

notice in the **Federal Register** will segregate the land from all forms of appropriation under the public land laws, including the mining laws, except for the sale provisions of FLPMA. Until completion of the sale, the BLM will no longer accept land use applications affecting the public land. The effect of this segregation will terminate upon issuance of a patent, publication in the **Federal Register** of a termination of the segregation, or 2 years after the date of publication in the **Federal Register**, unless extended by the BLM Arizona State Director in accordance with 43 CFR 2711.1–2(d) prior to the termination date. The BLM will publish this notice in the *Parker Pioneer* newspaper once a week for 3 consecutive weeks.

The conveyance document, if issued, will include the following terms, conditions, and reservations:

1. A reservation to the United States for ditches and canals constructed by the authority of the United States under the Act of August 30, 1890 (43 U.S.C. 945);

2. An appropriate indemnification clause protecting the United States from claims arising out of the patentee's use, occupancy, or operations on the patented land;

3. Valid existing rights issued prior to conveyance; and

4. Additional terms and conditions that the authorized officer deems appropriate.

The BLM will make available reports pertaining to the land, which include an appraisal; environmental site assessment, per the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act; and a draft EA, per the National Environmental Policy Act, for review at the Hassayampa Field Office and online (see **ADDRESSES** above). Interested parties may submit, in writing, any comments concerning the land being considered for sale, including notification of any encumbrances or other claims relating to the parcel, at the address listed in the **ADDRESSES** section by the deadline listed in the **DATES** section.

The land is suitable for direct sale under FLPMA, without competition, consistent with 43 CFR 2711.3–3(a)(4), as direct sales may be used “when in the opinion of the authorized officer, a competitive sale is not appropriate and the public interest would best be served by a direct sale,” including when “the adjoining ownership pattern and access indicate a direct sale is appropriate.”

The BLM Arizona State Director will review adverse comments regarding the parcel and may sustain, vacate, or

modify this realty action, in-whole or in-part. In the absence of timely objections, this realty action will become the final determination of the Department of the Interior.

Before including your address, phone number, email address, or other personal identifying information in your comment, be aware that your entire comment, including your personal identifying information, may be made publicly available at any time. While you can ask us, in your comment, to withhold your personal identifying information from public review, we cannot guarantee that we will be able to do so.

(Authority: 43 CFR 2711.1–2)

Raymond Suazo,

BLM Arizona State Director.

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INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation Nos. 701–TA–748–749 and 731–TA–1726–1727 (Final)]

Float Glass Products From China and Malaysia; Determinations

On the basis of the record¹ developed in the subject investigations, the United States International Trade Commission (“Commission”) determines, pursuant to the Tariff Act of 1930 (“the Act”), that an industry in the United States is materially injured by reason of imports of float glass products from China, provided for in subheadings 7005.10.80, 7005.21.10, 7005.21.20, 7005.29.18, 7005.29.25, 7007.29.00, 7008.00.00, 7009.91.50, and 7009.92.50 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States, that have been found by the U.S. Department of Commerce (“Commerce”) to be sold in the United States at less than fair value (“LTFV”), and imports of the subject merchandise from China and Malaysia that have been found to be subsidized by the governments of China and Malaysia.^{2,3} The Commission further determines that imports of float glass products from Malaysia found by Commerce to be sold in the United States at LTFV are negligible and terminates the antidumping duty investigation concerning Malaysia.⁴

¹ The record is defined in § 207.2(f) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR 207.2(f)).

² 91 FR 5708, 91 FR 5713, 91 FR 5720, and 91 FR 5723 (February 9, 2026).

³ Commissioner David S. Johanson dissenting.

⁴ The Commission initially voted in these investigations on March 5, 2026. The Commission

Background

The Commission instituted these investigations effective November 21, 2024, following receipt of petitions filed with the Commission and Commerce by Vitro Flat Glass, LLC, Cheswick, Pennsylvania, and Vitro Meadville Flat Glass, LLC, Cochranton, Pennsylvania. The final phase of the investigations was scheduled by the Commission following notification of preliminary determinations by Commerce that imports of float glass products from China and Malaysia were subsidized within the meaning of section 703(b) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1671b(b)) and sold at LTFV within the meaning of 733(b) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1673b(b)). Notice of the scheduling of the final phase of the Commission's investigations and of a public hearing to be held in connection therewith was given by posting copies of the notice in the Office of the Secretary, U.S. International Trade Commission, Washington, DC, and by publishing the notice in the **Federal Register** on August 13, 2025 (90 FR 38991).⁵ The public hearing in connection with the investigations, scheduled for February 5, 2026, was cancelled.⁶

The Commission made these determinations pursuant to §§ 705(b) and 735(b) of the Act (19 U.S.C. 1671d(b) and 19 U.S.C. 1673d(b)). It completed and filed its determinations in these investigations on March 26, 2026. The views of the Commission are contained in USITC Publication 5715 (March 2026), entitled *Float Glass Products from China and Malaysia: Investigation Nos. 701–TA–748–749 and 731–TA–1726–1727 (Final)*.

By order of the Commission.

Issued: March 26, 2026.

Lisa Barton,

Secretary to the Commission.

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found that imports of float glass products from Malaysia determined by Commerce to be sold at LTFV were not negligible. Chair Amy A. Karpel, Commissioner Jason E. Kearns, and Commissioner David S. Johanson voted to reconsider their votes in these investigations on March 20, 2026. On March 23, 2026, following this decision to reconsider, the Commission changed its determination in the antidumping duty investigation of imports from Malaysia from affirmative to negative based on negligibility grounds.

⁵ Due to the lapse in appropriations and ensuing cessation of Commission operations, the Commission tolled its schedule for this proceeding. The schedule was revised in subsequent notices published in the **Federal Register** on November 24, 2025 (90 FR 52999) and December 11, 2025 (90 FR 57483).

⁶ 91 FR 5510, February 6, 2026.