

entries covered by this review.<sup>19</sup> For any individually examined respondents whose weighted-average dumping margin is above *de minimis* (i.e., greater than or equal to 0.5 percent) in the final results of this review, we will calculate importer-specific *ad valorem* duty assessment rates based on the ratio of the total amount of antidumping duties calculated for the examined sales to the total entered value of the examined sales to that importer, and we will instruct CBP to assess antidumping duties on all appropriate entries covered by this review. For entries of subject merchandise during the POR produced by each respondent for which it did not know its merchandise was destined for the United States, we will instruct CBP to liquidate such entries at the all-others rate if there is no rate for the intermediate company(ies) involved in the transaction.<sup>20</sup> Where the individually selected respondent's weighted-average dumping margin is zero or *de minimis*, or an importer-specific assessment rate is zero or *de minimis*, we will instruct CBP to liquidate the appropriate entries without regard to antidumping duties.

For the companies which were not selected for individual review, we intend to assign an assessment rate based on the methodology described in the "Rates for Non-Examined Companies" section. The final results of this review shall be the basis for the assessment of antidumping duties on entries of merchandise covered by this review where applicable.

Commerce intends to issue assessment instructions to CBP no earlier than 35 days after the date of publication of the final results of this review in the **Federal Register**.<sup>21</sup> If a timely summons is filed at the U.S. Court of International Trade, the assessment instructions will direct CBP not to liquidate relevant entries until the time for parties to file a request for a statutory injunction has expired (i.e., within 90 days of publication).

### Cash Deposit Requirements

The following cash deposit requirements will be effective for all shipments of the subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the

publication date of the final results of this administrative review, as provided by section 751(a)(2)(C) of the Act: (1) the cash deposit rate for the companies listed above will be that established in the final results of this review, except if the rate is less than 0.50 percent and, therefore, *de minimis* within the meaning of 19 CFR 351.106(c)(1), in which case the cash deposit rate will be zero; (2) for previously investigated or reviewed companies not covered in this review, the cash deposit rate will continue to be the company-specific cash deposit rate published for the most recently completed segment of this proceeding in which the company participated; (3) if the exporter is not a firm covered in this review, or the LTFV investigation, but the manufacturer is, then the cash deposit rate will be the rate established for the most recent segment for the manufacturer of the merchandise; and (4) the cash deposit rate for all other manufacturers or exporters will continue to be 5.24 percent, the all-others rate established in the LTFV investigation.<sup>22</sup> These cash deposit requirements, when imposed, shall remain in effect until further notice.

### Final Results of the Review

Unless otherwise extended, Commerce intends to issue the final results of this administrative review, including the results of its analysis of the issues raised in any written briefs, no later than 120 days after the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, pursuant to section 751(a)(3)(A) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.213(h)(1).

### Notification to Importers

This notice serves as a preliminary reminder to importers of their responsibility under 19 CFR 351.402(f)(2) to file a certificate regarding the reimbursement of antidumping duties prior to liquidation of the relevant entries during this POR. Failure to comply with this requirement could result in Commerce's presumption that reimbursement of antidumping duties occurred and the subsequent assessment of double antidumping duties.

### Notification to Interested Parties

Commerce is issuing and publishing this notice in accordance with sections 751(a)(1) and 777(i)(1) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.213(h)(2) and 19 CFR 351.221(b)(4).

<sup>22</sup> See *Certain Oil Country Tubular Goods from the Republic of Korea: Notice of Court Decision Not in Harmony with Final Determination*, 81 FR 59603 (August 30, 2016).

Dated: March 9, 2026.

**Christopher Abbott**,

*Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Negotiations, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.*

### Appendix I

#### List of Topics Discussed in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Scope of the *Order*
- IV. Intent to Rescind, in Part
- V. Rates for Non-Selected Companies
- VI. Affiliation
- VII. Discussion of the Methodology
- VIII. Currency Conversion
- IX. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2026-05001 Filed 3-13-26; 8:45 am]

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## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### International Trade Administration

[A-570-198]

#### Temporary Steel Fencing From the People's Republic of China: Final Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value and Final Affirmative Determination of Critical Circumstances, in Part

**AGENCY:** Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**SUMMARY:** The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines that temporary steel fencing from the People's Republic of China (China) is being, or is likely to be, sold in the United States at less than fair value (LTFV). The period of investigation (POI) is July 1, 2024, through December 31, 2024.

