seq. and 16 U.S.C. 431a et seq., now codified 54 U.S.C. 320301 et seq.); the Historic Sites, Buildings, and Antiquities Act (formerly codified at 16 U.S.C. 461 et seq., now codified at 54 U.S.C. 320301-320303 & 320101-320106); the Eagle Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 668 et seq.); the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (25 U.S.C. 3001 et seq.); the Administrative Procedure Act (5 U.S.C. 551 et seq.); Section 438 of the Energy Independence and Security Act (42) U.S.C. 17094); the National Fish and Wildlife Act of 1956 (Pub. L. 84-1024 (16 U.S.C. 742a, et seq.)); the Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act (Pub. L. 73-121 (16 U.S.C. 661 *et seq.*)); the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act (Pub. L. 90-542 (16 U.S.C. 1281 et seq.)); the Farmland Protection Policy Act (7 U.S.C. 4201 et seq.); the Wilderness Act (Pub. L. 88-577 (16 U.S.C. 1131 *et seq.*)); the Federal Land Policy and Management Act (Pub. L. 94-579 (43 U.S.C. 1701 et seq.)); 43 U.S.C. 387; the National Wildlife Refuge System Administration Act (Pub. L. 89-669 (16 U.S.C. 668dd-668ee)); the National Wildlife Refuge System Improvement Act of 1997 (Pub. L. 105-57); the Wild Horse and Burro Act (16 U.S.C. 1331 et seq.); Sections 301(a)-(f) of the Arizona Desert Wilderness Act (Pub. L. 101-628); the Military Lands Withdrawal Act of 1999 (Pub. L. 106-65, 113 Stat. 885 (Oct. 5, 1999)); and the Sikes Act (16 U.S.C. 670 et seq.).

This waiver does not revoke or supersede any other waiver determination made pursuant to section 102(c) of IIRIRA. Such waivers shall remain in full force and effect in accordance with their terms. I reserve the authority to execute further waivers from time to time as I may determine to be necessary under section 102 of IIRIRA.

#### Kristi Noem,

Secretary of Homeland Security. [FR Doc. 2025–22315 Filed 12–8–25; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 9111-14-P

## DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT

[Docket No. FR-6558-N-01]

### Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments Program—Annual Adjustment Factors, Fiscal Year 2026

**AGENCY:** Office of the Assistant Secretary for Policy Development and Research, Department of Housing and Urban Development, HUD.

**ACTION:** Notice of fiscal year (FY) 2026 Annual Adjustment Factors (AAFs).

**SUMMARY:** Certain assistance contracts signed by owners participating in the Department's Section 8 housing assistance payment programs must provide annual adjustments to monthly rentals for units covered by the contracts. For owners subject to a Reserve for Replacement deposit requirement, HUD also requires that the amount of the required deposit be adjusted each year by the AAF. This notice announces FY 2026 AAFs for adjustment of contract rents on the anniversary of those assistance contracts. The factors are based on a formula using residential rent and utility cost changes from the most recent annual Bureau of Labor Statistics Consumer Price Index (CPI) survey and market rents from a total of six possible private sector rent data sources. AAFs continue to be based on the shelter and gross rent inflation factors methodology used in HUD's Fair Market Rent calculation that was adopted in FY 2024.

**DATES:** The FY 2026 AAFs are effective December 9, 2025.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: For questions regarding the Moderate Rehabilitation programs (not the Single Room Occupancy program), contact Ryan Jones, Director, Management and Operations Division, Office of Housing Voucher Programs, Office of Public and Indian Housing, 202-708-1380. For questions regarding the Single Room Occupancy (SRO) Moderate Rehabilitation program, contact Norman A. Suchar, Director, Office of Special Needs Assistance Programs, Office of Community Planning and Development, 202–402–5015. For questions relating to all other Section 8 programs, contact Jennifer Larson, Director, Office of Asset Management, Office of Multifamily Housing, 202–402–7769. For technical information regarding the development of the schedules for specific areas or the methods used for calculating AAFs, contact Adam Bibler, Director, Program Parameters and Research Division, Office of Policy Development and Research, 202-402-6057. The mailing address for these individuals is: Department of Housing and Urban Development, 451 7th Street SW, Washington, DC 20410. HUD welcomes and is prepared to receive calls from individuals who are deaf or hard of hearing, as well as individuals with speech or communication disabilities. To learn more about how to make an accessible telephone call, please visit https://www.fcc.gov/consumers/guides/ telecommunications-relay-service-trs.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** The United States Housing Act of 1937 ("the

