

“Commission”) by Southern International Co., Ltd. (the “Complainant”) against Daynamez Group of Companies LLC (the “Respondent”).¹ Complainant states that the Commission has subject-matter jurisdiction over the complaint pursuant to 46 U.S.C. 41301 and 46 CFR 502.61(c), and personal jurisdiction over Respondent as an entity that “acted functionally” as a non-vessel-operating common carrier.

Complainant is a limited liability company and ocean transportation intermediary organized and operating under the laws of Vietnam with its principal place of business located in Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam.

Complainant identifies Respondent as a limited liability company that engages in the business of providing ocean transportation and logistics services, organized and operating under the laws of the state of Virginia with its principal place of business located in Fairfax, Virginia.

Complainant alleges that Respondent violated 46 U.S.C. 40901, 40902, and 41102(a), (b), and (c). Complainant alleges these violations arose from Respondent’s operating as a non-vessel-operating common carrier without a license, failure to remit payment to relevant carriers for the shipping of 558 containers contracted by Complainant, repeated misappropriation of funds, and other acts or omission by Respondent.

Per the presiding judge’s December 1, 2025 order in this proceeding, an answer to the amended complaint was to be filed with the Commission within 25 days after the date of service of the amended complaint.

The full text of the complaint can be found in the Commission’s electronic Reading Room at <https://www2.fmc.gov/readingroom/proceeding/25-24/>. This proceeding is assigned to the Office of Administrative Law Judges. The initial decision of the presiding judge shall be issued by August 31, 2026, and the final decision of the Commission shall be issued by March 15, 2027.

(Authority: 46 U.S.C. 41301; 46 CFR 502.61(c))

¹ This amended complaint was originally submitted via email directly to the Commission’s Office of Administrative Law Judges on December 10, 2025, and served by Complainant on Respondent that same day. The Office of the Secretary was not included as an email recipient on the amended complaint. Pursuant to 46 CFR 502.2(c) and the September 5, 2025 Initial Order, filings in this proceeding that are submitted via email must be sent to the Secretary (secretary@fmc.gov) and the opposing party, with a courtesy copy (cc) to the presiding judge (judges@fmc.gov).

Served: January 13, 2026.

David Eng,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2026–00790 Filed 1–15–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6730–02–P

FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

[Docket No. 26–02]

Nancy Prior, Complainant v. AMOOV Group; FreightLead LLC; and Air 7 Seas Transport Logistics, Inc., Respondents; Notice of Filing of Complaint and Assignment

Notice is given that a complaint has been filed with the Federal Maritime Commission (the “Commission”) by Nancy Prior (the “Complainant”) against AMOOV Group; FreightLead LLC; Air 7 Seas Transport Logistics, Inc. (the “Respondents”). Complainant states that the Commission has jurisdiction over the complaint pursuant to the Shipping Act of 1984, 46 U.S.C. 41301(a), and over Respondents FreightLead LLC and Air 7 Seas Transport Logistics, Inc. as licensed ocean transportation intermediaries.

Complainant is an individual residing in Fort Lauderdale, Florida and is the sole contracting party and owner of the household goods shipment at issue.

Complainant identifies Respondent AMOOV Group with a mailing address in Lille, France.

Complainant identifies Respondent FreightLead LLC as a licensed ocean transportation intermediary with a mailing address in Parsippany, New Jersey.

Complainant identifies Respondent Air 7 Seas Transport Logistics, Inc. as a licensed ocean transportation intermediary with a mailing address in Milpitas, California.

Complainant alleges that Respondents violated 46 U.S.C. 41102(c). Complainant alleges that these violations arose from Respondents’ refusal to provide an unredacted master bill of lading, withholding of Complainant’s shipment due to a dispute between Respondents, and other acts or omissions by Respondents.

An answer to the complaint must be filed with the Commission within 25 days after the date of service.

The full text of the complaint can be found in the Commission’s electronic Reading Room at <https://www2.fmc.gov/readingroom/proceeding/26-02>. This proceeding has been assigned to the Office of Administrative Law Judges. The initial decision of the presiding judge shall be issued by January 14, 2027, and the final decision of the

Commission shall be issued by July 28, 2027.

(Authority: 46 U.S.C. 41301; 46 CFR 502.61(c))

Served: January 14, 2026.

David Eng,

Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2026–00874 Filed 1–15–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6730–02–P

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

Revised Jurisdictional Thresholds for Section 7A of the Clayton Act

AGENCY: Federal Trade Commission.

ACTION: Annual notice of revision.

SUMMARY: The Federal Trade Commission announces the revised thresholds for the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976 required by the 2000 amendment of Section 7A of the Clayton Act; and the revised filing fee schedule for the same Act required by Division GG of the 2023 Consolidated Appropriations Act.

DATES: February 17, 2026.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Nora Whitehead (nwhitehead@ftc.gov; 202–326–3262), Bureau of Competition, Premerger Notification Office, 400 7th Street SW, Washington, DC 20024.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This document announces updates to (1) the thresholds for the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as required by the 2000 amendment of Section 7A of the Clayton Act; and (2) the filing fee schedule for the same Act, as required by Division GG of the 2023 Consolidated Appropriations Act. Both updates are discussed in more detail below.

