

Note that Commerce has amended certain of its requirements pertaining to the service of documents in 19 CFR 351.303(f).<sup>13</sup>

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.310(c), interested parties who wish to request a hearing, limited to issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs, must submit a written request to the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance, U.S. Department of Commerce, within 30 days after the date of publication of this notice. Requests should contain: (1) the party's name, address, and telephone number; (2) the number of participants and whether any participant is a foreign national; and (3) a list of the issues to be discussed. If a request for a hearing is made, Commerce intends to hold the hearing at a time and date to be determined. Parties should confirm by telephone the date, time, and location of the hearing two days before the scheduled date.

#### Postponement of Final Determination and Extension of Provisional Measures

Section 735(a)(2) of the Act provides that a final determination may be postponed until not later than 135 days after the date of the publication of the preliminary determination if, in the event of an affirmative preliminary determination, a request for such postponement is made by exporters who account for a significant proportion of exports of the subject merchandise, or in the event of a negative preliminary determination, a request for such postponement is made by the petitioner. Section 351.210(e)(2) of Commerce's regulations requires that a request by exporters for postponement of the final determination be accompanied by a request for extension of provisional measures from a four-month period to a period not more than six months in duration.

Pursuant to 19 CFR 351.210(e), on September 29, 2025, and January 26, 2026, respectively, Simcoa and the petitioners<sup>14</sup> each requested that Commerce postpone the final determination and that provisional measures be extended to a period not to exceed six months.<sup>15</sup> In accordance with section 735(a)(2)(A) of the Act and 19 CFR 351.210(b)(2)(ii), because: (1) the preliminary determination is affirmative; (2) the requesting exporter

accounts for a significant proportion of exports of the subject merchandise; and (3) no compelling reasons for denial exist, Commerce is postponing the final determination and extending the provisional measures from a four-month period to a period not greater than six months. Accordingly, Commerce will make its final determination no later than 135 days after the date of publication of this preliminary determination.

#### U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC) Notification

In accordance with section 733(f) of the Act, Commerce will notify the ITC of its preliminary determination. If the final determination is affirmative, the ITC will determine before the later of 120 days after the date of this preliminary determination or 45 days after the final determination whether these imports are materially injuring, or threaten material injury to, the U.S. industry.

#### Notification to Interested Parties

This determination is issued and published in accordance with sections 733(f) and 777(i)(1) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.205(c).

Dated: January 28, 2026.

#### Christopher Abbott,

*Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Negotiations, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.*

#### Appendix I

##### Scope of the Investigation

The scope of this investigation covers all forms and sizes of silicon metal, including silicon metal powder. Silicon metal contains at least 85.00 percent but less than 99.99 percent silicon, and less than 4.00 percent iron, by actual weight. Semiconductor grade silicon (merchandise containing at least 99.99 percent silicon by actual weight and classifiable under Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS) subheading 2804.61.0000) is excluded from the scope of this investigation.

Silicon metal is currently classifiable under subheadings 2804.69.1000 and 2804.69.5000 of the HTSUS. While the HTSUS numbers are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the scope remains dispositive.

#### Appendix II

##### List of Topics Discussed in the Preliminary Decision Memorandum

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Period of Investigation
- IV. Affiliation
- V. Application of Facts Available
- VI. Discussion of the Methodology
- VII. Currency Conversion

#### VIII. Recommendation

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## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### International Trade Administration

[A-570-188]

#### Float Glass Products From the People's Republic of China: Final Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value

**AGENCY:** Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**SUMMARY:** The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines that float glass products (float glass) from the People's Republic of China (China) are being, or are likely to be, sold in the United States at less than fair value (LTFV). The period of investigation is April 1, 2024, through September 30, 2024.

