLC ("Coinbase Derivatives") offer trading in bitcoin futures. Nasdaq has a comprehensive surveillance-sharing agreement with both the CME and Coinbase Derivatives via its common membership in the Intermarket Surveillance Group ("ISG").<sup>31</sup> This facilitates the sharing of information that is available to the CME and Coinbase Derivatives through their surveillance of their respective markets, including their surveillance of their respective bitcoin futures market.

With respect to the Trust's investments in Securities (*i.e.*, IBIT, IBIT options and index options), which are all exchange-listed, the Exchange has the ability to obtain information regarding trading in these Securities from other markets that are members of the ISG. Accordingly, the Exchange believes that its ability to share information regarding trading in the Trust's investments from other markets via common ISG membership would assist the Exchange in surveilling for fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices.

#### Initial and Continued Listing

The Shares will be subject to Nasdaq Rule 5711(d)(viii), which sets forth the initial and continued listing criteria applicable to Commodity-Based Trust Shares. The Exchange will obtain a representation that the Trust's NAV per Share will be calculated daily and will be made available to all market participants at the same time. A

minimum of 80,000 Shares will be required to be outstanding at the time of commencement of trading on the Exchange. Upon termination of the Trust, the Shares will be removed from listing.

As required in Nasdaq Rule 5711(d)(xii), the Exchange notes that any registered market maker ("Market Maker") in the Shares must file with the Exchange, in a manner prescribed by the Exchange, and keep current a list identifying all accounts for trading the underlying commodity and commodity-based asset, which the registered Market Maker may have or over which it may exercise investment discretion. No registered Market Maker shall trade in an underlying commodity, commodity-based asset, or any other related derivative thereon in an account in which a registered Market Maker (1) directly or indirectly controls trading activities, or has a direct interest in the profits or losses thereof, (2) is required by this Rule to disclose to the Exchange, and (3) has not reported to Nasdaq.

In addition to the existing obligations under Exchange rules regarding the production of books and records (see, *e.g.*, Rule 4625), the registered Market Maker in Commodity-Based Trust Shares shall make available to the Exchange such books, records or other information pertaining to transactions by such entity or registered or non-registered employee affiliated with such entity for its or their own accounts for trading the underlying commodity or commodity-based asset, or applicable derivatives of each of the foregoing, as may be requested by the Exchange.

The Exchange is able to obtain information regarding trading in the Shares and the underlying securities, bitcoin, bitcoin futures contracts, or any other bitcoin derivative through members acting as registered Market Makers, in connection with their proprietary or customer trades.

As a general matter, the Exchange has regulatory jurisdiction over its members, and their associated persons. The Exchange also has regulatory jurisdiction over any person or entity controlling a member, as well as a subsidiary or affiliate of a member that is in the securities business. A subsidiary or affiliate of a member organization that does business only in commodities would not be subject to Exchange jurisdiction, but the Exchange could obtain information regarding the activities of such subsidiary or affiliate through surveillance sharing agreements with regulatory organizations of which such subsidiary or affiliate is a member.

<sup>26</sup> See Generic Listing Standards Approval Order at 45418–19.

<sup>30</sup> See Generic Listing Standards Approval Order at 45419.

<sup>31</sup> For a list of the current members and affiliate members of ISG, see <https://isgportal.org/public-members>.

<sup>26</sup> See *supra* note 3.

<sup>27</sup> See Generic Listing Standards Approval Order at 45417.

<sup>28</sup> *Id.*

### Trading Rules

The Exchange deems the Shares to be equity securities, thus rendering trading in the Shares subject to the Exchange's existing rules governing the trading of equity securities. Transactions in the Shares will occur during the trading hours specified in Rule 4120. The Exchange has appropriate rules to facilitate transactions in the Shares during all trading sessions. The Shares of the Trust will conform to the initial and continued listing criteria set forth in Nasdaq Rule 5711(d) and will comply with the requirements of Rule 10A-3 of the Act.

