

c. As noted above, the Reserve Banks would retain their discretion to impose additional restrictions and risk controls on a Payment Account on a case-by-case basis.

IV. Request for Information

The Board requests public input on all aspects of the Payment Account prototype, and in particular the Board seeks responses to the following questions:

1. Would the design of the Payment Account prototype support payment activities of eligible institutions?
2. What payment activities or use cases would a Payment Account best facilitate (or be unable to facilitate)?
3. What barriers to innovation in payments would a Payment Account eliminate or alleviate?
4. Would the design of the Payment Account prototype potentially increase the range of risks to the payment system identified in the Guidelines? If so, in what ways?
5. What are the benefits and challenges of imposing an overnight balance limit on a Payment Account? Are there adjustments to the proposed formula for setting the balance limit that the Board should consider if it decides to establish a Payment Account?
6. What are the benefits and drawbacks of paying no interest on overnight balances in a Payment Account?
7. How might the Federal Reserve condition access to a Payment Account on the applicant having an acceptable AML, Bank Secrecy Act (BSA) and Countering the Financing of Terrorism (CFT) compliance programs and, more generally, how can the Federal Reserve best constrain AML/BSA/CFT risks associated with a Payment Account?
8. Are there additional features or limits that the Board should consider in the design of the Payment Account prototype?

By order of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Benjamin W. McDonough,

Deputy Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. 2025-23712 Filed 12-22-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6210-01-P

moderate amount of additional time for the Reserve Bank to review the request, and the Reserve Bank would be expected to consult with the Board on such an adjustment. The Board may set a limit on the additional review time. Thus, the 90-day review might be extended in some cases.

FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

Change in Bank Control Notices; Acquisitions of Shares of a Bank or Bank Holding Company

The notificants listed below have applied under the Change in Bank Control Act (Act) (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)) and § 225.41 of the Board's Regulation Y (12 CFR 225.41) to acquire shares of a bank or bank holding company. The factors that are considered in acting on the applications are set forth in paragraph 7 of the Act (12 U.S.C. 1817(j)(7)).

The public portions of the applications listed below, as well as other related filings required by the Board, if any, are available for immediate inspection at the Federal Reserve Bank(s) indicated below and at the offices of the Board of Governors. This information may also be obtained on an expedited basis, upon request, by contacting the appropriate Federal Reserve Bank and from the Board's Freedom of Information Office at <https://www.federalreserve.gov/foia/request.htm>. Interested persons may express their views in writing on the standards enumerated in paragraph 7 of the Act.

Comments received are subject to public disclosure. In general, comments received will be made available without change and will not be modified to remove personal or business information including confidential, contact, or other identifying information. Comments should not include any information such as confidential information that would not be appropriate for public disclosure.

Comments regarding each of these applications must be received at the Reserve Bank indicated or the offices of the Board of Governors, Benjamin W. McDonough, Deputy Secretary of the Board, 20th Street and Constitution Avenue NW, Washington, DC 20551-0001, not later than January 7, 2026.

A. Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta (Erien O. Terry, Assistant Vice President) 1000 Peachtree Street NE, Atlanta, Georgia 30309. Comments can also be sent electronically to *Applications.Comments@atl.frb.org*:

1. *Delmar A. Benton, Sharon Benton, Sara Jane Frerichs, and BD and Merle Benton Trust, Delmar A. Benton as trustee, all of Madisonville, Tennessee; Darrell A. Benton, Meghan N. Benton, Elizabeth Sharon Benton, Sally Suzanne Benton, and Nancy F. Garza, all of Maryville, Tennessee;* to form the Benton Family Control Group, a group acting in concert, to retain voting shares of Peoples Bancshares, of TN, Inc., and thereby indirectly retain voting shares of

Peoples Bank of East Tennessee, both of Madisonville, Tennessee.

B. Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City (Jeffrey Imgarten, Assistant Vice President) 1 Memorial Drive, Kansas City, Missouri 64198-0001. Comments can also be sent electronically to *KCApplicationComments@kc.frb.org*:

1. *Adam Duston Rainbolt Trust I; Jacob Patrick Rainbolt Trust I; and Samuel Johnson Rainbolt Trust I, all of Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; David E. Rainbolt as trustee and trust supervisor, and Dana Kim Rainbolt as trust supervisor, all of Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; Dana Kim Rainbolt Revocable Trust, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, David E. Rainbolt and Dana Kim Rainbolt as co-trustees and trust supervisors, Samuel Johnson Rainbolt and Jacob Patrick Rainbolt as trust supervisors, all of Oklahoma City, Oklahoma;* to become members of the Rainbolt Family Control Group, a group acting in concert, to retain voting shares of BancFirst Corporation, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, and thereby indirectly retain voting shares of BancFirst, Oklahoma City, Oklahoma; Pegasus Bank, Dallas, Texas; Worthington Bank, Arlington, Texas; and American Bank of Oklahoma, Collinsville, Oklahoma.

Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

Michele Taylor Fennell,
Associate Secretary of the Board.

[FR Doc. 2025-23715 Filed 12-22-25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 6210-01-P

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

[File No. 241 0081]

Adamas Amenity Services LLC, et al.; Analysis of Agreement Containing Consent Order To Aid Public Comment

AGENCY: Federal Trade Commission.

ACTION: Proposed consent agreement; request for comment.

SUMMARY: The consent agreement in this matter settles alleged violations of Federal law prohibiting unfair methods of competition. The attached Analysis of Agreement Containing Consent Order to Aid Public Comment describes both the allegations in the complaint and the terms of the consent order—embodied in the consent agreement—that would settle these allegations.

DATES: Comments must be received on or before January 22, 2026.

ADDRESSES: Interested parties may file comments online or on paper by following the instructions in the Request for Comment part of the **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** section

below. Please write: "Adamas Services; File No. 241 0081" on your comment and file your comment online at <https://www.regulations.gov> by following the instructions on the web-based form. If you prefer to file your comment on paper, please mail your comment to the following address: Federal Trade Commission, Office of the Secretary, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Mail Stop H-144 (Annex P), Washington, DC 20580.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Mike Naranjo (415-848-5183), American Competition Enforcement Division, Federal Trade Commission, 907th Street, Suite 14-300, San Francisco, CA 94103.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Pursuant to section 6(f) of the Federal Trade Commission Act, 15 U.S.C. 46(f), and FTC Rule 2.34, 16 CFR 2.34, notice is hereby given that the above-captioned consent agreement containing a consent order to cease and desist, having been filed with and accepted, subject to final approval, by the Commission, has been placed on the public record for a period of 30 days. The following Analysis of Agreement Containing Consent Order to Aid Public Comment describes the terms of the consent agreement and the allegations in the complaint. An electronic copy of the full text of the consent agreement package can be obtained from the FTC website at this web address: <https://www.ftc.gov/news-events/commission-actions>.

The public is invited to submit comments on this document. We strongly encourage you to submit your comments online through the <https://www.regulations.gov> website. For the Commission to consider your comment, we must receive it on or before January 22, 2026.

If you prefer to file your comment on paper, write "Adamas Services; File No. 241 0081" on your comment and on the envelope, and mail your comment by overnight service to: Federal Trade Commission, Office of the Secretary, 600 Pennsylvania Avenue NW, Mail Stop H-144 (Annex P), Washington, DC 20580. Because of the agency's heightened security screening, postal mail addressed to the Commission will be delayed.

Your comment—including your name and your State—will be placed on the public record of this proceeding, including, to the extent practicable, on the <https://www.regulations.gov> website. Because your comment will be placed on the publicly accessible website at <https://www.regulations.gov>, you are solely responsible for making sure your comment does not include

any sensitive or confidential information. In particular, your comment should not include sensitive personal information, such as your or anyone else's Social Security number; date of birth; driver's license number or other State identification number, or foreign country equivalent; passport number; financial account number; or credit or debit card number. You are also solely responsible for making sure your comment does not include sensitive health information, such as medical records or other individually identifiable health information. In addition, your comment should not include any "trade secret or any commercial or financial information which . . . is privileged or confidential"—as provided by section 6(f) of the FTC Act, 15 U.S.C. 46(f), and FTC Rule 4.10(a)(2), 16 CFR 4.10(a)(2)—including competitively sensitive information such as costs, sales statistics, inventories, formulas, patterns, devices, manufacturing processes, or customer names.

