

additional information on the determinations in this notice, including the results of consultation, can be found in the summary or related records. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

Abstract of Information Available

A total of 175 cultural items have been requested for repatriation. The 175 catalog numbers representing objects of cultural patrimony are ecofacts (faunal bone), flaked stone, and miscellaneous lithics. CA-KER-3558 and CA-KER-3559 are located in Kern County, California, near State Route 58. The collection is the result of the 1993 Archaeological Testing and Evaluation of CA-KER-3558 and CA-KER-3559, Fremont Valley, for the Proposed Mojave Bypass Project (EA 243400). The collection is controlled by Caltrans and curated at The University of California, Riverside (UCR), as Accession #225. The initial catalog recorded 76 catalog numbers, while the 2025 catalog verification confirmed 175 catalog numbers, all of which are present. Based on the information available and the results of consultation, cultural affiliation is clearly identified by the information available about the objects of cultural patrimony described in this notice. There are no known/ documented potentially hazardous substances used to treat any of the cultural items.

Determinations

The Caltrans has determined that:

- The 175 objects of cultural patrimony described in this notice have ongoing historical, traditional, or cultural importance central to the Native American group, including any constituent sub-group (such as a band, clan, lineage, ceremonial society, or other subdivision), according to the Native American traditional knowledge of an Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization.

- There is a reasonable connection between the cultural items described in this notice and the Tejon Indian Tribe.

Requests for Repatriation

Additional, written requests for repatriation of the cultural items in this notice must be sent to the authorized representative identified in this notice under **ADDRESSES**. Requests for repatriation may be submitted by any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice who shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the requestor is a lineal descendant or a culturally affiliated Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization.

Repatriation of the cultural items in this notice to a requestor may occur on or after January 21, 2026. If competing requests for repatriation are received, Caltrans must determine the most appropriate requestor prior to repatriation. Requests for joint repatriation of the cultural items are considered a single request and not competing requests. The Caltrans is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice and to any other consulting parties.

Authority: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3004 and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.9.

Dated: December 11, 2025.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program.

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[N6803; NPS-WASO-NAGPRA-NPS0041625; PPWOCRADNO-PCU00RP14.R50000]

Notice of Intended Repatriation: Wisconsin Historical Society, Madison, WI

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), the Wisconsin Historical Society (WHS) intends to repatriate certain cultural items that meet the definition of unassociated funerary objects, sacred objects, and/or objects of cultural patrimony and that have a cultural affiliation with the Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations in this notice.

DATES: Repatriation of the cultural items in this notice may occur on or after January 21, 2026.

ADDRESSES: Send additional, written requests for repatriation of the cultural items in this notice to Jacqueline Pozza Reisner, Wisconsin Historical Society, 204 S Thornton Avenue, Madison, WI 53703, email jacqueline.pozza@wisconsinhistory.org.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA. The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the WHS, and

additional information on the determinations in this notice, including the results of consultation, can be found in the summary or related records. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

Abstract of Information Available

A total of nine sets of cultural items have been requested for repatriation. A total of eight of the sets of items are objects of cultural patrimony and one is an unassociated funerary object.

The objects of cultural patrimony are: items purchased from Paul J. Warner of Chicago, Illinois: a string of wampum (1954.1676) and three brooches worn and used by John W. Quinney collected in Stockbridge, Wisconsin (1954.1677, a-b). A beaded pouch made by a Stockbridge woman, c. 1843, and donated through the Rosellette Bird estate (1954.1680). Four sets of items from Austin Quinney of Stockbridge, Wisconsin donated through the Harriet B. Quinney estate: a firemaking set (1954.1699, A-B, D), a fiber and buffalo bag (1954.2048), and two sets of two garters (1954.2052, A and 1954.2053, a). Lastly, a wampum bead collected in Outagamie County by William F. Wolf (1975.287.6).

The one unassociated funerary object is a stone pendant (1955.1341) removed from a burial mound at Dorn's Landing in Calumet County, Wisconsin by the donor of the pendant—Orrin Thompson—in 1844. WHS has no documentation indicating that human remains were removed from the mound by the donor.

Determinations

WHS has determined that:

- The one unassociated funerary objects described in this notice are reasonably believed to have been placed intentionally with or near human remains, and are connected, either at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony of a Native American culture according to the Native American traditional knowledge of a lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization. The unassociated funerary objects have been identified by a preponderance of the evidence as related to human remains, specific individuals, or families, or removed from a specific burial site or burial area of an individual or individuals with cultural affiliation to an Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization.

- The eight sets of objects of cultural patrimony described in this notice have ongoing historical, traditional, or cultural importance central to the Native American group, including any

constituent sub-group (such as a band, clan, lineage, ceremonial society, or other subdivision), according to the Native American traditional knowledge of an Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization.

- There is a connection between the cultural items described in this notice and the Stockbridge Munsee Community, Wisconsin.

Requests for Repatriation

Additional, written requests for repatriation of the cultural items in this notice must be sent to the authorized representative identified in this notice under **ADDRESSES**. Requests for repatriation may be submitted by any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice who shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the requestor is a lineal descendant or a culturally affiliated Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization.