### Trading Halts

With respect to trading halts, the Exchange may consider all relevant factors in exercising its discretion to halt or suspend trading in the Shares. The Exchange will halt trading in the Shares under the conditions specified in Rules 4120, 4121, and 5711(d)(ix), including the conditions specified in Rules 4120(a)(9), 4120(a)(10), and 5711(d)(ix), and the trading pauses under Rules 4120(a)(11) and (12); provided, however, that with respect to the Trust's holdings, if the Exchange becomes aware that the Trust's holdings are not disseminated to all market participants at the same time, it will halt trading in the Shares until such time as the Trust's holdings are available to all market participants.

Trading may be halted because of market conditions or for reasons that, in the view of the Exchange, make trading in the Shares inadvisable. These may include: (1) the extent to which trading is not occurring in the bitcoin and/or Securities underlying the Shares; or (2) whether other unusual conditions or circumstances detrimental to the maintenance of a fair and orderly market are present.

In addition, pursuant to Rule 5711(d)(ix), the Exchange may halt trading during the day in which an interruption occurs in any of the scenarios specified therein. If the interruption persists past the trading day in which it occurred, the Exchange will halt trading no later than the beginning of the trading day following the interruption.

In addition, if the Exchange becomes aware that the NAV or Trust's holdings with respect to the Shares are not disseminated to all market participants at the same time, it will halt trading in the Shares until such time as the NAV or Trust's holdings are available to all market participants.

### Surveillance

The Exchange believes that its surveillance procedures are adequate to properly monitor the trading of the Shares on the Exchange during all trading sessions and to deter and detect violations of Exchange rules and the applicable federal securities laws. The surveillance program includes real-time patterns for price and volume movements and post-trade surveillance patterns (e.g., spoofing, marking the close, ping, phishing). Trading of Shares on the Exchange will be subject to the Exchange's surveillance program for derivative products, as well as cross-market surveillances administered by FINRA, on behalf of the Exchange pursuant to a regulatory services agreement, which are also designed to detect violations of Exchange rules and applicable federal securities laws. The Exchange is responsible for FINRA's performance under this regulatory services agreement.

The Exchange will require the Trust to represent to the Exchange that it will advise the Exchange of any failure by the Trust to comply with the continued listing requirements, and, pursuant to its obligations under Section 19(g)(1) of the Exchange Act, the Exchange will surveil for compliance with the continued listing requirements. If the Trust is not in compliance with the applicable listing requirements, the Exchange will commence delisting procedures under the Nasdaq 5800 Series. In addition, the Exchange also has a general policy prohibiting the distribution of material, non-public information by its employees.

The Exchange or FINRA, on behalf of the Exchange, or both, will communicate as needed regarding trading in the Shares and Securities with other markets and other entities that are members of the ISG, and the Exchange or FINRA, on behalf of the Exchange, or both, may obtain trading information regarding trading in the Shares, Securities, bitcoin futures, and the Trust's assets from such markets and other entities.

### Information Circular

Prior to the commencement of trading, the Exchange will inform its members in an information circular ("Information Circular") of the special characteristics and risks associated with trading the Shares. Specifically, the Information Circular will discuss the following: (1) the procedures for creations and redemptions of Shares in Baskets (and that Shares are not individually redeemable); (2) Section 10 of Nasdaq General Rule 9, which

imposes suitability obligations on Nasdaq members with respect to recommending transactions in the Shares to customers; (3) how information regarding the IIV and NAV is disseminated; (4) the risks involved in trading the Shares during the pre-market and post-market sessions when an updated IIV will not be calculated or publicly disseminated; (5) the requirement that members deliver a prospectus to investors purchasing newly issued Shares prior to or concurrently with the confirmation of a transaction; and (6) trading information. The Information Circular will also discuss any exemptive, no action and interpretive relief granted by the Commission from any rules under the Act.

The Information Circular will also reference the fact that there is no regulated source of last sale information regarding bitcoin, that the Commission has no jurisdiction over the trading of bitcoin as a commodity.

Additionally, the Information Circular will reference that the Trust is subject to various fees and expenses described in the Registration Statement. The Information Circular will also disclose the trading hours of the Shares. The Information Circular will disclose that information about the Shares will be publicly available on the Trust's website.

