

**ACTION:** Notice of open meeting.

**SUMMARY:** The National Telecommunications and Information Administration (NTIA) will convene a virtual listening session on the use of the Broadband Equity Access and Deployment (BEAD) program funds saved thanks to the Trump Administration and Secretary Lutnick's Benefit of the Bargain reforms. This session will gather input from stakeholders to inform NTIA's future planning and policy development regarding the use of these "nondeployment" funds.

**DATES:** The listening session will be held on Wednesday, February 11, 2026, from 2:00 p.m. to 4:00 p.m. EST.

**ADDRESSES:** The session will be held virtually and you can preregister for the session at [https://ntia.gov.zoomgov.com/webinar/register/WN\\_CedeFU8QWOm0m4Y-qtvQ#](https://ntia.gov.zoomgov.com/webinar/register/WN_CedeFU8QWOm0m4Y-qtvQ#/)/registration. For further information, please consult [https://ntia.gov.zoomgov.com/webinar/register/WN\\_CedeFU8QWOm0m4Y-qtvQ#](https://ntia.gov.zoomgov.com/webinar/register/WN_CedeFU8QWOm0m4Y-qtvQ#/)/registration.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Please direct questions regarding this notice to [broadbandgrants@ntia.gov](mailto:broadbandgrants@ntia.gov), indicating "BEAD Savings Listening Session" in the subject line, or if by mail, addressed to National Telecommunications and Information Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce, 1401 Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20230; telephone: 202-482-3806. Please direct media inquiries to NTIA's Office of Public Affairs at [press@ntia.gov](mailto:press@ntia.gov).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

**Background and Authority:** The National Telecommunications and Information Administration (NTIA), part of the U.S. Department of Commerce, is the President's principal advisor on telecommunications and information policy issues. NTIA's programs and policymaking focus on expanding broadband internet access in America, maximizing the use of spectrum by all users, advancing public safety communications, and ensuring that the internet remains an engine for innovation and economic growth. Pursuant to our authorities under 47 U.S.C. 902(b)(2)(M), NTIA will host a public listening session to gather stakeholder input that will inform the allowable uses for BEAD funds saved through the Benefit of the Bargain reforms.

**Time and Date:** NTIA will convene the public listening session on Wednesday, February 11, 2026, from 2:00 p.m. to 4:00 p.m., Eastern Standard

Time (EST). The exact time of the meeting is subject to change. Please refer to NTIA's BroadbandUSA website, <https://broadbandusa.ntia.gov>, for the most up-to-date information.

**Place:** The meeting will be held virtually, with pre-registration required at <https://broadbandusa.ntia.gov>. The virtual meeting is open to the public and the press on a first-come, first-served basis. The virtual meeting is accessible to people with disabilities. Individuals requiring accommodations such as real-time captioning, sign language interpretation or other ancillary aids should notify the Department at [broadbandgrants@ntia.gov](mailto:broadbandgrants@ntia.gov) at least seven (7) business days prior to the meeting. Access details for the meeting are subject to change. Please refer to NTIA's BroadbandUSA website, <https://broadbandusa.ntia.gov>, for the most current information.

Dated: January 28, 2026.

**David Brodian,**

*Chief Counsel, National Telecommunications and Information Administration.*

[FR Doc. 2026-01594 Filed 1-26-26; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 3510-60-P**

## DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

### National Telecommunications and Information Administration

#### Agency Information Collection Activities; Submission for OMB Review; Comment Request; NTIA Space Launch Frequency Coordination Portal

The Department of Commerce will submit the following information collection request to the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) for review and clearance in accordance with the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, on or after the date of publication of this notice. We invite the general public and other Federal agencies to comment on proposed and continuing information collections, which helps us assess the impact of our information collection requirements and minimize the public's reporting burden. Public comments were previously requested via the **Federal Register** on October 1, 2025 during a 60-day comment period. This notice allows for an additional 30 days for public comments.

**Agency:** National Telecommunications and Information Administration (NTIA), Commerce.

**Title:** NTIA Space Launch Frequency Coordination Portal.

**OMB Control Number:** 0660-XXXX.  
**Form Number(s):** None.

**Type of Request:** New information collection.

**Number of Respondents:** 15.

**Average Hours per Response:** 1.

**Burden Hours:** 1,000.

**Needs and Uses:** The information is submitted to a web-based platform and is used by NTIA to ensure that spectrum requested for Space launches is available. The data is used for analysis in determination of non-interference.