**DATES:** Applicable February 9, 2026.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Dmitry Vladimirov, AD/CVD Operations, Office I, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-0665.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

##### Background

On July 15, 2025, Commerce published in the **Federal Register** its *Preliminary Determination* in this investigation and invited interested parties to comment.<sup>1</sup>

Due to the lapse in appropriations and Federal Government shutdown, on November 14, 2025, Commerce tolled all deadlines in administrative proceedings by 47 days.<sup>2</sup> Additionally, due to a backlog of documents that were electronically filed via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS) during the Federal Government shutdown, on November 24, 2025, Commerce tolled all deadlines in administrative proceedings by an

<sup>1</sup> See *Float Glass Products from the People's Republic of China: Preliminary Affirmative Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value, Postponement of Final Determination, and Extension of Provisional Measures*, 90 FR 31602 (July 15, 2025) (*Preliminary Determination*), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum (PDM).

<sup>2</sup> See Memorandum, "Deadlines Affected by the Shutdown of the Federal Government," dated November 14, 2025.

<sup>13</sup> See *APO and Service Final Rule*.

<sup>14</sup> The petitioners are FerroGlobe USA, Inc. and Mississippi Silicon LLC (collectively, the petitioners).

<sup>15</sup> See Simcoa's Letter, "Request to Postpone Final Determination," dated September 29, 2025; see also Petitioners' Letter, "Petitioners' Request to Postpone the Final Antidumping Duty Determination," dated January 26, 2026.

additional 21 days.<sup>3</sup> Accordingly, the deadline for this final determination is now February 3, 2026.

For a complete description of the events that followed the *Preliminary Determination*, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.<sup>4</sup> The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via ACCESS. ACCESS is available to registered users at <https://access.trade.gov>. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at <https://access.trade.gov/public/FRNoticesListLayout.aspx>.

**Scope of the Investigation**

The products covered by this investigation are float glass products from China. For a complete description of the scope of this investigation, see Appendix I.

**Scope Comments**

In the Preliminary Scope Memorandum, we set aside a period of time for parties to raise issues regarding product coverage (*i.e.*, scope) in scope-specific case briefs or other written comments.<sup>5</sup> We received scope case and rebuttal briefs from multiple interested parties. For a summary of the product coverage comments and rebuttal responses submitted to the record for this final determination, and accompanying discussion and analysis of all comments timely received, see the Final Scope Memorandum.<sup>6</sup> In this final determination, Commerce modified the

scope language used in the *Preliminary Determination* by adding certain Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States subheadings to the scope.<sup>7</sup> See Appendix I.

**Verification**

Because the China-wide entity in this investigation did not provide information requested by Commerce, Commerce determines that the China-wide entity was uncooperative and, thus, we did not conduct any verifications.

**Analysis of Comments Received**

In response to our invitation to comment on the *Preliminary Determination*, interested parties submitted case and rebuttal briefs to Commerce. All issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs submitted by interested parties in this investigation are addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum. A list of the issues addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum is attached to this notice as Appendix II.

**Changes Since the Preliminary Determination**

Based on our review of the record and comments received from interested parties regarding the *Preliminary Determination*, we made changes for this final determination.

**China-Wide Entity and Use of Adverse Facts Available (AFA)**

For the purposes of this final determination, consistent with the

*Preliminary Determination*,<sup>8</sup> Commerce relied solely on the use of AFA for the China-wide entity, pursuant to sections 776(a) and (b) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act), in determining the dumping rate for the China-wide entity.<sup>9</sup> For this final determination, we continue to apply AFA to the China-wide entity.

**Separate Rate**

We received comments<sup>10</sup> on our preliminary separate rate determination.<sup>11</sup> Based on our analysis of the comments received, our preliminary determination with respect to separate rate eligibility continues to be unchanged in the final determination.<sup>12</sup> However, we revised the separate rate for the final determination.