**DATES:** Applicable March 16, 2026.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Dennis McClure or Noah Wetzel, AD/CVD Operations, Office VIII, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-5973, or (202) 482-7466, respectively.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

#### Background

On August 19, 2025, Commerce published the *Preliminary Determination in the Federal Register* and invited interested parties to comment.<sup>1</sup> On August 20, 2025,

<sup>1</sup> See *Temporary Steel Fencing from the People's Republic of China: Preliminary Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value*,

Continued

<sup>19</sup> See 19 CFR 351.212(b)(1).

<sup>20</sup> For a full discussion of this clarification, see *Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Proceedings: Assessment of Antidumping Duties*, 68 FR 23954 (May 6, 2003).

<sup>21</sup> See *Notice of Discontinuation of Policy to Issue Liquidation Instructions After 15 Days in Applicable Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Administrative Proceedings*, 86 FR 884 (January 15, 2021).

Commerce received timely ministerial error allegations from separate rate applicants Hebei Minmetals Co., Ltd. (Hebei Minmetals), Joint Force Int'l Co., Limited (Joint Force), Metaltec Group Co., Limited (Metaltec), and Shijiazhuang Shuangming Trade Co., Ltd. (Shuangming).<sup>2</sup> On September 2, 2025, Commerce published a *Preliminary Determination Correction* in the **Federal Register**.<sup>3</sup>

Due to the lapse in appropriations and Federal Government shutdown, on November 14, 2025, Commerce tolled all deadlines in administrative proceedings by 47 days.<sup>4</sup> Additionally, due to a backlog of documents that were electronically filed via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Access System (ACCESS) during the Federal Government shutdown, on November 24, 2025, Commerce tolled all deadlines in administrative proceedings by an additional 21 days.<sup>5</sup> Accordingly, the deadline for this final determination is now March 10, 2026.

For a complete description of the events that followed the *Preliminary Determination*, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.<sup>6</sup> The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via ACCESS. ACCESS is available to registered users at <http://access.trade.gov>. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at <https://access.trade.gov/public/FRNoticesListLayout.aspx>.

### Scope of the Investigation

The products covered by this investigation are temporary steel fencing

*Preliminary Affirmative Determination of Critical Circumstances, in Part, Postponement of Final Determination and Extension of Provisional Measures*, 90 FR 40332 (August 19, 2025) (*Preliminary Determination*), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum (PDM).

<sup>2</sup> See Hebei Minmetals et al.'s, "Ministerial Error Comments," dated August 20, 2025.

<sup>3</sup> See *Temporary Steel Fencing from the People's Republic of China: Preliminary Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value, Preliminary Affirmative Determination of Critical Circumstances, in Part, Postponement of Final Determination and Extension of Provisional Measures; Correction*, 90 FR 42385 (September 2, 2025) (*Preliminary Determination Correction*).

<sup>4</sup> See Memorandum, "Deadlines Affected by the Shutdown of the Federal Government," dated November 14, 2025.

<sup>5</sup> See Memorandum, "Tolling of all Case Deadlines," dated November 24, 2025.

<sup>6</sup> See Memorandum, "Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Affirmative Determination in the Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigation of Temporary Steel Fencing from the People's Republic of China," dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Issues and Decision Memorandum).

products from China. For a complete description of the scope of this investigation, see Appendix I.

### Scope Comments

In the Preliminary Scope Memorandum, we set aside a period of time for parties to raise issues regarding product coverage (*i.e.*, scope) in scope-specific case briefs or other written comments on scope issues.<sup>7</sup> We did not receive comments from interested parties on the scope of the investigation as it appeared in the *Preliminary Determination* and made no changes to the scope of the investigation for this final determination. See Appendix I.

### Analysis of Comments Received

The issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs by the parties in this investigation are discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum. For a list of the issues raised by interested parties and addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum, see Appendix II.

