

substantial interest in the proceeding and the disclosure of such records is deemed by HHS to be relevant and necessary to the proceeding: (a) HHS or any component thereof, or another agency participating in joint or related enforcement activities (*e.g.*, Department of Education, Department of Labor); (b) any employee of HHS or of another participating agency in the employee's official capacity; (c) any employee of HHS in the employee's individual capacity where the DOJ, HHS, or participating agency has agreed to represent the employee; or (d) the United States.

III. The third routine use allows the following: Where a record, either alone or in conjunction with other information, indicates a violation or potential violation of law—criminal, civil, or regulatory in nature—the relevant records may be referred to the appropriate federal, state, local, territorial, or tribal law enforcement authority or other appropriate entity charged with the responsibility for investigating or prosecuting such violation or charged with enforcing or implementing such law. IV. The fourth routine use allows disclosure of records to HHS contractors for the purpose of internal processing and maintaining quality control of records in the system.

V. The fifth routine use allows records to be disclosed to student volunteers, persons working under a personal services contract, and other persons performing functions for the Department but technically not having the status of agency employees, if they need access to the records in order to perform their assigned agency functions.

VI. The sixth routine use allows referrals of Age Discrimination Act complaints to the Federal Mediation and Conciliation Service (FMCS) for purposes of mediation.

VII. The seventh routine use allows OCR to post on its website, as required by section 13402(e)(4) of the HITECH Act, information reported by a covered entity (or a business associate on behalf of a covered entity) to the Secretary pursuant to section 13402(e)(3) of the HITECH Act that identifies covered entities that experience breaches of unsecured protected health information affecting more than 500 individuals. This routine use also allows OCR to post on its website, as required by section 3221(h) of the CARES Act, information reported by a Part 2 program (or a qualified service organization on behalf of a Part 2 program), to the Secretary pursuant to section 3221(h) of the CARES Act, that identifies Part 2 programs that experience breaches of unsecured Part 2 records affecting more

than 500 individuals. Information made public will be limited to information that HHS would be required to release to a requester under the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA); meaning, information that would not result in an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

VIII. The eighth routine use allows OCR to include information that identifies subject individuals, when this would not result in an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, in OCR's annual report to Congress regarding breaches of unsecured protected health information and unsecured Part 2 records, as required by section 13402(i) of the HITECH Act and section 3221(h) of the CARES Act.

IX. The ninth routine use allows OCR to disclose information regarding complaint investigations, compliance reviews, and reported breaches of unsecured protected health information and unsecured Part 2 records to the public and to appropriate Federal entities and Department contractors as necessary for OCR to provide technical assistance, training, and guidance materials, as applicable, to Congress, Federal agencies, entities subject to HIPAA or Part 2, and consumers, after OCR determines that the disclosure would not constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

X. The tenth routine use allows OCR to disclose information to appropriate agencies, entities, and persons when (1) HHS suspects or has confirmed that there has been a breach of the system of records; (2) HHS has determined that as a result of the suspected or confirmed breach there is a risk of harm to individuals, HHS (including its information systems, programs, and operations), the Federal Government, or national security; and (3) the disclosure made to such agencies, entities, and persons is reasonably necessary to assist in connection with HHS's efforts to respond to the suspected or confirmed breach or to prevent, minimize, or remedy such harm.

XI. The eleventh routine use allows OCR to disclose information to HHS contractors to investigate violations and potential violations, as well as to conduct compliance reviews, of the Federal laws and regulations that OCR has legal authority to enforce.

XII. The twelfth routine use allows OCR to disclose relevant information to the public to inform the public of the results of investigations and compliance reviews of the Federal laws and regulations that OCR has legal authority to enforce, after OCR determines that the disclosure would not constitute an

unwarranted invasion of personal privacy.

XIII. The thirteenth routine use allows OCR to disclose information to another Federal agency or Federal entity, when HHS determines that information from this system of records is reasonably necessary to assist the recipient agency or entity in (1) responding to a suspected or confirmed breach or (2) preventing, minimizing, or remedying the risk of harm to individuals, the recipient agency or entity (including its information systems, programs, and operations), the Federal Government, or national security, resulting from a suspected or confirmed breach.

HISTORY:

75 FR 18841 (Apr. 13, 2010), updated at 83 FR 6591 (Feb. 14, 2018).

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

National Institutes of Health

Center for Scientific Review; Amended Notice of Meeting

Notice is hereby given of a change in the meeting of the Drug and Biologic Therapeutic Delivery Study Section, March 16, 2026, 09:00 a.m. to March 17, 2026, 06:00 p.m., National Institutes of Health, Rockledge II, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD, 20892 which was published in the **Federal Register** on February 11, 2026, 91 FR 6321, FRN Doc. 2026–02669.

The meeting date changed from a 2-day meeting to a 1-day meeting, March 16, 2026. The meeting is closed to the public.

Dated: February 12, 2026.

Bruce A. George,

Program Analyst, Office of Federal Advisory Committee Policy.

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DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES

National Institutes of Health

Center for Scientific Review; Amended Notice of Meeting

Notice is hereby given of a change in the meeting of the Imaging Probes and Contrast Agents Study Section, March 12, 2026, 09:00 a.m. to March 13, 2026, 06:00 p.m., National Institutes of Health, Rockledge II, 6701 Rockledge Drive, Bethesda, MD 20892 which was