**Combination Rates**

Consistent with the *Preliminary Determination* and Policy Bulletin 05.1,<sup>13</sup> we assigned a producer/exporter combination rate for the companies that are listed in the “Final Determination” and eligible for separate rates.<sup>14</sup>

**Final Determination**

Commerce determines that the following estimated weighted-average dumping margins exist for the period, April 1, 2024, through September 30, 2024:

Exporter	Producer	Weighted-average dumping margin (percent)	Cash deposit rate (adjusted for subsidy offsets) (percent) <sup>15</sup>
Benxi Fuyao Float Glass Co., Ltd .....	Benxi Fuyao Float Glass Co., Ltd .....	151.29	151.27
Changshu Chenming High-Tech International Trading Co., Ltd.	Changshu High-Tech Energy-Saving Dorwin Co., Ltd	151.29	151.27
Dong Guan City Bathnology Industrial Co., Ltd .....	Dong Guan City Bathnology Industrial Co., Ltd .....	151.29	151.27
Dongguan Gongying Supply Chain Management Co., Ltd.	Lamxon Technology Building Materials Co., Ltd .....	151.29	151.27
Guangdong Guang Yi Import and Export Co., Ltd .....	Lamxon Technology Building Materials Co., Ltd .....	151.29	151.27

<sup>3</sup> See Memorandum, “Tolling of all Case Deadlines,” dated November 24, 2025.  
<sup>4</sup> See Memorandum, “Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Affirmative Determination in the Less-Than-Fair-Value Investigation of Float Glass Products from the People’s Republic of China,” dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Issues and Decision Memorandum).  
<sup>5</sup> See Memorandum, “Float Glass Products from the People’s Republic of China and Malaysia: Scope Comments Decision Memorandum for the Preliminary Determinations,” dated July 9, 2025 (Preliminary Scope Memorandum).  
<sup>6</sup> See Memorandum, “Float Glass Products from the People’s Republic of China and Malaysia: Final

Scope Decision Memorandum,” dated February 3, 2026 (Final Scope Memorandum).  
<sup>7</sup> *Id.*  
<sup>8</sup> See *Preliminary Determination* PDM at 10–12.  
<sup>9</sup> See sections 776(a)(1) and (2)(A)–(C) and (b) of the Act.  
<sup>10</sup> See Issues and Decision Memorandum at Comment 2.  
<sup>11</sup> See *Preliminary Determination* PDM at 8–10.  
<sup>12</sup> See Issues and Decision Memorandum at Comment 2.  
<sup>13</sup> See Enforcement and Compliance’s Policy Bulletin No. 05.1, regarding, “Separate-Rates Practice and Application of Combination Rates in Antidumping Investigations Involving Non-Market Economy Countries,” (April 5, 2005) (Policy

Bulletin 05.1), available on Commerce’s website at <https://access.trade.gov/Resources/policy/bull05-1.pdf>.  
<sup>14</sup> See *Preliminary Determination* PDM at 8–10.  
<sup>15</sup> See *Float Glass Products from the People’s Republic of China: Preliminary Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination and Alignment of Final Determination With Final Antidumping Duty Determination*, 90 FR 21281 (May 19, 2025), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum at 40–41, for the total of 0.02 percent for export subsidies, unchanged in *Float Glass Products from The People’s Republic of China: Final Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination*, signed concurrently with this notice.