Repatriation of the cultural items in this notice to a requestor may occur on or after January 21, 2026. If competing requests for repatriation are received, WHS must determine the most appropriate requestor prior to repatriation. Requests for joint repatriation of the cultural items are considered a single request and not competing requests. WHS is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice and to any other consulting parties.

Authority: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3004 and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.9.

Dated: December 11, 2025.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program.

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[N6776; NPS-WASO-NAGPRA-NPS0041624; PPWOCRADNO-PCU00RP14.R50000]

Notice of Intended Repatriation: University of Georgia, Laboratory of Archaeology, Athens, GA

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), the University of Georgia, Laboratory of Archaeology intends to repatriate

certain cultural items that meet the definition of unassociated funerary objects and that have a cultural affiliation with the Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations in this notice.

DATES: Repatriation of the cultural items in this notice may occur on or after January 21, 2026.

ADDRESSES: Send additional, written requests for repatriation of the cultural items in this notice to Amanda Roberts Thompson, University of Georgia, Laboratory of Archaeology, 1125 E Whitehall Road, Athens, GA 30602, email arobthom@uga.edu.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA. The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the University of Georgia, Laboratory of Archaeology and additional information on the determinations in this notice, including the results of consultation, can be found in the summary or related records. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

Abstract of Information Available

A total of 193 lots of cultural items have been requested for repatriation. The 193 lots of unassociated funerary objects are ceramics, faunal bone, pipes, shell, lithics, soil, daub, shell beads, burnt clay, shell, faunal bone and charcoal mix, faunal bone and shell mix, soil, bone and sherds mix, beads, botanicals, charcoal, shell ear pins, shell gorgets, shell pendant, bone tools, bone pin, bone beamer, shell concretion, miscellaneous concretions, shell tool, unmodified lithics, pebbles, metal, fossilized bone, pearl bead, whale otoliths, baked clay objects, bone button, burnt wood, charcoal and soil mix, copper rings, and glass beads.

The 193 lots of unassociated funerary objects were removed from the Lower Coastal Plain Physiographic Province of Georgia, including Bryan County sites 9BN7 Seven Mile Bend, 9BN9 Red Bird Creek, 9BN10 Kilkenny; Chatham County sites 9CH14 Oemler Mound, 9CH15 Haven Home (Indian Kings Tomb), 9CH61 Pagan Plum, 9CH71 Groves Creek, 9CH309 PH Lewis Survey; Glynn County sites 9GN22 Kelvin Grove Plantation, 9GN34 Sea Island Point, 9GN40 Belle Point, 9GN44 89 Horton House, 9GN51 Kent Mound, 9GN54 Goodyear Mound, 9GN55 Taylor Mound, 9GN74, Sea Palms; Liberty County sites 9LI8 Fallen Tree, 9LI20 Mary's Mound, 9LI21 Meeting House Field, 9LI274 Mission Santa Catalina de Guale, 9LI648,

McQueen Shell Ring; McIntosh County sites 9MC Site 147, 9MC4 Townsend Mound, 9MC64 Pine Harbor Mound, 9MC341 Creighton Island, 9MC60/385 Cox Mound, 9MC404 The Thicket, 9MC414 Little Pine Island and from unprovenienced areas in Chatham County, Glynn or McIntosh Counties, and Liberty County. The lots are summarized by site/geographic location below.

A total of 14 lots of unassociated funerary objects were collected by Fred Cook in 1971 at 9BN7, Seven Mile Bend in Bryan County, Georgia. Cook donated the collection to the University of Georgia, Department of Anthropology, but the date of the donation is not known. There is no record of any potentially hazardous substances.

A total of 11 lots of unassociated funerary objects were collected by Charles Pearson and Chester DePratter in 1973 at 9BN9, Red Bird Creek in Bryan County, Georgia. Pearson and DePratter donated the collection to the University of Georgia, Department of Anthropology, but the date of the donation is not known. There is no record of any potentially hazardous substances.

A total of four lots of unassociated funerary objects were collected by Fred Cook in 1968 at 9BN10, Kilkenny Mound in Bryan County, Georgia. Cook donated the collection to the University of Georgia, Department of Anthropology, but the date of the donation is not known. There is no record of any potentially hazardous substances.

A total of one lot of unassociated funerary objects was collected by Chester DePratter and Pennington in 1978 at 9CH14 Oemler Marsh Mound in Chatham County, Georgia. It is likely that the collection was brought to the University of Georgia, Laboratory of Archaeology after the project but the date is unknown. There is no record of any potentially hazardous substances.

A total of one lot of unassociated funerary objects was collected from 9CH15 Haven Home in Chatham County, Georgia. The collection history is somewhat unclear but it is known that excavations occurred at the site in the late 1930s. At some point in 1972, objects were transferred to the University of Georgia, Laboratory of Archaeology. There is no record of any potentially hazardous substances.

A total of one lot of unassociated funerary objects was collected by Chester DePratter and Don Crusoe from 9CH61 Pagan Plum Point in Chatham County, Georgia in the early 1970s. It is likely that the collection was brought to the University of Georgia, Laboratory of