### Changes Since the Preliminary Determination

Based on a review of the record and comments received from interested parties for this final determination, we made certain changes to the estimated weighted-average dumping margins for: Shenzhen Yongao Metal Products Co., Ltd./Shenzhen Yuelei Metal Products Co., Ltd. (collectively, Yongao/Yuelei),<sup>8</sup> Shijiazhuang Sd Company Ltd. (SD), and the China-wide entity. For a discussion of these changes, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

### China-Wide Entity and Use of Adverse Facts Available

Consistent with the *Preliminary Determination*,<sup>9</sup> Commerce continues to find, pursuant to sections 776(a) and (b) of the Act, that the use of facts otherwise available, with adverse inferences (AFA), is warranted in determining the dumping rate for the China-wide entity. For this final determination, there is no new information on the record that would cause us to reconsider our preliminary decision. For this final determination,

<sup>7</sup> See Memorandum, "Preliminary Scope Decision Memorandum," dated August 13, 2025 (Preliminary Scope Memorandum).

<sup>8</sup> Commerce has determined that the mandatory respondent Yongao is affiliated with Yuelei and has treated these companies as a single entity. See Memorandum, "Preliminary Results of Affiliation and Single Entity Determination," dated August 13, 2025. No parties commented on this determination; thus, we continue to treat these companies as a single entity for purposes of this final determination.

<sup>9</sup> See *Preliminary Determination* PDM at 6–12, 22.

we find that Yongao/Yuelei and SD are not eligible for a separate rate and therefore a part of the China-wide entity. As AFA, we assigned the rate of 184.27 percent to the China-wide entity.<sup>10</sup> For a full description of the methodology underlying Commerce's final determination, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

### Final Affirmative Determination of Critical Circumstances, in Part

Commerce preliminarily determined, in accordance with section 733(e)(1) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.206(c)(1), that critical circumstances existed with respect to imports of temporary steel fencing produced and/or exported by Yongao/Yuelei and the China-wide entity, but that critical circumstances did not exist with respect to SD and all other producers and/or exporters granted a separate rate not individually examined.<sup>11</sup>

For the final determination, pursuant to section 735(a)(3)(B) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.206, we are continuing to find that critical circumstances exist for the China-wide entity, which now includes SD and Yongao/Yuelei, and do not exist for all other producers and/or exporters granted a separate rate. In finding that critical circumstances exist for the China-wide entity, we relied on facts otherwise available, including with adverse inferences, pursuant to sections 776(a) and (b) of the Act. For a full description of the methodology and results of Commerce's critical circumstances analysis, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

### Separate Rates

In the *Preliminary Determination*, we preliminarily granted a separate rate to both mandatory respondents and 13 companies that we did not select for individual examination and denied a separate rate for three companies.<sup>12</sup> We continue to find 13 companies not selected for individual examination eligible for a separate rate<sup>13</sup> and three non-selected companies that submitted

<sup>10</sup> See Memorandum, "Calculation of Adverse Facts Available Rate and Rate Assigned to Companies Eligible for a Separate Rate," dated concurrently with this notice.

<sup>11</sup> *Id.* at 30–33.

<sup>12</sup> See *Preliminary Determination* PDM at 16–21.

<sup>13</sup> The companies eligible for a separate rate are: (1) Hebei Minmetals Co., Ltd.; (2) Tianjin Linkwel International Trading Co., Ltd.; (3) Shantou Jiayu Trading Co., Ltd.; (4) Shijiazhuang Shuangming Trade Co., Ltd.; (5) Metaltec Group Co.; (6) Limited, Hebei Yelang Imp. & Exp. Trade Co., Ltd.; (7) Joint Force Int'l Co., Limited; (8) Hebei Jinshi Industrial Metal Co., Ltd.; (9) Hebei Haiao Wire Mesh Products Co., Ltd.; (10) Anping Chengxin Metal Mesh Co., Ltd.; (11) Hebei Houtou Co., Ltd.; (12) Hebei Newest Yilong Trading Co., Ltd.; and (13) Hebei Giant Metal Technology Co., Ltd.

a separate rate application not eligible for a separate rate. However, because we were unable to verify information submitted by the two mandatory respondents, Yongao/Yuelel and SD, regarding their eligibility for a separate rate, we find this information unreliable. Therefore, we determined that Yongao/Yuelel and SD are also not eligible for a separate rate. We have

assigned a separate rate of 129.70 percent to the non-examine companies that demonstrated eligibility for separate-rate status.<sup>14</sup>

**Combination Rates**

Consistent with the *Preliminary Determination*, and Policy Bulletin 05.1,<sup>15</sup> Commerce assigned exporter/producer combination rates for the non-

selected companies that are eligible for a separate rate in this final determination.