Exporter	Producer	Weighted-average dumping margin (percent)	Cash deposit rate (adjusted for subsidy offsets) (percent) <sup>15</sup>
Guangdong Rosery Bath Science and Technology Co., Ltd.	Guangdong Rosery Bath Science and Technology Co., Ltd.	151.29	151.27
Orient Resource Corporation Limited	Orient Resource Corporation Limited	151.29	151.27
Qingdao Apis Glass Industries Co., Ltd	Qingdao Apis Glass Industries Co., Ltd	151.29	151.27
Qingdao Oriental Brother New Energy Technology Co., Ltd.	Qingdao Oriental Brother New Energy Technology Co., Ltd.	151.29	151.27
Qinhuangdao Xinhua Glass Processing Co., Ltd	Qinhuangdao Xinhua Glass Processing Co., Ltd	151.29	151.27
Shandong Jinjing Science and Technology Stock Co., Ltd. Boshan Branch.	Shandong Jinjing Science and Technology Stock Co., Ltd. Boshan Branch.	151.29	151.27
Tengzhou Eternal Glass Co., Ltd	Tengzhou Fenghua Glass Co., Ltd	151.29	151.27
Tengzhou Haolong Glass Co., Ltd	Tengzhou Haolong Glass Co., Ltd	151.29	151.27
Tengzhou Jingcheng Mirror Co., Ltd	Tengzhou Jingcheng Mirror Co., Ltd	151.29	151.27
Tengzhou Jinjing Glass Co., Ltd	Tengzhou Jinjing Glass Co., Ltd	151.29	151.27
Tengzhou Jinjing Glass Co., Ltd	Tengzhou Jinjing Glass Co., Ltd	151.29	151.27
Tengzhou Yichuang Commercial Trading Co., Ltd	Langfang Jinbiao Glass Co., Ltd	151.29	151.27
Xiamen Guorui Hengsheng Advanced Materials Co., Ltd.	Tengzhou Yichuang Commercial Trading Co., Ltd	151.29	151.27
Xiamen Guorui Hengsheng Advanced Materials Co., Ltd.	Xiamen Guorui Hengsheng Advanced Materials Co., Ltd.	151.29	151.27
Xiamen Guorui Hengsheng Advanced Materials Co., Ltd.	Xiamen Shiner Glass Co., Ltd	151.29	151.27
Xinyi Group (Glass) Co., Ltd	Xinyi Glass (Tianjin) Co., Ltd	151.29	151.27
Xinyi Group (Glass) Co., Ltd	Xinyi Glass (Wuhu) Co., Ltd	151.29	151.27
Zhongshan Neptum Sanitary Ware Co., Ltd	Zhongshan Neptum Sanitary Ware Co., Ltd	151.29	151.27
Zhongshan Ninghe Intelligent Kitchen and Bath Co., Ltd.	Zhongshan Ninghe Intelligent Kitchen and Bath Co., Ltd.	151.29	151.27
China-Wide Entity		* 181.54	181.52

\* Rate based on facts available with adverse inferences.

**Disclosure**

Commerce intends to disclose the calculations performed in this final determination to interested parties within five days of any public announcement or, if there is no public announcement, within five days of the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register** in accordance with 19 CFR 351.224(b).

**Suspension of Liquidation**

In accordance with section 733(d)(2) of the Act, we instructed U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) to suspend liquidation of all appropriate entries of subject merchandise, as described in Appendix I of the *Preliminary Determination*, which were entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption, on or after July 15, 2025, the date of publication of the *Preliminary Determination* in the **Federal Register**.

In accordance with section 733(d) of the Act, we subsequently instructed CBP to discontinue the suspension of liquidation of all entries of subject merchandise entered or withdrawn from warehouse, on or after January 11, 2026, the first day provisional measures were no longer in effect, but to continue the suspension of liquidation of all entries of subject merchandise on or before January 10, 2026.

If the U.S. International Trade Commission (ITC) issues a final affirmative injury determination, we will issue an antidumping duty order, reinstate the suspension of liquidation under section 736(a) of the Act, and instruct CBP to require the following cash deposits of estimated antidumping duties for all appropriate entries: (1) for the producer/exporter combinations listed in the table above, the applicable cash deposit rate is listed in the table for that combination; (2) for all combinations of Chinese producers/exporters of the merchandise under consideration that have not established eligibility for separate rates, the cash deposit rate will be equal to the estimated weighted-average dumping margin established for the China-wide entity; and (3) for all third country exporters of merchandise under consideration not listed in the table above, the cash deposit rate is the cash deposit rate applicable to the Chinese producer/exporter combination (or China-wide entity) that supplied that third-country exporter or, if the exporter/producer combination does not have its own rate, the cash deposit rate will be the China-wide rate. If the ITC determines that material injury, or threat of material injury, does not exist, then this proceeding will be terminated, the suspension of liquidation will be lifted, and all cash deposits for

estimated antidumping duties will be refunded.