**Affected Public:** Applicants seeking to utilize spectrum in a commercial Space launch.

**Frequency:** Per application.

**Respondent's Obligation:** Mandatory.

**Legal Authority:** Executive Order 12046, 47 CFR part 300, 47 U.S.C. 902(b)(2).

This information collection request may be viewed at [www.reginfo.gov](http://www.reginfo.gov). Follow the instructions to view the Department of Commerce collections currently under review by OMB.

Written comments and recommendations for the proposed information collection should be submitted within 30 days of the publication of this notice on the following website [www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRA>Main](http://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/PRA>Main). Find this particular information collection by selecting "Currently under 30-day Review—Open for Public Comments" or by using the search function and entering the title of the collection.

**Sheleen Dumas,**

*Departmental PRA Compliance Officer, Office of the Under Secretary of Economic Affairs, Commerce Department.*

[FR Doc. 2026-01563 Filed 1-26-26; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 3510-60-P**

## CONSUMER PRODUCT SAFETY COMMISSION

[CPSC Docket No. 26-C0001]

### Proposed Settlement Agreement, Stipulation, Order and Judgement, etc.; The Clorox Company

**AGENCY:** Consumer Product Safety Commission.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Commission publishes in the **Federal Register** any settlement that it provisionally accepts under the Consumer Product Safety Act.

Published below is a provisionally accepted Settlement Agreement with The Clorox Company, containing a civil penalty in the amount of \$14,150,000 subject to the terms and conditions of the Settlement Agreement. The Commission provisionally accepted the proposed Settlement Agreement and

Order pertaining to The Clorox Company.

**DATES:** Any interested person may ask the Commission not to accept this agreement or otherwise comment on its contents by filing a written request with the Office of the Secretary by February 11, 2026.

**ADDRESSES:** Persons wishing to comment on this Settlement Agreement should send written comments to Comment 26-C0001, Office of the Secretary, Consumer Product Safety Commission, 4330 East West Highway, Bethesda, MD 20814; telephone: (301) 504-7479 (office); email: [cpsc-os@cpsc.gov](mailto:cpsc-os@cpsc.gov).

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Mark Raffman, Trial Attorney, Division of Enforcement and Litigation, Office of Compliance and Field Operations, Consumer Product Safety Commission, 4330 East West Highway, Bethesda, Maryland 20814; [mraffman@cpsc.gov](mailto:mraffman@cpsc.gov); 301-504-6906 (office)/202-329-3309 (mobile).

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The text of the Settlement Agreement and Order appear below.

Dated: January 22, 2026.

**Brianna Bell,**  
Paralegal Specialist.

**United States of America**  
**Consumer Product Safety Commission**

In the Matter of: THE CLOROX COMPANY  
CPSC Docket No.: 26-C0001

**Settlement Agreement**

1. In accordance with the Consumer Product Safety Act, 15 U.S.C. 2051–2089 (“CPSA”), and 16 CFR 1118.20, The Clorox Company (“Clorox” or “the Firm”), and the United States Consumer Product Safety Commission (“Commission” or “CPSC”), through its staff, hereby enter into this Settlement Agreement (“Agreement”). The Agreement and the incorporated attached Order resolve staff’s charges set forth below.

**The Parties**

2. The Commission is an independent federal regulatory agency, established pursuant to, and responsible for, the enforcement of the CPSA, 15 U.S.C. 2051–2089. By executing the Agreement, staff is acting on behalf of the Commission, pursuant to 16 CFR 1118.20(b). The Commission issues the Order under the provisions of the CPSA.

3. The Clorox Company is a corporation, organized and existing under the laws of the state of Delaware,

with its principal place of business in Oakland, California.

**Staff Charges**

4. Between 2009 and 2022, Clorox manufactured, imported and distributed in the United States approximately 440 million units of Pine Sol Scented Multi-Surface Cleaners, including 37 million units produced between January 2021 and September 2022 where testing identified bacteria in certain products (the “Subject Products”).

5. The Subject Products are “consumer products” that were “manufactured” and “distribut[ed] in commerce,” as those terms are defined or used in sections 3(a)(5), (8), and (10) of the CPSA, 15 U.S.C. 2052(a)(5), (8), and (10). Clorox is a “manufacturer” and “distributor” of the Subject Products, as such terms are defined in sections 3(a)(7) and (11) of the CPSA, 15 U.S.C. 2052(a)(7) and (11).

**Violation of CPSA Section 19(a)(4)**

6. The Subject Products contain a defect which could create a substantial product hazard or create an unreasonable risk of serious injury because they may contain bacteria, including *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*, and because people with weakened immune systems or external medical devices who are exposed to *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* face a risk of serious infection that may require medical treatment.

