

you are disabled and need reasonable accommodations to attend a public hearing, contact the person listed under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT**. We will arrange the location and time of the hearing with those persons requesting the hearing. If no one requests an opportunity to speak, we will not hold a hearing.

To assist the transcriber and ensure an accurate record, we request, if possible, that each person who speaks at the public hearing provide us with a written copy of his or her comments. The public hearing will continue on the specified date until everyone scheduled to speak has been given an opportunity to be heard. If you are in the audience and have not been scheduled to speak and wish to do so, you will be allowed to speak after those who have been scheduled. We will end the hearing after everyone scheduled to speak and others present in the audience who wish to speak, have been heard.

Public Meeting

If only one person requests an opportunity to speak, we may hold a public meeting rather than a public hearing. If you wish to meet with us to discuss the amendment, please request a meeting by contacting the person listed under **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT**. All such meetings are open to the public and, if possible, we will post notices of meetings at the locations listed under **ADDRESSES**. We will make a written summary of each meeting a part of the administrative record.

IV. Statutory and Executive Order Review

Executive Order 12866—Regulatory Planning and Review and Executive Order 13563—Improving Regulation and Regulatory Review

Executive Order 12866 provides that the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs in the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) will review all significant rules. Pursuant to OMB guidance, dated October 12, 1993 (OMB Memo M–94–3), the approval of reclamation plan amendments is exempted from OMB review under Executive Order 12866.

Other Laws and Executive Orders Affecting Rulemaking

When a State submits a plan amendment to OSMRE for review, our regulations at 30 CFR 884.14 and 884.15, and agency policy require public notification and an opportunity for public comment. We accomplish this by publishing a notice in the **Federal Register** indicating receipt of the

proposed amendment and its text or a summary of its terms.

We will conclude our review of the proposed amendment after the close of the public comment period and will determine whether the amendment should be approved, approved in part, or not approved. At that time, we will also make the determinations and certifications required by the various laws and executive orders governing the rulemaking process and include them in the final rule.

List of Subjects in 30 CFR Part 934

Intergovernmental relations, Surface mining, Underground mining.

Marcelo Calle,

Acting Regional Director, Unified Interior Regions 5, 7–11.

[FR Doc. 2025–23264 Filed 12–17–25; 8:45 am]

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POSTAL REGULATORY COMMISSION

39 CFR Part 3055

[Docket No. RM2026–1; Order No. 9397]

RIN 3211–AA40

Service Performance Reporting

AGENCY: Postal Regulatory Commission.

ACTION: Notice of proposed rulemaking.

SUMMARY: The Notice of Proposed Rulemaking proposes revisions to update the existing annual service performance reporting requirements for the Postal Service's Market Dominant products. The proposed revisions are based on both recent legal developments and the Commission's experience with the existing rules. This document informs the public of the filing, invites public comment, and takes other administrative steps.

DATES: *Comments are due:* January 19, 2026. *Reply comments are due:* February 9, 2026.

ADDRESSES: Submit comments electronically via the Commission's Filing Online system at <https://www.prc.gov>. Those who cannot submit comments electronically should contact the person identified in the **FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT** section by telephone for advice on filing alternatives. The Rule Summary can be found on the Commission's Rule Summary Page at <https://www.prc.gov/rule-summary-page>.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: David A. Trissell, General Counsel, at 202–789–6820.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

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I. Background

The Postal Accountability and Enhancement Act (PAEA) enhanced the Commission's role in overseeing how the Postal Service reports information.¹ The PAEA requires the Commission to prescribe the content and form of the public reports that the Postal Service files with the Commission under section 3652. 39 U.S.C. 3652(e)(1). The Commission may initiate proceedings to improve the quality, accuracy, or completeness of Postal Service reporting whenever the Commission determines that service performance data have become significantly inadequate, could be significantly improved, or otherwise requires revision as necessitated by the public interest. 39 U.S.C. 3652(e)(2). The PAEA introduced new requirements that led to the Postal Service developing service standards (a delivery day range and business rules), service performance goals (on-time percent targets), and service performance measurement systems.