Comments containing material for which confidential treatment is requested must be filed in paper form, must be clearly labeled "Confidential," and must comply with FTC Rule 4.9(c). In particular, the written request for confidential treatment that accompanies the comment must include the factual and legal basis for the request and must identify the specific portions of the comment to be withheld from the public record. See FTC Rule 4.9(c). Your comment will be kept confidential only if the General Counsel grants your request in accordance with the law and the public interest. Once your comment has been posted on <https://www.regulations.gov>—as legally required by FTC Rule 4.9(b)—we cannot redact or remove your comment from that website, unless you submit a confidentiality request that meets the requirements for such treatment under FTC Rule 4.9(c), and the General Counsel grants that request.

Visit the FTC website at <https://www.ftc.gov> to read this document and the news release describing this matter. The FTC Act and other laws the Commission administers permit the collection of public comments to consider and use in this proceeding, as appropriate. The Commission will consider all timely and responsive public comments it receives on or before January 22, 2026. For information on the Commission's privacy policy, including routine uses permitted by the Privacy Act, see <https://www.ftc.gov/site-information/privacy-policy>.

Analysis of Agreement Containing Consent Order To Aid Public Comment

I. Introduction

The Federal Trade Commission ("Commission") has accepted, subject to final approval, an Agreement Containing Consent Order ("Consent Agreement") with Adamas Amenity Services LLC, Adamas Building Services LLC, Adamas Concierge LLC, Adamas Parking Services LLC, and Adamas Security LLC (collectively, "Respondents"). The proposed Decision and Order ("Order"), included in the Consent Agreement and subject to final Commission approval, is designed to remedy the anticompetitive effects that have resulted from Respondents' use of restrictive covenants in some of their contracts with building owners and managers that limit the ability of those building owners and managers to solicit or hire Respondents' employees ("No-Hire Agreements"). The term No-Hire Agreement refers to a term in an agreement between two or more companies that restricts, imposes conditions on, or otherwise limits a company's ability to solicit, recruit, or hire another company's employees, during employment or afterwards, directly or indirectly, including by imposing a fee or damages in connection with such conduct, or that otherwise inhibits competition between companies for each other's employees' services.

The Consent Agreement settles charges that Respondents have engaged in unfair methods of competition in violation of section 5 of the FTC Act, as amended, 15 U.S.C. 45 ("section 5 of the FTC Act"), by entering into No-Hire Agreements with customers. Respondents' No-Hire Agreements constitute unreasonable restraints of trade that are unlawful under section 1 of the Sherman Act, 15 U.S.C. 1, and are thus unfair methods of competition in violation of section 5 of the FTC Act. Independent of the Sherman Act, Respondents' use of the No-Hire Agreements constitutes an unfair method of competition with a tendency or likelihood to harm competition, consumers, and employees in the building services industry, in violation of section 5 of the FTC Act.

The proposed Order has been placed on the public record for 30 days in order to receive comments from interested persons. Comments received during this period will become part of the public record. After 30 days, the Commission will again review the Consent Agreement, and the comments received, and will decide whether it should withdraw from the Consent Agreement

and take appropriate action or make the proposed Order final.

II. The Respondents

Respondents are building services contractors headquartered in Rutherford, New Jersey that provide building maintenance, janitorial, concierge, valet, and security services. Respondent Adamas Amenity Services LLC provides services relating to residential building amenities such as pool and fitness facilities. Respondent Adamas Building Services LLC provides janitorial and maintenance services. Respondent Adamas Concierge LLC handles front desk, doorman, and lobby attendant services. Respondent Adamas Parking LLC provides parking garage and valet services. Respondent Adamas Security LLC handles unarmed security services. A substantial majority of Respondents' work relates to residential buildings.

III. The Complaint

The complaint alleges that Respondents sell building services to building owners and property management companies, primarily consisting of the labor of janitors, security guards, maintenance workers, and concierge desk workers who are directly employed by Respondents. These employees perform their work predominantly in New Jersey and New York City.

The complaint also alleges that Respondents and their building owner and property manager customers are direct competitors in labor markets for building services workers. These include the markets for workers to perform concierge, security, janitorial, maintenance, and related services.