### Firewalls

The Trust will be subject to the firewall requirements in Rule 5711(d)(x), as applicable. In addition, if the current Advisor or any new advisor of the Trust is or becomes affiliated with a broker-dealer, the Advisor shall erect and maintain a "firewall" between the Advisor and the broker-dealer with respect to access to information concerning the composition and/or changes to the Trust's portfolio. Any personnel or person associated with the current Advisor or any new advisor who makes decisions pertaining to the Trust's portfolio must be subject to procedures designed to prevent the use and dissemination of material nonpublic information regarding the Trust's portfolio. In addition, any institution or reporting service that provides the Trust's portfolio must implement and maintain, or be subject to, procedures designed to prevent the use and dissemination of material nonpublic information regarding the actual components of the Trust's portfolio. Furthermore, the current Advisor and any new advisor of the Trust must establish, maintain, and enforce written policies and procedures reasonably designed to prevent the misuse of

material nonpublic information by the Advisor and any person associated with the Advisor.

## 2. Statutory Basis

The Exchange believes that its proposal is consistent with Section 6(b) of the Act,<sup>32</sup> in general, and furthers the objectives of Section 6(b)(5) of the Act,<sup>33</sup> in particular, in that it is designed to promote just and equitable principles of trade, to remove impediments to and perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and a national market system, and, in general to protect investors and the public interest.

The Commission has approved numerous series Commodity-Based Trust Shares to be listed on U.S. national securities exchanges. In order for any proposed rule change from an exchange to be approved, the Commission must determine that, among other things, the proposal is consistent with the requirements of Section 6(b)(5) of the Act, specifically including: (i) the requirement that a national securities exchange's rules are designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices; and (ii) the requirement that an exchange proposal be designed, in general, to protect investors and the public interest. The Exchange believes that this proposal is consistent with the requirements of Section 6(b)(5) of the Act.

As noted above, the Trust's holdings will meet the eligibility criteria in the Generic Listing Standards under Rule 5711(d)(iv). These eligibility criteria are generally designed to ensure that the Exchange can obtain information regarding trading in the assets held by the Trust issuing the Commodity-Based Trust Shares. This, in turn, would assist in monitoring the trading in such Shares on the Exchange and to deter and detect violations of Exchange rules and applicable federal securities laws, thereby making the Shares less readily susceptible to fraud and manipulation.

With respect to the Trust's bitcoin holdings, today, both the CME and Coinbase Derivatives offer trading in bitcoin futures. Nasdaq has a comprehensive surveillance-sharing agreement with both the CME and Coinbase Derivatives via its common ISG membership. This facilitates the sharing of information that is available to the CME and Coinbase Derivatives through their surveillance of their respective markets, including their surveillance of their respective bitcoin futures market.

With respect to the Trust's investments in Securities (*i.e.*, IBIT, IBIT options, and index options), the Exchange has the ability to obtain information regarding trading in these Securities from other markets that are members of the ISG. Accordingly, the Exchange believes that its ability to share information regarding trading in the Trust's Securities investments from other markets via common ISG membership would assist the Exchange in surveilling for fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices.

While the Trust will be an actively-managed product, the Exchange does not believe this raises any novel regulatory issues under the Act. Indeed, in the context of SEC Rule 6c-11 ETFs, the Commission did not distinguish between active and passive management, and found they function similarly with respect to operational matters.<sup>34</sup> There, the Commission concluded: "[w]e therefore believe that eliminating the regulatory distinction between index-based ETFs and actively managed ETFs for purposes of exemptive relief under the Act will help to provide a more consistent and transparent regulatory framework for ETFs organized as open-end funds. This approach is consistent with our regulation of other types of open-end funds, which does not distinguish between actively managed and index-based strategies." In other words, the regulatory framework treats active and passive ETFs registered under the 1940 Act as functionally similar from a market oversight perspective. The Exchange believes that extending this logic to the ETPs registered under the 1933 Act will bring regulatory parity between actively-managed ETPs under the 1933 Act and 1940 Act. Furthermore, as discussed above, the Exchange believes there is substantial market demand for actively-managed strategies, and that this proposal would benefit investors by providing a transparent, regulated investment vehicle as an alternative to less regulated avenues that investors could use to obtain bitcoin exposure.