Following a multi-year evaluation process, on July 5, 2018, the Commission approved the use of the Internal Service Performance Measurement (SPM) System.² In doing so, the Commission found the applicable standard for use of an internal service performance measurement system to be whether the system is capable of reporting accurate, reliable, and representative service performance data. *Id.* at 15. From a design perspective, SPM is significantly more complex than the measurement systems that preceded it. In recent months, the Postal Service has three times given the Commission notice of substantial planned changes to the SPM system.³

¹ Postal Accountability and Enhancement Act (PAEA), Public Law 109–435, 120 Stat. 3198 (2006). See 39 U.S.C. 3652(e).

² Docket No. PI2015–1, Order Approving Use of Internal Measurement Systems, July 5, 2018 (Order No. 4697).

³ In the first two of these instances, the Commission put in place interim reporting requirements to enable it to evaluate the effect of these changes on SPM's accuracy, reliability, and representativeness, and also to evaluate whether any revisions to the Commission's service performance reporting requirements with respect to measurement exclusions are necessary. See Docket Nos. RM2024–9 and PI2025–2, Interim Order Regarding Proposed Service Performance Measurement Changes, March 28, 2025, at 22–23, 37–39, 40–41 (Order No. 8761). These reporting requirements were partially modified by Order No. 8823. See Docket Nos. RM2024–9 and PI2025–2, Order Conditionally Granting Motion for

The recent enactment of the Postal Service Reform Act of 2022 (PSRA) codified a requirement for the Postal Service to set reasonable performance targets for each product and to provide those targets to the Commission for the Commission to evaluate compliance each year.⁴

II. Basis of Proposed Rules

Pursuant to 39 U.S.C. 503, 3652, 3653, 3691, and 3692, the Commission proposes revisions to the service performance reporting rules at 39 CFR part 3055, subpart A.

First, the Commission proposes revisions to existing sections 3055.4 and 3055.5 to more specifically address changes to internal service performance measurement systems. These revisions would establish a burden of proof that proposed changes to such systems would be required to meet and would prevent the Postal Service from implementing changes without prior Commission approval. They would also codify the Commission's existing authority to initiate a proceeding to review such systems at any time, and would implement a procedure whereby interested persons could petition the Commission to initiate such a proceeding.

Second, the Commission proposes revisions to existing section 3055.5 to require the Postal Service to begin providing notice of all changes to service standard delivery day ranges and changes to origin/destination ZIP Code pairs that affect the number of days to delivery, at least 30 days prior to implementation.

Third, the Commission proposes revisions to existing sections 3055.6 and 3055.7 in recognition of the PSRA's requirement that the Postal Service establish and file with the Commission reasonable performance targets, which the Commission must use to evaluate compliance for each product. 39 U.S.C. 3692(a). The Postal Service would be required to provide sufficient information about the criteria used to select the targets for the Commission to be able to determine, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the targets are, in fact, reasonable.

The Commission finds that each of these revisions should improve the quality of service performance data and further the public interest. 39 U.S.C. 3652(e)(2)(B)–(C).

III. Proposed Rules

List of Subjects in 39 CFR Part 3055

Administrative practice and procedure, Reporting and recordkeeping requirements.

For the reasons stated in the preamble, the Commission proposes to amend 39 CFR part 3055 as follows:

PART 3055—SERVICE PERFORMANCE AND CUSTOMER SATISFACTION REPORTING

- 1. The authority citation for part 3055 is revised to read as follows:

Authority: 39 U.S.C. 503, 3622, 3651, 3652, 3653, 3691, 3692, 3705.

Subpart A—Annual Reporting of Service Performance Achievements

- 2. Revise § 3055.4 to read as follows:

§ 3055.4 Internal service performance measurement systems.

(a) Service performance measurements obtained from internal service performance measurement systems or hybrid service performance measurement systems (which are defined as systems that rely on both an internal and an external measurement component) shall not be used to comply with any reporting requirement under subparts A or B of this part without prior Commission approval.

(b) The Postal Service shall file notice with the Commission describing any proposed changes to internal or hybrid service performance measurement systems (including proposed changes to any associated reporting methodologies or the use of proxies). In proposing such changes, the Postal Service must demonstrate, by a preponderance of the evidence, that internal or hybrid service performance measurement systems will be capable of producing accurate, reliable, representative, and useful service performance data and results. The Commission may summarily dismiss (without prejudice to refile) any proposal that fails to include this information. The Postal Service's proposal must specify any planned implementation date(s), any requested decision date(s), and the reasons therefor. Preponderance of the evidence means proof by information that, compared with that opposing it, leads to the conclusion that the fact at issue is more probably true than not.