7. In early 2019, Clorox microbiologists issued a written report documenting bacterial contamination in storage tanks and finished product, which they described as “possibly a *Pseudomonad*.” Subsequently, Clorox received reports of cloudiness in products in certain retail stores, and a report from a distributor regarding cloudy products that had been distributed in multiple locations. While Clorox took steps to mitigate the potential for bacterial contamination, Clorox did not immediately report to the Commission.

8. Despite possessing information that reasonably supported the conclusion that the Subject Products contained a defect that could create a substantial product hazard or created an unreasonable risk of serious injury, Clorox did not immediately report to the Commission. In fact Clorox did not report the defect or risk to the Commission until September 2022.

9. The Commission and Clorox jointly announced a voluntary recall of the Subject Products on October 25, 2022.

**Failure To Timely Report**

10. Despite having information reasonably supporting the conclusion that the Subject Products contained a defect which could create a substantial product hazard or created an unreasonable risk of serious injury or death, Clorox did not notify the Commission immediately of such defect or risk, as required by sections 15(b)(3) and (4) of the CPSA, 15 U.S.C. 2064(b)(3), (4), in violation of section 19(a)(4) of the CPSA, 15 U.S.C. 2068(a)(4).

11. Because the information in Clorox’s possession about the Subject Products constituted actual and presumed knowledge, Clorox knowingly violated section 19(a)(4) of the CPSA, 15 U.S.C. 2068(a)(4), as the term “knowingly” is defined in section 20(d) of the CPSA, 15 U.S.C. 2069(d).

12. Pursuant to section 20 of the CPSA, 15 U.S.C. 2069, Clorox is subject to civil penalties for its knowing violation of section 19(a)(4) of the CPSA, 15 U.S.C. 2068(a)(4).

**Response of Firm**

13. This Agreement does not constitute an admission by Clorox to the staff’s charges as set forth in paragraphs 4 through 12 above, including without limitation that the Subject Products in fact contained a defect that could create a substantial product hazard or created an unreasonable risk of serious injury or death; that Clorox had an obligation to, and failed to, notify the Commission in a timely matter in accordance with section 15(b) of the CPSA, 15 U.S.C. 2064(b); and that Clorox knowingly violated section 19(a)(4) of the CPSA, 15 U.S.C. 2068(a)(4), as the term “knowingly” is defined in section 20(d) of the CPSA, 15 U.S.C. 2069(d).

14. At all relevant times, Clorox had a compliance program and took reasonable steps to monitor, evaluate, and address reports of possible bacteria contained in the Subject Products.

15. Clorox promptly notified the Commission under Section 15(b) of the CPSA after identifying *Pseudomonas aeruginosa* and conducted a voluntary recall of the Subject Products, which was announced in October 2022.

16. Clorox enters into this Agreement to settle this matter and to avoid the cost, distraction, delay, uncertainty, and inconvenience of protracted litigation or other proceedings. Clorox does not admit that it violated the CPSA or any other law, nor that reportable information or a substantial product hazard existed. Clorox’s willingness to enter into this Agreement and Order does not constitute, nor is it evidence of,

an admission by Clorox of liability, or violation of any law.

*Agreement of the Parties*

17. Under the CPSA, the Commission has jurisdiction over the matter involving the Subject Products and over Clorox.

18. The parties enter into the Agreement for settlement purposes only. The Agreement does not constitute an admission by Clorox or a determination by the Commission that Clorox violated the CPSA.

19. In settlement of staff's charges, Clorox shall pay a civil penalty in the amount of fourteen million, one hundred and fifty thousand dollars (\$14,150,000.00). The \$14.15 million Payment shall be paid within thirty (30) calendar days after receiving service of the Commission's final Order accepting the Agreement. All payments to be made under the Agreement shall constitute debts owing to the United States and shall be made by electronic wire transfer to the United States via <http://www.pay.gov>, for allocation to, and credit against, the payment obligations of Clorox under this Agreement. Failure to make such payment by the date specified in the Commission's final Order shall constitute Default.

20. The Commission or the United States may seek enforcement for any breach of, or any failure to comply with, any provision of this Agreement and Order in United States District Court, to seek relief including, but not limited to, collecting amounts due.