In addition, the Exchange is adopting equivalent safeguards around trading halts and firewalls that are already in place for other actively-managed products listed and trading on the Exchange today. Specifically, if the Exchange becomes aware that the Trust's holdings are not disseminated to all market participants at the same time, it will halt trading in the Shares until

such time as the Trust's holdings are available to all market participants. This aligns with the trading halt provisions in the Exchange's Managed Fund Shares<sup>35</sup> rule in Rule 5735(d)(2)(D).<sup>36</sup> The Exchange believes that the trading halt provisions are reasonably designed to prevent trading when a reasonable degree of transparency cannot be assured, and to ensure fair and orderly markets for the Shares. The proposed rule change also adds firewall requirements consistent with Managed Fund Shares' firewall requirements, including to erect firewalls between the Advisor and any affiliated broker-dealer, and to implement (and/or be subject to) procedures around material, non-public information.<sup>37</sup> These requirements provide additional protections against the potential misuse of material, non-public information related to the Shares and are designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices with respect to the Shares and the underlying portfolio, consistent with the Act.

The Exchange further believes that the proposed rule change is designed to prevent fraudulent and manipulative acts and practices and to protect investors and the public interest in that the Shares will be listed and traded on the Exchange pursuant to the initial and continued listing criteria set forth in Nasdaq Rule 5711(d). The Exchange has in place surveillance procedures that are adequate to properly monitor trading in the Shares in all trading sessions and to deter and detect violations of Exchange

<sup>35</sup> A Managed Fund Share is an actively-managed ETF, and is defined as a security that (a) represents an interest in a registered investment company ("Investment Company") organized as an open-end management investment company or similar entity, that invests in a portfolio of securities selected by the Investment Company's investment adviser consistent with the Investment Company's investment objectives and policies; (b) is issued in a specified aggregate minimum number in return for a deposit of a specified portfolio of securities and/or a cash amount with a value equal to the next determined net asset value; and (c) when aggregated in the same specified minimum number, may be redeemed at a holder's request, which holder will be paid a specified portfolio of securities and/or cash with a value equal to the next determined net asset value. *See* Rule 5735(c)(1).

<sup>36</sup> Rule 5735(d)(2)(D) provides that if Nasdaq becomes aware that the net asset value or the Disclosed Portfolio with respect to a series of Managed Fund Shares is not disseminated to all market participants at the same time, it will halt trading in such series until such time as the net asset value or the Disclosed Portfolio is available to all market participants. As defined in Rule 5735(c)(2), the term "Disclosed Portfolio" means the identities and quantities of the securities and other assets held by the Investment Company that will form the basis for the Investment Company's calculation of net asset value at the end of the business day.

<sup>37</sup> *See* Rule 5735(d)(2)(B)(ii) and (g) for substantially similar provisions.

<sup>32</sup> 15 U.S.C. 78f(b).

<sup>33</sup> 15 U.S.C. 78f(b)(5).

<sup>34</sup> *See* Securities Exchange Act Release No. 33-10695 (September 26, 2019), 84 FR 57162 (October 24, 2019), at 57168.

rules and applicable federal securities laws. As discussed above, the surveillance program includes real-time patterns for price and volume movements and post-trade surveillance patterns (e.g., spoofing, marking the close, pinging, phishing). Trading of Shares on the Exchange will be subject to the Exchange's surveillance program for derivative products, as well as cross-market surveillances administered by FINRA, on behalf of the Exchange pursuant to a regulatory services agreement, which are also designed to detect violations of Exchange rules and applicable federal securities laws. The Exchange is responsible for FINRA's performance under this regulatory services agreement.

The Exchange will require the Trust to represent to the Exchange that it will advise the Exchange of any failure by the Trust to comply with the continued listing requirements, and, pursuant to its obligations under Section 19(g)(1) of the Exchange Act, the Exchange will surveil for compliance with the continued listing requirements. If the Trust is not in compliance with the applicable listing requirements, the Exchange will commence delisting procedures under the Nasdaq 5800 Series. In addition, the Exchange also has a general policy prohibiting the distribution of material, non-public information by its employees.

The Exchange will communicate as needed regarding trading in the Shares and Securities with other markets and other entities that are members of the ISG, and the Exchange may obtain trading information regarding trading in the Shares, Securities, listed bitcoin futures, and the Trust's assets from such markets and other entities that are members of ISG.