**Final Determination**

Commerce determines that the following estimated weighted-average dumping margins exist for the period July 1, 2024, through December 31, 2024:

Exporter	Producer	Weighted-average dumping margin (percent)	Cash deposit rate (adjusted for subsidy offsets) (percent)
Hebei Minmetals Co., Ltd	Huanghua Wangang Hardware Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Hebei Minmetals Co., Ltd	Huanghua Taiyue Hardware Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Hebei Minmetals Co., Ltd	Hebei Wuxin Garden Products Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Hebei Minmetals Co., Ltd	Huanghua Qingxin Metal Products Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Hebei Minmetals Co., Ltd	Huanghua Xingyu Hardware Products Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Hebei Minmetals Co., Ltd	Huanghua Deyue Hardware Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Hebei Minmetals Co., Ltd	Cangzhou Hualing Metal Products Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Hebei Minmetals Co., Ltd	Huanghua Huanyu Hardware Factory	129.70	129.68
Tianjin Linkwel International Trading Co., Ltd	Tianjin Lianhao Metal Products Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Tianjin Linkwel International Trading Co., Ltd	Changzhou Lianrui Metal Products Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Shantou Jiayu Trading Co., Ltd	Huanghua Juntai Hardware Products Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Shijiazhuang Shuangming Trade Co., Ltd	Huanghua Wangang Hardware Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Shijiazhuang Shuangming Trade Co., Ltd	Huanghua Taiyue Hardware Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Shijiazhuang Shuangming Trade Co., Ltd	Hebei Wuxin Garden Products Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Shijiazhuang Shuangming Trade Co., Ltd	Huanghua Qingxin Metal Products Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Shijiazhuang Shuangming Trade Co., Ltd	Huanghua Huanyu Hardware Products Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Metaltec Group Co., Limited	Shijiazhuang Shuangming Trade Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Metaltec Group Co., Limited	Huanghua Wangang Hardware Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Metaltec Group Co., Limited	Huanghua Taiyue Hardware Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Metaltec Group Co., Limited	Hebei Wuxin Garden Products Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Metaltec Group Co., Limited	Huanghua Qingxin Metal Products Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Metaltec Group Co., Limited	Huanghua Xingyu Hardware Products Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Hebei Yelang Imp. & Exp. Trade Co., Ltd	Huanghua Pengxiang Hardware Products Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Joint Force Int'l Co., Limited	Hebei Minmetals Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Joint Force Int'l Co., Limited	Huanghua Wangang Hardware Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Joint Force Int'l Co., Limited	Huanghua Taiyue Hardware Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Joint Force Int'l Co., Limited	Hebei Wuxin Garden Products Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Joint Force Int'l Co., Limited	Huanghua Qingxin Metal Products Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Joint Force Int'l Co., Limited	Huanghua Xingyu Hardware Products Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Joint Force Int'l Co., Limited	Huanghua Deyue Hardware Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Joint Force Int'l Co., Limited	Huanghua Huanyu Hardware Factory	129.70	129.68
Hebei Jinshi Industrial Metal Co., Ltd	Tangshan ZhongRui Industrial Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Hebei Jinshi Industrial Metal Co., Ltd	Huanghua Tianhang Hardware Products Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Hebei Jinshi Industrial Metal Co., Ltd	Hebei Tinlin Metal Products Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Hebei Jinshi Industrial Metal Co., Ltd	Huanghua Xindarui Hardware Products Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Hebei Haiao Wire Mesh Products Co., Ltd	Raoyang Shengshi Metal Products Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Anping Chengxin Metal Mesh Co., Ltd	Anping Chengxin Metal Mesh Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Hebei Houtuo Co., Ltd	Huanghua Aiyuan Hardware Products Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Hebei Neweast Yilong Trading Co., Ltd	Huanghua City Deyue Hardware Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
Hebei Giant Metal Technology Co., Ltd	Hebei Giant Metal Technology Co., Ltd	129.70	129.68
China-Wide Entity		* 184.27	184.25

\* Rate based on facts available with adverse inferences.