1937 Act") requires that certain assistance contracts signed by owners participating in the Department's Section 8 housing assistance payment programs provide annual adjustments to monthly rentals for units covered by the contracts. HUD establishes the rent adjustment factors (AAFs) on the basis of CPI and other private rent data relating to changes in residential rent and utility costs. The AAFs are applied at the anniversary of Housing Assistance Payment (HAP) contracts for which rents are to be adjusted using the AAF for those calendar months commencing after the effective date of this notice. The amount that an owner is required to deposit to the Reserve for Replacement account is also adjusted annually by the most recently published AAF at the HAP contract anniversary. AAFs are distinct from, and do not apply to the same properties as, **Operating Cost Adjustment Factors** (OCAFs). OCAFs are annual factors used to adjust rents for project-based rental assistance contracts issued under Section 8 of the 1937 Act and renewed under section 515 or section 524 of the Multifamily Assisted Housing Reform and Affordability Act of 1997 (MAHRA). In addition to their use under MAHRA, section 8(o)(13)(I)(i) of the 1937 Act allows the use of OCAFs for projectbased voucher contracts as implemented on June 6, 2024 in Housing Opportunity Through Modernization Act of 2016-Housing Choice Voucher (HCV) and Project-Based Voucher Implementation; Additional Streamlining Changes (89 FR 38224 (May 7, 2024)). HUD has published OCAFs for 2025 in the Federal Register at 89 FR 99893. The AAFs are also distinct from Renewal Funding Inflation Factors, which help determine renewal funding for public housing agencies operating the Housing Choice Voucher program. A separate Federal Register notice, to be published following the passage of FY 2026 HUD appropriations, will contain the 2026 Renewal Funding Inflation Factors.

Tables showing AAFs will be available electronically from the HUD data information page at http://www.huduser.gov/portal/datasets/aaf.html.

# I. Applying AAFs to Various Section 8 Programs

The AAFs established by this notice are used to adjust contract rents for units assisted in certain Section 8 housing assistance payment programs during the initial (*i.e.*, pre-renewal) term of the HAP contract. There are two categories of Section 8 programs that use the AAFs:

Category 1: The Section 8 New Construction, Substantial Rehabilitation, and Moderate Rehabilitation programs; and

Category 2: The Section 8 Loan Management Set-Aside (LMSA) and Property Disposition (PD) programs.

Each Section 8 program category uses the AAFs differently. The specific application of the AAFs is determined by the law, the HAP contract, and appropriate program regulations or requirements. Later sections of this notice describe how AAFs are used for the respective program.

AAFs are not used in the following

Renewal Rents. AAFs are not used to determine renewal rents after expiration of the original Section 8 HAP contract. In general, renewal rents are established in accordance with the statutory provision in MAHRA, as amended, under which the HAP is renewed. After renewal, annual rent adjustments will be provided in accordance with MAHRA.

Budget-Based Rents. AAFs are not used for budget-based rent adjustments. For projects receiving Section 8 subsidies under the LMSA program (24 CFR part 886, subpart A) and for projects receiving Section 8 subsidies under the PD program (24 CFR part 886, subpart C), contract rents are adjusted, at HUD's option, either by applying the AAFs or by budget-based adjustments in accordance with 24 CFR 886.112(b) and 24 CFR 886.312(b). Budget-based adjustments are used for most Section 8/202 projects.

Housing Choice Voucher Program. AAFs are not used to adjust rents in the Tenant-Based or the Project-Based Voucher programs.

Reserve for Replacement. The amount that an owner is required to deposit to the Reserve for Replacement account is adjusted annually by the AAF at the HAP contract anniversary.

#### II. Adjustment Procedures

This section of the notice provides a broad description of procedures for adjusting the contract rent. Technical details and requirements are described in HUD Notices H 2002-10 (Section 8 New Construction and Substantial Rehabilitation, Loan Management, and Property Disposition) and PIH 97–57 (Moderate Rehabilitation). HUD publishes two separate AAF Tables, Table 1 and Table 2. AAF Table 1 and Table 2 are posted on the HUD User website at http://www.huduser.gov/ portal/datasets/aaf.html. The difference between Table 1 and Table 2 is that each AAF in Table 2 is 0.01 less than the corresponding AAF in Table 1. Where

an AAF in Table 1 would otherwise be less than 1.0, it is set at 1.0, as required by statute; the corresponding AAF in Table 2 will also be set at 1.0, as required by statute. Because of statutory and structural distinctions among the various Section 8 programs, there are separate rent adjustment procedures for the three program categories:

Category 1: Section 8 New Construction, Substantial Rehabilitation, and Moderate Rehabilitation Programs

In the Section 8 New Construction and Substantial Rehabilitation programs, the published AAF is applied to the pre-adjustment contract rent. In the Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation program (both the regular program and the Single Room Occupancy program), the published AAF is applied to the pre-adjustment base rent.