To determine the cash deposit rate, Commerce normally adjusts the estimated weighted-average dumping margin by the amount of export subsidies countervailed in a companion countervailing duty (CVD) proceeding, when CVD provisional measures are in effect. Accordingly, where Commerce has made a final affirmative determination for countervailable export subsidies, Commerce offsets the estimated weighted-average dumping margin by the appropriate export subsidy rate. Commerce has continued to adjust the cash deposit rate for export subsidies in the companion CVD investigation by the appropriate export subsidy rate as indicated in the above chart. However, the suspension of liquidation of provisional measures in the companion CVD case has been discontinued;<sup>16</sup> therefore, we are not instructing CBP to collect cash deposits based upon the adjusted estimated weighted-average dumping margin for

<sup>16</sup> See *Float Glass Products from the People's Republic of China: Preliminary Affirmative Countervailing Duty Determination and Alignment of Final Determination with Final Antidumping Duty Determination*, 90 FR 21281 (May 19, 2025); see also section 703(d) of the Act, which states that the provisional measures may not be in effect for more than four months, which in the companion CVD case is 120 days after the publication of the preliminary determination, or September 16, 2025 (i.e., last day provisional measures are in effect).

those export subsidies at this time. If the ITC makes a final affirmative determination of injury due to both dumping and subsidies, then the cash deposit rate will be revised effective on the date of the publication of the ITC's final affirmative determination in the **Federal Register** to be the company-specific estimated weighted-average dumping margin adjusted for export subsidies.

### ITC Notification

In accordance with section 735(d) of the Act, Commerce will notify the ITC of its final affirmative determination of sales at LTFV. Because Commerce's final determination is affirmative, in accordance with section 735(b)(2) of the Act, the ITC will determine, within 45 days, whether the domestic industry in the United States is materially injured, or threatened with material injury, by reason of imports of float glass. If the ITC determines that material injury or threat of material injury does not exist, this proceeding will be terminated, all cash deposits posted will be refunded, and suspension of liquidation will be lifted. If the ITC determines that such injury does exist, Commerce will issue an antidumping duty order directing CBP to assess, upon further instruction by Commerce, antidumping duties on all imports of the subject merchandise entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, for consumption on or after the effective date of the suspension of liquidation, as discussed in the "Continuation of Suspension of Liquidation" section above.

### Administrative Protective Order (APO)

This notice will serve as the only reminder to parties subject to an APO of their responsibility concerning the disposition of proprietary information disclosed under APO in accordance with 19 CFR 351.305(a)(3). Timely written notification of the return or destruction of APO materials or conversion to judicial protective order is hereby requested. Failure to comply with the regulations and terms of an APO is a violation subject to sanction.

### Notification to Interested Parties

This determination is issued and published in accordance with sections 735(d) and 777(i)(1) of the Act, and 19 CFR 351.210(c).

Dated: February 3, 2026.

### Christopher Abbott,

*Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy and Negotiations, performing the non-exclusive functions and duties of the Assistant Secretary for Enforcement and Compliance.*

### Appendix I

#### Scope of the Investigation

The scope of this investigation covers float glass products (FGP), which are articles of soda-lime-silica glass that are manufactured by floating a continuous strip of molten glass over a smooth bath of tin (or another liquid metal with a density greater than molten glass), cooling the glass in an annealing lehr, and cutting it to appropriate dimensions. For purposes of the investigation, float glass products have an actual thickness of at least 2.0 mm (0.0787 inches) and an actual surface area of at least 0.37 square meters (4.0 square feet).

The country of origin of each float glass product is determined by the location where the soda-lime-silica glass is first manufactured by floating a continuous strip of molten glass over a smooth bath of tin and cooling the glass in an annealing lehr, regardless of the location of any downstream finishing or fabrication operations.

Prior to being subjected to further treatment, finishing, or fabrication, float glass products meet the requirements of Type I under ASTM-C1036 of the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM).

