

shells, and corn. Various individuals, including Dan Jenkins, removed items from Battle Place/William Handy Place (3LA0001) in Lafayette County, AR throughout the early 20th century. Harry J. Lemley acquired these at different times in the early to mid-20th century from these individuals.

The 1,864 associated funerary objects are ceramic vessels, sherds, projectile points, beads, pipe bowls, celts, lithic tools, quartz, hammerstones, boatstones, copper ornaments, bone and antler tools, ear spools, pigments, pendants, worked shells, and woven fragments. Harry J. Lemley removed these from Crenshaw Place in Miller County, AR (3MI6) in 1935.

All items above were purchased by the Gilcrease Foundation purchased from Harry J. Lemley in 1955 and later transferred the collection to the City of Tulsa in 1963–1964.

The one associated funerary object is a ceramic vessel. Gregory Perino, a curator at Gilcrease Museum at the time, removed these from Haley Place (3MI11) in Miller County, AR in 1967.

The 50 associated funerary objects are ceramic vessels, sherds, nut or seed fragments, projectile points, and lithic tools. Frank Soday, an avocational archaeologist, removed these from Carroll Givens Mound (3OU27, Soday site 380) in Ouachita County, AR in 1950.

The 90 associated funerary objects are sherds, lithic tools, and projectile points. Frank Soday removed these from Hindman Mound (Soday site 306) in Ouachita County, AR between 1948 and 1950.

The 28 associated funerary objects are projectile points, lithic flakes, shells, quartz, faunal remains, sherds, lithic tools, and a glass fragment. Frank Soday removed these from Freo Island (Soday site 371) in Ouachita County, AR in 1950.

The 59 associated funerary objects are ceramic vessels, sherds, charcoal, lithic tools, shells, and faunal remains. Frank Soday removed these from Matkins Bee Ranch/Stone Trestle Mound (3OU005, Soday sites 369 and 378) in Ouachita County, AR in 1951.

The two associated funerary objects are sherds and projectile points. Frank Soday removed these from Ritchie Place (Soday site 367) in Ouachita County, AR in 1950.

The 80 associated funerary objects are ceramic vessels, sherds, marine shells, turtle shells, antlers, lithic tools, projectile points, and faunal remains. Frank Soday removed these from J. M. Nelson Farm (3UN8, Soday site 325) in Union County, AR between 1948 and 1950.

The three associated funerary objects are sherds and lithic tools. Frank Soday removed these from Lapile Mound Village (Soday site 551) in Union County, Arkansas in 1955.

The three associated funerary objects are sherds and lithic tools. Frank Soday removed these from Watt Mound (3UN18 or 3UN22, Soday site 342) in Union County, AR in 1949.

The material above, as part of Frank and Norma Soday's collection, was purchased by the Thomas Gilcrease Museum Association in 1982 and then gifted to Gilcrease Museum.

Cultural Affiliation

Based on the information available and the results of consultation, cultural affiliation is clearly identified by the information available about the associated funerary objects described in this notice.

Determinations

The Gilcrease Museum has determined that:

- The 3,191 objects described in this notice are reasonably believed to have been placed intentionally with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony.
- There is a connection between the associated funerary objects described in this notice and the Caddo Nation of Oklahoma.

Requests for Repatriation

Written requests for repatriation of the associated funerary objects in this notice must be sent to the authorized representative identified in this notice under **ADDRESSES**. Requests for repatriation may be submitted by:

1. Any one or more of the Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.
2. Any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice who shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the requestor is a lineal descendant or an Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization with cultural affiliation.

Repatriation of the associated funerary objects described in this notice to a requestor may occur on or after January 15, 2026. If competing requests for repatriation are received, the Gilcrease Museum must determine the most appropriate requestor prior to repatriation. Requests for joint repatriation of the associated funerary objects are considered a single request and not competing requests. The Gilcrease Museum is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian

organizations identified in this notice and any other consulting parties.

Authority: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3003, and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.10.

Dated: November 19, 2025.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program.

[FR Doc. 2025–22911 Filed 12–15–25; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

National Park Service

[N6621; NPS–WASO–NAGPRA–NPS0041351; PPWOCRADN0–PCU00RP14.R50000]

Notice of Inventory Completion: University of Florida, Florida Museum of Natural History, Gainesville, FL

AGENCY: National Park Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice.

SUMMARY: In accordance with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), the University of Florida, Florida Museum of Natural History (FMNH) has completed an inventory of human remains and associated funerary objects and has determined that there is a cultural affiliation between the human remains and associated funerary objects and Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations in this notice.

DATES: Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice may occur on or after January 15, 2026.

ADDRESSES: Send written requests for repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice to David Blackburn, University of Florida, Florida Museum of Natural History, 1659 Museum Road, Gainesville, FL 32611, email NagpraOffice@floridamuseum.ufl.edu.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: This notice is published as part of the National Park Service's administrative responsibilities under NAGPRA. The determinations in this notice are the sole responsibility of the FMNH, and additional information on the determinations in this notice, including the results of consultation, can be found in its inventory or related records. The National Park Service is not responsible for the determinations in this notice.