Trading in Shares of the Trust will be halted if the circuit breaker parameters have been reached or because of market conditions or for reasons that, in the view of the Exchange, make trading in the Shares inadvisable. These may include unusual conditions or circumstances detrimental to the maintenance of a fair and orderly market.

The proposed rule change is designed to perfect the mechanism of a free and open market and, in general, to protect investors and the public interest in that it will facilitate the listing and trading of Shares that will enhance competition among market participants, to the benefit of investors and the marketplace.

For all the above reasons, the Exchange believes that the proposed rule change is consistent with the requirements of Section 6(b)(5) of the Act.

### *B. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Burden on Competition*

The Exchange does not believe that the proposed rule change will impose any burden on competition not necessary or appropriate in furtherance of the purposes of the Act. The Exchange notes that the proposed rule change will rather facilitate the listing and trading of an additional ETP that will enhance competition among both market participants and listing venues, to the benefit of investors and the marketplace.

### *C. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement on Comments on the Proposed Rule Change Received From Members, Participants, or Others*

No written comments were either solicited or received.

### III. Solicitation of Comments

Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views and arguments concerning the foregoing, including whether the proposed rule change, as modified by Amendment No. 1, is consistent with the Act. Comments may be submitted by any of the following methods:

#### *Electronic Comments*

- Use the Commission's internet comment form (<https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>); or
- Send an email to [rule-comments@sec.gov](mailto:rule-comments@sec.gov). Please include file number SR-NASDAQ-2025-085 on the subject line.

#### *Paper Comments*

- Send paper comments in triplicate to Secretary, Securities and Exchange Commission, 100 F Street NE, Washington, DC 20549-1090.

All submissions should refer to file number SR-NASDAQ-2025-085. This file number should be included on the subject line if email is used. To help the Commission process and review your comments more efficiently, please use only one method. The Commission will post all comments on the Commission's internet website (<https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>). Copies of the filing will be available for inspection and copying at the principal office of the Exchange. Do not include personal identifiable information in submissions; you should submit only information that you wish to make available publicly. We may redact in part or withhold entirely from publication submitted material that is obscene or subject to copyright protection. All submissions should refer to file number SR-NASDAQ-2025-085 and should be submitted on or before June 3, 2026.

For the Commission, by the Division of Trading and Markets, pursuant to delegated authority.<sup>38</sup>

**Vanessa A. Countryman,**  
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2026-09478 Filed 5-12-26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 8011-01-P

## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

[Release No. 34-105421; File No. SR-CboeBYX-2026-020]

### **Self-Regulatory Organizations; Cboe BYX Exchange, Inc.; Notice of Filing and Immediate Effectiveness of a Proposed Rule Change To Amend Its Rule Regarding Members and Associated Persons of Members Who Are or Become Subject to a Statutory Disqualification**

May 8, 2026.

Pursuant to Section 19(b)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Act"),<sup>1</sup> and Rule 19b-4 thereunder,<sup>2</sup> notice is hereby given that on May 6, 2026, Cboe BYX Exchange, Inc. (the "Exchange" or "BYX") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC" or "Commission") the proposed rule change as described in Items I and II below, which Items have been prepared by the Exchange. The Commission is publishing this notice to solicit comments on the proposed rule change from interested persons.

#### **I. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Terms of Substance of the Proposed Rule Change**

Cboe BYX Exchange, Inc. (the "Exchange" or "BYX") proposes to amend its rule regarding Members and associated persons of Members who are or become subject to a statutory disqualification. The text of the proposed rule change is provided in Exhibit 5.

The text of the proposed rule change is also available on the Commission's website (<https://www.sec.gov/rules/sro.shtml>), the Exchange's website ([https://www.cboe.com/us/equities/regulation/rule\\_filings/bzx/](https://www.cboe.com/us/equities/regulation/rule_filings/bzx/)) [sic], and at the principal office of the Exchange.

#### **II. Self-Regulatory Organization's Statement of the Purpose of, and Statutory Basis for, the Proposed Rule Change**

In its filing with the Commission, the Exchange included statements concerning the purpose of and basis for

<sup>38</sup> 17 CFR 200.30-3(a)(12).

<sup>1</sup> 15 U.S.C. 78s(b)(1).

<sup>2</sup> 17 CFR 240.19b-4.