Float glass products may be clear, stained, tinted, or coated with one or more materials. Examples of coated float glass products include Low-E architectural glass (*i.e.*, glass with a low emissivity coating to limit the penetration of radiant heat energy) and frameless mirrors (*i.e.*, flat glass with a silver, aluminum, or other reflective layer) such as mirror stock sheet.

Float glass products may be annealed, chemically strengthened, heat strengthened, or tempered to achieve a desired surface compression, pursuant to ASTM-C1048, ASTM-C1422/C1422M, or other similar specifications.

Float glass products include tub and shower enclosures (*i.e.*, doors and panels) made of tempered glass, which may be sold with attached or unattached hardware. In such cases, the scope covers only the tempered glass, to the exclusion of any non-glass hardware.

The only float glass product assemblies included within the scope are: (1) articles consisting of two or more sheets of float glass that are bonded together using a polymer interlayer (*i.e.*, laminated glass); (2) insulating glass units (IGUs), which consist of two or more sheets of float glass separated by a spacer material and hermetically sealed together at the edge in order to create a thermal barrier using air or one or more gases but excluding any non-float glass components (other than the spacer and insulating materials) that may be mounted within the space between sheets of float glass (*e.g.*, blinds, wrought iron cores, and camed patterned glass), as such non-float glass components are deemed outside the scope and not subject to duties; and (3) LED mirrors

(*i.e.*, float glass mirrors with one or more light-emitting diodes attached to or integrated with the mirror, as well as framed float glass mirrors with one or more light-emitting diodes attached to or integrated with the mirror or the mirror frame, but without other electronic functionality such as digital or video displays or audio circuitry).

Float glass products covered by the scope may meet one or more of the ASTM-C162, ASTM-C1036, ASTM-C1048, ASTM-C1172, ASTM-C1349, ASTM-C1376, ASTM-C1422/C1422M, ASTM-C1464, ASTM-C1503, ASTM-C1651, ASTM-E1300, and ASTM-E2190 specifications, definitions, and/or standards.

Float glass products may be further worked, including, but not limited to, operations such as: cutting; beveling; edging; notching; drilling; etching; bending; curving; chipping; embossing; engraving; surface grinding; or polishing; and sandblasting (*i.e.*, using high velocity air to stream abrasive particles and thereby impart a frosted aesthetic to the glass surface). A float glass product which undergoes further work remains within the scope so long as the soda-lime-silica glass originally satisfied the requirements of ASTM-C1036 Type I and was first manufactured in a subject country, regardless of where it is further worked.

Excluded from the scope are: (1) wired glass (*i.e.*, glass with a layer of wire mesh embedded within); (2) patterned flat glass (*i.e.*, rolled glass with a pattern impressed on one or both sides) meeting the requirements of Type II under ASTM-C1036, including greenhouse glass and patterned solar glass (*i.e.*, photovoltaic glass with a textured surface); (3) safety glazing materials for vehicles certified to American National Standards Institute (ANSI) Standard Z26.1; (4) vacuum insulating glass (VIG) units, which consist of two or more sheets of float glass separated by a spacer material, with at least one hermetically sealed compartment that uses a gas-free vacuum as a thermal barrier; (5) framed mirrors without any LEDs integrated with the mirror or the mirror frame; (6) unframed "over-the-door" mirrors that are ready for use as imported without undergoing after importation any processing, finishing, or fabrication; and (7) heat-strengthened washing machine lid glass with an actual surface area less than 6.0 square feet (0.56 square meters).

Also excluded from the scope of the investigation are: (1) soda-lime-silica glass containing less than 0.01 percent iron oxide by weight, annealed with a surface compression less than 3,500 pounds per square inch (PSI), having a transparent conductive oxide base coating (*e.g.*, tin oxide), and with an actual thickness less than or equal to 4.0 mm (0.1575 inches) (*i.e.*, "coated solar glass"); and (2) heat treated soda-lime-silica glass with a surface compression between 3,500 and 10,000 PSI, containing two or more drilled holes, and having an actual thickness less than 2.5 mm (0.0984 inches) (*i.e.*, "clear back solar glass"). Solar glass products (also known as photovoltaic glass) are designed to facilitate the conversion of solar energy into electricity.