Abstract of Information Available

Sarasota Bay Mound (8SO44) is a sand burial mound that overlooks Sarasota Bay. It dates to the Weedon

Island (A.D. 450–1000) and Safety Harbor (A.D. 1000–1500) periods. This site includes multiple burials, many disturbed by landscaping and plumbing activities throughout the years. In 1920, Dr. Charles T. McClintock built a house on top of the mound. Consequently, the mound's height was cut down for the house to be built and during this leveling, pottery and human remains were found. In the 1960s, the house was bought by Earl Putnam, a Canadian developer, who agreed to a salvage excavation before condos were built. Ripley P. Bullen of FLMNH came in and led the excavations of this mound, where Ancestors and associated funerary objects were found. Sarasota Bay Mound was previously reported in the 2003 inventory as culturally unaffiliated with an MNI of 10 and did not report any associated funerary objects. This notice provides an updated MNI of 28, AFO, and cultural affiliation for the collection. Human remains representing at least 28 individuals have been identified. The 51 associated funerary objects include shells, pottery, lithics, and plant materials.

Cultural Affiliation

Based on the information available and the results of consultation, cultural affiliation is reasonably identified by the geographical location and acquisition history of the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice.

Determinations

The FMNH has determined that:

- The human remains described in this notice represent the physical remains of 28 individuals of Native American ancestry.
- The 51 objects described in this notice are reasonably believed to have been placed intentionally with or near individual human remains at the time of death or later as part of the death rite or ceremony.
- There is a connection between the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice and the Miccosukee Tribe of Indians and the Seminole Tribe of Florida.

Requests for Repatriation

Written requests for repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects in this notice must be sent to the authorized representative identified in this notice under **ADDRESSES**. Requests for repatriation may be submitted by:

1. Any one or more of the Indian Tribes or Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.

2. Any lineal descendant, Indian Tribe, or Native Hawaiian organization not identified in this notice who shows, by a preponderance of the evidence, that the requestor is a lineal descendant or an Indian Tribe or Native Hawaiian organization with cultural affiliation.

Repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects described in this notice to a requestor may occur on or after January 15, 2026. If competing requests for repatriation are received, the FMNH must determine the most appropriate requestor prior to repatriation. Requests for joint repatriation of the human remains and associated funerary objects are considered a single request and not competing requests. The FMNH is responsible for sending a copy of this notice to the Indian Tribes and Native Hawaiian organizations identified in this notice.

Authority: Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act, 25 U.S.C. 3003, and the implementing regulations, 43 CFR 10.10.

Dated: November 17, 2025.

Melanie O'Brien,

Manager, National NAGPRA Program.

[FR Doc. 2025–22895 Filed 12–15–25; 8:45 am]

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INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation Nos. 701–TA–759 and 731–TA–1740–1741 (Final)]

Multifunctional Acrylate and Methacrylate Monomers and Oligomers (MAMMOs) From South Korea and Taiwan; Revised Schedule for the Subject Proceeding

AGENCY: United States International Trade Commission.

ACTION: Notice. December 11, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

Junie Joseph ((202) 205–3363), Office of Investigations, U.S. International Trade Commission, 500 E Street SW, Washington, DC 20436. Hearing-impaired persons can obtain information on this matter by contacting the Commission's TDD terminal on 202–205–1810. Persons with mobility impairments who will need special assistance in gaining access to the Commission should contact the Office

of the Secretary at 202–205–2000. General information concerning the Commission may also be obtained by accessing its internet server (<https://www.usitc.gov>). The public record for this proceeding may be viewed on the Commission's electronic docket (EDIS) at <https://edis.usitc.gov>.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: Effective August 25, 2025, the Commission established a schedule for the conduct of the subject proceeding (90 FR 42984, September 5, 2025). Due to lapse in appropriations and the ensuing cessation of Commission operations, the Commission issued a revised schedule, effective November 25, 2025 (90 FR 55175, December 1, 2025). Due to additional tolling of 21 days by the Department of Commerce, the Commission is again revising its schedule as follows: the prehearing staff report will be placed in the nonpublic record on December 29, 2025; the deadline for filing prehearing briefs is January 6, 2026; requests to appear at the hearing must be filed with the Secretary to the Commission on January 7, 2026; a prehearing conference will be held on January 8, 2026, if deemed necessary; parties shall file and serve written testimony and presentation slides in connection with their presentation at the hearing by no later than noon on January 12, 2026; the hearing will be held at the U.S. International Trade Commission Building at 9:30 a.m. on January 13, 2026; the deadline for filing posthearing briefs and for written statements from any person who has not entered an appearance as a party is January 21, 2026; the Commission will make its final release of information on February 5, 2026; and final party comments are due on February 9, 2026.

For further information concerning this proceeding, see the Commission's notice cited above and the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure, part 201, subparts A and B (19 CFR part 201), and part 207, subparts A and C.

Authority: This proceeding is being conducted under authority of title VII of the Tariff Act of 1930; this notice is published pursuant to section 207.21 of the Commission's rules.

By order of the Commission.

Issued: December 12, 2025.

Lisa Barton,

Secretary to the Commission.

[FR Doc. 2025–22938 Filed 12–15–25; 8:45 am]

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