As alleged in the complaint, Respondents use standard-form agreements with their customers that include No-Hire Agreements. The No-Hire Agreements restrict the ability of Respondents' customers to (1) directly hire workers employed by Respondents and (2) indirectly hire workers employed by Respondents through a competing building services contractor after the competitor wins the customers' business away from Respondents. These restrictions apply during the term of Respondents' contracts and for six months thereafter. The restrictions against hiring apply not just to Respondents' employees staffed to provide services for a particular customer, but to all of Respondents' building services employees.

The complaint alleges that Respondents' No-Hire Agreements are anticompetitive because they eliminate direct, horizontal, and significant forms

of competition to attract labor in the U.S. building services industry. These agreements deny employees access to job opportunities, restrict their mobility, and deprive them of competitively significant information that they could have used to negotiate for better terms of employment. The complaint further alleges that any legitimate objectives of Respondents' conduct could have been achieved through significantly less restrictive means. Among other terms, the scope and duration of the No-Hire Agreements are not reasonably necessary to achieve any claimed pro-competitive purpose of Respondents' building services contracts. For these reasons, the complaint alleges that the No-Hire Agreements constitute unreasonable restraints of trade that violate section 1 of the Sherman Act, 15 U.S.C. 1, and are thus unfair methods of competition in violation of section 5 of the FTC Act.

Independent of the Sherman Act, the complaint alleges that Respondents' conduct constitutes an unfair method of competition with a tendency or likelihood to harm competition, consumers, and employees in the building services industry, in violation of section 5 of the FTC Act. According to the complaint, the No-Hire Agreements limit the ability of building owners and competing building service contractors to hire Respondents' employees. This harms Respondents' employees because it limits their ability to negotiate for higher wages, better benefits, and improved working conditions. Employees may suffer further hardship if the building they work at changes management, because the No-Hire Agreements force them to leave their jobs in some circumstances. The complaint further alleges that the No-Hire Agreements harm building owners and managers because they may be foreclosed from seeking or accepting bids from Respondents' competitors due to the prospect of losing long-serving workers with extensive, building-specific experience.

IV. Proposed Order

The proposed Order seeks to remedy Respondents' unfair methods of competition. Section II of the proposed Order prohibits Respondents from entering or attempting to enter, maintaining or attempting to maintain, enforcing or attempting to enforce, or threatening to enforce a No-Hire Agreement, or communicating to a customer or any other person that any Adamas employee is subject to a No-Hire Agreement.

Paragraph III.A of the proposed Order requires Respondents to provide written

notice to customers that are subject to No-Hire Agreements that (i) the restriction is null and void, and (ii) any customer or a subsequent building services contractor for a customer is no longer subject to the restrictions or penalties related to the No-Hire Agreements in Respondents' contracts.

Paragraph III.B of the proposed Order requires Respondents to provide written notices to employees who are subject to a No-Hire Agreement. Paragraph III.C requires that Respondents post clear and conspicuous notice that employees are not subject to No-Hire Agreements and may seek or accept a job with the building directly, or any company that wins the building's business.

Paragraphs IV.A and IV.B of the proposed Order require that Respondents immediately cease enforcing No-Hire Agreements and, within 30 days after the Order is issued, provide key employees of Respondents with a copy of the Order and Complaint. Paragraphs IV.C–E set forth Respondents' ongoing compliance obligations.

Other paragraphs contain standard provisions regarding compliance reports, requirements for Respondents to provide notice to the FTC of material changes to their business, and access for the FTC to documents and personnel. The term of the proposed Order is ten years.

The purpose of this analysis is to facilitate public comment on the Consent Agreement and proposed Order to aid the Commission in determining whether it should make the proposed Order final. This analysis is not an official interpretation of the proposed Order and does not modify its terms in any way.

By direction of the Commission.

April J. Tabor,
Secretary.

[FR Doc. 2025-23716 Filed 12-22-25; 8:45 am]
BILLING CODE 6750-01-P

FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

Agency Information Collection Activities; Proposed Collection; Comment Request; Extension

AGENCY: Federal Trade Commission.
ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: The Federal Trade Commission ("FTC" or "Commission") is seeking public comment on its proposal to extend for an additional three years the Office of Management and Budget clearance for information collection requirements of its Affiliate Marketing Rule, which applies to