Also excluded are metal-camed glass products (*i.e.*, panels of glass joined together

with metal banding) where the constituent glass panels would otherwise be excluded by reason of their size (e.g., an actual surface area less than 0.37 square meters, or 4.0 square feet) and/or by reason of consisting of patterned flat glass (i.e., rolled glass with a pattern impressed on one or both sides) meeting the requirements of Type II under ASTM-C1036.

Also excluded from the scope of the investigation are any products already covered by the scope of any extant antidumping and/or countervailing duty orders, including *Aluminum Extrusions from the People's Republic of China: Antidumping Duty Order*, 76 FR 30650 (May 26, 2011), and *Aluminum Extrusions from the People's Republic of China: Countervailing Duty Order*, 76 FR 30653 (May 26, 2011).

The products subject to the investigation are currently classifiable under subheadings 7005.10.8000, 7005.21.1010, 7005.21.1030, 7005.21.2000, 7005.29.1810, 7005.29.1850, 7005.29.2500, 7007.29.0000, 7008.00.0000, 7009.91.5010, 7009.91.5095, and 7009.92.5010 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States (HTSUS). Products subject to the investigation may also enter under HTSUS subheadings 7006.00.4010, 7006.00.4050, 7007.19.0000, 7013.99.2000, 7013.99.9090, 7610.10.0030, and 7610.90.0080. Although the HTSUS subheadings are provided for convenience and customs purposes, the written description of the scope of the investigation is dispositive.

## Appendix II

### List of Topics Discussed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum

- I. Summary
- II. Background
- III. Changes Since the *Preliminary Determination*
- IV. Discussion of the Issues
  - Comment 1: Replacement Mandatory Respondents
  - Comment 2: Xinyi's Cooperation
- V. Recommendation

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## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### International Trade Administration

[A-533-840]

#### Certain Frozen Warmwater Shrimp From India: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2023-2024

**AGENCY:** Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, Department of Commerce.

**SUMMARY:** The U.S. Department of Commerce (Commerce) determines that producers/exporters subject to this administrative review made sales of subject merchandise at less than normal value during the period of review (POR),

February 1, 2023, through January 31, 2024.

**DATES:** Applicable February 9, 2026.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Ajay Menon, AD/CVD Operations, Office IX, Enforcement and Compliance, International Trade Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: (202) 482-0208.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

#### Background

On June 11, 2025, Commerce published the *Preliminary Results*.<sup>1</sup> On July 15, 2025, Commerce issued a post-preliminary analysis memorandum to: (1) address the American Shrimp Processors Association's (ASPA) particular market situation allegation; and (2) make certain changes to our differential pricing analysis, and we invited interested parties to comment.<sup>2</sup> On August 6, 2025, the Ad Hoc Shrimp Trade Action Committee (the petitioner); the Devi Group;<sup>3</sup> Sandhya Aqua Exports Private Limited (Sandhya); Alpha Marine Limited (Alpha Marine); and the Indian Exporters<sup>4</sup> submitted case briefs.<sup>5</sup> On August 11, 2025, the petitioner and ASPA submitted rebuttal briefs.<sup>6</sup>

On September 25, 2025, Commerce extended the deadline for the final results until November 7, 2025.<sup>7</sup> Due to

<sup>1</sup> See *Certain Frozen Warmwater Shrimp from India: Preliminary Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2023-2024*, 90 FR 24569 (June 11, 2025) (*Preliminary Results*), and accompanying Preliminary Decision Memorandum.

<sup>2</sup> See Memorandum, "Post Preliminary Analysis in the 2023-2024 Administrative Review of the Antidumping Duty Order on Certain Frozen Warmwater Shrimp from India," dated July 15, 2025 (Post Preliminary Analysis).