**Disclosure**

Commerce intends to disclose the calculations performed in connection with this final determination within five days of any public announcement or, if there is no public announcement, within five days of the date of

publication of this notice in the **Federal Register** in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b).

**Suspension of Liquidation**

In accordance with section 735(c)(1)(B) of the Act, we will instruct U.S. Customs and Border Protection

(CBP) to continue to suspend liquidation of all appropriate entries of subject merchandise, as described in Appendix I of this notice, which were entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after August 19, 2025, the date of the *Preliminary*

<sup>14</sup> See Issues and Decision Memorandum for a discussion of the rate assigned to the non-individually examined respondents receiving a separate rate.

<sup>15</sup> See Enforcement and Compliance's Policy Bulletin No. 05.1, regarding, "Separate-Rates Practice and Application of Combination Rates in Antidumping Investigations Involving Non-Market

Economy Countries," (April 5, 2005) (Policy Bulletin 05.1), available at <https://access.trade.gov/Resources/policy/bull05-1.pdf>.

*Determination* in the **Federal Register**. Because Commerce found that critical circumstances exist with respect to the China-wide entity, pursuant to section 735(c)(4)(B) of the Act, suspension of liquidation will continue with respect to all applicable entries of subject merchandise from the China-wide entity, as described in Appendix I of this notice, which were entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after May 21, 2025, which is 90 days before the date of publication of the *Preliminary Determination* in the **Federal Register**. Further, because we find that SD now is part of the China-wide entity, we will instruct CBP to modify the suspension of liquidation ordered for SD at the *Preliminary Determination* to apply to unliquidated entries of subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after May 21, 2025, which is 90 days before the date on which suspension of liquidation was first ordered, consistent with section 735(c)(4)(B) of the Act.

In accordance with section 733(d) of the Act, we instructed CBP to discontinue the suspension of liquidation of all entries of subject merchandise entered or withdrawn from warehouse, on or after February 15, 2026, the first day provisional measures were no longer in effect, but to continue the suspension of liquidation of all entries of subject merchandise on or before February 14, 2026.

If the U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC) issues a final affirmative injury determination, we will issue an antidumping duty order, reinstate the suspension of liquidation under section 736(a) of the Act, and require a cash deposit of estimated antidumping duties for entries of subject merchandise in the amounts indicated above, effective on the date of publication of the ITC's affirmative final determination in the **Federal Register**. If the ITC determines that material injury, or threat of material injury, does not exist, this proceeding will be terminated, and all estimated duties deposited or securities posted as a result of the suspension of liquidation will be refunded or canceled.

Pursuant to section 735(c)(1)(B)(ii) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.210(d), upon resumption of suspension of liquidation, Commerce will also instruct CBP to require a cash deposit for estimated antidumping duties for appropriate entries as follows: (1) for the producer/exporter combinations listed in the table above, the applicable cash deposit rate is listed in the table for that combination; (2) for all combinations of Chinese producers/exporters of subject

merchandise that have not established eligibility for a separate rate, including SD and Yongao/Yueleli, the cash deposit rate will be equal to the cash deposit rate listed for the China-wide entity in the table above; and (3) for all third-country exporters of the subject merchandise that are not listed in the table above, the cash deposit rate is the cash deposit rate applicable to the Chinese producer/exporter combination or the China-wide entity that supplied that third-country exporter. These suspension of liquidation instructions will remain in effect until further notice.

To determine the cash deposit rates as the result of an LTFV investigation, Commerce normally adjusts the estimated weighted-average dumping margins by the amount of export subsidies countervailed in the companion countervailing duty (CVD) investigation. Accordingly, where Commerce has made a final affirmative determination of countervailable export subsidies, Commerce offsets the estimated weighted average dumping margins in the LTFV investigation by the appropriate export subsidy rate from the companion CVD investigation. As Commerce made an affirmative determination for export subsidies, we have offset the calculated estimated weighted-average dumping margins in the above table by the appropriate export subsidy rates to calculate the applicable cash deposit rates. In the companion CVD final determination, Commerce determined that Hebei Minmetals Co., Ltd and all-other companies had an export subsidy rate of 0.02 percent.<sup>16</sup> With respect to the China-wide entity, as AFA, the export subsidy offset is equal to the lesser of the export subsidy rates found for any company in the CVD final determination. Because in companion CVD final determination Commerce only calculated a subsidy rate for Hebei Minmetals Co., Ltd which included and export subsidy rate, *i.e.*, 0.02, Commerce will offset the estimated weighted-average dumping margin determined for the China-wide entity by this amount. Additionally, Commerce will offset all companies eligible for a separate rate by the export subsidy rates found in the companion CVD final determination, *i.e.*, 0.02 percent.