(c) Changes to internal or hybrid service performance measurement systems proposed pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section may not be implemented without prior Commission approval.

(d) The Commission may initiate a proceeding at any time to consider whether internal or hybrid service performance measurement systems are producing accurate, reliable, representative, and useful service performance data and results. Any interested person, including a public representative, may submit a petition to the Commission to initiate such a proceeding.

- 3. Revise § 3055.5 to read as follows:

§ 3055.5 Changes to external service performance measurement systems, service standards, service goals, or reporting methodologies.

(a) The Postal Service shall file notice with the Commission describing all changes to external service performance measurement systems and service goals (including performance targets), 30 days prior to planned implementation. The Postal Service shall also file notice with the Commission describing all changes to reporting methodologies, including the use of proxies (other than reporting methodologies or the use of proxies associated with internal or hybrid service performance measurement systems as described by section 3055.4 of this part), 30 days prior to planned implementation. The Commission may initiate a proceeding at any time to consider such changes if it appears that the changes might have a material impact on the accuracy, reliability, or utility of the reported measurement, or if the changes might have a material impact on the characteristics of the underlying product.

(b) No later than 30 days before planned implementation of any change to service standard delivery day ranges or origin/destination ZIP Code pairs that affect the number of days to delivery, the Postal Service shall file notice with the Commission describing the exact nature and scope of implementation. Each notice shall use plain language to list all locations affected by the change in service standards (at the level of granularity of the service standard), the categories of affected market dominant products, the current service standard, the planned service standard, and the date of the planned change. If the change in service standards is associated with a Change in the Nature of Postal Services docket pursuant to 39 U.S.C. 3661 and part 3020 of this chapter, then each notice shall be filed in the applicable Change in the Nature

Reconsideration of Order No. 8761, April 30, 2025 (Order No. 8823). See also Docket Nos. RM2024–9, PI2025–2, and PI2025–5, Interim Order Regarding Further Proceedings on Planned Service Performance Measurement Changes, June 27, 2025, at 23–24 (Order No. 8942). The third notice of planned changes was dismissed without prejudice. See Docket Nos. RM2024–9, PI2025–2, PI2025–5, and PI2025–6, Order Dismissing Without Prejudice Notice of Planned Service Performance Measurement Changes, October 8, 2025 (Order No. 9241).

⁴Postal Service Reform Act of 2022, Public Law 117–108, 136 Stat. 1127 (2022).

of Postal Services docket. Otherwise, each notice should be filed in the most recent Annual Compliance Report docket.

■ 4. Revise § 3055.6 to read as follows:

§ 3055.6 Addition of new market dominant products or changes to existing market dominant products.

Whenever the Postal Service proposes the addition of a new market dominant product or a change to an existing market dominant product, it also shall propose new or revised (as necessary) service performance measurement systems, service standards, service goals (including performance targets), data reporting elements, and data reporting methodologies.

■ 5. Revise § 3055.7 to read as follows:

§ 3055.7 Reasonable performance targets.

(a) Pursuant to 39 U.S.C. 3692(a)(1), the Postal Service shall establish

reasonable performance targets for each market dominant product for each fiscal year and provide such targets to the Commission not later than 60 days after the beginning of the fiscal year in which they will apply. In setting reasonable performance targets, the Postal Service must consider and balance:

(1) the need for each target to establish a clear path toward improving performance and enabling the provision of high-quality service; and

(2) the need for each target to be realistically attainable considering the Postal Service's network, workforce, transportation capacity, and financial resources, and actual service standards in effect.

(b) The Postal Service's filing made pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section shall contain sufficient information about the criteria used to select the targets for the Commission to be able to

determine (based on the contents of the Postal Service's filing alone), by a preponderance of the evidence, that the targets set by the Postal Service are reasonable. Preponderance of the evidence means proof by information that, compared with that opposing it, leads to the conclusion that the fact at issue is more probably true than not.

(c) The Commission will use each reasonable target set by the Postal Service to evaluate compliance for each market dominant product for a given fiscal year pursuant to 39 U.S.C. 3653(b)(2).

By the Commission.

Erica A. Barker,
Secretary.

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