21. All unpaid amounts, if any, due and owing under the Agreement, shall constitute a debt due and immediately owing by Clorox to the United States, and interest shall accrue and be paid by Clorox at the federal legal rate of interest set forth at 28 U.S.C. 1961(a) and (b) from the date of Default, until all amounts due have been paid in full (hereinafter "Default Payment Amount" and "Default Interest Balance"). Clorox shall consent to a Consent Judgment in the amount of the Default Payment Amount and Default Interest Balance, and the United States, at its sole option, may collect the entire Default Payment Amount and Default Interest Balance, or exercise any other rights granted by law or in equity, including, but not limited to, referring such matters for private collection, and Clorox agrees not to contest, and hereby waives and discharges any defenses to, any collection action undertaken by the United States, or its agents or contractors, pursuant to this paragraph. Clorox shall pay the United States all reasonable costs of collection and

enforcement under this paragraph, respectively, including reasonable attorney's fees and expenses.

22. After staff receives this Agreement executed on behalf of Clorox, staff shall promptly submit the Agreement to the Commission for provisional acceptance. Promptly following provisional acceptance of the Agreement by the Commission, the Agreement shall be placed on the public record and published in the **Federal Register**, in accordance with the procedures set forth in 16 CFR 1118.20(e). If the Commission does not receive any written request not to accept the Agreement within fifteen (15) calendar days, the Agreement shall be deemed finally accepted on the 16th calendar day after the date the Agreement is published in the **Federal Register**, in accordance with 16 CFR 1118.20(f).

23. This Agreement is conditioned upon, and subject to, the Commission's final acceptance, as set forth above, and it is subject to the provisions of 16 CFR 1118.20(h). Upon the later of: (i) the Commission's final acceptance of this Agreement and service of the accepted Agreement upon Clorox, and (ii) the date of issuance of the final Order, this Agreement shall be in full force and effect, and shall be binding upon the parties.

24. Effective upon the later of: (1) the Commission's final acceptance of the Agreement and service of the accepted Agreement upon Clorox and (2) and the date of issuance of the final Order, for good and valuable consideration, Clorox hereby expressly and irrevocably waives and agrees not to assert any past, present, or future rights to the following, in connection with the matter described in this Agreement:

(i) an administrative or judicial hearing;  
 (ii) judicial review or other challenge or contest of the Commission's actions;  
 (iii) a determination by the Commission of whether Clorox failed to comply with the CPSA and the underlying regulations;  
 (iv) a statement of findings of fact and conclusions of law; and  
 (v) any claims under the Equal Access to Justice Act.

25. Clorox shall maintain a compliance program ("Compliance Program") designed to ensure compliance with the CPSA with respect to any consumer product imported, manufactured, distributed or sold by Clorox, which shall contain the following elements:

(i) written standards, policies, and procedures, including those designed to ensure that information that may relate to or impact CPSA compliance is

conveyed effectively to personnel responsible for CPSA compliance, whether or not an injury has been reported;

(ii) procedures and systems for tracking and reviewing claims, including warranty claims, and reports for safety concerns and for implementing corrective and preventive actions when compliance deficiencies or violations are identified;

(iii) procedures requiring that information required to be disclosed by Clorox to the Commission is recorded, processed, and reported in accordance with applicable law;

(iv) procedures requiring that all reporting made to the Commission is timely, truthful, complete, accurate, and in accordance with applicable law;

(v) procedures requiring that prompt disclosure is made to Clorox management of any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in the design or operation of such internal controls that are reasonably likely to affect adversely, in any material respect, Clorox's ability to record, process and report to the Commission in accordance with applicable law;

(vi) mechanisms to effectively communicate to all applicable Clorox employees, through training programs or other means, compliance-related company policies and procedures to prevent violations of the CPSA;

(vii) a mechanism for confidential employee reporting of compliance-related questions or concerns to either a compliance officer or to another senior manager with authority to act as necessary;

(viii) Clorox's senior management responsibility for, and general board oversight of, CPSA compliance, including the implementation of steps to ensure that incident and injury data is reviewed and analyzed for purposes of CPSA Section 15(b) reporting;

(ix) specific protocols for the prevention, detection, remediation, and reporting of bacterial contamination hazards in Pine Sol Scented Multi-Surface Cleaners (including but not limited to *Pseudomonas aeruginosa*), including: (a) protocols for routine cleaning and sanitation of manufacturing equipment, including environmental monitoring; (b) protocols for identifying potentially-contaminated product; (c) triggers for species-specific testing; (d) triggers for escalation of potentially-reportable bacterial hazards; and (e) protocols for corrective action where warranted;

(x) an annual internal audit of the effectiveness of policies, procedures, systems, and training related to CPSA compliance that evaluates opportunities