#### **U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC)**

In accordance with section 735(d) of the Act, we will notify the ITC of this final affirmative determination of sales

<sup>16</sup> See Memorandum, "Final Calculation of Export Subsidy Offsets," dated concurrently with this notice.

at LTFV. Because the final determination in this investigation is affirmative, in accordance with section 735(b)(2) of the Act, the ITC will make its final determination as to whether the domestic industry in the United States is materially injured, or threatened with material injury, by reason of imports of temporary steel fencing no later than 45 days after this final determination. In addition, we are making available to the ITC all nonprivileged and nonproprietary information related to this investigation. If the ITC determines that material injury or threat of material injury does not exist, the proceeding will be terminated and all cash deposits will be refunded or canceled, and suspension of liquidation will be lifted. If the ITC determines that such injury does exist, Commerce will issue an antidumping duty order directing CBP to assess, upon further instructions by Commerce, antidumping duties on all imports of the subject merchandise that are entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the effective date of the suspension of liquidation, as discussed above in the "Continuation of Suspension of Liquidation" section above.

#### **Administrative Protective Order (APO)**

In the event that the ITC issues a final negative injury determination, this notice serves as the only reminder to parties subject to an APO of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a sanctionable violation.

#### **Notification to Interested Parties**

This determination and this notice are issued and published pursuant to sections 735(d) and 777(i)(1) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.210(c).

Dated: March 10, 2026.

#### **Christopher Abbott,**

*Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Negotiations, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.*

#### **Appendix I**

##### **Scope of the Investigation**

The merchandise subject to this investigation is temporary steel fencing. Temporary steel fencing consists of temporary steel fence panels and temporary steel fence stands. Temporary steel fence panels, when assembled with temporary steel fence stands or other types of stands outside

of the scope, with each other, or with posts, create a free-standing fence. Temporary steel fence panels are covered by the scope regardless of whether they attach to a stand or the type of stand to which they connect.

Temporary steel fence panels have a welded frame of steel tubing and an interior consisting of chain link, steel wire mesh, or other steel materials that are not more than ten millimeters in actual diameter or width. The steel tubing may surround all edges of the temporary steel fence panel or only be attached along two parallel sides of the panel. All temporary steel fence panels with at least two framed sides are covered by the scope, regardless of the number of edges framed with steel tubing.

Temporary steel fence panels are typically between 10 and 12 feet long and six to eight feet high, though all temporary steel fence panels are covered by the scope regardless of dimension or weight as long as a single panel meets each of the three following criteria: (1) it has over seven and a half square feet in actual surface area; (2) it weighs more than four pounds; and (3) it weighs less than 1.92 pounds per square foot. Temporary steel fence panels may be square, rectangular, or have rounded edges, and may or may not have gates, doors, wheels, or barbed wire or other features, though all temporary steel fence panels are covered by the scope regardless of shape and other features. Temporary steel fence panels may have one or more horizontal, vertical, or diagonal reinforcement tubes made of steel welded to the inside frame, though all temporary steel fence panels are covered by the scope regardless of the existence, number, or type of reinforcement tubes attached to the panel. Temporary steel fence panels may have extensions, pins, tubes, or holes at the bottom of the panel, but all temporary steel fence panels are covered regardless of the existence of such features.

Steel fence stands are shapes made of steel that stand flat on the ground and have one or two open tubes or solid pins into which temporary steel fence panels are inserted to stand erect. The steel fence stand may be made of welded steel tubing or may be a flat steel plate with one or two tubes or pins welded onto the plate for connecting the panels.

Temporary steel fencing is covered by the scope regardless of coating, painting, or other finish. Both temporary steel fence panels and temporary steel fence stands are covered by the scope, whether imported assembled or unassembled, and whether imported together or separately.