<sup>3</sup> The Devi Group consists of Devi Fisheries Limited, Satya Seafoods Private Limited, Usha Seafoods, and Devi Aquatech Private Limited. See *Certain Frozen Warmwater Shrimp from India: Final Results of Antidumping Duty Administrative Review; 2016-2017*, 83 FR 32835 (July 16, 2018).

<sup>4</sup> The Indian Exporters are: (1) the Ananda Group; (2) Avanti Frozen Foods Private Limited; (3) Apex Frozen Foods Limited; (4) Nekkanti Sea Foods Limited; (5) Sagar Grandhi Exports (P) Ltd; (6) Falcon Marine Exports Limited; and (7) LNSK Green House Agro Products LLP.

<sup>5</sup> See Petitioner's Letter, "Case Brief," dated August 6, 2025; see also Devi's Letter, "Devi Fisheries Limited's submission of Case Brief relating to preliminary results and post-preliminary analysis of above proceedings," dated August 6, 2025; Sandhya's Letter, "Sandhya's Case Brief," dated August 6, 2025; Alpha Marine's Letter, "Alpha Marine Limited Case Brief," dated August 6, 2025; and Indian Exporters' Letter, "Indian Producer/Exporters' Case Brief," dated August 6, 2025.

<sup>6</sup> See Petitioner's Letter, "Rebuttal Brief," dated August 11, 2025; see also ASPA's Letter, "American Shrimp Processors Association's Rebuttal Case Brief," dated August 11, 2025.

<sup>7</sup> See Memorandum, "Extension of Deadline for Final Results of 2023-2024 Antidumping Duty Administrative Review," dated September 25, 2025.

the lapse in appropriations and Federal Government shutdown, on November 14, 2025, Commerce tolled all deadlines in administrative proceedings by 47 days.<sup>8</sup> Additionally, due to a backlog of documents that were electronically filed via Enforcement and Compliance's Antidumping and Countervailing Duty Centralized Electronic Service System (ACCESS) during the Federal Government shutdown, on November 24, 2025, Commerce tolled all deadlines in administrative proceedings by an additional 21 days.<sup>9</sup> On December 22, 2025, Commerce further extended the deadline for the final results.<sup>10</sup> Accordingly, the deadline for these final results is now January 28, 2026.

For a complete description of the events that occurred since the *Preliminary Results*, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.<sup>11</sup> The Issues and Decision Memorandum is a public document and is on file electronically via ACCESS. ACCESS is available to registered users at <https://access.trade.gov>. In addition, a complete version of the Issues and Decision Memorandum can be accessed directly at <https://access.trade.gov/public/FRNoticesListLayout.aspx>.

Commerce conducted this administrative review in accordance with section 751 of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended (the Act).

#### Scope of the Order<sup>12</sup>

The merchandise subject to the *Order* is shrimp from India. For a complete description of the scope of the *Order*, see the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

#### Analysis of Comments Received

All issues raised in the case and rebuttal briefs submitted by interested parties are listed in Appendix I to this notice and addressed in the Issues and Decision Memorandum.

<sup>8</sup> See Memorandum, "Deadlines Affected by the Shutdown of the Federal Government," dated November 14, 2025.

<sup>9</sup> See Memorandum, "Tolling of All Case Deadlines," dated November 24, 2025.

<sup>10</sup> See Memorandum, "Extension of Deadline for Final Results of 2023-2024 Antidumping Duty Administrative Review," dated December 22, 2025.

<sup>11</sup> See Memorandum, "Issues and Decision Memorandum for the Final Results of the Antidumping Duty Administrative Review of Certain Frozen Warmwater Shrimp from India; 2023-2024," dated concurrently with, and hereby adopted by, this notice (Issues and Decision Memorandum).

<sup>12</sup> See *Notice of Amended Final Determination of Sales at Less Than Fair Value and Antidumping Duty Order: Certain Frozen Warmwater Shrimp from India*, 70 FR 5147 (February 1, 2005) (*Order*).