(1) The Jurisdictional Thresholds

Section 7A of the Clayton Act, 15 U.S.C. 18a, as added by the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, Public Law 94–435, 90 Stat. 1390 (“the Act”), requires all persons contemplating certain mergers or acquisitions, which meet or exceed the jurisdictional thresholds in the Act, to file notification with the Commission and the Assistant Attorney General and to wait a designated period of time before consummating such transactions. Section 7A(a)(2) requires the Federal Trade Commission to revise those thresholds annually, based on the change in gross national product, in accordance with Section 8(a)(5).

The new jurisdictional thresholds, which take effect 30 days after publication in the **Federal Register**, are as follows:

Subsection of 7A	Original jurisdictional threshold (million)	2026 Adjusted jurisdictional threshold (million)
7A(a)(2)(A)	\$200	\$535.5
7A(a)(2)(B)(i)	50	133.9
7A(a)(2)(B)(i)	200	535.5
7A(a)(2)(B)(ii)(i)	10	26.8
7A(a)(2)(B)(ii)(i)	100	267.8
7A(a)(2)(B)(ii)(II)	10	26.8
7A(a)(2)(B)(ii)(II)	100	267.8
7A(a)(2)(B)(ii)(III)	100	267.8
7A(a)(2)(B)(ii)(III)	10	26.8

Any reference to the jurisdictional thresholds and related thresholds and limitation values in the HSR rules (16

CFR parts 801 through 803) and the Antitrust Improvements Act Notification and Report Form (“the HSR

Form”) and its Instructions will also be adjusted, where indicated by the term “(as adjusted)”, as follows:

Original threshold	2026 Adjusted threshold
\$10 million	\$26.8 million.
\$50 million	\$133.9 million.
\$100 million	\$267.8 million.
\$110 million	\$294.5 million.
\$200 million	\$535.5 million.
\$500 million	\$1.339 billion.
\$1 billion	\$2.678 billion.

(2) The Filing Fee Thresholds

Section 605 of Public Law 101–162 (15 U.S.C. 18a note) requires the Federal Trade Commission to assess and collect filing fees from persons acquiring voting securities or assets under the Act. The original filing fee thresholds are set forth in Section 605. Division GG of the 2023 Consolidated Appropriations Act,

Public Law 117–328, 136 Stat. 4459, requires the Federal Trade Commission to revise these filing fee thresholds and amounts based on the percentage change in the GNP for such fiscal year compared to the GNP for the year ending September 30, 2022 (for the filing fee thresholds) and the percentage increase, if any, in the Consumer Price Index, as determined by the Department

of Labor or its successor, for the year then ended over the level so established for the year ending September 30, 2022 (for the fee amounts).

Any reference to the fee thresholds and related values in the HSR rules (16 CFR parts 801 through 803) and the HSR Form and its Instructions will also be adjusted, where indicated by the term “(as adjusted)”, as follows:

Original filing fee	Original applicable size of transaction *	2026 Adjusted filing fee	2026 Adjusted applicable size of transaction *
\$30,000	less than \$161.5 million	\$35,000	less than \$189.6 million.
100,000	not less than \$161.5 million but less than \$500 million.	110,000	not less than \$189.6 million but less than \$586.9 million.
250,000	not less than \$500 million but less than \$1 billion.	275,000	not less than \$586.9 million but less than \$1.174 billion.
400,000	not less than \$1 billion but less than \$2 billion	440,000	not less than \$1.174 billion but less than \$2.347 billion.
800,000	not less than \$2 billion but less than \$5 billion	875,000	not less than \$2.347 billion but less than \$5.869 billion.
2,250,000	\$5 billion or more	2,460,000	\$5.869 billion or more.

* as determined under Section 7A(a)(2) of the Act.

By direction of the Commission.

Joel Christie,

Acting Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2026–00877 Filed 1–15–26; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6750–01–P

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

Revised Jurisdictional Thresholds for Section 8 of the Clayton Act

AGENCY: Federal Trade Commission.

ACTION: Annual notice of revision.

SUMMARY: The Federal Trade Commission announces the revised thresholds for interlocking directorates required by the 1990 amendment of Section 8 of the Clayton Act. Section 8 prohibits, with certain exceptions, one person from serving as a director or officer of two competing corporations if two thresholds are met. Competitor corporations are covered by Section 8 if each one has capital, surplus, and

undivided profits aggregating more than \$10,000,000, with the exception that no corporation is covered if the competitive sales of either corporation are less than \$1,000,000. Section 8(a)(5) requires the Federal Trade Commission to revise those thresholds annually, based on the change in gross national product. The new thresholds, which take effect immediately, are \$54,402,000 for Section 8(a)(1), and \$5,440,200 for Section 8(a)(2)(A).

DATES: January 16, 2026.