Subject merchandise includes material matching the above description that has been finished, assembled, or packaged in a third country, including by coating, painting, assembling, attaching to, or packaging with another product, or any other finishing, assembly, or packaging operation that would not otherwise remove the merchandise from the scope of the investigation if performed in the country of manufacture of the temporary steel fencing.

Temporary steel fencing is included in the scope of this investigation whether or not imported attached to, or in conjunction with, other parts and accessories such as posts,

hooks, rings, brackets, couplers, clips, connectors, handles, brackets, or latches. If temporary steel fencing is imported attached to, or in conjunction with, such non-subject merchandise, only the temporary steel fencing is included in the scope.

Excluded from the scope of this investigation are decorative steel fence panels. Decorative steel fence panels are steel fence panels that have all of the following characteristics: (i) the panel's long ends are no more than 48 inches; (ii) the panel's short ends are no more than 38 inches; (iii) the panel weighs 7 pounds or less; (iv) the panel is framed on all sides with steel tubing no wider than 10 mm; and (v) the panel's interior contains a decorative pattern (meaning a pattern other than square, rectangular, diamond, or hexagonal meshing) accounting for at least 5 percent of the area within the frame.

Merchandise covered by this investigation is currently classified in the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) under the subheading 7308.90.9590. Subject merchandise may also enter under subheadings 7326.90.8688 and 7323.99.9080 of the HTSUS. The HTSUS subheadings set forth above are provided for convenience and U.S. Customs purposes only. The written description of the scope is dispositive.

## Appendix II

### List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Adjustments to Cash Deposit Rate for Export Subsidies
- IV. Separate Rates
- V. Rate Selection for Separate Rate Companies
- VI. Changes Since the *Preliminary Determination*
- VII. Discussion of the Issues
  - Comment 1: Whether to Continue to Apply Total Adverse Facts Available (AFA) to Yongao/Yuele
  - Comment 2: Whether to Apply Total AFA to SD
  - Comment 3: Whether to Find Critical Circumstances with Respect to Yongao/Yuele
  - Comment 4: Whether Commerce Should Treat SD and Yongao/Yuele as Part of the China-wide Entity
  - Comment 5: Rate Selection
- VIII. Recommendation

[FR Doc. 2026–05004 Filed 3–13–26; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 3510–DS–P**

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### International Trade Administration

[C–489–819]

#### Steel Concrete Reinforcing Bar From the Republic of Türkiye: Final Results of the Expedited Second Sunset Review of the Countervailing Duty Order

**AGENCY:** Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**SUMMARY:** The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) finds that revocation of the countervailing duty (CVD) order on steel concrete reinforcing bar (rebar) from the Republic of Türkiye (Türkiye) would be likely to lead to continuation or recurrence of countervailable subsidies at the levels indicated in the “Final Results of Sunset Review” section of this notice.

**DATES:** Applicable March 16, 2026.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** David de Falco, Trade Agreements Policy and Negotiations, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482–2178.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### Background

On November 6, 2014, Commerce published the *Order* on rebar from Türkiye.<sup>1</sup> On September 2, 2025, Commerce published the notice of initiation of the second sunset review of the *Order*, pursuant to section 751(c) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), and 19 CFR 351.218(c).<sup>2</sup> On September 16, 2025, Commerce received a notice of intent to participate in this sunset review from the Rebar Trade Action Coalition (RTAC), the domestic interested party, within the deadline specified in 19 CFR 351.218(d)(1)(i).<sup>3</sup> RTAC claims that it has interested party status within the meaning of section 771(9)(F) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.102(b)(29)(v) as a coalition of U.S. producers of the domestic like product.<sup>4</sup>

On October 2, 2025, Commerce received an adequate substantive response from the domestic interested party, within the 30-day deadline

<sup>1</sup> See *Steel Concrete Reinforcing Bar from the Republic of Turkey: Countervailing Duty Order*, 79 FR 65926, (November 6, 2014) (*Order*).

<sup>2</sup> See *Initiation of Five-Year (Sunset) Reviews*, 90 FR 42388 (September 2, 2025).

<sup>3</sup> See RTAC's Letter, “Steel Concrete Reinforcing Bar from the Republic of Turkey: Notice of Intent to Participate in Sunset Review,” dated September 16, 2025.

<sup>4</sup> *Id.* at 2.