For Category 1 programs, the Table 1 AAF is applied before determining comparability (rent reasonableness). Comparability applies if the preadjustment gross rent (pre-adjustment contract rent plus any allowance for tenant-paid utilities) is above the published Fair Market Rent (FMR).

If the comparable rent level (plus any initial difference) is lower than the contract rent as adjusted by application of the Table 1 AAF, the comparable rent level (plus any initial difference) will be the new contract rent. However, the preadjustment contract rent will not be decreased by application of comparability.

In all other cases (*i.e.*, unless the contract rent is reduced by comparability):

• Table 1 ÅAF is used for a unit occupied by a new family since the last annual contract anniversary.

• Table 2 AAF is used for a unit occupied by the same family as at the time of the last annual contract anniversary.

Category 2: Section 8 Loan Management Program (24 CFR Part 886, Subpart A) and Property Disposition Program (24 CFR Part 886, Subpart C)

Category 2 programs are not currently subject to comparability. Comparability will again apply if HUD establishes regulations for conducting comparability studies under 42 U.S.C. 1437f(c)(2)(C).

The applicable AAF is determined as follows:

- Table 1 AAF is used for a unit occupied by a new family since the last annual contract anniversary.
- Table 2 AAF is used for a unit occupied by the same family as at the time of the last annual contract anniversary.

Category 3: Reserve for Replacement

The amount of the deposit to the Reserve for Replacement account must be increased annually using the most recently published "AAF with Highest Utility Excluded" for the Metropolitan/Region in which the project is located. The procedure for identifying the correct Metropolitan/Region is described in Section IV below; the local area factor displayed in the AAF Metro Lookup Tool, found at https://www.huduser.gov/portal/datasets/aaf.html, must be used. This adjustment must be made without regard to vacancies.

## III. When To Use Reduced AAFs (From AAF Table 2)

In accordance with Section 8(c)(2)(A) of the United States Housing Act of 1937 (42 U.S.C. 1437f(c)(2)(A)), the AAF is reduced by 0.01:

In Section 8 programs, for a unit occupied by the same family at the time of the last annual rent adjustment (and where the rent is not reduced by application of comparability (rent reasonableness)).

The law provides that:

[F]or any unit occupied by the same family at the time of the last annual rental adjustment, where the assistance contract provides for the adjustment of the maximum monthly rent by applying an annual adjustment factor and where the rent for a unit is otherwise eligible for an adjustment based on the full amount of the factor . . . 0.01 shall be subtracted from the amount of the annual adjustment factor (except that the factor shall not be reduced to less than 1.0), and the adjusted rent shall not exceed the rent for a comparable unassisted unit of similar quality, type and age in the market area. 42 U.S.C. 1437f(c)(2)(A).

Legislative history for this statutory provision states that "the rationale [for lower AAFs for non-turnover units is] that operating costs are less if tenant turnover is less..." (see Department of Veteran Affairs and Housing and Urban Development, and Independent Agencies Appropriations for 1995, Hearings Before a Subcommittee of the Committee on Appropriations 103d Cong., 2d Sess. 591 (1994)). The Congressional Record also states the following:

Because the cost to owners of turnover-related vacancies, maintenance, and marketing are lower for long-term stable tenants, these tenants are typically charged less than recent movers in the unassisted market. Since HUD pays the full amount of any rent increases for assisted tenants in section 8 projects . . . HUD should expect to benefit from this 'tenure discount.' Turnover is lower in assisted properties than in the unassisted market, so the effect of the current inconsistency with market-based rent

increases is exacerbated. (140 Cong. Rec. 8659, 8693 (1994)).

#### IV. How To Find the AAF

As stated, AAF Table 1 and Table 2 are posted on the HUD User website at http://www.huduser.gov/portal/datasets/aaf.html. Both tables provide the Regional and Metropolitan Component Areas to be used in selecting a project's geographic area for the AAF. For projects located in nonmetropolitan areas, select the Query Tool, AAF Documentation, State, then county to determine which Metropolitan Component Area to use when selecting the AAF for the project.

There are two numeric columns in each AAF table. The first column is used to adjust contract rent for rental units where the highest cost utility is included in the contract rent, *i.e.*, where the owner pays for the highest cost utility. The second column is used where the highest cost utility is not included in the contract rent, *i.e.*, where the tenant pays for the highest cost utility.

The applicable AAF is selected as follows:

- Determine whether Table 1 or Table 2 is applicable. In Table 1 or Table 2, locate the AAF for the geographic area where the contract unit is located.
- Determine whether the highest cost utility is or is not included in contract rent for the contract unit.
- If highest cost utility is included, select the AAF from the column for "Highest Cost Utility Included." If highest cost utility is not included, select the AAF from the column for "Highest Cost Utility Excluded."

#### V. Methodology

AAFs are rent inflation factors. Two types of rent inflation factors are calculated for AAFs: gross rent factors and shelter rent factors. The gross rent factor accounts for inflation in the cost of both the rent of the residence and the utilities used by the unit; the shelter rent factor accounts for the inflation in the rent of the residence but does not reflect any change in the cost of utilities. The gross rent inflation factor is designated as "Highest Cost Utility Included" and the shelter rent inflation factor is designated as "Highest Cost Utility Excluded." HUD calculates the AAFs based on the shelter and gross rent inflation factors used in FMR calculations. The source data for AAFs therefore come from the 23 local and 4 regional CPI components (rent of primary residence and household fuels and utilities), depending on the location of the AAF area, and are combined with available measures of private data

sources in calculating a weighted average shelter and gross rent inflation factor. The private measures of rent used by HUD are the RealPage average effective rent per unit, Moody's Analytics REIS average market rent, CoStar Group average effective rent, CoreLogic, Inc. single-family combined three-bedroom median rent, Apartment List Rent Estimate, and Zillow Observed Rent Index.

In calculating the AAF from these data, HUD first takes the annual average of each statistic, then its year-to-year change. HUD then takes the mean of changes from all available sources for each area. Next, HUD takes an average of this private-sector measure of rent inflation with rent inflation as captured by the CPI for the area, where the private-sector measure is weighted at approximately 64 percent and the CPI rent inflation measure is weighted at approximately 36 percent. HUD has determined these weights by comparing the national average of the private rent changes and changes in CPI rent of primary residence to changes in the national average of recent mover rents from the American Community Survey (ACS) from 2018 through 2023. HUD weights the private data averages and overall CPI rent of primary residence in such a way as to minimize the root mean squared error between the resulting average and the ACS recent mover rents. For future AAFs, HUD will update the weights by adding the most recent years of ACS recent mover rents, private rent data, and CPI rent of primary residence to the analysis.

HUD uses a local measure of private rent inflation for markets that are covered by at least three of the six available sources of private rent data. HUD combines this local measure of rent inflation with either the local metropolitan area CPI rent of primary residence for the 23 areas where such data exist or the regional CPI rent in areas without a local index. For areas without at least three of the six private rent data sources available, HUD uses a regional average of private rent inflation factors alongside the regional CPI rent of primary residence. HUD constructs the regional average by taking the rental unit weighted average of the change in rents of each area in a region that does have private rent data coverage. This ensures that smaller areas that are not directly covered by the private sources will still have current rental market conditions taken into account in the calculation of the rent inflation factor for such areas.

The results of the above calculation are the "Highest Cost Utility Excluded" AAF. For the "Highest Cost Utility

Included" AAF, HUD averages the result of this step with the year-to-year change in the CPI housing fuels and utilities index for the area in to make the resulting inflation measure reflective of gross rents.

#### VI. Area Definitions

To make certain they are using the correct AAFs, users should refer to the Area Definitions Table section at https://www.huduser.gov/portal/datasets/aaf.html. Furthermore, users can also search for AAF area definitions using an online lookup tool available on HUD User at the link in the previous sentence. AAFs are based on the updated metropolitan area definitions published by the Office of Management and Budget on July 21, 2023, and newly incorporated by the Census Bureau into the 2023 ACS data and the corresponding FY 2026 FMRs.

#### John Gibbs,

Principal Deputy Assistant Secretary for Policy Development and Research.

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#### **DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR**

#### Fish and Wildlife Service

[Docket No. FWS-R4-ES-2025-1034; FXES11140400000-267-FF04EF4000]

Receipt of Incidental Take Permit Application and Proposed Habitat Conservation Plan for the Sand Skink and Blue-Tailed Mole-Skink; Highlands County, FL; Categorical Exclusion

**AGENCY:** Fish and Wildlife Service, Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice of availability; request for comment.

SUMMARY: We, the Fish and Wildlife Service (Service), announce receipt of an application from Park Square Homes (Avon Park) (applicant) for an incidental take permit (ITP) under the Endangered Species Act (ESA). The applicant requests the ITP to take the federally listed sand skink and blue-tailed mole skink incidental to the construction of a multi-family housing development in Highlands County, Florida. We request public comment on the application, which includes the applicant's proposed habitat conservation plan (HCP), and on the Service's preliminary determination that the proposed permitting action may be eligible for a categorical exclusion pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA), the Department of the Interior's (DOI) NEPA regulations, and the DOI